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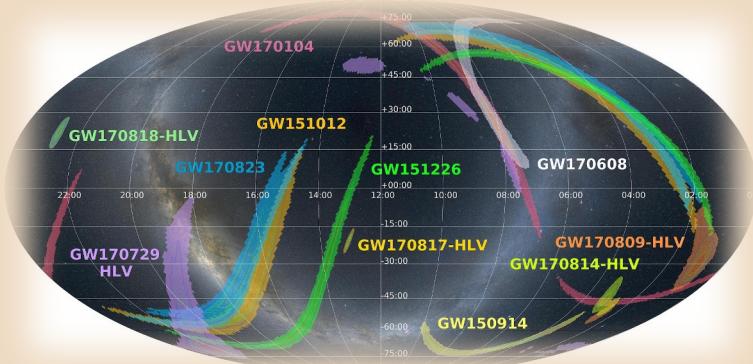
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Virtual Observatory Standards and tools

Multi-messenger applications

Giuseppe Greco
INFN - Perugia

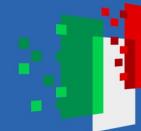




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INTERNATIONAL VIRTUAL OBSERVATORY ALLIANCE

The Virtual Observatory (VO) is the vision that astronomical datasets and other resources should work as a seamless whole. Many projects and data centres worldwide are working towards this goal. The International Virtual Observatory Alliance (IVOA) is an organisation that debates and agrees the technical standards that are needed to make the VO possible. It also acts as a focus for VO aspirations, a framework for discussing and sharing VO ideas and technology, and body for promoting and publicising the VO.

To learn more about the IVOA as an organisation, read the "[About](#)" section.

To learn more about the VO from a user's point of view, including how to find VO tools and services, read the "[Astronomers](#)" section. There is also a page about the [VO for students and the public](#).

To learn how to publish VO services, or write VO-compatible software, start by reading the "[Deployers/Developers](#)" section.

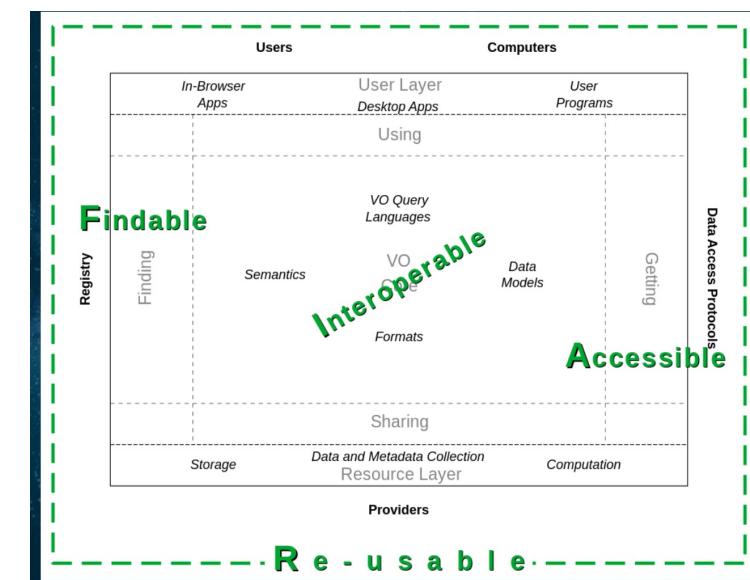
Internal IVOA discussions are publicly viewable in the "[Members](#)" section.

For Astronomers
 Getting Started / Using the VO
VO Glossary / VO Applications
IVOA newsletter / VO for Students & Public
XXX

For Deployers/Developers
 Intro to VO Concepts /
IVOA Standards / Guide to Publishing in the VO / Technical Glossary
XXX

For Members
 IVOA Calendar / Working Groups/
Twiki / Documents in Progress / Mailing Lists / IVOA Roadmap
XXX

IVOA Architecture – FAIR data management



The Virtual Observatory (VO) is the international data sharing framework which enables data to be **FAIR**
- **Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Re-usable** for the astronomers' needs.



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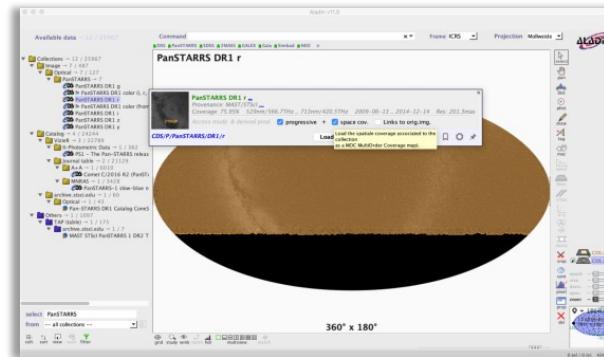


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MOC and HiPS

A coverage map represents a region covered by a data collection called MOC for Multi-Order Coverage map . A MOC can not only describe a spatial coverage, but also a temporal one, or both simultaneously.



HiPS is the hierarchical tiling mechanism which allows one to access, visualize and browse seamlessly image, catalogue and cube data.

<https://aladin.cds.unistra.fr/java/AladinManual.pdf>

Aladin Installation

Official version v12.060

- Any Operating System (WebStart java installer)



- 1) [Click here](#)
- 2) Follows the instructions...

- OS specific packages

with or without Java runtime



- Windows
- 1) [Download](#) the MSI installer
- 2) Execute it ("")



- Windows - without Java
- 1) [Download](#) it on your desktop
- 2) Launch it ("")



- Linux
- 1) [Download](#) the installer
- 2) Double-click on it



- Linux - without Java
- 1) [Download](#) it and untar it



- Mac - without Java
- 1) [Download](#) it and untar it



Running Aladin Desktop

Aladin Desktop is a Java application. To run it, you must first have the **Java Virtual Machine (JVM)** installed. More details are in Aladin's [download page](#).

Note

Aladin may fail to load some LIGO/Virgo/KAGRA sky maps and display a `java.lang.OutOfMemoryError` error message. This is because the highest resolution LIGO/Virgo/KAGRA sky maps do not fit inside Aladin's default memory size.

You can increase the maximum memory size used by your Java runtime environment by following the instructions below.

Download the Aladin.jar from the Aladin [download page](#). Execute it from a terminal by typing:

```
$ java -Xmx2g -jar Aladin.jar
```

The flag `-Xmx<amount of memory>` specifies the maximum memory allocation pool for a JVM. Here 2GB of memory is allocated. For GW sky localizations with `nside=2048`, increase the memory allocated up to 3GB, `-Xmx3g`.

Aladin Desktop - hands on section – GW170814 and GW190814

Featured in Physics

Editors' Suggestion

Open Access

GW170814: A Three-Detector Observation of Gravitational Waves from a Binary Black Hole Coalescence

B. P. Abbott *et al.* (LIGO Scientific Collaboration and Virgo Collaboration)
Phys. Rev. Lett. **119**, 141101 – Published 6 October 2017

 See Focus story: [Three-Way Detection of Gravitational Waves](#)

THE ASTROPHYSICAL JOURNAL LETTERS

OPEN ACCESS

GW190814: Gravitational Waves from the Coalescence of a 23 Solar Mass Black Hole with a 2.6 Solar Mass Compact Object

R. Abbott¹, T. D. Abbott², S. Abraham³, F. Acernese^{4,5}, K. Ackley⁶, C. Adams⁷, R. X. Adhikari¹, V. B. Adya⁸, C. Affeldt^{9,10}, M. Agathos^{11,12} [+ Show full author list](#)

Published 2020 June 23 • © 2020. The American Astronomical Society.

[The Astrophysical Journal Letters, Volume 896, Number 2](#)

Citation R. Abbott *et al.* 2020 ApJL **896** L44

DOI 10.3847/2041-8213/ab960f

 Article PDF

 Article ePub

Skymaps

<https://dcc.ligo.org/LIGO-T1700453/public>

Skymaps

<https://gracedb.ligo.org/superevents/S190814bv/view/>

Building managing and compare credible regions

4



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Aladin Desktop - hands on section

GW190425

THE ASTROPHYSICAL JOURNAL LETTERS

OPEN ACCESS

GW190425: Observation of a Compact Binary Coalescence
with Total Mass $\sim 3.4 M_{\odot}$

B. P. Abbott¹, R. Abbott¹, T. D. Abbott², S. Abraham³, F. Acernese^{4,5}, K. Ackley⁶, C. Adams⁷,
R. X. Adhikari¹, V. B. Adya⁸, C. Affeldt^{9,10} + Show full author list

Published 2020 March 19 • © 2020. The Author(s). Published by the American Astronomical Society.

[The Astrophysical Journal Letters, Volume 892, Number 1](#)

Citation B. P. Abbott et al 2020 ApJL 892 L3

DOI 10.3847/2041-8213/ab75f5

Article PDF

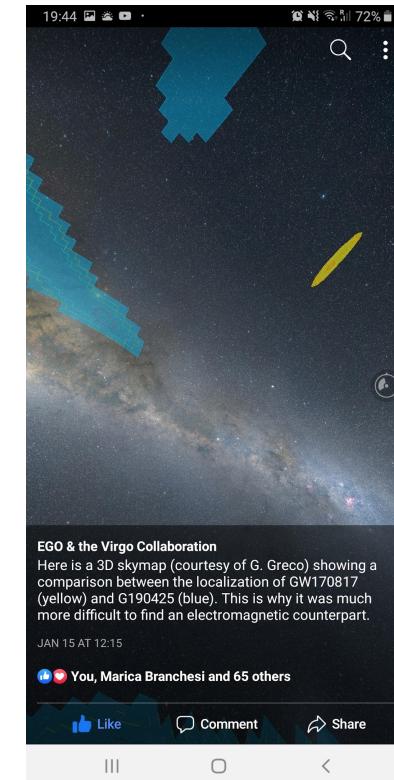
Article ePub

Skymaps

<https://gracedb.ligo.org/superevents/S190425z/view/>



https://cade.irap.omp.eu/dokuwiki/doku.php?id=galactic_reddening



**Click on the
figure to direct to
the original post**

Extinction Region and searching for reference image coverages

Aladin Desktop - hands on section

SPACE AND TIME MOC

IVOA Recommendation



International
Virtual
Observatory
Alliance

MOC: Multi-Order Coverage map

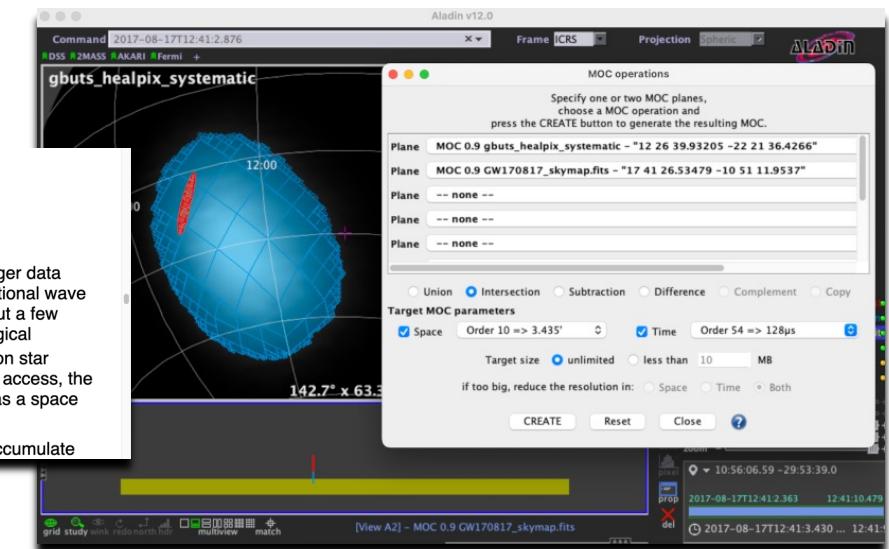
Version 2.0
IVOA Recommendation 2022-07-27

and associated spatial coverage (bottom right).

2.4 Space and Time MOC: Einstein Telescope and Early Warning Alerts

The space and time MOC provides us with an effective way to develop new multi-messenger data analysis tools that will have a crucial role when the third-generation interferometric gravitational wave observatories, such as the Einstein Telescope (ET), will begin operation. Here we figure out a few potential applications. ET will explore the universe with gravitational waves up to cosmological distances with an expected detection rate of order $10^5 - 10^6$ black holes and 7×10^4 neutron star mergers per year (Maggiore and Van Den Broeck et al., 2020). For fast and real time data access, the user can query by a specific time range the gravitational-wave sky localizations encoded as a space and time MOC.

In addition, the ET sensitivity at low frequencies enables enough signal-to-noise ratio to accumulate



<https://emfollow.docs.ligo.org/userguide/resources/aladin.html>

Spatial and Temporal analysis

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Aladin Desktop - hands on section

VIDEO TUTORIAL



Full length article

Multi Order Coverage data structure to plan multi-messenger observations

G. Greco^a , M. Punturo^a, M. Allen^b, A. Nebot^b, P. Fernique^b, M. Baumann^b, F.-X. Pineau^b, T. Boch^b, S. Derriere^b, M. Branchesi^{c d}, M. Bawaj^{e f}, H. Vocca^{e f}

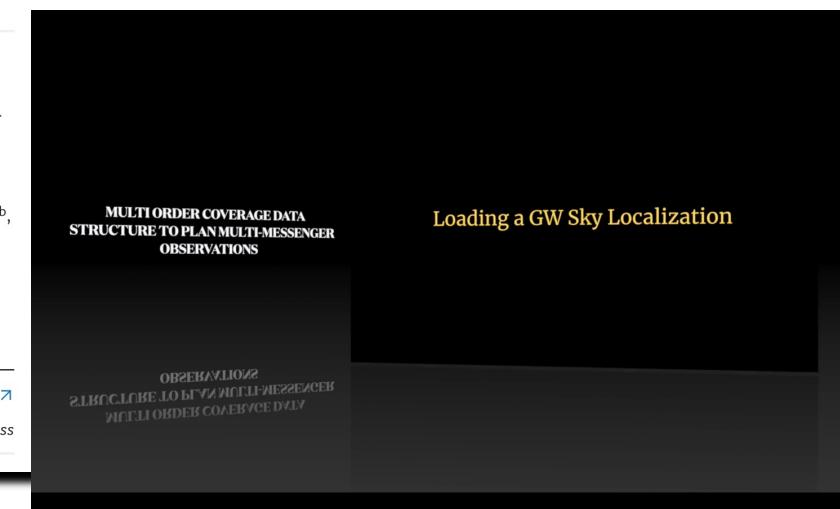
Show more

+ Add to Mendeley Cite

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ascom.2022.100547>

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https://virgo.pg.infn.it/multimedia/tuto_A_C_mid.mp4



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Aladin Lite – Application GLADEnet

<https://virgo.pg.infn.it/gladenet/catalogs/>

Numerical methods and co

Astronomy
& Astrophysics

Free Access

GLADEnet: A progressive web app for multi-messenger cosmology and electromagnetic follow-ups of gravitational-wave sources
M.L. Brozzetti, G. D'alya, G. Greco, M. Bawaj, T. Matcovich, M. Branchesi, T. Boch, M. Baumann, S. Cutini, R. De Pietri, E. Khalouei, P. Fernique, M. Punturo, H. Vocca
A&A, Forthcoming article

Received: 26 September 2023 / Accepted: 09 January 2024

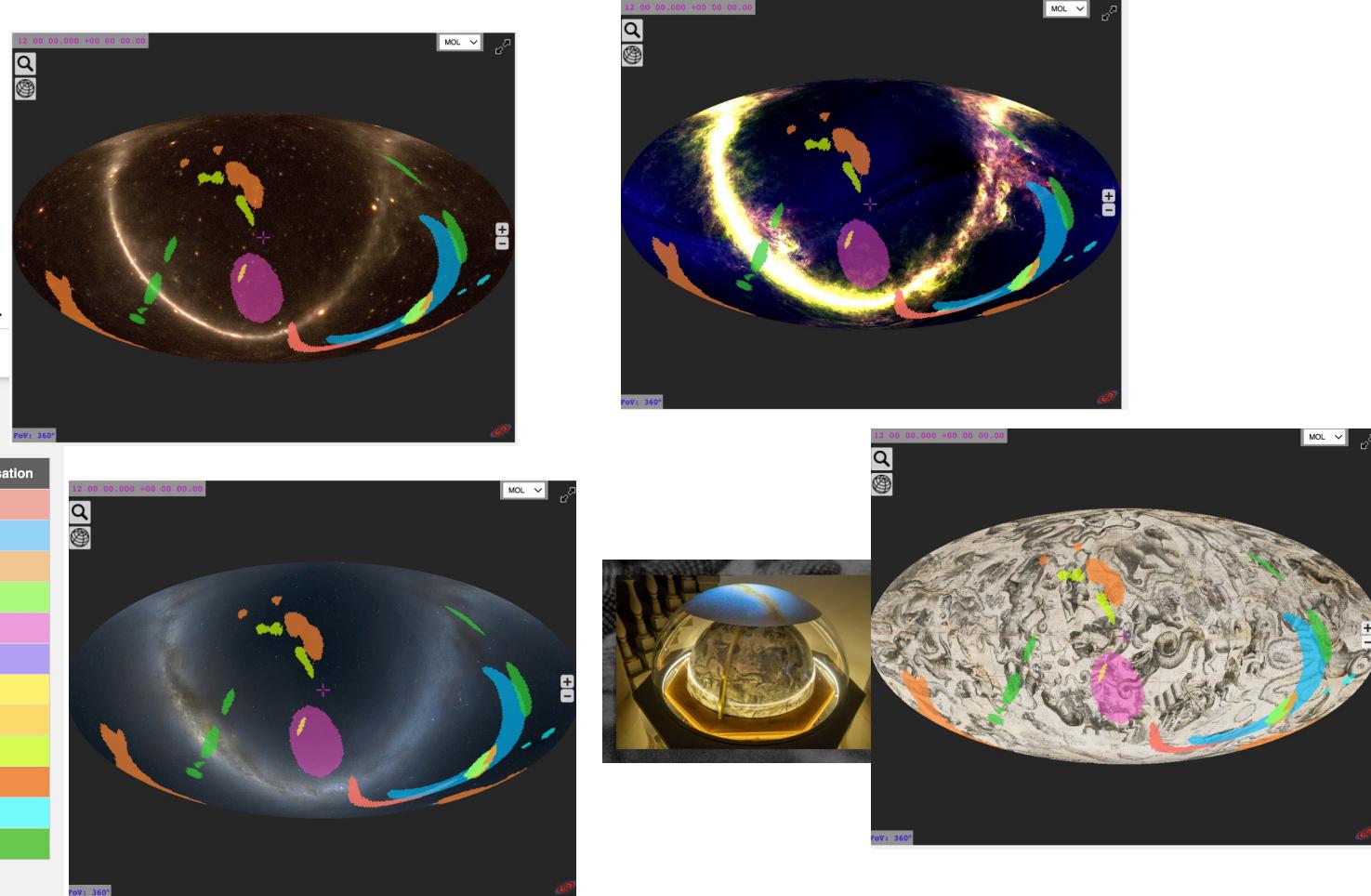
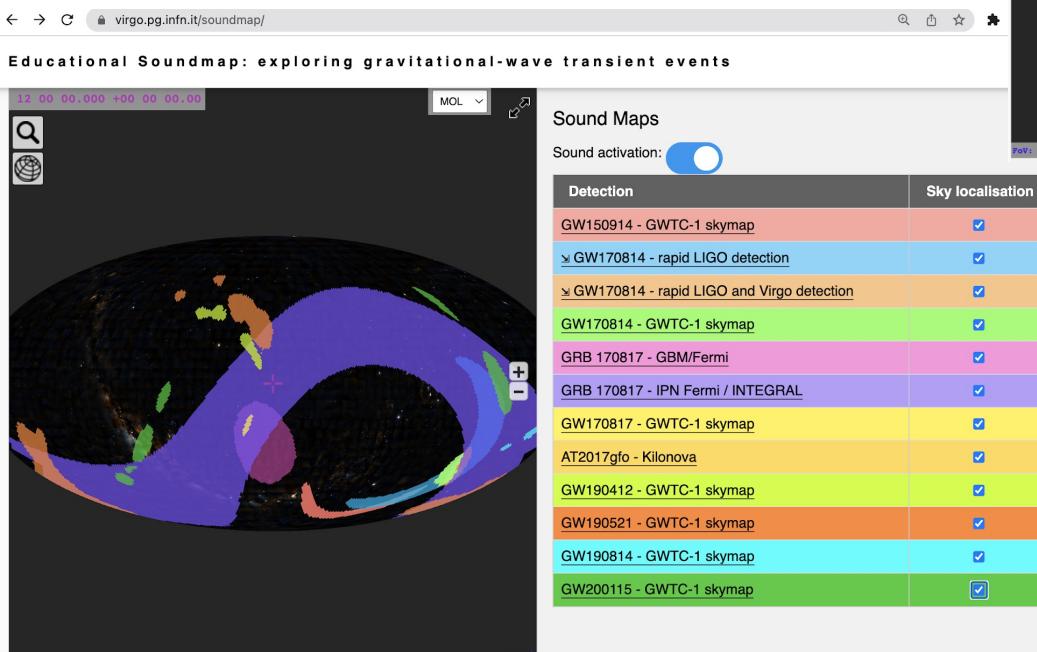
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1051/0004-6361/202348073>

PDF (1.615 MB)

	Params	Value
Completeness - B band		

Aladin Lite – Application SoundMap

<https://virgo.pg.infn.it/soundmap/>



Educational and inclusive didactics

References

- The ALADIN interactive sky atlas. A reference tool for identification of astronomical sources
<https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2000A%26AS..143...33B/abstract>
- Aladin Lite v3: Behind the Scenes of a Major Overhaul
<https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2022ASPC..532....7B/abstract>
- HiPS - Hierarchical Progressive Survey Version 1.0
<https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2017ivoa.spec.0519F/abstract>
- Multi Order Coverage data structure to plan multi-messenger observations
<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2213133722000026>
- MOC: Multi-Order Coverage map Version 2.0
<https://ivoa.net/documents/MOC/>
- Working with Gravitational-Wave sky localizations: new methods and implementations
<https://pos.sissa.it/357/031/pdf>
- Capability for Encoding Gravitational-wave Sky Localizations with the Multi Order Coverage Data Structure: Present and Future Developments
https://www.aspbooks.org/a/volumes/article_details/?paper_id=40522
- GLADEnet: A progressive web app for multi-messenger cosmology and electromagnetic follow-ups of gravitational-wave sources
in press