1st SuperB Collaboration Meeting Background Parallel session Sep. 14th 2011

FullSim Production Report

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Latest Full-Simulation Production:

- BRN code validation
- New Fwd-EMC geometries
- Background frames production for FastSim
- Touschek simulation

BRN validation

■ Migration to a Packaged version of Bruno code ⇒ BRN

BRN code validation:

- Motivation: to verify that the simulation output is equivalent to the legacy bruno code
- The method: compare new code output with previous productions using old code (Elba production)
- Generate Rad-BhaBha events with same configuration for Elba
 - Machine: SF10 V12
 - Geometry: Geometry_CIPE_V00-00-02
- Production size is 10% of latest Elba Rad-BhaBha production: ~3000 bunch crossings

Fwd-EMC geometries

- Request from Stefano Germani to test different options for Fwd-EMC device
 - Nominal configuration uses LYSO (Geometry_CIPE_V00-00-02)
 - New geometries to be tested:
 - CSI: Csi with VPT readout (Geometry_CIPE_CSI)
 - BGO: Bgo with PMT readout (Geometry_CIPE_BGO)
- Production:
 - Geometry_CIPE_CSI ~ 7.4k bunch crossings
 - Geometry_CIPE_BGO ~ 10k bunch crossings

Background Frames for FastSim

Request from Matteo Rama

- Wants to have the background frames for fastsim (bg-frames) as updated as possible
- Every scheduled FullSim production of machine backgrounds should produce as well the bg-frames
- Production (Geometry_CIPE_V00-00-02):
 - Test and validation:
 - ~6k bunch crossings of Rad-BhaBha with
 - ⇒ equivalent to 30 micro secs
 - Status: being analysed
 - Actual request size: 1000 micro secs ⇒ ~1M bunch crossings

Some issues:

- Jobs take too long (1.3 hours per event) due to detailed final focus model (±16m from IP)
- Maybe it will be enough to produce bg-frames with a shorter final focus model

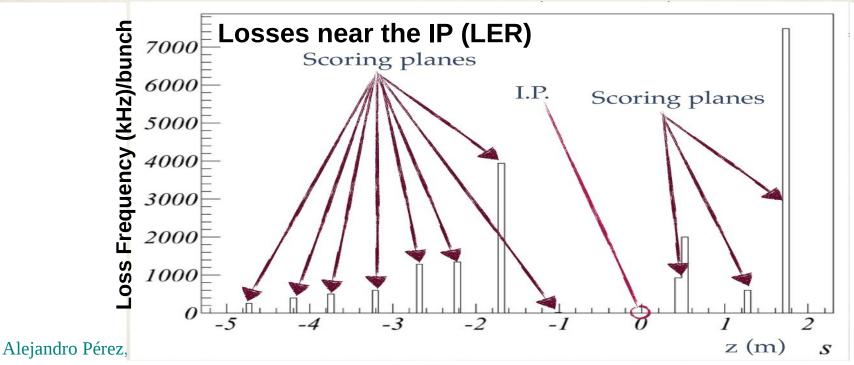
Touschek Background: Strategy

Primaries for BRN: STAR code (Manuela Boscolo)

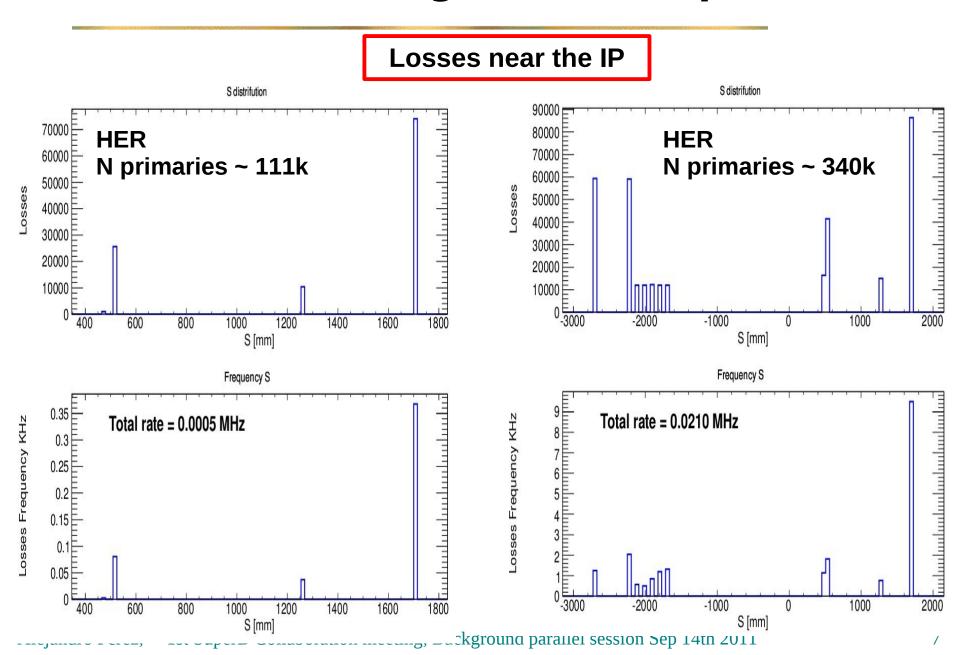
- Simulate both Touschek and the beam gas scattering along the beam line
- Transport the scattered particles along the lattice
- Detect the collisions of these particles with the beam pipes (scoring planes)

Typical output:

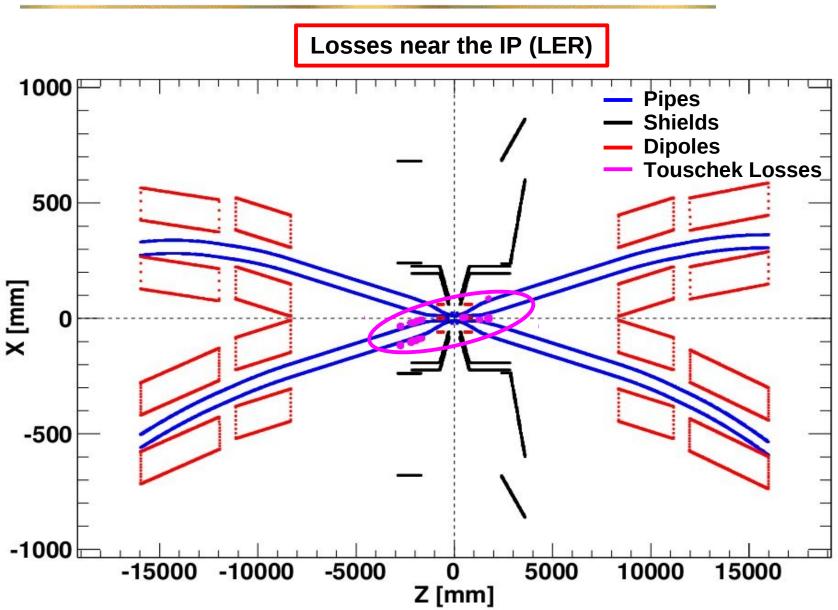
| 0.445558E-01 | -0.550303E-02 | -0.126830E-05 | 0.376408E-06 | 1.71000 | -0.239831E-01 | 0.818628 | 1 |
|--------------|---|---------------|---|---------|----------------------|----------|-------|
| 0.456014E-01 | -0.570537E-02 | -0.280276E-04 | 0.113856E-04 | 1.71000 | -0.252154E-01 | 0.755761 | 1 |
| 0.474620E-01 | -0.592261E-02 | -0.210435E-04 | 0.873927E-05 | 1.71000 | -0.249482E-01 | 0.778852 | 1 |
| 0.432248E-01 | -0.531700E-02 | -0.179759E-04 | 0.663319E-05 | 1.71000 | -0.236050E-01 | 0.997186 | 1 |
| x (m) | $\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}s}$ (rad) | y (m) | $\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}s}$ (rad) | s (m) | $\frac{\Delta E}{E}$ | f (KHz) | #turn |



Touschek Background: Samples (I)



Touschek Background: Samples (II)



Touschek Background: Samples (III)

Touschek Losses are mainly located in the downstream direction of the beam pipe

- PipesShields
- Dipoles
- Touschek
 Losses

- One issue:
 - STAR code uses a physical aperture bigger than BRN: pipe radius 4cm (STAR) instead of 2.5cm (BRN)
 - Touschek background rates are expected to be underestimated with the current samples

