

Δ^{++} Spin Density Matrix Elements @GlueX

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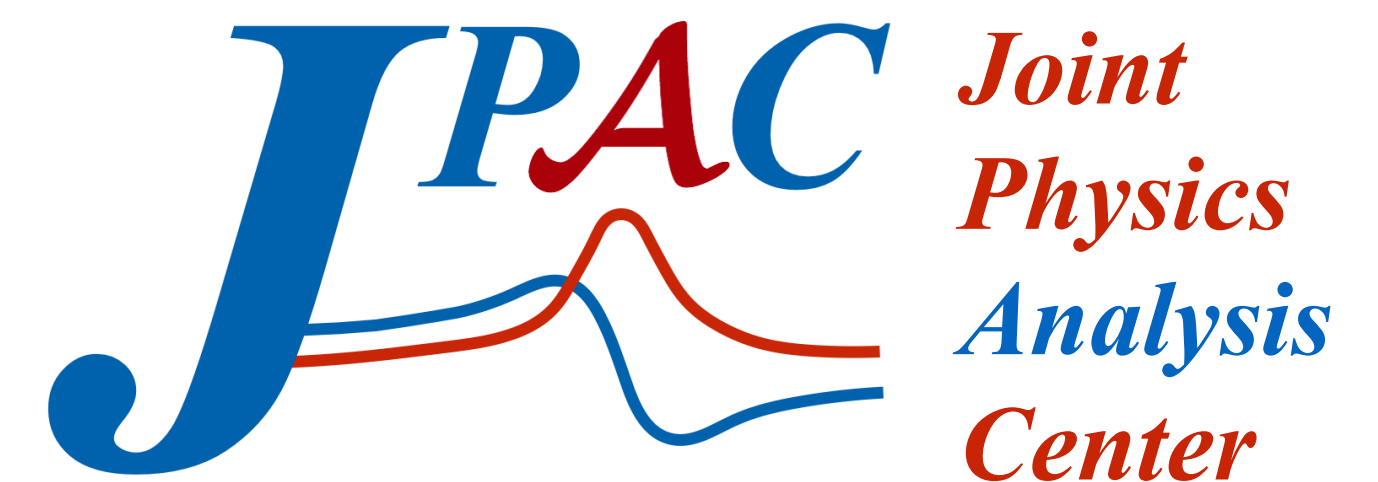
Joint Physics Analysis Center
Exotic Hadron Topical Collaboration



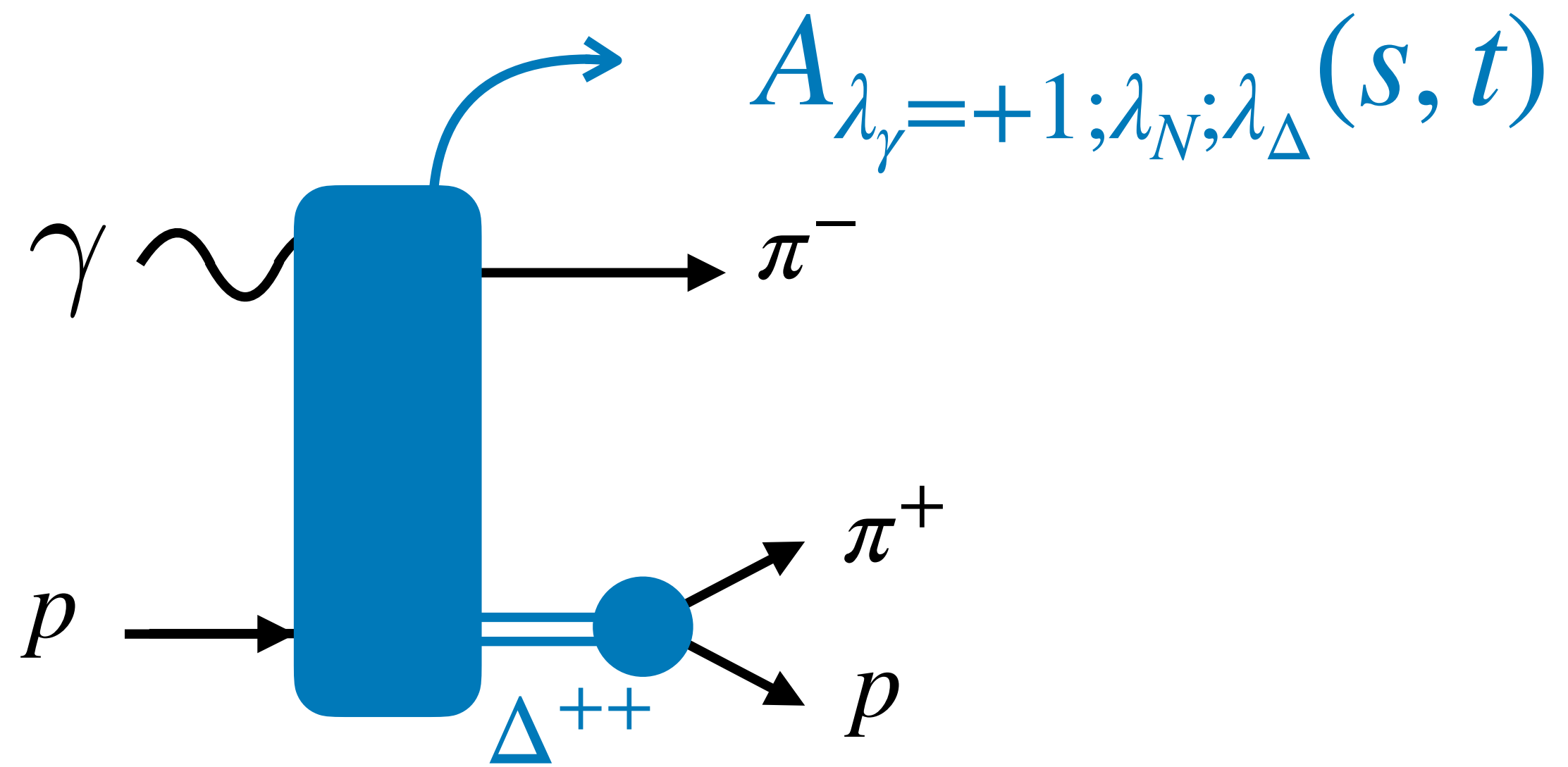
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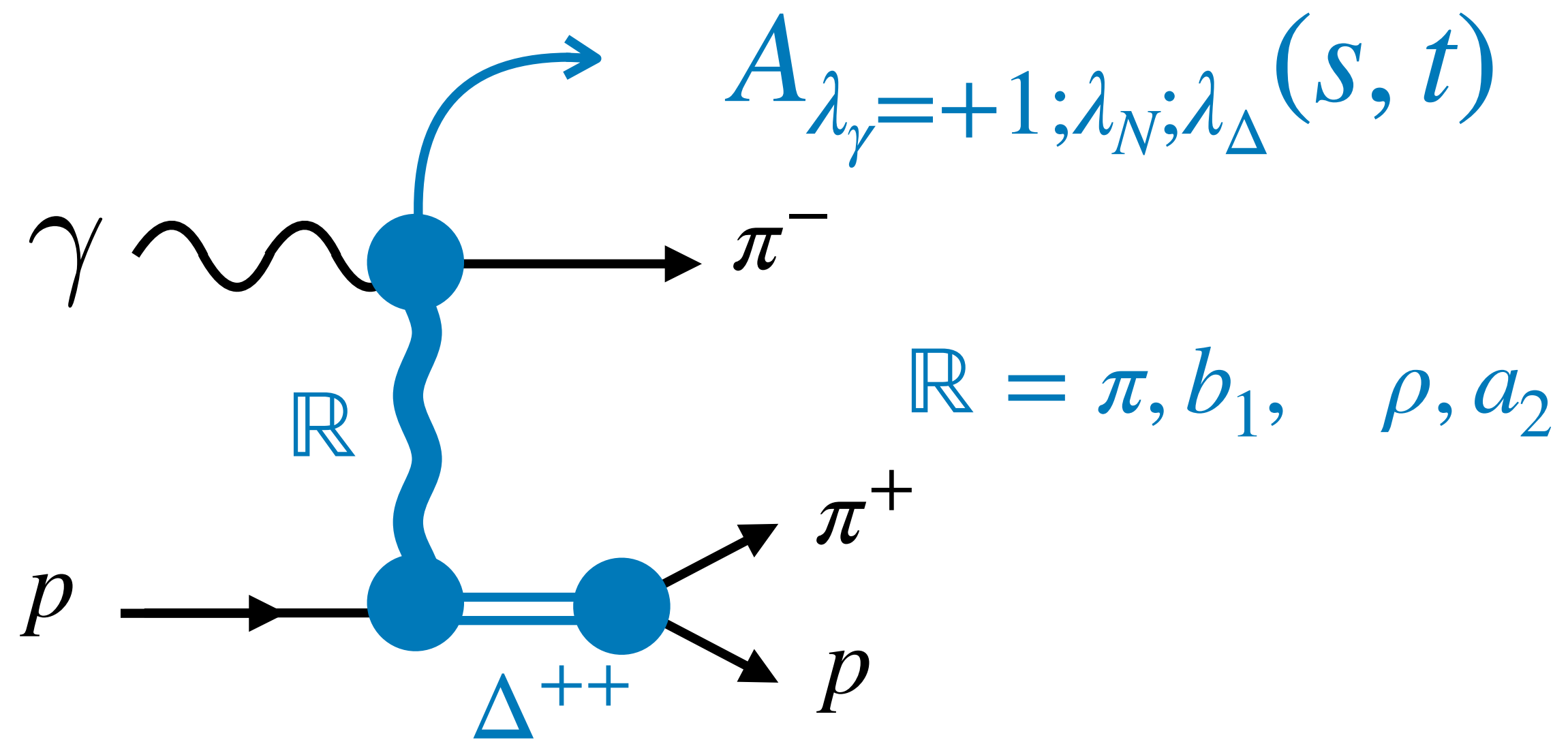
Genova January 2024



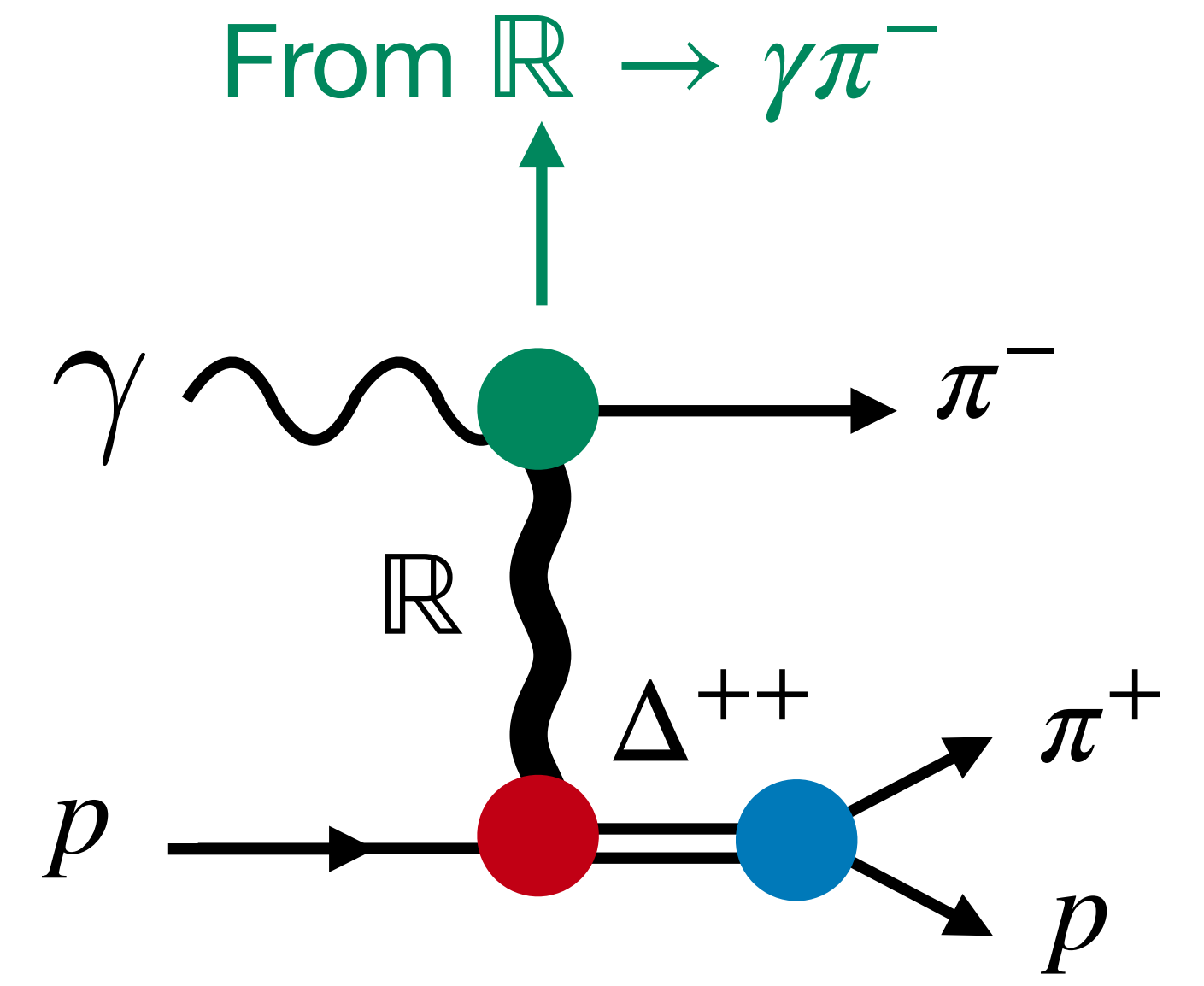
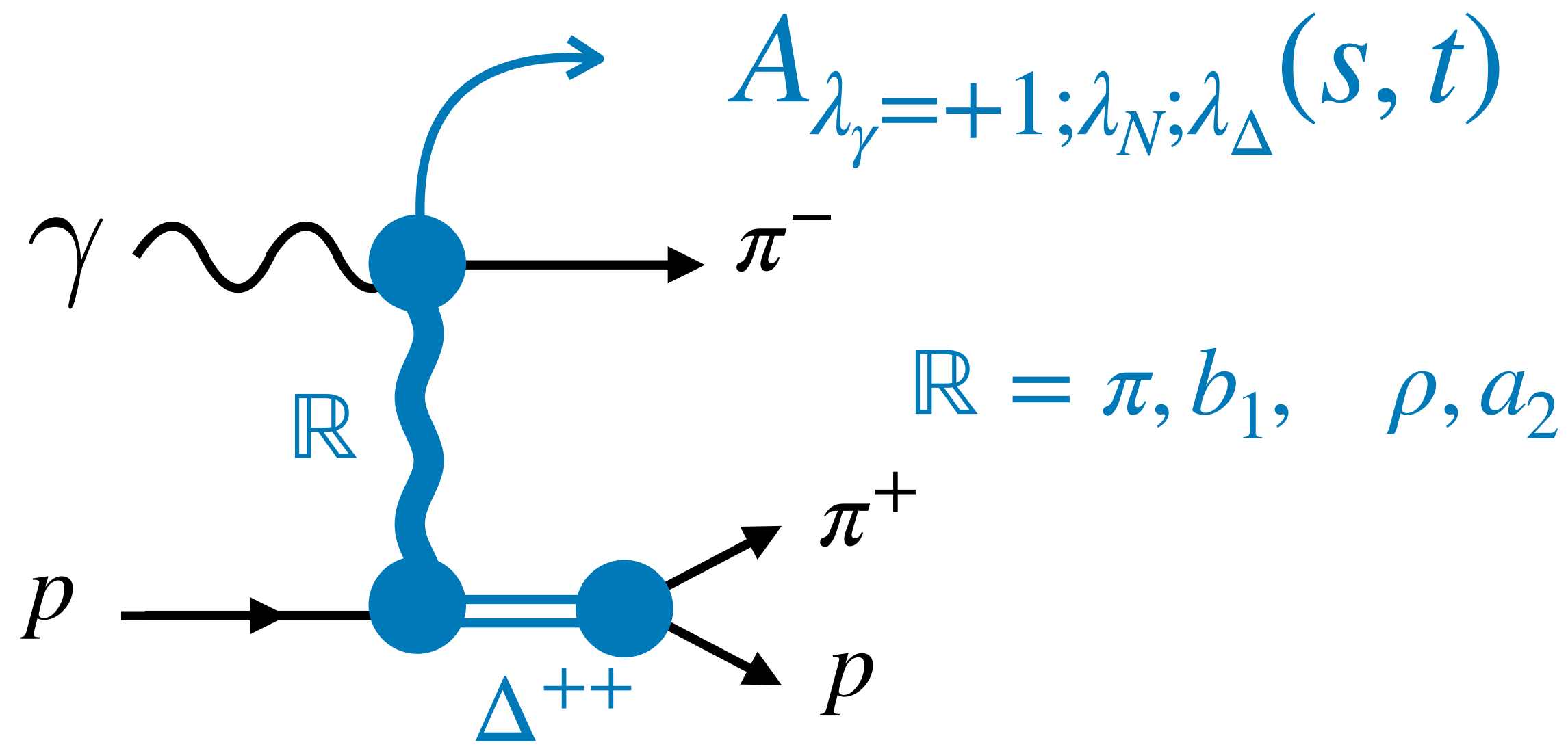
The Model



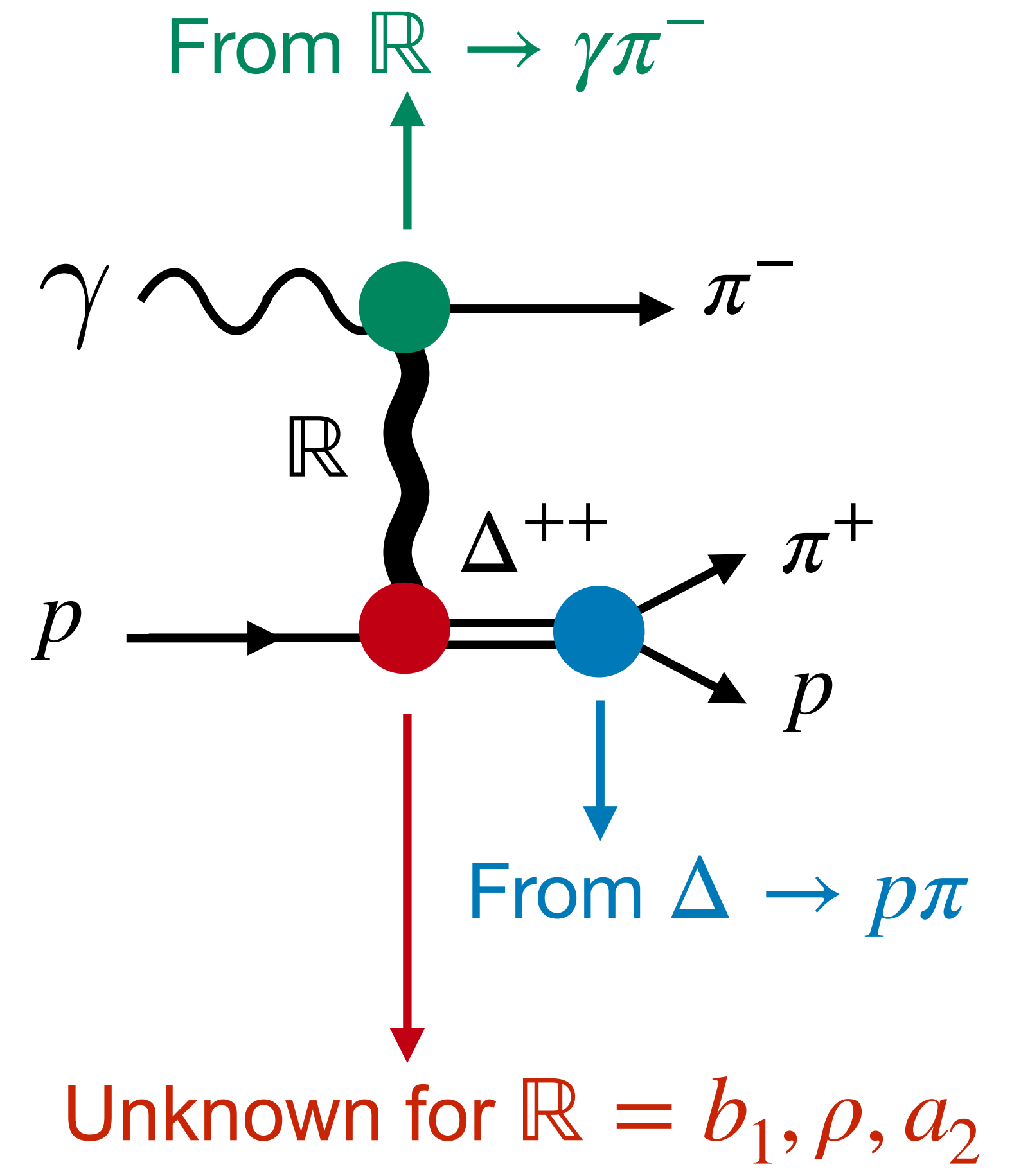
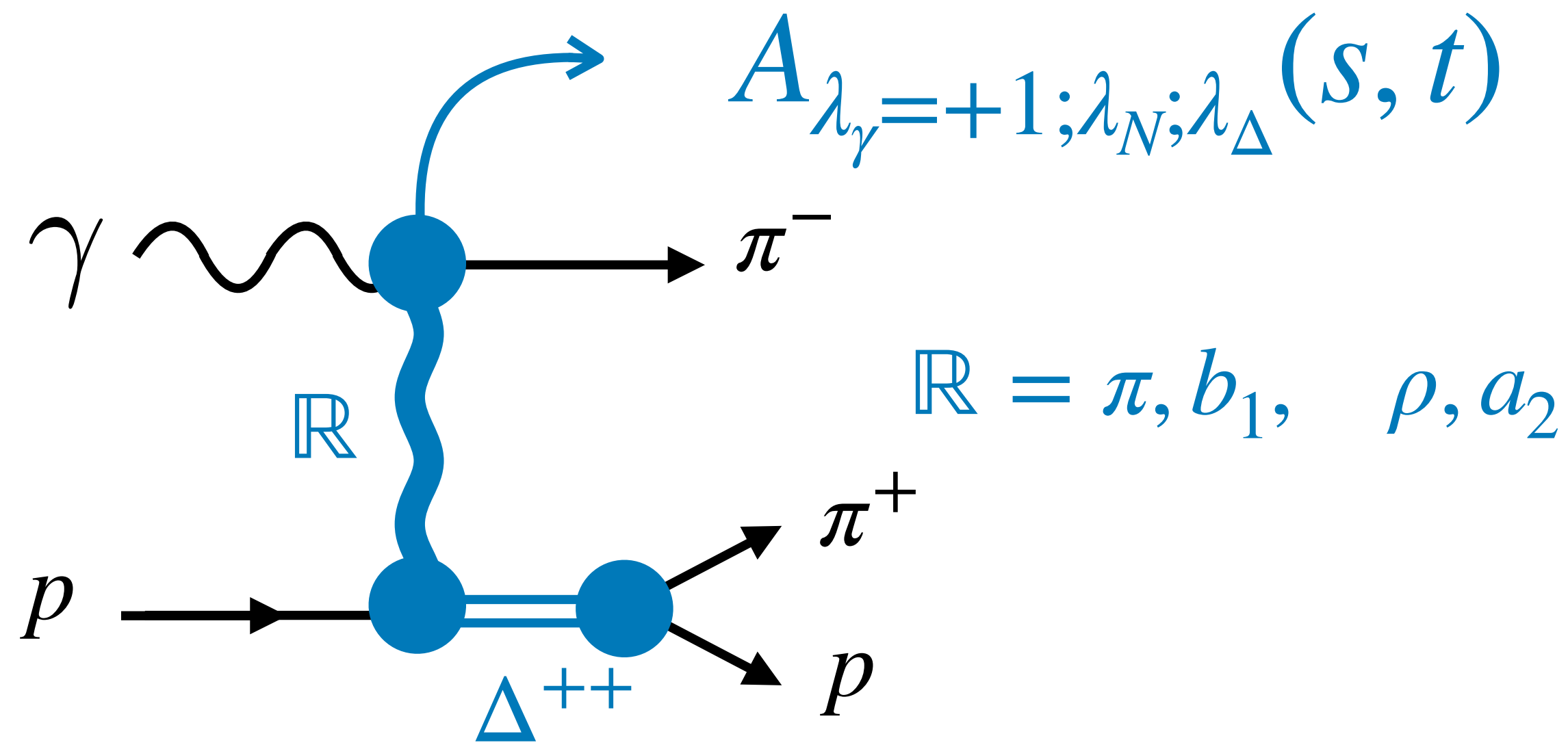
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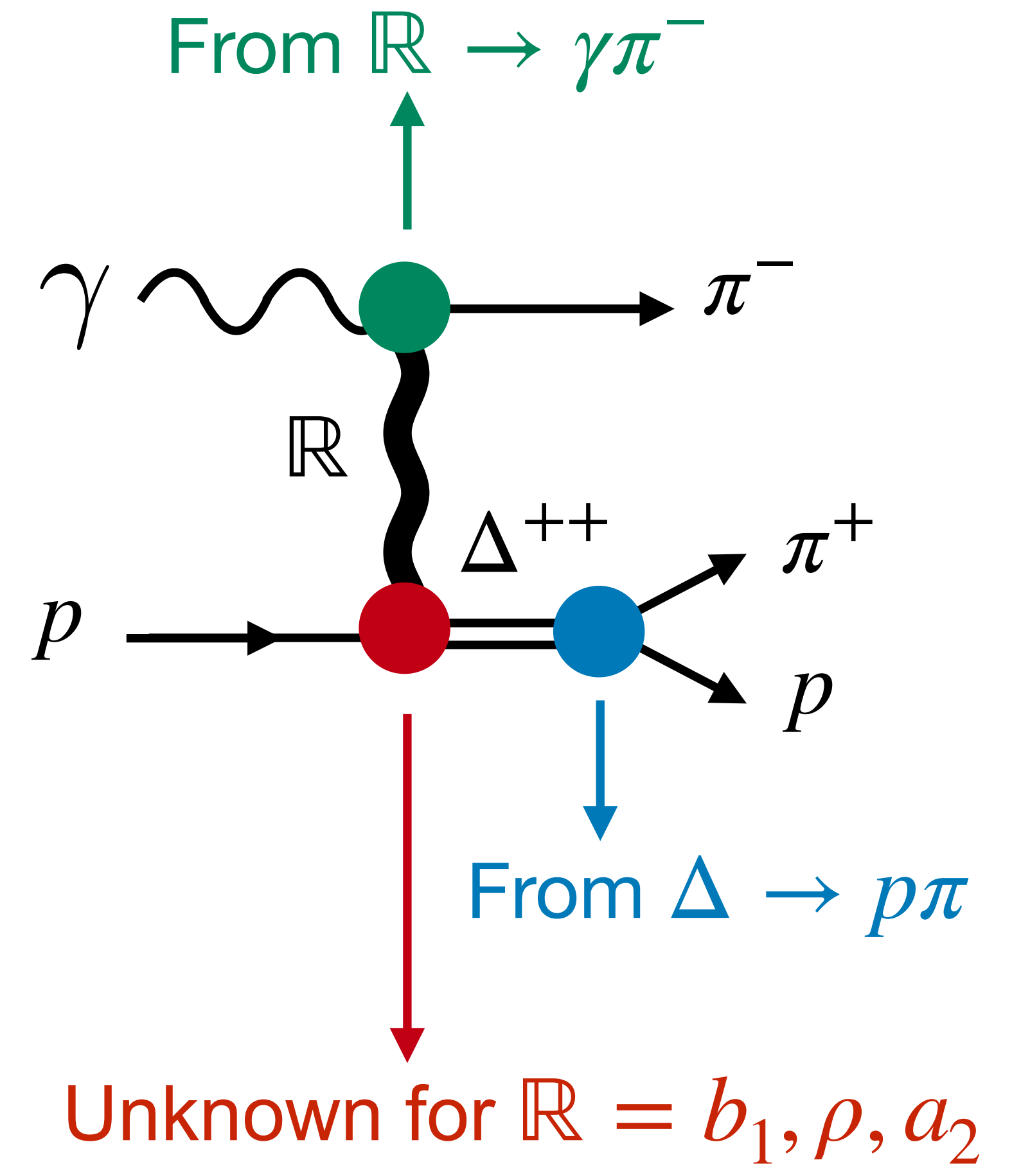
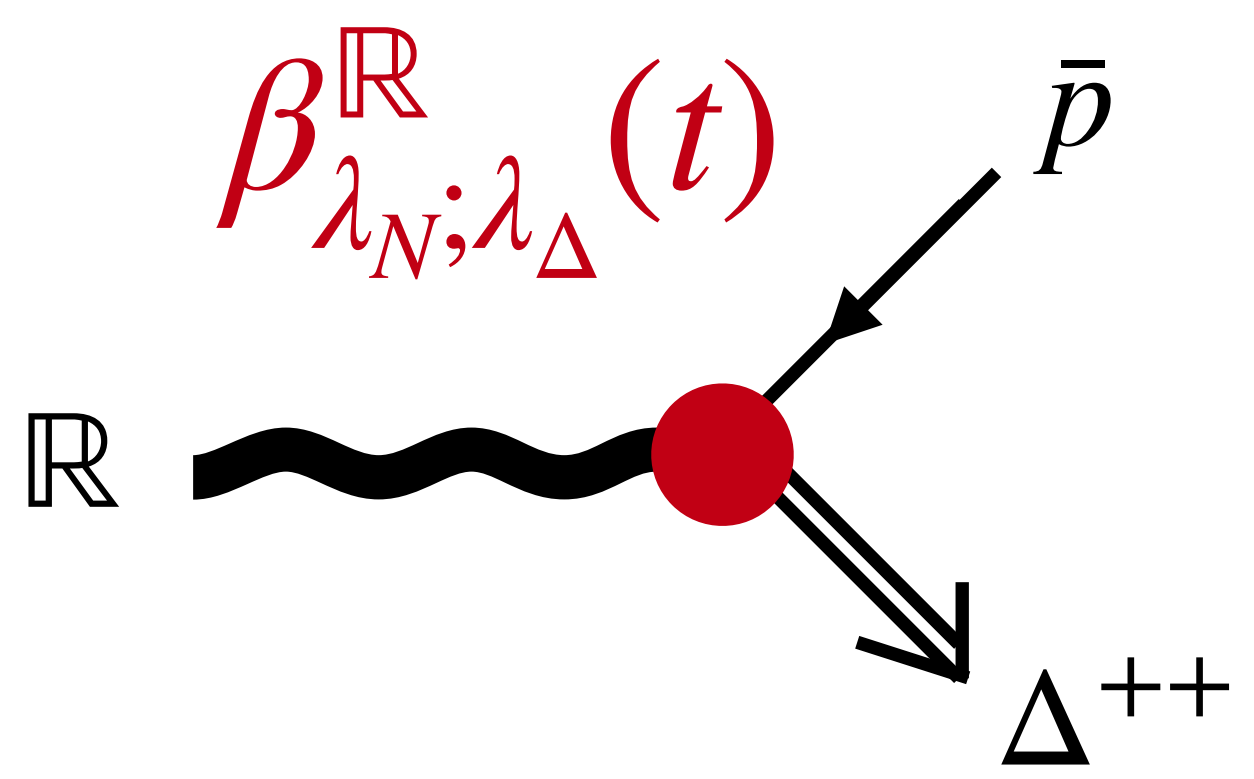
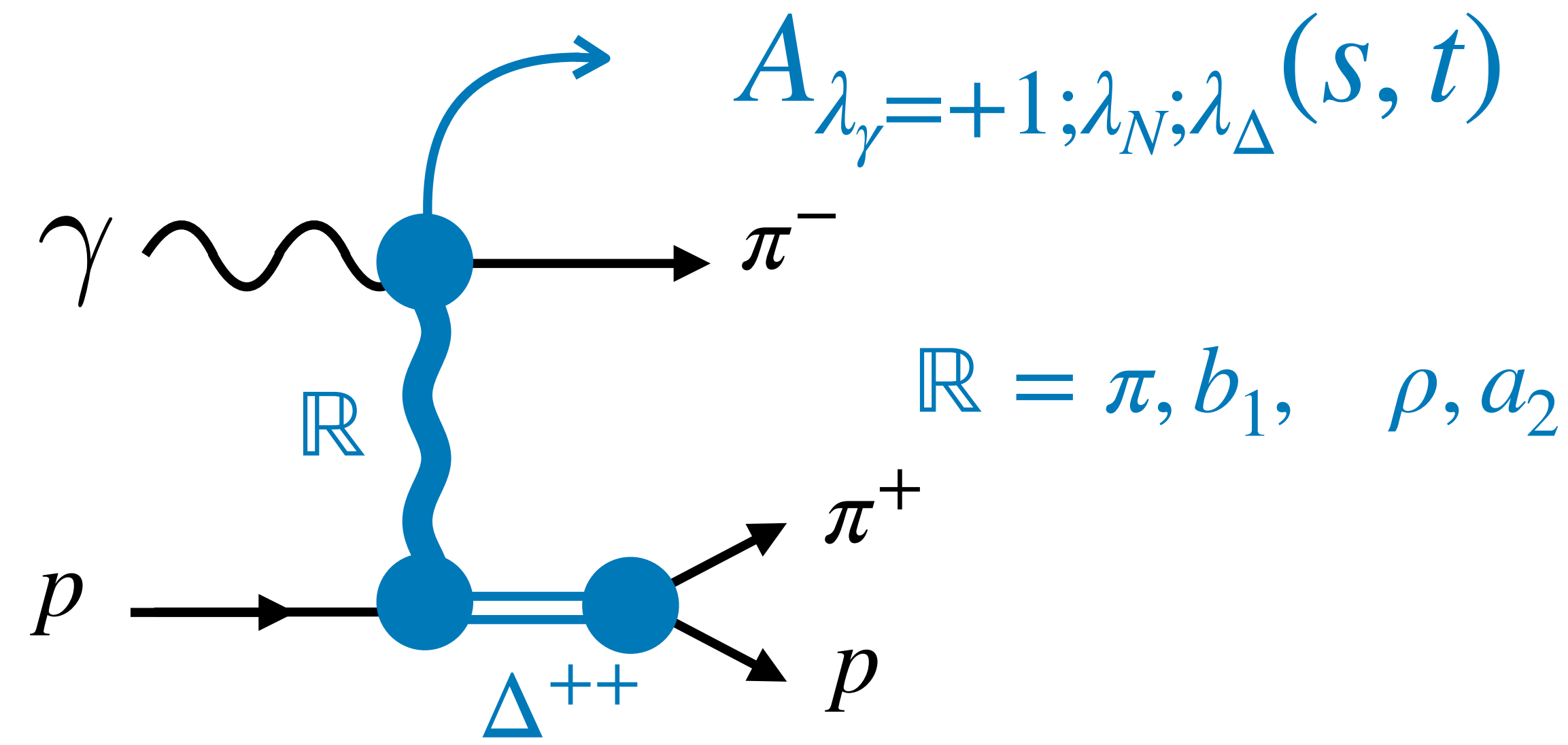
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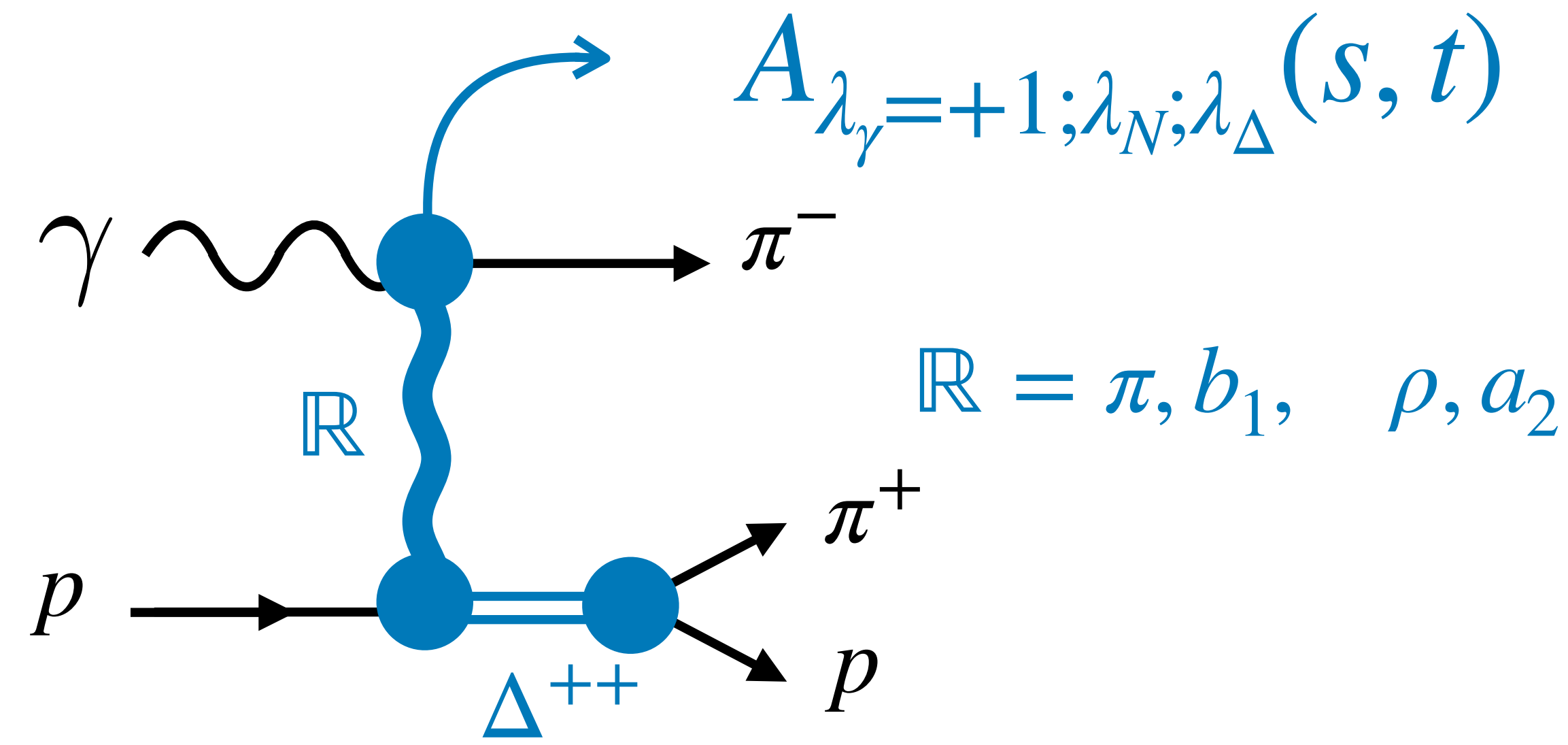
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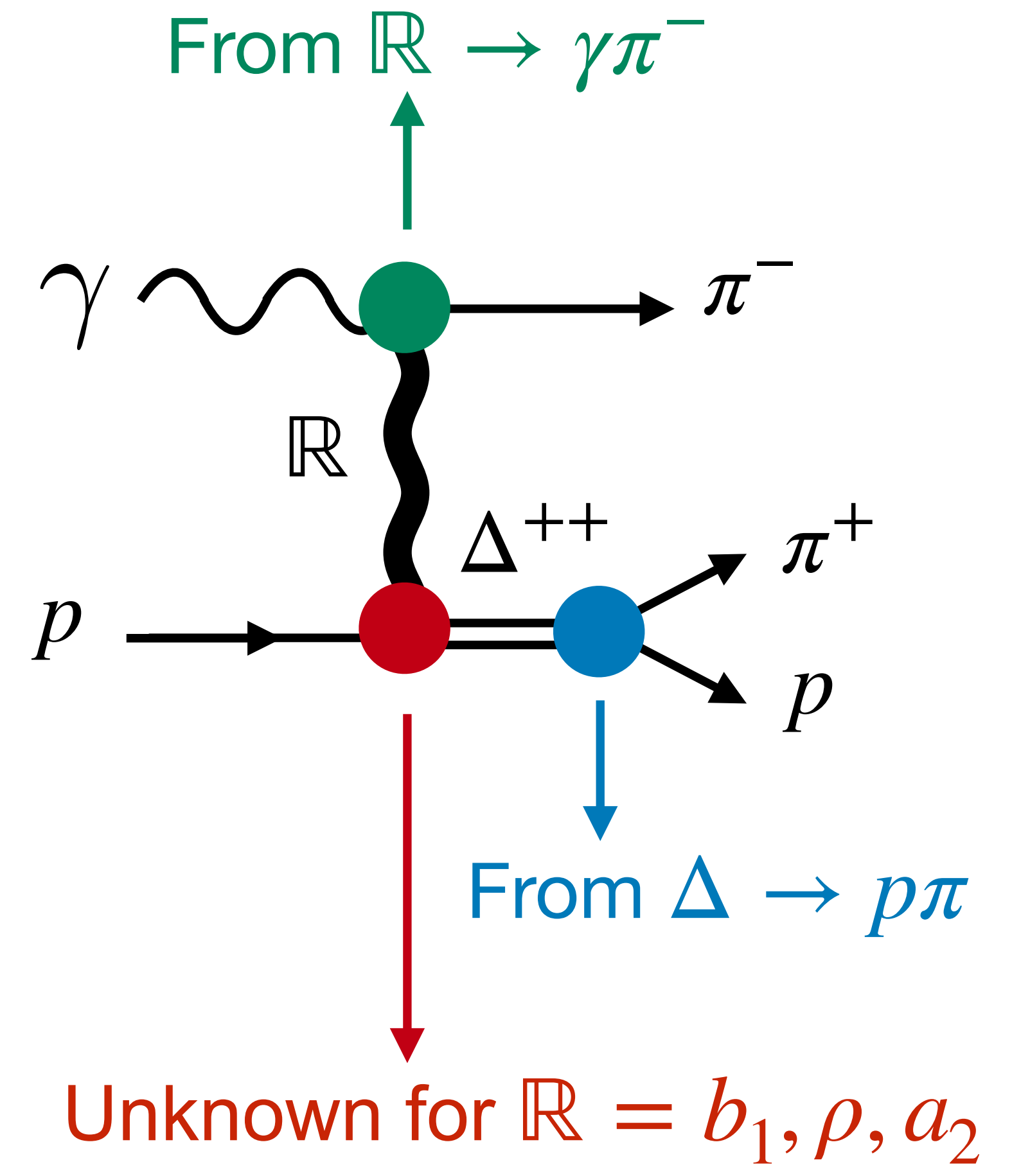
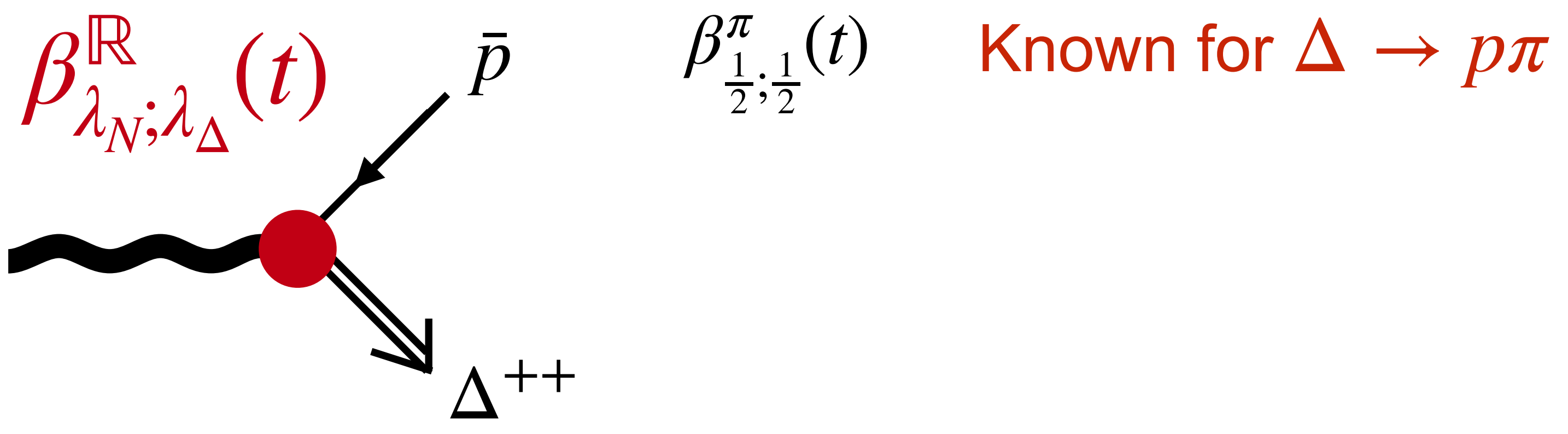
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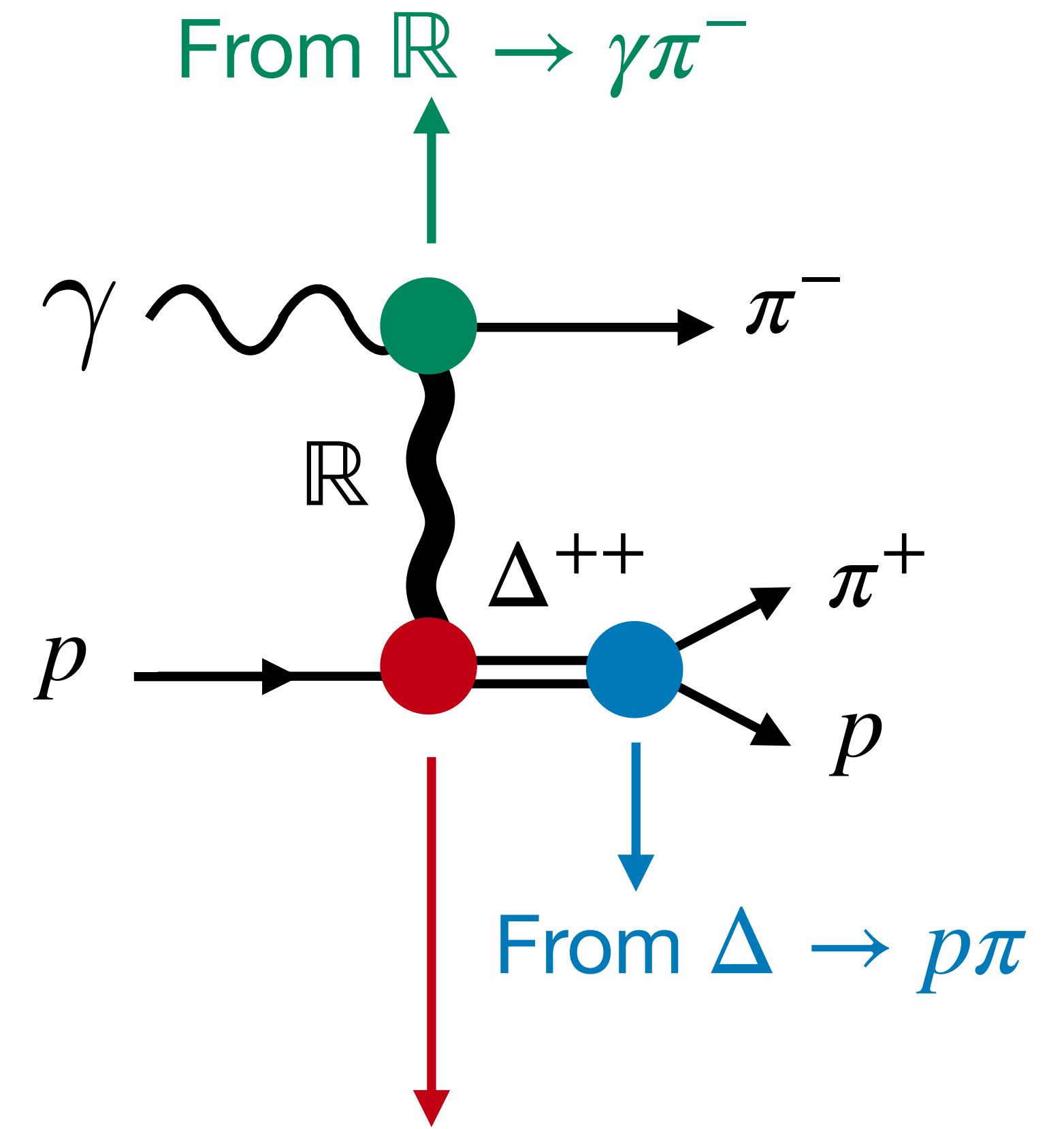
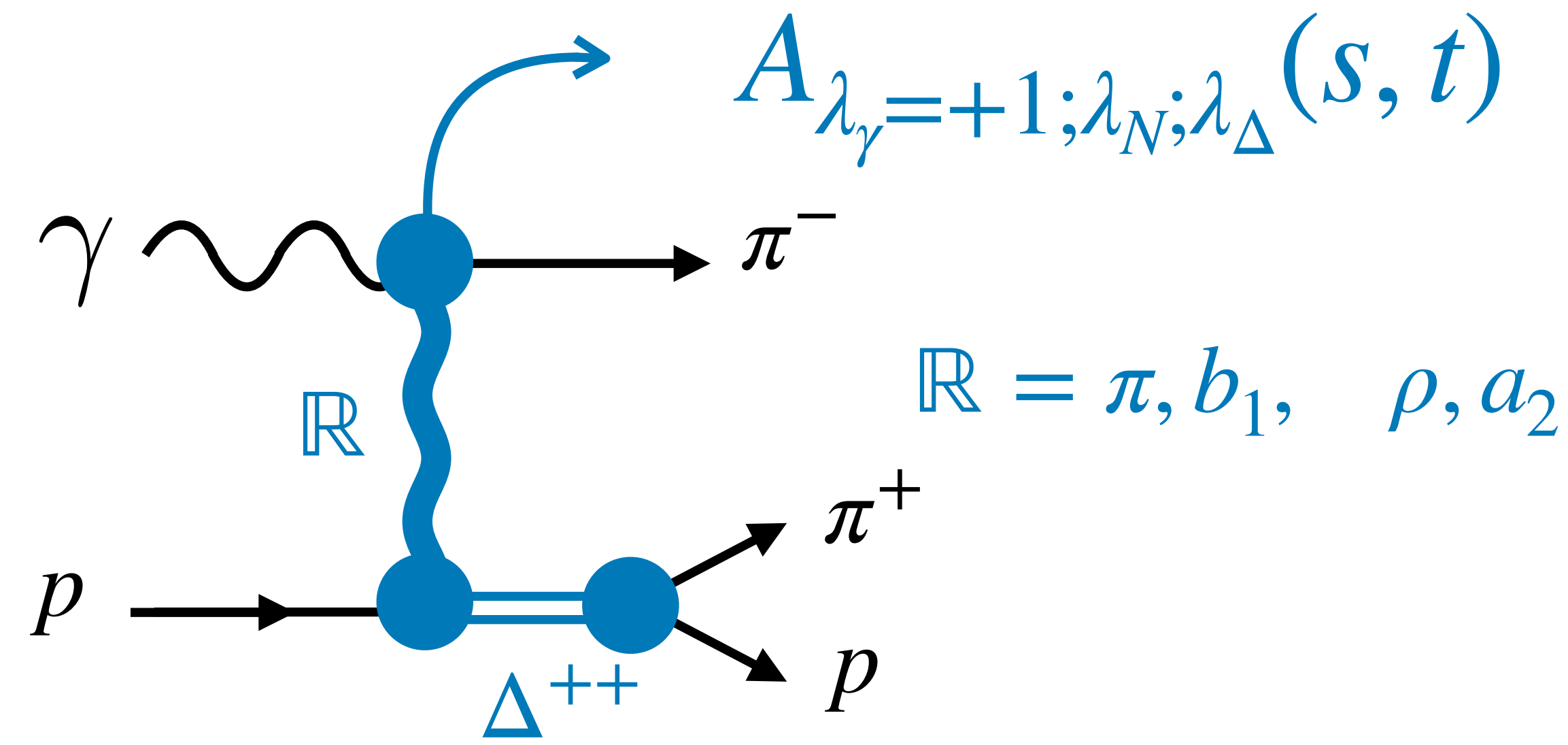
The Model



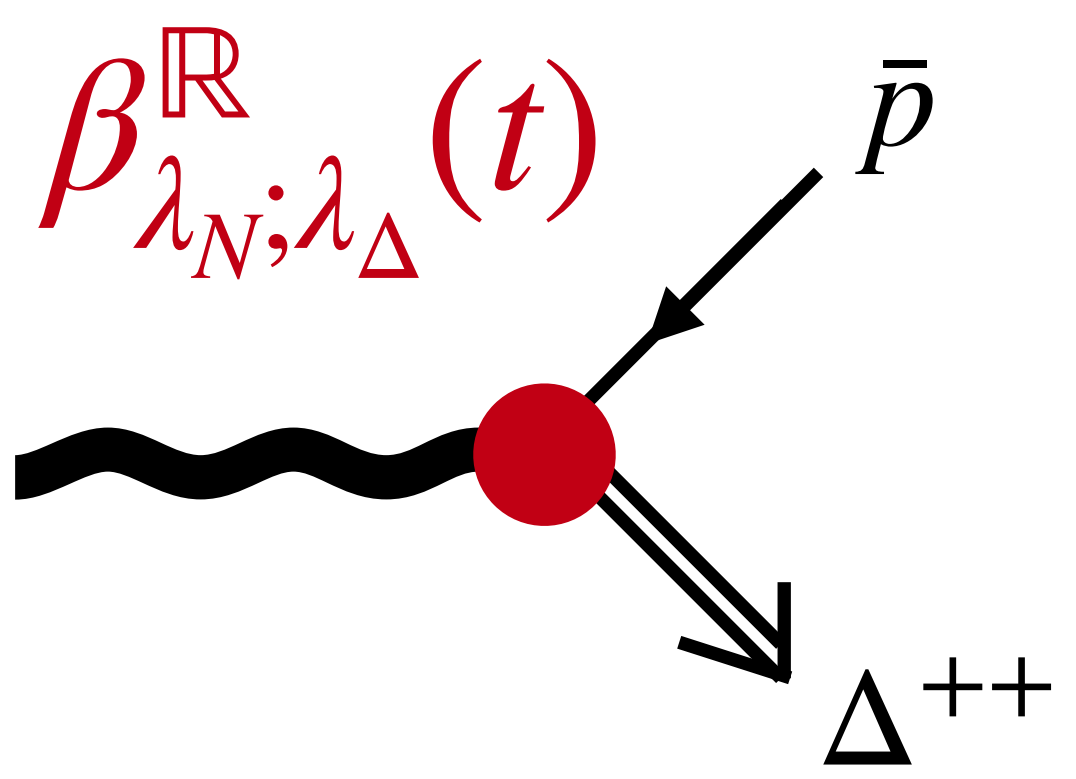
Constraints from spin-parity of \mathbb{R}



The Model



Constraints from spin-parity of \mathbb{R}



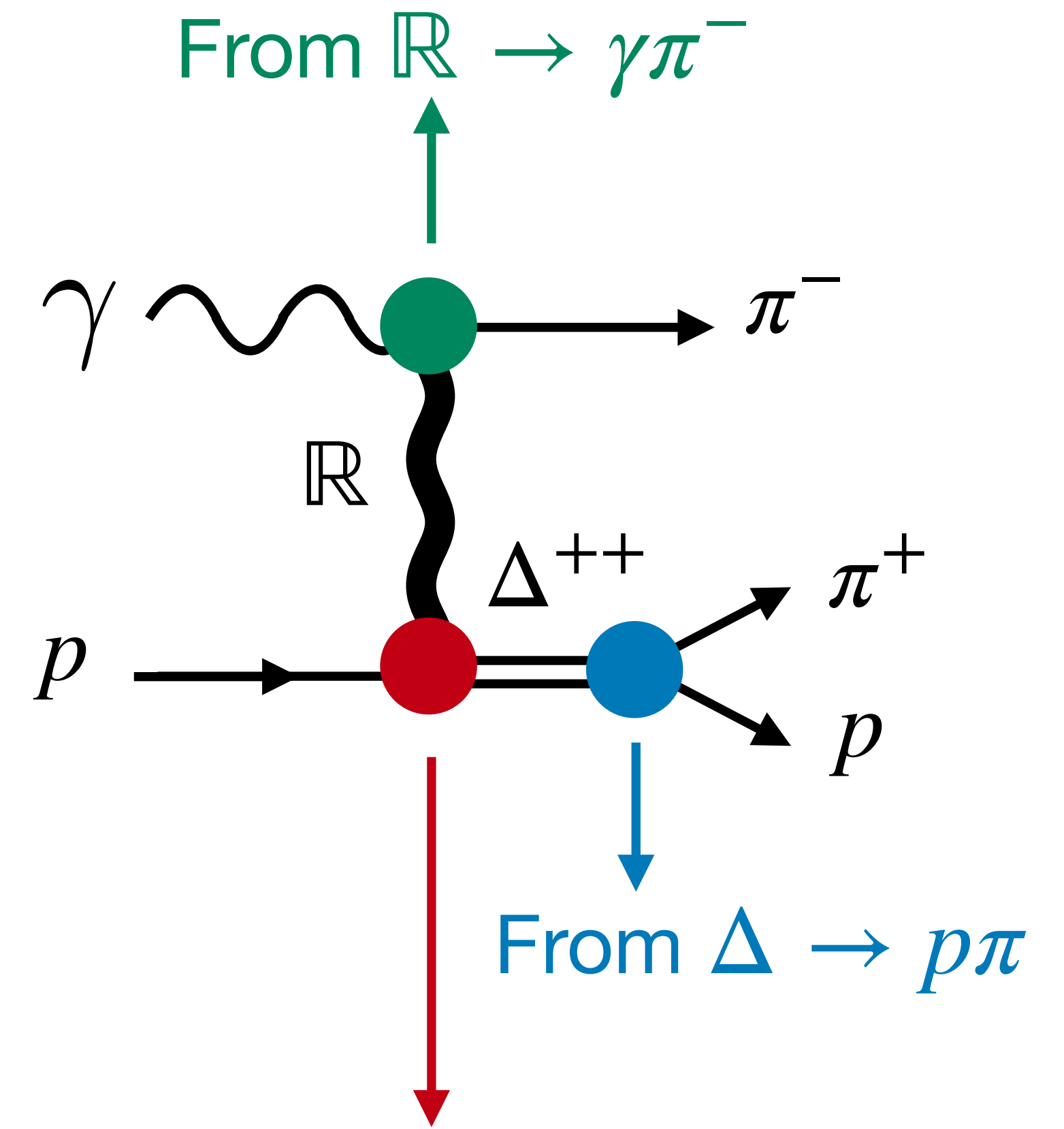
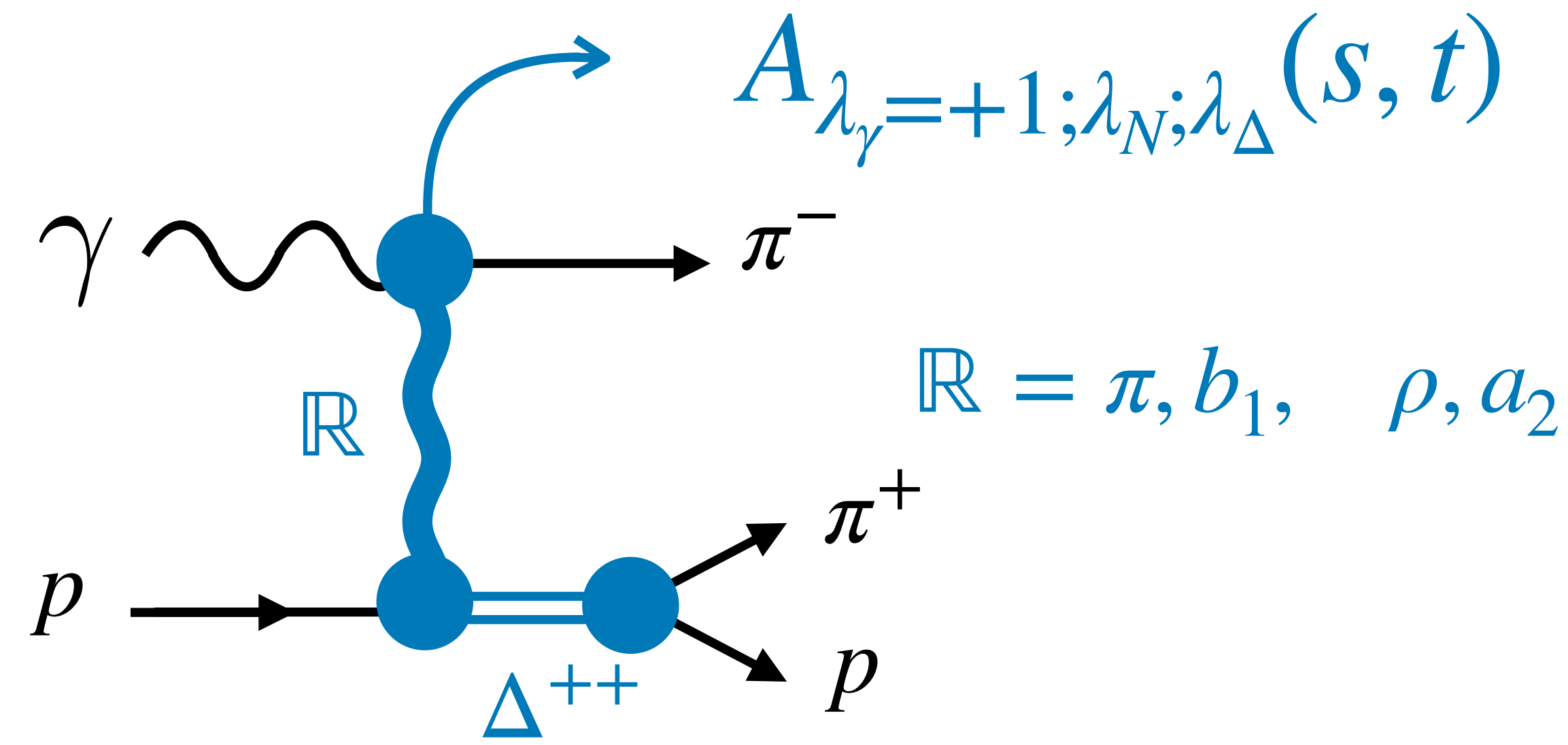
Known for $\Delta \rightarrow p\pi$

$\beta_{\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}}^\pi(t)$

$\beta_{\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}}^\rho(t)$ $\beta_{\frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{2}}^\rho(t)$ $\beta_{\frac{1}{2}; -\frac{3}{2}}^\rho(t)$

Unknown for $\mathbb{R} = b_1, \rho, a_2$

The Model



Constraints from spin-parity of \mathbb{R}

$\beta_{\lambda_N; \lambda_\Delta}^{\mathbb{R}}(t)$

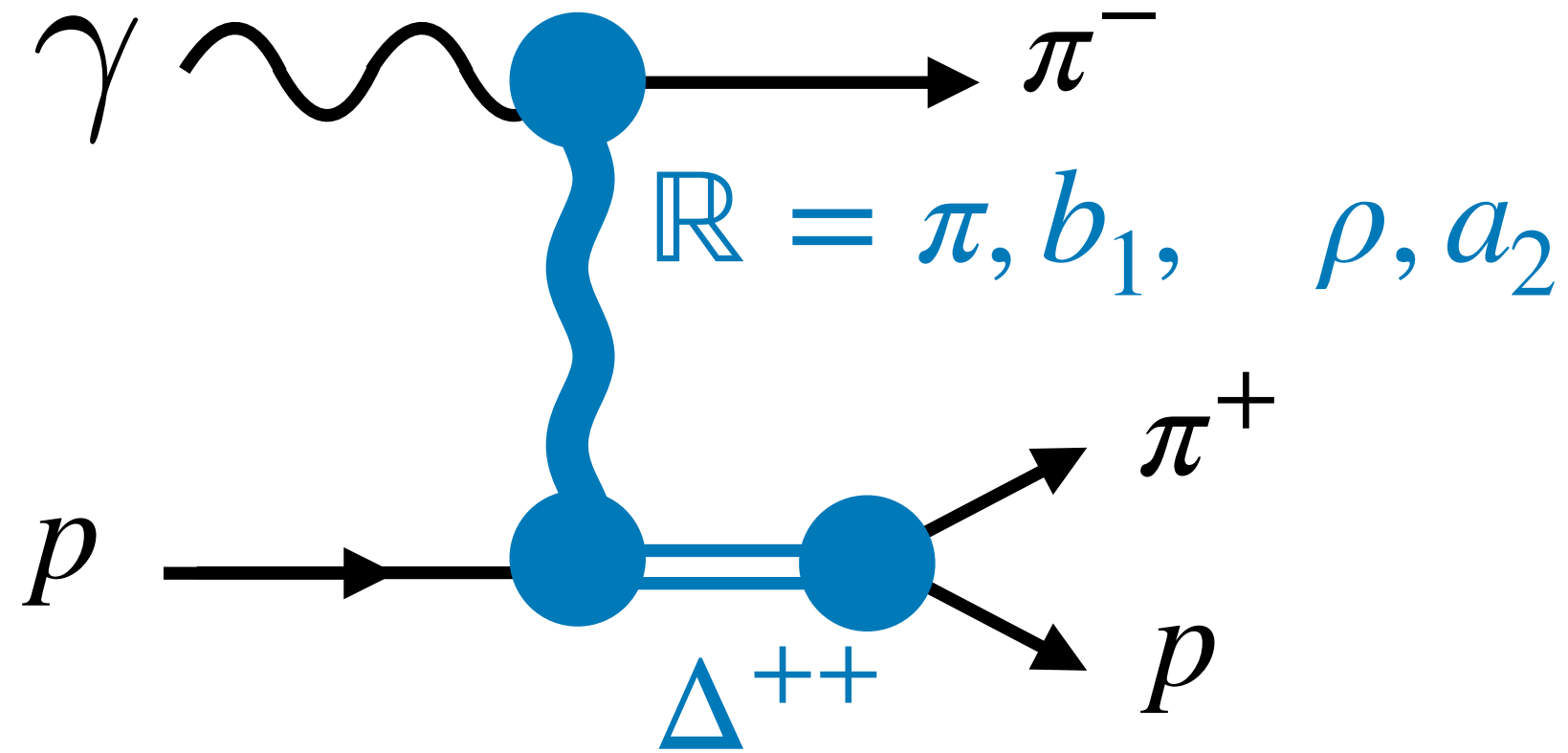
$\beta_{\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}}^\pi(t)$ **Known for $\Delta \rightarrow p\pi$**

$\beta_{\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}}^\rho(t)$ $\beta_{\frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{2}}^\rho(t)$ $\beta_{\frac{1}{2}; -\frac{3}{2}}^\rho(t)$

Unknown for $\mathbb{R} = b_1, \rho, a_2$

Argument for $\beta_{\lambda_N; \lambda_\Delta}^{b_1}(t) = \beta_{\lambda_N; \lambda_\Delta}^\pi(t)$ and $\beta_{\lambda_N; \lambda_\Delta}^{a_2}(t) = \beta_{\lambda_N; \lambda_\Delta}^\rho(t)$

Couplings



Photon couplings from radiative decays

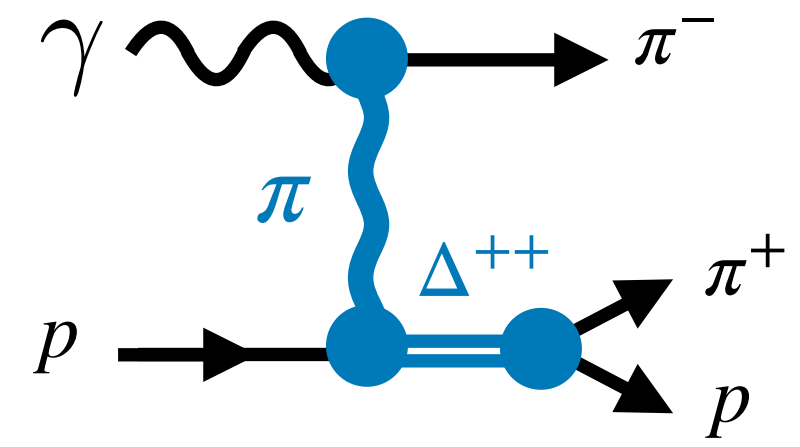
Delta couplings from effective interactions

Delta couplings $g_{\rho N\Delta}^{(1,2,3)}$ fitted

$\hat{\beta}_{\mu_i \mu_f}^{e,if}$	Expression
$\hat{\beta}_{+1}^{\pi, \gamma \pi}(t)$	$\sqrt{2}e$
$\hat{\beta}_{+1}^{\rho, \gamma \pi}(t)$	$\frac{g_{\rho \pi \gamma}}{2m_\rho}$
$\hat{\beta}_{+1}^{b_1, \gamma \pi}(t)$	$\frac{g_{b_1 \pi \gamma}}{2m_{b_1}}$
$\hat{\beta}_{+1}^{a_2, \gamma \pi}(t)$	$\frac{g_{a_2 \pi \gamma}}{2m_{a_2}^2}$
$\hat{\beta}_{+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{2}}^{\pi, N\Delta}(t)$	$\frac{g_{\pi N\Delta}(m_N+m_\Delta)}{\sqrt{2}m_\Delta}$
$\hat{\beta}_{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}^{\pi, N\Delta}(t)$	$\frac{g_{\pi N\Delta}(-m_N^2+m_N m_\Delta+2m_\Delta^2+t)}{\sqrt{6}m_\Delta^2}$
$\hat{\beta}_{+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}^{\pi, N\Delta}(t)$	$\frac{-g_{\pi N\Delta}(-m_N^3-m_N^2 m_\Delta+m_\Delta^3+2m_\Delta t+m_N(m_\Delta^2+t))}{\sqrt{6}m_\Delta^2}$
$\hat{\beta}_{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{2}}^{\pi, N\Delta}(t)$	$\frac{-g_{\pi N\Delta}}{\sqrt{2}m_\Delta}$
$\hat{\beta}_{+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{2}}^{\rho, N\Delta}(t)$	$\frac{-(2m_\Delta g_{\rho N\Delta}^{(1)}+g_{\rho N\Delta}^{(2)}(m_N-m_\Delta))}{2m_\Delta^2}$
$\hat{\beta}_{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}^{\rho, N\Delta}(t)$	$\frac{-(2m_N m_\Delta g_{\rho N\Delta}^{(1)}+g_{\rho N\Delta}^{(2)}(-m_N m_\Delta+m_\Delta^2+2t)+2t g_{\rho N\Delta}^{(3)})}{2\sqrt{3}m_\Delta^3}$
$\hat{\beta}_{+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}^{\rho, N\Delta}(t)$	$\frac{-(2m_\Delta g_{\rho N\Delta}^{(1)}+g_{\rho N\Delta}^{(2)}(2m_N-3m_\Delta)+2g_{\rho N\Delta}^{(3)}(m_N-m_\Delta))}{2\sqrt{3}m_\Delta^3}(-t)$
$\hat{\beta}_{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{2}}^{\rho, N\Delta}(t)$	$\frac{g_{\rho N\Delta}^{(2)}}{2m_\Delta^2}$

Poor Man Absorption Model

$$A_\pi \propto \left(\sqrt{-t}\right)^{|\lambda_\gamma|+|\lambda_\Delta-\lambda_p|} \equiv \left(\sqrt{-t}\right)^{n+x} \quad \rightarrow \quad A_\pi \propto \left(\sqrt{-t}\right)^n \left(\sqrt{-m_\pi^2}\right)^x$$



λ_N	λ_Δ	n	$n+x$	λ_N	λ_Δ	n	$n+x$
+1/2	+1/2	1	1	+1/2	+3/2	2	2
+1/2	-1/2	0	2	+1/2	-3/2	1	3
-1/2	+1/2	2	2	-1/2	+3/2	3	3
-1/2	-1/2	1	1	-1/2	-3/2	0	2

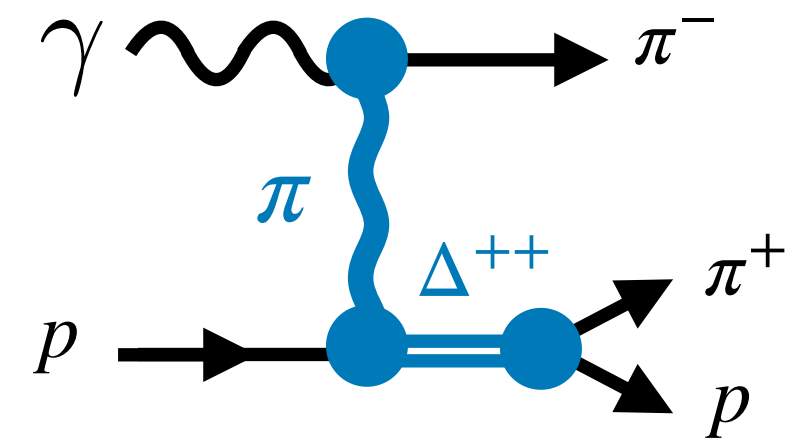
Table 2: Pion photoproduction $\lambda_\gamma = 1$ and $\lambda_\pi = 0$.

$$n = |\lambda_\gamma + \lambda_\Delta - \lambda_p| \quad \text{net helicity flip}$$

$$x = |\lambda_\gamma| + |\lambda_\Delta - \lambda_p| - n$$

Poor Man Absorption Model

$$A_\pi \propto \left(\sqrt{-t}\right)^{|\lambda_\gamma|+|\lambda_\Delta-\lambda_p|} \equiv \left(\sqrt{-t}\right)^{n+x} \quad \rightarrow \quad A_\pi \propto \left(\sqrt{-t}\right)^n \left(\sqrt{-m_\pi^2}\right)^x$$



λ_N	λ_Δ	n	$n+x$	λ_N	λ_Δ	n	$n+x$
+1/2	+1/2	1	1	+1/2	+3/2	2	2
+1/2	-1/2	0	2	+1/2	-3/2	1	3
-1/2	+1/2	2	2	-1/2	+3/2	3	3
-1/2	-1/2	1	1	-1/2	-3/2	0	2

Table 2: Pion photoproduction $\lambda_\gamma = 1$ and $\lambda_\pi = 0$.

PMA breaks parity relation for π exchange

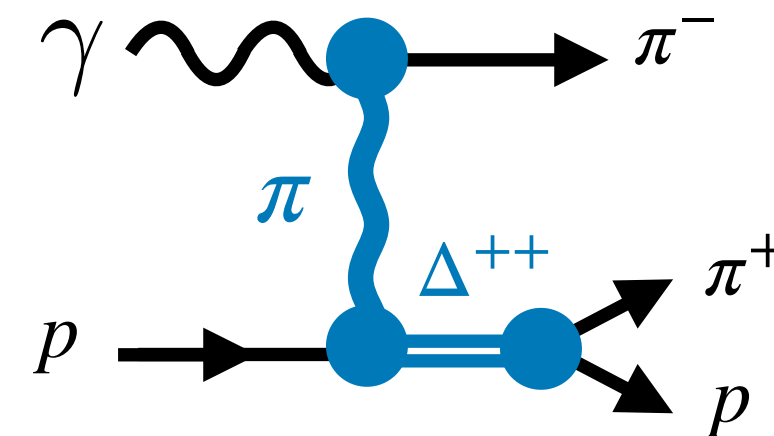
$$A_{-1;+\frac{1}{2};-\frac{3}{2}} \neq -A_{+1;+\frac{1}{2};-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$n = |\lambda_\gamma + \lambda_\Delta - \lambda_p| \quad \text{net helicity flip}$$

$$x = |\lambda_\gamma| + |\lambda_\Delta - \lambda_p| - n$$

Poor Man Absorption Model

$$A_\pi \propto \left(\sqrt{-t}\right)^{|\lambda_\gamma|+|\lambda_\Delta-\lambda_p|} \equiv \left(\sqrt{-t}\right)^{n+x} \quad \rightarrow \quad A_\pi \propto \left(\sqrt{-t}\right)^n \left(\sqrt{-m_\pi^2}\right)^x$$



λ_N	λ_Δ	n	$n+x$	λ_N	λ_Δ	n	$n+x$
+1/2	+1/2	1	1	+1/2	+3/2	2	2
+1/2	-1/2	0	2	+1/2	-3/2	1	3
-1/2	+1/2	2	2	-1/2	+3/2	3	3
-1/2	-1/2	1	1	-1/2	-3/2	0	2

Table 2: Pion photoproduction $\lambda_\gamma = 1$ and $\lambda_\pi = 0$.

PMA breaks parity relation for π exchange

$$A_{-1;+\frac{1}{2};-\frac{3}{2}} \neq -A_{+1;+\frac{1}{2};-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$A_{+1;+\frac{1}{2};-\frac{3}{2}} \propto (\sqrt{-t})(-m_\pi^2)$$

$$A_{-1;+\frac{1}{2};-\frac{3}{2}} = -A_{+1;-\frac{1}{2};+\frac{3}{2}}$$

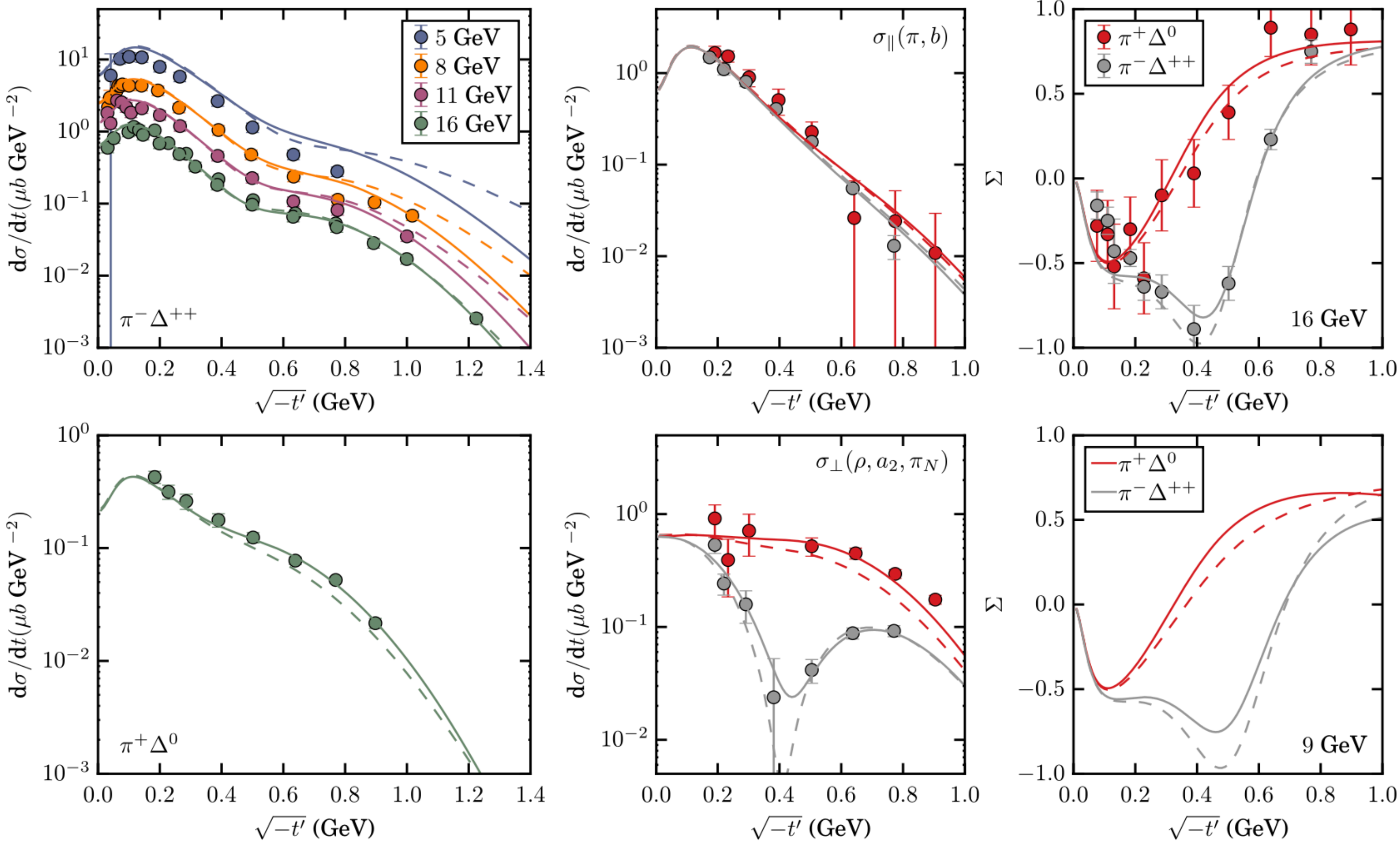
$$\propto -(\sqrt{-t})^3$$

$$n = |\lambda_\gamma + \lambda_\Delta - \lambda_p| \quad \text{net helicity flip}$$

$$x = |\lambda_\gamma| + |\lambda_\Delta - \lambda_p| - n$$

Results

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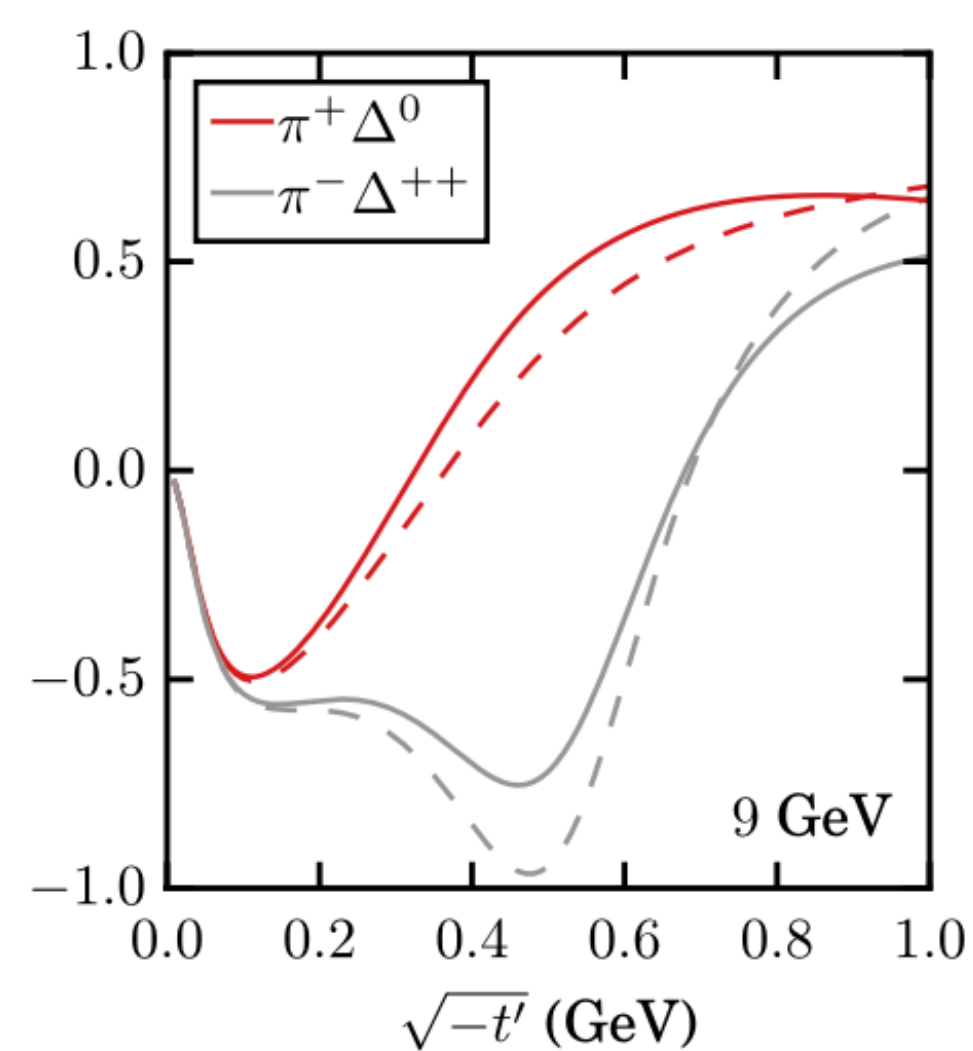
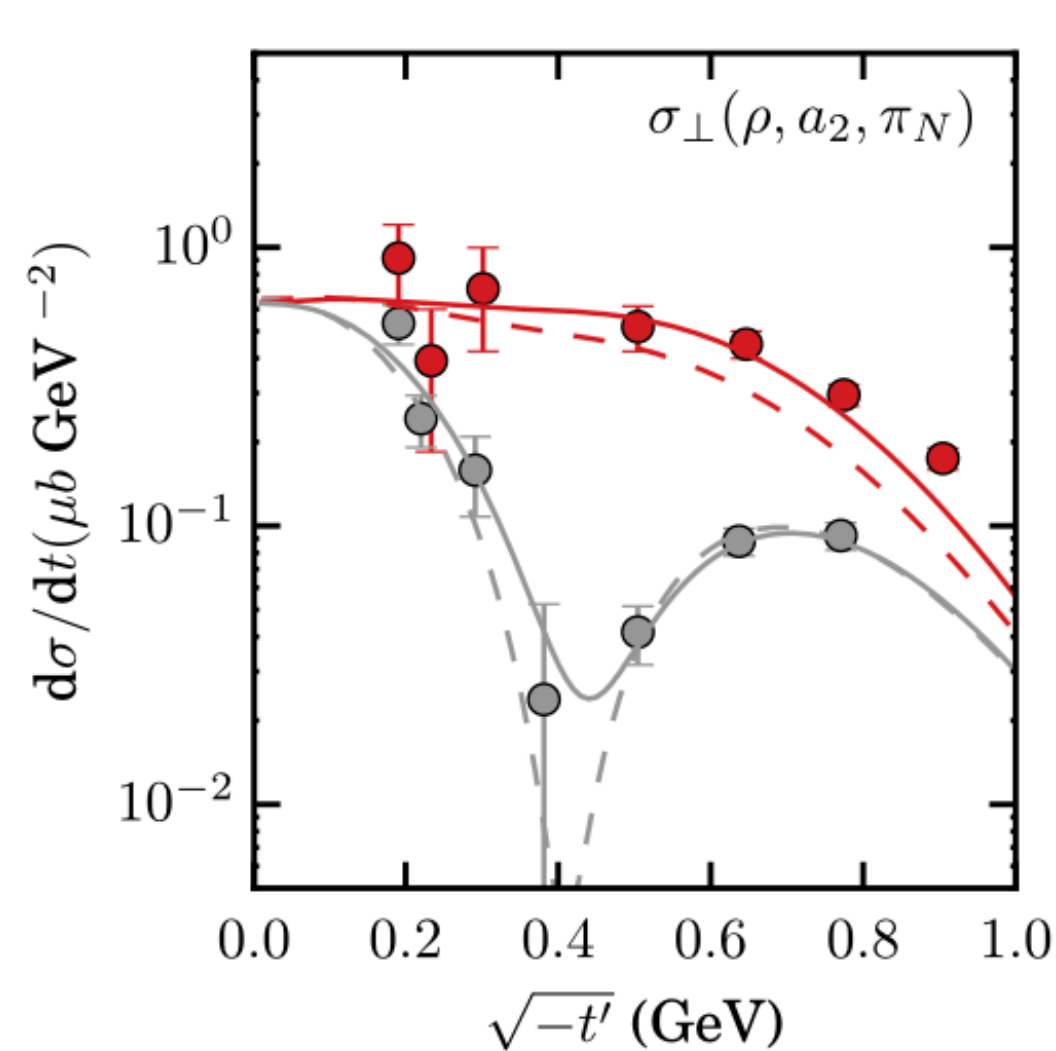
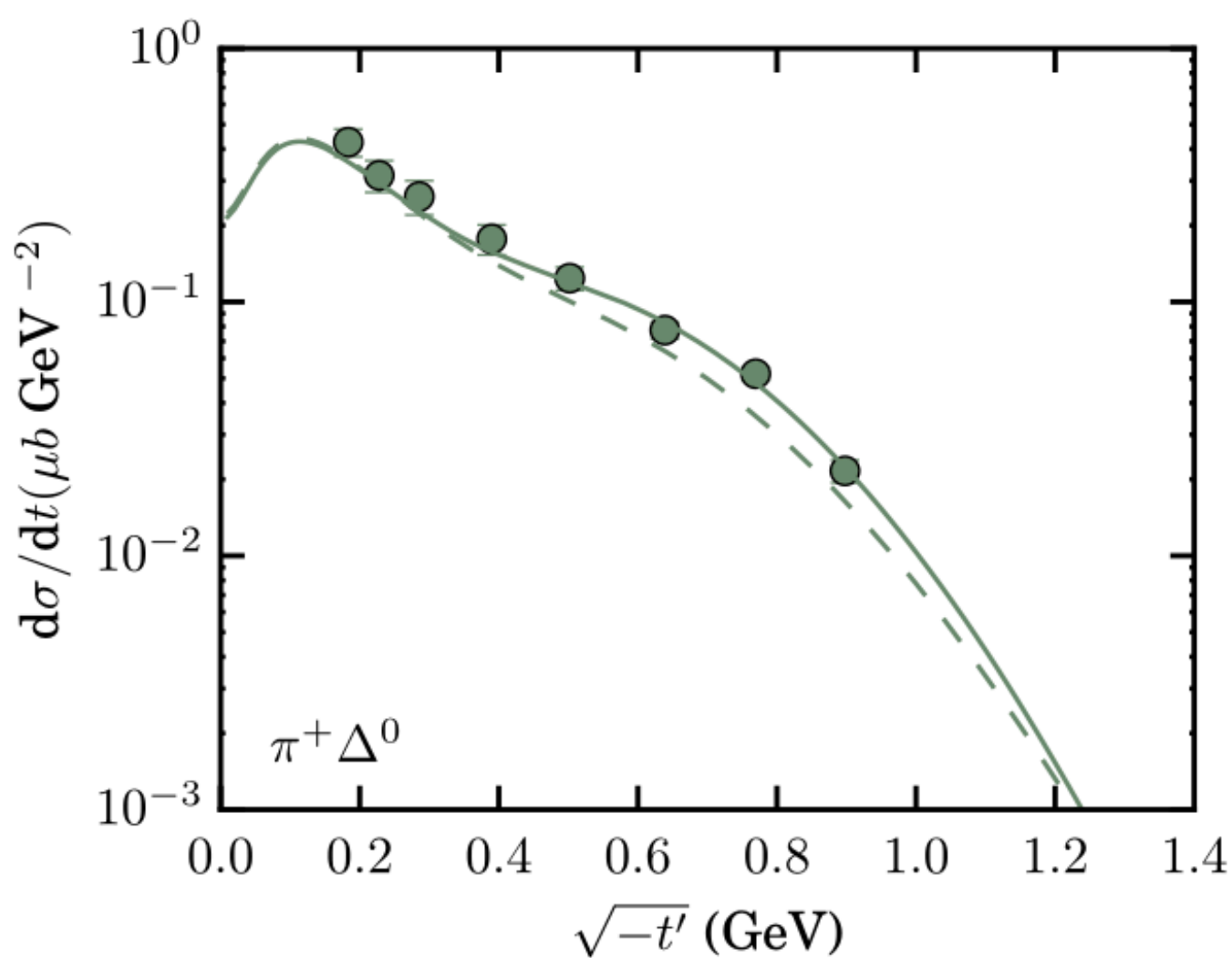
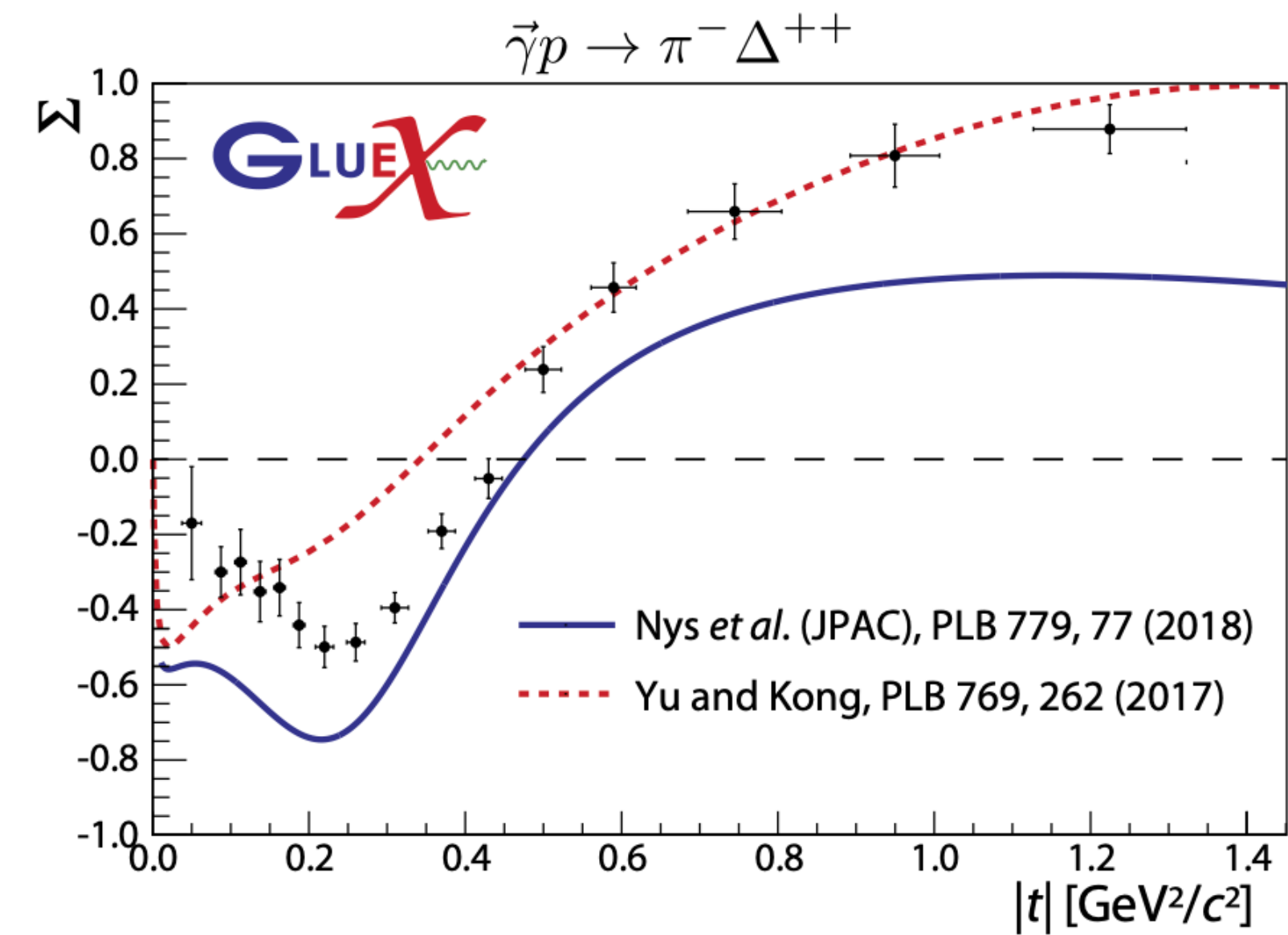
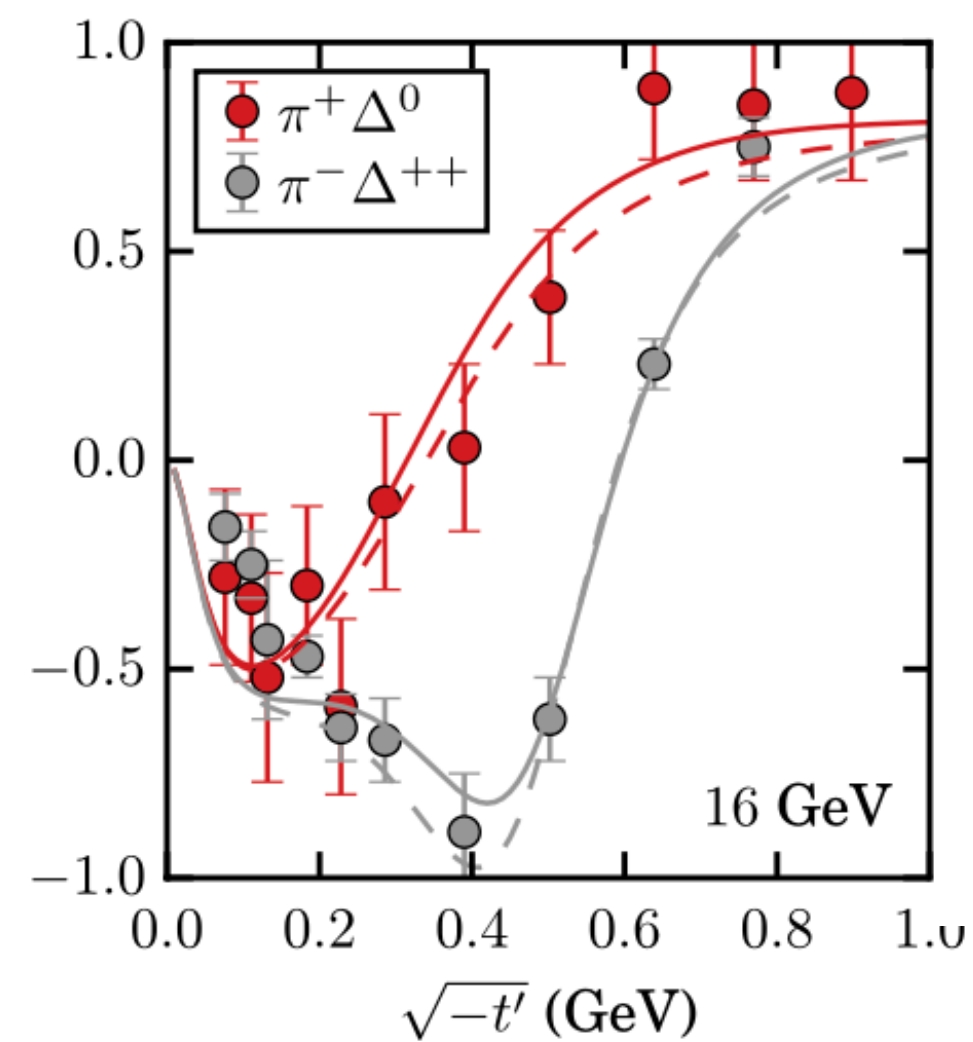
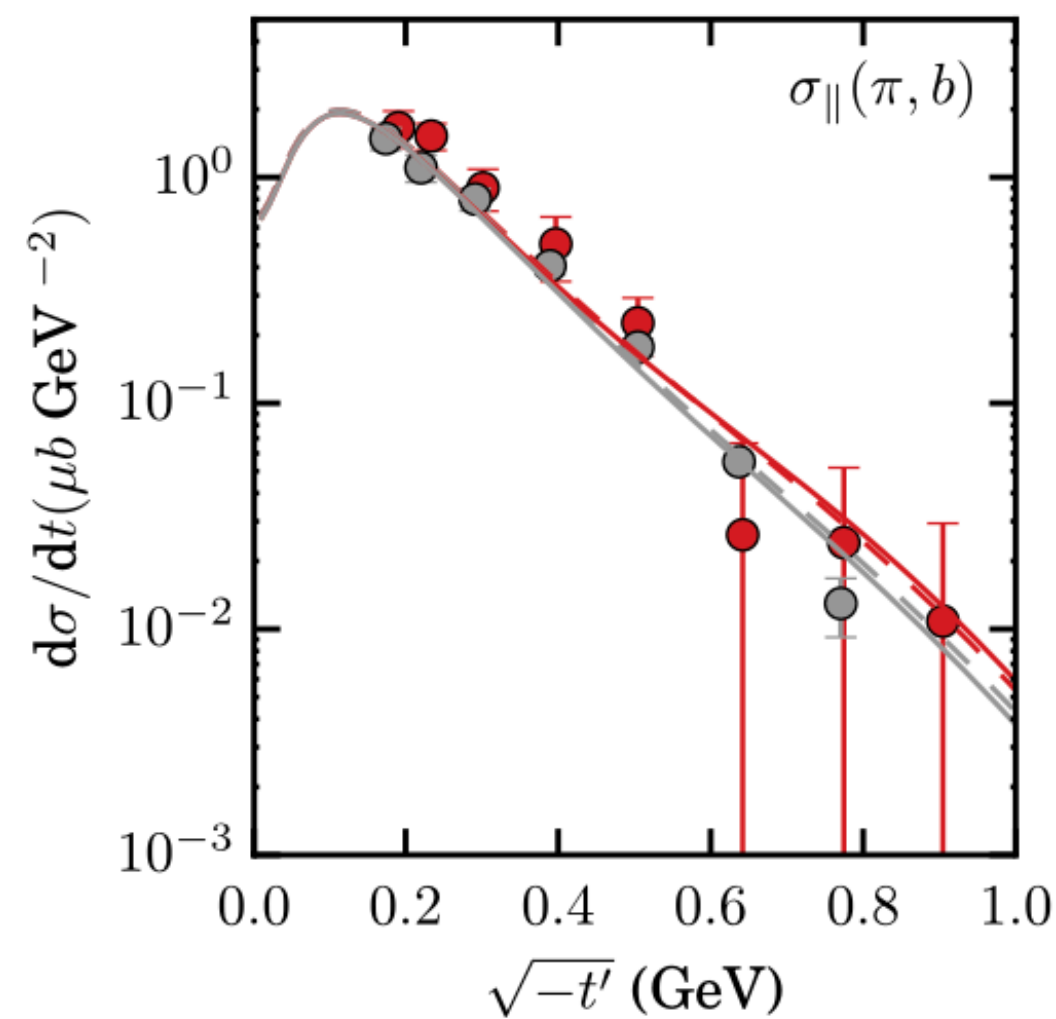
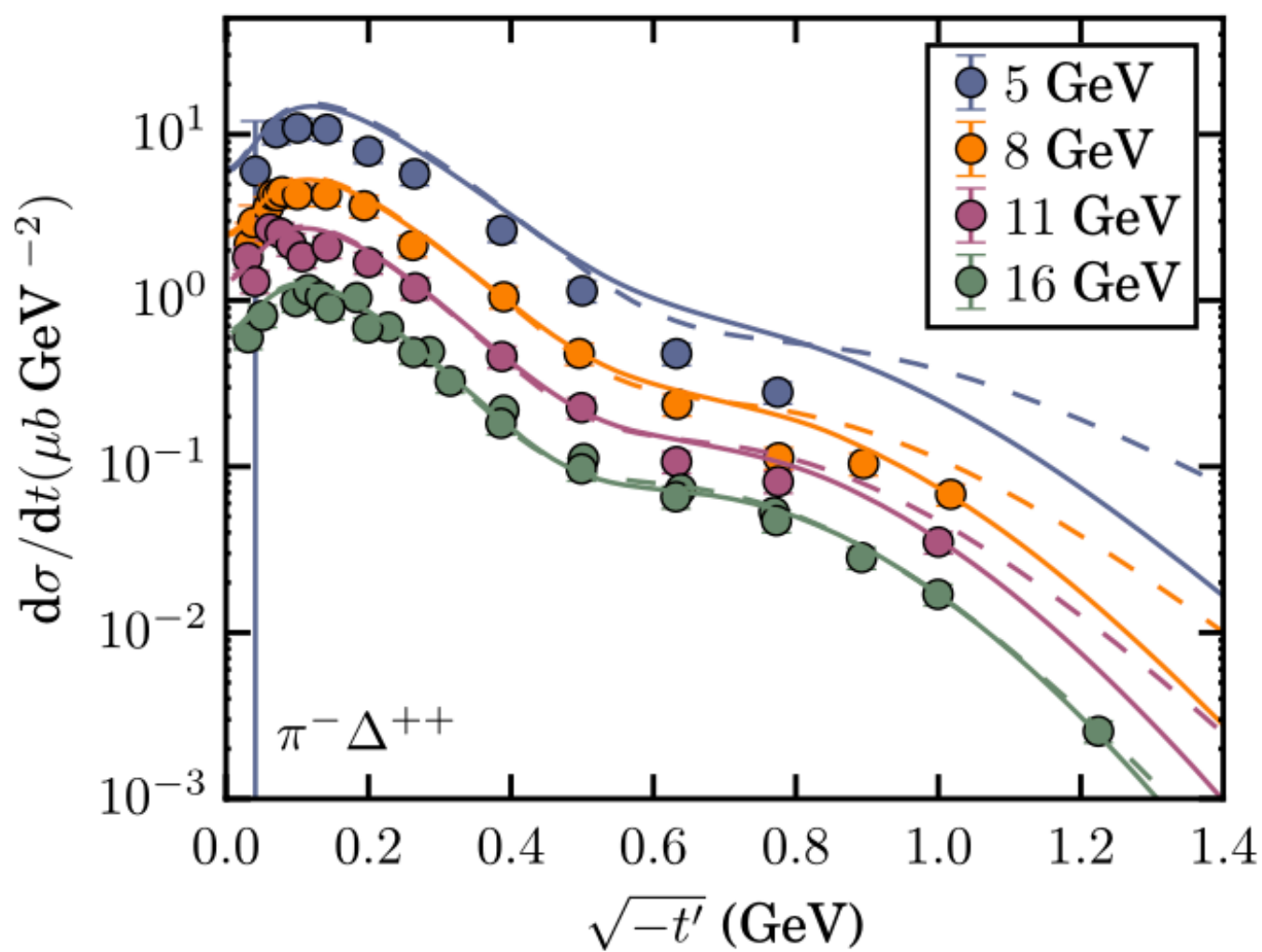


$$\Sigma = \frac{\sigma_{\perp} - \sigma_{\parallel}}{\sigma_{\perp} + \sigma_{\parallel}}$$

Σ and σ do not depend on the z-axis orientation

Results

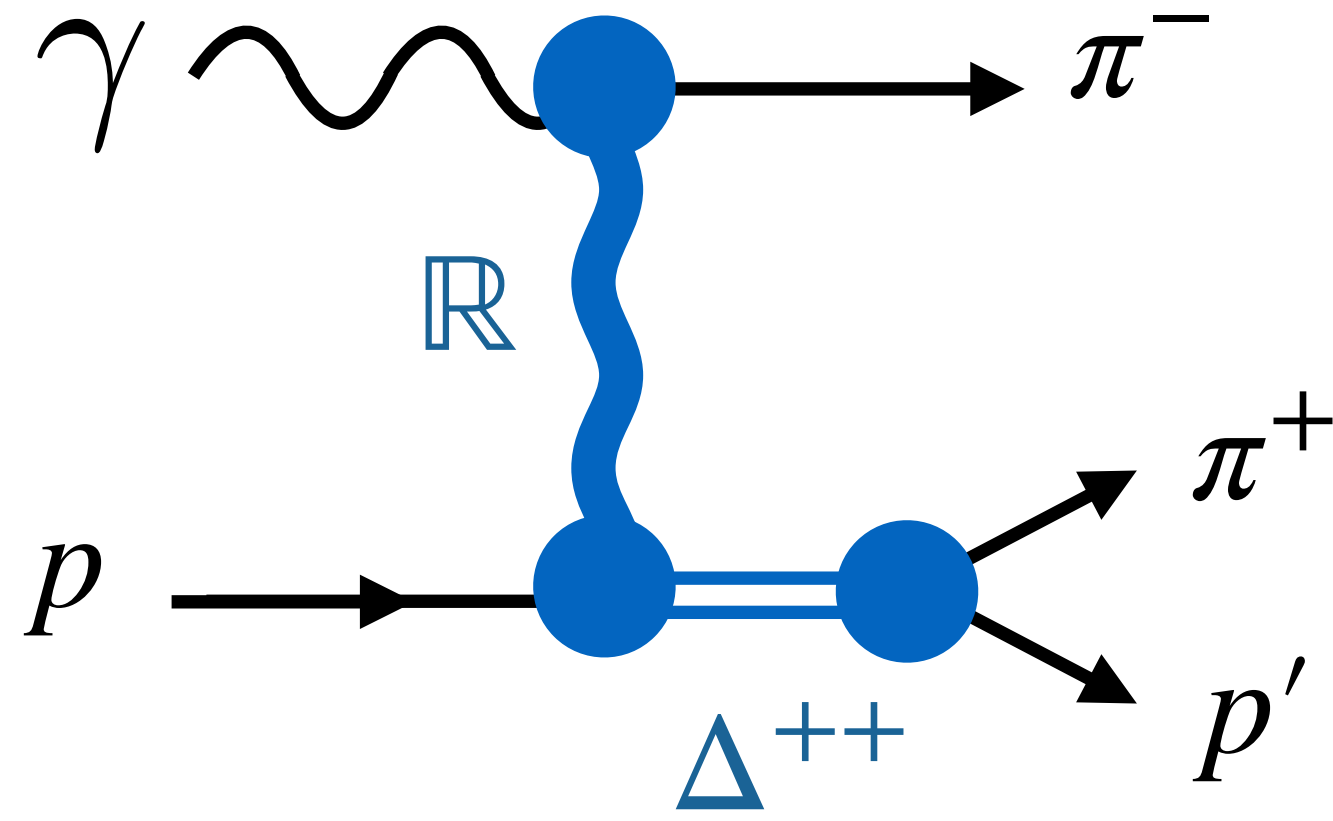
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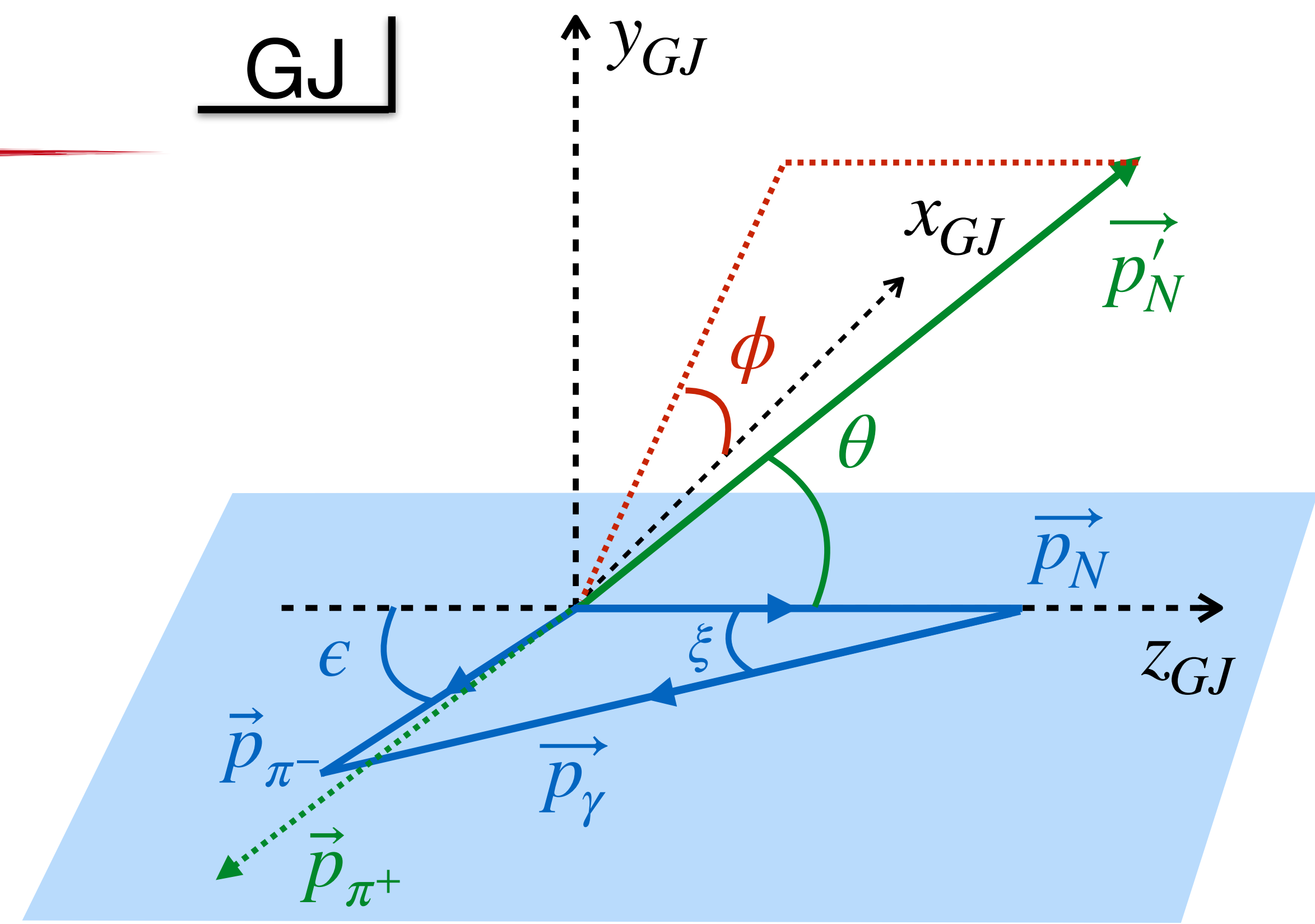
$$\Sigma = \frac{\sigma_{\perp} - \sigma_{\parallel}}{\sigma_{\perp} + \sigma_{\parallel}}$$

Σ and σ do not depend on the z-axis orientation

Gottfried-Jackson Frame



The z-axis is aligned with the target



$$\begin{aligned}
 W(\theta, \phi, \Phi) = & \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{d\sigma}{dt} \frac{3}{4\pi} \left\{ \rho_{33}^0 \sin^2 \theta + \rho_{11}^0 \left(\frac{1}{3} + \cos^2 \theta \right) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \text{Re} \rho_{31}^0 \sin 2\theta \cos \phi - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \text{Re} \rho_{3-1}^0 \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi \right. \\
 & - P_\gamma \cos 2\Phi \left[\rho_{33}^1 \sin^2 \theta + \rho_{11}^1 \left(\frac{1}{3} + \cos^2 \theta \right) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \text{Re} \rho_{31}^1 \sin 2\theta \cos \phi - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \text{Re} \rho_{3-1}^1 \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi \right] \\
 & \left. - P_\gamma \sin 2\Phi \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \left[\text{Im} \rho_{31}^2 \sin 2\theta \sin \phi + \text{Im} \rho_{3-1}^2 \sin^2 \theta \sin 2\phi \right] \right\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Amplitudes and SDME

Amplitudes N_σ and U_σ are positive and negative reflectivity with $\sigma = \lambda_p - \lambda_\Delta$

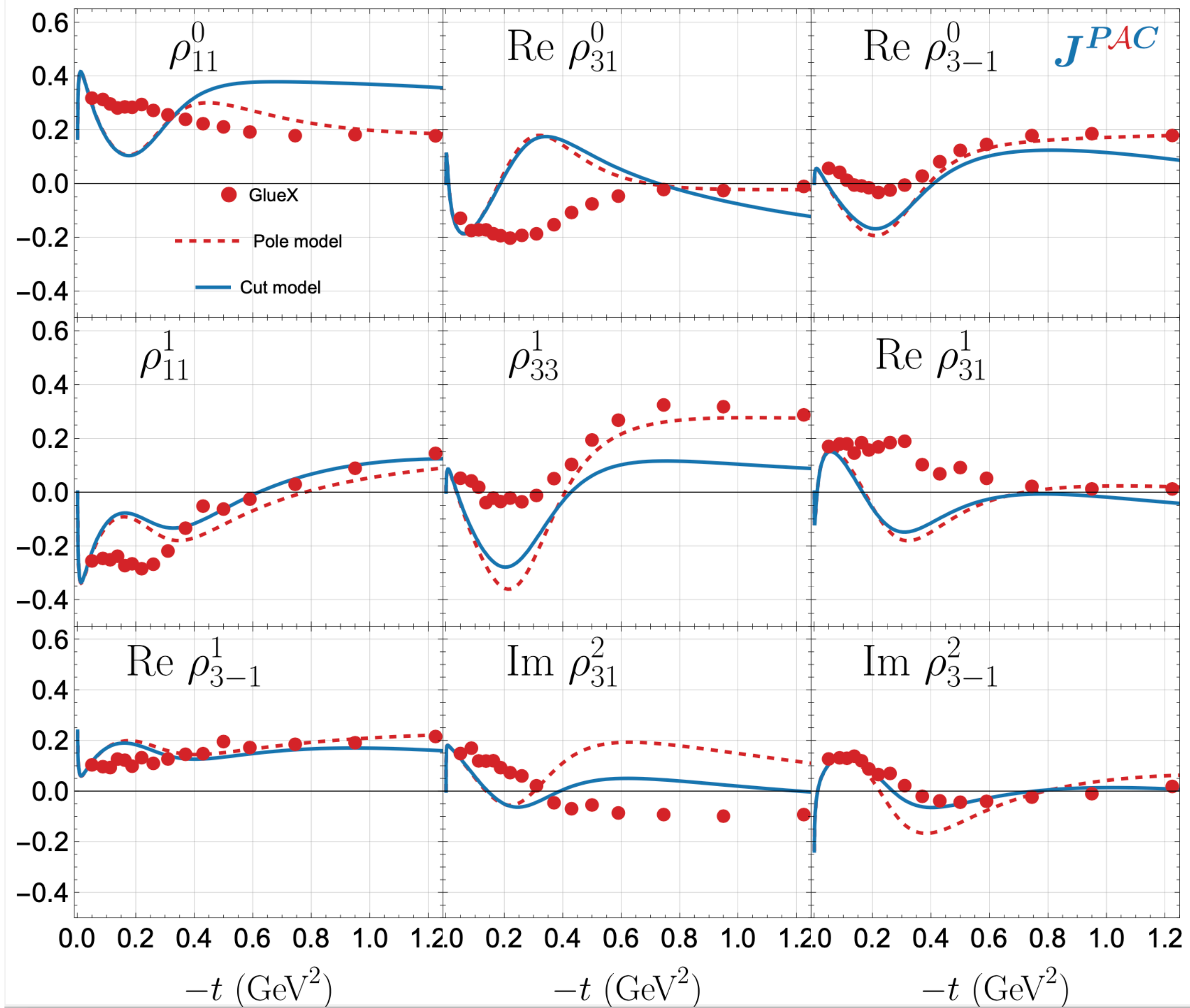
$$\begin{aligned} \rho_{\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}}^0 + \rho_{\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}}^1 &= \frac{2}{N} (|N_0|^2 + |N_1|^2) & \text{Re} \left(\rho_{\frac{3}{2}\frac{1}{2}}^0 + \rho_{\frac{3}{2}\frac{1}{2}}^1 \right) &= \frac{2}{N} \text{Re} (N_{-1}N_0^* - N_1N_2^*) \\ \rho_{\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}}^0 - \rho_{\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}}^1 &= \frac{2}{N} (|U_0|^2 + |U_1|^2) & \text{Re} \left(\rho_{\frac{3}{2}\frac{1}{2}}^0 - \rho_{\frac{3}{2}\frac{1}{2}}^1 \right) &= \frac{2}{N} \text{Re} (U_{-1}U_0^* - U_1U_2^*) \\ \rho_{\frac{3}{2}\frac{3}{2}}^0 + \rho_{\frac{3}{2}\frac{3}{2}}^1 &= \frac{2}{N} (|N_{-1}|^2 + |N_2|^2) & \text{Re} \left(\rho_{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}^0 + \rho_{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}^1 \right) &= \frac{2}{N} \text{Re} (N_0N_2^* + N_1N_{-1}^*) \\ \rho_{\frac{3}{2}\frac{3}{2}}^0 - \rho_{\frac{3}{2}\frac{3}{2}}^1 &= \frac{2}{N} (|U_{-1}|^2 + |U_2|^2) & \text{Re} \left(\rho_{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}^0 - \rho_{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}^1 \right) &= \frac{2}{N} \text{Re} (U_0U_2^* + U_1U_{-1}^*) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Im} \rho_{\frac{3}{2}\frac{1}{2}}^2 &= \frac{2}{N} \text{Im} (N_1U_2^* + N_0U_{-1}^* - N_{-1}U_0^* - N_2U_1^*) \\ \text{Im} \rho_{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}^2 &= \frac{2}{N} \text{Im} (N_1U_{-1}^* - N_0U_2^* - N_{-1}U_1^* + N_2U_0^*) \\ N &= 2 (|N_{-1}|^2 + |N_0|^2 + |N_1|^2 + |N_2|^2 + |U_{-1}|^2 + |U_0|^2 + |U_1|^2 + |U_2|^2) \end{aligned}$$

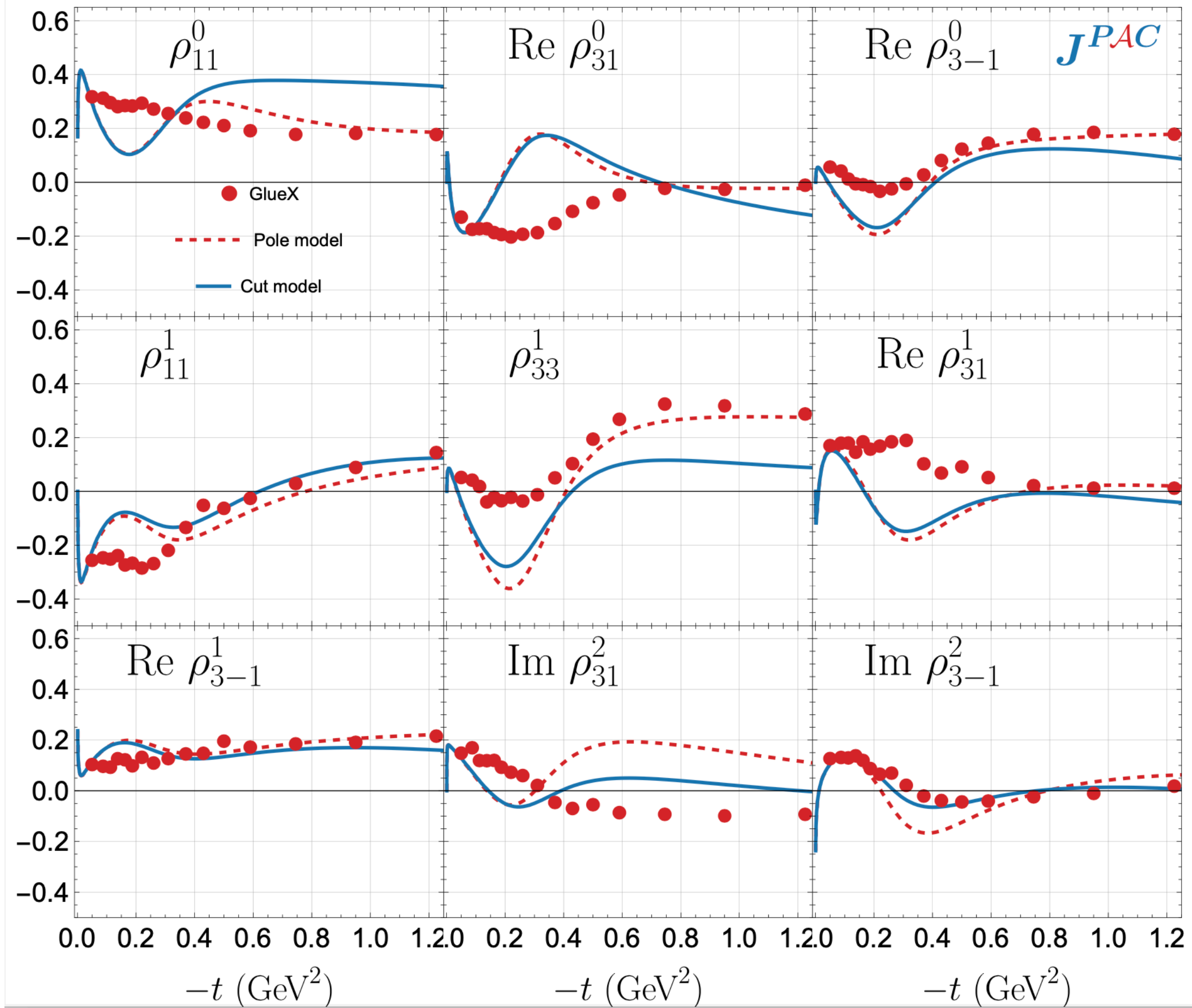
There are 8 complex amplitudes and 10 (= 9 sdme + 1 x-section) real observables

SDME @GlueX in the GJ frame

Dashed and solid lines are two versions of the model

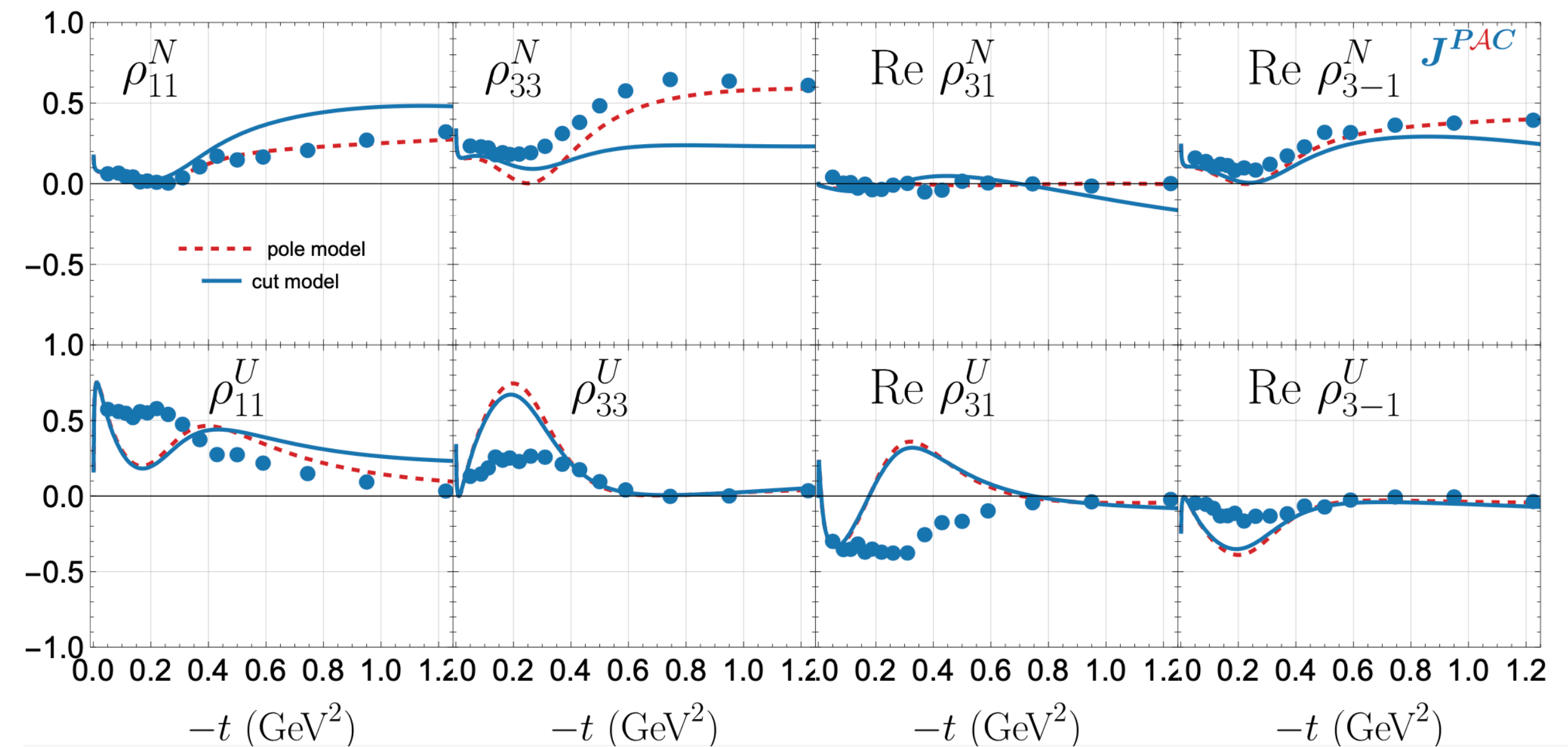


SDME @GlueX in the GJ frame

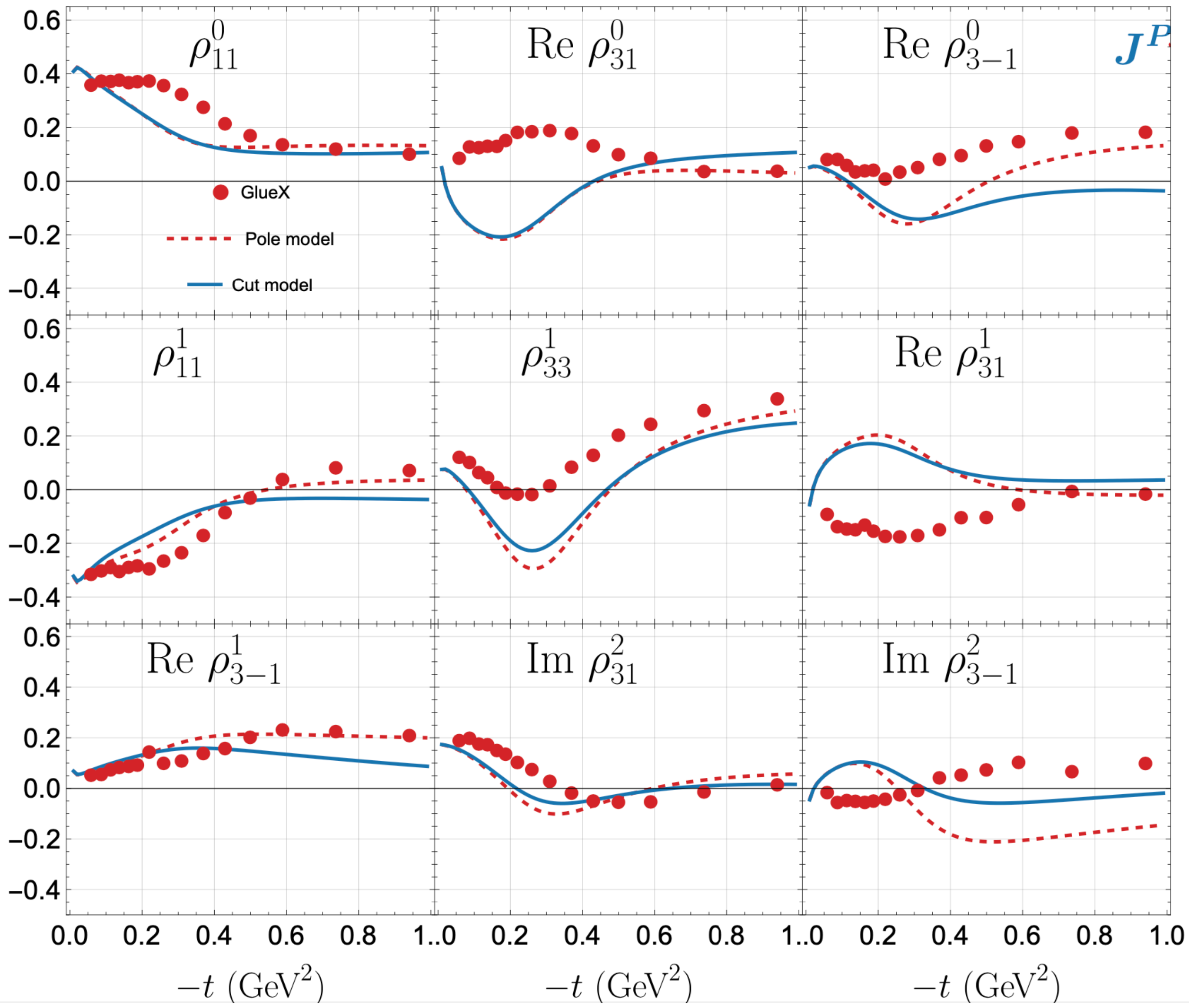


Dashed and solid lines are two versions of the model

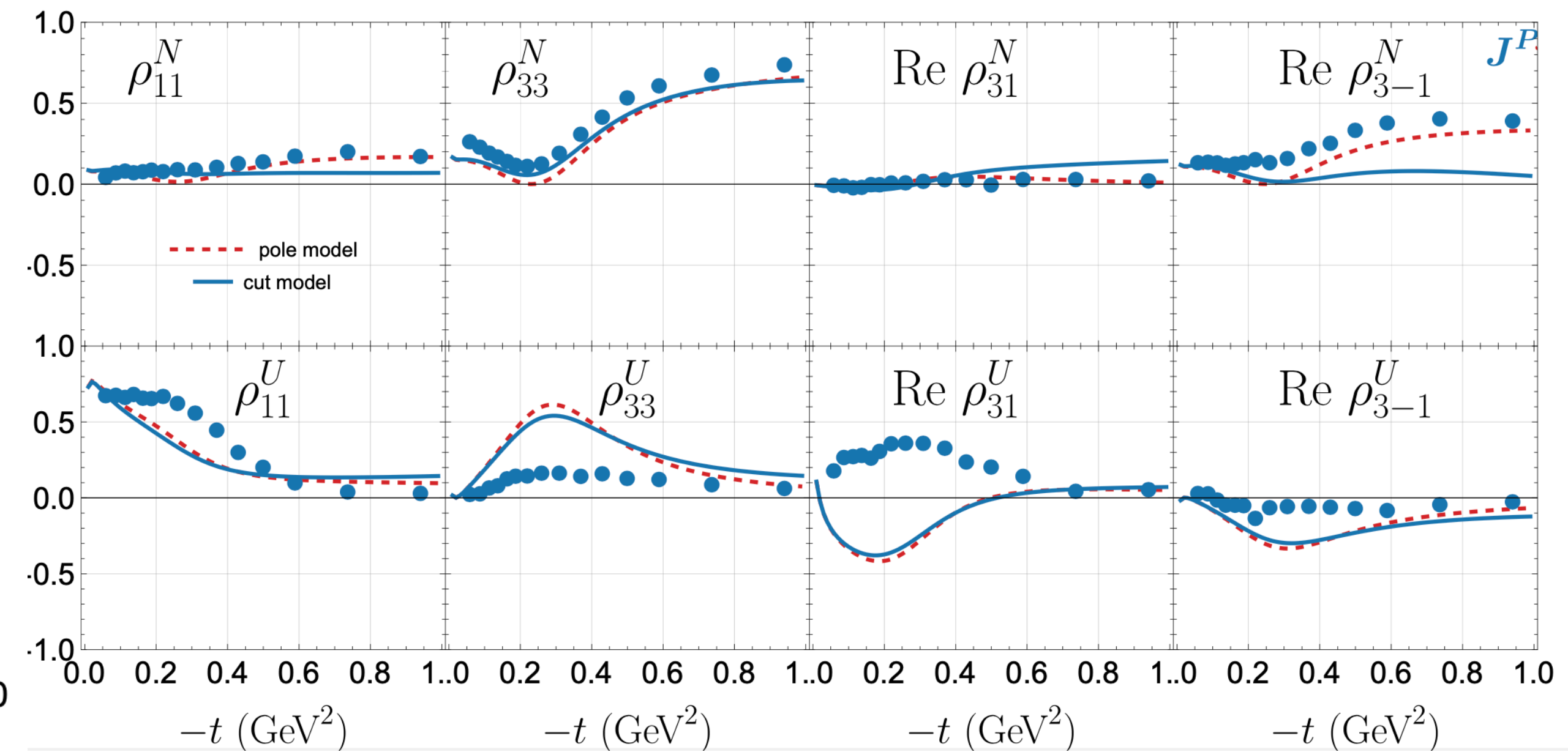
Good agreement for the positive reflectivity components



SDME @GlueX in the Helicity frame

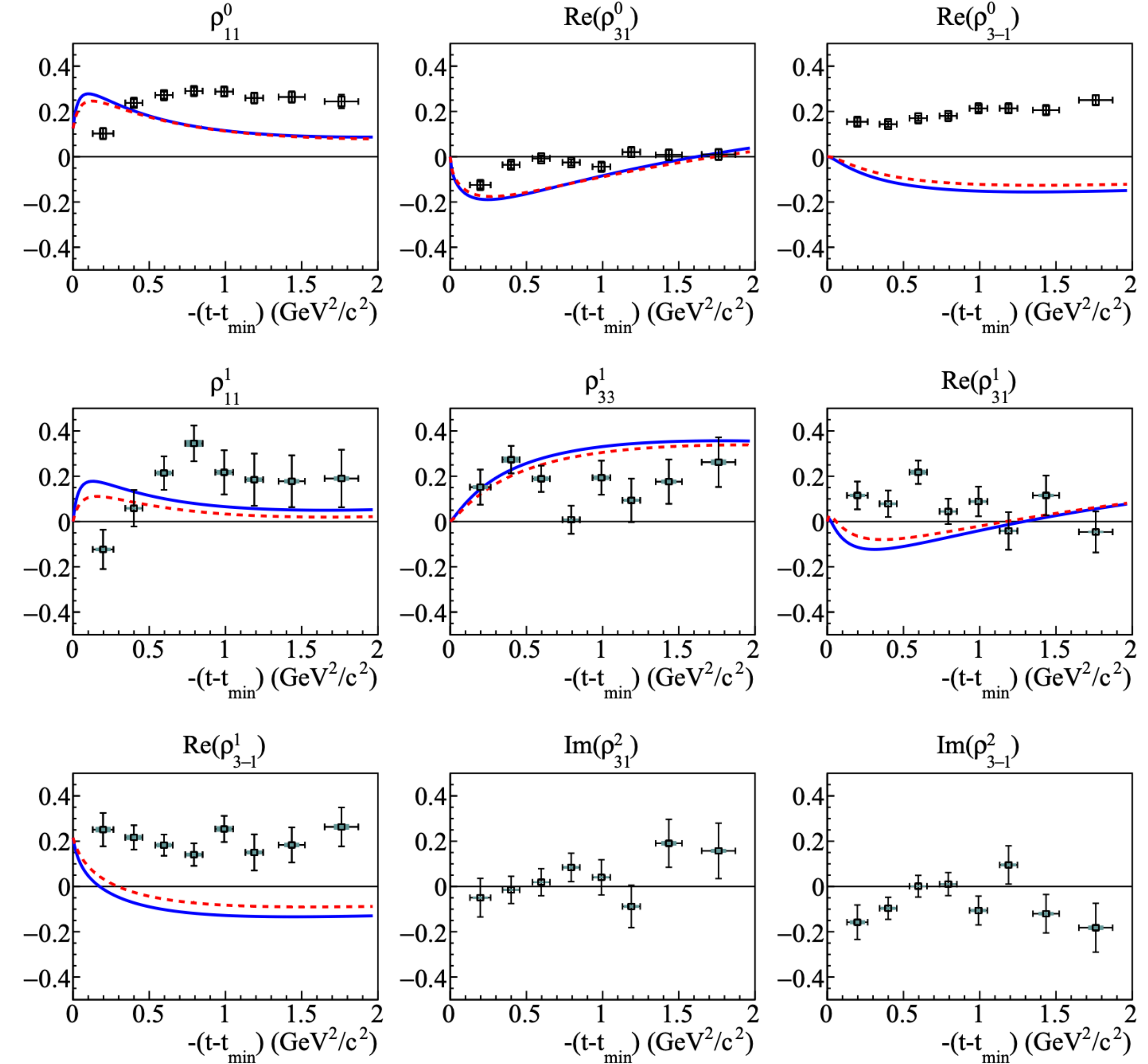
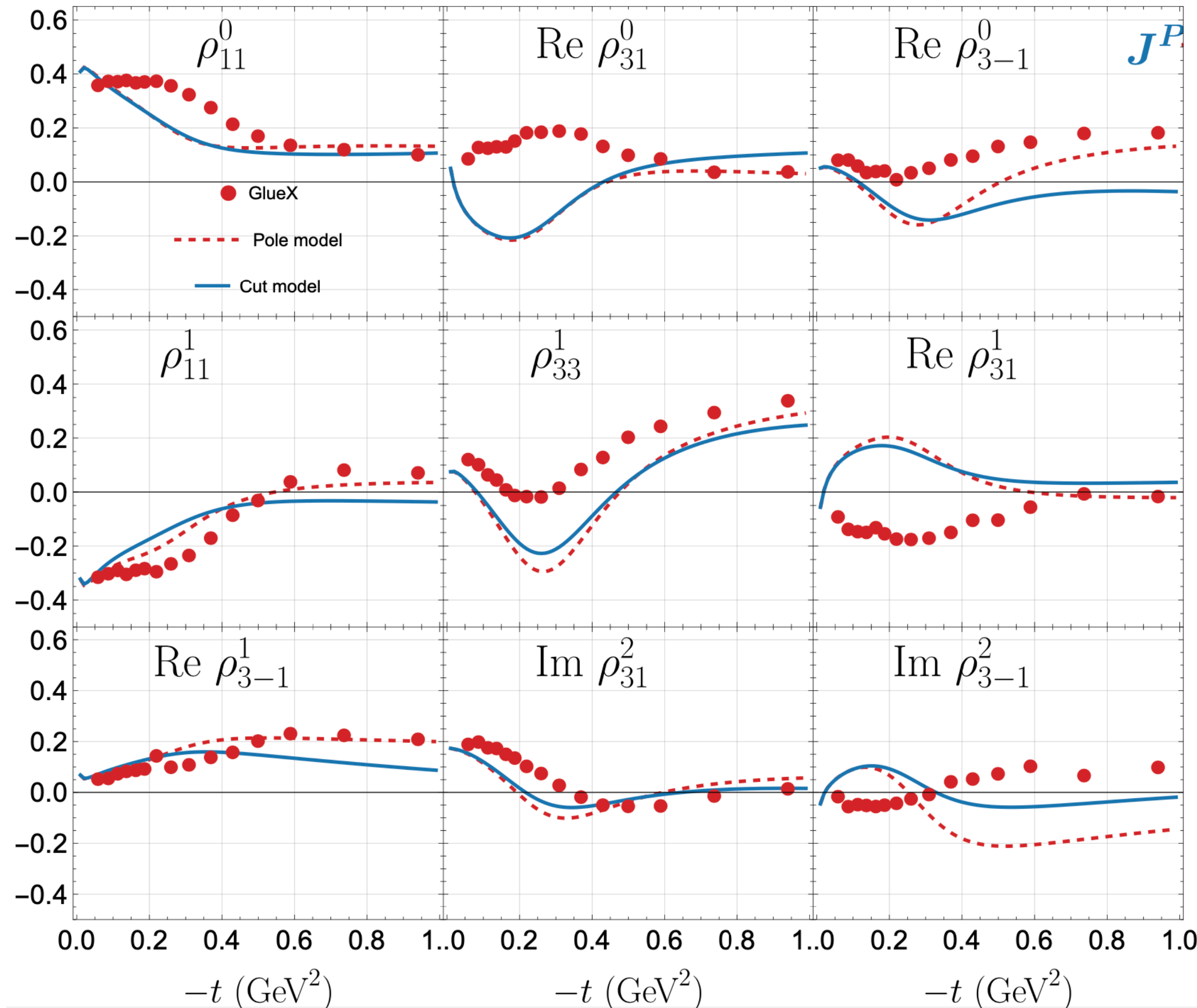


Good agreement for the positive reflectivity components



$\Lambda(1520)$ SDME @GlueX in the GJ frame

$$E_\gamma = 8.2 - 8.8 \text{ GeV}$$

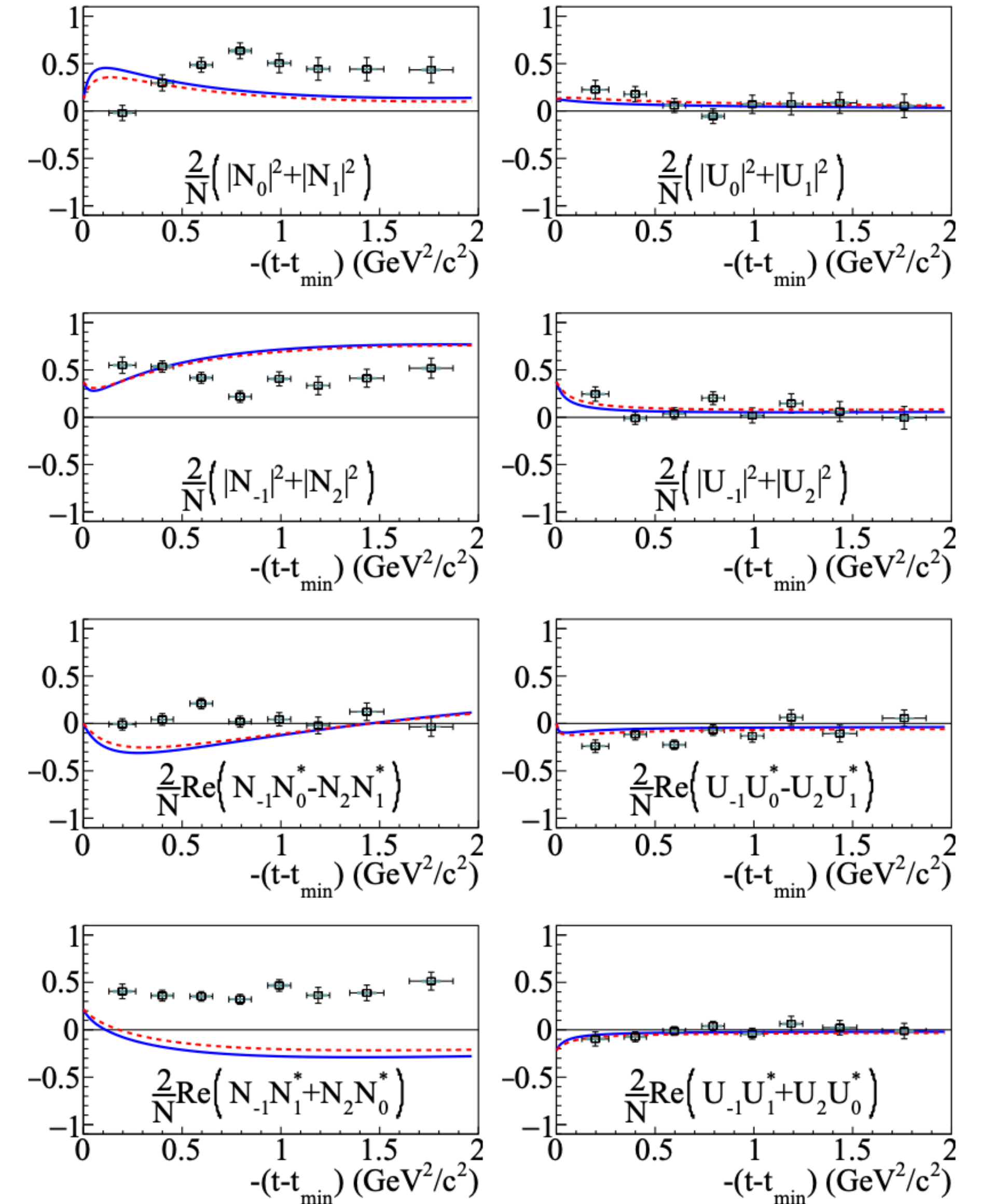
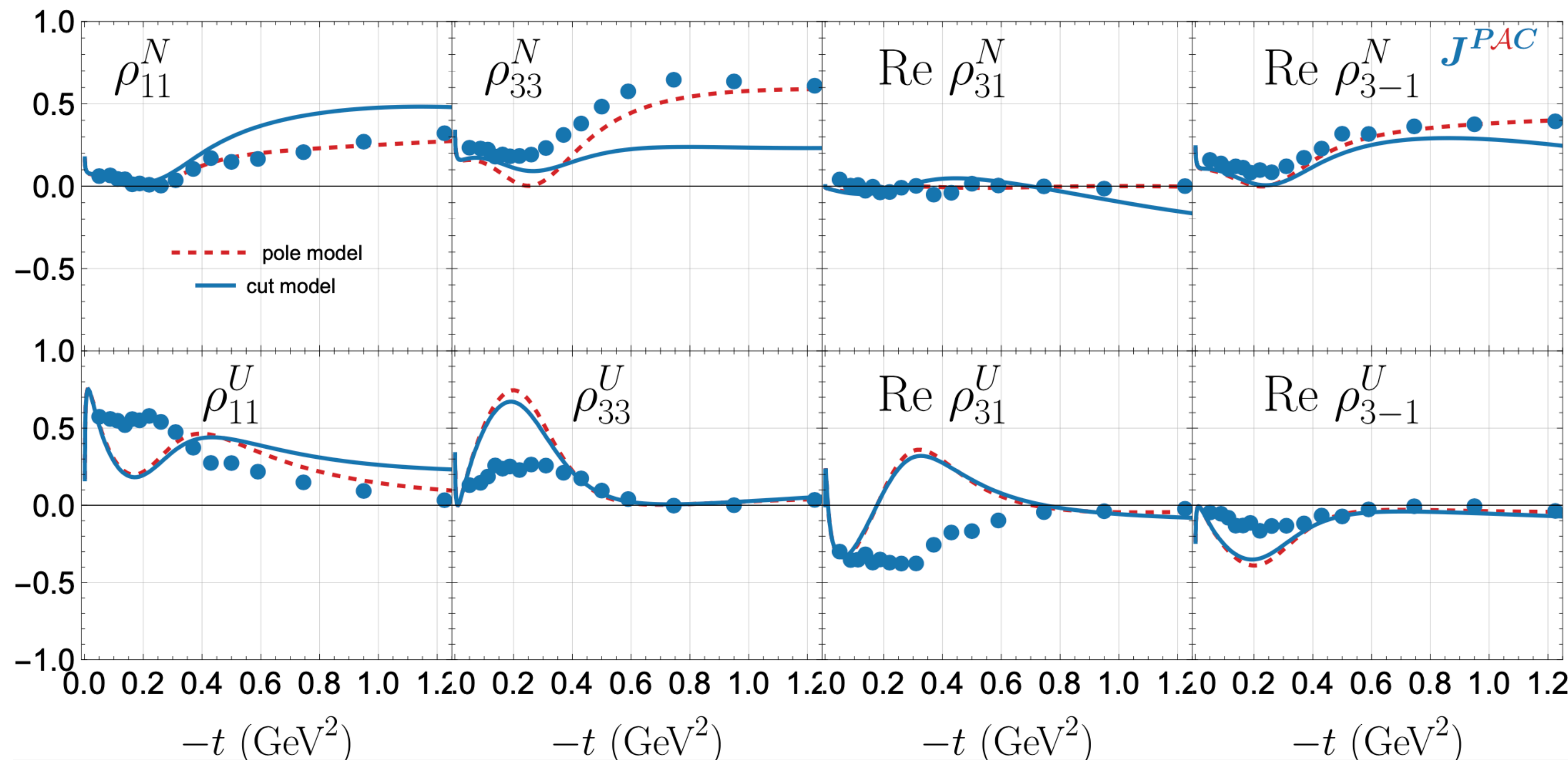


$\Lambda(1520)$ SDME @GlueX in the GJ frame

$\Lambda(1520)$

Split between positive and negative reflectivity components

Δ^{++}



$E_\gamma = 8.2 - 8.8 \text{ GeV}$
