

ALICE Overview

Jacek Otwinowski (IFJ PAN, Krakow)
(on behalf of the ALICE Collaboration)

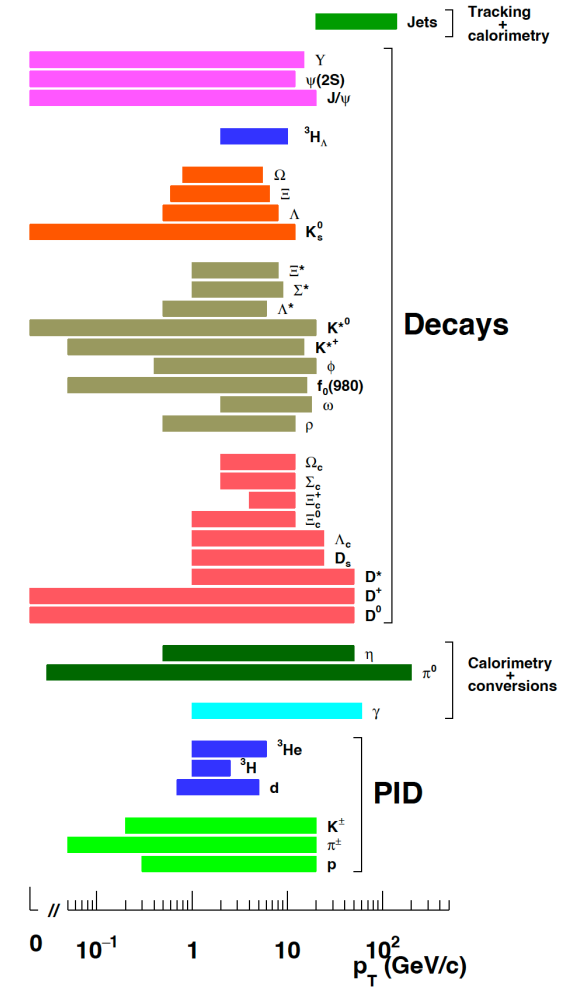
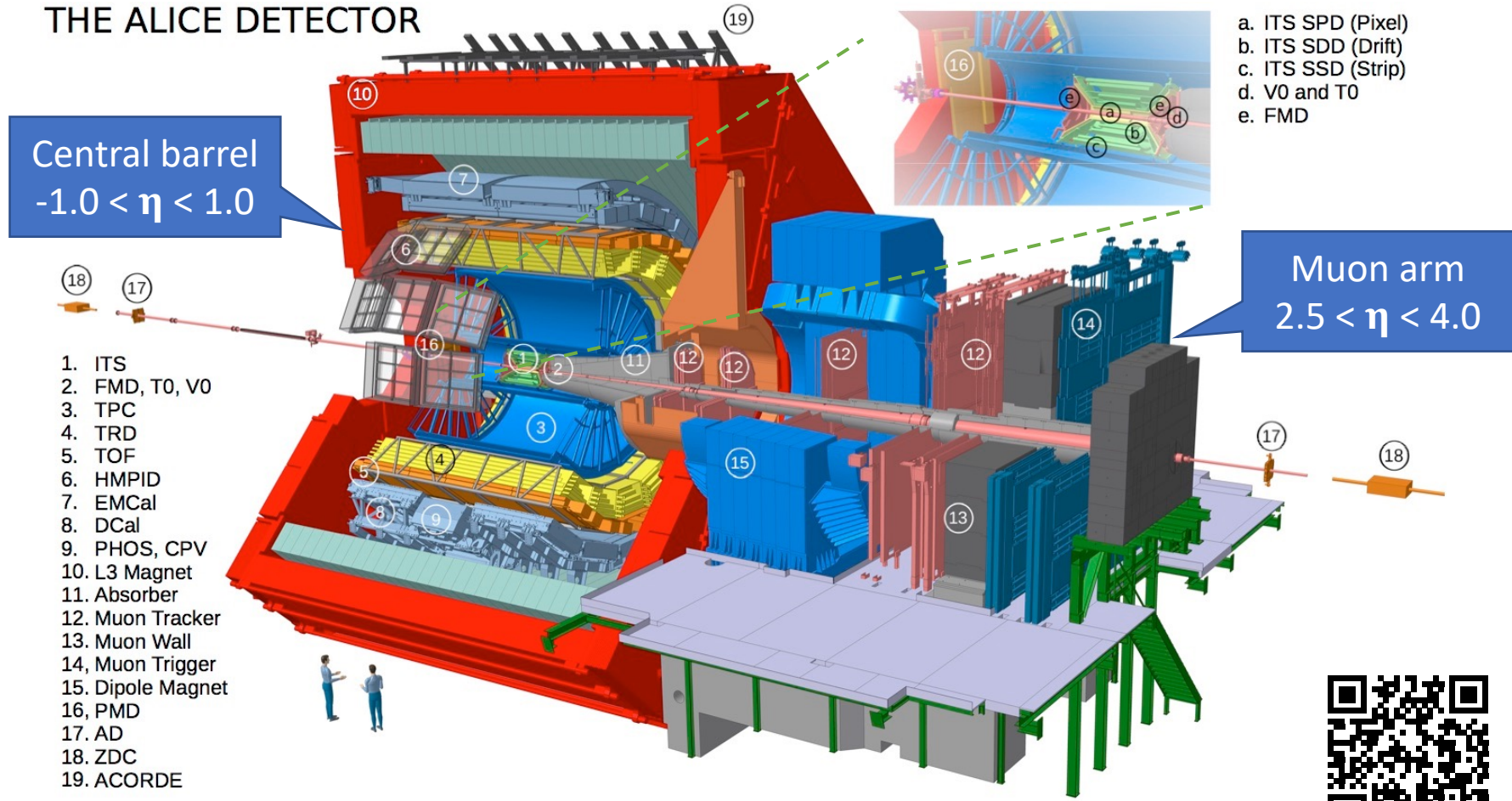


**LA THUILE 2024 - Les Rencontres de Physique
de la Vallée d'Aoste**

A Large Ion Collider Experiment (ALICE)

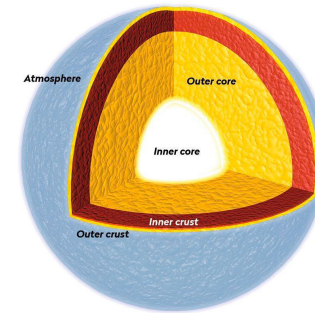
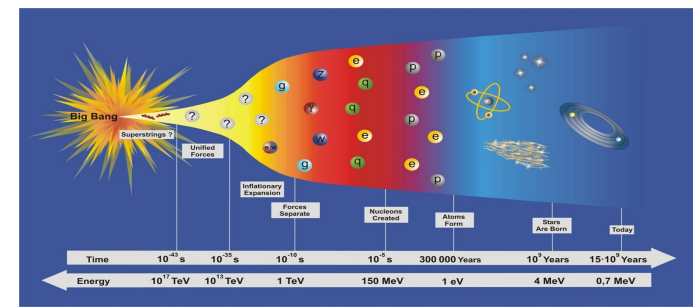
Excellent particle identification and good tracking in the broad momentum range!

THE ALICE DETECTOR



ALICE Purpose

- ❑ Properties of QCD matter at extreme conditions
- ❑ Characterization of Quark-Gluon Plasma (QGP)
 - N. Cabibbo & G. Parisi. Phys. Lett. B59 (1975) 67
 - J. C. Collins and M. J. Perry. Phys. Rev. Lett. 34 (1975) 1353
- ❑ Influence of initial- and final-state effects on particle production



“Quark Stars”

D. D. Ivanenko & D. F. Kurdgelaidze
Astrofizika (1965) 479

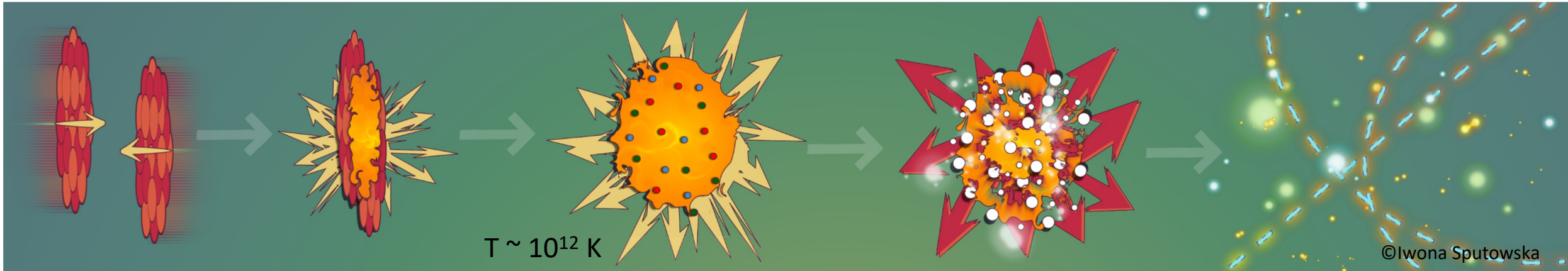
Initial PDFs

Little Big Bang

Quark-Gluon Plasma

Collective expansion

Freeze-out



$T \sim 10^{12} \text{ K}$

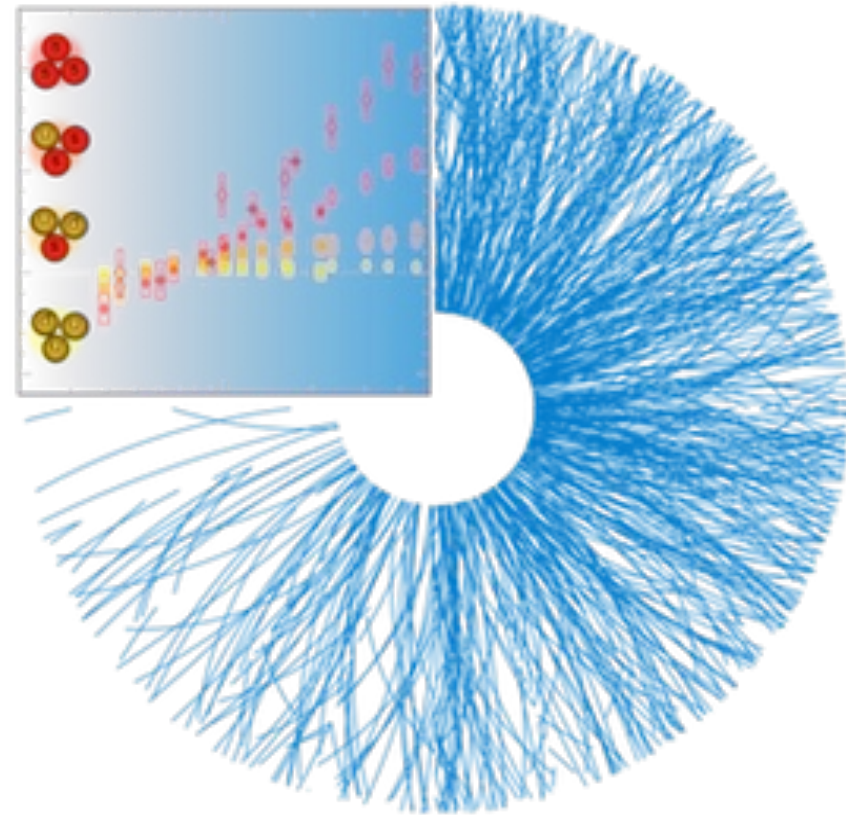
©Iwona Sputowska

Time

Measurements in A-A and reference p-p and p-A collisions!

Outline

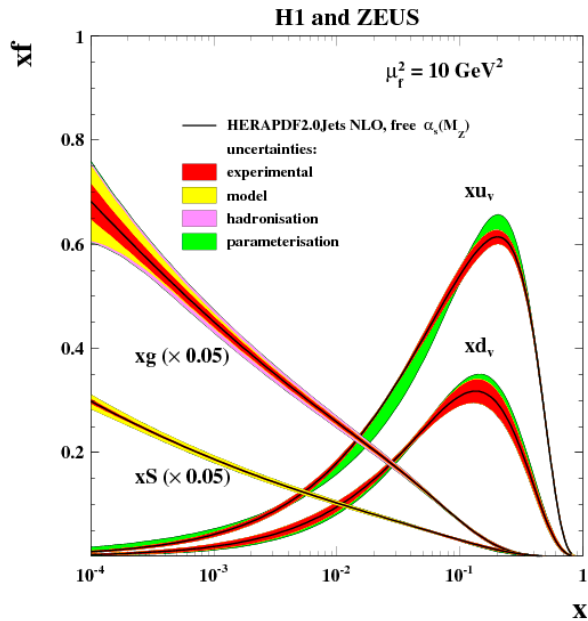
- ❑ Recent ALICE results
- ❑ ALICE Run 3 Performance
- ❑ ALICE Upgrades
- ❑ Summary



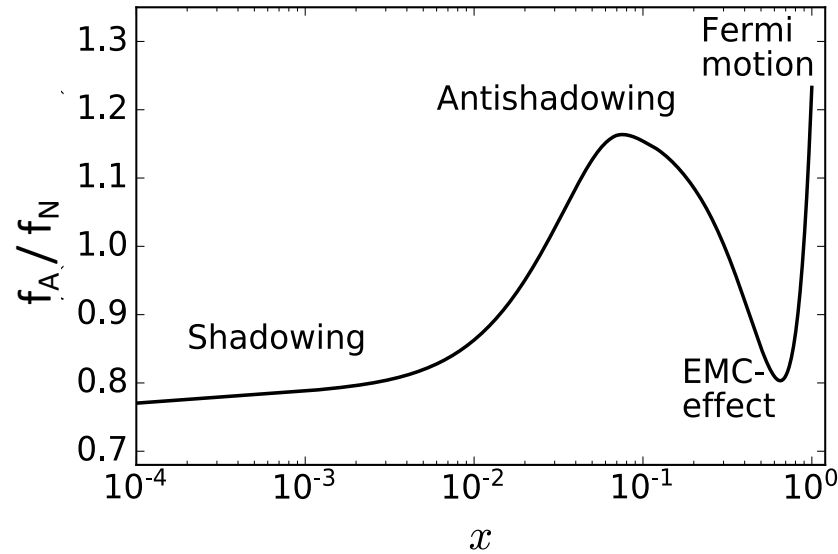
Probing parton distributions

- ❑ Hadron and nuclear PDFs at high energy
- ❑ Shadowing and gluon saturation at small Bjorken-x?
- ❑ Universal state of matter at high energy - Color Glass Condensate (CGC)?

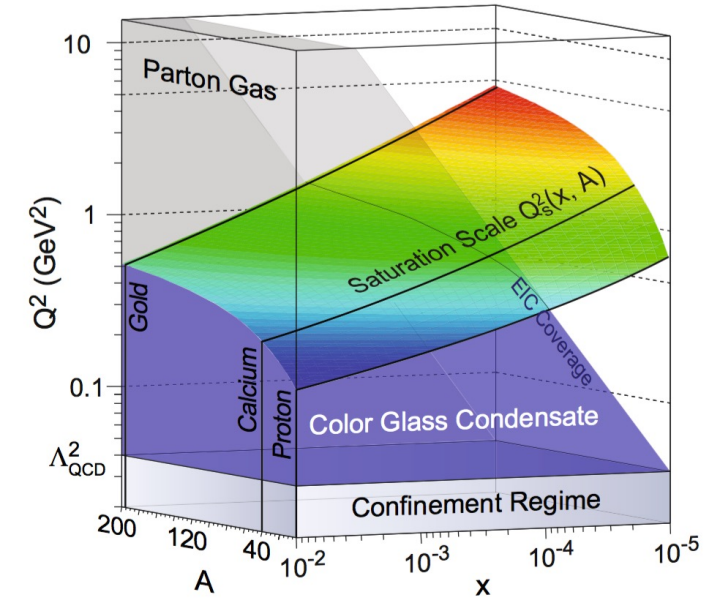
L. McLerran, R. Venugopalan, Phys. Rev. D 49 (1994) 2233



H1 and Zeus, EPCJ 75 (2015) 580



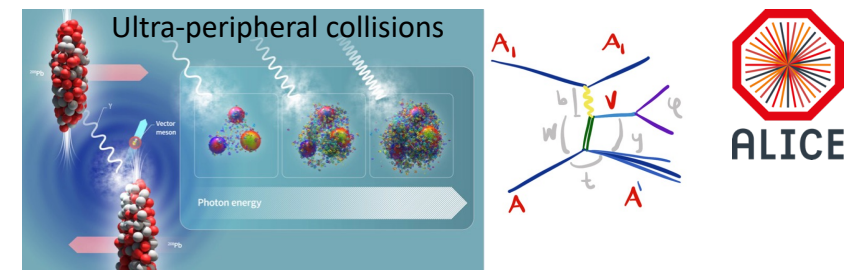
EMC, J.J. Aubert et al. Phys. Lett B123 (1983) 275



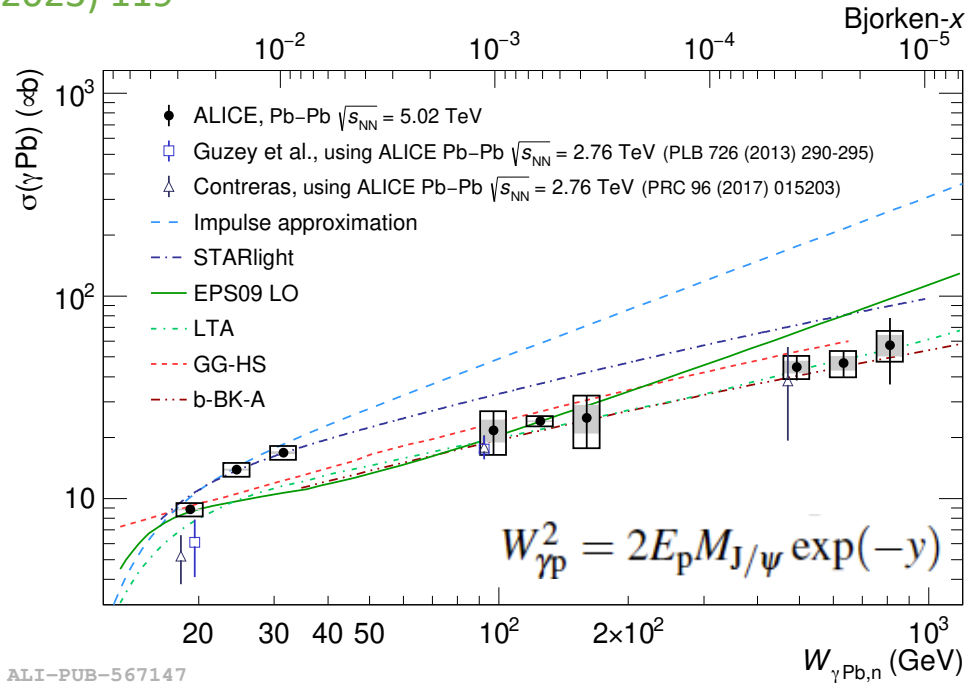
Accardi et al, EPJA 52 (2016) 268

J/ψ photoproduction in Pb-Pb

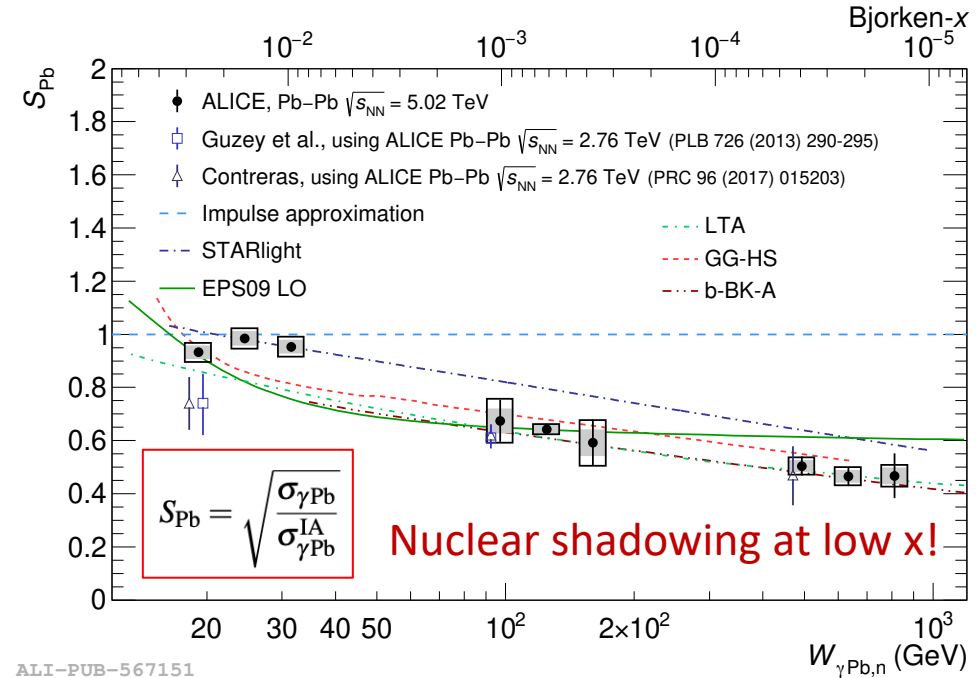
Probing parton distributions – nuclear shadowing and gluon saturation



JHEP 10 (2023) 119



ALI-PUB-567147



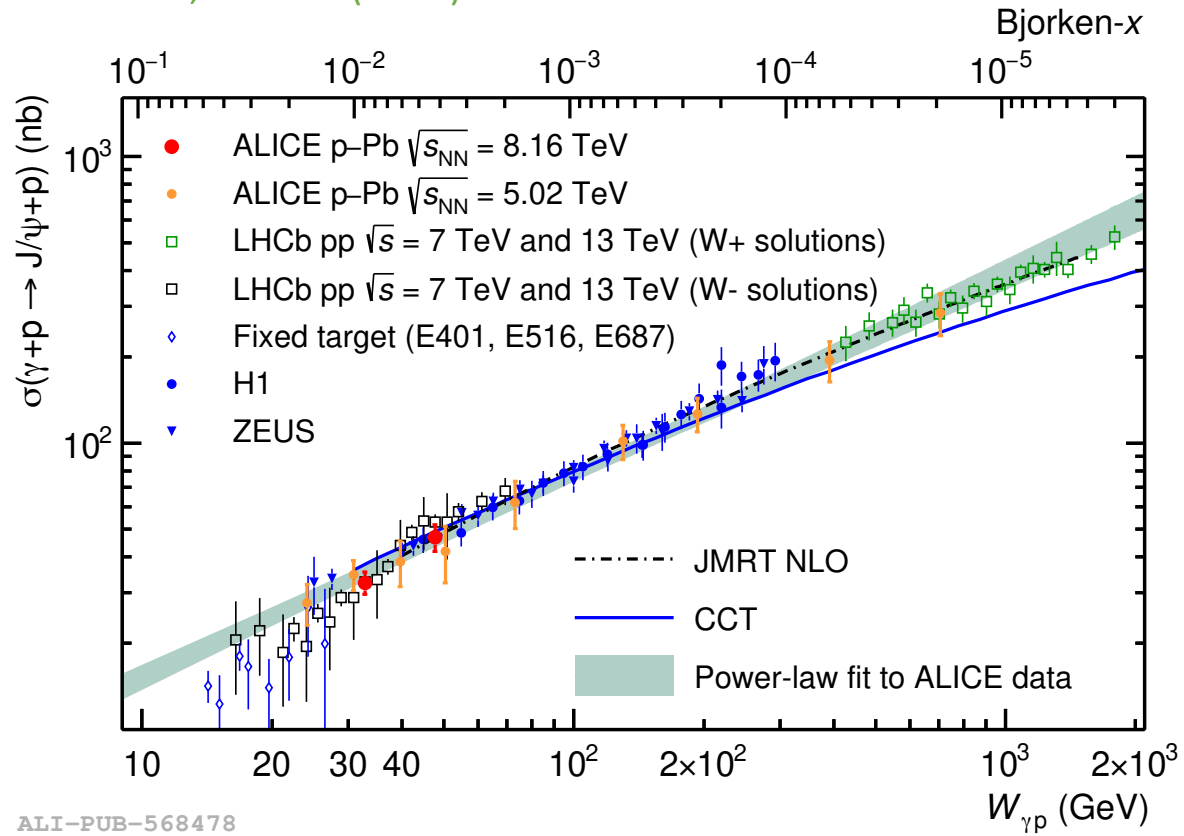
ALI-PUB-567151

- ❑ Impulse approximation (no nuclear effects)
- ❑ EPS09 LO - parametrization of available nuclear shadowing data
- ❑ LTA (leading twist approximation) of nuclear shadowing using Gribov-Glauber theory
- ❑ GG-HS – color dipole model + gluon saturation (hot spot model for hadronic structure)
- ❑ b-BK-A – color dipole approach coupled to Balitsky-Kovchegov equation

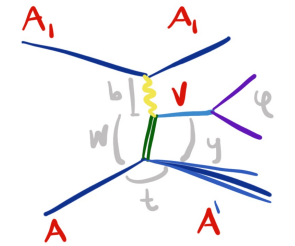
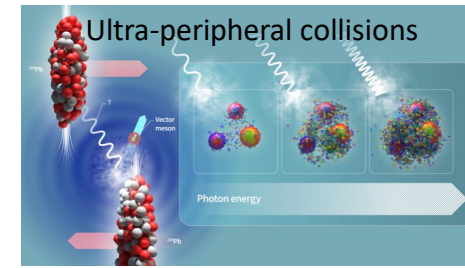
Energy dependence of J/ψ photoproduction

Probing parton distributions – nuclear shadowing and gluon saturation

Phys. Rev. D 108, 112004 (2023)

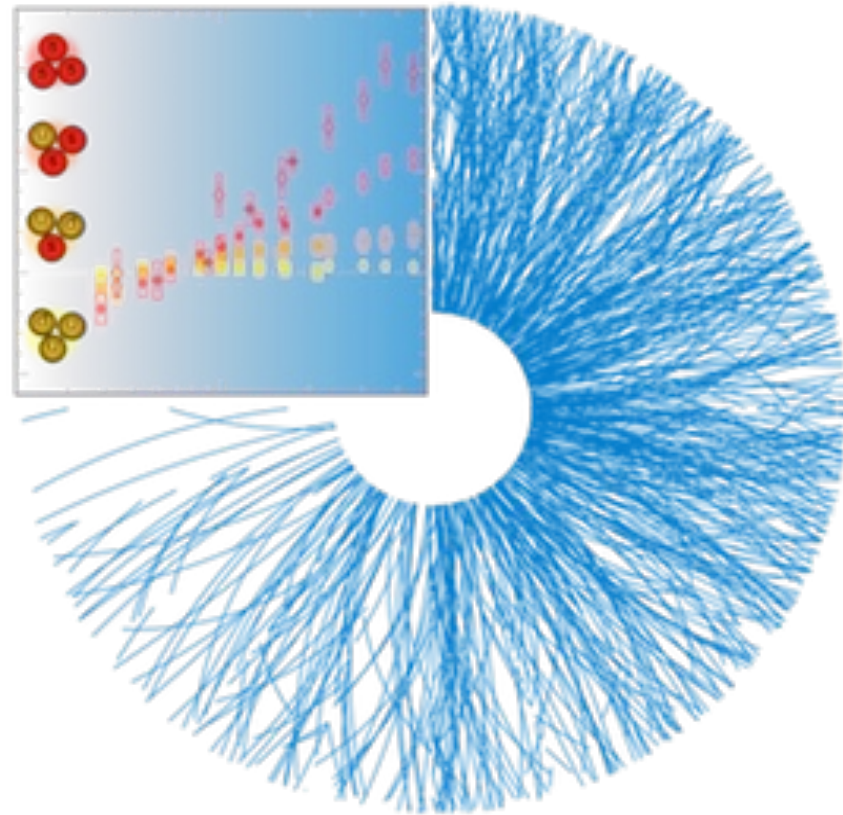


ALI-PUB-568478



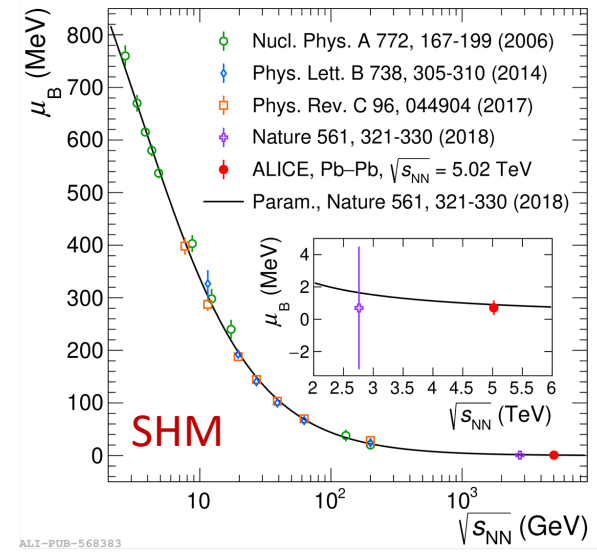
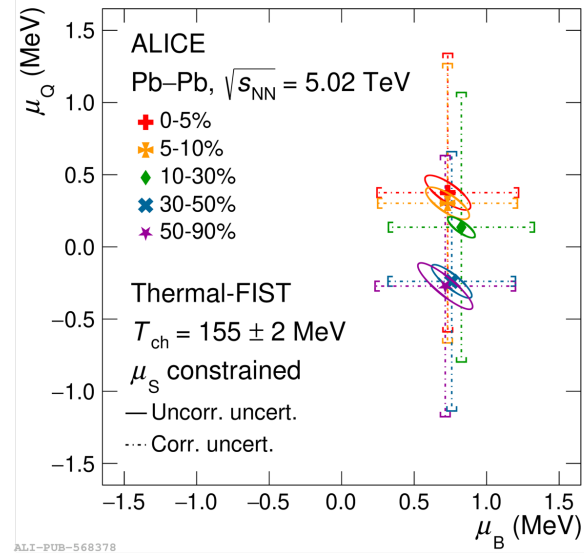
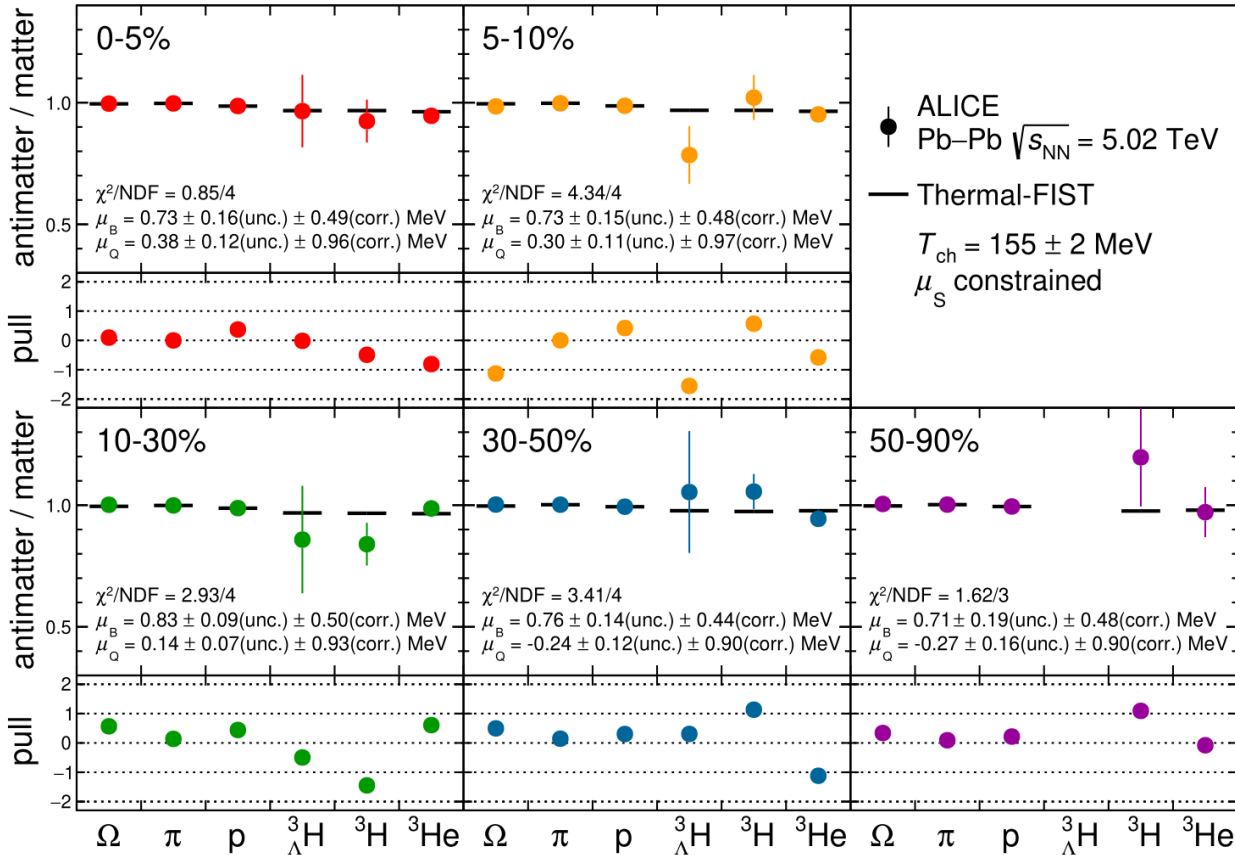
- Power-law dependence of $\sigma(\gamma+p \rightarrow J/\psi+p)$ on $W_{\gamma p}$ (power $\delta = 0.70 \pm 0.04$)
- ALICE results compatible with HERA
- Cepila–Contreras–Takaki (CCT) – color dipol approach + hot spot model for hadronic structure
- Jones–Martin–Ryskin–Teubner (JMRT) – NLO fit of HERA data

Light flavour



Antimatter/matter imbalance at the LHC

arXiv:2311.1333

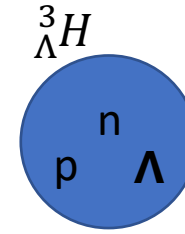
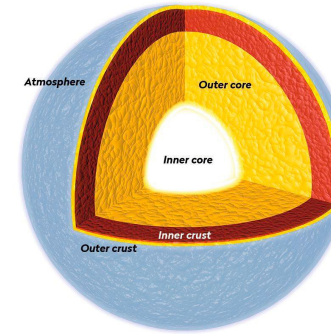


$$\frac{\bar{h}}{h} \propto e^{-2\left(B+\frac{S}{3}\right)\frac{\mu_B}{T} - 2Q\frac{\mu_Q}{T}}$$

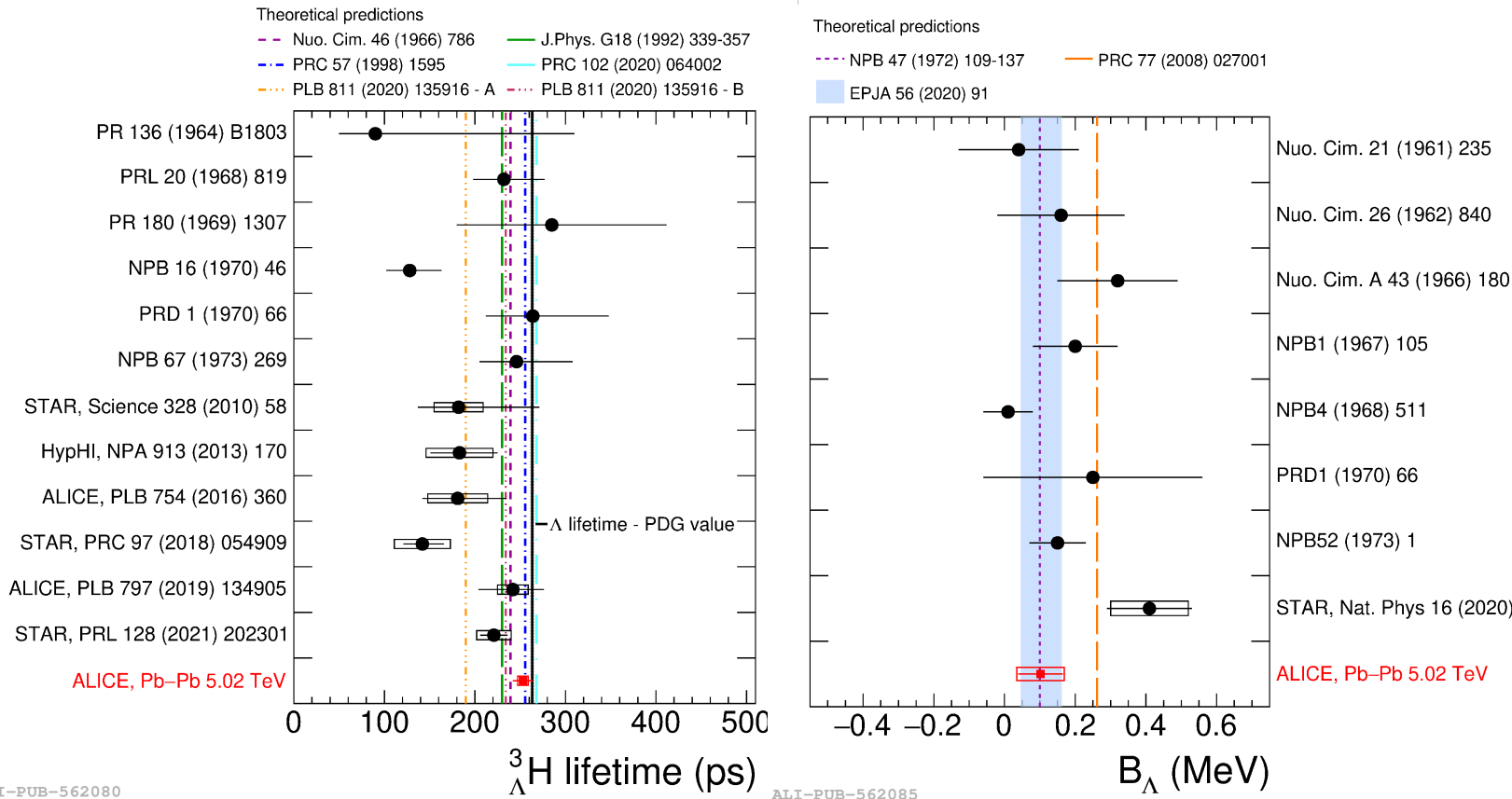
System created in Pb-Pb collisions is baryon-free and electrically neutral at midrapidity

Thermal-Fist, V. Vovchenko et al. Comput. Phys. Commun. 244 (2019) 295
Statistical Hadronization Model (SHM) A. Andronic et al. Nature 561 (2018) 321

(Anti)hypertriton lifetime



Neutron Stars EoS - hyperon "puzzle" ($M_{NS} > 2 M_{\odot}$)



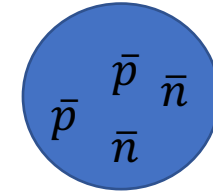
Phys. Rev. Lett. 131 (2023) 102302

$$\tau = 253 \pm 11(\text{stat.}) \pm 6(\text{syst.}) \text{ ps}$$

$$B_{\Lambda} = 72 \pm 63(\text{stat.}) \pm 36(\text{syst.}) \text{ keV}$$

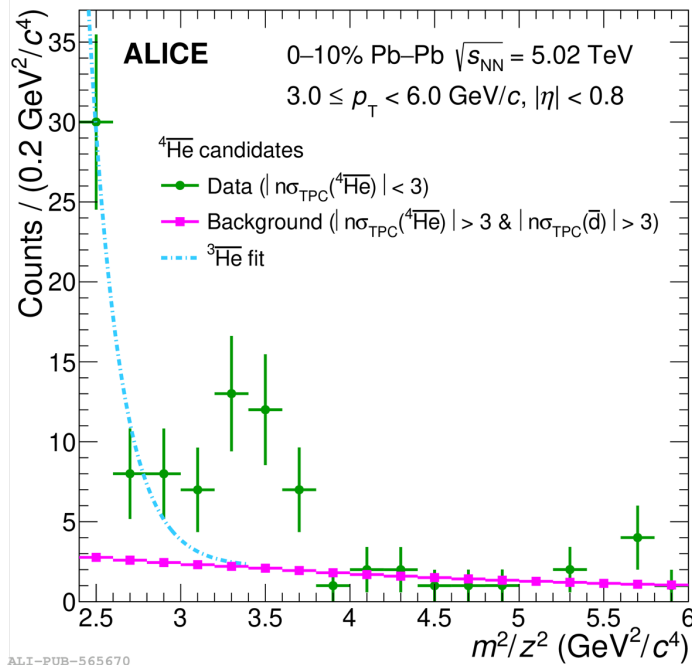
- Most precise measurement of hypertriton lifetime
- Models confirms that hypertriton is a weakly bound state

(Anti)alpha production at the LHC

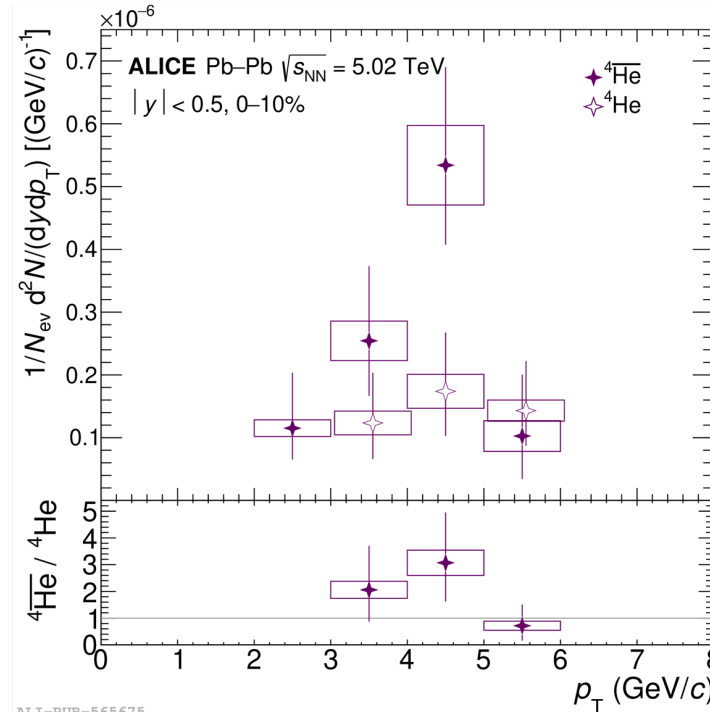


Test particle production mechanism with light nuclei

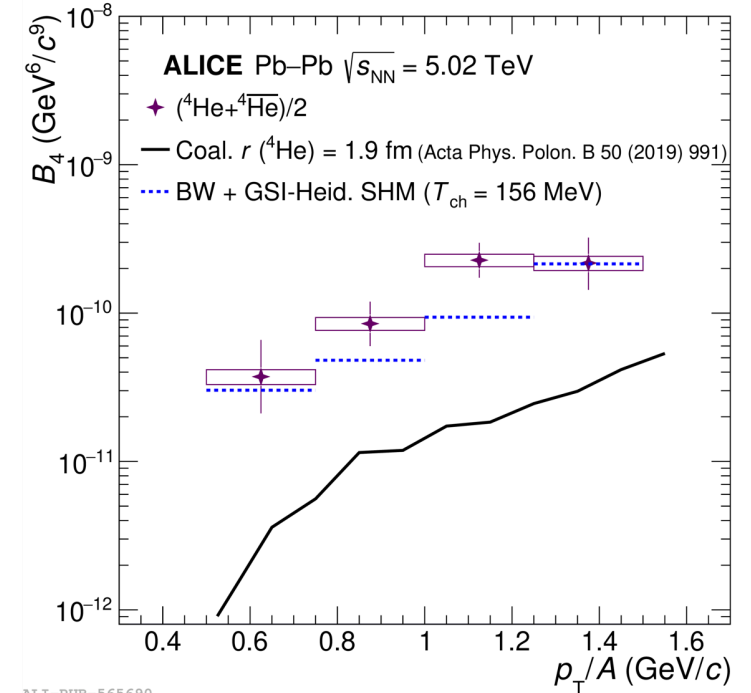
arXiv:2311.11758



ALI-PUB-565670



ALI-PUB-565675



ALI-PUB-565690

- ❑ Anti-alpha p_T differential distributions measured for the first time at the LHC
- ❑ (Anti)alpha production underestimated by the coalescence model (different picture than for the lighter nuclei)

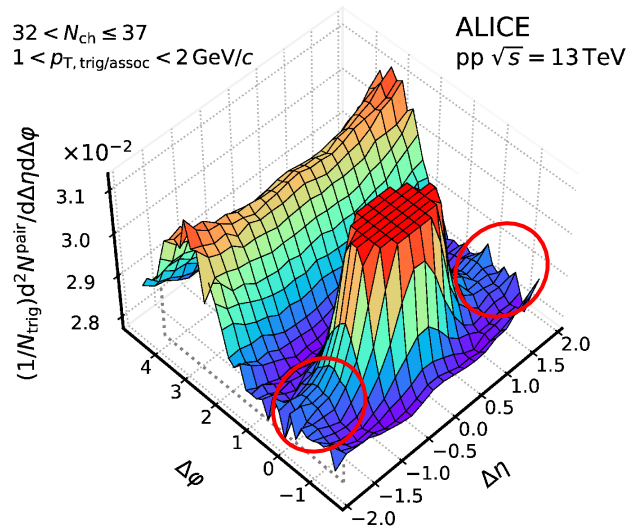
$$B_A = E_A \frac{d^3 N_A}{dp_A^3} \left(E_p \frac{d^3 N_p}{dp_p^3} \right)^{-A}$$

Emergence of long-range angular correlations (“ridge”) in low-multiplicity pp collisions

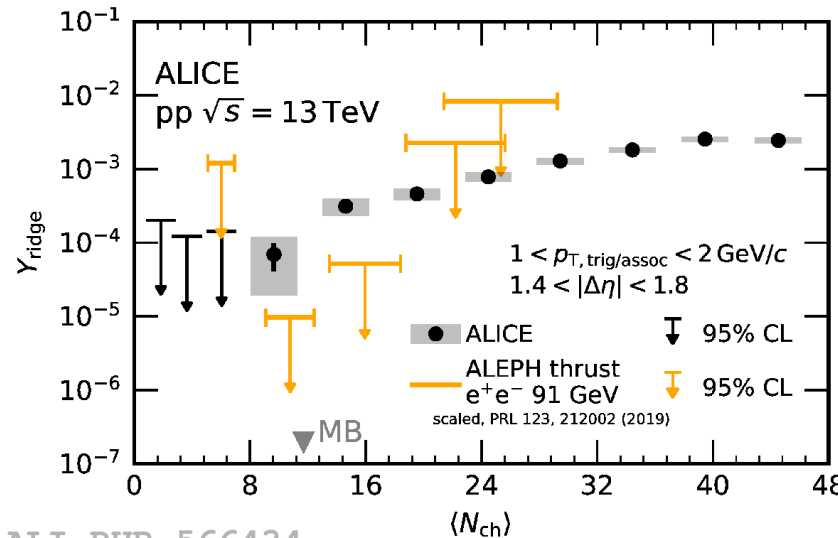


The “ridge” – sign of collective expansion of QGP in Pb-Pb collisions

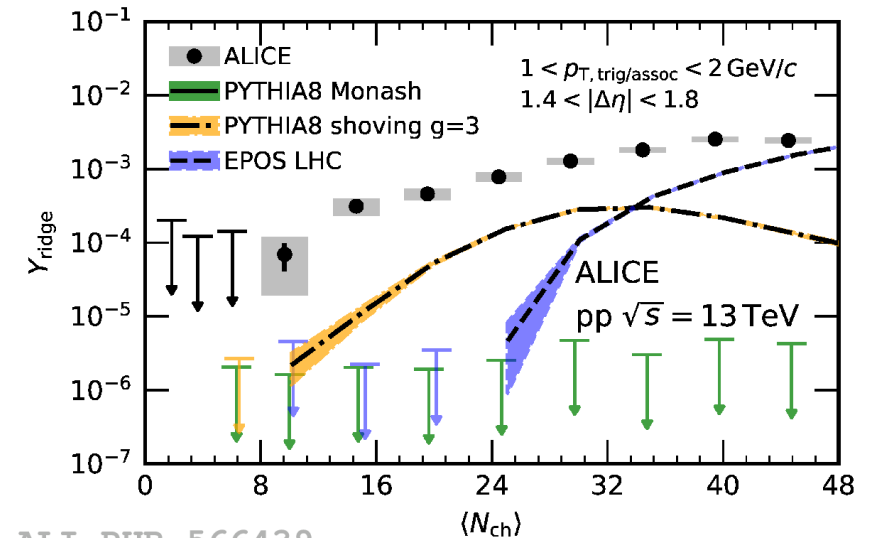
arXiv:2311.14357



ALI-PUB-566419



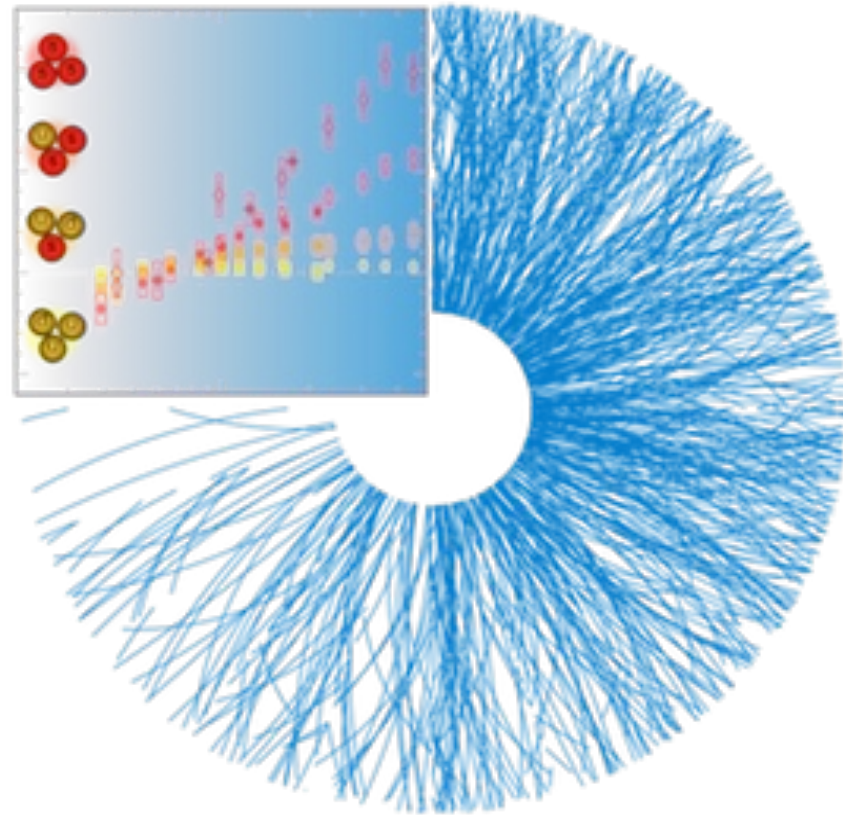
ALI-PUB-566434



ALI-PUB-566439

- ❑ The ridge is also visible in low multiplicity pp collisions
- ❑ Processes involved e^+e^- annihilation (ALEPH) do not contribute to the ridge in pp collisions (also confirmed at higher energy Y-Ch. Chen et al. arXiv:2312.0508)
- ❑ Pythia tunes underestimate the ridge

Heavy flavour



Heavy flavour (hard probes)

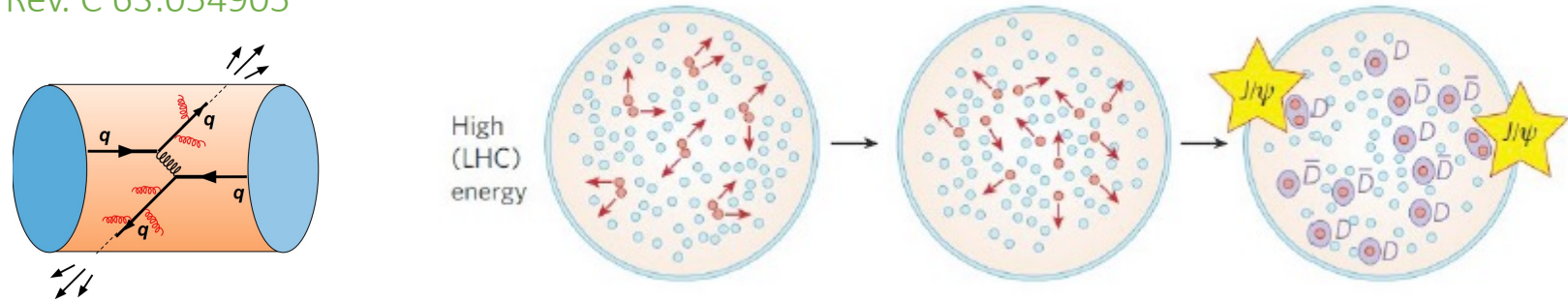
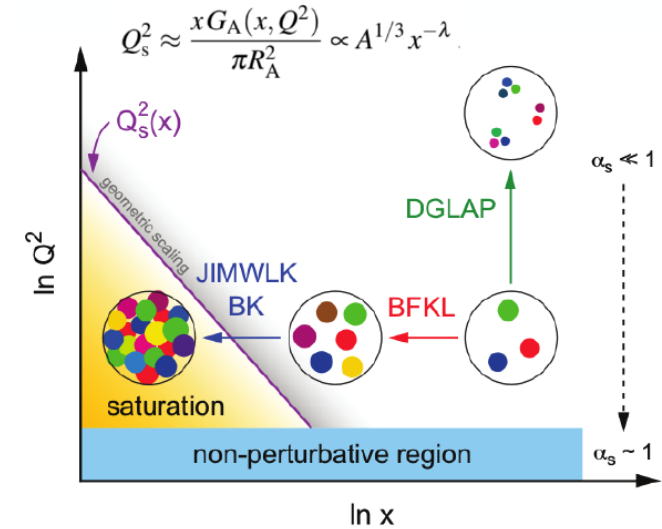
Ideal probes to study initial and final state effects on particle production

Initial state

- ❑ Modification of Parton Distribution Functions
- ❑ Gluon saturation and Color-Glass Condensate (CGC)
 - L. McLerran, R. Venugopalan, *Phys. Rev. D* 49 (1994) 2233

Final state

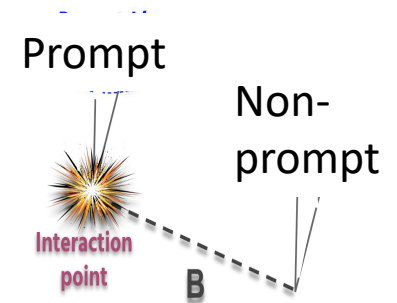
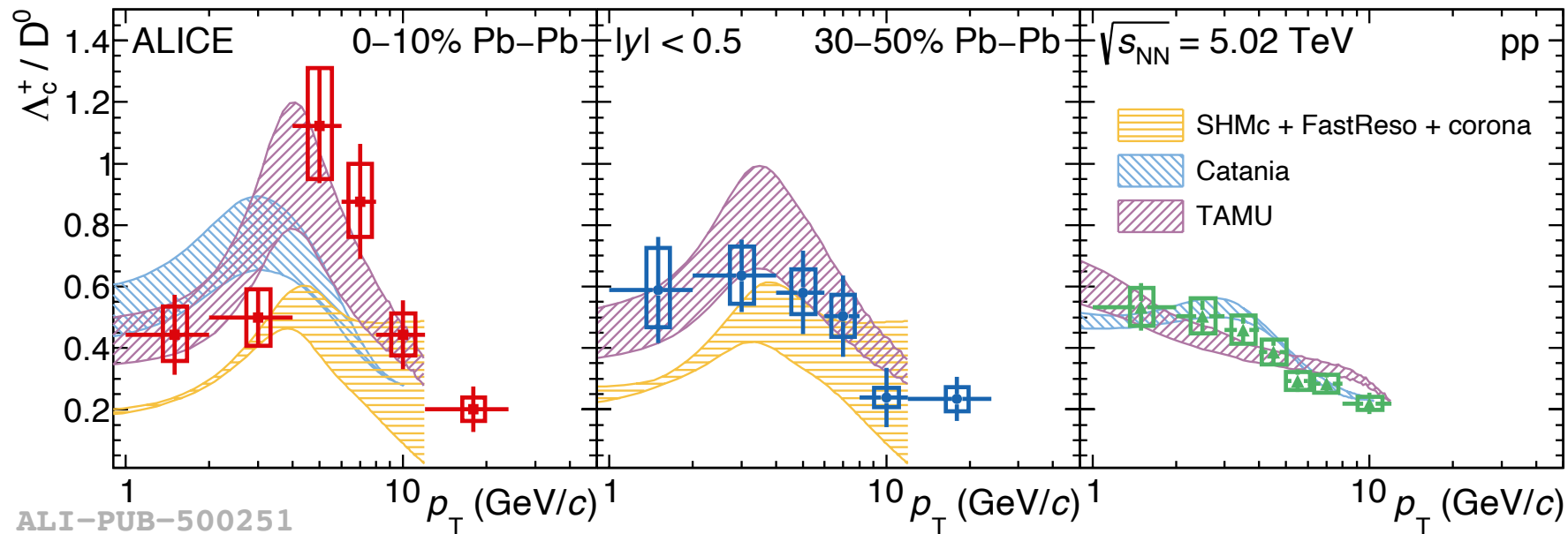
- ❑ Parton energy loss in QGP (collisional/radiative, $\Delta E_g > \Delta E_q > \Delta E_Q$)
 - Yu. L. Dokshitzer et al., *J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys.* 17 (1991) 1602
- ❑ Hadronization mechanisms (fragmentation/recombination)
- ❑ Dissociation of charmonium states in hot medium
 - T. Matsui & H. Satz, *Phys. Lett.* B178 (1986) 416
- ❑ Recombination of charm and anti-charm quarks
 - P. Braun-Munzinger & J Stachel, *Phys.Lett.* B490 (2000) 196
 - R Thews et al., *Phys. Rev. C* 63:054905



Prompt Λ_c baryon production in pp and Pb-Pb

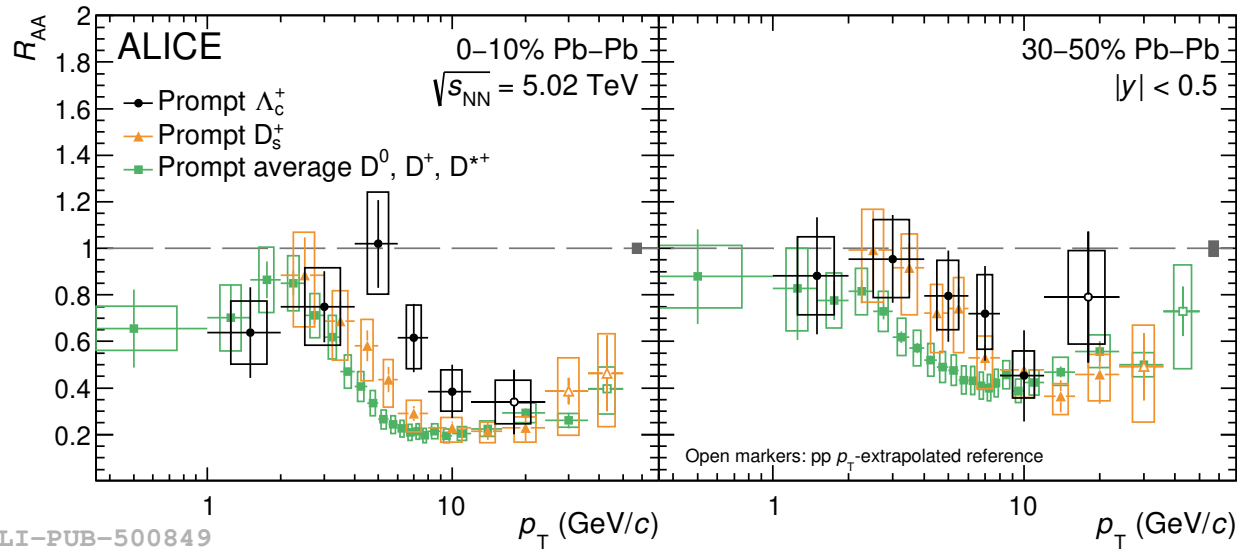
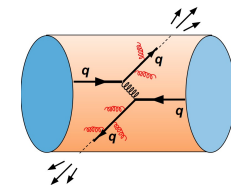
Constraining hadronization mechanisms

Phys. Lett. B 839 (2023) 137796



- ❑ Prompt Λ_c / D meson ratio in pp and Pb-Pb compared to model predictions
- ❑ Catania and TAMU models include hadronization mechanisms via coalescence and fragmentation
- ❑ Statistical hadronization model (SHMc) include only measured charmed mesons and baryons (p_T distributions modeled with core-corona approach)
- ❑ Λ_c / D ratio increases from pp to central Pb-Pb collisions at intermediate $p_T \rightarrow$ enhanced production via coalescence or/and feed-down from higher mass resonances

R_{AA} of prompt Λ_c baryon in Pb-Pb

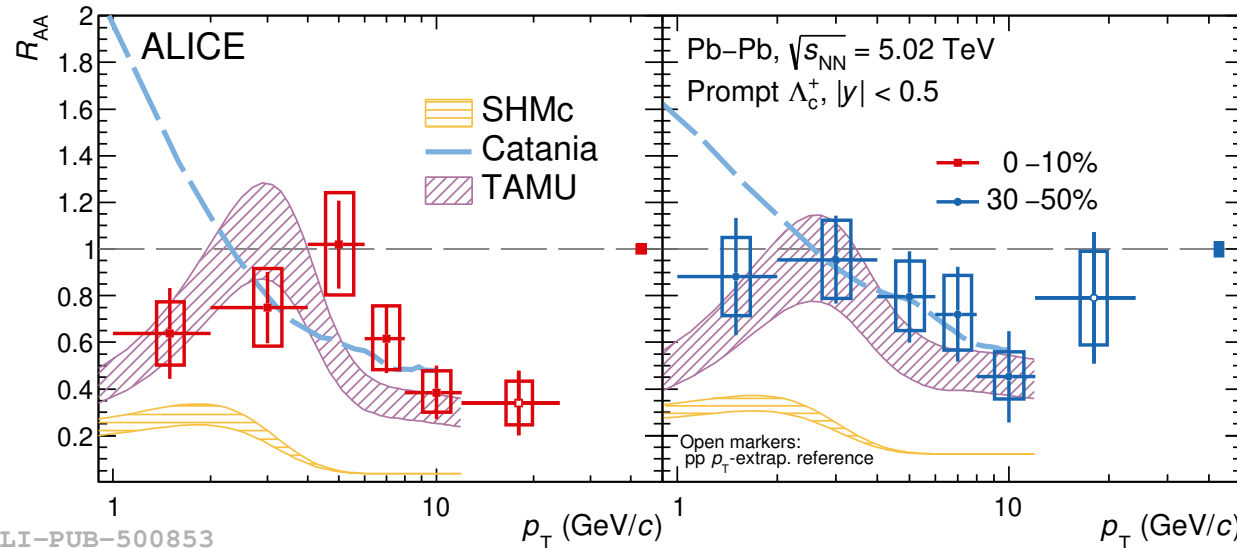


Phys. Lett. B 839 (2023) 137796

$$R_{AA} = \frac{d^2 N_{AA}}{dp_T dy} / \frac{d^2 N_{pp}}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle dp_T dy}$$

- Hint of hierarchy in central collisions:
 $R_{AA}(\Lambda_c) > R_{AA}(D_s^+) > R(D^0)$
- Hadronization via charm quark coalescence or/and feed-down from higher mass resonances

ALI-PUB-500849

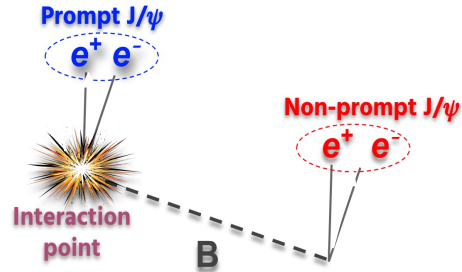


ALI-PUB-500853

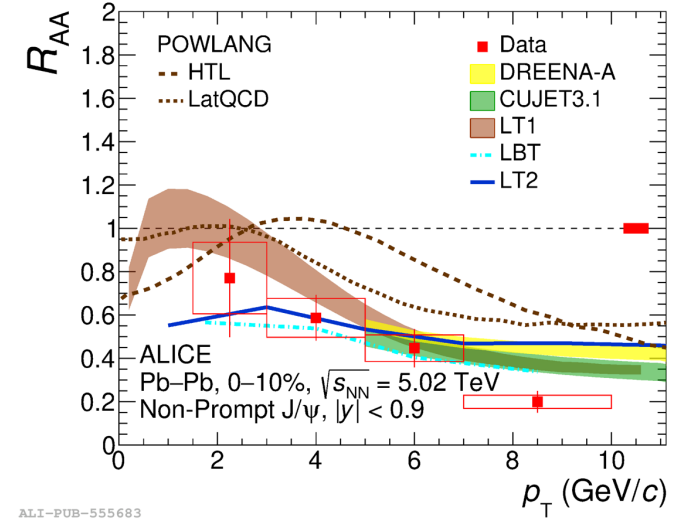
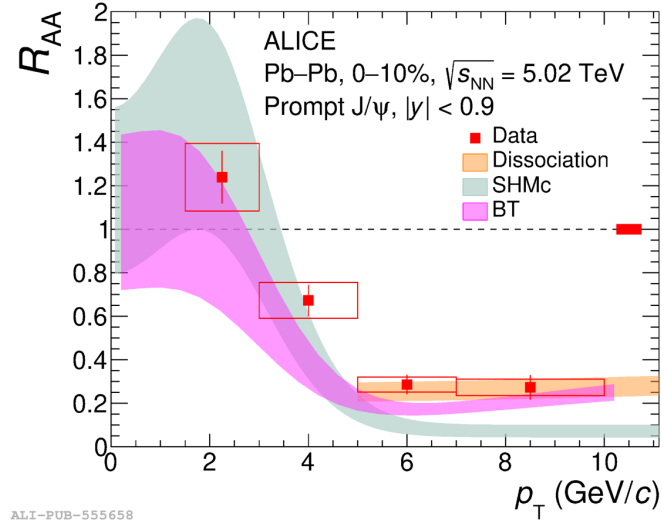
Prompt and non-prompt J/ψ production

Parton energy loss, dissociation vs regeneration

$$R_{AA} = \frac{d^2 N_{AA}}{dp_T dy} / \frac{d^2 N_{pp}}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle dp_T dy}$$



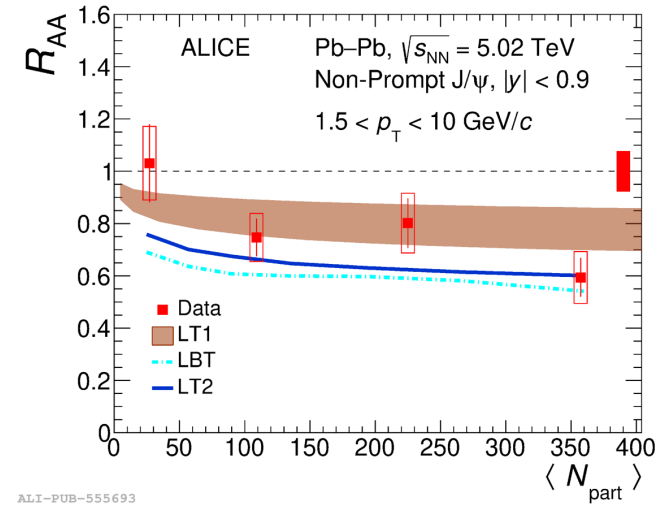
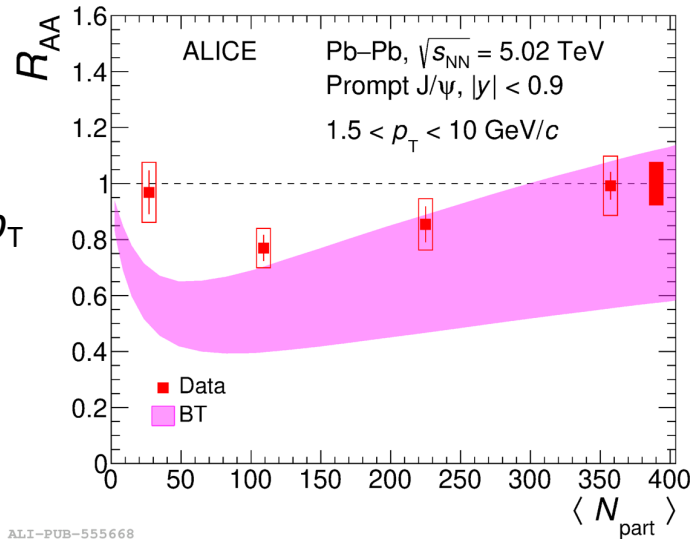
JHEP 02 (2024) 066



ALI-PUB-555658

ALI-PUB-555683

- Sign of prompt J/ψ (re)generation in central collisions
- Prompt J/ψ R_{AA} described by models including quarkonium dissociation (regeneration) at high (low) p_T
- Non-prompt J/ψ described by LT1 transport model

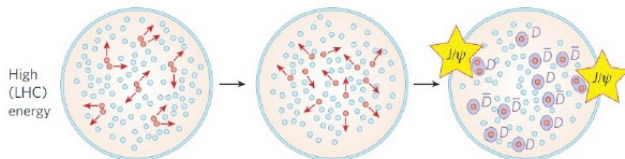


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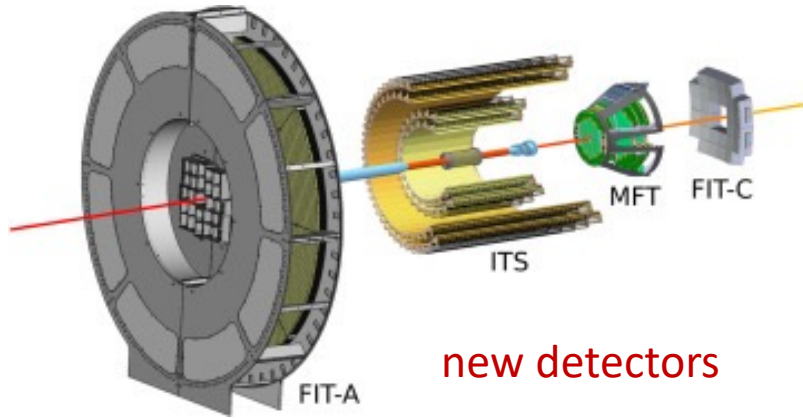
ALI-PUB-555693

La Thuile 2024

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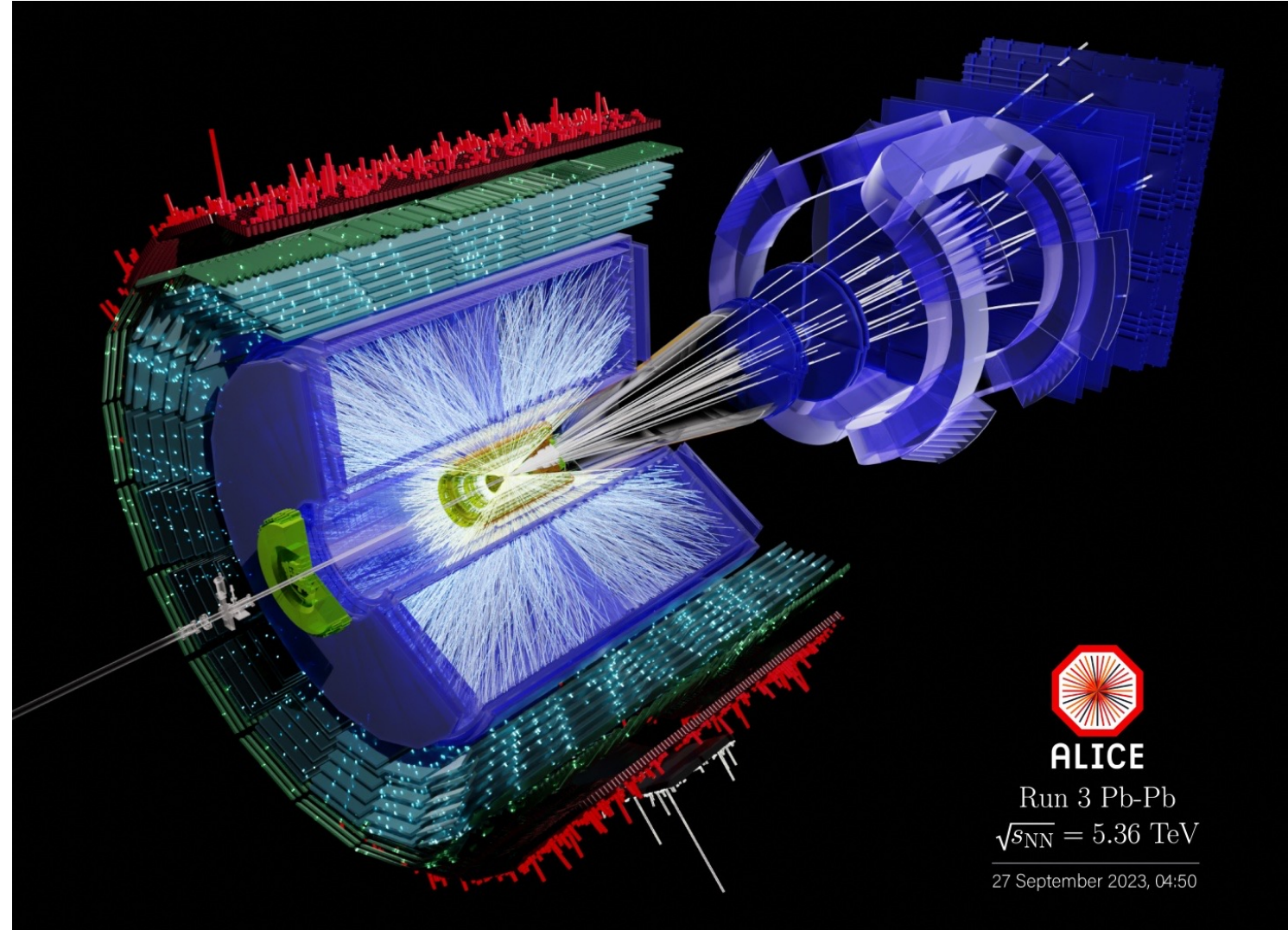
ALICE in Run 3



new detectors



05-March-2024

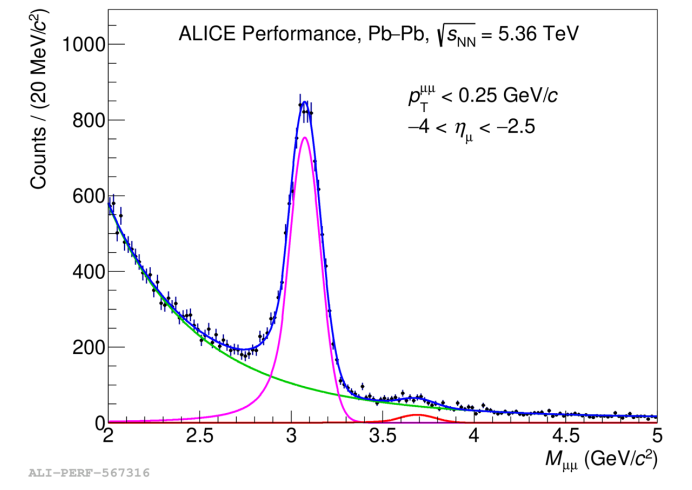
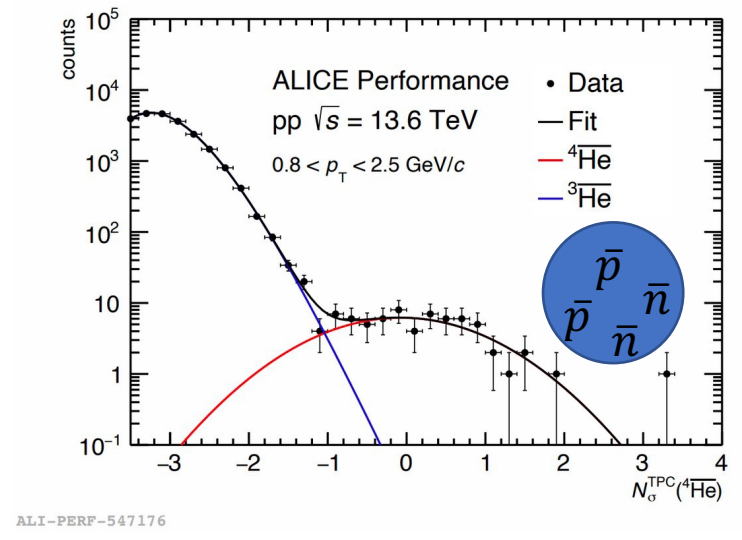
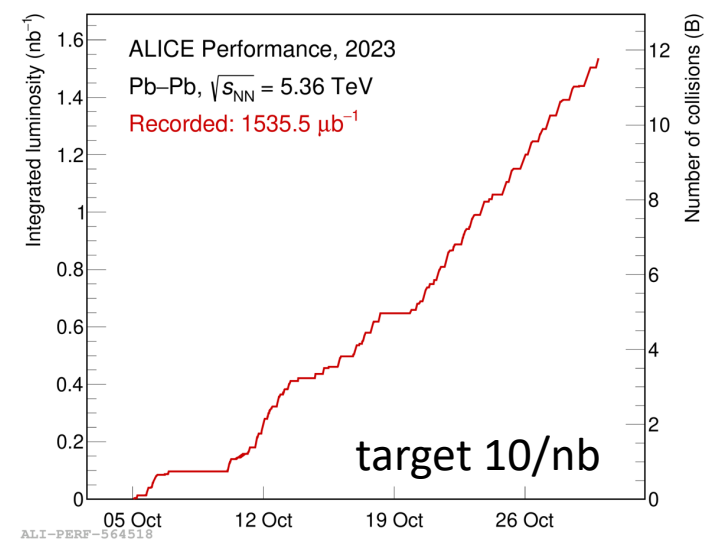
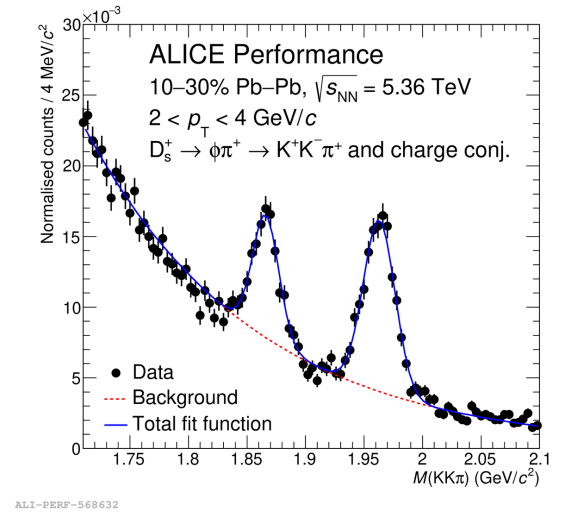
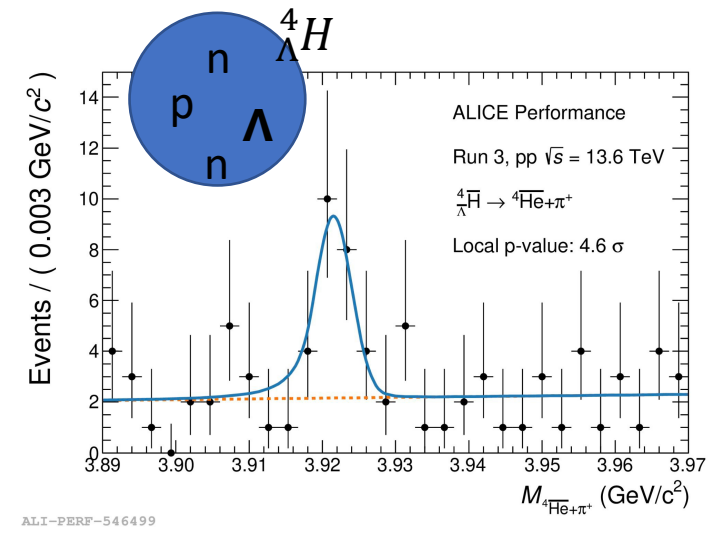
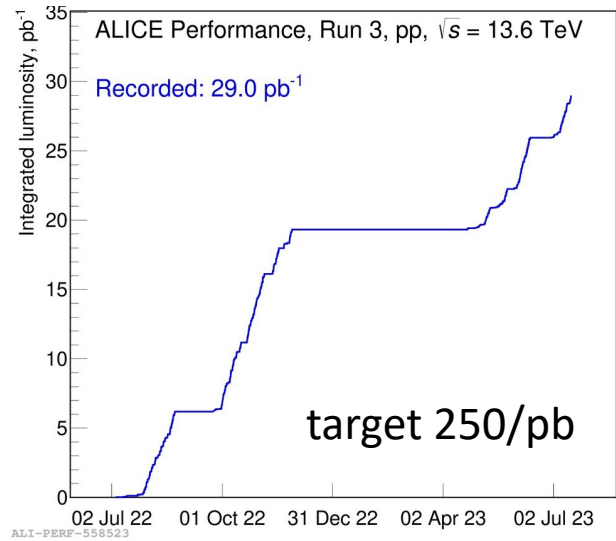


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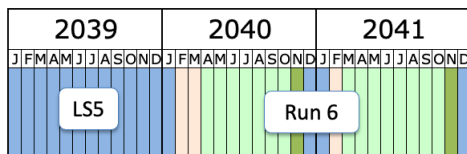
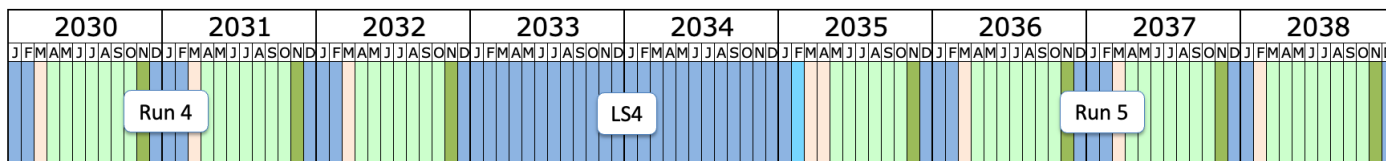
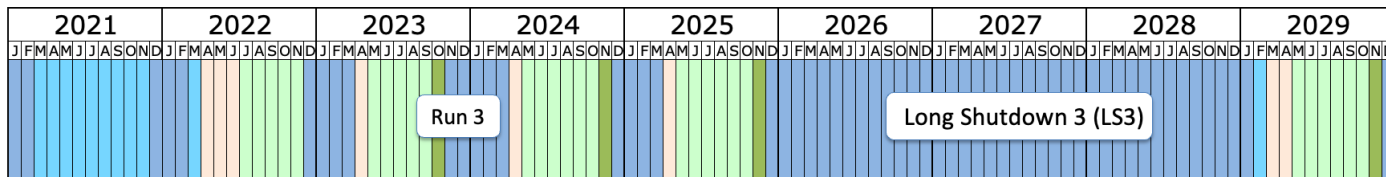
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ALICE Run 3 Performance

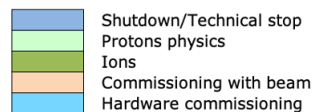
Work in progress!



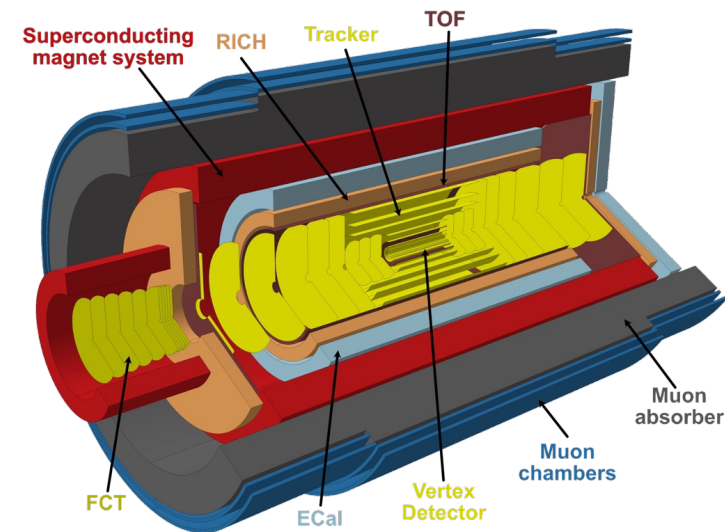
ALICE Upgrades



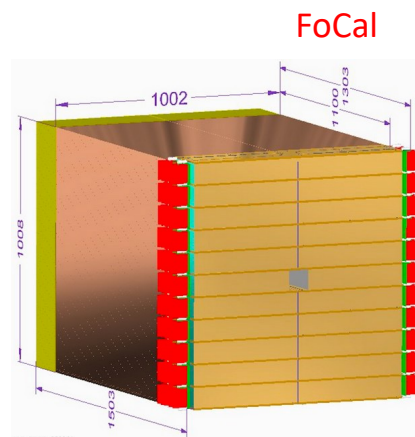
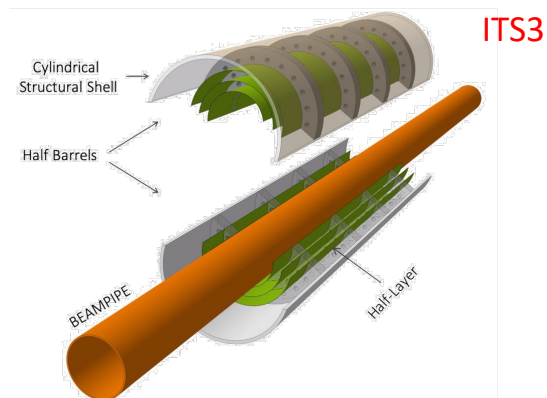
Last update: April 2023



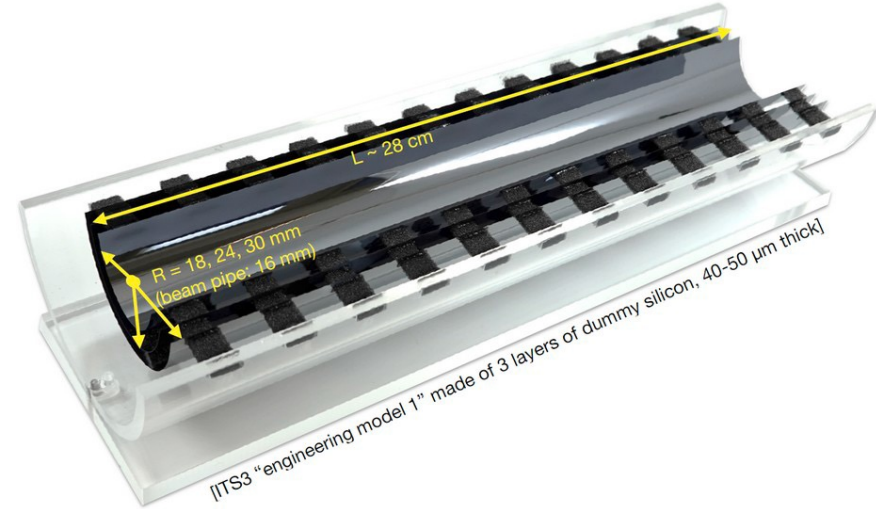
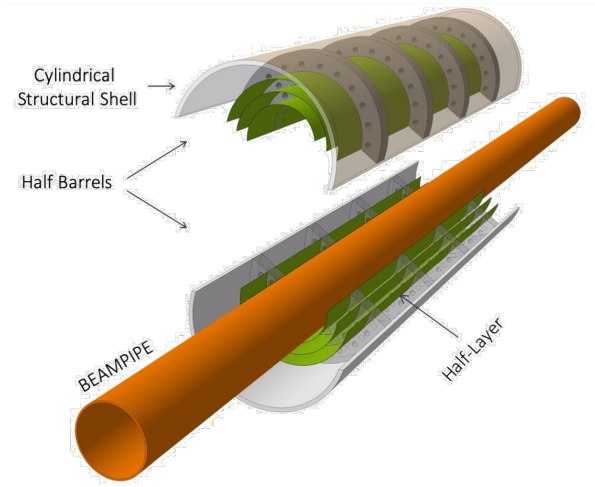
LS4: Future heavy-ion detector (ALICE 3)



LS3: ITS3 and FoCal



Inner Tracking System 3 (ITS 3)

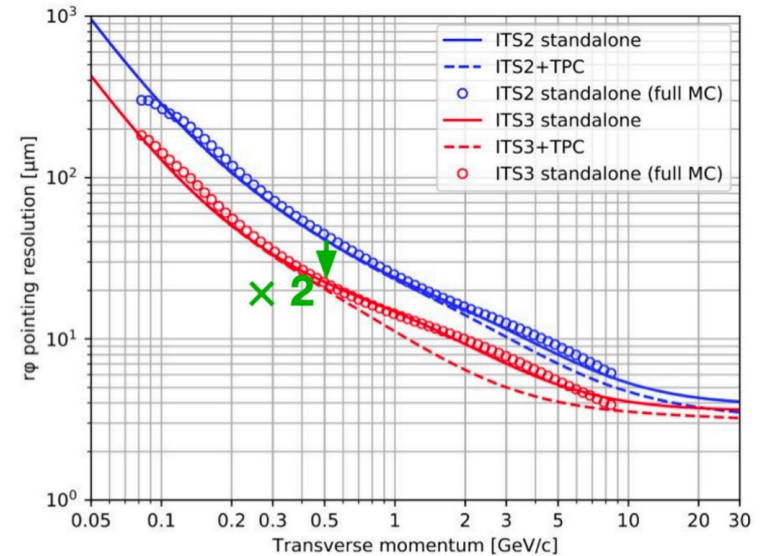
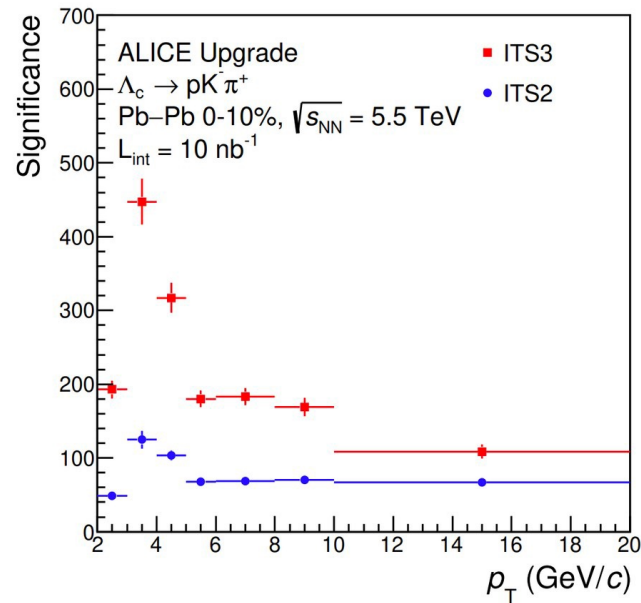


- ❑ Truly cylindrical (silicon sensor bending)
- ❑ 65 nm MAPS sensors
- ❑ Sensor stitching (30 cm wafers)

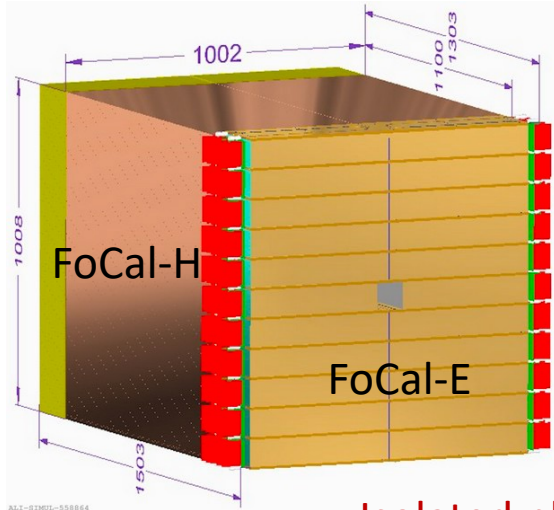
- ❑ Main physics motivation
 - ❑ Improve performance for heavy flavour and dielectron measurements

Lol: [CERN-LHCC-2019-018](#)

Physics performance: [ALICE-PUBLIC-2023-002](#)

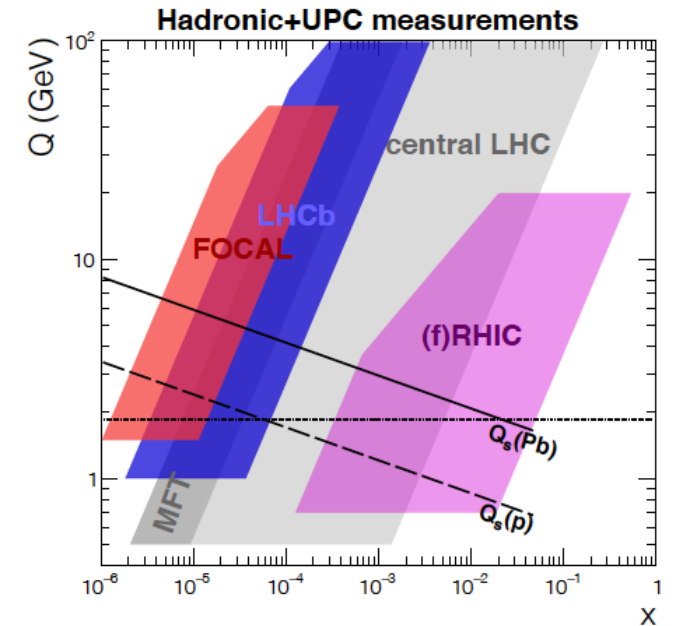
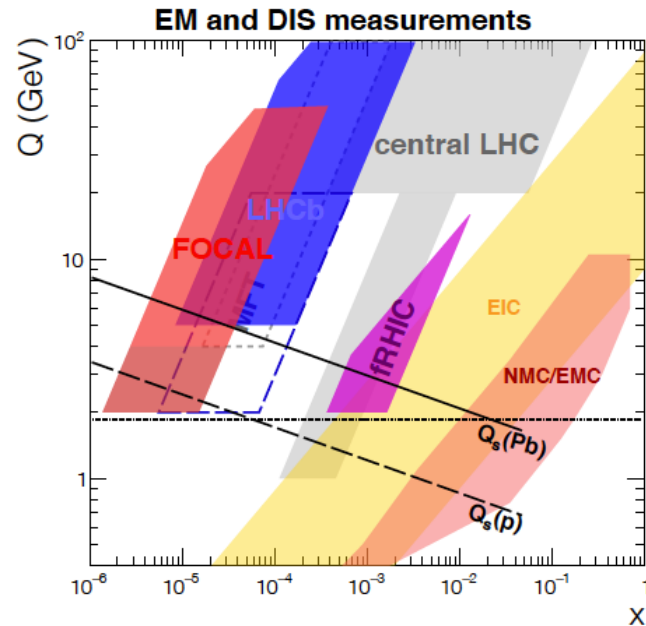
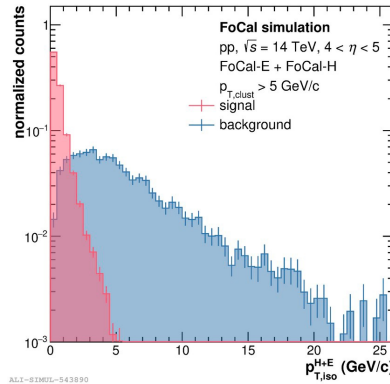
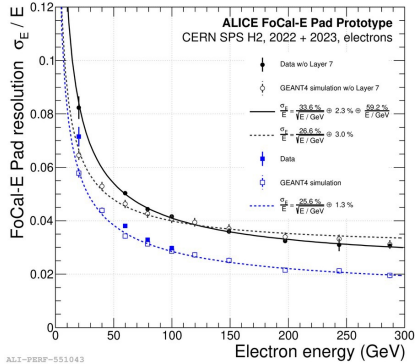


Forward Calorimeter (FoCal)



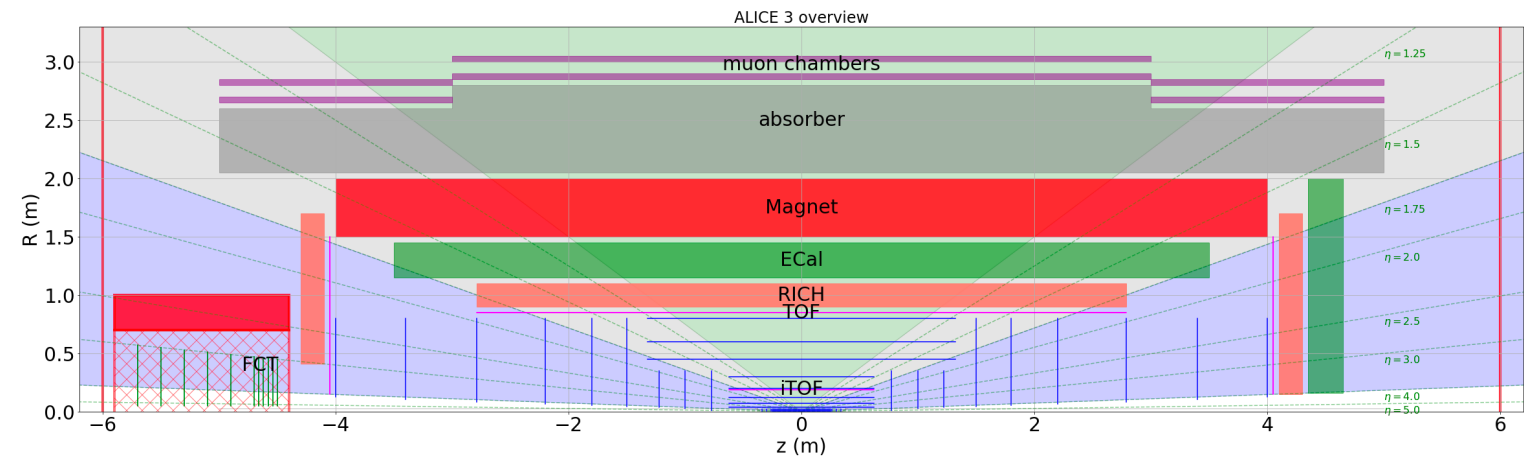
- ❑ Electromagnetic (FoCal-E) and hadronic (FoCal-H) calorimeter
- ❑ Acceptance: $3.2 < \eta < 5.8$
- ❑ Main physics motivation
 - ❑ Explore non-linear QCD evolution at small-x
 - ❑ Measurements of isolated- γ , DY, open charm and UPC

Isolated photons



Lol: ALICE, LHCC-I-036 (2020)
 Physics case: ALICE-PUBLIC-2023-001
 Physics performance: ALICE-PUBLIC-2023-004

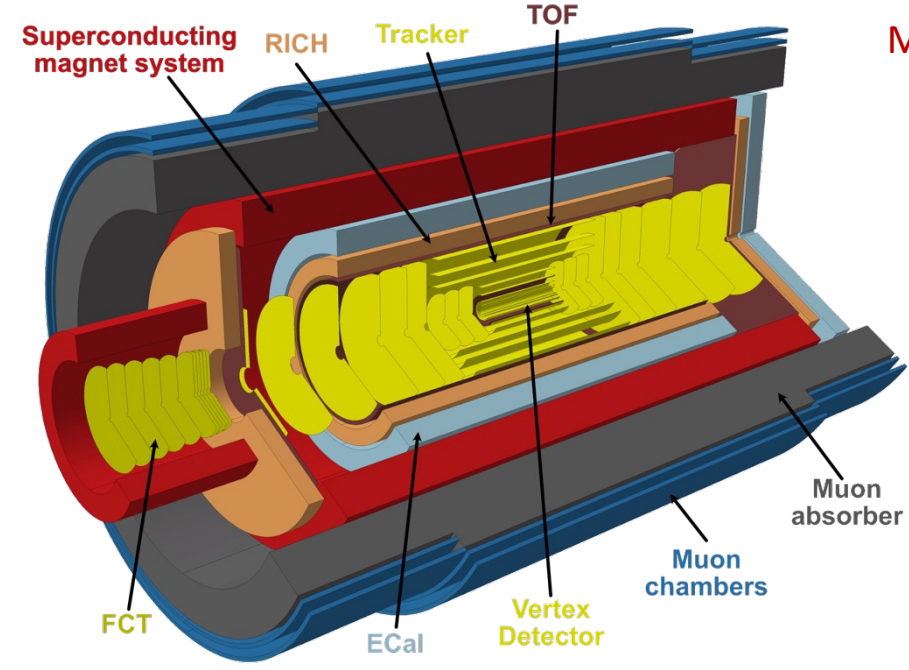
ALICE 3



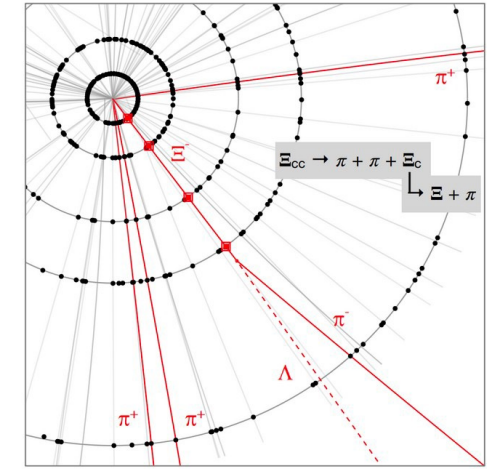
Main physics motivation

- ❑ QGP transport properties
- ❑ Hadronization mechanisms of charm and beauty hadrons, and nuclei
- ❑ Chiral symmetry restoration (photon and dileptons)
- ❑ BSM searches
- ❑ ...

- ❑ Strong R&D on innovative sensors ongoing (large-area MAPS, Si time-of-flight and SiPM RICH)



Multi-charm hadron production



Lol: CERN-LHCC-2022-009

Summary

Initial stages

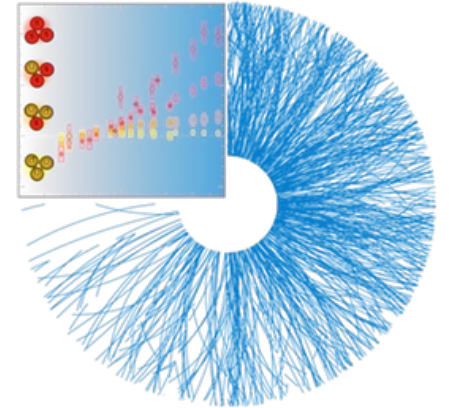
- ❑ Nuclear shadowing observed in UPC at the LHC
- ❑ Power-law dependence of $\sigma(\gamma+p \rightarrow J/\psi+p)$ on $W_{\gamma p}$ in agreement with HERA results

Light flavour

- ❑ System created in Pb-Pb collisions is baryon-free and electrically neutral at midrapidity
- ❑ Most precise measurement of hypertriton lifetime (hypertriton is a weakly bound state)
- ❑ Anti-alpha p_T differential distributions measured for the first time at the LHC
- ❑ The “ridge” is also observed in low multiplicity pp collisions

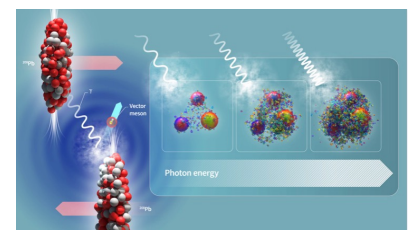
Heavy flavour

- ❑ Λ_c / D ratio increases from pp to central Pb-Pb collisions at intermediate $p_T \rightarrow$ enhanced production via coalescence
- ❑ Sign of prompt J/ψ (re)generation in central collisions
- ❑ ALICE has ambitious upgrade plans: ITS 3, FoCal (Run 4) and ALICE 3 (beyond Run 4)



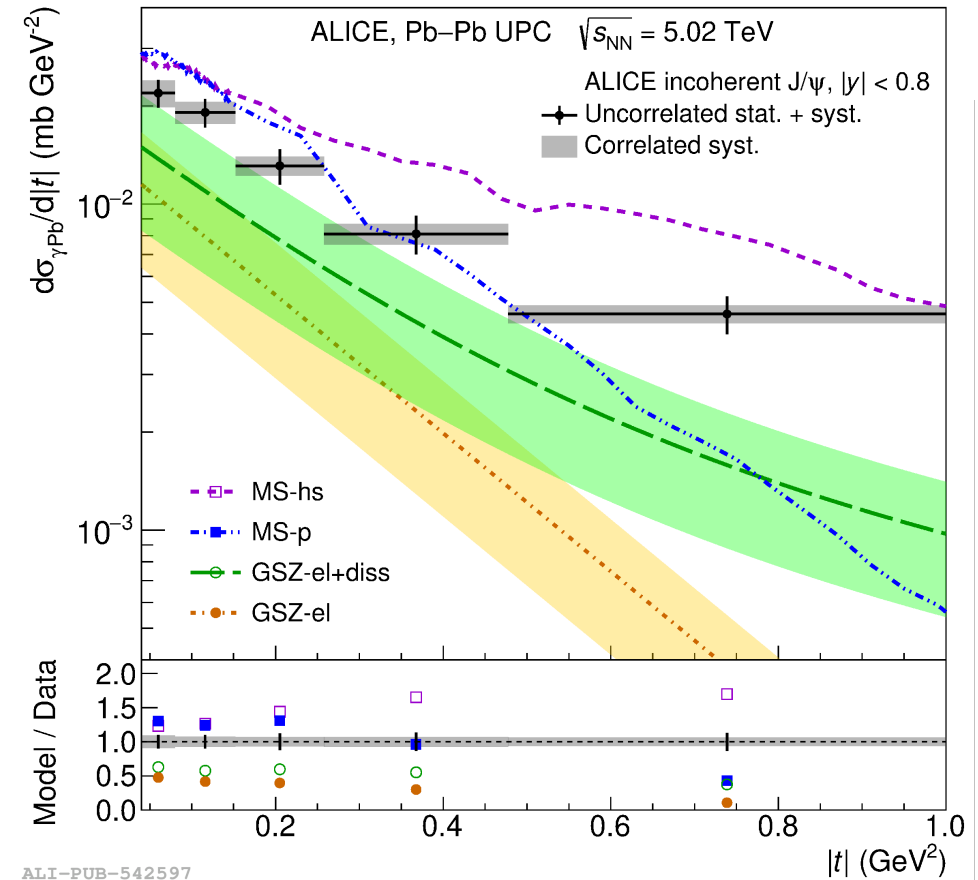
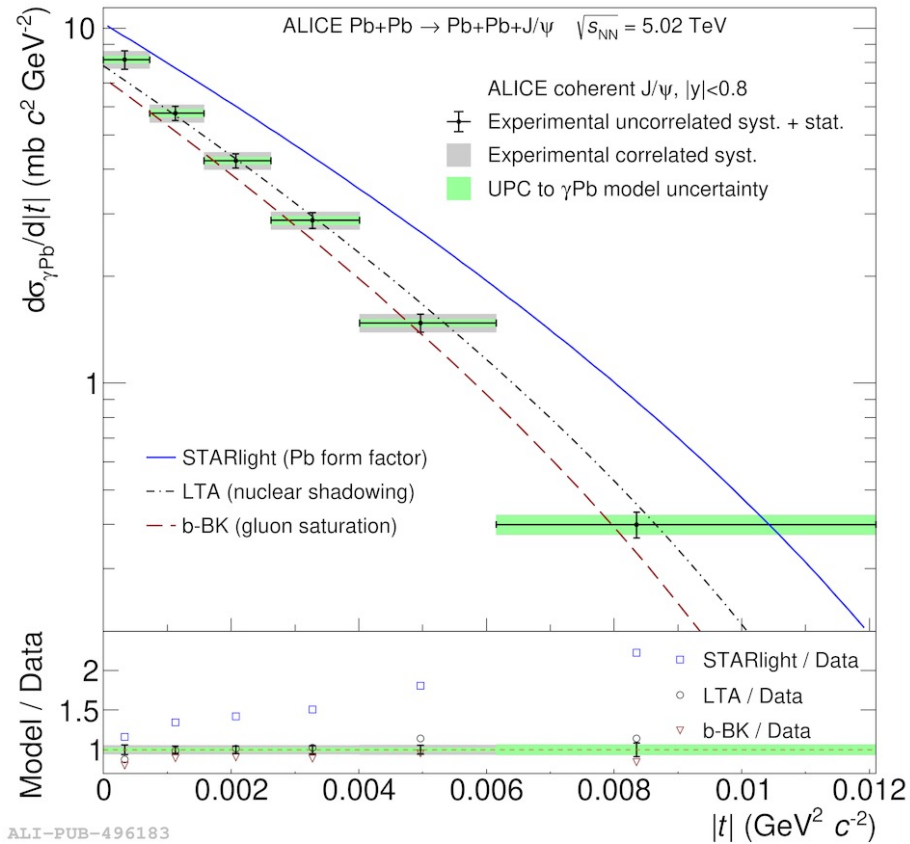
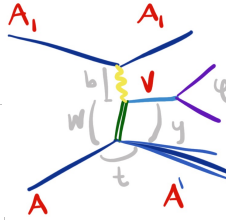
backup

Mandelstam $|t|$ dependence of J/ψ photoproduction



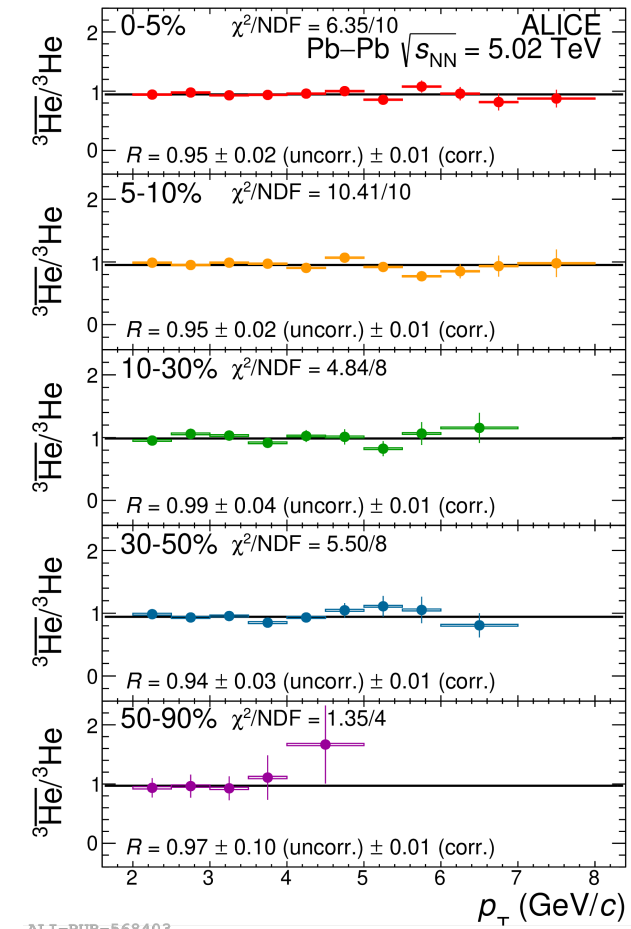
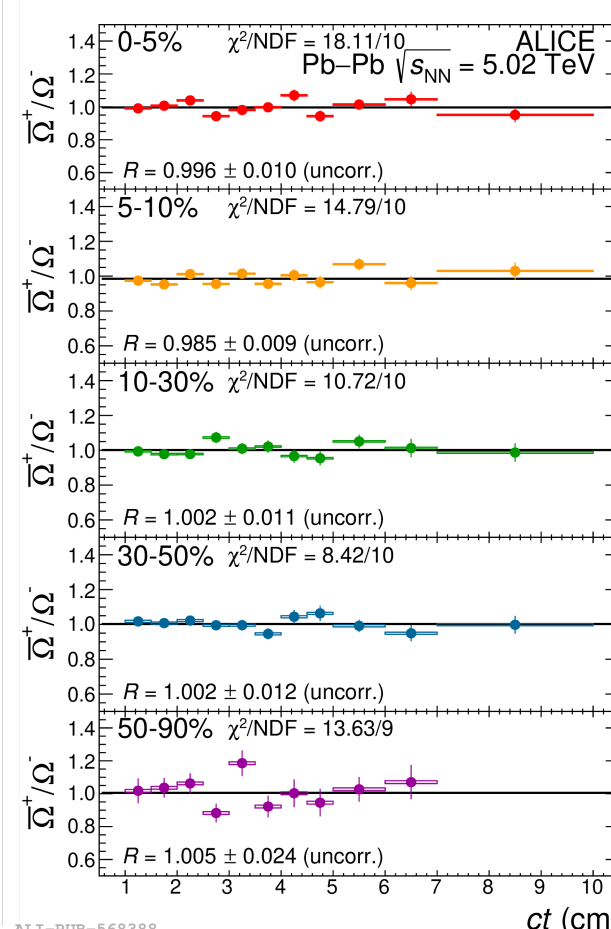
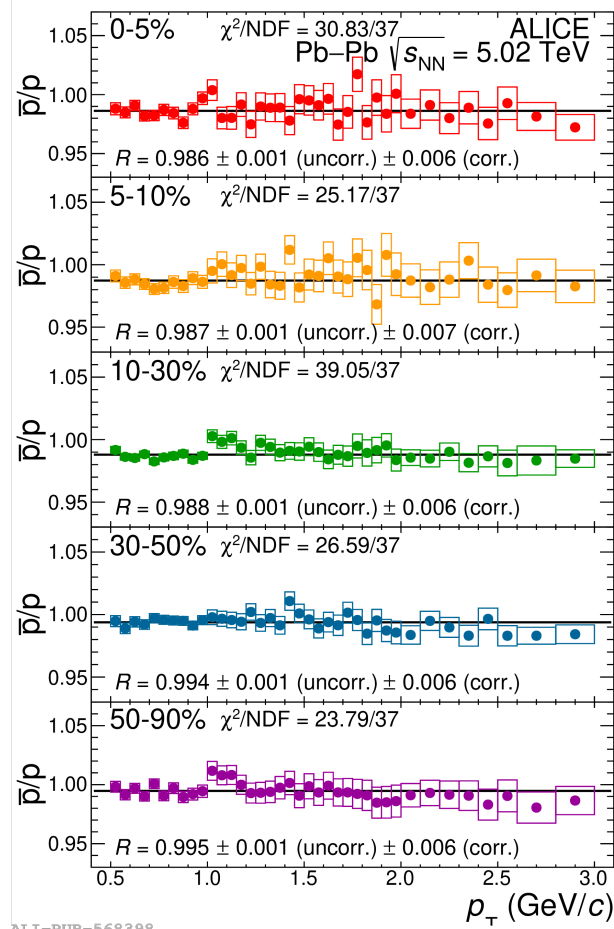
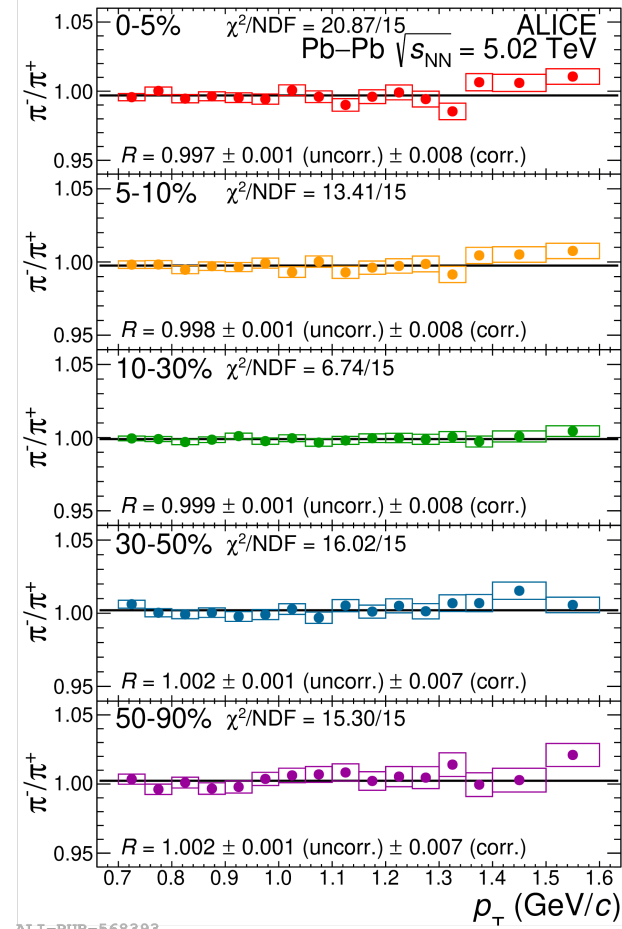
Phys. Lett. B 817 (2021) 136280

arXiv:2305.06169



Antimatter/matter imbalance at the LHC

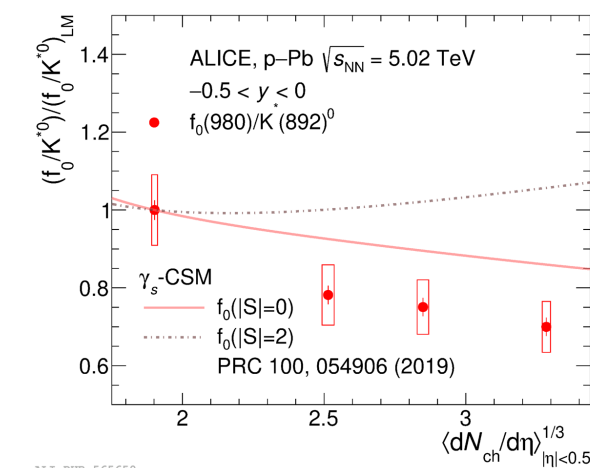
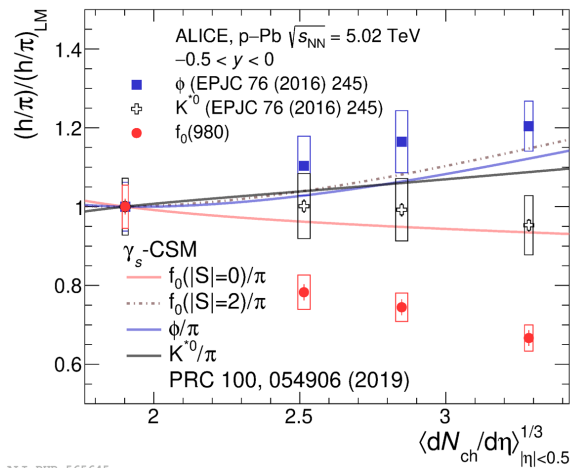
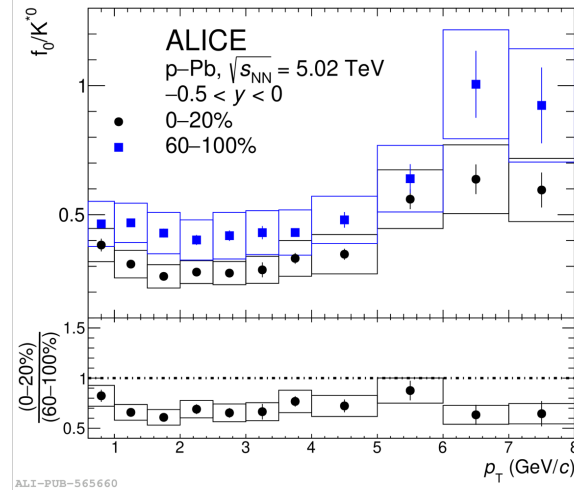
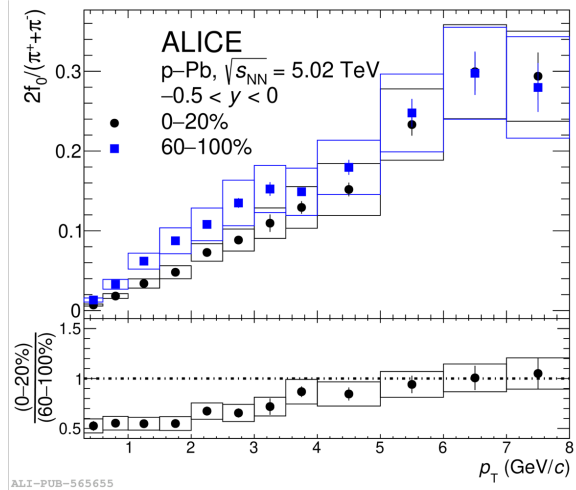
arXiv:2311.1333



Abnormal $f_0(980)$ suppression in p-Pb collisions

Unknown internal structure of $f_0(980)$ – meson, tetraquark or $K\bar{K}$?

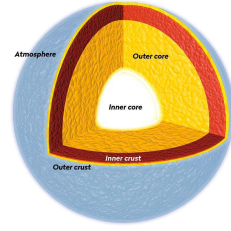
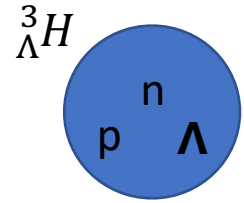
arXiv:2311.11786



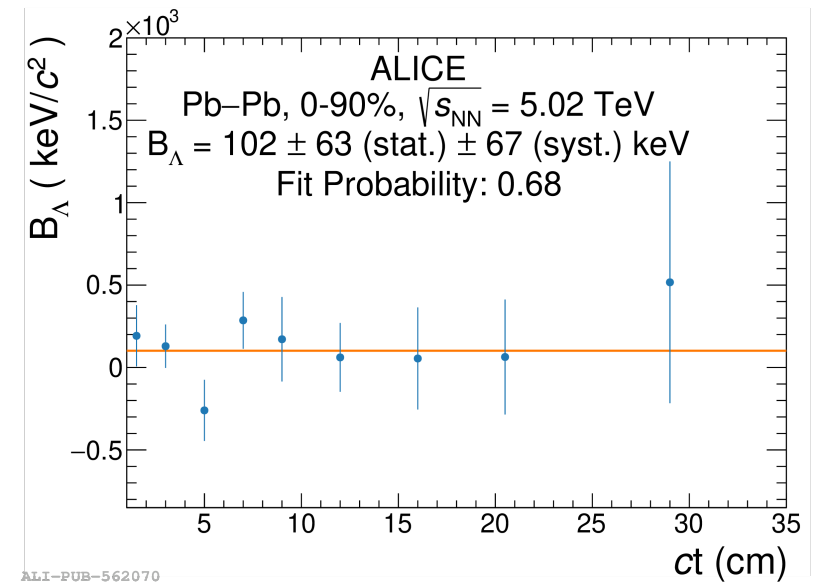
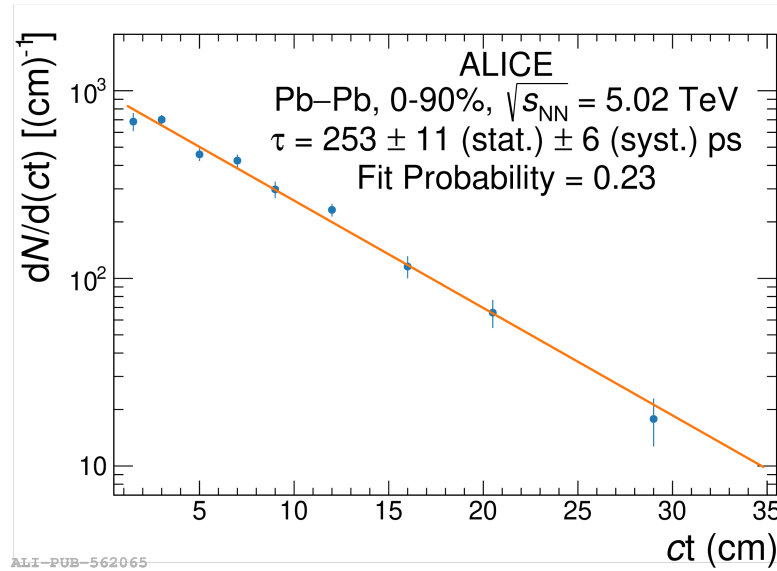
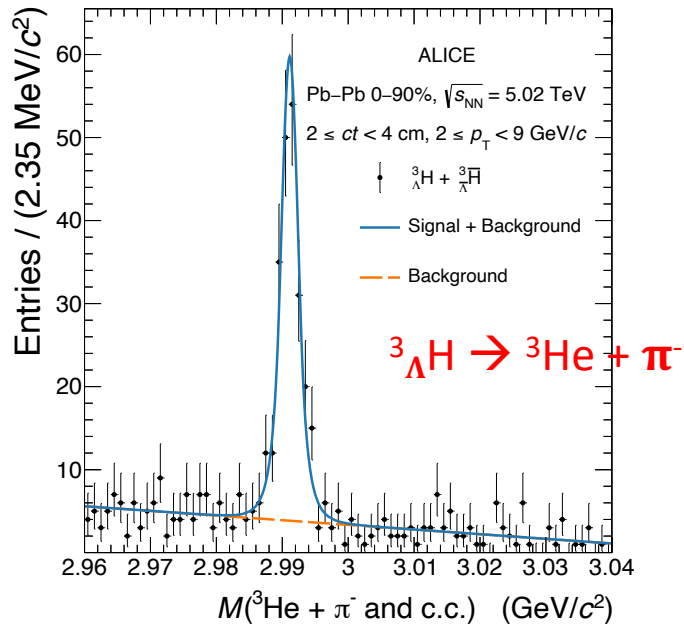
- ❑ $f_0(980)$ p_T spectrum harder than for π (radial flow)
- ❑ $f_0(980)/\pi$ and $f_0(980)/K^*(892)^0$ indicate that f_0 does not contain strange quarks (no strangeness enhancement in QGP)
- ❑ $f_0(980)/K^*(892)^0$ indicates that f_0 behaves like meson (no enhancement at intermediate p_T as for baryon-to-meson ratios)
- ❑ CSM predicts different suppression of $f_0(980)$ independent of number of strange quarks

Canonical Statistical Model (CSM), V. Vovchenko et al., Phys. Rev. C 100 (2019) 054906

(Anti)hypertriton lifetime



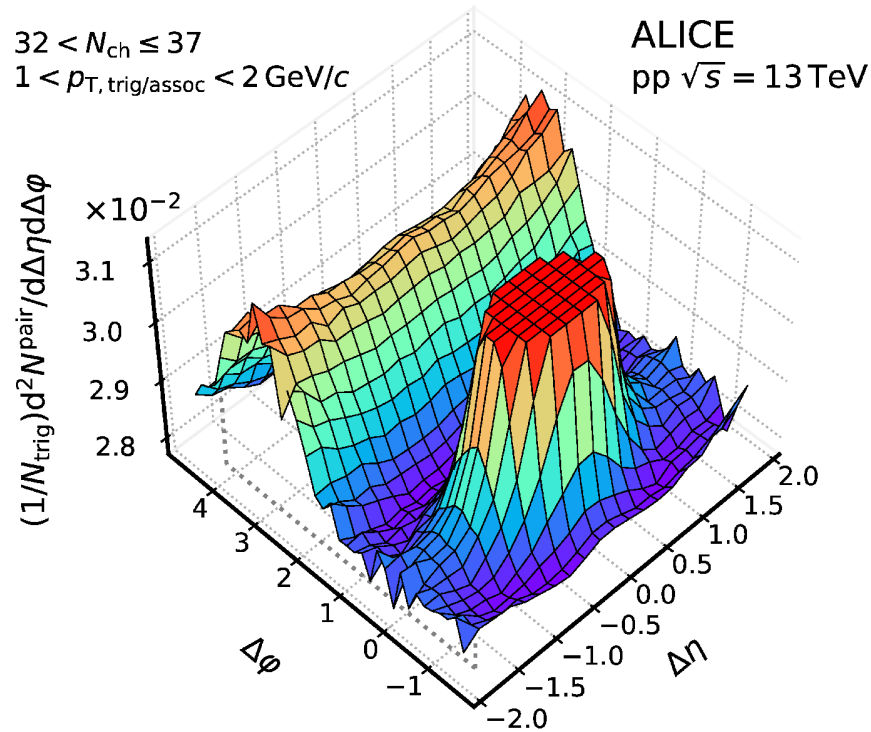
Phys. Rev. Lett. 131 (2023) 102302



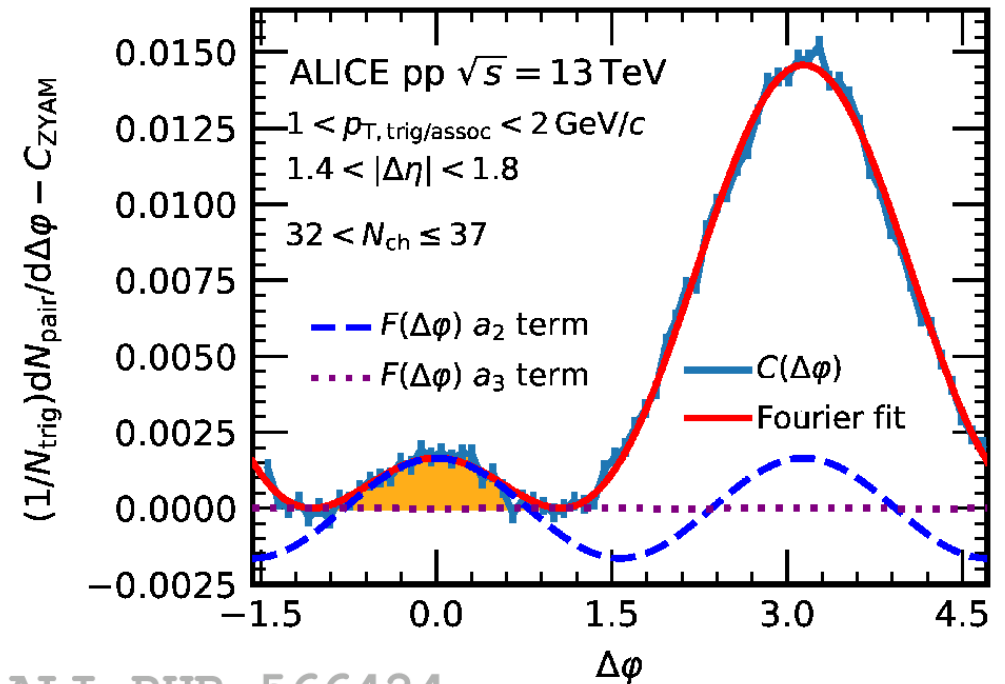
$c \cdot t = M \cdot L \cdot c/p$
 L - decay length
 p - hypertriton momentum

Emergence of long-range angular correlations in low-multiplicity proton-proton collisions

arXiv:2311.14357



ALI-PUB-566419



ALI-PUB-566424

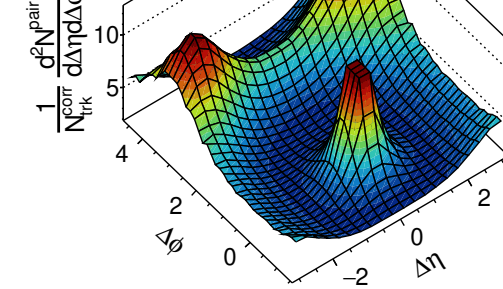
Long-range near-side correlation in e^+e^- Collisions at 91 GeV and 183-209 GeV with ALEPH

ALEPH $e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons, $\sqrt{s} = 91\text{ GeV}$

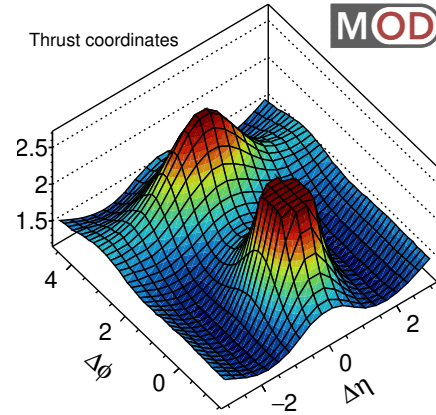
$N_{\text{trk}} \geq 30$, $|\cos(\theta_{\text{lab}})| < 0.94$

$p_T^{\text{lab}} > 0.2\text{ GeV}$

Lab coordinates



Thrust coordinates



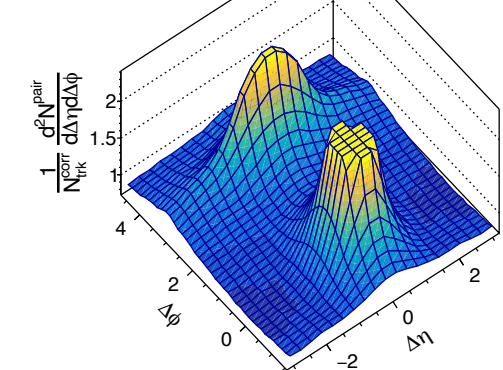
MOD

A. Badea et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 123, 212002 (2019)
Yu-Chen Chen et al. arXiv:2312.0508

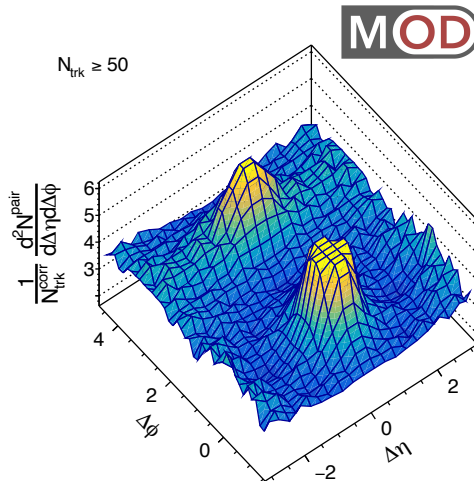
ALEPH e^+e^- , $\sqrt{s}=183\text{-}209\text{ GeV}$

Inclusive

Thrust Axis



$N_{\text{trk}} \geq 50$



MOD

