Transversity 2024 Trieste, 3-7 June 2024

TMD EFFECTS IN UNPOLARISED PROCESSESPHENOMENOLOGY OVERVIEW

7th international workshop on transverse phenomena in hard processes

OVERVIEW

- Ingredients for phenomenology
- Recent extractions/pheno
- Some current challenges

INGREDIENTS FOR PHENOMENOLOGY



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* Lattice!!

Connect observables at different scales through evolution equations. Need Fourier transform to b_T space

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\ln\tilde{f}_{j/p}(x,b_{\mathrm{T}}[\mu,\zeta])}{\mathrm{d}\ln\mu} = \gamma(\alpha_{s}(\mu);\zeta/\mu^{2}) \qquad \qquad \frac{\mathrm{d}\ln\tilde{D}(z,\boldsymbol{b}_{\mathrm{T}}[\mu,\zeta])}{\mathrm{d}\ln\mu} = \gamma(\alpha_{s}(\mu);\zeta/\mu^{2})$$
$$\frac{\partial\ln\tilde{f}_{j/p}(x,b_{\mathrm{T}};\mu,\zeta)}{\partial\ln\sqrt{\zeta}} = \tilde{K}(b_{\mathrm{T}};\mu) \qquad \qquad \frac{\partial\ln\tilde{D}(z,\boldsymbol{b}_{\mathrm{T}};\mu,\zeta)}{\partial\ln\sqrt{\zeta}} = \tilde{K}(b_{\mathrm{T}};\mu)$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\tilde{K}(b_{\mathrm{T}};\mu)}{\mathrm{d}\ln\mu} = -\gamma_{K}(\alpha_{s}(\mu))$$

Collins-Soper kernel:

- Highly universal
- nonperturbative at long distances
- extracted simultaneously with TMDs
- great progress in lattice QCD

Theoretical constraints in the small-b_T limit: OPE

$$\begin{split} \tilde{f}_{i/a}(x, b_{\mathrm{T}}; \mu, \zeta) &\sim \left[C^{\mathrm{pdf}}(b_{\mathrm{T}}; \mu, \zeta) \otimes f_{i/a}(\mu) \right](x) \\ \tilde{D}_{a/i}(z, b_{\mathrm{T}}; \mu, \zeta) &\sim \left[C^{\mathrm{ff}}(b_{\mathrm{T}}; \mu, \zeta) \otimes d_{a/i}(\mu) \right](z) \end{split} \begin{aligned} & \mathsf{Collinear\ full transformed and transformed a$$

Inctions reviously

C coefficients calculable in pQCD in this limit: perturbative \mathbf{b}_{T} (\mathbf{k}_{T}) effects.

> $\tilde{K}(b_{\mathrm{T}};\mu)$ calculable in pQCD in this limit

Theoretical constraints in the small-b_T limit: OPE

$$\begin{split} \tilde{f}_{i/a}^{\text{pheno}} &= \begin{bmatrix} C^{\text{pdf}} \otimes f_{i/a} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{f}_{i/a}^{\text{NP}} \\ & \text{Models in bT} \\ \\ \tilde{D}_{a/i}^{\text{pheno}} &= \begin{bmatrix} C^{\text{ff}} \otimes d_{a/i} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{D}_{a/i}^{\text{NP}} \\ & \text{Space} \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

Most recent pheno on unpolarized TMDs has been carried out in two schemes:

- b* prescription (most used, e.g. MAP, JAM, BNLY, ...)
- $\boldsymbol{\zeta}$ prescription (\boldsymbol{Madrid})

Modeling in k_T space + analogous constraints also possible

See talk by Ted Rogers

RECENT EXTRACTIONS/PHENO

See talk by Ignazio Scimemi



JHEP 05 (2024) 036 · e-Print: 2305.07473 [hep-ph]

Maximum available perturbative accuracy

Large amount of data

Wide kinematical range

PDF uncertainties





experimental & theory uncertainty (PDF) in the same footing?



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More work on methods for error propagation would be useful



experimental & theory uncertainty (PDF) in the same footing?

More work on methods for error propagation would be useful

(perhaps spy on other fields of physics or statisticians)



Pion TMDs interesting on their own right

Further studies on nuclear TMDs (how good are current treatments?)



Pion TMDs interesting on their own right

Further studies on nuclear TMDs (how good are current treatments?)

Phenomenological analyses find reasonable agreement to data in their fits.

MAP 2023

 10^{3}

Experiments	$N_{\rm cut}$	$\chi^2_D/N_{ m cut}$	$\chi^2_\lambda/N_{ m cut}$	$\chi^2_0/N_{ m out}$
E537	64	1.00	0.57	1.57
E615	74	0.31	1.22	1.53
Total	138	0.63	0.92	1.55

 10^{-1}

æ

Phys.Rev.D 107 (2023) 1, 014014 • e-Print: 2210.01733

JAM 2023

q_T -dep. πA DY	E615 [95]	21.8	1.45	1.85
$\pi W o \mu^+ \mu^- X$	E537 [<mark>96</mark>]	15.3	0.97	0.03

Phys.Rev.D 108 (2023) 9, L091504 • e-Print: 2302.01192

E537 E615

 10^{0}



(Full blown) Predictions at COMPASS kinematics: need to test the theory / factorization theorem /model / ...



See talk by Patrick Barry

Phys.Rev.D 108 (2023) 9, L091504 • e-Print: 2302.01192



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Most recent global fits on DY (like) + SIDIS

See talk by Lorenzo Rossi

MAP 2024

- pdf uncertainty
- large amount of data
- high perturbative accuracy
- a lot of information from
- SIDIS (low scale)





See talk by Lorenzo Rossi



- a lot of information from **SIDIS (low scale)**



Normalization: some issues with SIDIS fits, see for instance:

JOGH, PoS DIS2019 (2019) 176

Old fit at O(alpha_s)

Decent fit

Need to introduce spurious normalizations

Red means N ~ 2.0



Even in most recent fits by MAP (high pQCD accuracy) this issue persist Theory motivated fix

Normalization: some issues with SIDIS fits



Non-perturbative structure of semi-inclusive deep-inelastic and Drell-Yan scattering at small transverse momentum

JHEP 06 (2020) 137 • e-Print: 1912.06532 [hep-ph]

Ignazio Scimemi¹ Alexey Vladimirov²

Contrary to some observations in the literature [14, 18], we have not found any problem with the normalization of HERMES and COMPASS data, although the systematic experimental errors quit precision to the final result.

[18] A. Bacchetta, F. Delcarro, C. Pisano, M. Radici and A. Signori, Extraction of partonic transverse momentum distributions from semi-inclusive deep-inelastic scattering, Drell-Yan and Z-boson production, JHEP 06 (2017) 081, [1703.10157].

Do we agree on this issue?

Normalization: some issues with SIDIS fits

• There is no issue

Normalization: some issues with **SIDIS** fits



Brainstorming:

- There is no issue
- Errors of factorization are too large
- Next-to-leading power formalisms: Theorist have been very active on this front. (Pheno?)

A few more examples, not comprehensive

Transverse momentum dependent operator expansion at next-to-leading power Alexey Vladimirov (Regensburg U.), Valentin Moos (Regensburg U.), Ignazio Scimemi (Madrid U.) (Sep 20, 2021)

Published in: JHEP 01 (2022) 110 • e-Print: 2109.09771 [hep-ph]

Transverse momentum dependent factorization for SIDIS at next-to-leading power Simone Rodini (Ecole Polytechnique, CPHT), Alexey Vladimirov (Madrid U.) (Jun 15, 2023) e-Print: 2306.09495 [hep-ph]

 $1/Q^2$ power corrections to TMD factorization for Drell-Yan hadronic tensor Ian Balitsky (Old Dominion U.) (Apr 23, 2024) e-Print: 2404.15116 [hep-ph]

TMD distributions @ next-to-leading power



(Simone Rodini, Transversity 2022)

Normalization: some issues with SIDIS fits



Brainstorming:

- There is no issue
- Errors of factorization are too large
- We are missing something about the fragmentation functions



New insights from theory. (pheno?)

Definition of fragmentation functions and the violation of sum rules John Collins (Penn State U.), Ted C. Rogers (Old Dominion U. and Jefferson Lab) (Sep 6, 2023) Published in: *Phys.Rev.D* 109 (2024) 1, 016006 • e-Print: 2309.03346 [hep-ph] #1











- missing full treatment of thrust
- Same CS kernel
- Different TMD ff (related to SIDIS)

(Andrea Simonelli, Transversity 2022)



Full treatment of thrust Boglione, Simonelli

JHEP 09 (2023) 006 • e-Print: 2306.02937 JHEP 02 (2022) 013 • e-Print: 2109.11497

See talk by Andrea Simonelli



- theory+pheno of
 e+e⁻ -> h X
- missing full treatment of thrust
- Same CS kernel
- Different TMD ff (related to SIDIS)

(Andrea Simonelli, Transversity 2022)

JHEP 02 (2022) 013 • e-Print: 2109.11497

Phys.Rev.D 106 (2022) 7, 074024 • e-Print: 2206.08876



Full treatment of thrust Boglione, Simonelli

JHEP 09 (2023) 006 • e-Print: 2306.02937 JHEP 02 (2022) 013 • e-Print: 2109.11497

See talk by Andrea Simonelli



theory+pheno of
 e+e⁻ -> h X

Other relevant work (not comprehensive)

Modarres,

Taghavi *Phys.Rev.D* 104 (2021)11,114004 e-Print: 2111.06190

Makris, et.al. JHEP 02 (2021) 070 • e-Print: 2009.1187

Kang, et.al. JHEP 12 (2020) 127 • e-Print: 2007.14425

HSO approach

-Use theoretical constraints, don't trust the fit will do this job by itself.

-Check/improve constraints

-Prioritize the role of lower scale data (more information about intrinsic kT)

-Emphasize the role of predictive aspect of factorization theorems





Some proof-of-concept pheno lowest order (just starting)

E288





SOME CURRENT CHALLENGES



Normalization issue (?) in SIDIS **TMD region**

qT<<Q

We can only fit small qT data

Normalization issue (?) in SIDIS **TMD region**

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We can only fit small qT data

Large qT, **collinear** factorization (**no** TMDs)

qT ~ Q

We should predict with existing collinear functions (no further fitting)



As mentioned, the dependence of the cross



As mentioned, the dependence of the cross

entation functions, since gluon fragmentation does not contribute section as a function of p_T , data and cuts as in Figure 3 $q_{\rm T} > Q$ different gluon content of the two sets considered h gluon-agnetication anter \mathbf{L} and \mathbf{L} have a figure Q^2 10^{2} Is this scale too low to 10^{0} trust factorization? $\leq Q^2 \leq 8 \ GeV^2$ 10^{-1} recall we DY fits start 10^{-2} FIG. 4 Cross section at about these scales 10^{-3} however the difference between LO and NLC The uncertainty due to the choice of a frag different gluon content of the two sets consi <u>gluon-fragmentation content, w</u>hereas for lar a much smaller sensitivity on the choice of t 1 q_{T} significantly to the cross section at this order COMPASS 17 h^+ Large qT, collinear Normalization issue (?) factorization (no TMDs) as a func

in SIDIS TMD region $8 \le Q^2 \le 20 \text{ GeV}^2$

qT<<Q

We can only fit mall qT data

 $20 \le Q^2 \le 70 \; GeV^2$

izet ion cales to $(Q^2 + p_T^2)/2$ and the We should predict As mentioned, the dependence with existing collinear functions (no further fitting)

> FIG. 5: NLO cross sections as a function of x_B . ization scales to $(Q^2 + p_T^2)/2$ and the upper and

As mentioned, the dependence of the cros

Is this scale too low to trust factorization?

recall we DY fits start at about these scales



Phys.Rev.D 100 (2019) 1, 014018 • e-Print: 1901.06916

NO Normalization issue in DY **TMD region**

qT<<Q

Large qT, **collinear** factorization (**no** TMDs)

qT ~ Q

Can't describe DY "tails" very well either

The case for an EIC Theory Alliance: Theoretical Challenges of the EIC

• Theoretical and phenomenological exploration of QCD factorization theorems and expanding the region of their applicability, for instance by inclusion of power corrections in q_T/Q . A crucial ingredient will be matching collinear factorization ($\Lambda_{\rm QCD} \ll q_T \sim Q$) and TMD factorization ($\Lambda_{\rm QCD} \lesssim q_T \ll Q$) in the overlap region $\Lambda_{\rm QCD} \ll q_T \ll Q$ in a stable and efficient way. Such a matching is needed for our ability to describe the measured quantities, differential in transverse momentum, in the widest possible region of phase space. In turn, this will lead to a much more reliable understanding of both collinear and TMD related functions and uncertainties in their determinations.

e-Print: 2305.14572

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e-Print: 2305.14572



Need consistency conditions between cross section in the two limits



Need consistency conditions

$$\tilde{f}_{i/a}^{\text{pheno}} = [C^{\text{pdf}} \otimes f_{i/a}] \tilde{f}_{i/a}^{\text{NP}}$$

$$\tilde{D}_{a/i}^{\text{pheno}} = [C^{\text{ff}} \otimes d_{a/i}] \tilde{D}_{a/i}^{\text{NP}}$$

Some progress in this

direction: HSO approach *Phys.Rev.D* 107 (2023) 9, 094029 • e-Print: 2303.04921 Impose **conditions** on nonperturbative models

See talk by Ted Rogers

(Done in momentum space)

Ignazio Scimemi

$$pQCD \ tail = \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{1}{k_{T}^{2}} \left[A_{i/p}(x;\mu_{Q_{0}}) + B_{i/p}(x;\mu_{Q_{0}}) \ln \left(\frac{Q_{0}^{2}}{k_{T}^{2}}\right) + A_{i/p}^{g}(x;\mu_{Q_{0}}) \right]$$

$$2\pi \int_{0}^{\mu_{Q_{0}}} dk_{T} k_{T} f_{i/p}^{\text{operator}}(x, \boldsymbol{k}_{T}; \mu_{Q_{0}}, \mu_{Q_{0}}^{2}) = f_{i/p}^{\overline{MS}}(x; \mu_{Q_{0}}) + \Delta_{i/p}(\alpha_{s}(\mu_{Q_{0}})) + O\left(\frac{m^{2}}{\mu_{Q_{0}}^{2}}\right)$$
Integral relation
$$JOGH, T Rogers, N Sato$$
See also talk by

Phys.Rev.D 106 (2022) 3, 034002 · e-Print: 2205.05750

Need consistency conditions

$$\tilde{f}_{i/a}^{\text{pheno}} = [C^{\text{pdf}} \otimes f_{i/a}] \tilde{f}_{i/a}^{\text{NP}}$$

between cross section in the two limits

$$\tilde{D}_{a/i}^{\text{pheno}} = [C^{\text{ff}} \otimes d_{a/i}] \tilde{D}_{a/i}^{\text{NP}}$$



Quark TMDs more easily accessible



Can't forget the "glue that binds us all"

No picture will be complete without gluon TMDs

See talk by Daniël Boer

(PERSONAL)CONCLUSIONS

- Big progress on the extraction of TMDs from data: high accuracy in pQCD, flavor dependence, theoretical errors, pions!
- Important theory developments (pheno?)
- Some current challenges remain: large qT tails on data, normalization issue in SIDIS (did we agree?)
- Nice to see predictions

Thanks