

# He:CF<sub>4</sub> Gas Mixture Ratio Stability Analysis

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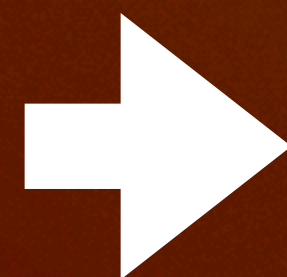
19 October 2023



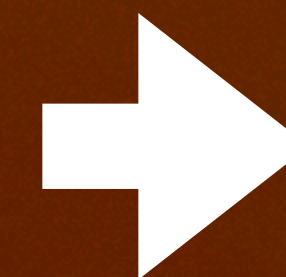
# Summary and main idea

- Useful Values
- Density Fluctuation
- Ratio Fluctuation
- Pressure Normalisation
- Conclusions

**Density  
Fluctuation**



**Mixture Ratio  
Fluctuation**



**Gain  
Fluctuation**



# Some useful values to remember

## What are we dealing with

In principle @  $p \simeq 1000$  mbar and  $T = 0$  °C:

- He:CF<sub>4</sub> (60:40)
- $\rho_{HeCF_4} = 1.68$  mg/cm<sup>3</sup>

**Underground** we have  $p \simeq 900$  mbar, so we expect:

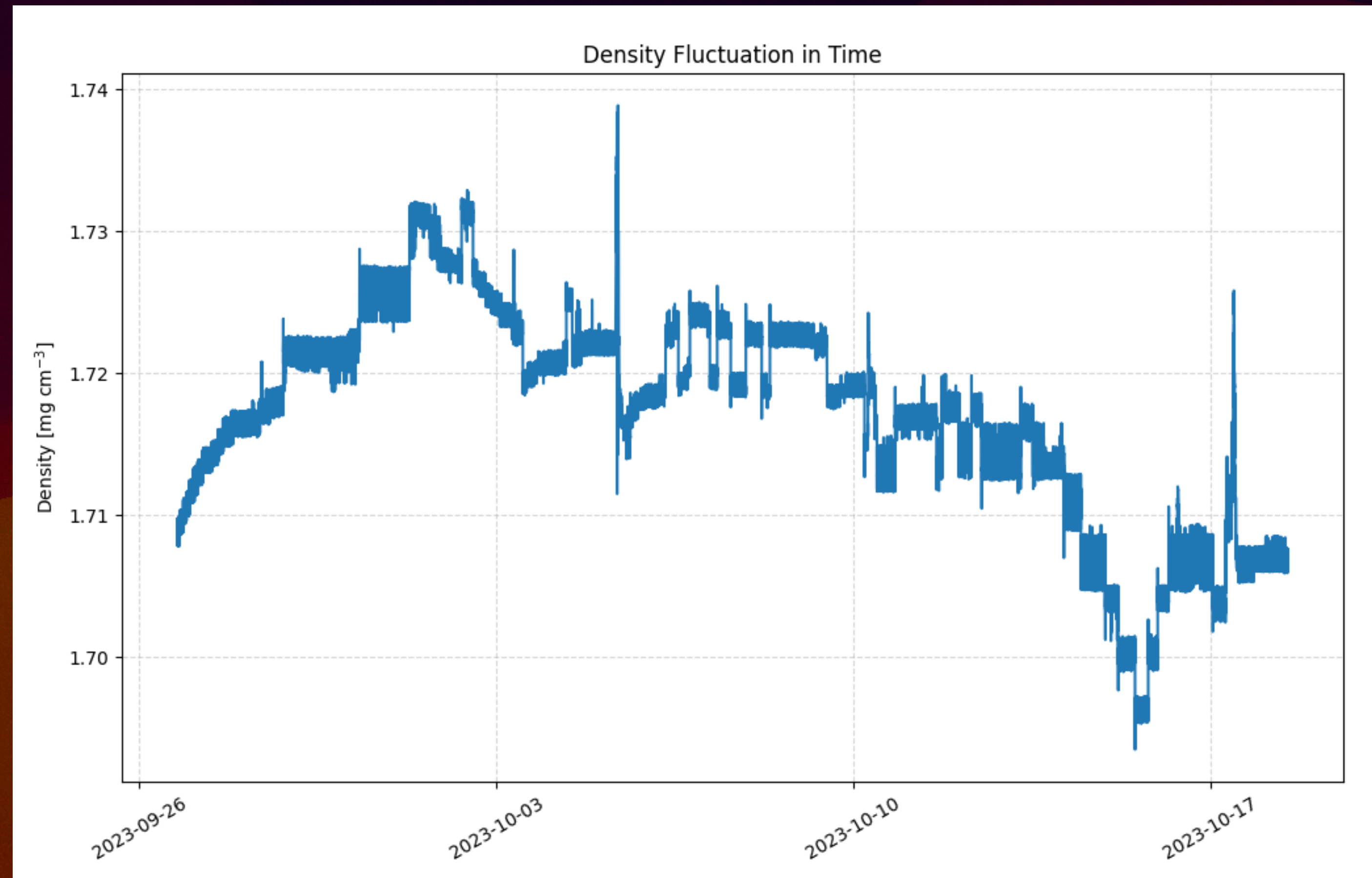
- **Still** He:CF<sub>4</sub> (60:40)
- $\rho_{HeCF_4}^{LNGS} = 1.49$  mg/cm<sup>3</sup>

**Note:** here we are assuming that the ideal gas law still holds for CF<sub>4</sub> @  $T = 0$  °C.



# Density Fluctuation

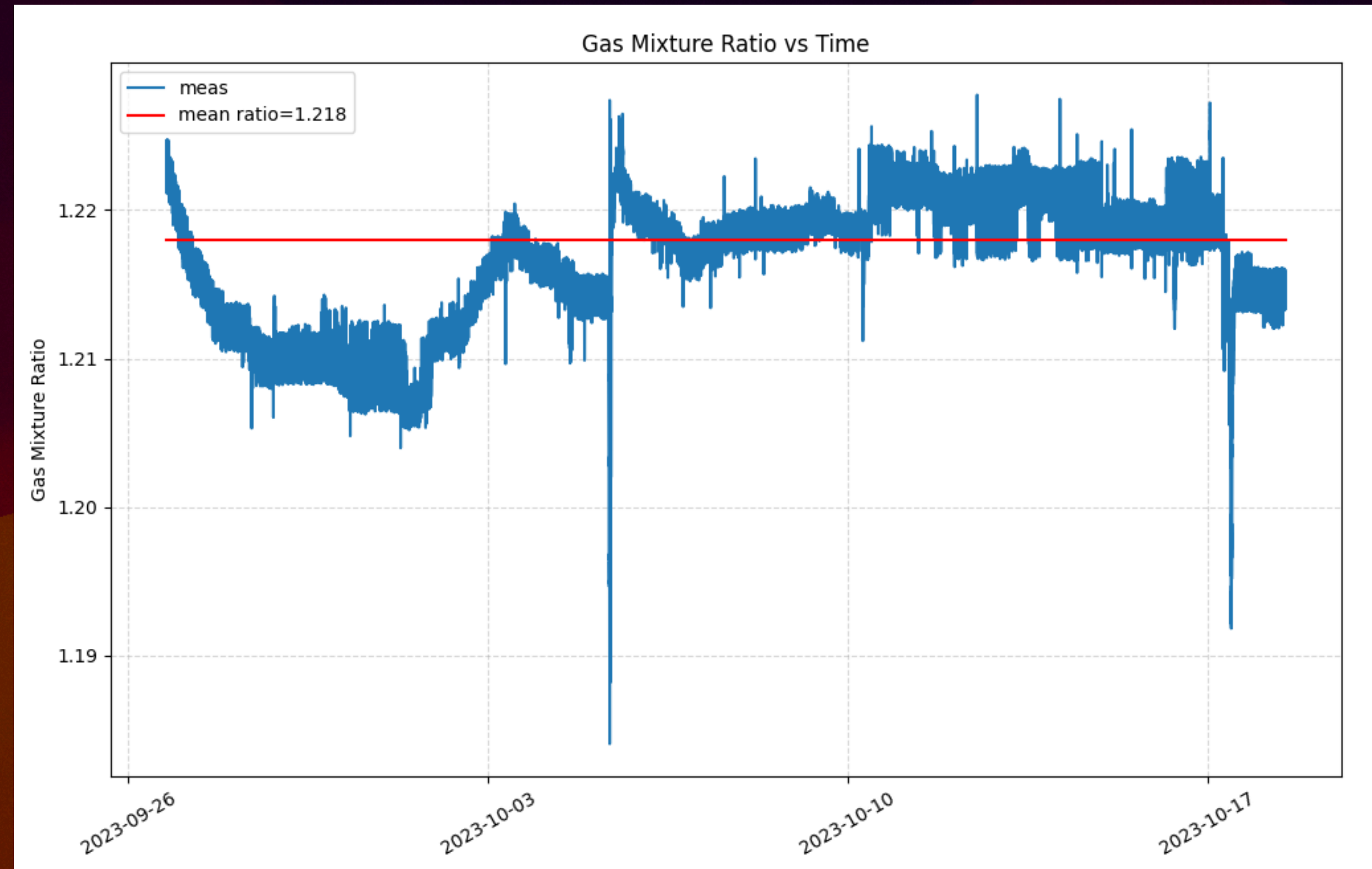
- Density measured at LNGS seems not to resemble the expected one.
- It fluctuates around a slightly higher value with respect to the expected one.





# Gas Mixture Ratio Fluctuation

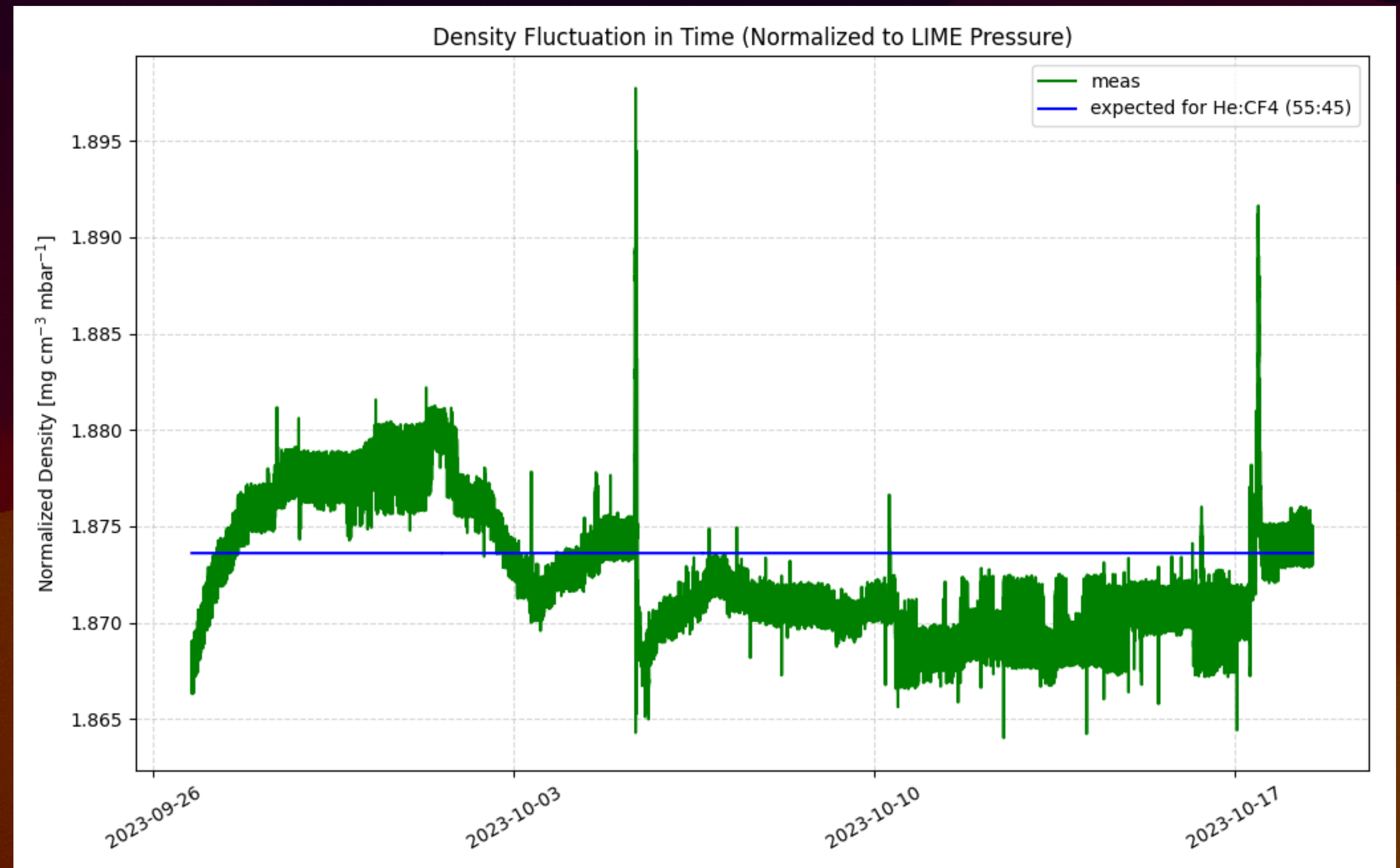
- More analytically we can invert the ideal gas law to extract the  $\text{HeCF}_4$  mix ratio fluctuation in time.
- We can clearly see that the mixture ratio, between 29<sup>th</sup> September and 18<sup>th</sup> October has always been the expected value, fluctuating around 1.218.





# Density Fluctuation - pressure normalisation

- When normalising the fluctuation to the LIME pressure, we see that the trend is compatible with the one expected for a 55:45 gas mixture.





# Conclusions

1. If there are no errors in this analysis, we can conclude that for some (at the moment unknown) reason **the gas mixture ratio is not the one expected.**
2. In principle **this ratio fluctuation should produce a fluctuation in the overall gain.**
3. The idea is now to quantify this gain variation and the entity of the consequences produced by this.





# Thank you for your attention!

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