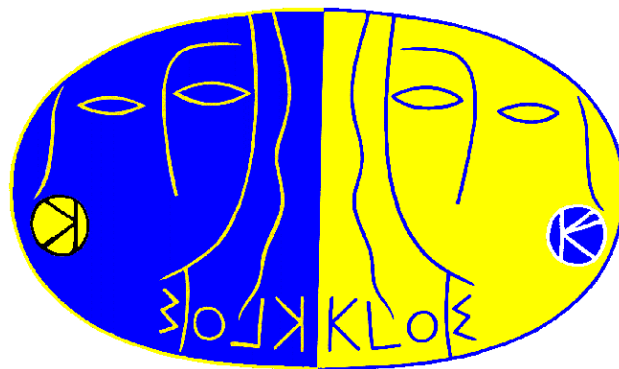


# KLOE: data analysis report



**P.Gauzzi**

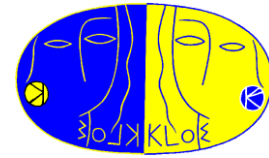
**(Universita' La Sapienza e INFN – Roma)**

**for the KLOE / KLOE-2 Collaborations**

**42<sup>nd</sup> meeting of LNF Scientific Committee**

**6 - Jun - 2011**

# Kaon physics

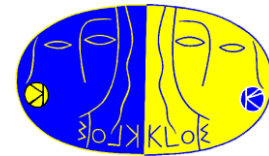


## Progress since last SC meeting

<b><math>K_S</math> lifetime</b>	<b>EPJC71(2011)1604</b>
<b><math>K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-</math></b>	<b>in progress / advanced stage</b>
<b><math>K_S \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0</math></b>	<b>update with the whole statistics / advanced stage</b>
<b><math>K_S \rightarrow \pi e \nu</math></b>	<b>update in progress</b>
<b><math>K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-</math></b>	<b>in progress</b>
<b><math>K_S</math> regeneration</b>	<b>in progress</b>
<b><math>K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0</math></b>	<b>in progress</b>
<b><math>K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi \ell \nu</math></b>	<b>in progress</b>

*K decays*

*Interferometry*



# $\text{BR}(\text{K}^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- (\gamma))$

- Measurement of the absolute BR, to complete the program of precise measurement of the dominant  $\text{K}^\pm$  decay channels
- The amplitude enters the cusp analysis of  $\text{K}^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0 \pi^0$  to extract the  $\pi\pi$  phase shift done by NA48
- Previous measurement :

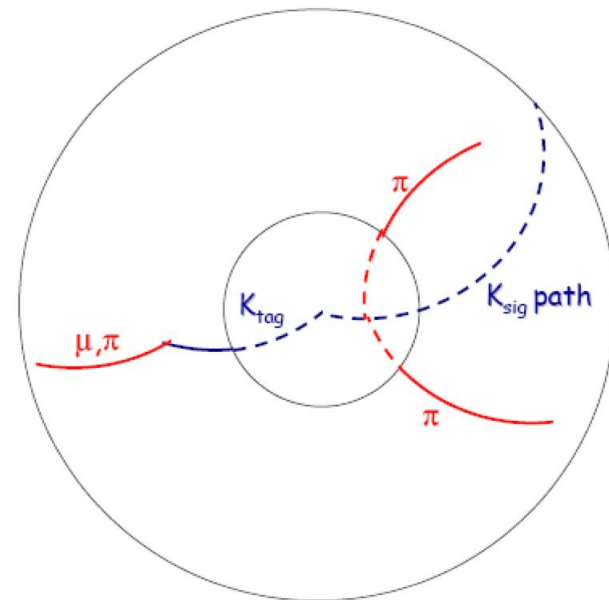
Chiang ('72) (2330 evts)  $\text{BR} = (5.56 \pm 0.20)\%$

$$\Delta\text{BR} / \text{BR} = 3.6 \times 10^{-2}$$

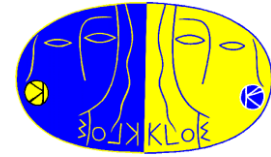
[PDG fit :  $\text{BR} = (5.59 \pm 0.04)\%$ ]

- Signal selection:

- tag with  $\text{K} \rightarrow \mu\nu, \pi\pi^0$
- 2 tracks with vertex along the  $\text{K}$  path before the DC wall
- $\text{K}$  path from the extrapolation of the tag  $\text{K}$  to I.P.
- signal peak in the missing mass distribution (3<sup>rd</sup> pion)

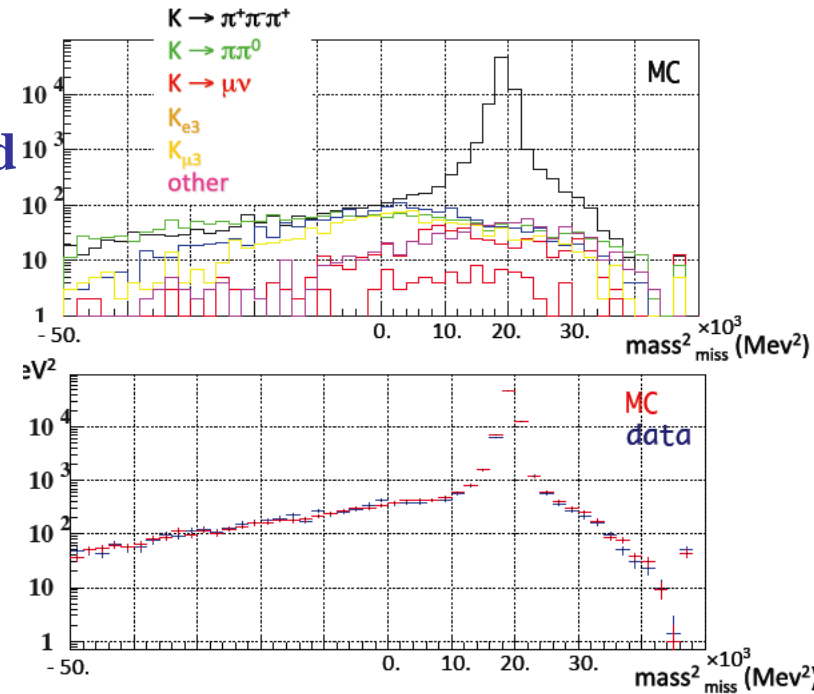


# BR(K<sup>+</sup> → π<sup>+</sup>π<sup>+</sup>π<sup>-</sup>(γ))

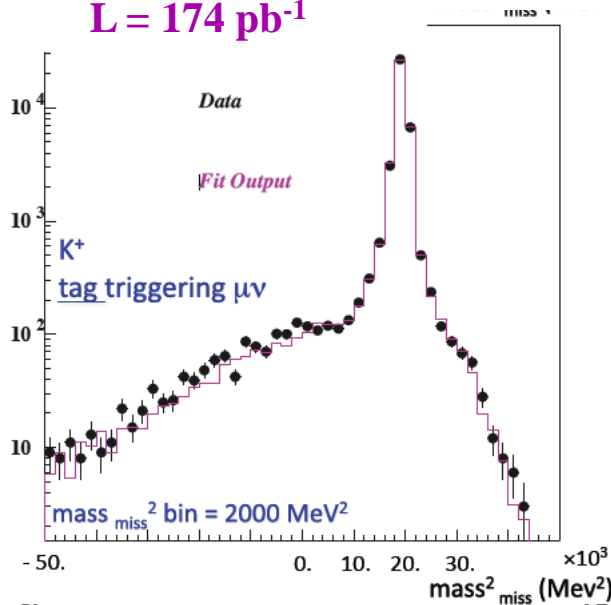


- Analyzed sample: 174 pb<sup>-1</sup>
- Efficiency evaluated by MC and corrected from data-MC comparison

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon_{\text{sel}} &= \epsilon_{\text{sel}}^{\text{kin}}(K^+ \rightarrow 3\pi) \times (\epsilon_{\text{sel}}^{\text{MC}} / \epsilon_{\text{sel}}^{\text{data}}) = \\ &= 0.068502 \pm 0.000296 \end{aligned}$$

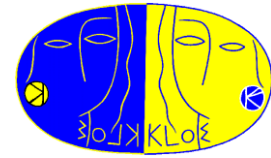


L = 174 pb<sup>-1</sup>

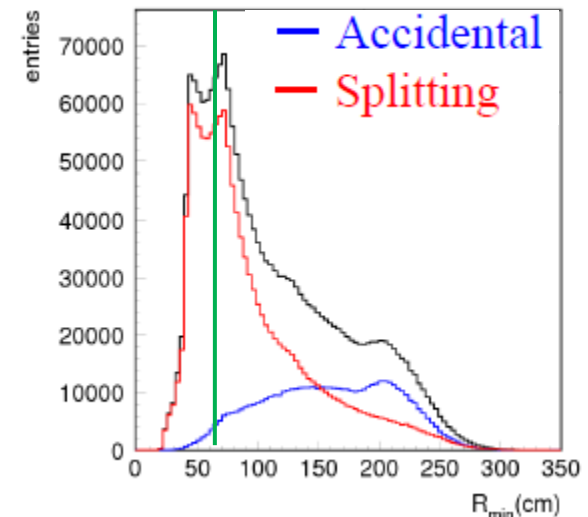
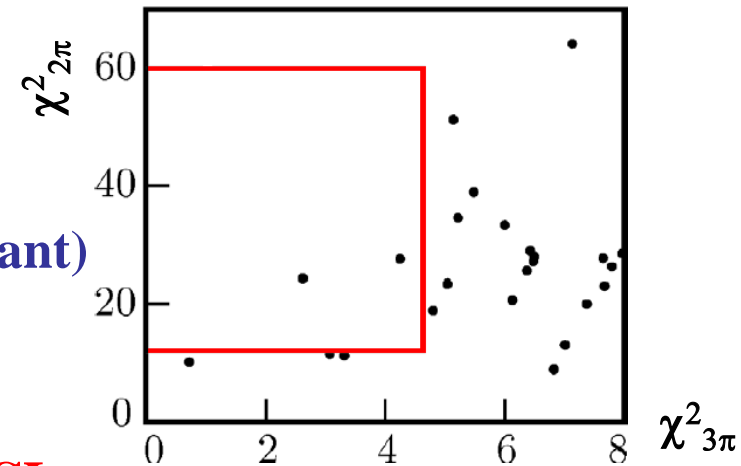


- Signal extraction from fit to  $m_{\text{miss}}^2$  spectrum with signal and bckg shapes from MC  
 $\Rightarrow \Delta\text{BR} / \text{BR} < 1 \%$  (stat.)
- Systematics under evaluation

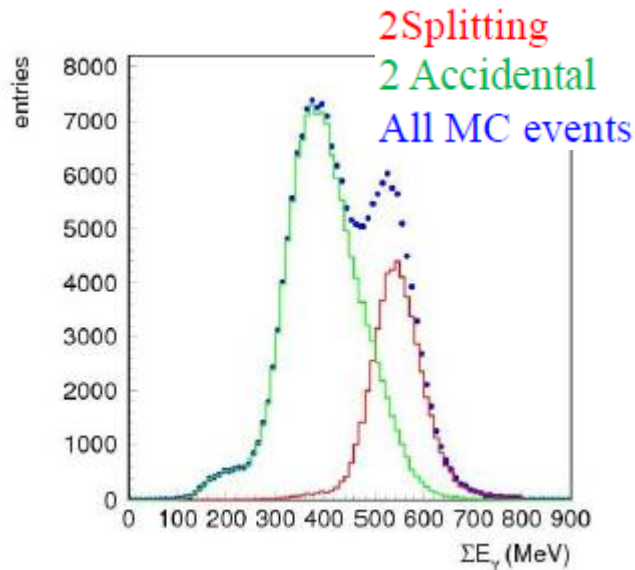
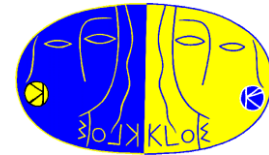
# $K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ - direct search



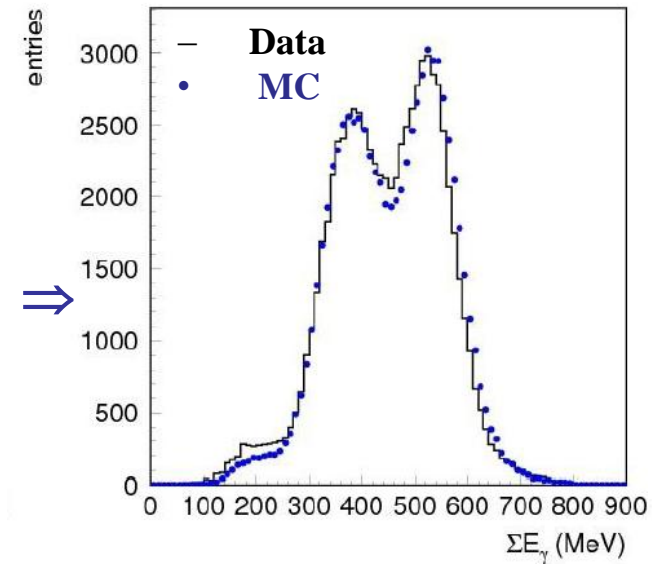
- CP violating decay; SM expect.  $\Gamma(K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0) = \Gamma(K_L \rightarrow 3\pi^0) |\eta_{000}|^2 \Rightarrow \text{BR} \sim 2 \times 10^{-9}$
- Tag by  $K_L$  interactions ( $K_L$  crash) in the EmC  
 $\Rightarrow$  look for events with 6 prompt  $\gamma$
- Background:
  - $K_S \rightarrow 2\pi^0 + 2$  split/accidental clusters (dominant)
  - fake  $K_L$  crashes
- Old KLOE analysis [PLB619(2005)61]:  
 $450 \text{ pb}^{-1} \Rightarrow \text{BR}(K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0) < 1.2 \times 10^{-7} @ 90\% \text{ CL}$
- Update with the whole statistics (  $2.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  ) :
  - fake  $K_L$  crashes rejected by hardening the  $\beta^*(K_L)$  cut
  - splitting reduced by requiring a minimum distance between clusters  $R_{\min} > 65 \text{ cm}$



# $K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ - direct search

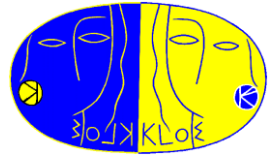


after MC correction  
for splitting/accidental  
probabilities from data ⇒



- Good agreement data-MC
- After the analysis cut optimization ⇒ **0.3 bckg events expected from MC in the signal box**
- Evaluation of systematics in progress
- New MC generation needed ( × 5 stat.)

# $K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

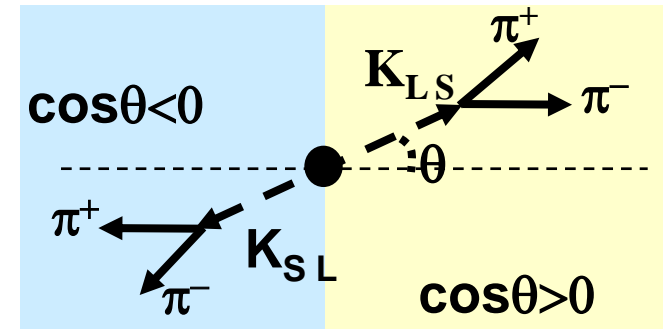


- **Standard Model Extension** [Kostelecky et al., PRD61(1999)016002, PRD64(2001)076001]  
 $\Rightarrow$  possibility of violation of CPT and Lorentz symmetry

$$\varepsilon_{S,L} = \varepsilon \pm \delta$$

$$\delta(\vec{p}_K, t) = i \sin \varphi_{SW} e^{i\varphi_{SW}} \gamma_K (\Delta a_0 - \vec{\beta}_K \cdot \Delta \vec{a}) / \Delta m$$

(analysis vs polar angle  $\theta$  and sidereal time  $t$ )



- **With  $L = 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  (preliminary):**

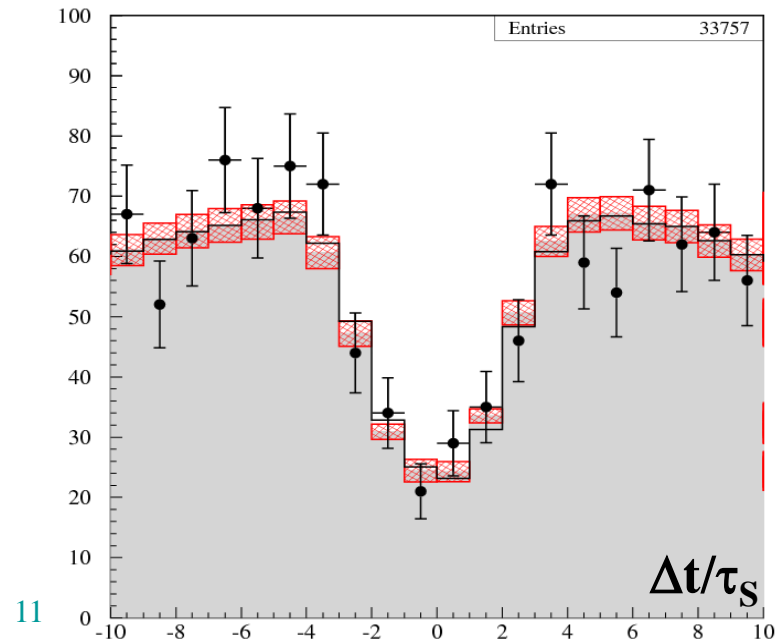
$$\Delta a_X = (-6.3 \pm 6.0) \times 10^{-18} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta a_Y = (2.8 \pm 5.9) \times 10^{-18} \text{ GeV}$$

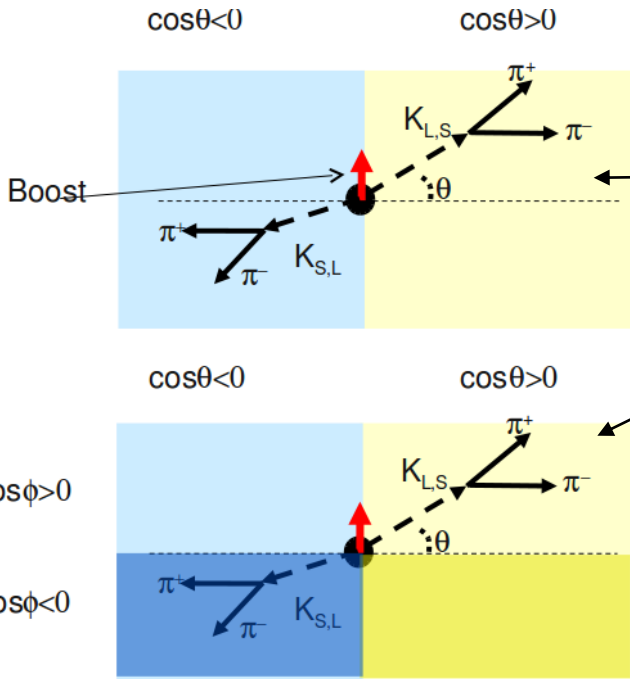
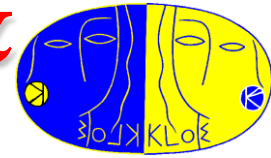
$$\Delta a_Z = (2.4 \pm 9.7) \times 10^{-18} \text{ GeV}$$

**KTeV** :  $\Delta a_X, \Delta a_Y < 9.2 \times 10^{-22} \text{ GeV @ 90\% CL}$

**BABAR**  $\Delta a_{x,y}^B, (\Delta a_0^B - 0.30 \Delta a_Z^B) \sim O(10^{-13} \text{ GeV})$   
 [PRL 100 (2008) 131802]



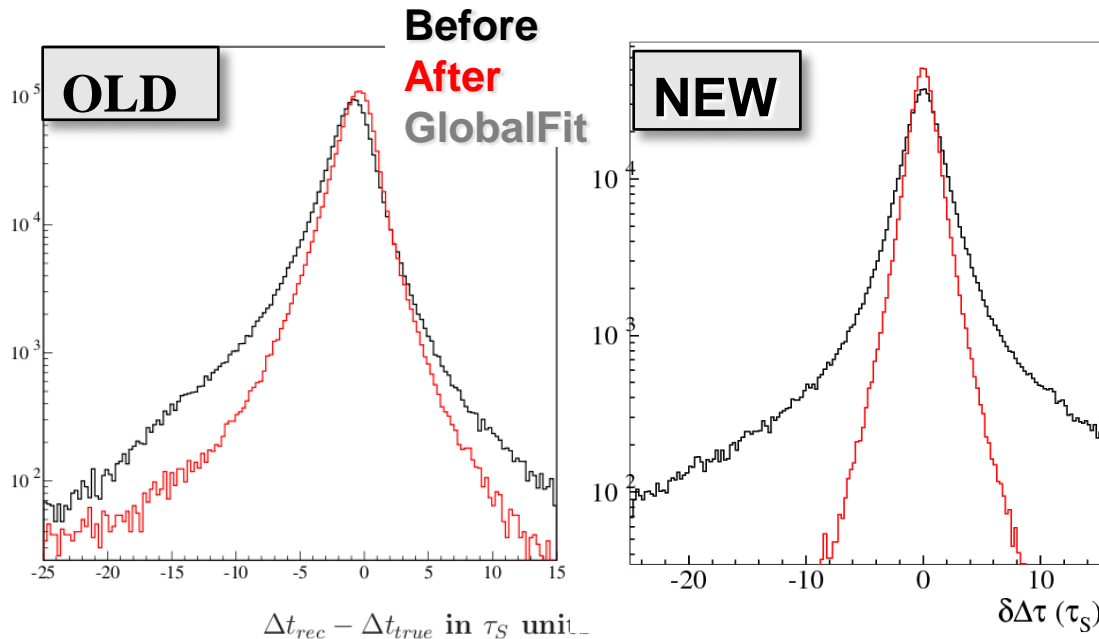
# Perspectives: new method & refined techniques



Possible effects due to  $\Delta a_0 (\sim \gamma_K)$  are **washed out** in the old approach: **forward ( $\cos\theta > 0$ ) - backward ( $\cos\theta < 0$ )** analysis.

New method exploiting the **quadrant ( $\cos\theta > 0$   $\cos\phi > 0$ ) - ( $\cos\theta < 0$   $\cos\phi < 0$ )** analysis is under way.

Refining the techniques used to select and to analyse data it is possible to improve the resolution, acquiring more sensitivity on CPTV parameters

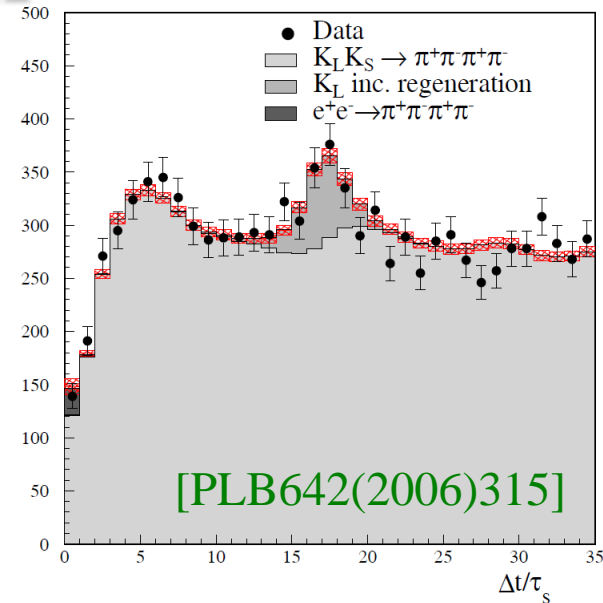
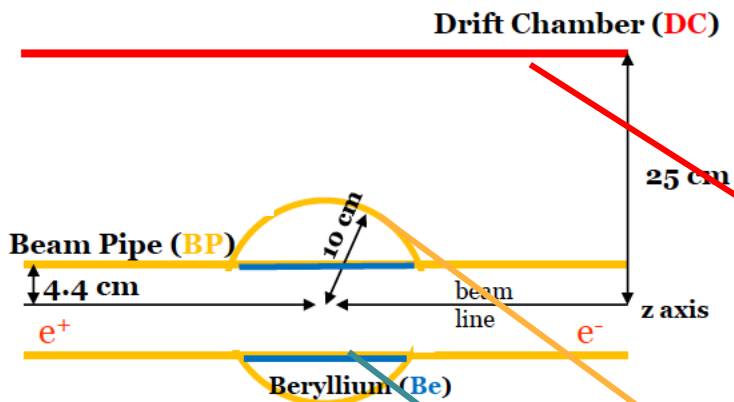




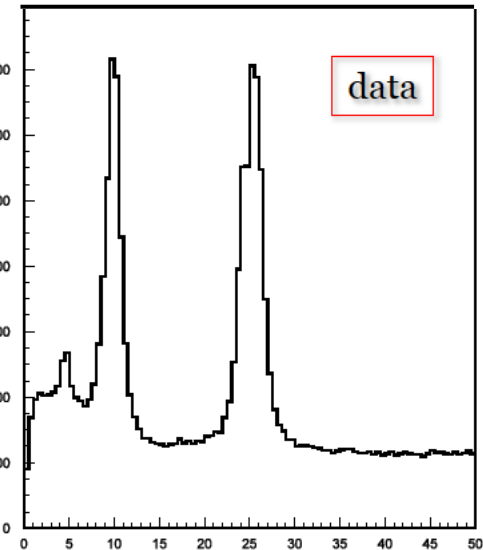
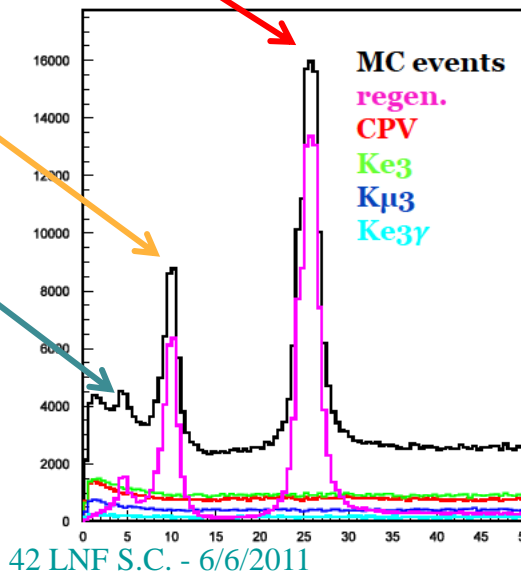
# $K_S$ regeneration



- The  $K_S$  regeneration in the beam pipe is a source of systematic error for the measurement of  $K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

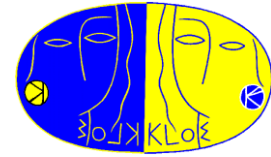


Data sample:  $1.7 \text{ fb}^{-1} \Rightarrow$   
 $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$  events

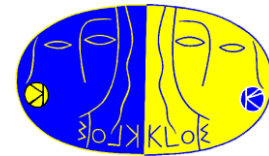


$$\rho = \sqrt{(x^2 + y^2)} \text{ (cm)}$$

# Hadronic physics



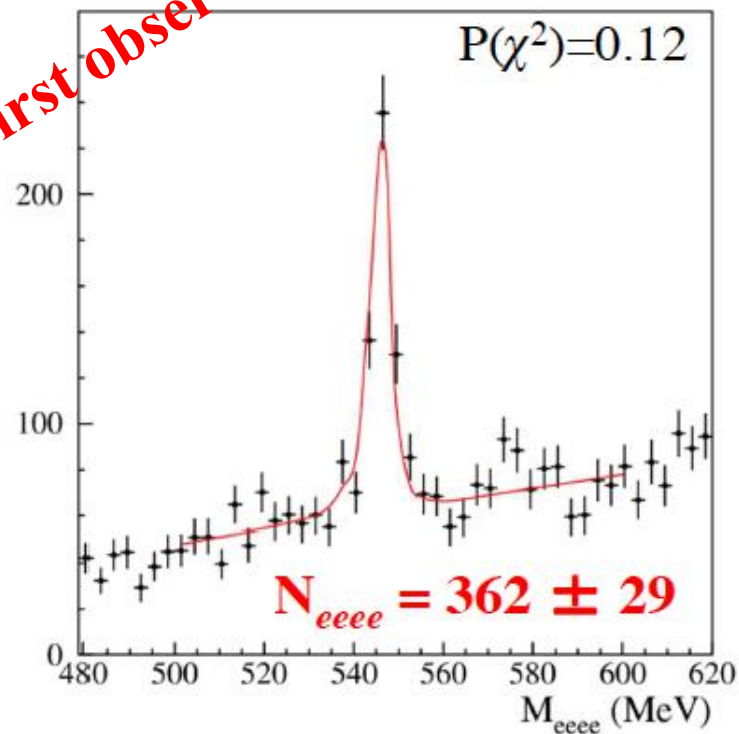
Progress since last SC meeting	
<i>η decays</i>	$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$ <b>PLB694(2010)16</b>
	$\eta \rightarrow e^+e^-e^+e^-$ <b>final result submitted to PLB</b>
	$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ <b>in progress</b>
<i>γγ physics</i>	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ <b>in progress</b>
	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$ <b>in progress</b>
	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$ <b>in progress</b>
<i>σ<sub>had</sub></i>	<b>σ<sub>had</sub>: Large angle analysis</b> <b>PLB700(2011)102</b>
	<b>σ<sub>had</sub>: ππγ/μμγ</b> <b>preliminary result almost ready</b>
<i>Search for Dark Forces</i>	$\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+e^-, \eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ <b>preliminary result almost ready</b>
	$\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+e^-, \eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ <b>in progress</b>
	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- + \text{missing energy}$ <b>in progress</b>



$$\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$$

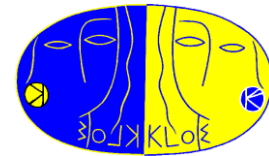
- Theoretical predictions:  $\text{BR} \sim 2.4 - 2.6 \times 10^{-5}$
- $\text{BR} < 6.9 \times 10^{-5}$  @90%C.L. (CMD-2, 2001)  
 $\text{BR} < 9.7 \times 10^{-5}$  @90%C.L. (WASA, 2008)  
(2 evts, with 1.3 bckg)
- $L = 1.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  (same data set analyzed for  
 $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$  [PLB675(2009)283])
- MC simulation according to  
Bijnens and Persson [hep-ph/0106130]
- Fit with signal + background from  
continuum ( $e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$  with  $\gamma$  conversion)

**First observation**



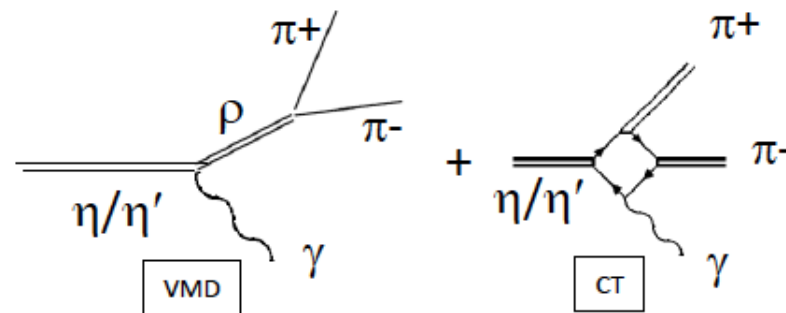
$$\text{BR}(\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^- (\gamma)) = (2.4 \pm 0.2_{stat} \pm 0.1_{syst}) \times 10^{-5}$$

submitted to PLB [arXiv:1105.6067]



# $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$

- $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$  : study of the box anomaly vs resonant contribution
- $M_{\pi\pi}$  distribution needed
- Existing measurements not sufficient for unambiguous interpretation  
[Benayoun et al., EPJC31, 525 (2003)]



- CLEO result (2007) is 2 – 3  $\sigma$  lower than previous measurements

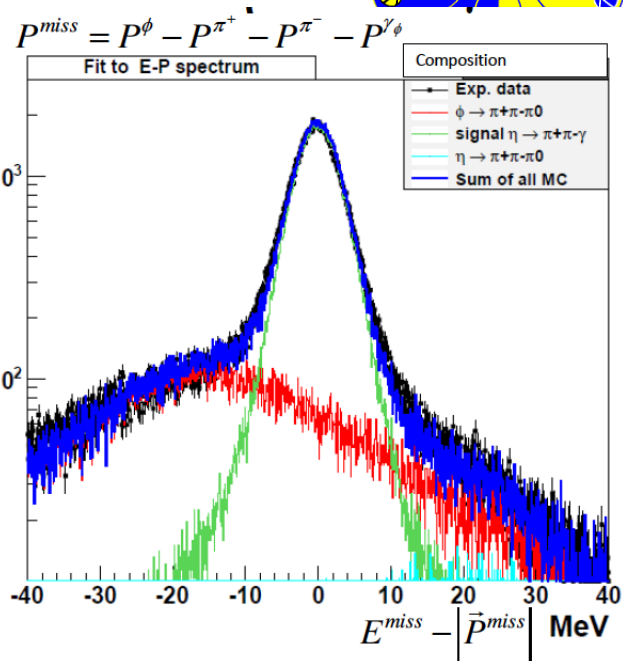
$$\Gamma(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma) / \Gamma(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$$

value	events	author	year
$0.203 \pm 0.008$	PDG average		
$0.175 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.006$	859	Lopez	2007
$0.209 \pm 0.004$	18 k	Thaler	1973
$0.201 \pm 0.006$	7250	Gormley	1970

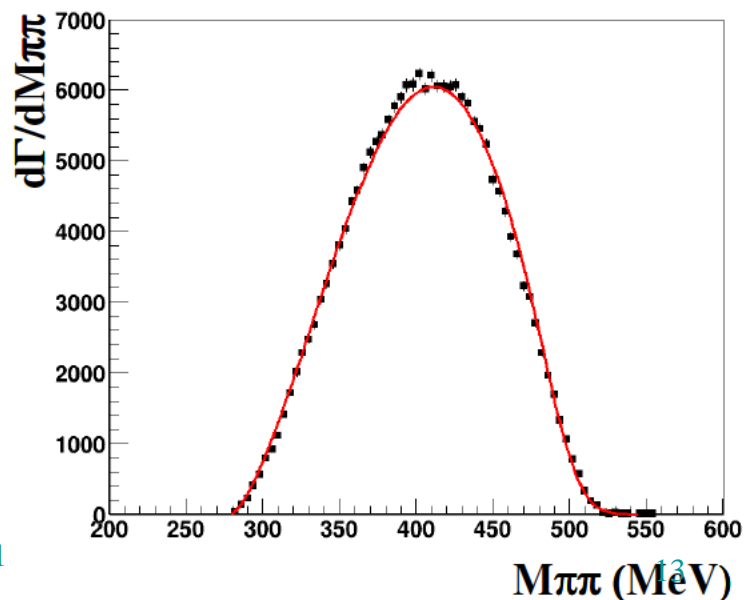
# $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$

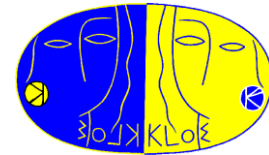


- $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma, \eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma : L = 558 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- **Normalization to  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$**
- **Main background:  $\phi \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$**
- **Signal  $\varepsilon = 21 \%$  (from MC)**
- **Signal extraction from fit to  $E_{\text{miss}} - \vec{p}_{\text{miss}}$**   
 $\sim 205 \times 10^3$  signal events
- **Systematics under evaluation**

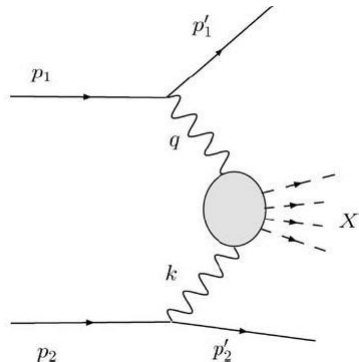


- **First attempt to fit the  $M_{\pi\pi}$  distribution after bckg subtraction (smearing not taken into account)**
- **Next: fit with the theoretical function from Benayoun et al., EPJC31, 525 (2003)**
- **KLOE-2:  $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma \Rightarrow 10^5$  events expected  $\Rightarrow$  more sensitive to box anomaly**





# $\gamma\gamma$ physics



$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma^*\gamma^* \rightarrow e^+e^-X$$

$$[C(X) = +1]$$

$$\frac{dN}{dW_{\gamma\gamma}} = L_{\text{int}} \frac{dF}{dW_{\gamma\gamma}} \sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow X)$$

•  $X = \pi^0\pi^0 \Rightarrow$  search for  $\sigma(600)$

•  $X = \pi^0, \eta$

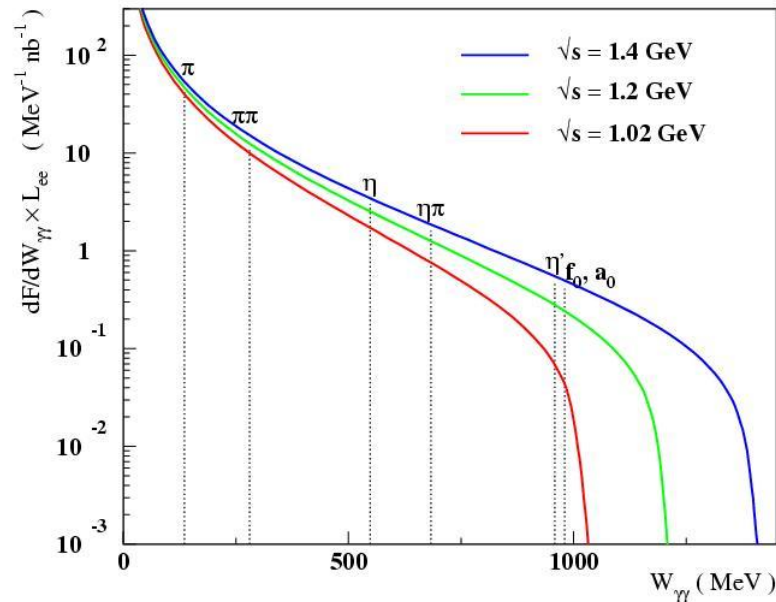
–  $\Gamma(X \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$

– Transition form factors  $\mathcal{F}_{X\gamma^*\gamma^*}(q_1^2, q_2^2)$

(input for the calculation of the Light-by-Light contribution to  $(g-2)_\mu$ )

• KLOE: no  $e^\pm$  tagging  $\Rightarrow \sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ GeV}$

• KLOE-2 :  $\sqrt{s} = M_\phi \Rightarrow$  Tagger is essential to reduce the background from the  $\phi$  and to close the kinematics



# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta, \eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$



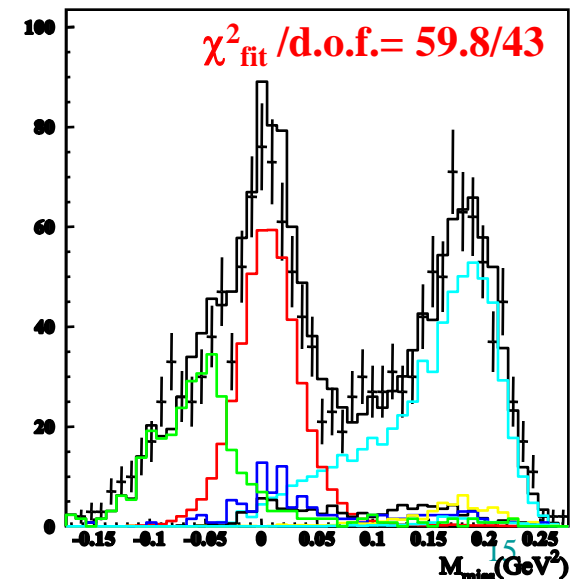
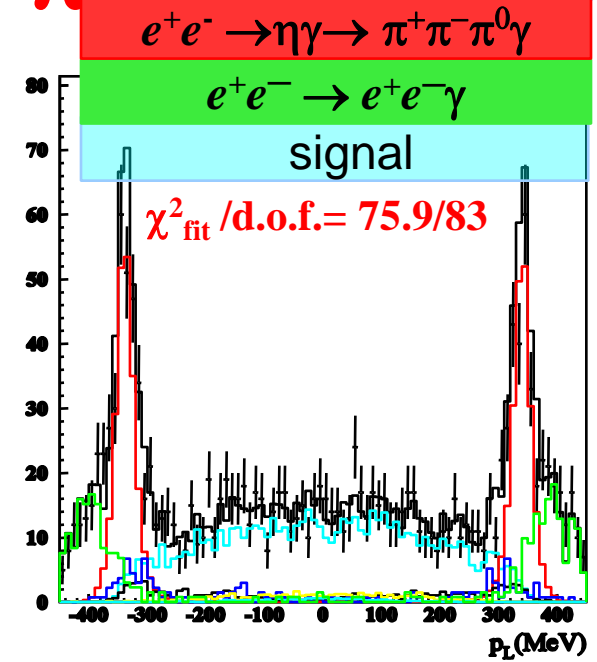
- KLOE: 240 pb<sup>-1</sup> off-peak ( $\sqrt{s} = 1$  GeV)
- Sample: 2  $\gamma$  + 2 tracks with opposite charge
- Main bckg:  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\gamma$   
(with the recoil photon lost in the beam pipe)

	$\epsilon$
Signal $\eta$	0.196
$\eta\gamma$	$9.1 \times 10^{-3}$
$\omega\pi^0$	$6.5 \times 10^{-5}$
$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	$1.5 \times 10^{-5}$
$K^+K^-$	$1.9 \times 10^{-5}$
$K_S K_L$	$2.6 \times 10^{-5}$
$e^+e^-\gamma$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-7})$

⇒ 1576 events after the selection

- Fit to  $\eta$  longitudinal momentum ( $p_L$ ) and missing mass ( $M_{\text{miss}}$ )

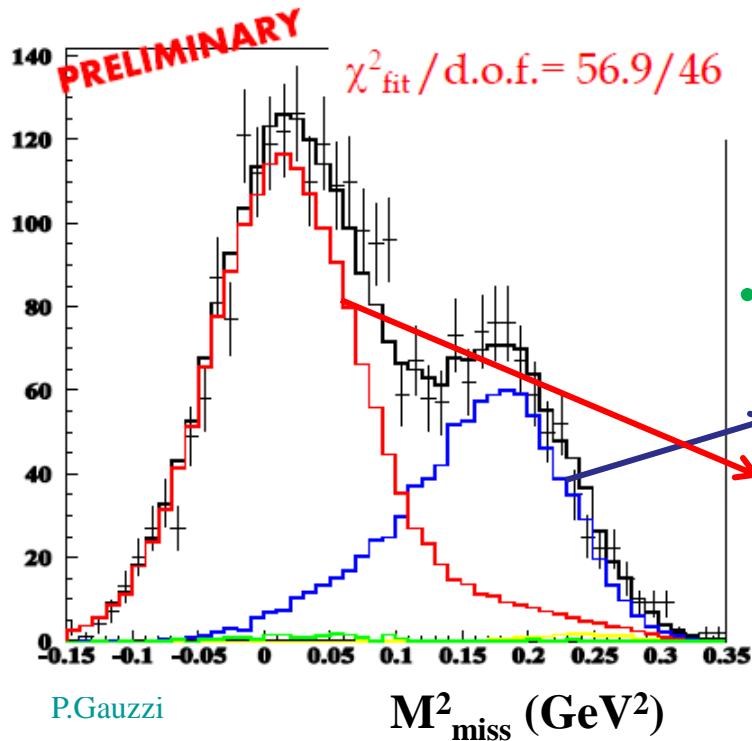
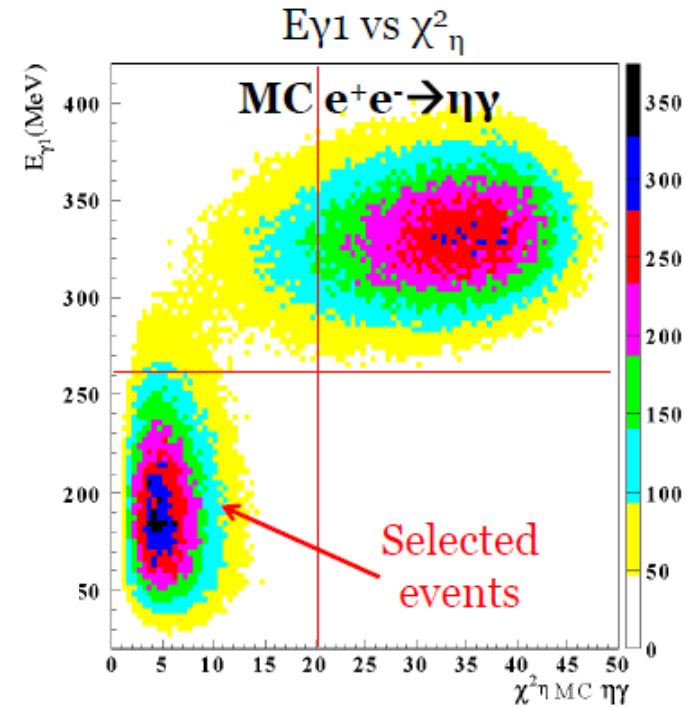
⇒ 650 signal events from fit



# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta, \eta \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$



- Events with 6 prompt photons and no tracks
- **Background:**  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0\gamma$   
(with the recoil photon lost in the beam pipe)
- Cut on the most energetic photon ( $< 260$  MeV)  
and on the  $\chi^2$  of the kinematic fit



- **Fit of the missing mass distribution:**

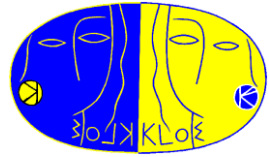
⇒ 921 signal events

⇒ 1760  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma$  events

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0\gamma, 1 \text{ GeV}) = (0.285 \pm 0.005_{\text{stat}}) \text{ nb}$$



# $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma) @ 1 \text{ GeV}$



- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\gamma$ : 3 photons + 2 tracks

pion ID, kinematic cuts to suppress background from kaons

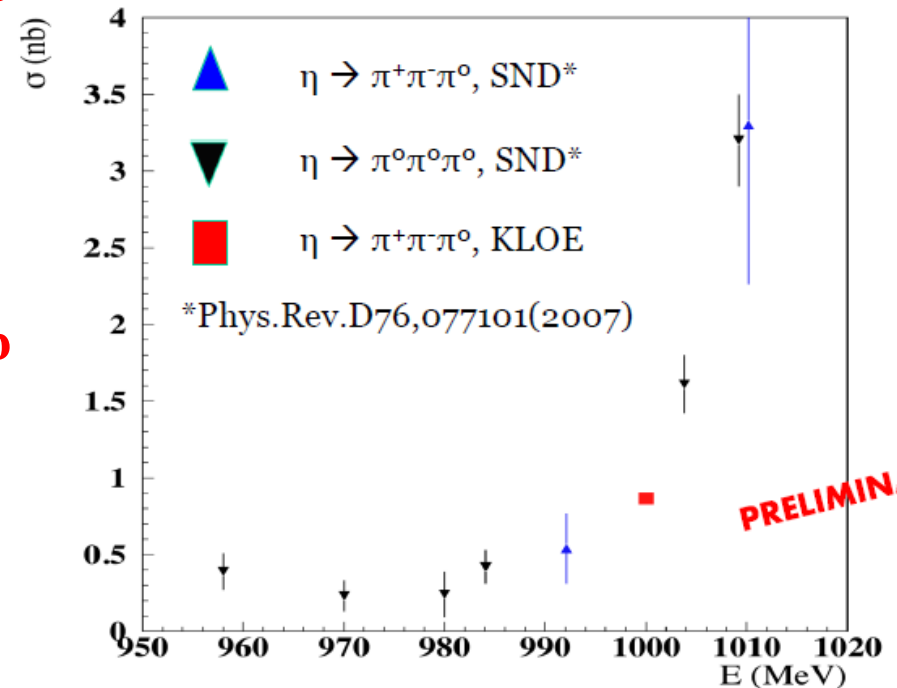
$$\Rightarrow \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\gamma, 1 \text{ GeV}) = (0.198 \pm 0.002_{\text{stat}}) \text{ nb}$$

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma, 1 \text{ GeV}) = (0.866 \pm 0.009_{\text{stat}}) \text{ nb}$$

- In agreement with the result from  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma, 1 \text{ GeV}) = (0.875 \pm 0.009_{\text{stat}}) \text{ nb}$$

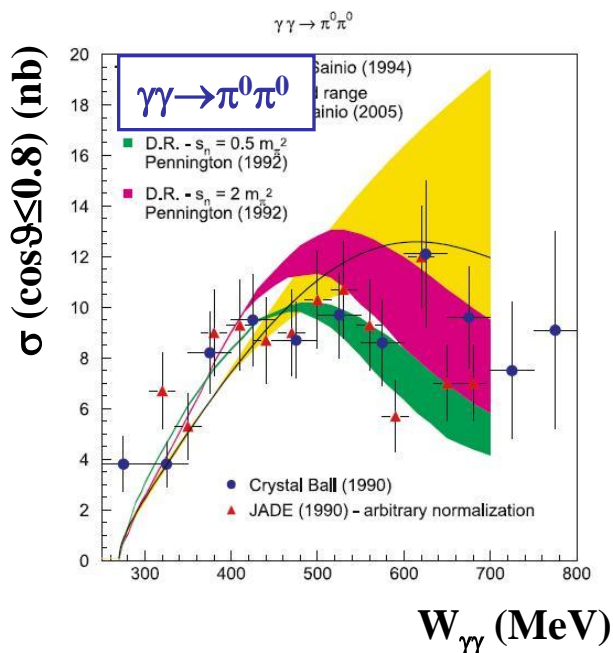
- Systematics under evaluation



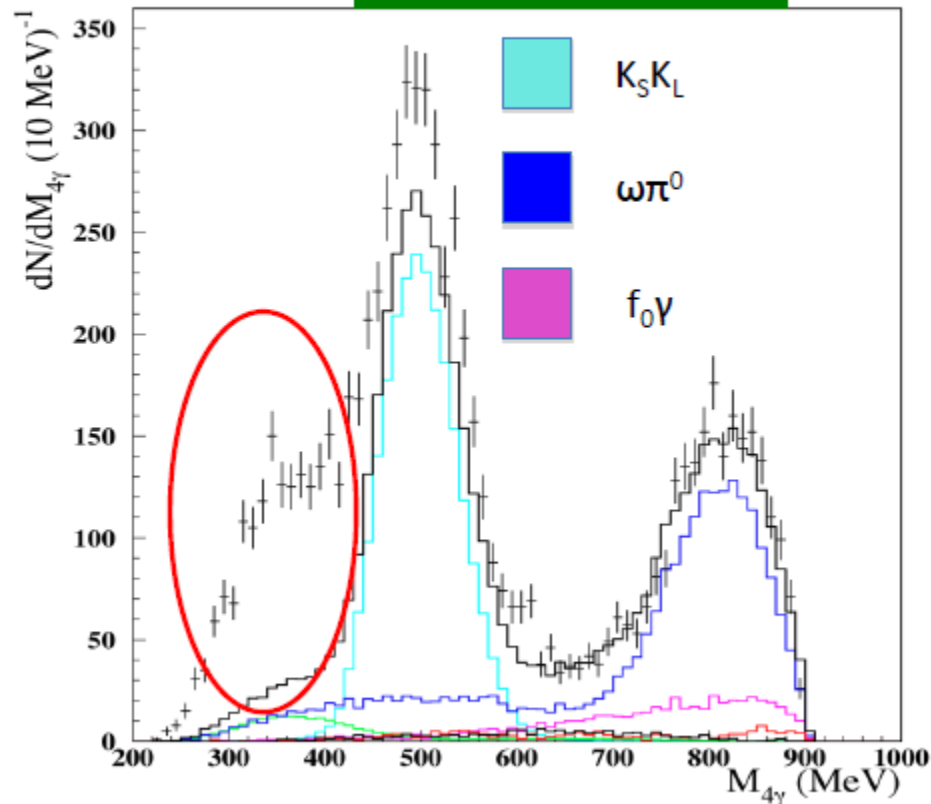


# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \pi^0\pi^0$
- 4 prompt photons
- $240 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  off-peak ( $\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ GeV}$ )
- **Excess of events with respect to background in the low mass region**
- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$  cross-section evaluation in progress



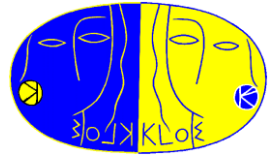
8090 events after selections



4 $\gamma$  invariant mass distribution

**KLOE-2:  $O(10 \text{ fb}^{-1})$  at  $\sqrt{s} = M_\phi$  with  $e^\pm$  tagging**  
 **$\Rightarrow$  2% statistical accuracy using the same energy bin as Crystal Ball ( $\sim 20\%$  error)**

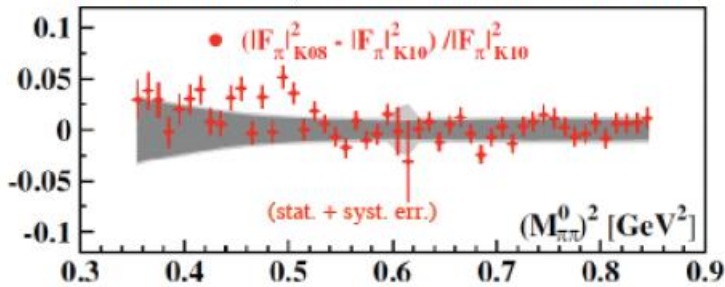
# $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$ with ISR



- Large Angle analysis published: PLB700(2011)102

$$a_\mu^{\pi\pi}(0.1 - 0.85 \text{ GeV}^2) = (478.5 \pm 2.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 4.8_{\text{sys}} \pm 2.9_{\text{theo}}) \times 10^{-10}$$

KLOE08-KLOE10 fractional difference



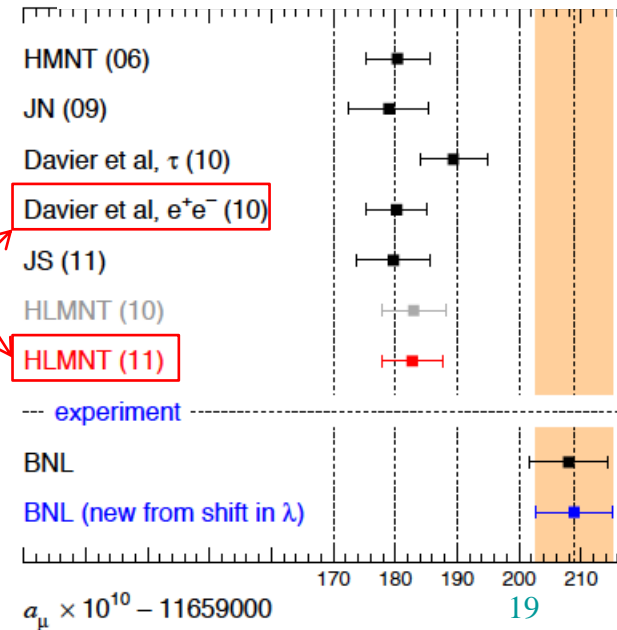
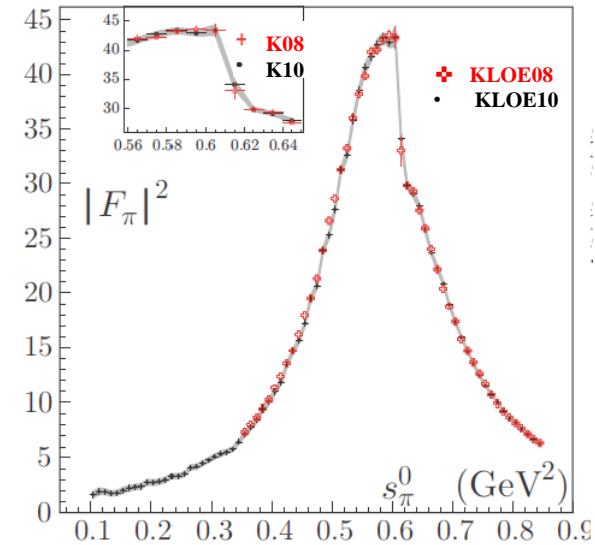
(Grey band = L.A. error)

- Combined Small Angle (KLOE08) and Large Angle (KLOE10) :

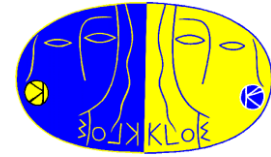
$$a_\mu^{\pi\pi}(0.1 - 0.95 \text{ GeV}^2) = (488.6 \pm 5.0) \times 10^{-10}$$

include KLOE08 and KLOE10 results

3.3  $\sigma$  discrepancy  $a_\mu^{\text{SM}} - a_\mu^{\text{exp}}$  confirmed



# Pion FF from $\pi\pi\gamma/\mu\mu\gamma$

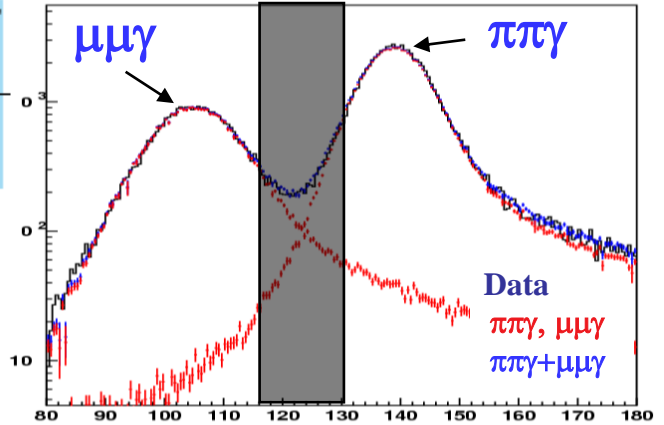


- $|F_\pi|^2$  from the ratio  $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma)/\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma)$  at  $\sqrt{s} = M_\phi$

$$|F_\pi(s')|^2 \cdot \underbrace{(1 + \eta(s'))}_{\text{Corr. due to FSR}} = \frac{4(1 + 2m_\mu^2/s')\beta_\mu}{\beta_\pi^3} \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{d\sigma_{\pi\pi\gamma}}{ds'}\right)^{ISR+FSR}}{\left(\frac{d\sigma_{\mu\mu\gamma}}{ds'}\right)^{ISR}}$$

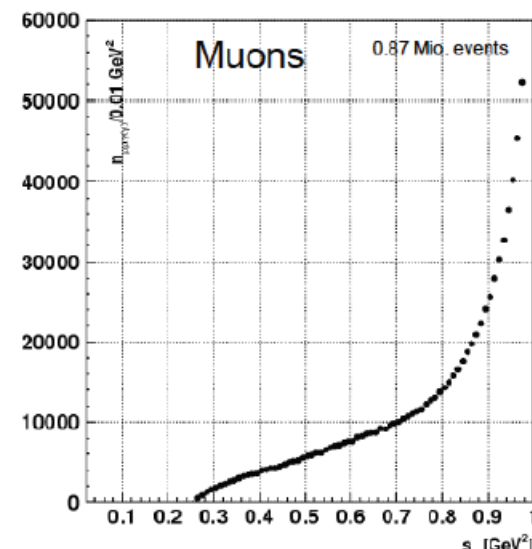
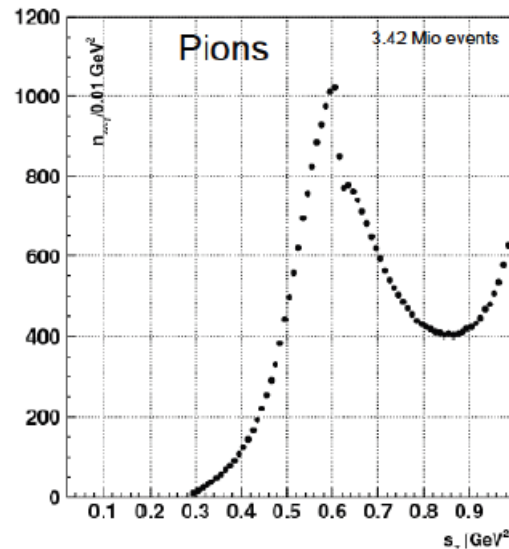
„Observed“ cross sections

↳  $a_\mu$  disp. integral



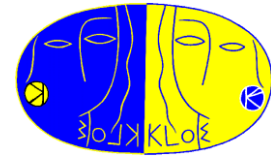
- Many factors cancel in the ratio:
  - radiator function
  - luminosity from Bhabhas
  - vacuum polarization

$M_{Trk}[\text{MeV}]$

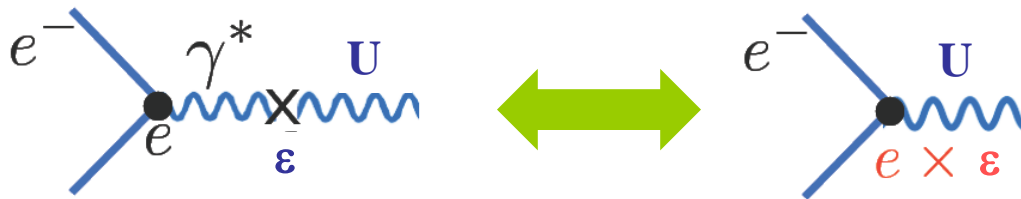


• Preliminary result will be released soon  
 ⇒ we plan to show it at HEP EPS 2011 in Grenoble

# Search for dark forces



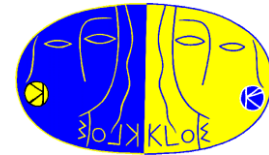
- Recent astrophysical observations (PAMELA, ATIC, INTEGRAL, DAMA/LIBRA) can be interpreted by assuming the existence of a dark sector that interacts with SM particles through a mixing of a new gauge boson,  $U$  with  $O(1 \text{ GeV})$  mass, with the photon



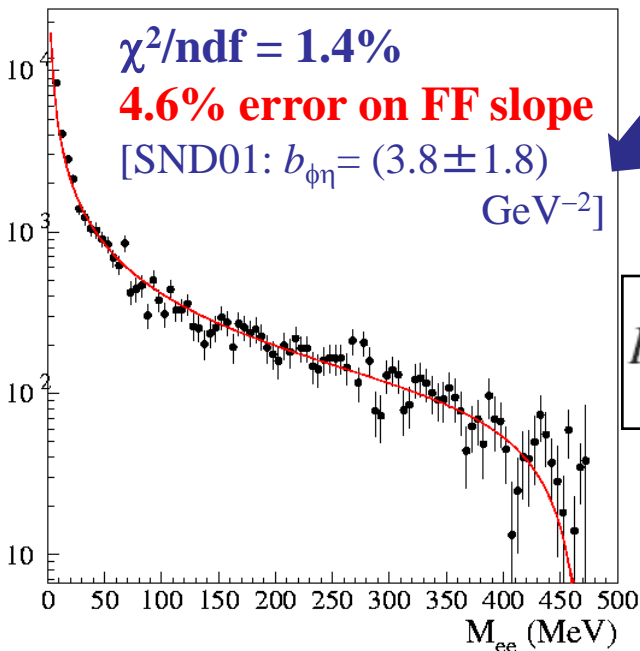
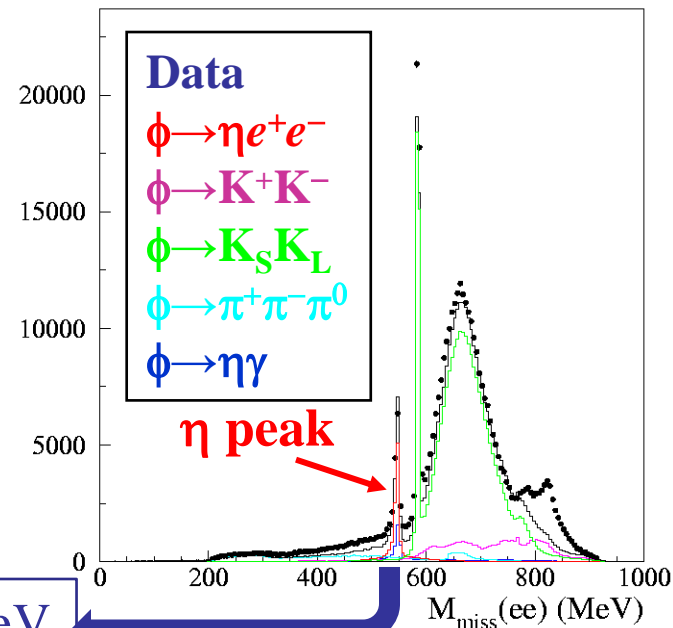
[Arkani-Hamed et al. PRLD79(2009), 015014  
Essig et al., PRD80(2009)015003]

- If the mixing parameter  $\epsilon \sim 10^{-3} - 10^{-4} \Rightarrow$  could be observable at KLOE
- Possible signatures:
  - $e^+e^- \rightarrow U\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma \Rightarrow e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$  under evaluation
  - rare meson decays,  $\phi \rightarrow \eta U, U \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ ;  $\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+e^-$   $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0 / \eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
  - if there is a dark higgs particle ( $h'$ ), with  $m_{h'} < M_U$   
 $\Rightarrow$  higgs'-strahlung  $e^+e^- \rightarrow U^* \rightarrow U h'$ , with  $U \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$  (two leptons + missing energy,  $h'$  undetected)

# $\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$ , $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$



- Analysis performed on **739 pb<sup>-1</sup>**
- **4 tracks in a cylinder around IP + 2 prompt  $\gamma$**
- **Main bckg: Dalitz decays  $\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$**
- **Best  $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$  match to the  $\eta$  mass**
- **$\sim 7000 \phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$  with  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$  candidates**
- **Very small contamination from  $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$  events**



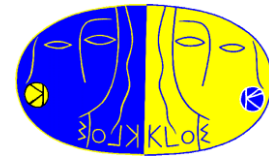
$535 < M_{\text{miss}}(ee) < 560 \text{ MeV}$

- **Extract form factor slope from fit to  $M_{ee}$**

$$F(q^2) = \frac{1}{1 - q^2/\Lambda^2}$$

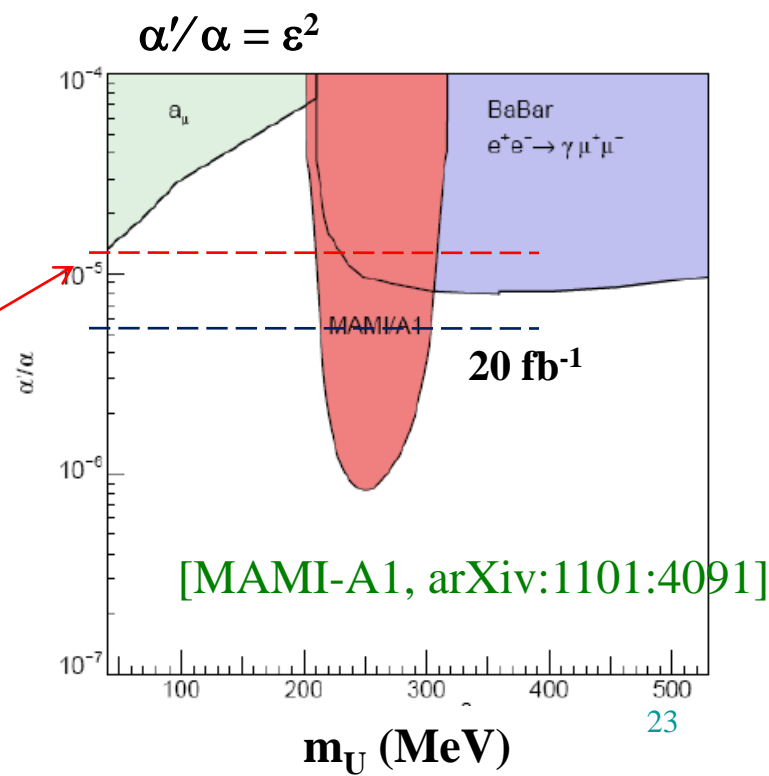
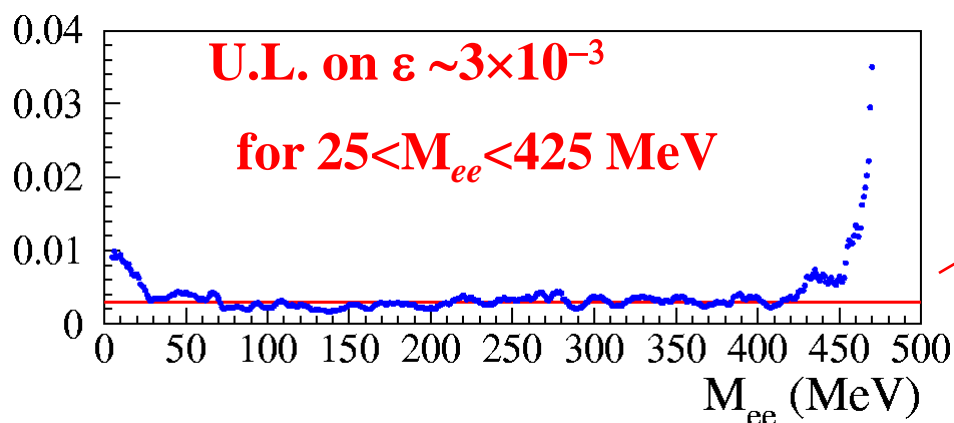
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} b = dF/dq^2|_{q^2=0} \\ b_{\phi\eta} = \Lambda_{\phi\eta}^{-2} \approx 1/m_\phi^2 \approx 1 \text{ GeV}^{-2} \end{array} \right.$$

[Landsberg, Phys.Rept.128(1985)301]

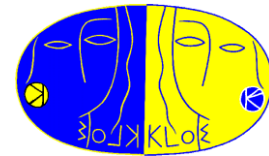


# Exclusion plot for $\varepsilon$

- $\phi \rightarrow \eta U$  MC sample [Reece-Wang, JHEP0907:051 (2009)] divided in sub-samples of 1 MeV in  $M_{ee}$ (true)
- Expected background ( $\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$ ) shape from our fit to  $M_{ee}$  distribution repeated each time excluding the 5 bins around the selected one
- For each  $M_{ee}$ (true) bin, signal hypothesis excluded @ 95% C.L. using the  $CL_s$  method



- Can be combined with  $\phi \rightarrow \eta U$  with  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$



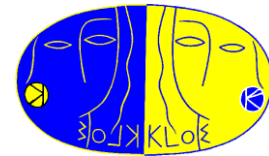
# Conclusions

- **Achievements in 2010 – first half of 2011:**
  - 3 published papers
  - 1 paper submitted to PLB
  - 4 analyses in well advanced stage (preliminary results almost ready)
  - many analyses in progress

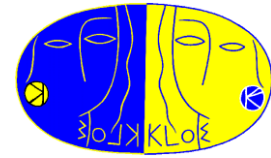
## Planned analyses

$K_L$ lifetime	preliminary (2009)
FF from $K_{\ell 3}$	update
$K^\pm$ lifetime	update
$K^\pm_{\ell 3}$	update
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	update with the whole statistics starting /PHD student from Uppsala
$\eta' \rightarrow \eta\pi\pi$	update with the whole statistics starting / Post doc from Uppsala
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma\gamma$	preliminary (2008) -- no data available now



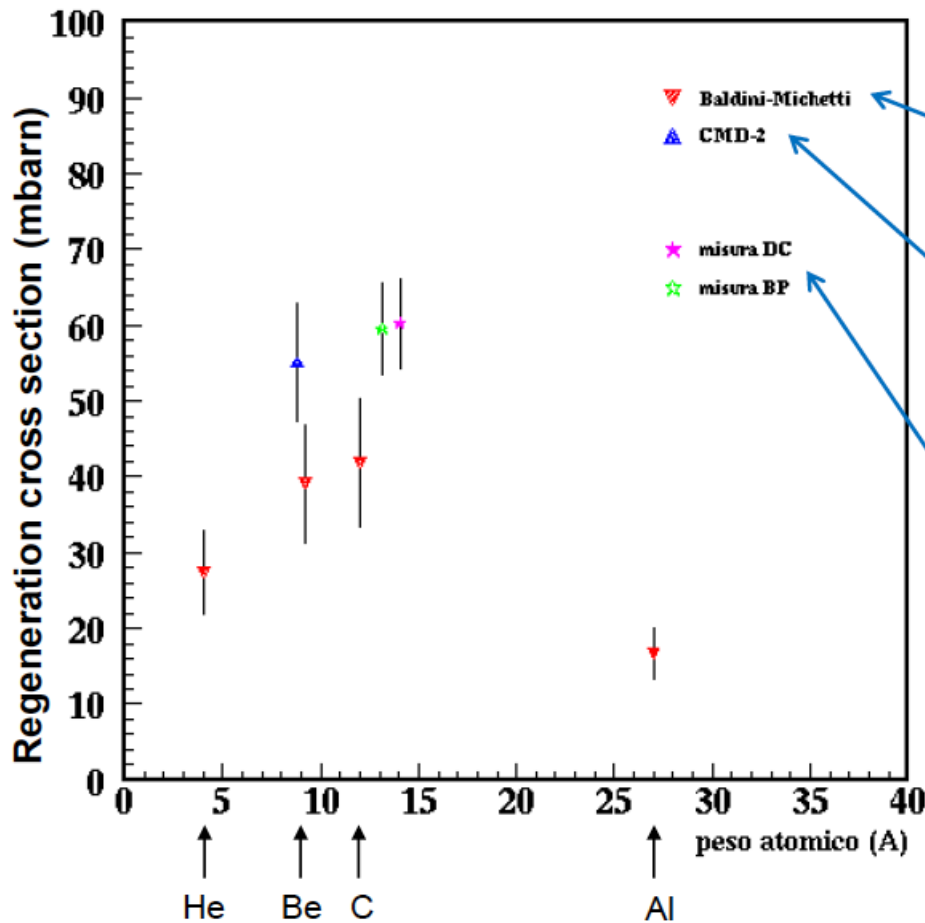


# Spares



# $K_S$ regeneration

- Experimental and theoretical cross-section



$K_L$  momentum at KLOE: 110MeV/c

theoretical evaluations by R. Baldini and A. Michetti ('96):

$$\sigma_{\text{reg}}^{\text{Be}} = 40.7 \pm 1.1 \text{ mbarn}$$

Novosibirsk CMD-2 result ('99) -  
- only existing measurement  
at this momentum value:

$$\sigma_{\text{reg}}^{\text{Be}} = 55.1 \pm 7.7 \text{ mbarn}$$

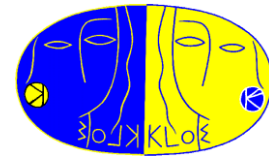
S. Bocchetta analysis ('06):

$$\sigma_{\text{reg}}^{\text{DC}} = 60.2 \pm 0.8^{\text{stat}} \pm 6.0^{\text{syst}} \text{ mb}$$

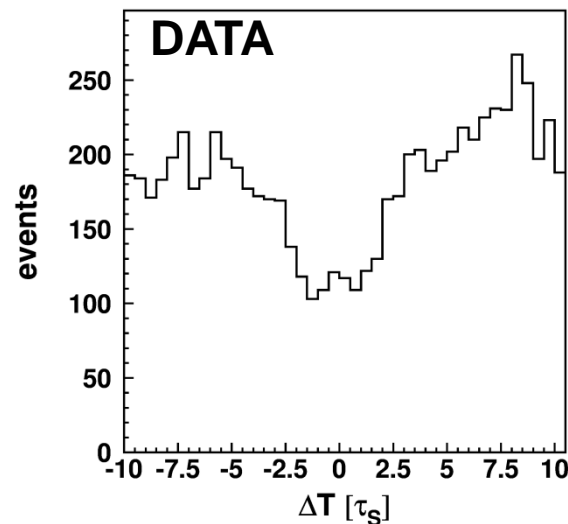
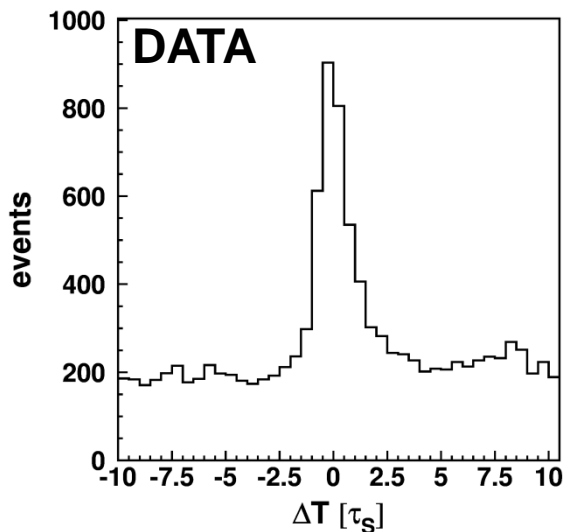
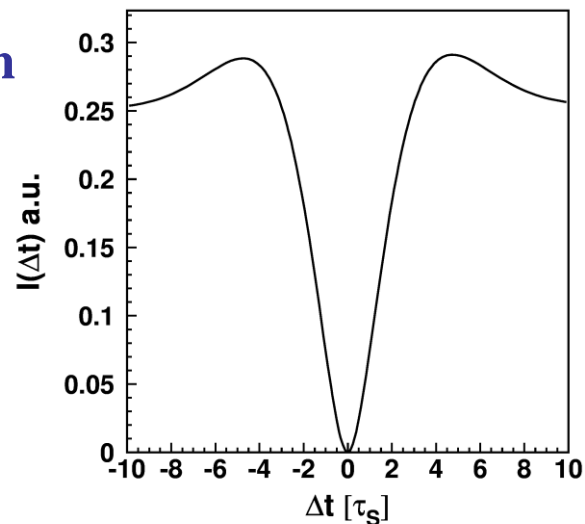
$$\sigma_{\text{reg}}^{\text{BP}} = 59.6 \pm 0.6^{\text{stat}} \pm 6.0^{\text{syst}} \text{ mb}$$

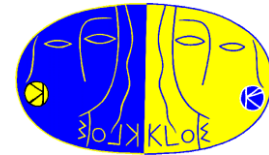
$$\sigma_{\text{reg}}^{\text{Be}} = \dots ? \leftarrow \text{still missing for KLOE}$$

# $K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$



- The distribution of the decay time difference between the kaons is sensitive to both  $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$  and  $\text{Im}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$
- $L = 1.45 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ; 1 charged vertex + 4 neutral clusters
- **Bckg:**  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$
- First look to the data
- **Work in progress to refine analysis technique and improve the vertex resolution**





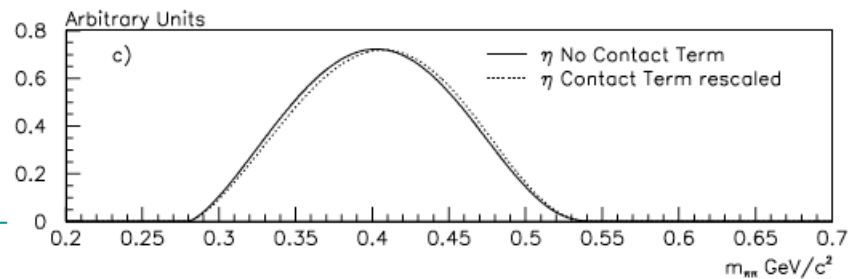
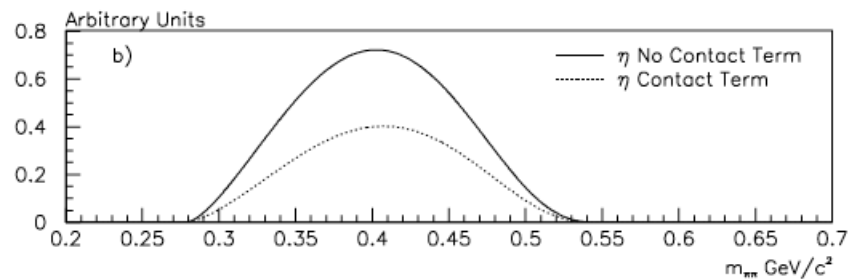
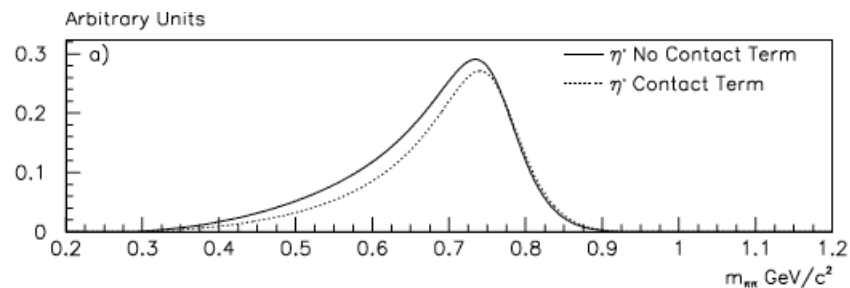
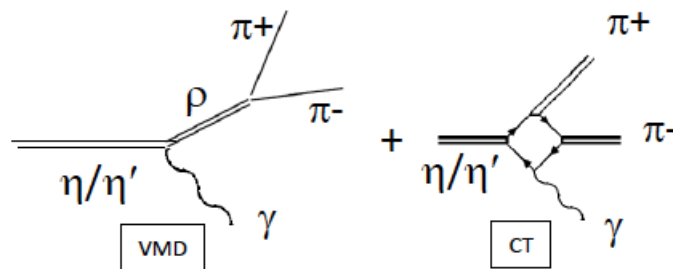
# Box anomaly

- HLS model:**

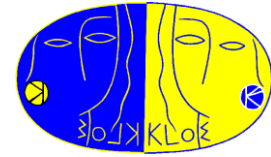
[Benayoun et al., EPJC31, 525 (2003)]

- $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ : shape is distorted by the contact term

- $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ :  $M_{\pi\pi}$  shape slightly sensitive to contact term; effect on absolute value



# $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$



- $\eta \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi$  decay  $\Rightarrow$  Isospin violation  $L_1 = -\frac{1}{2}(m_u - m_d)(\bar{u}u - \bar{d}d)$

- Symmetric Dalitz plot:

$|A|^2 \propto 1 + 2\alpha Z \Rightarrow$  only one parameter

$$Z = \frac{2}{3} \sum_{i=1}^3 \left( \frac{3E_i - M_\eta}{M_\eta - 3M_\pi} \right)^2 = \frac{\rho^2}{\rho_{\max}^2}$$

( $\rho$  = distance from the Dalitz plot center)

- $450 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  ; 7 prompt photons  $\Rightarrow 6.5 \times 10^5$  events

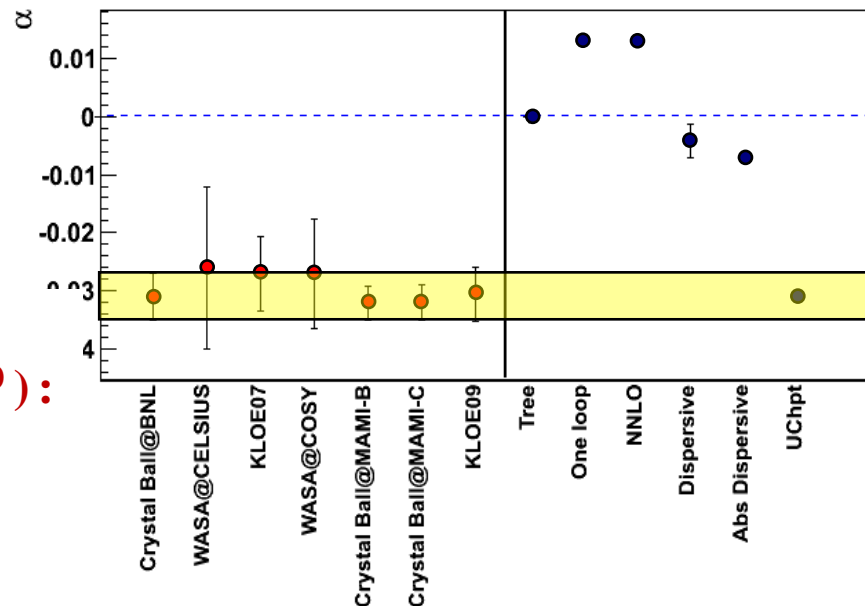
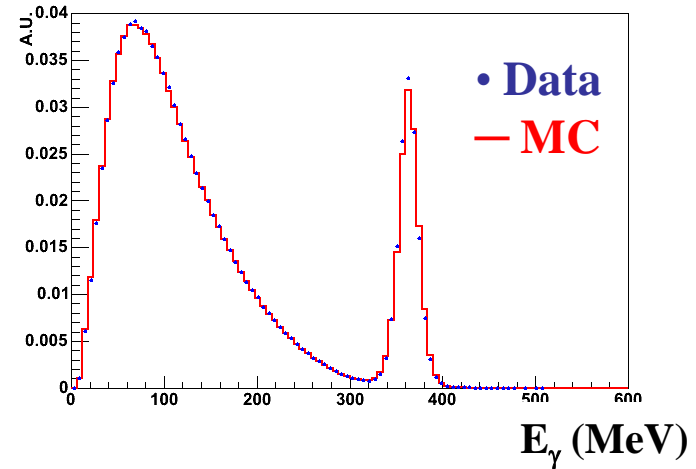
$$\alpha = -0.0301 \pm 0.0035^{+0.0022}_{-0.0036}$$

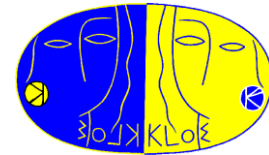
$\Rightarrow$  PLB694(2010)16

Strong interactions mix the two amplitudes  $A(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$  and  $A(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0)$  : from the Dalitz plot of  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = -0.038 \pm 0.003^{+0.012}_{-0.008}$$

[JHEP0805(2008)006]





# $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

•  $\eta \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi$  decay  $\Rightarrow$  Isospin violation

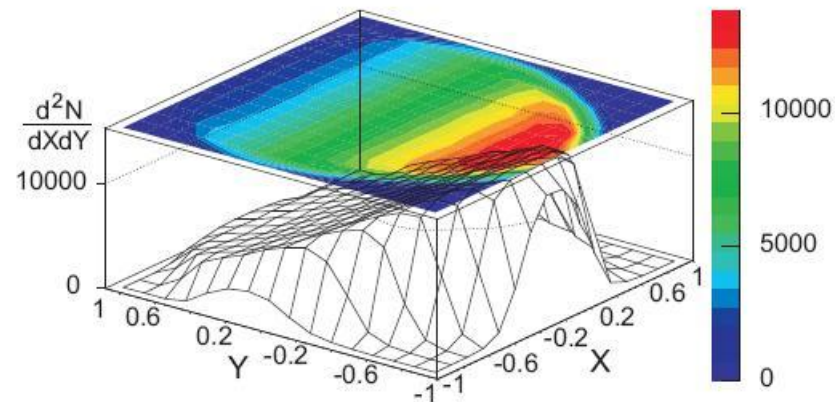
$$L_I = -\frac{1}{2}(m_u - m_d)(\bar{u}u - \bar{d}d)$$

$\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma$ ;  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0 \Rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- + 3\gamma$  ( $E_{\gamma\text{rec}} = 363$  MeV)  
 $450 \text{ pb}^{-1} \Rightarrow 1.34 \times 10^6$  events in the Dalitz plot

$$X = \sqrt{3} \frac{E_+ - E_-}{Q}; Y = 3 \frac{E_0 - m_0}{Q}$$

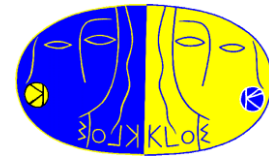
$$(Q = m_\eta - 2m_{\pi^\pm} - m_{\pi^0})$$

$$|A(X,Y)|^2 = 1 + aY + bY^2 + cX + dX^2 + eXY + fY^3$$



$a$	$-1.090 \pm 0.005^{+0.008}_{-0.019}$
$b$	$0.124 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.010$
$c$	$0.002 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.001$
$d$	$0.057 \pm 0.006^{+0.007}_{-0.016}$
$e$	$-0.006 \pm 0.007^{+0.005}_{-0.003}$
$f$	$0.14 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.02$
$P(\chi^2)$	73%

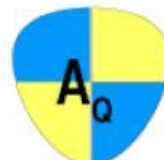
- $c, e$  compatible with zero (C violation)
- fit without cubic term ( $fY^3$ )  $\Rightarrow P(\chi^2) \sim 10^{-6}$



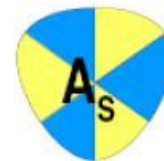
- Asymmetries  $\Leftrightarrow$  C violation



Left-right asymmetry ( $c, e$  parameters)  $A_{LR} = (9 \pm 10_{-14}^{+9}) \times 10^{-4}$



Quadrant asymmetry:  $\not{C}$  in  $\Delta I = 2$   $A_Q = (-5 \pm 10_{-5}^{+3}) \times 10^{-4}$

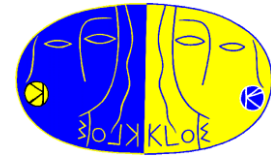


Sextant asymmetry:  $\not{C}$  in  $\Delta I = 1$   $A_S = (8 \pm 10_{-13}^{+8}) \times 10^{-4}$

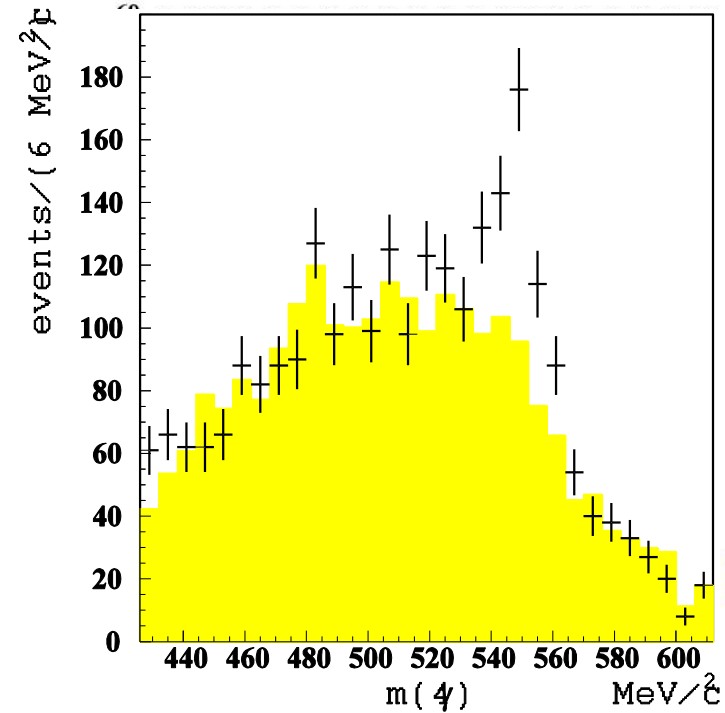
$$\text{PDG'06} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} A_{LR} &= (9 \pm 17) \times 10^{-4} \\ A_Q &= (-17 \pm 17) \times 10^{-4} \\ A_S &= (18 \pm 16) \times 10^{-4} \end{aligned}$$

- All asymmetries compatible with zero at  $10^{-3}$  level

# $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$

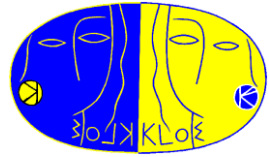


- $\chi$ PT:  $O(p^2) \propto Q = 0$ ;  
 $O(p^4)$  @ tree level = 0;  $O(p^4)$  @ 1 loop suppressed by G-parity  
 $\Rightarrow O(p^6)$  test
- Recent measurements  $\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma)$ :  $(7.2 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-4}$  GAMS (1984)  
 $< 8.4 \times 10^{-4}$  @ 90% C.L. SND (2001)  
 $(22.5 \pm 4.6 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-5}$  Crystal Ball@MAMI-B [arXiv:0910.1331]  
 $(22.1 \pm 2.4 \pm 4.7) \times 10^{-5}$  Crystal Ball@AGS [PRC78(2008)015206]
- KLOE  $\Rightarrow \phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$ ;  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$
- Backg.: (1)  $5\gamma$  processes:  $\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma, f_0 \gamma$ ;  
 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^0$  ( $\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma$ )  
(2)  $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$ ;  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$
- $L \approx 450 \text{ pb}^{-1}$   
 $\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma) = (8.4 \pm 2.7 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-5}$
- $1.5 \text{ fb}^{-1} \Rightarrow$





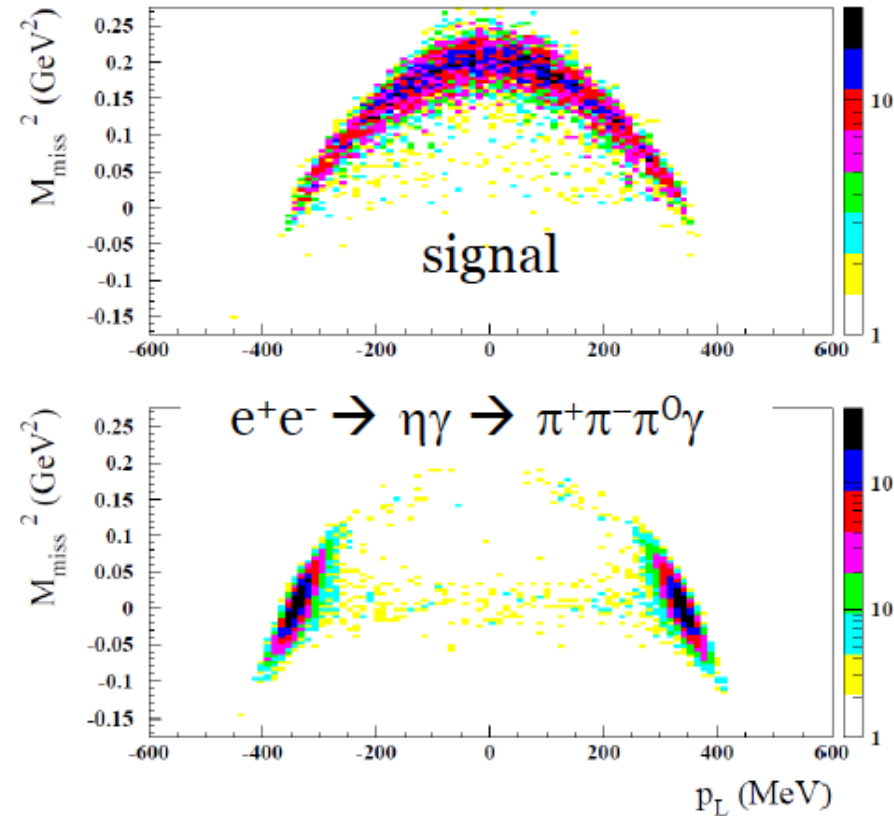
# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta, \eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$

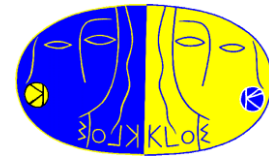


- Analysis based on  $M_{\text{miss}}^2$ ,  $p_L$ ,  $p_T$

$$M_{\text{miss}}^2 \approx s + M_\eta^2 - 2E_T \sqrt{s} - \frac{p_L^2}{E_T} \sqrt{s}$$

$$E_T = \sqrt{p_T^2 + M_\eta^2} \approx M_\eta$$





**2 photons + 2 tracks with opposite charge**

-  $\gamma\gamma$  pairing

- Charged Pion ID

- Kinematic fit: cut on  $\chi^2_\eta$

$$\chi^2_{pair} = \left( \frac{M_{\gamma\gamma} - M_{\pi^0}}{\sigma(M_{\gamma\gamma})} \right)^2$$

$$\frac{\sigma(M_{\gamma\gamma})}{M_{\gamma\gamma}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sigma_{E_i}}{E_i} \oplus \frac{\sigma_{E_j}}{E_j} \right)$$

$$M_{\gamma\gamma}^2 = 2E_i E_j (1 - \cos \theta_{ij})$$

$$\chi^2_\eta = \sum \frac{(P_i - P_i^{meas})^2}{\sigma_i^2} + \sum \lambda_j^k C_j(P_1^k \dots P_N^k)$$

$$m_{\gamma\gamma}^2 = m_{\pi^0}^2$$

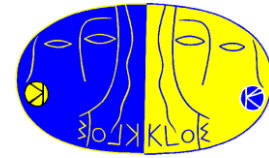
$$m_{\pi^+\pi^-\gamma\gamma}^2 = m_\eta^2$$

$$\mathbf{t}_\gamma - |\mathbf{r}_\gamma| / c = 0 \quad \text{for } 2\gamma$$

**5 variables  $\times$  2 $\gamma$**

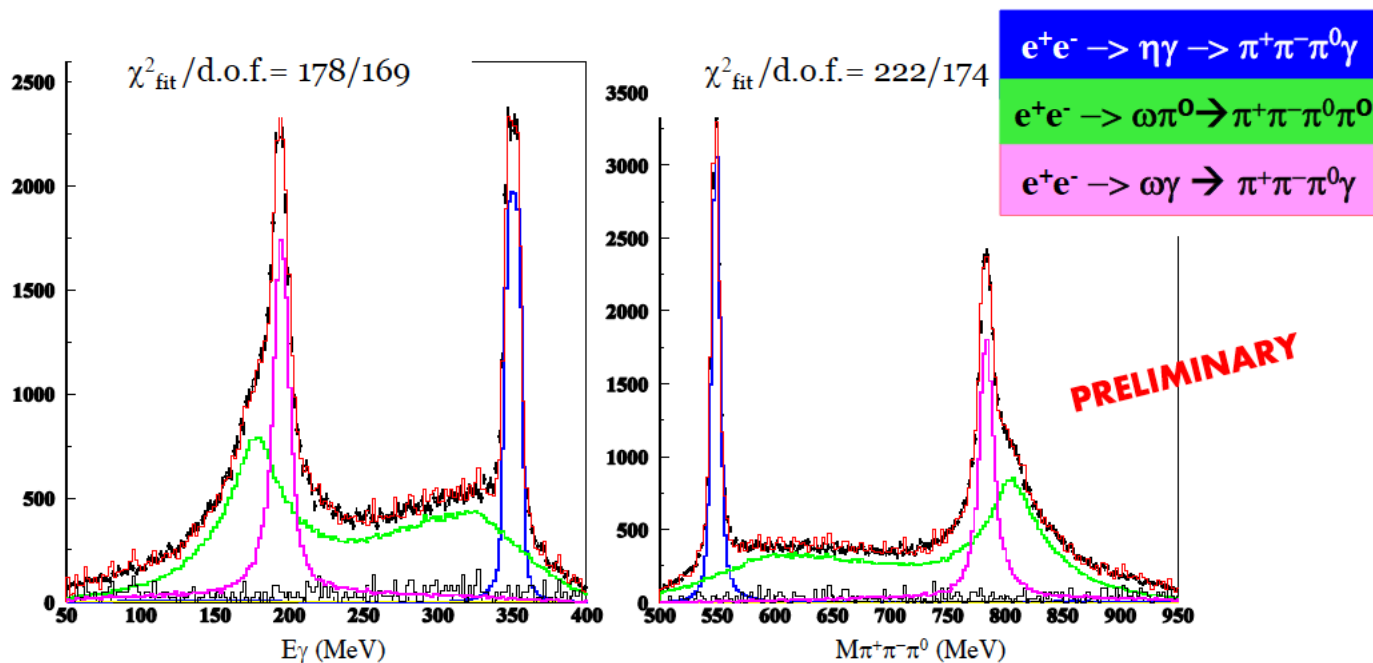
**4 constraints**

# $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma) @ 1 \text{ GeV}$

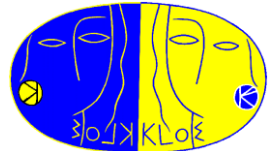


$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\gamma :$$

- **3 photons + 2 tracks**
- **Pion ID**
- **kinematic cuts to suppress background from kaon decays**



# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$

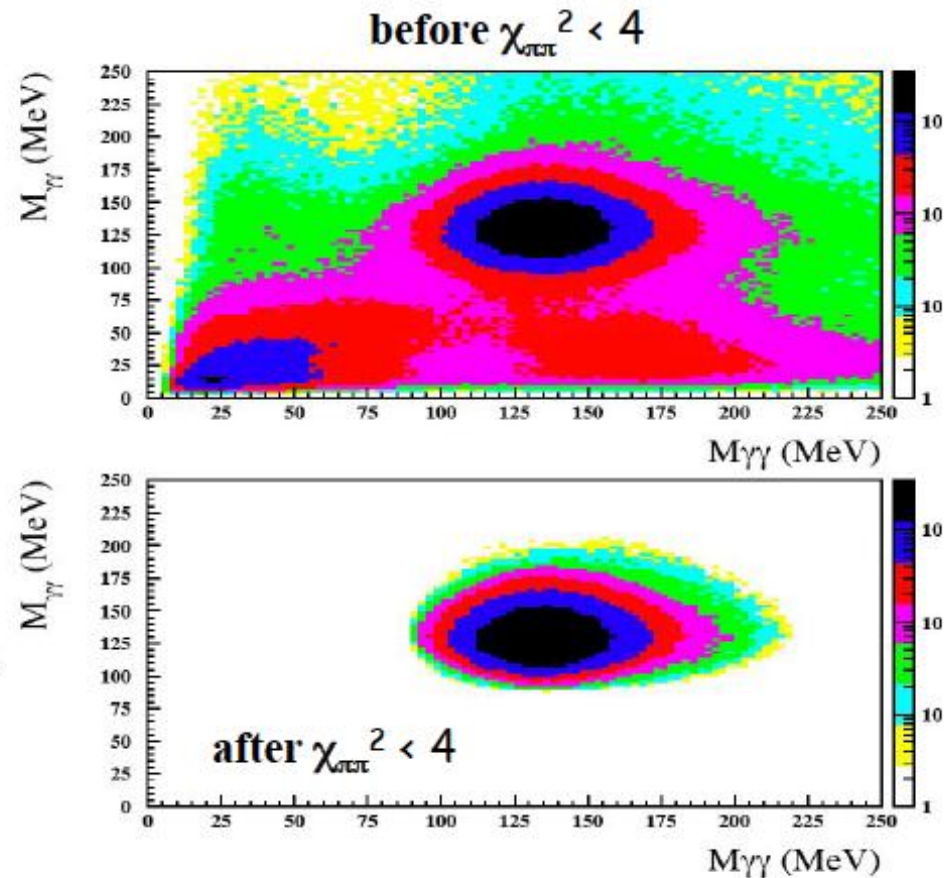


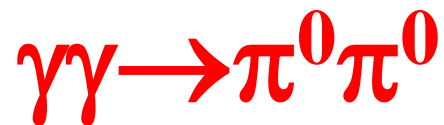
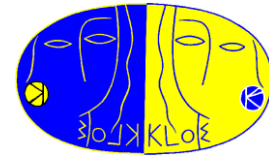
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \pi^0\pi^0$
- 4 prompt photons
- $240 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  off-peak ( $\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ GeV}$ )
- Best photon pairing to match two  $\pi^0$ 's

$$\chi_{pair}^2 = \left( \frac{M_{ij} - m_{\pi^0}}{\sigma(E_i, E_j)} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{M_{lk} - m_{\pi^0}}{\sigma(E_l, E_k)} \right)^2$$

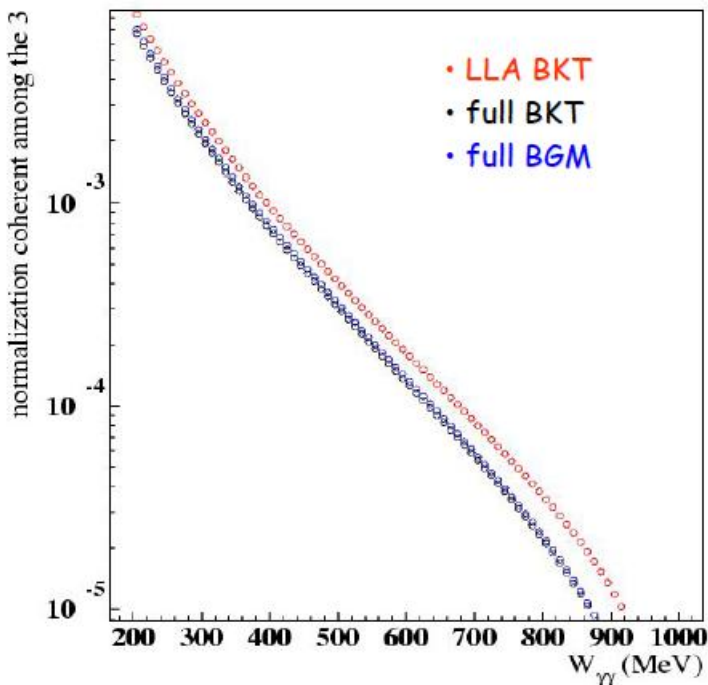
$$\frac{\sigma(E_i, E_j)}{M_{ij}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sigma_{E_i}}{E_i} \oplus \frac{\sigma_{E_j}}{E_j} \right)$$

$$M_{ij}^2 = 2E_i E_j (1 - \cos\theta_{ij})$$



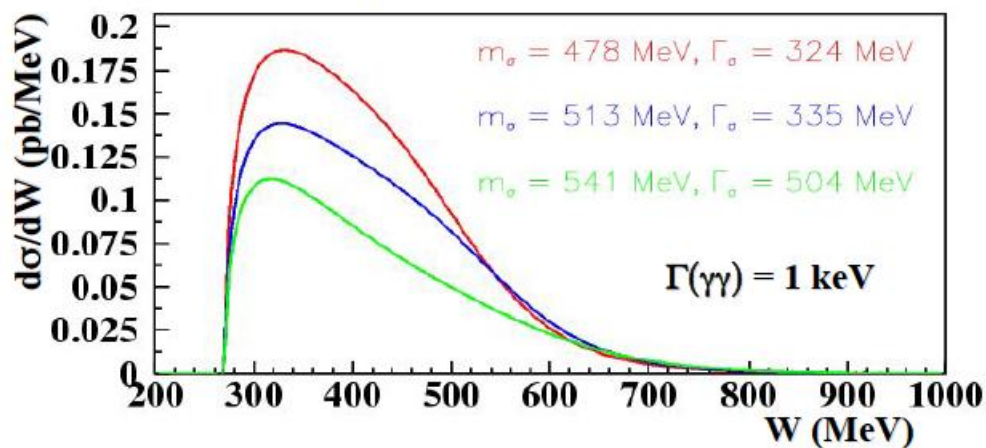


## Flux function



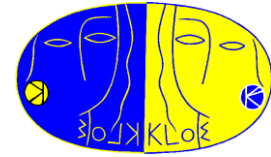
## $M_{\pi\pi}$ shape

BW shape folded with  $\gamma\gamma$  flux function

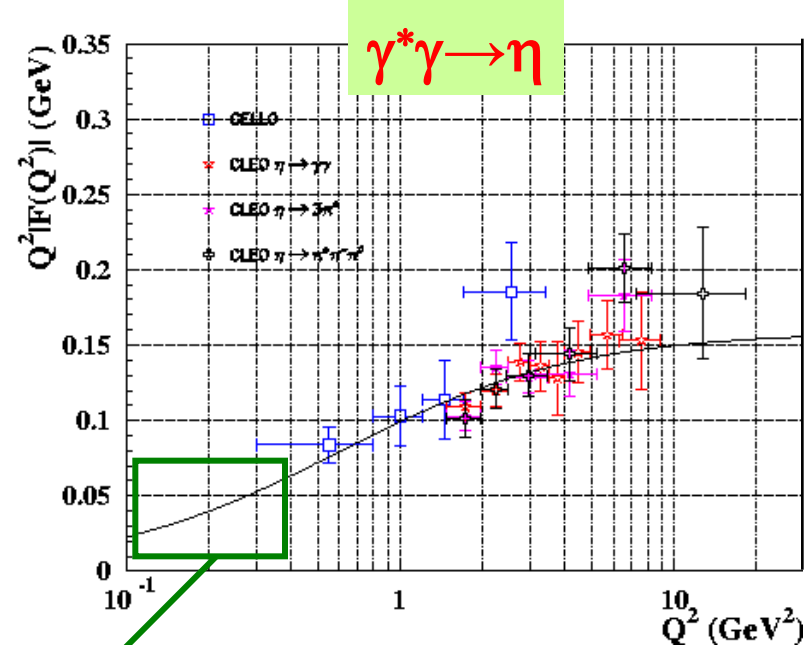
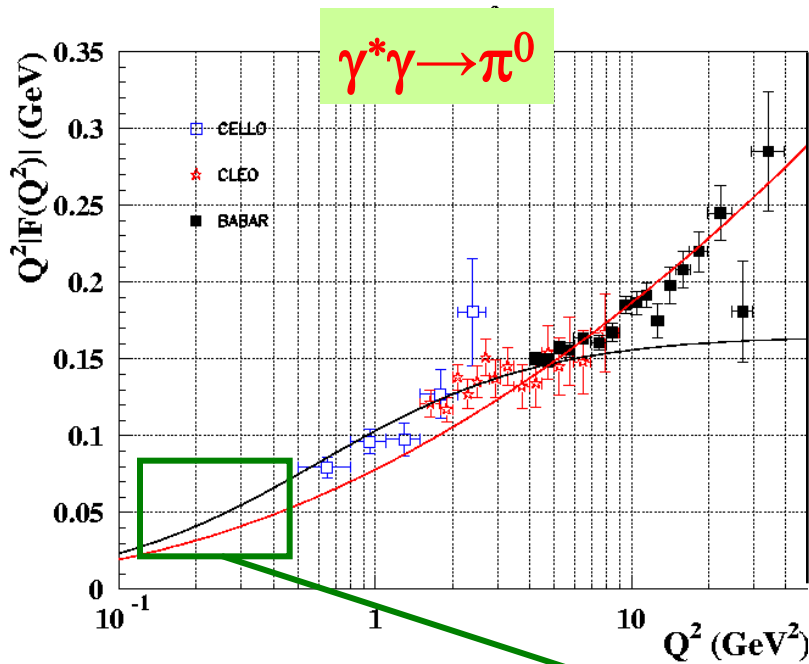
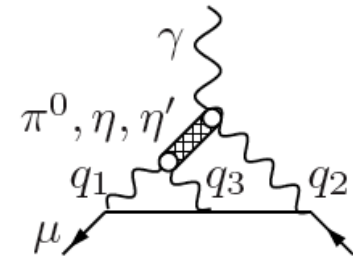


- LLA BKT = Brodsky-Kinoshita-Terazawa in the Leading Logarithm Approximation
- full BKT = Brodsky-Kinoshita-Terazawa with no approximation
- full BGM = Bonneau-Gourdin-Martin (stessa funzione usata da Crystal Ball)

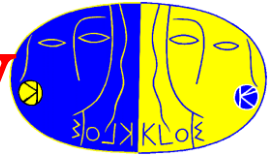
# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$ single pseudoscalar



- Measurement of  $\Gamma(P \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
- Transition form factors  $\mathcal{F}_{P\gamma^*\gamma^*}(q_1^2, q_2^2)$ :
  - input for the calculation of the Light-by-Light contribution to  $g-2$  of the muon



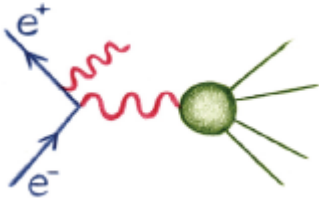
# $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadr.})$ below 1 GeV



- $\sim 3 \sigma$  discrepancy between  $a_\mu^{\text{SM}} - a_\mu^{\text{exp}}$  [ $a_\mu = (g_\mu - 2)/2$ ]
- $a_\mu^{\text{SM}} = a_\mu^{\text{QED}} + a_\mu^{\text{weak}} + a_\mu^{\text{had}}$  → main contribution to the uncertainty on  $a_\mu^{\text{SM}}$

$$a_\mu^{\text{had,LO}} = 1/(4\pi^3) \int_{4m_\pi^2}^{\infty} \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadr.}) K(s) ds \quad ; \quad K(s) \sim 1/s$$

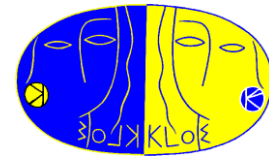
- $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadr.})$  below 1 GeV is dominated by  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
- $\phi$  - factory: fixed  $\sqrt{s} \Rightarrow$  Initial State Radiation method



$$s \cdot \frac{d\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- + \gamma)}{ds_\pi} = \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) H(s, s_\pi)$$

- Two different analyses: (1) photon emitted at Small Angle (S.A. analysis) [PLB606(2005)12, PLB670(2009)285]
- (2) photon emitted at Large Angle (L.A. analysis)

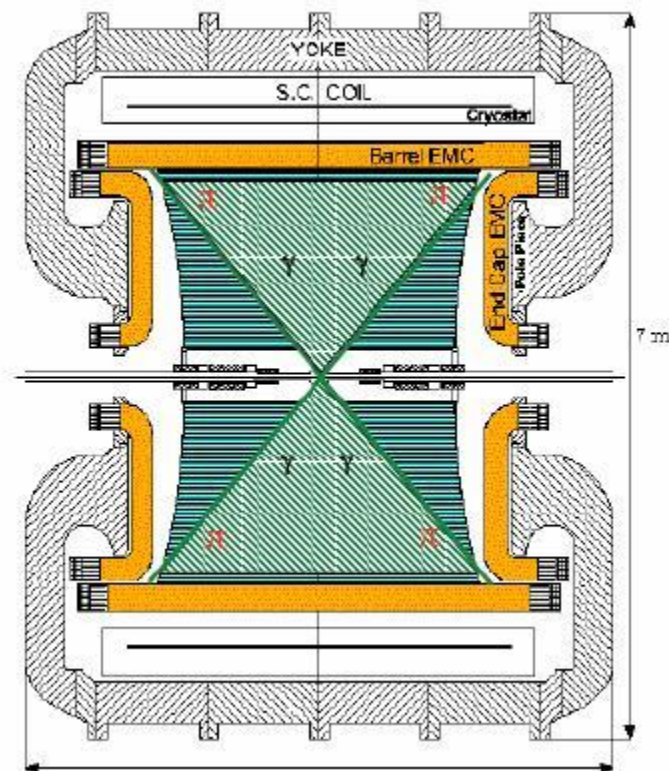
# L.A. analysis



- 2 pions at large angle ( $\vartheta > 50^\circ$ )
- **Photon detected at large angle ( $\vartheta > 50^\circ$ )**
- Kinematics closed
- Threshold region accessible
- Lower statistics
- Larger contribution from FSR

Larger background from  $\phi \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

Irreducible background from  $\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$

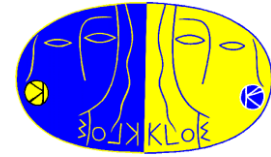


Use data collected at  $\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ GeV}$ , below the  $\phi$  peak:

233  $\text{pb}^{-1}$  from 2006 data-taking



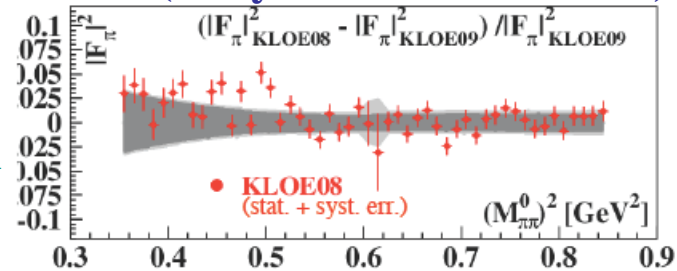
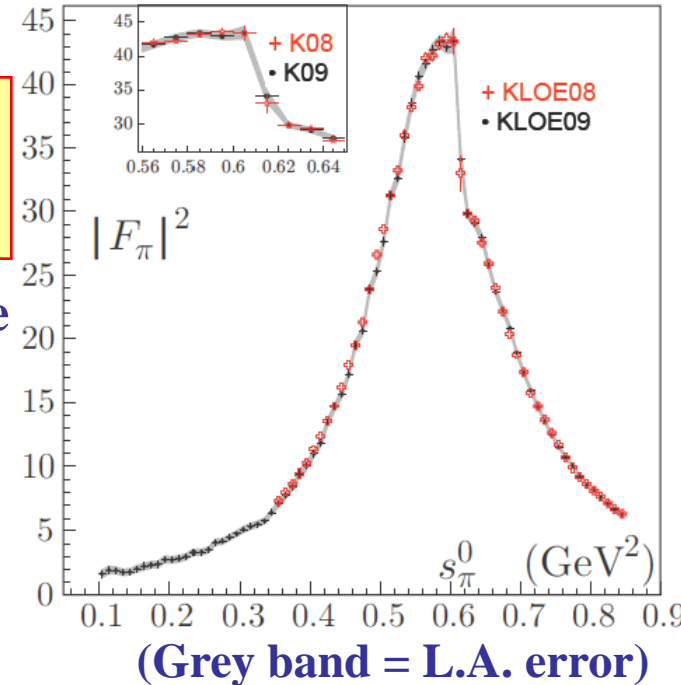
# Result on L.A. analysis



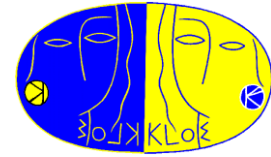
- Good agreement between S.A. (KLOE08) and L.A. (KLOE09) analyses

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi}(0.1 - 0.85 \text{ GeV}^2) = (478.5 \pm 2.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 4.8_{\text{syst}} \pm 2.9_{\text{theo}}) \times 10^{-10}$$

- Agreement with CMD-2 and SND, some difference with BaBar
- **3.2  $\sigma$  discrepancy  $a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}} - a_{\mu}^{\text{exp}}$  confirmed**
- **In progress: measurement of the  $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$  from the ratio  $\pi^+\pi^-\gamma / \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$  (radiator function, int. luminosity and vacuum polarization cancel)**
- **KLOE-2:**  
 $\delta\sigma \sim 0.4\%$  for  $\sqrt{s} < 1 \text{ GeV}$  with ISR @ 1 GeV, 2 fb<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\delta\sigma \sim 2\%$  for  $1 < \sqrt{s} < 2 \text{ GeV}$  with energy scan  
 (if DAΦNE energy  $\rightarrow 2 - 2.5 \text{ GeV}$ )



# Result on L.A. analysis



$$\sigma_{\pi\pi}(s_\pi) = \frac{\pi\alpha^2\beta_\pi^3}{3s} |F_\pi(s_\pi)|^2$$

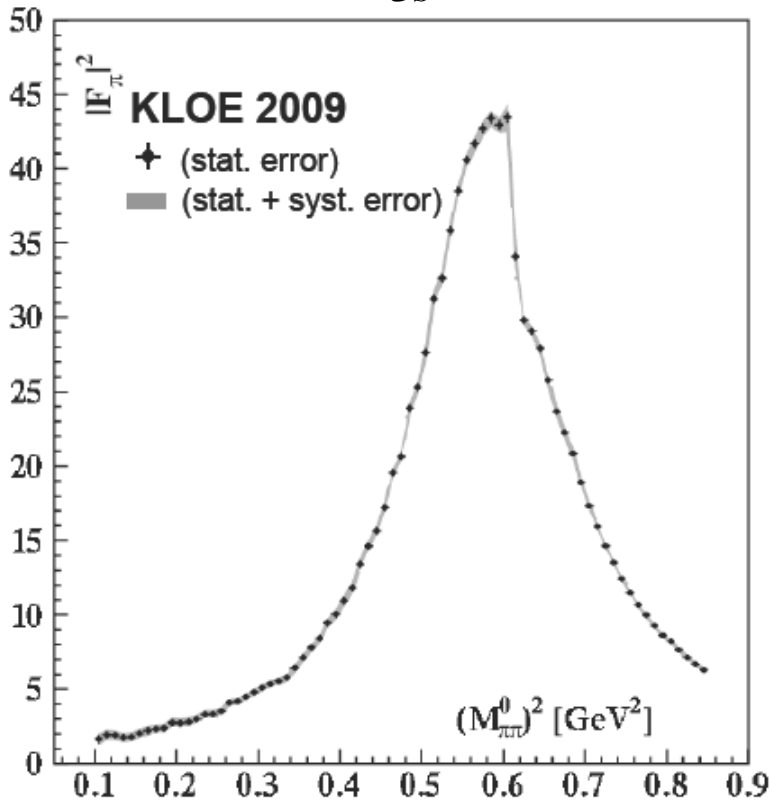


Table of systematic errors on  $a_\mu^{\pi\pi}(0.1-0.85 \text{ GeV}^2)$ :

Reconstruction Filter	< 0.1%
Background	0.5%
$f_0+\rho\pi$	0.4%
Omega	0.2%
Trackmass	0.5%
$\pi/e$ -ID and TCA	< 0.1%
Tracking	0.3%
Trigger	0.2%
Acceptance	0.4%
Unfolding	negligible
Software Trigger	0.1%
Luminosity( $0.1_{\text{th}} \oplus 0.3_{\text{exp}}$ )%	0.3%

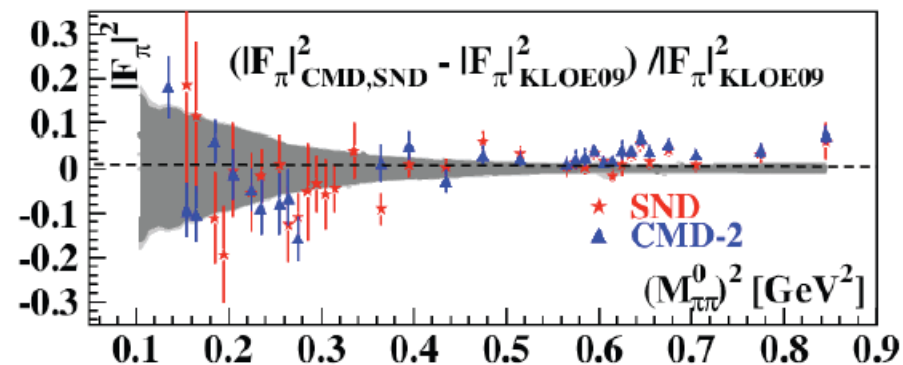
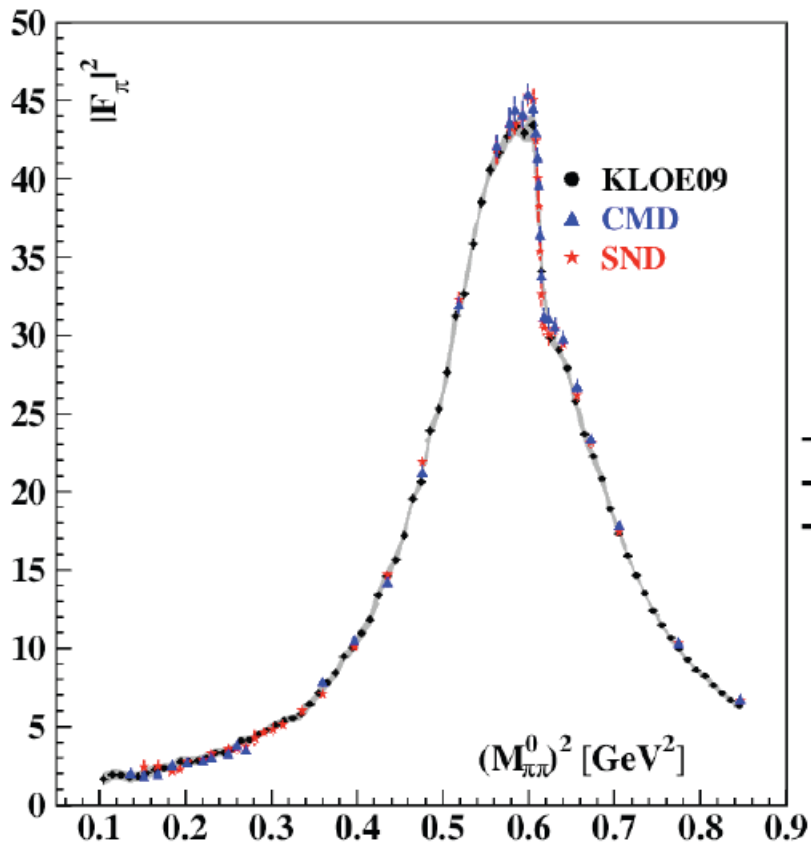
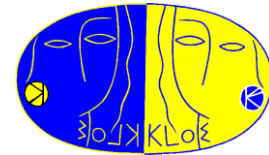
**experimental fractional error on  $a_\mu^{\pi\pi} = 1.0\%$**

FSR resummation	0.3%
Radiator H	0.5%
Vacuum polarization	< 0.1%

**theoretical fractional error on  $a_\mu^{\pi\pi} = 0.6\%$**

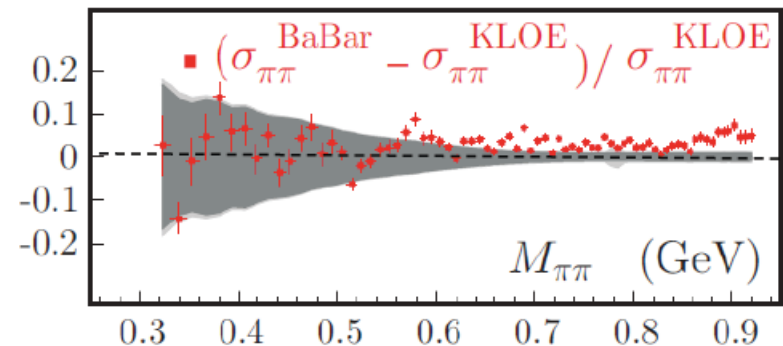
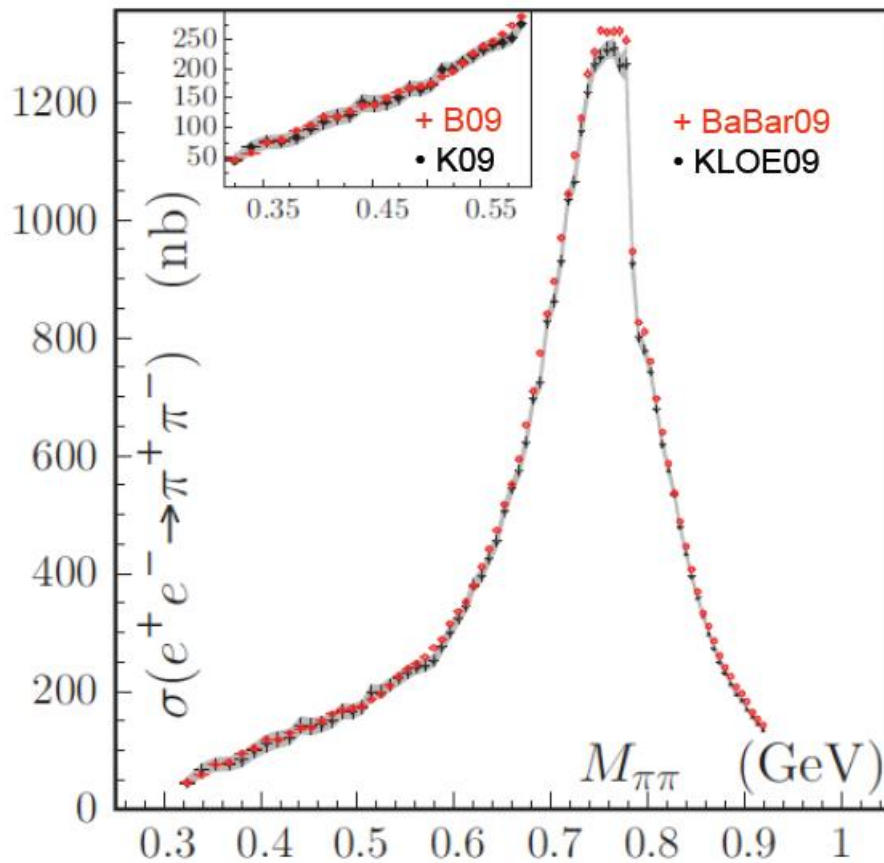
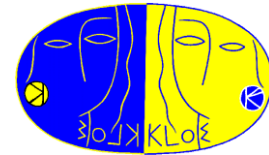
$$a_\mu^{\pi\pi}(0.1-0.85 \text{ GeV}^2) = (478.5 \pm 2.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 4.8_{\text{sys}} \pm 2.9_{\text{theo}}) \times 10^{-10}$$

# KLOE vs CMD-2 / SND



- Good agreement below the  $\rho$  peak
- Above the  $\rho$  peak KLOE slightly lower

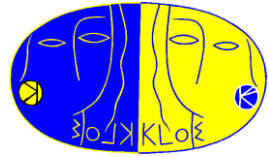
# KLOE vs BaBar



(Grey band = KLOE error)

- Good agreement below 0.6 GeV
- Above 0.6 GeV BaBar higher by 2 – 3%

# $a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi}$ for different expt.



$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi}(0.35-0.85\text{GeV}^2)$ :

KLOE08 (small angle)

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (379.6 \pm 0.4_{\text{stat}} \pm 2.4_{\text{sys}} \pm 2.2_{\text{theo}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

KLOE09 (large angle)

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (376.6 \pm 0.9_{\text{stat}} \pm 2.4_{\text{sys}} \pm 2.1_{\text{theo}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi}(0.152-0.270 \text{ GeV}^2)$ :

KLOE09 (large angle)

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (48.1 \pm 1.2_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.2_{\text{sys}} \pm 0.4_{\text{theo}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

CMD-2

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (46.2 \pm 1.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.3_{\text{sys}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi}(0.397-0.918 \text{ GeV}^2)$ :

KLOE08 (small angle)

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (356.7 \pm 0.4_{\text{stat}} \pm 3.1_{\text{sys}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

CMD-2

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (361.5 \pm 1.7_{\text{stat}} \pm 2.9_{\text{sys}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

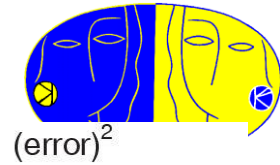
SND

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (361.0 \pm 2.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 4.7_{\text{sys}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

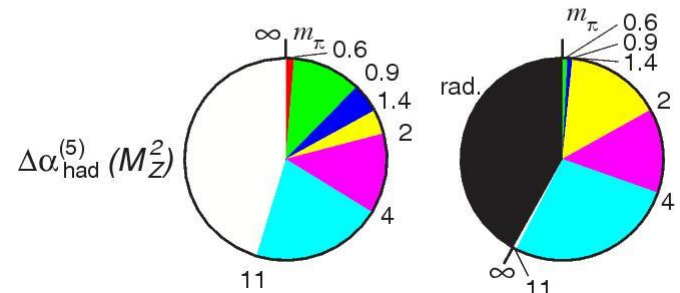
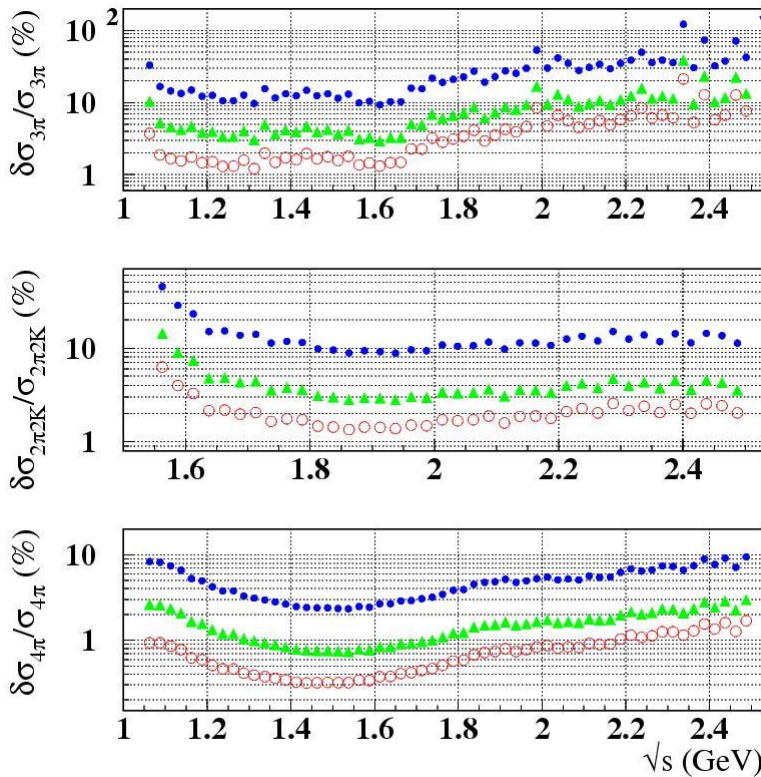
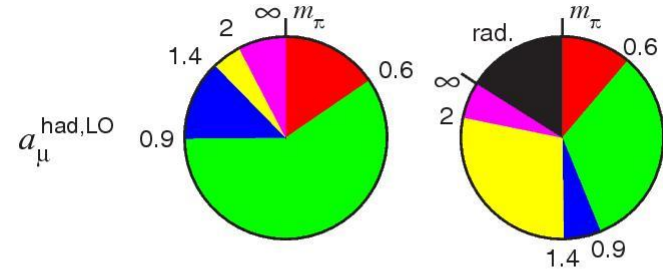
I BaBar

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (365.2 \pm 1.9_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.9_{\text{sys}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

# $\sigma_{\text{had}}$ with energy scan

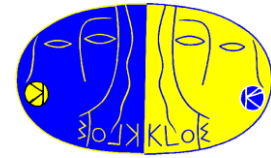


- The region 1- 2.5 GeV contributes 55% to  $\delta a_\mu$  and 40% to  $\delta \Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}$  <sup>(5)</sup>

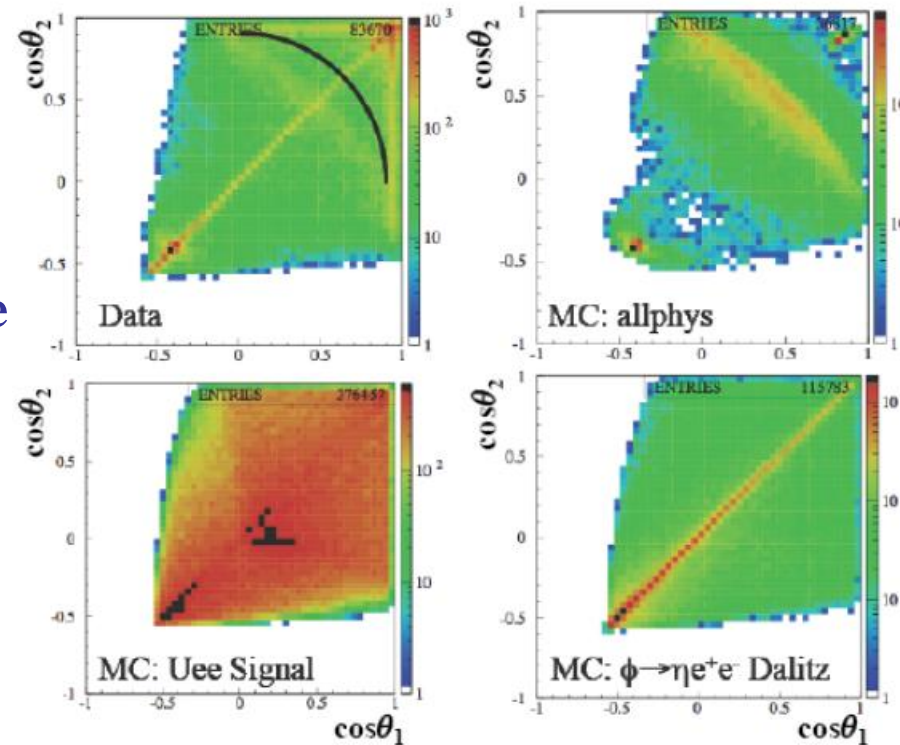
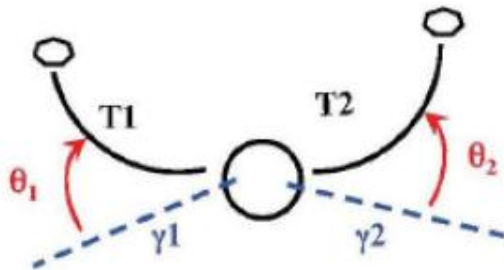


- Published BaBar results
- 89 fb<sup>-1</sup> (ISR)
- ▲ BaBar × 10
- KLOE-2 energy scan: 20 pb<sup>-1</sup>/point
- @ L= 10<sup>32</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>, 25 MeV bin
- ⇒ 1 year data-taking

# $\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$ , $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

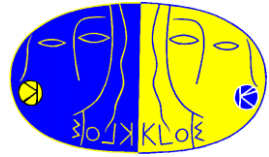


- 2 “electron” tracks (ToF) in a cylinder around IP + 2 photon candidates
- Photons back-to-back in the  $\eta$  rest frame

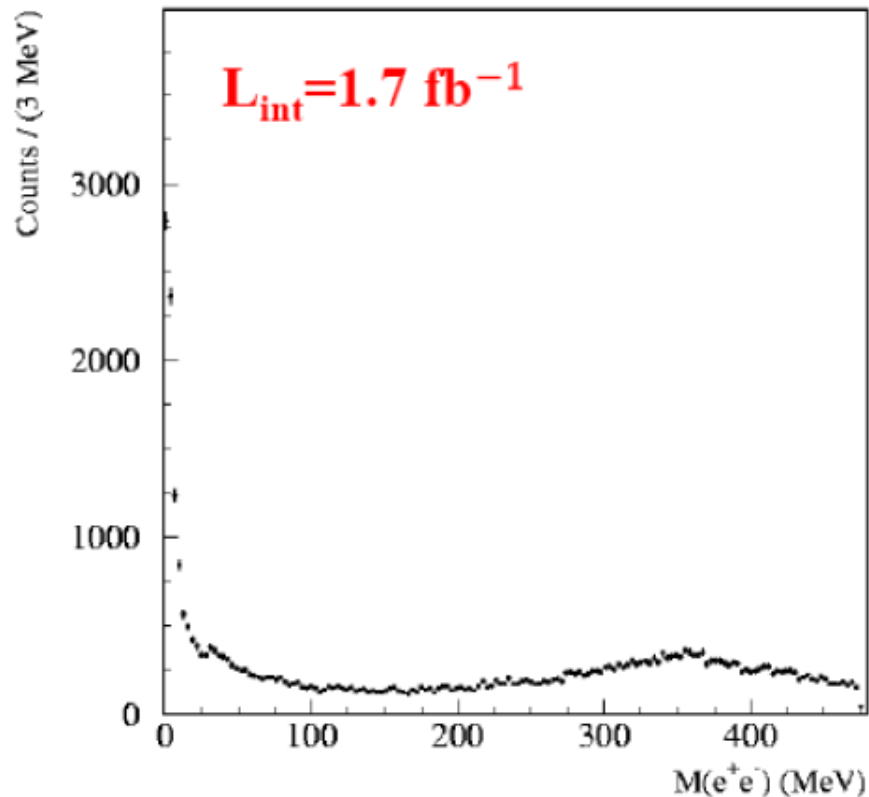


- Background from double radiative Bhabha events reduced by looking at the angles between the tracks and the photons

$$\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-, \quad \eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

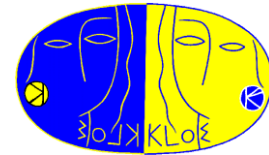


- $M_{ee}$  spectrum after all cuts



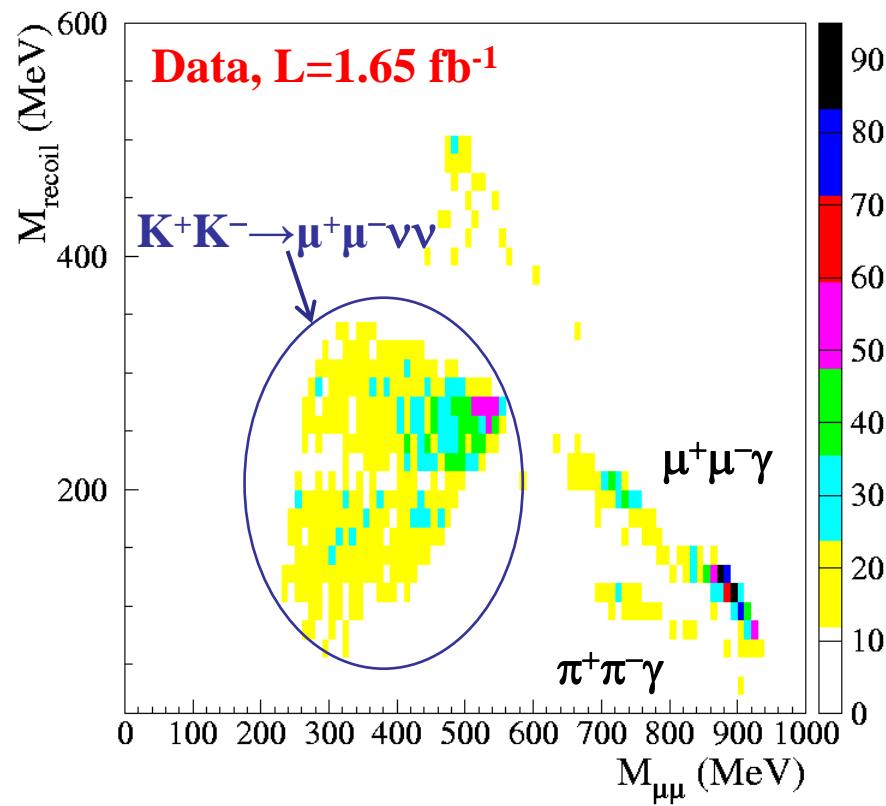
- Evidence for  $\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$ ,  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ , Dalitz decays in the low  $M_{ee}$  region
- Still some residual background at high  $M_{ee}$  masses

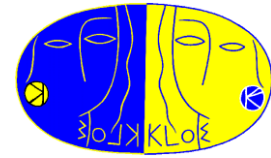




# $e^+e^- \rightarrow h'U$

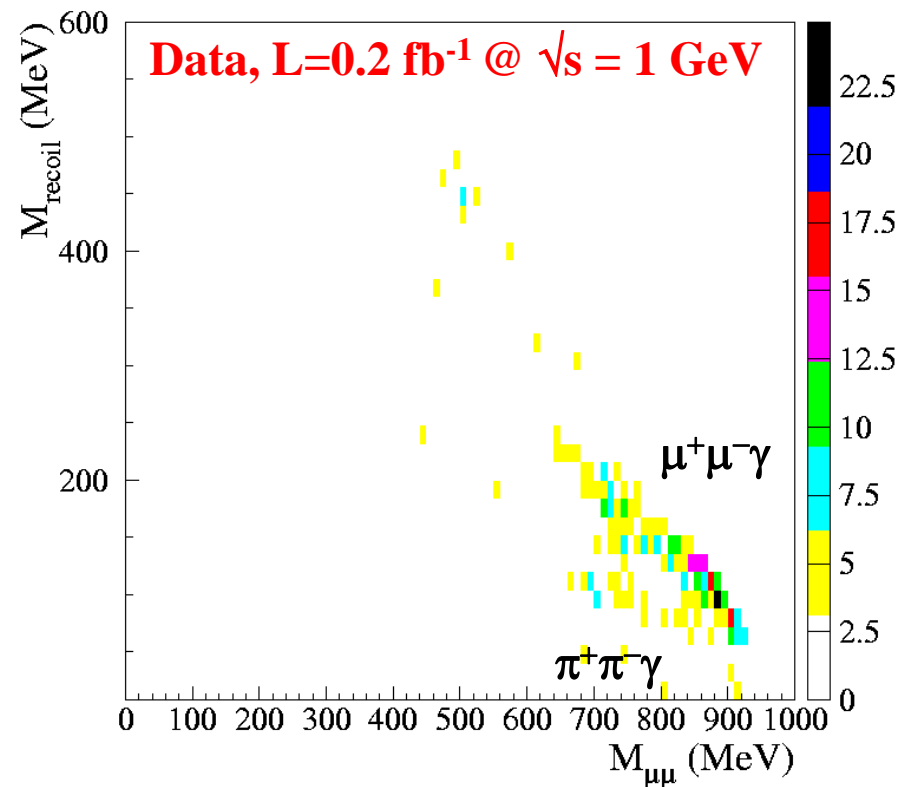
- **Signature:**  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^- + \text{missing energy}$  ( $h'$  not detected)
- $e^+e^-$  final state not selected by Event Classification  $\Rightarrow$  use  $\mu^+\mu^-$
- **Background processes**
  - $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ ,  $K^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \nu$
  - $\phi \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$
  - $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- \gamma$ ,  $\pi^+\pi^- \gamma$  } with  $\gamma$  lost
- **Most background comes from  $\phi$**



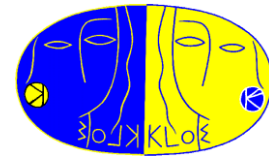


# $e^+e^- \rightarrow h'U$

- **Signature:**  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^- + \text{missing energy}$  ( $h'$  not detected)
- $e^+e^-$  final state not selected by Event Classification  $\Rightarrow$  use  $\mu^+\mu^-$
- **Background processes**
  - $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ ,  $K^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \nu$
  - $\phi \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$
  - $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- \gamma$ ,  $\pi^+\pi^- \gamma$with  $\gamma$  lost
- Most background comes from  $\phi$   
 $\Rightarrow$  strongly reduced by looking at off-peak data
- A long off-peak run ( $L = O(\text{fb}^{-1})$ ) would be very useful
- IT insertion should give major benefits to the on/off-peak analysis
- Plans to search for  $U \rightarrow e^+e^-$  (different background and phase space) with *ad hoc streaming*



# KLOE-2 physics program



Goal:  $\sim 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  in the next 3 – 4 years to extend the KLOE physics program at DAΦNE upgraded in luminosity

G.Amelino-Camelia et al., EPJC68(2010)619

- $\gamma\gamma$  physics
  - Existence (and properties) of  $\sigma(600)$
  - Study of  $\Gamma(S/P \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
  - P transition form factor
- Light meson spectroscopy
  - Properties of scalar/vector mesons
  - Rare  $\eta$  decays
  - $\eta'$  physics
- Kaon physics
  - Test of CPT (and QM) in correlated kaon decays
  - Test of CPT in  $K_S$  semileptonic decays
  - Test of SM (CKM unitarity, lepton universality)
  - Test of  $\chi$ PT ( $K_S$  decays)
- Dark matter searches
  - Light bosons @  $O(1 \text{ GeV})$
- Hadronic cross section
  - $\alpha_{em}(M_Z)$  and  $(g_\mu - 2)$