

Future* detectors for atmospheric neutrinos

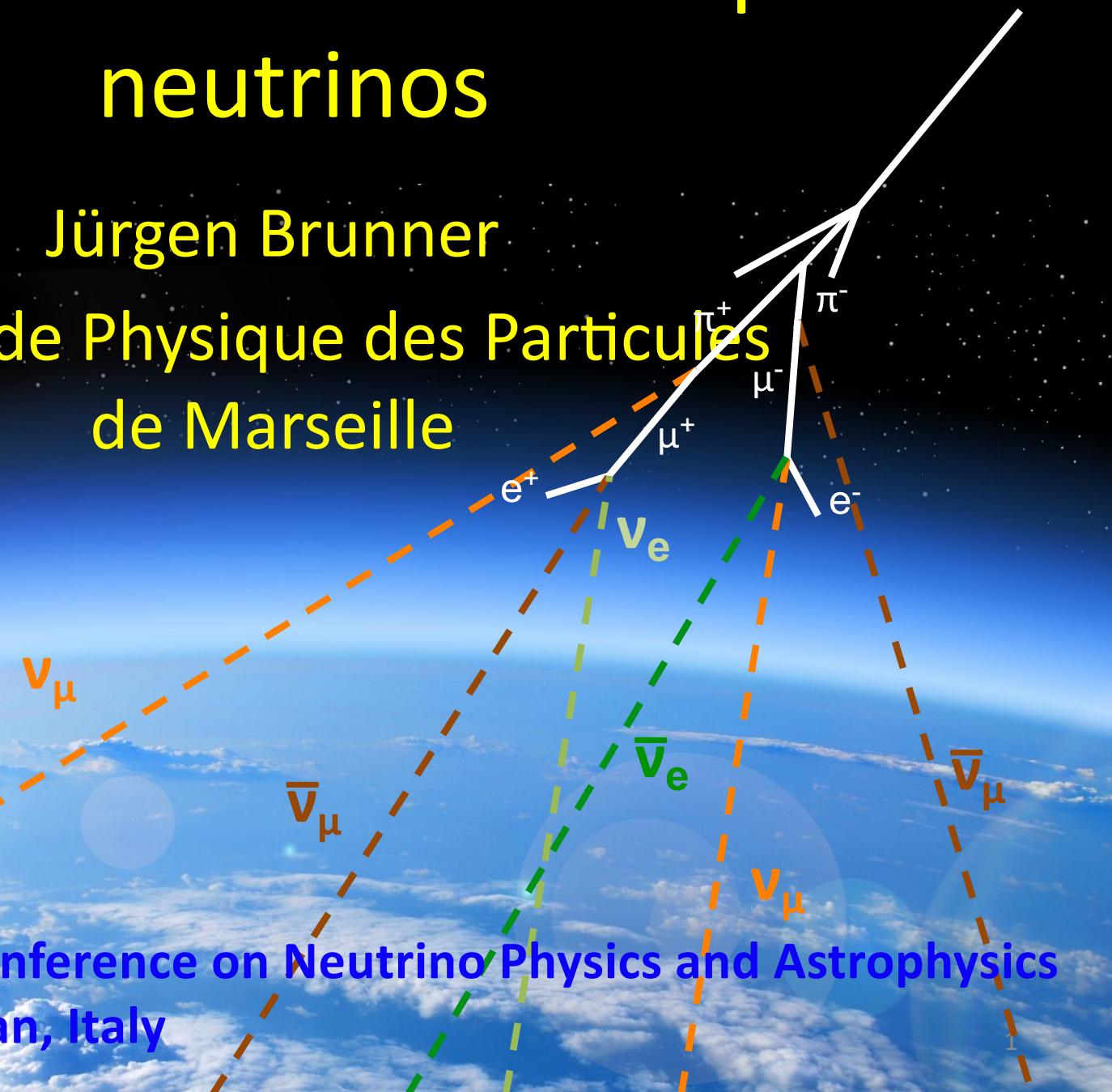


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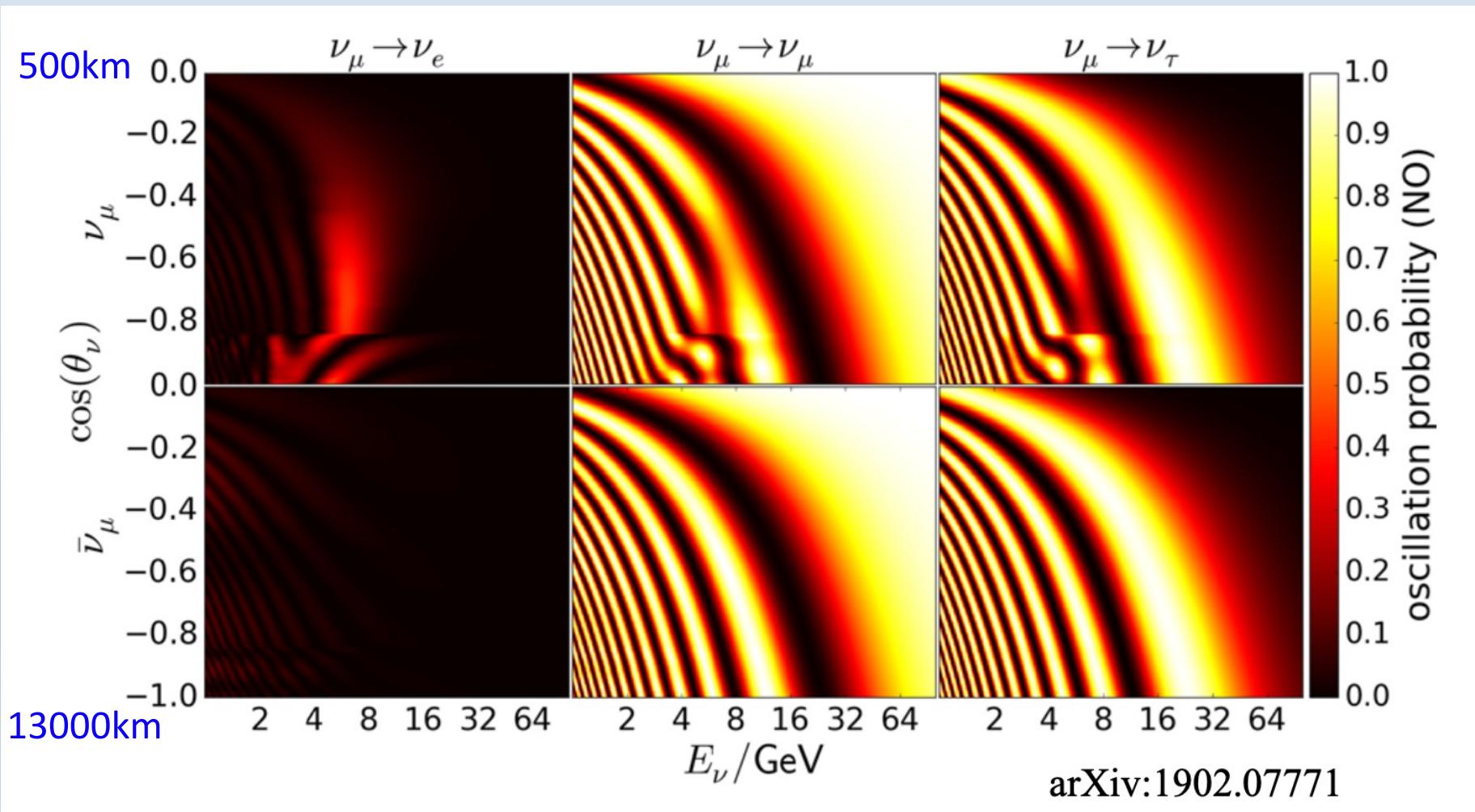
* This decade

XXXI International Conference on Neutrino Physics and Astrophysics
June 16-22, 2024 Milan, Italy



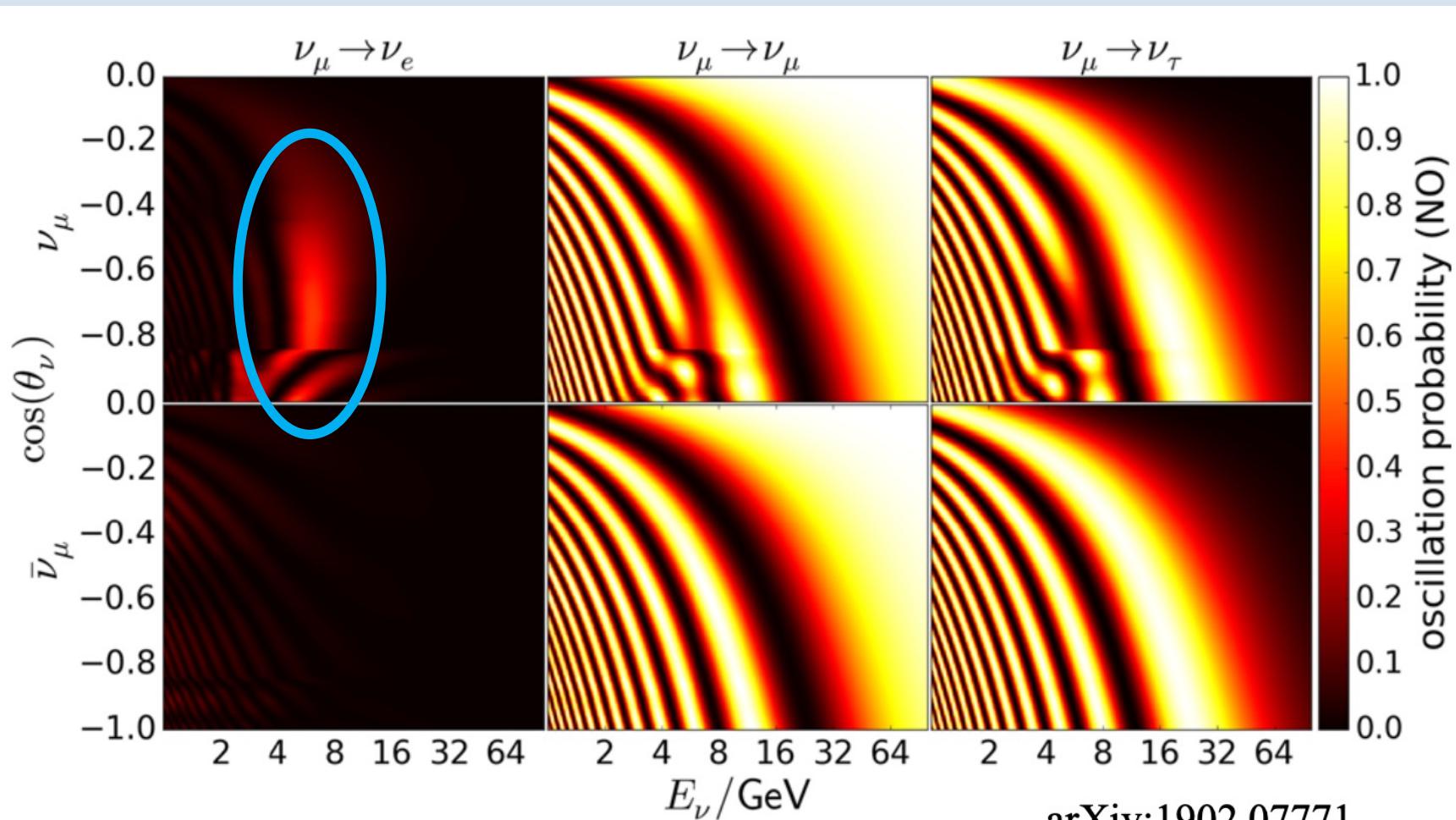
Neutrino oscillations

- Rich phenomenology in the 1-100 GeV energy range
- Baselines between 500 km and 13000 km



Neutrino oscillations

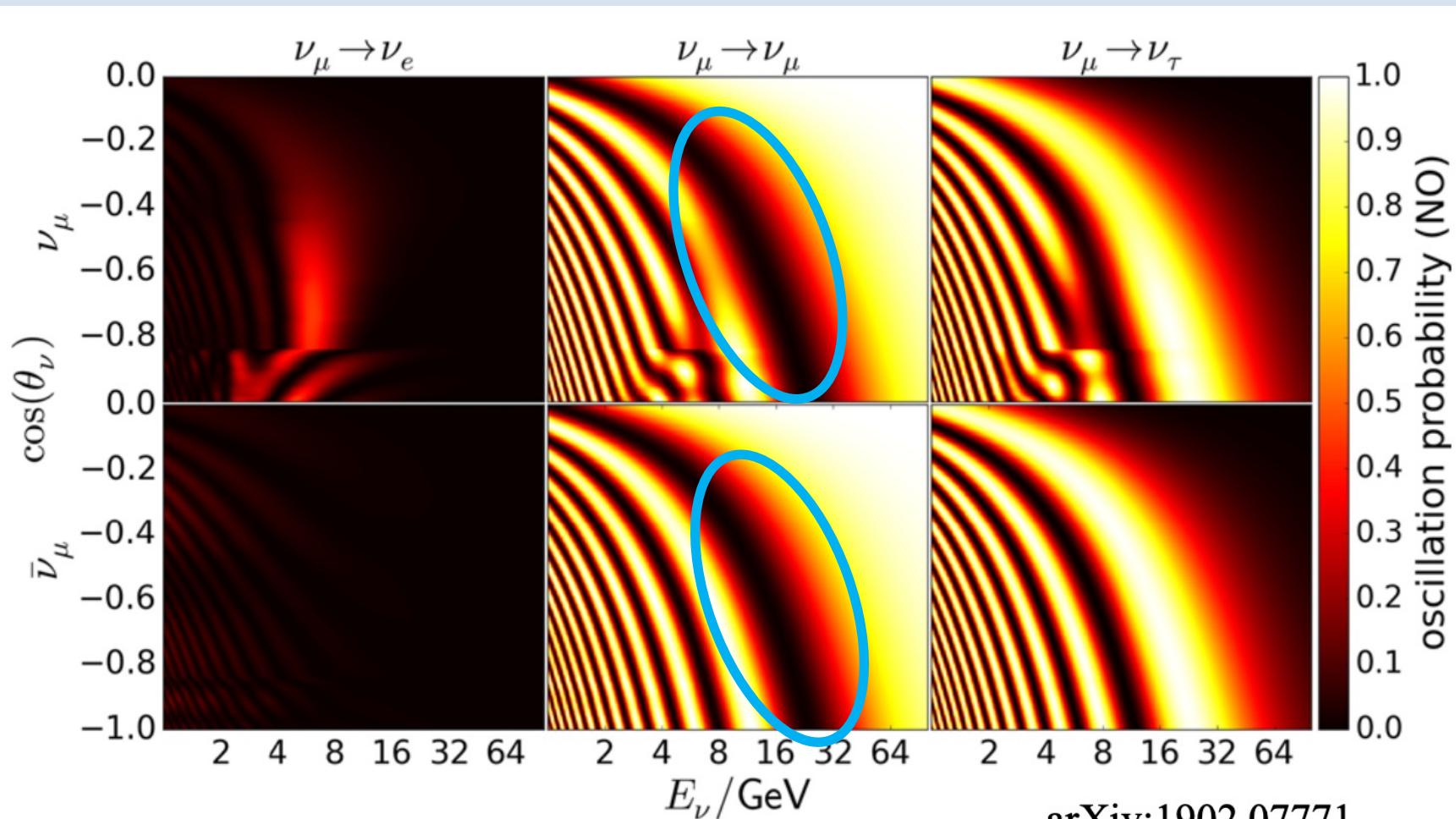
- Matter resonance 4-10 GeV
→ neutrino mass ordering



arXiv:1902.07771

Neutrino oscillations

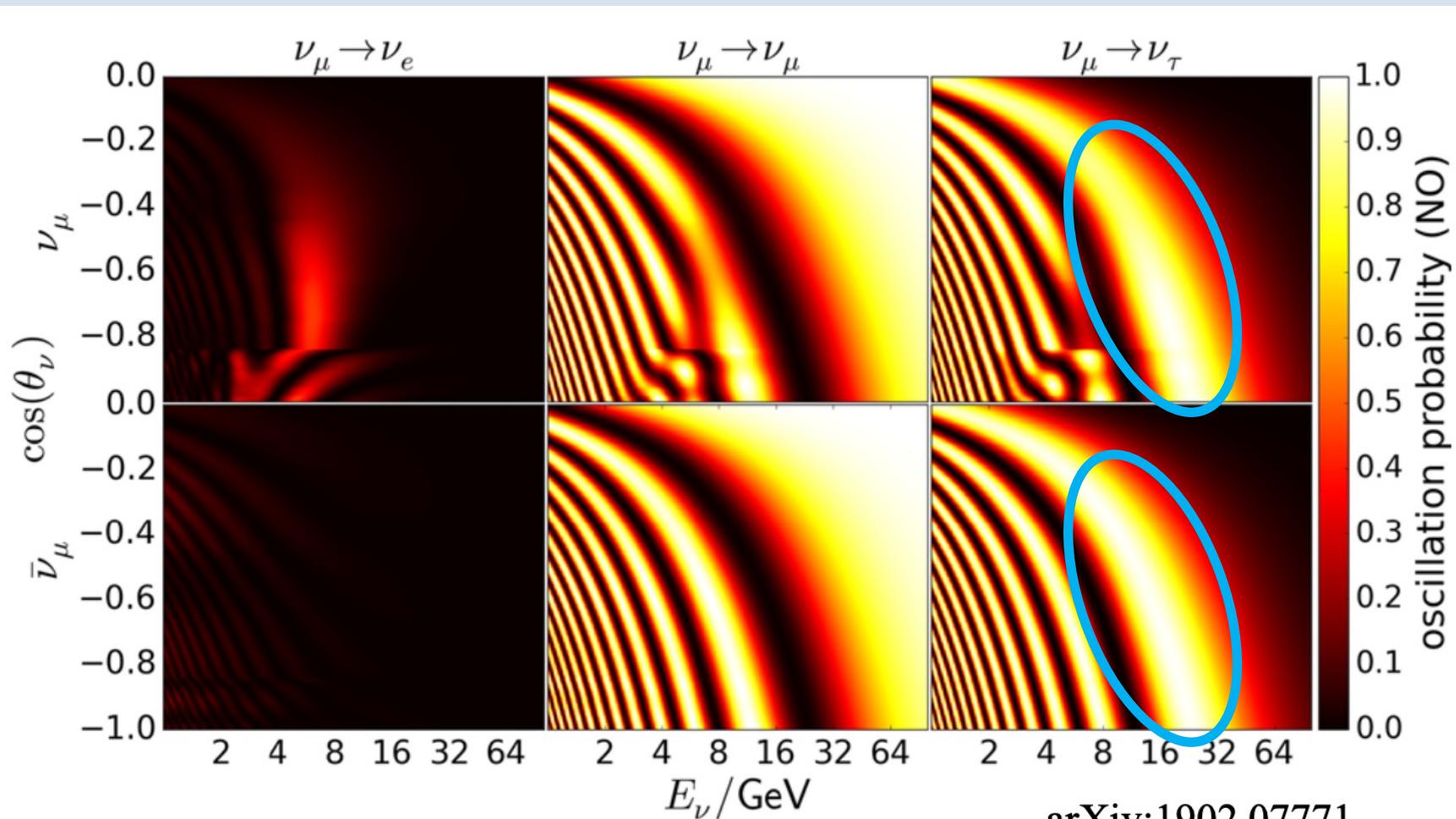
- ν_μ disappearance 10-40 GeV
→ precision measurements Δm^2_{31} , θ_{23}



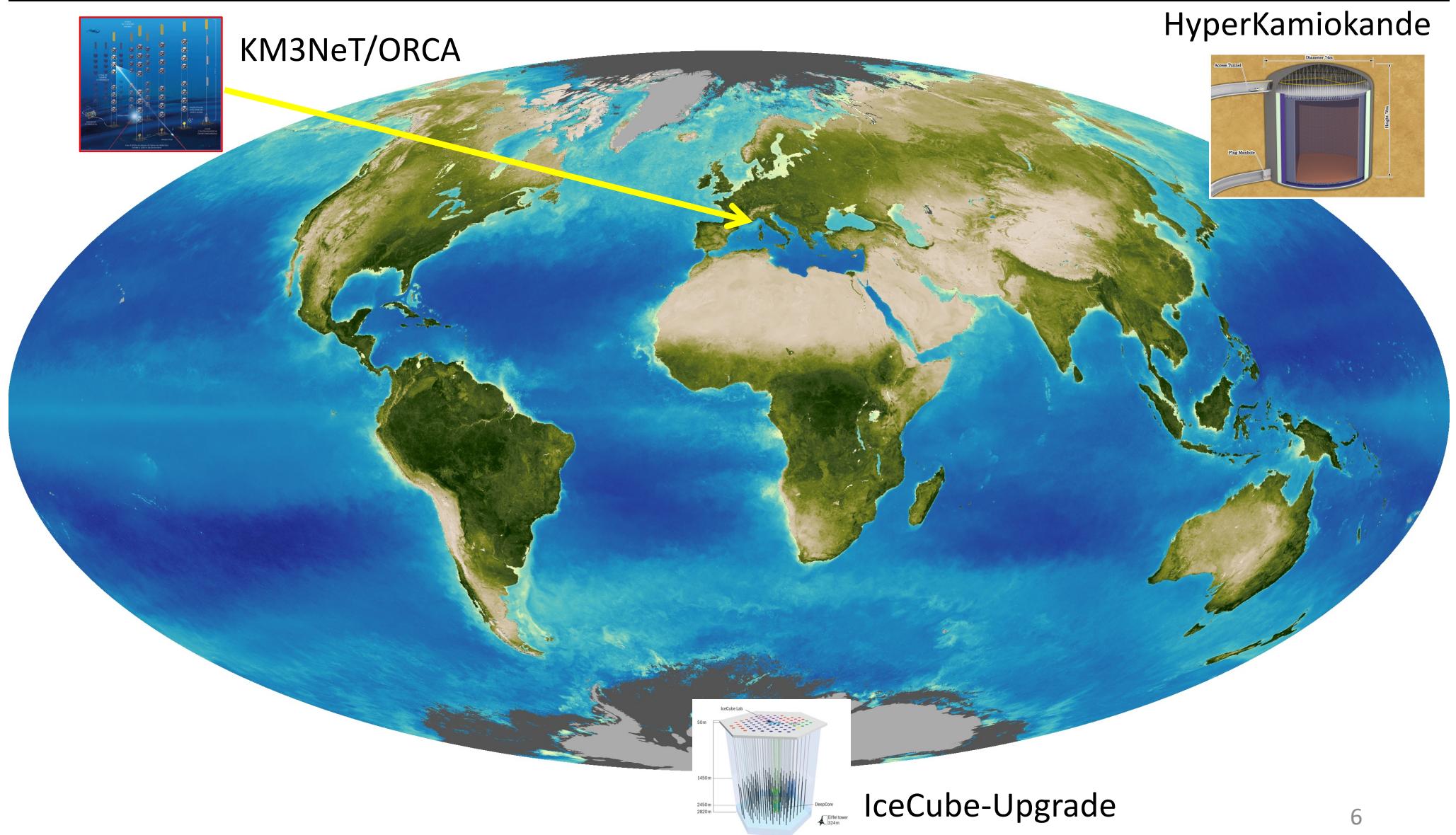
arXiv:1902.07771

Neutrino oscillations

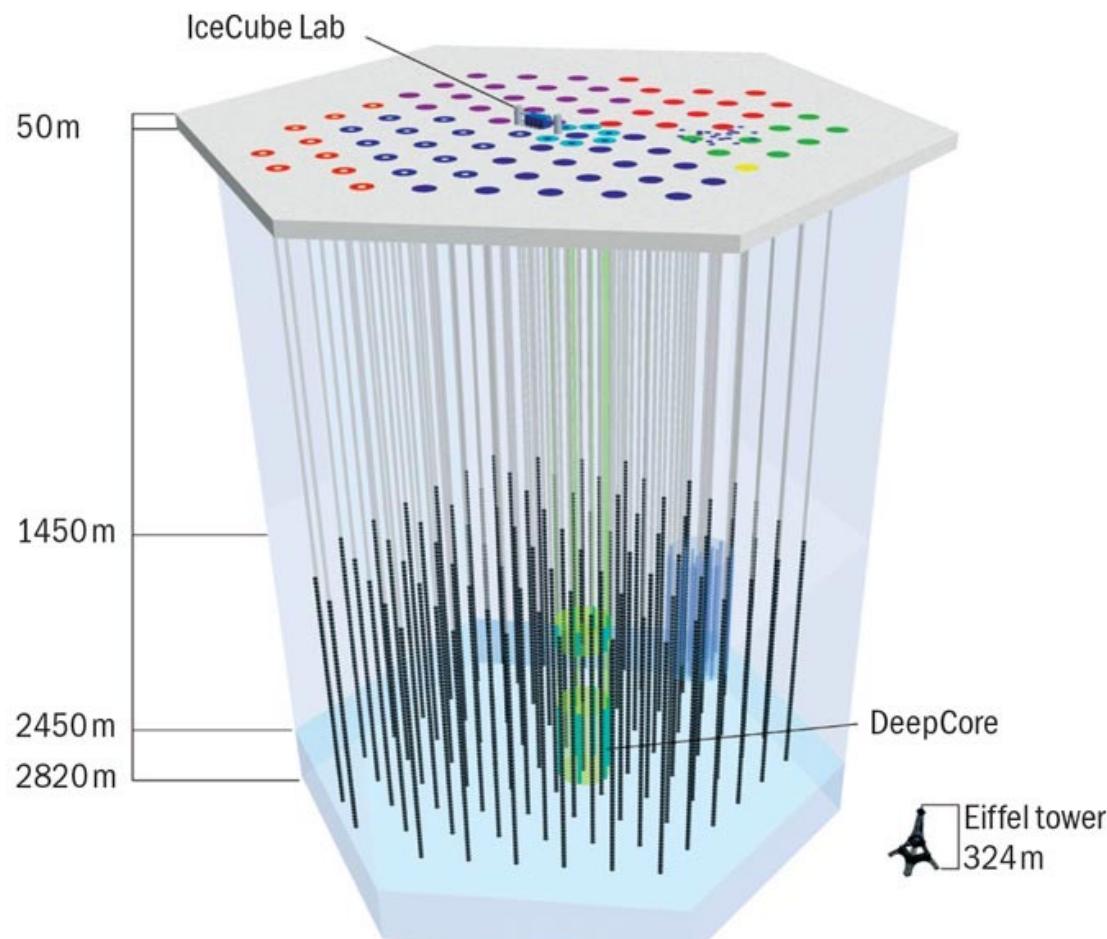
- ν_τ appearance 10-40 GeV
→ ν_τ cross section, ν_τ sector BSM tests



Next generation detectors



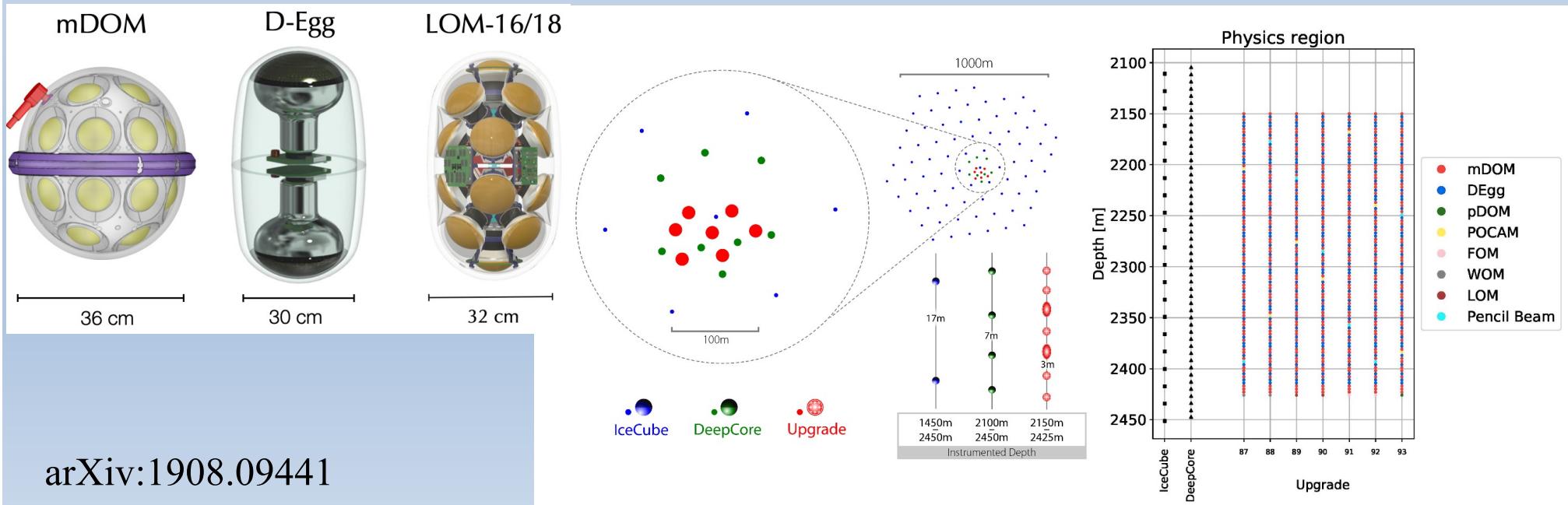
Detectors - IceCube / DeepCore



- 86 strings with 60 DOMs instrumenting 1km^3
- Deep Core : dense core for atmospheric neutrino physics at 10-100 GeV
- Operational since 2011

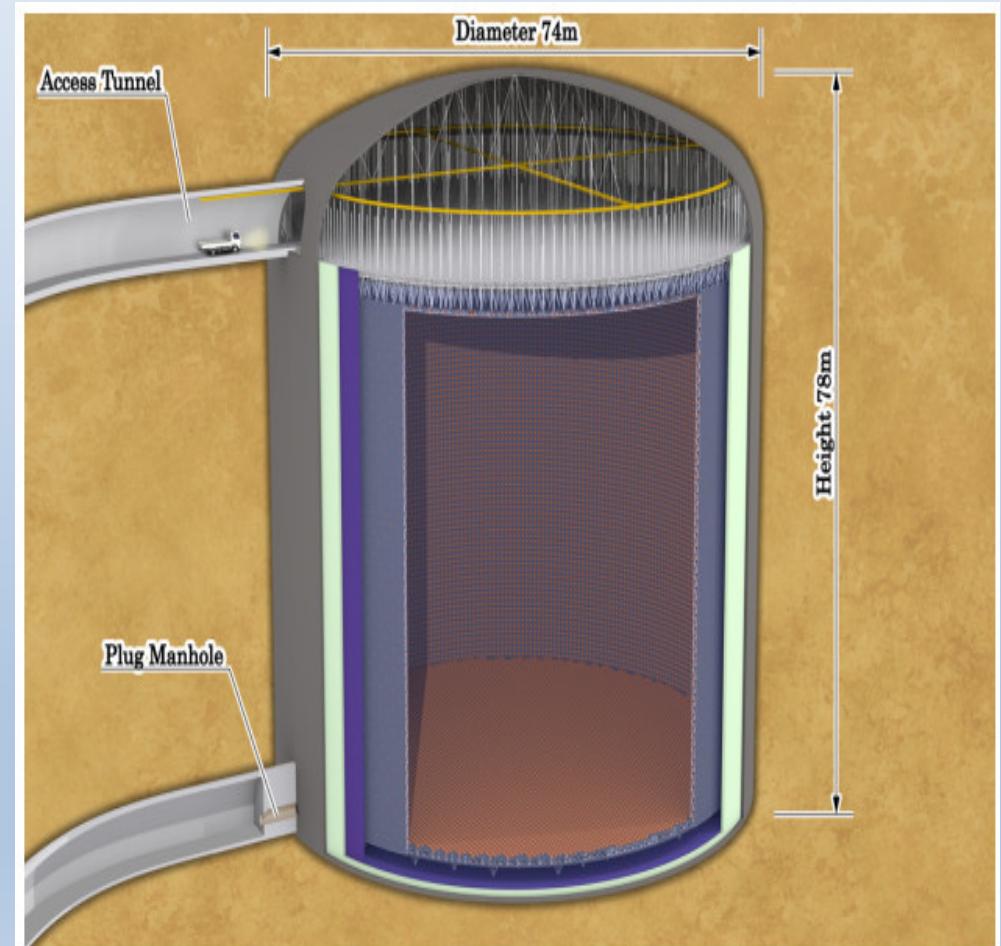
Detectors - IceCube upgrade

- 7 new strings inside DeepCore region
- 20m string spacing, 3m module spacing
- Energy threshold lowered from ~ 10 GeV to ~ 2 GeV
- Several Mtons instrumented volume
- Installation during 2025/2026 campaign

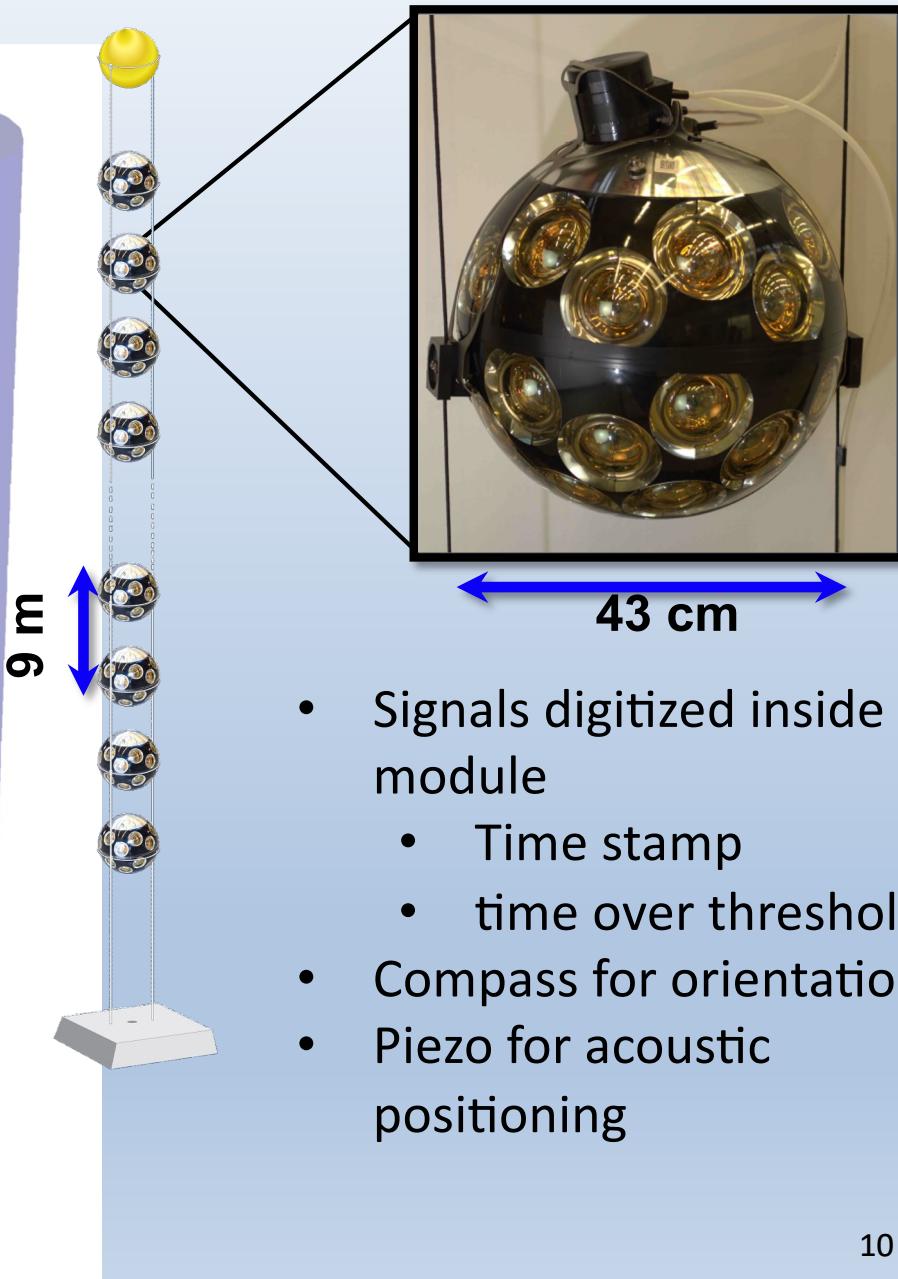
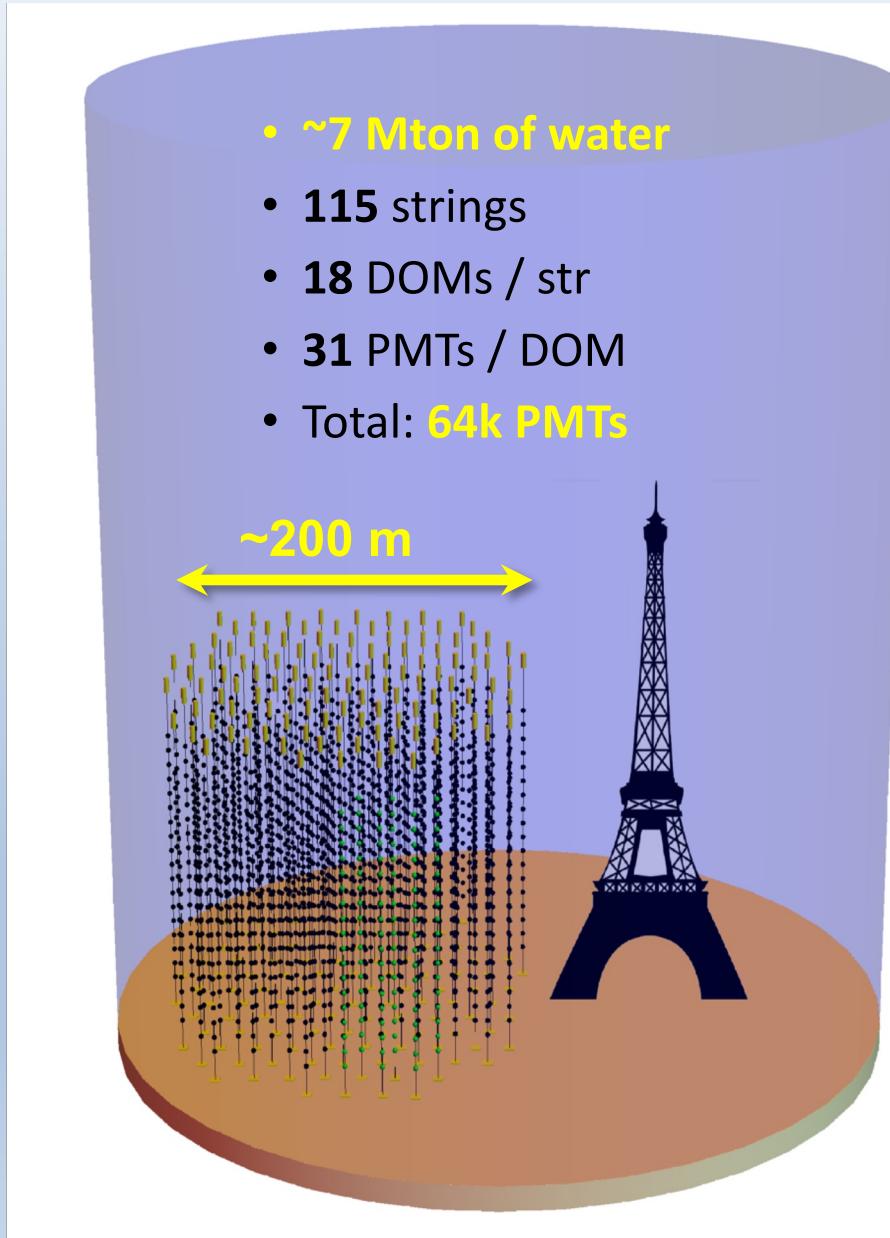


Detectors - HyperKamiokande

- 258 kton of water
- Fiducial volume ~ 0.2 Mton
- 20,000 50cm PMTs
- Data taking start planned for 2027



Detectors - KM3NeT/ORCA



Detectors - Multi-PMTs

- Design developed by KM3NeT
- Applied now in all next-generation detectors
- Photon counting, nsec coincidences, directionality
- Better calibrations

KM3NeT



IC upgrade

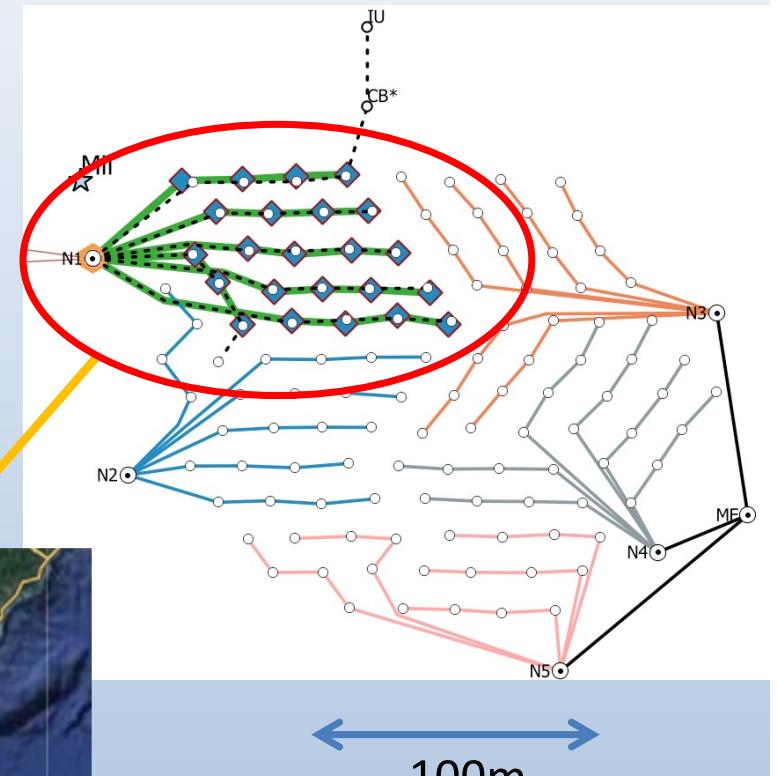


Hyperkamiokande



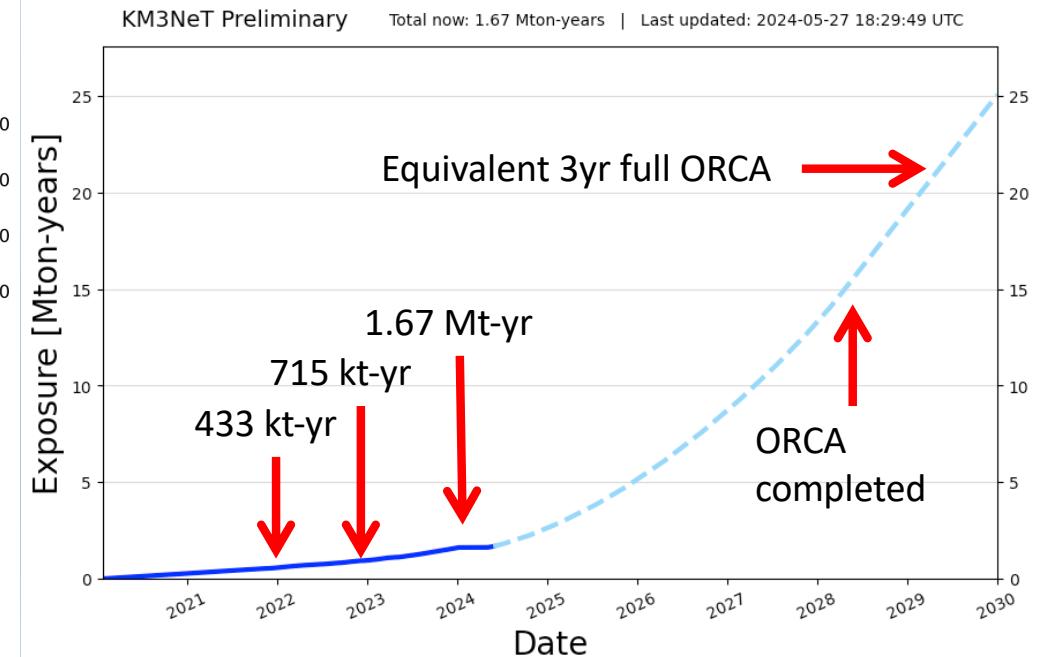
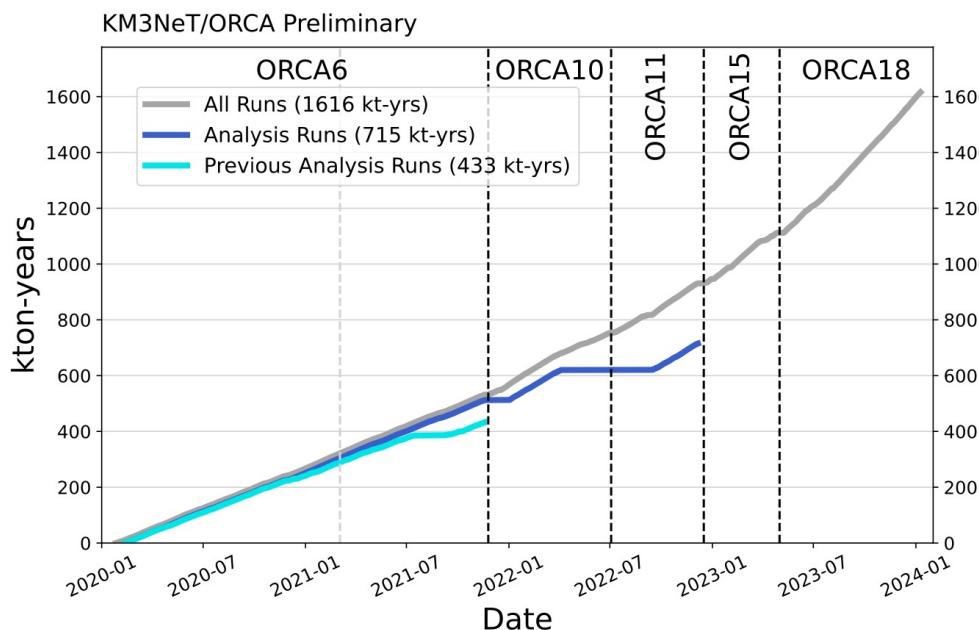
Detectors - Status of KM3NeT/ORCA

- 23 DUs installed on sea floor
- 20% of final detector



Detectors - KM3NeT/ORCA construction

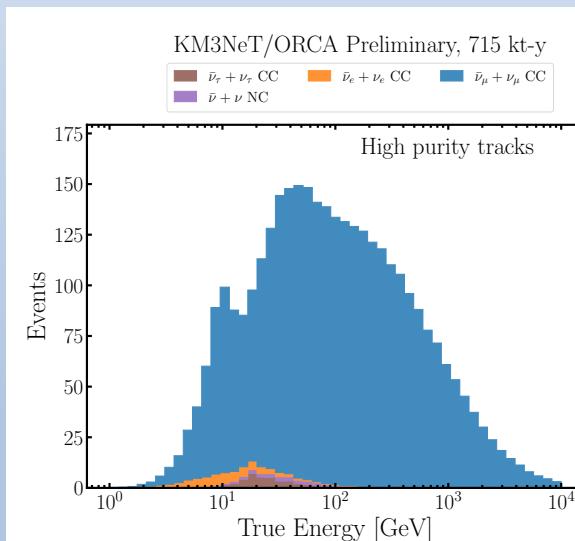
- Data taking and current analyses
- 433 and 715 kt-yr results
- 1.6 Mt-yr on tape
- Construction schedule
- Data sample equivalent of 3 years full ORCA before end of decade



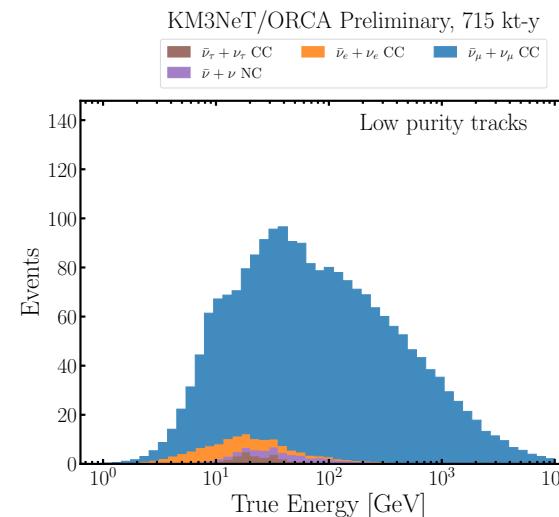
Event sample - KM3NeT/ORCA

- Extrapolation from current analysis 0.7 Mt-yr
- 3 particle ID classes

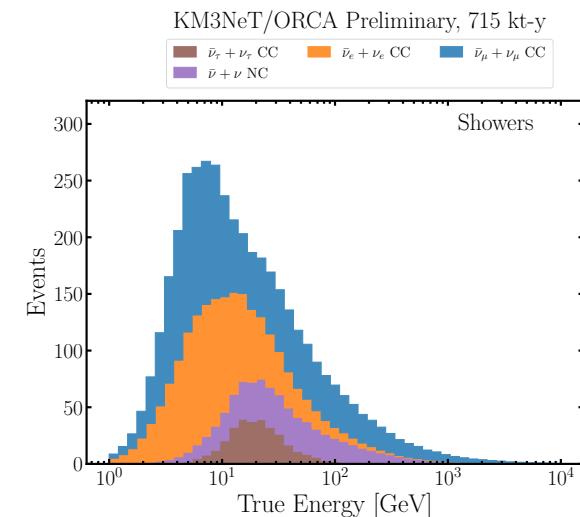
High-purity tracks
3400 events



low-purity tracks
2000 events



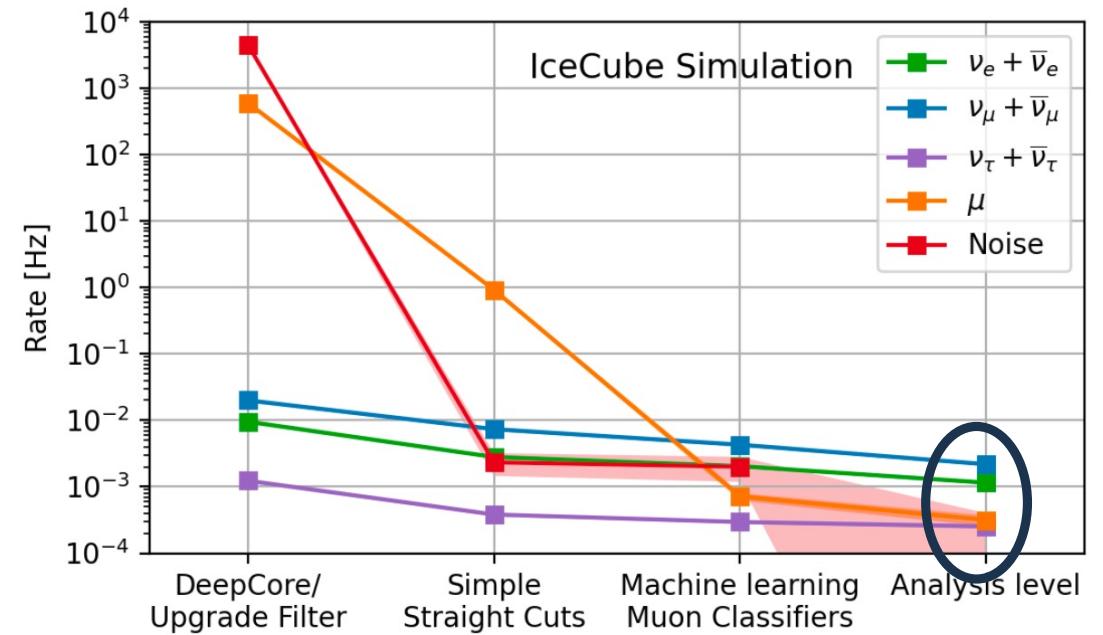
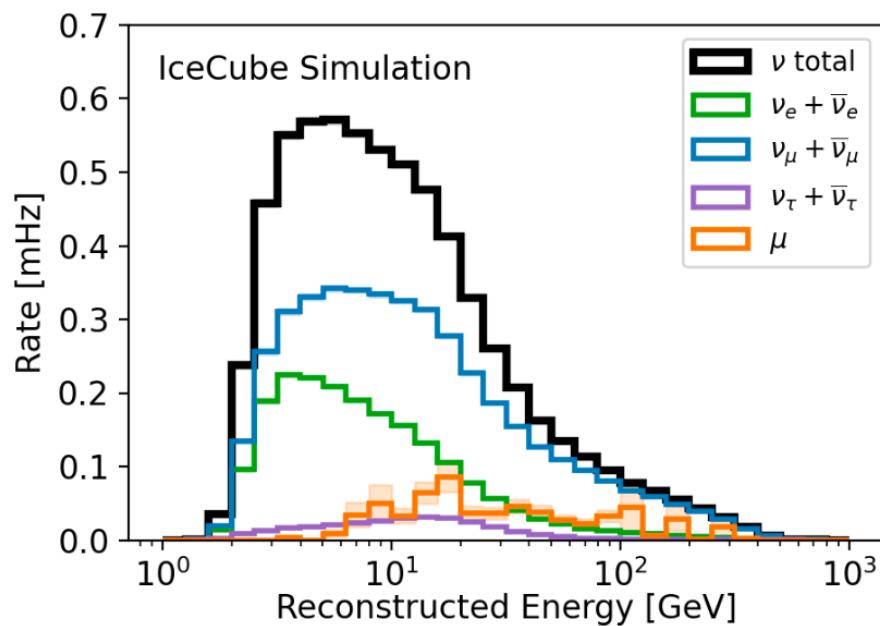
showers
3800 events



- full ORCA (7 Mt-yr) : 90,000 neutrinos per year
- 2 GeV – few TeV

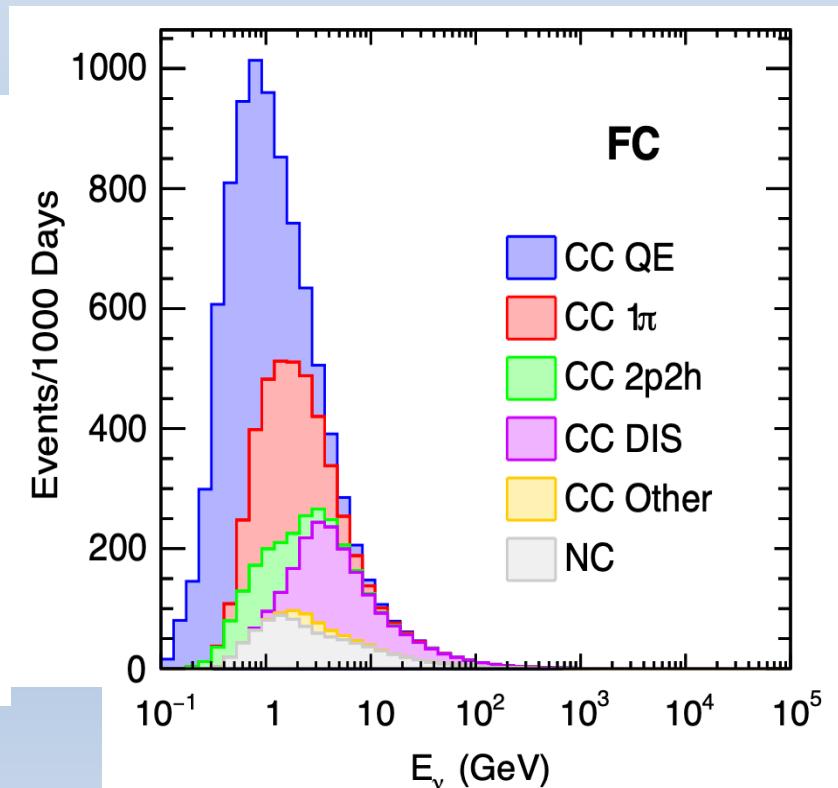
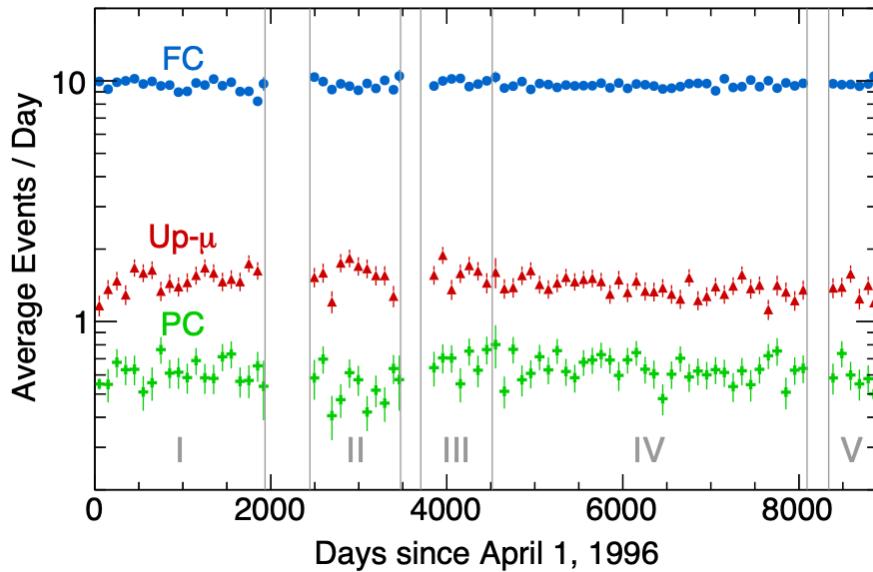
Event sample - IC upgrade

- 3mHz → 90,000 neutrinos per year
- 2-100 GeV



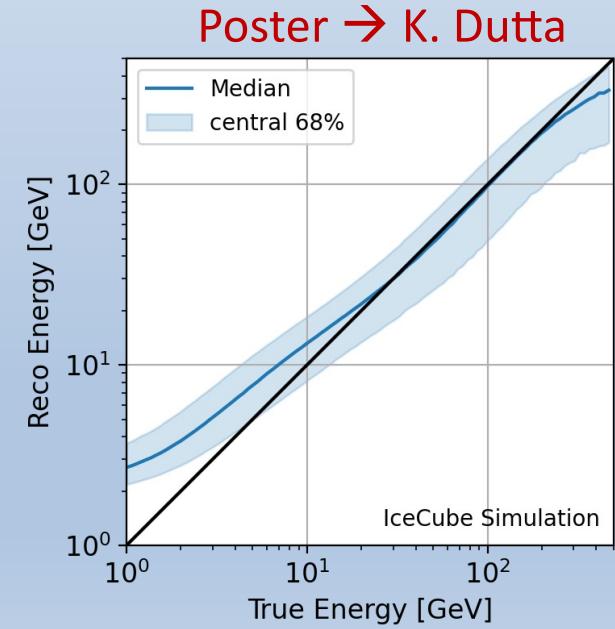
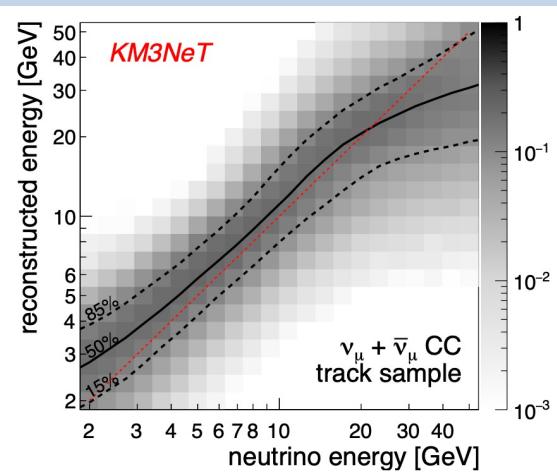
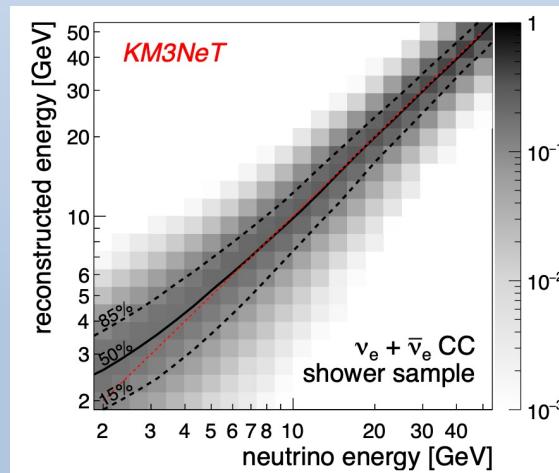
Event sample - Hyperkamiokande

- Extrapolation from Superkamiokande
- 80 events per days → 30,000 neutrinos per year
- Dominantly fully contained (FC) events 0.2-20 GeV



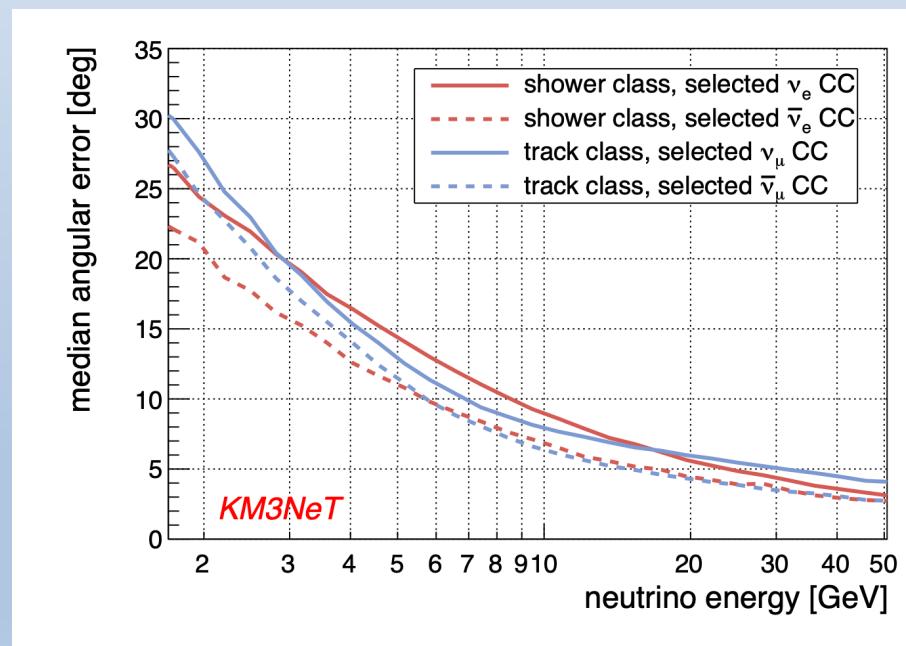
Detector response - energy resolution

- KM3NeT/ORCA
- At 10 GeV 25% for ν_e and 35% for ν_μ
- IC upgrade
- Similar performance

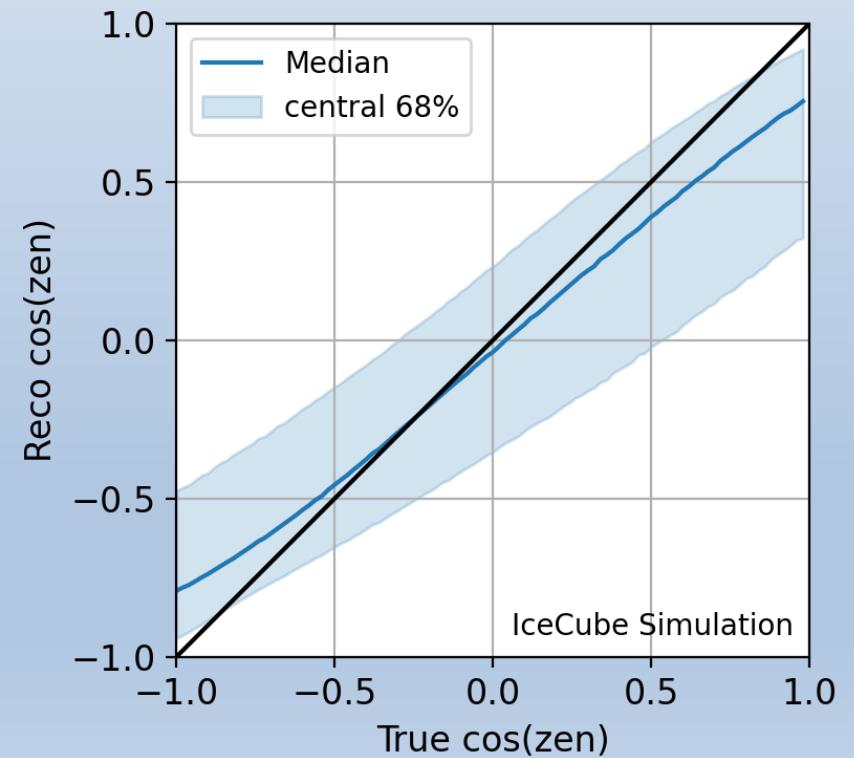


Detector response - angular resolution

- KM3NeT/ORCA
- Between 5° and 10° at 10 GeV
- Kinematics dominated

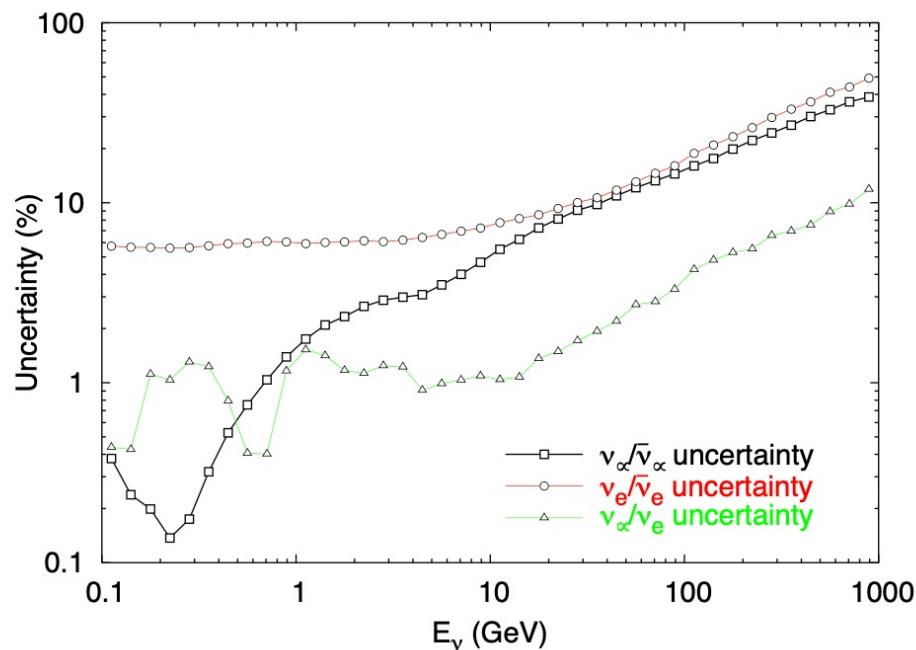


- IC upgrade

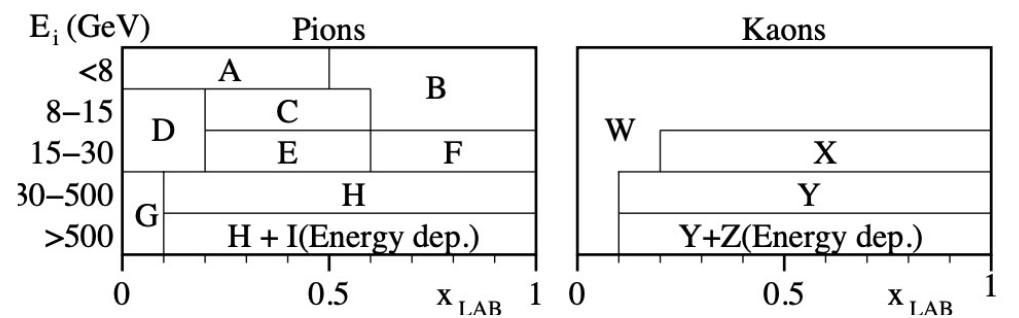


Systematics – neutrino flux

- parametric approach
 - Spectral index
 - Normalisation, skews

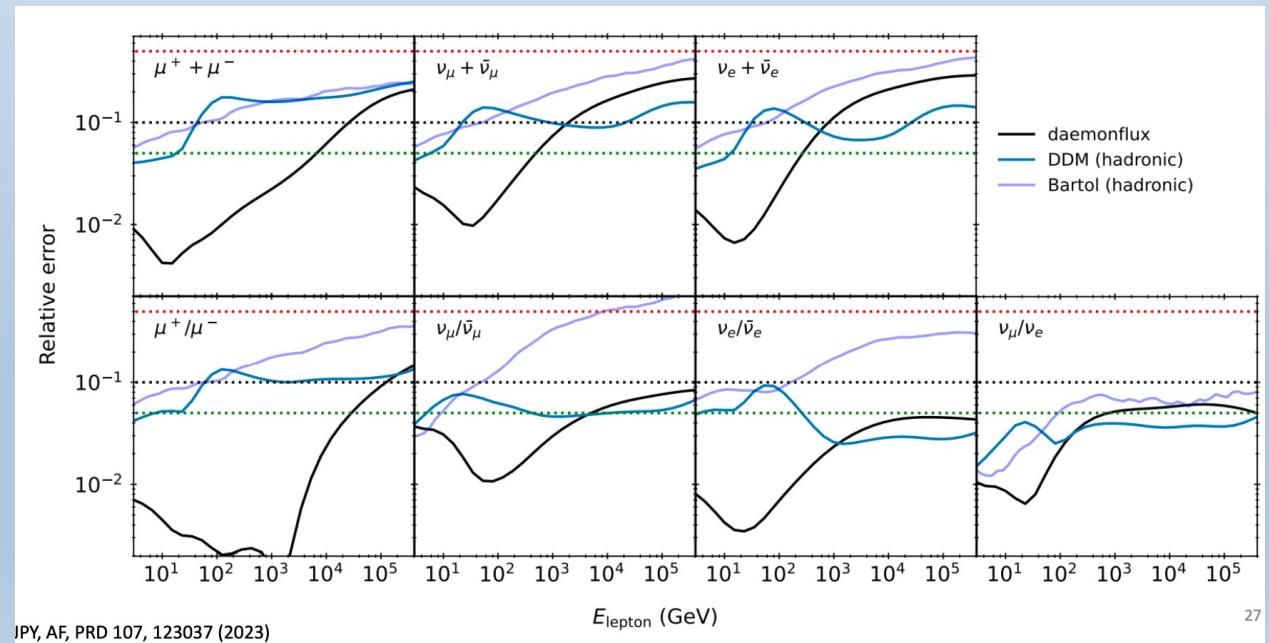


- Hadronic production uncertainties
- MCEq arXiv:1503.00544 Matrix Cascade Equations



Systematics – neutrino flux

- Most recent development : [daemonflux](#)
- Combine Cosmic Ray composition, hadronic interaction model, adjust to muon spectrometer data
- Substantial improvements in relevant energy range possible
- Work in progress



Data Driven Hadronic interaction model (DDM)

A. Fedynitch, M. Huber PRD 106 (2022)

Calibration of DDM+GSF with muon spectrometer data
J. P. Yañez, A. Fedynitch, PRD 107, 123037 (2023)

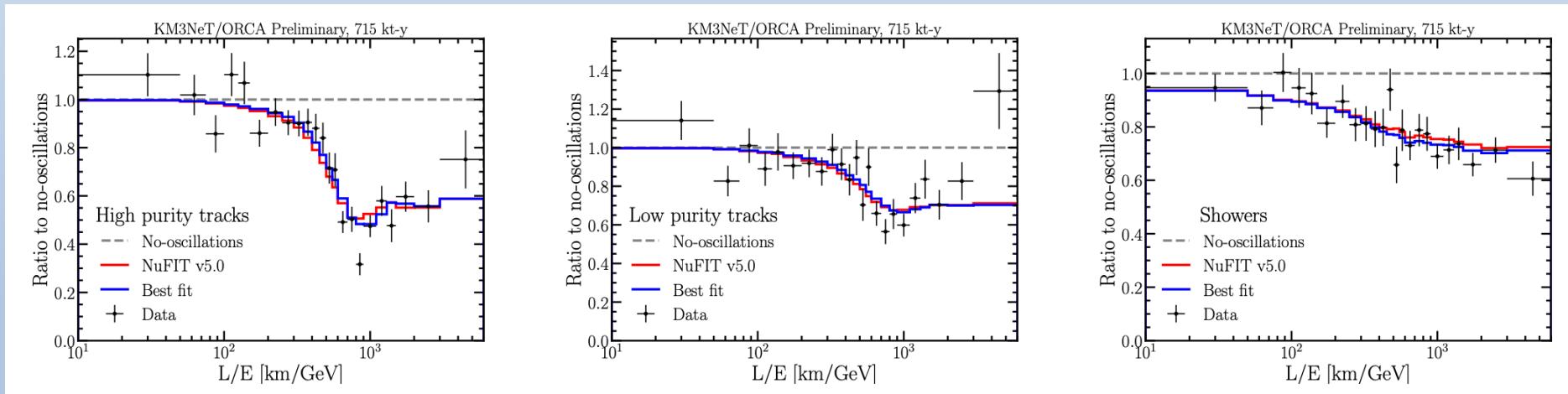
IPY, AF, PRD 107, 123037 (2023)

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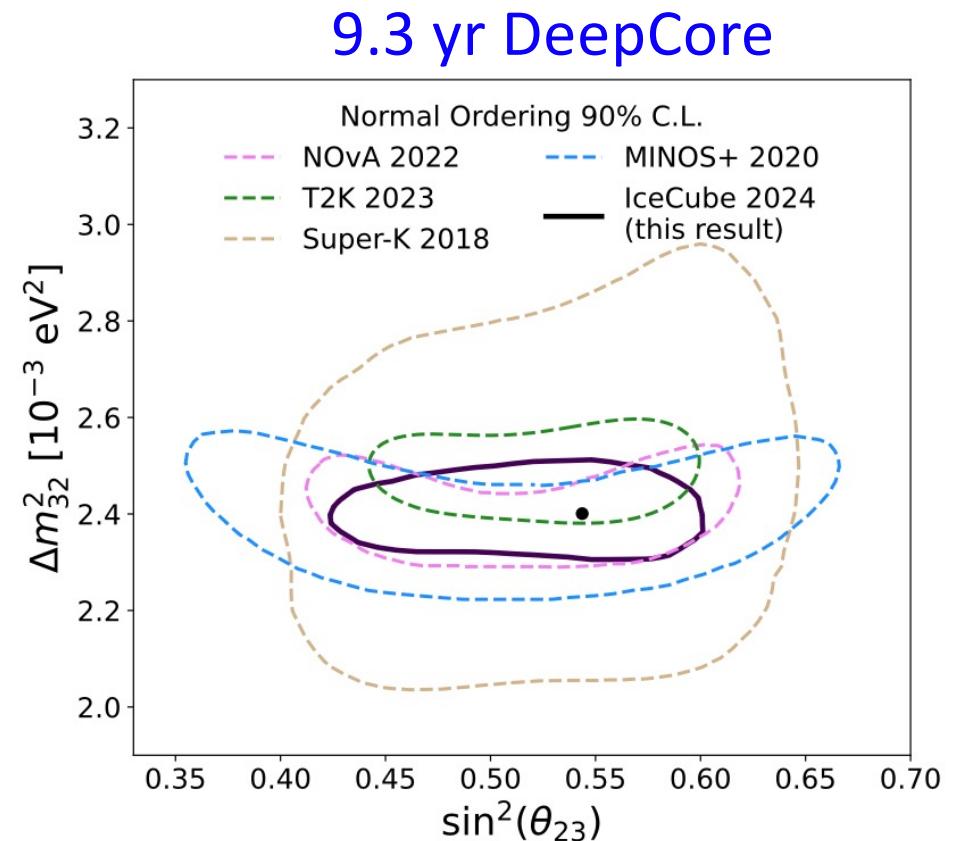
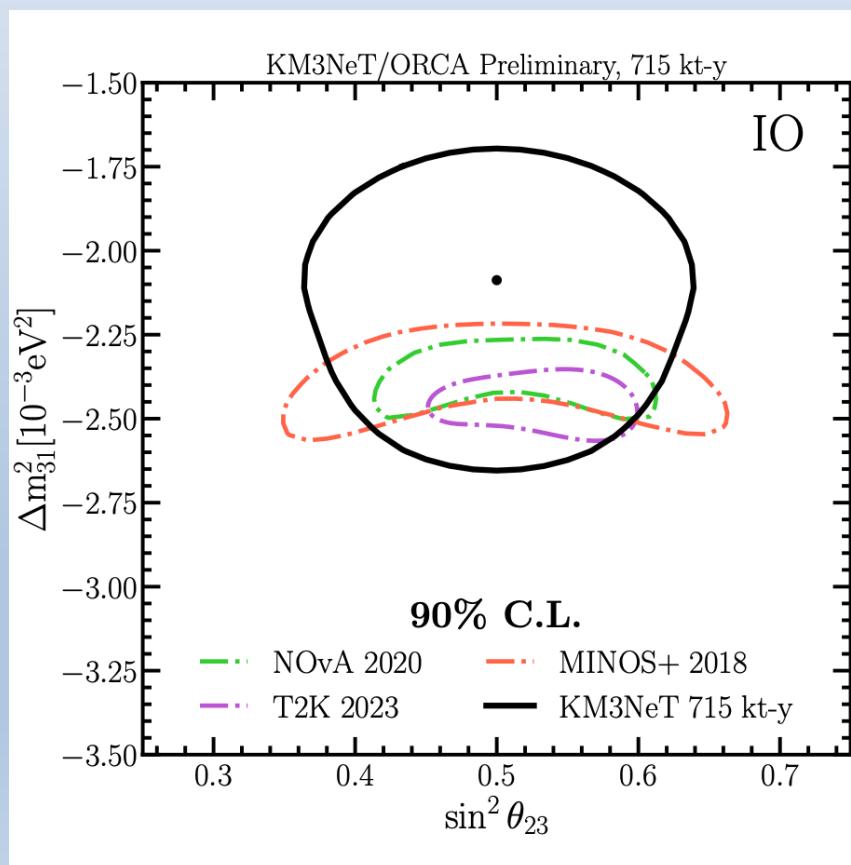
Performance - Δm^2_{31} , θ_{23}

- High statistics right at the first oscillation peak
- Actual fit done in multi-dimensional phase space
- Example from KM3NeT/ORCA 715 kt-yr



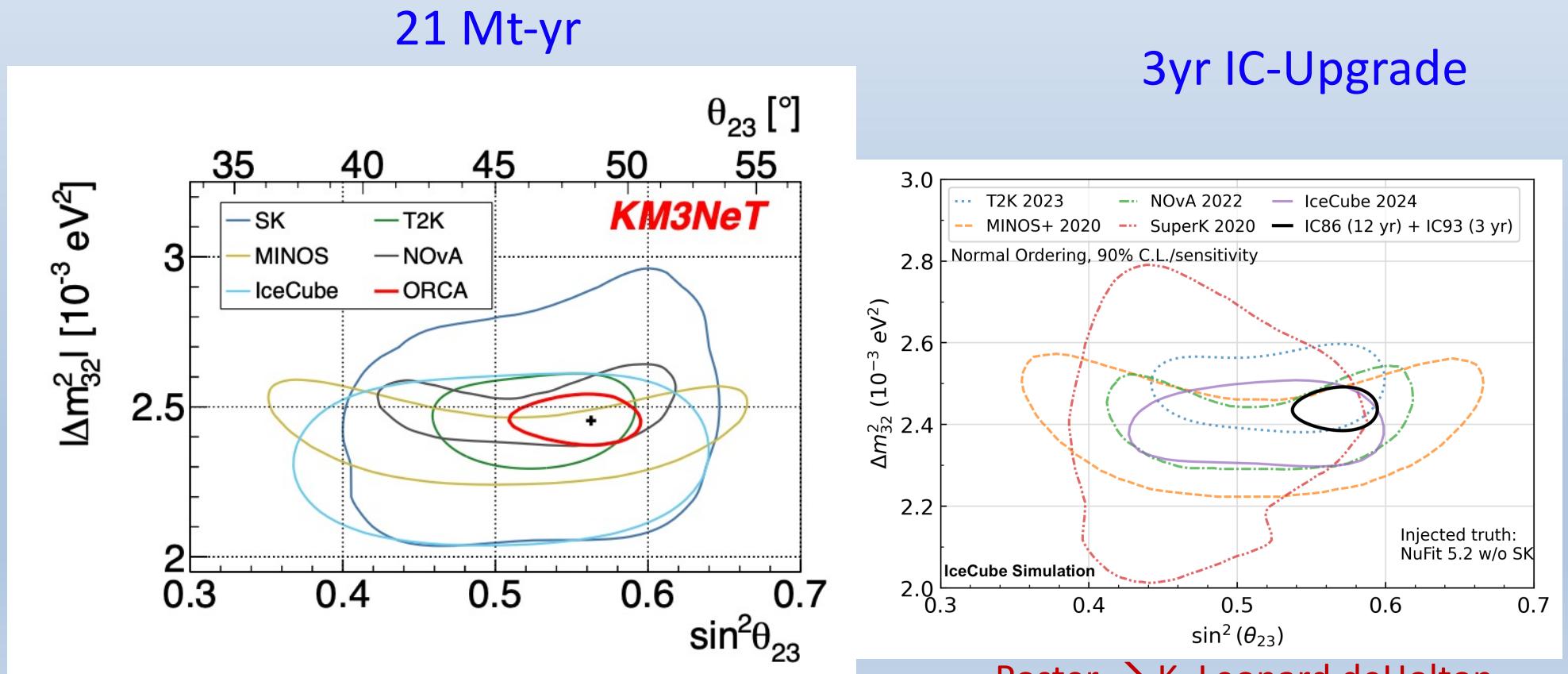
Performance - Δm^2_{31} , θ_{23}

- Excellent performance already now
- Δm^2_{31} with $\sim 2.0\%$, $\theta_{23} \sim 8\%$



Performance - Δm^2_{31} , θ_{23}

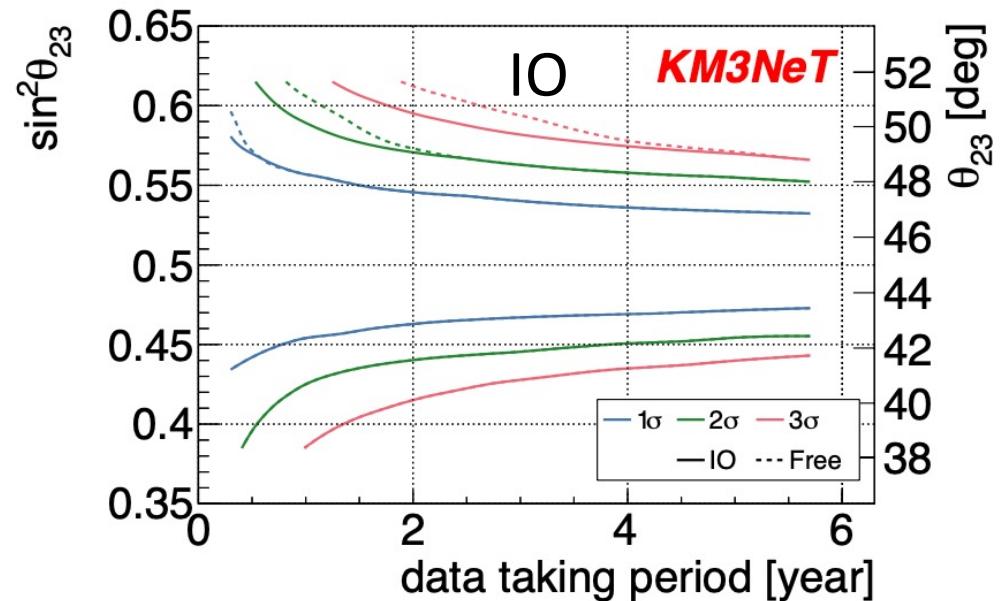
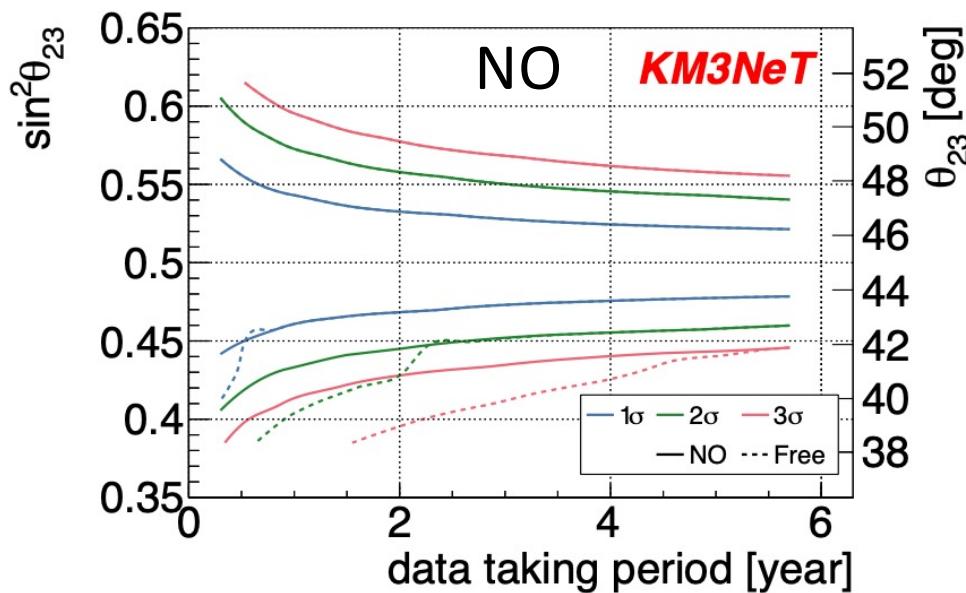
- Competitive measurement after 3 years
- Δm^2_{31} with $\sim 1.5\%$, θ_{23} few % dependent from true value



Poster → K. Leonard deHolton

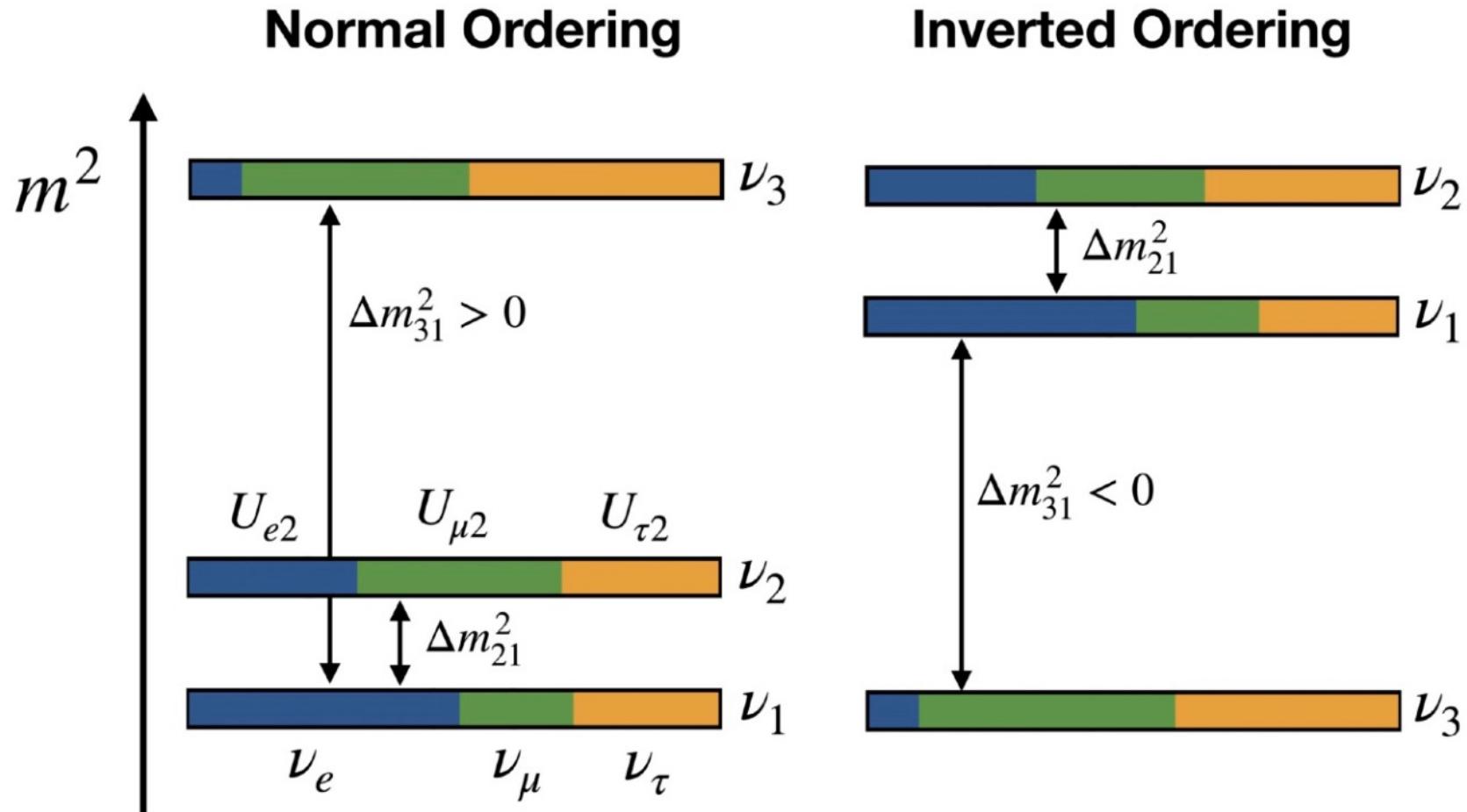
Performance - Δm^2_{31} , θ_{23}

- Octant of θ_{23} can be determined if not too close to maximal mixing



Performance

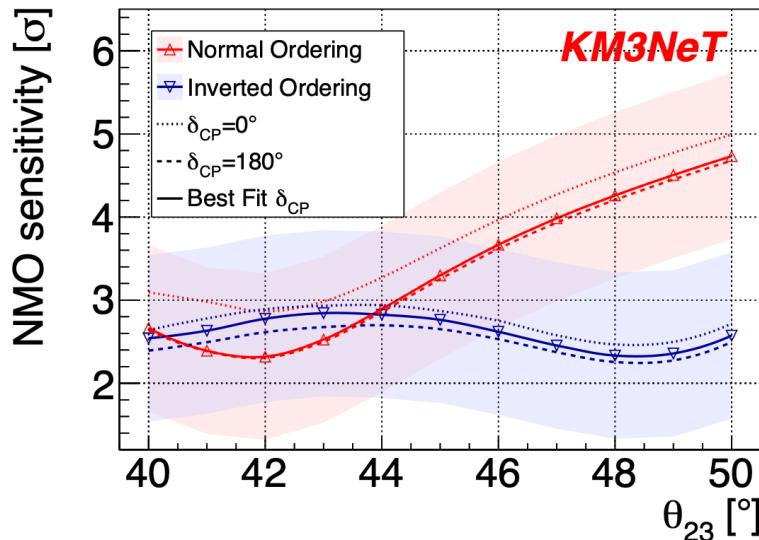
Neutrino Mass Ordering



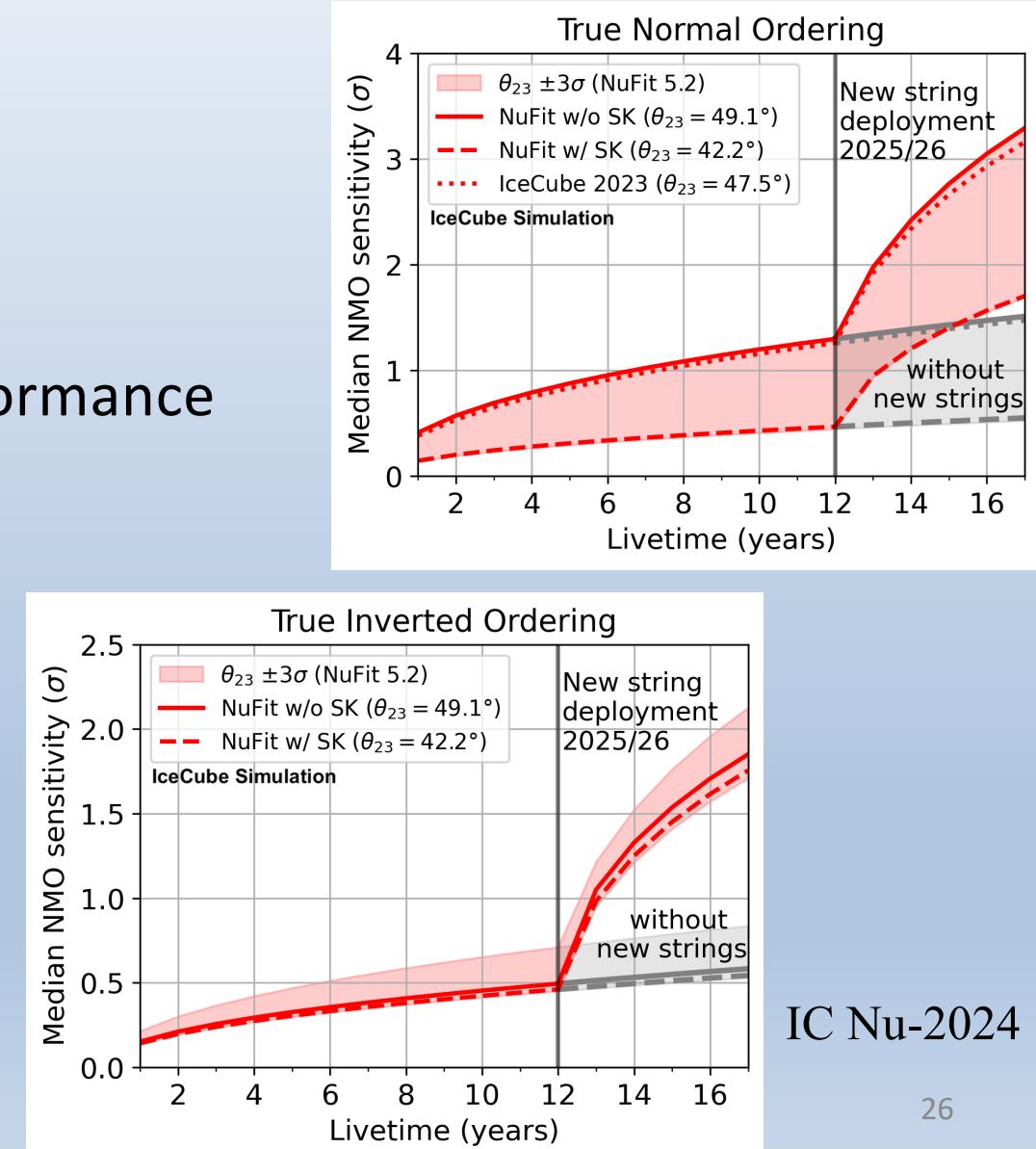
Performance

Neutrino Mass Ordering

- KM3NeT/ORCA 21 Mt-yr
- 2029 : $2.5 - 4.5\sigma$
- IC 2030 : $1.6 - 3.2\sigma$
- Upgrade crucial for performance



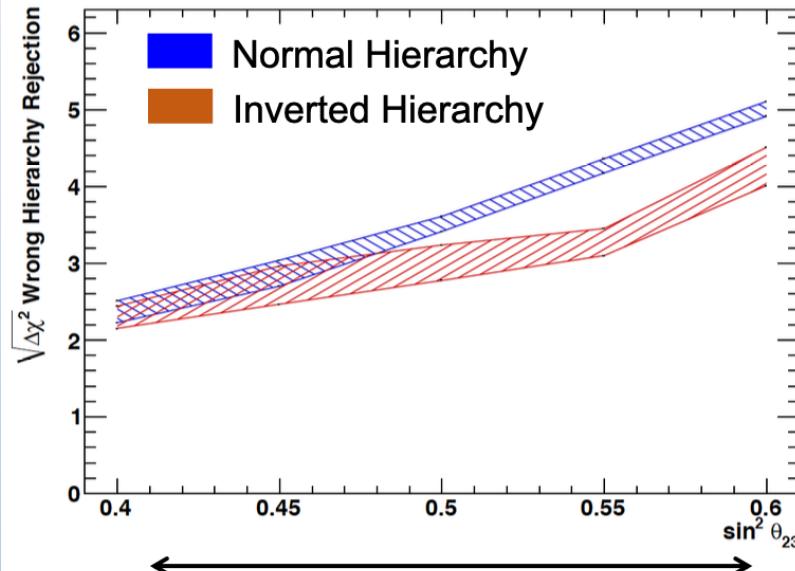
Eur. Phys. J. C 82, 26 (2022)



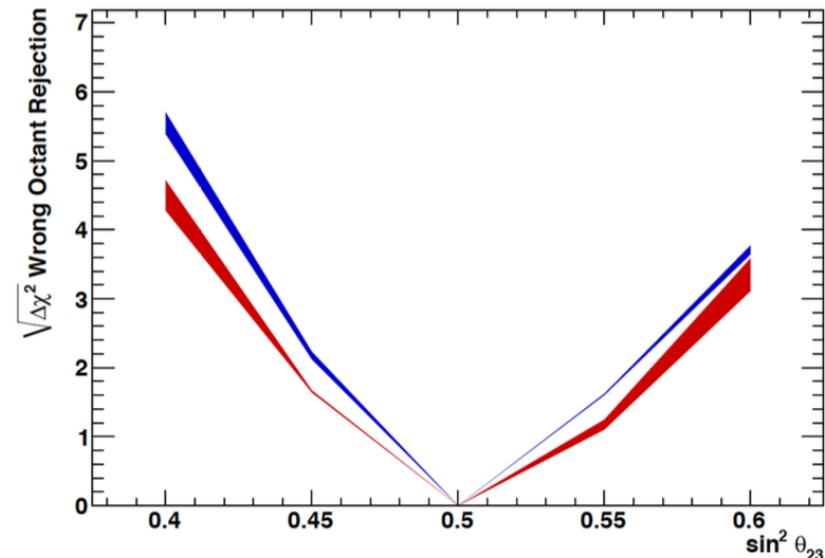
Performance Neutrino Mass Ordering

Mass Hierarchy Sensitivity After 10 Years (186 kton)

Atmospheric ν Only



HyperKamiokande



Current Allowed Range

| | $\sin^2 \theta_{23}$ | Atmospheric neutrino | Atm + Beam |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Mass ordering | 0.40 | 2.2σ | $\rightarrow 3.8 \sigma$ |
| | 0.60 | 4.9σ | $\rightarrow 6.2 \sigma$ |
| θ_{23} octant | 0.45 | 2.2σ | $\rightarrow 6.2 \sigma$ |
| | 0.55 | 1.6σ | $\rightarrow 3.6 \sigma$ |

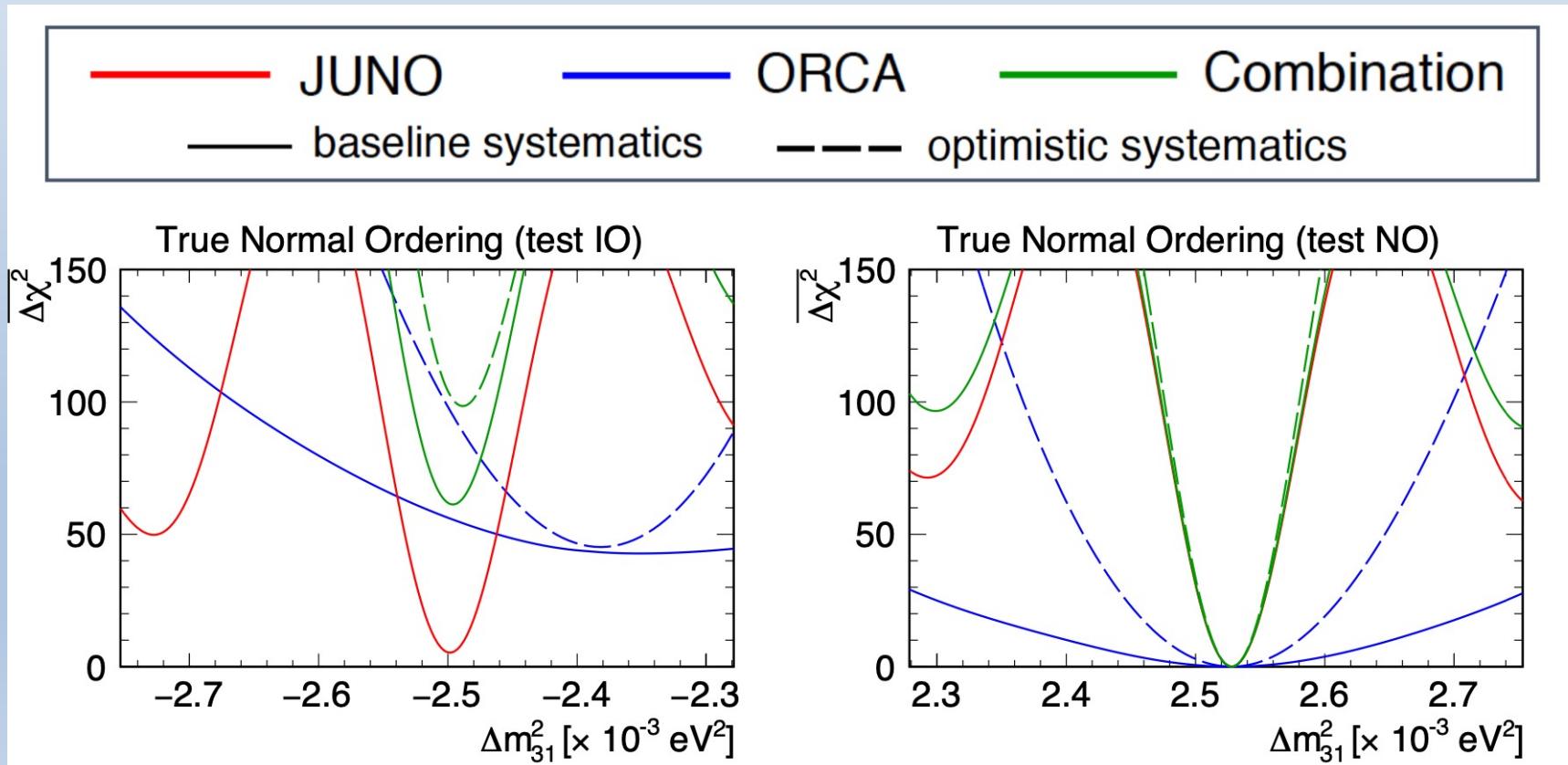
10 years with 1.3MW, normal mass ordering is assumed

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Performance NMO

Adding constraints from JUNO

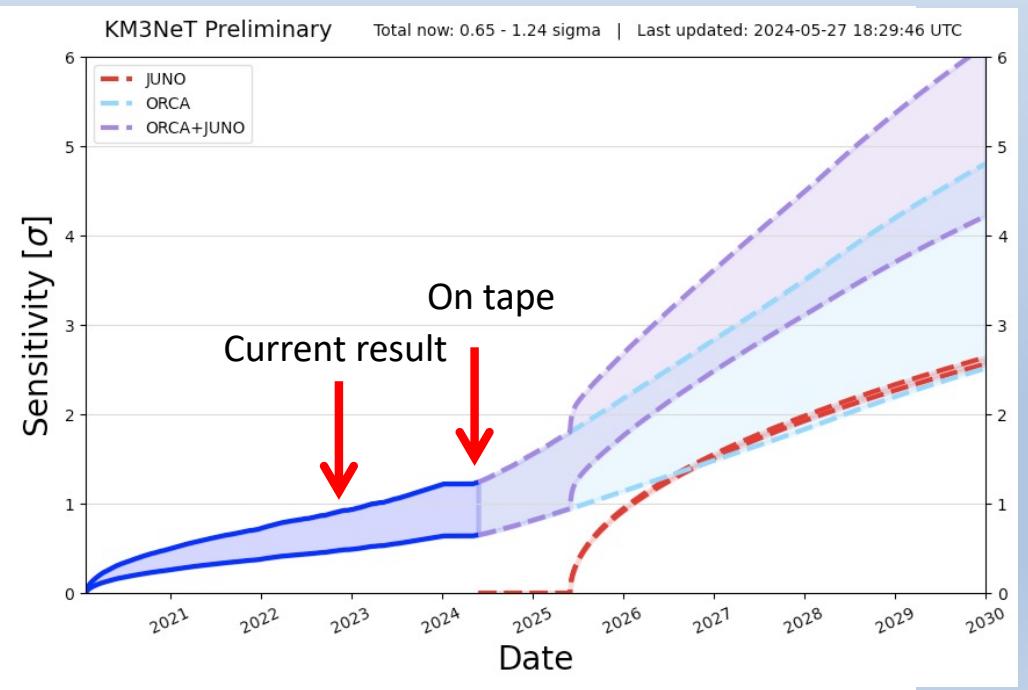
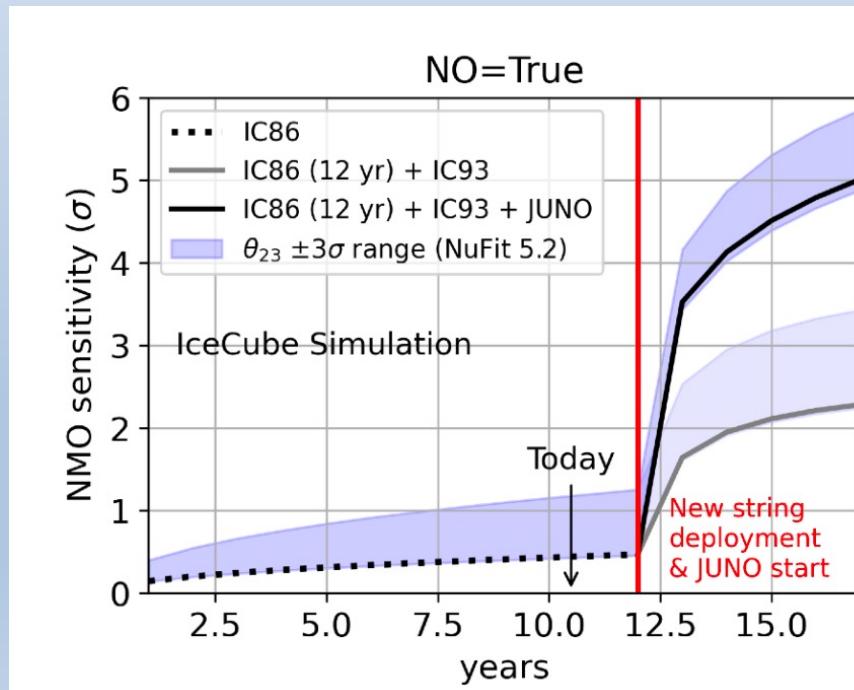
- Using Δm_{31}^2 tension between JUNO and IC/ORCA when assuming wrong NMO significantly increases the rejection power for wrong NMO



Performance

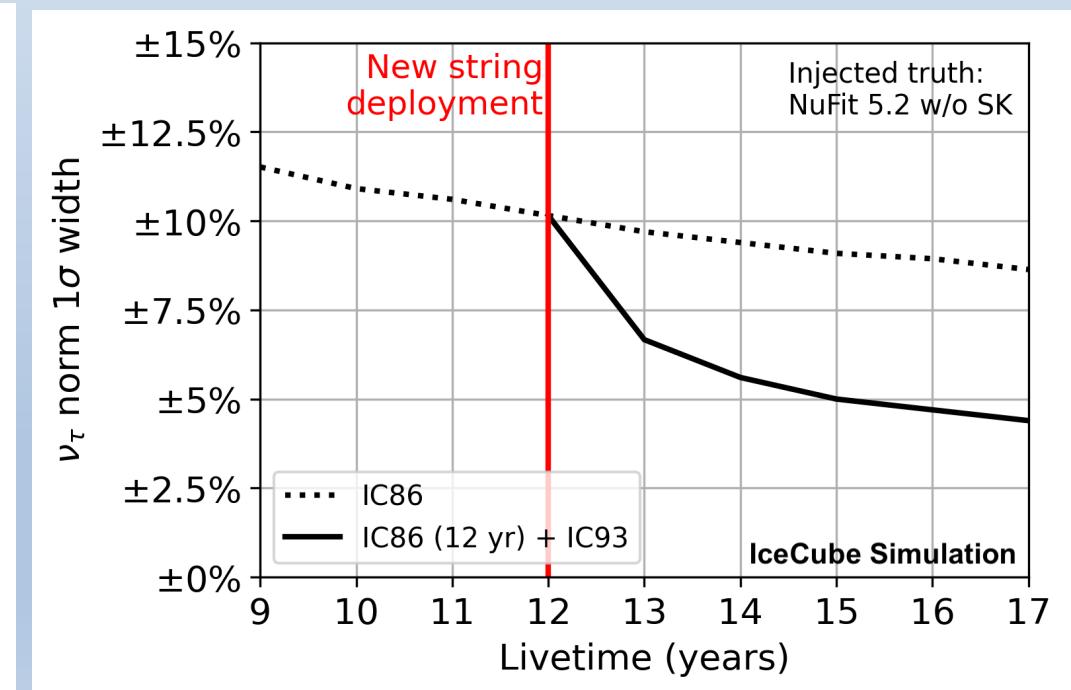
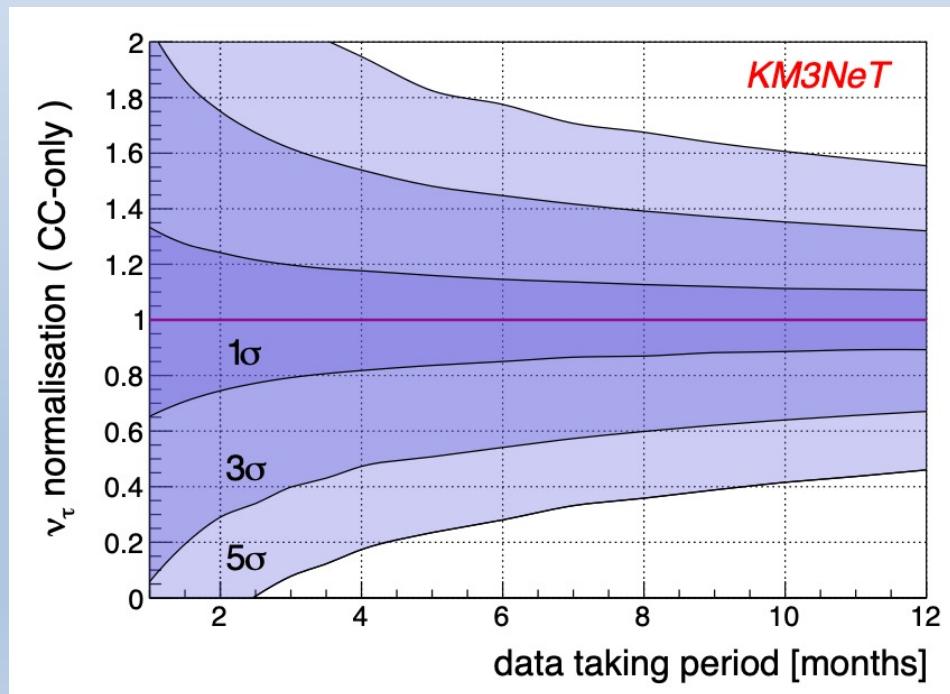
Neutrino Mass Ordering

- KM3NeT/ORCA & IC-upgrade combination with JUNO
- 2σ gain in sensitivity
- Overall combination : 5σ NMO determination by 2030



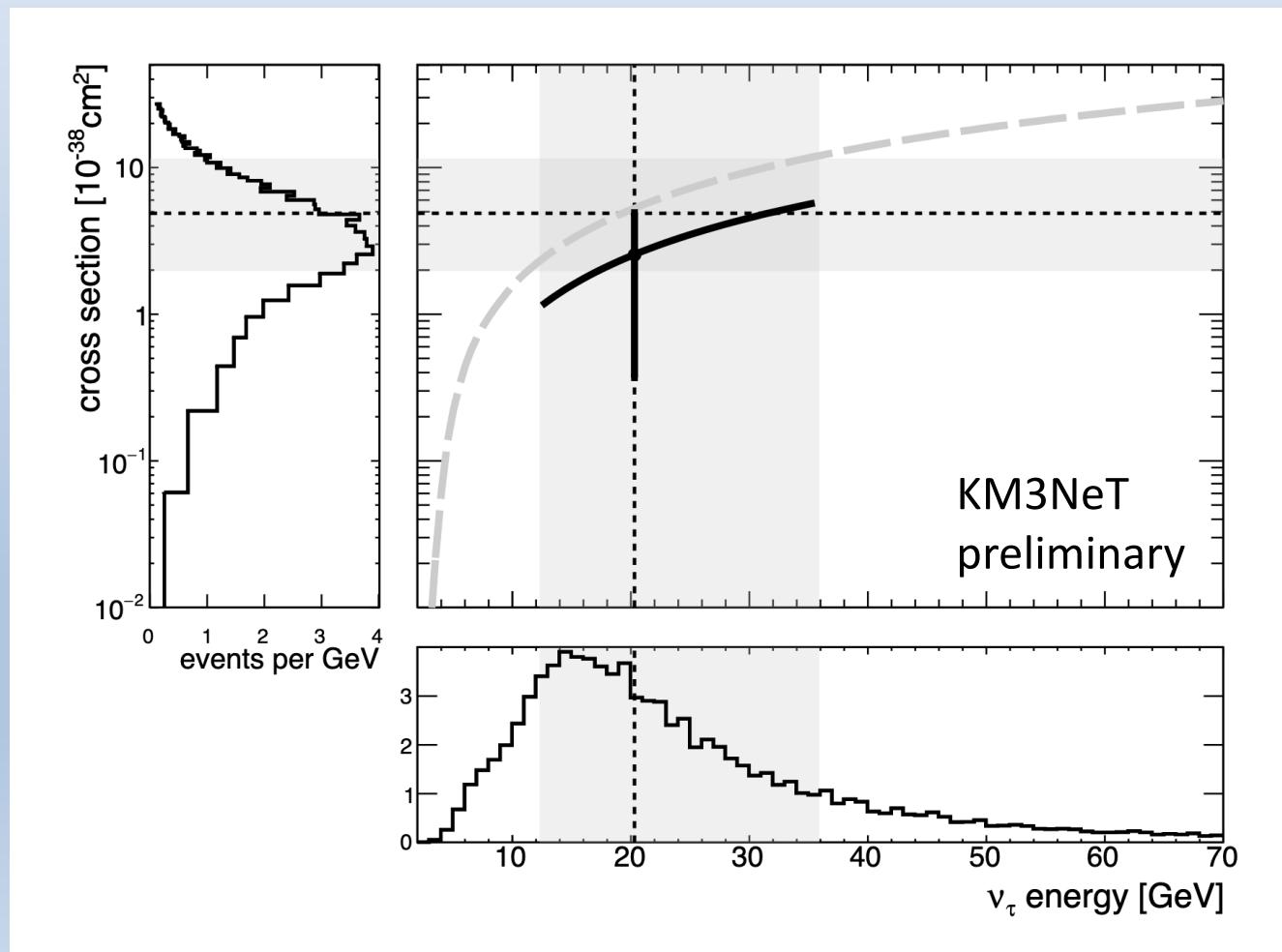
Performance ν_τ cross-section

- Several 1000 ν_τ CC events in KM3NeT/ORCA and IceCube per year
- ν_τ normalization measured to better than 5% after 3 years



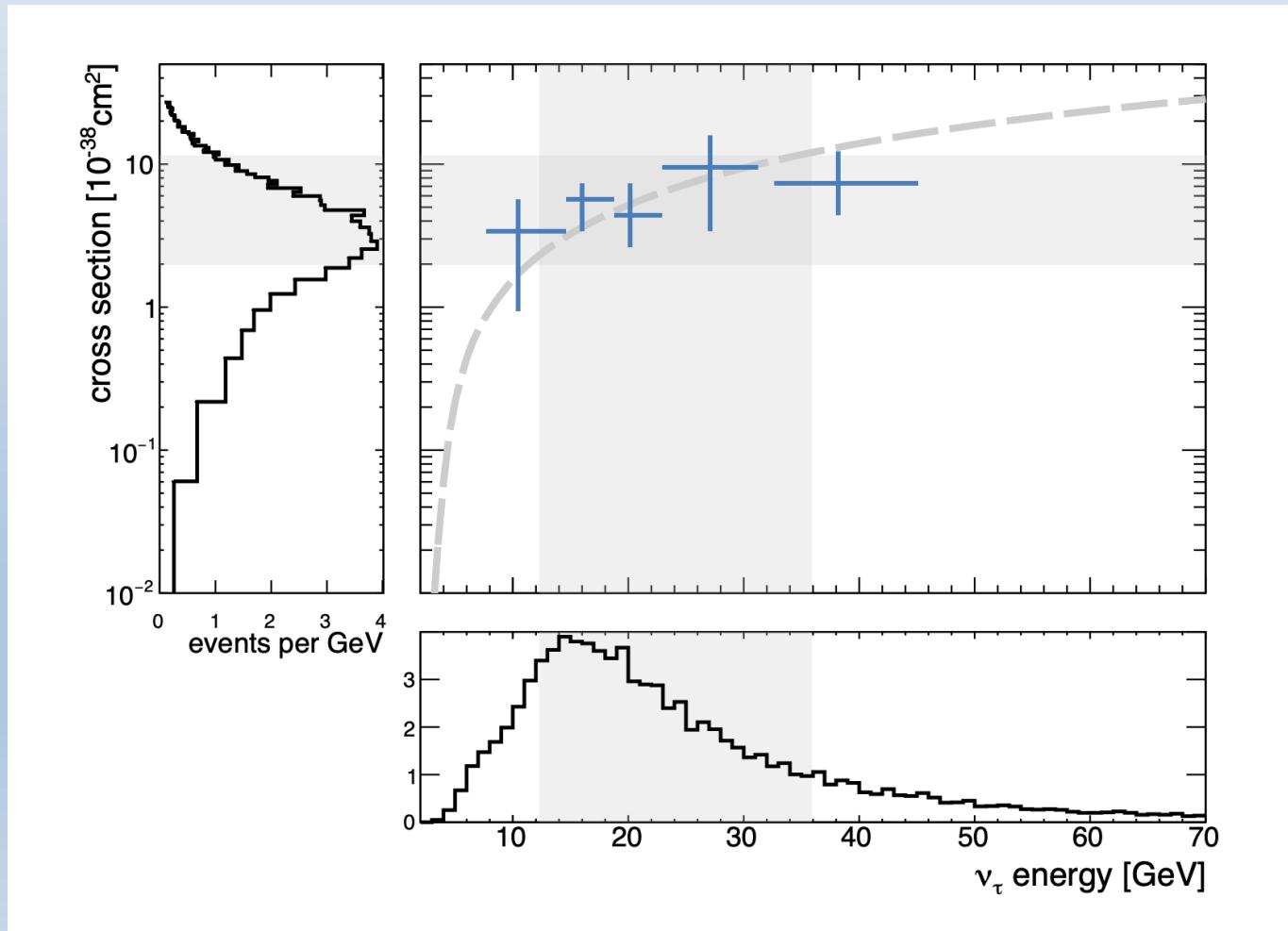
Performance ν_τ cross-section

- Measurement from KM3NeT/ORCA (433 kt-yr)
- Close to kinematical threshold



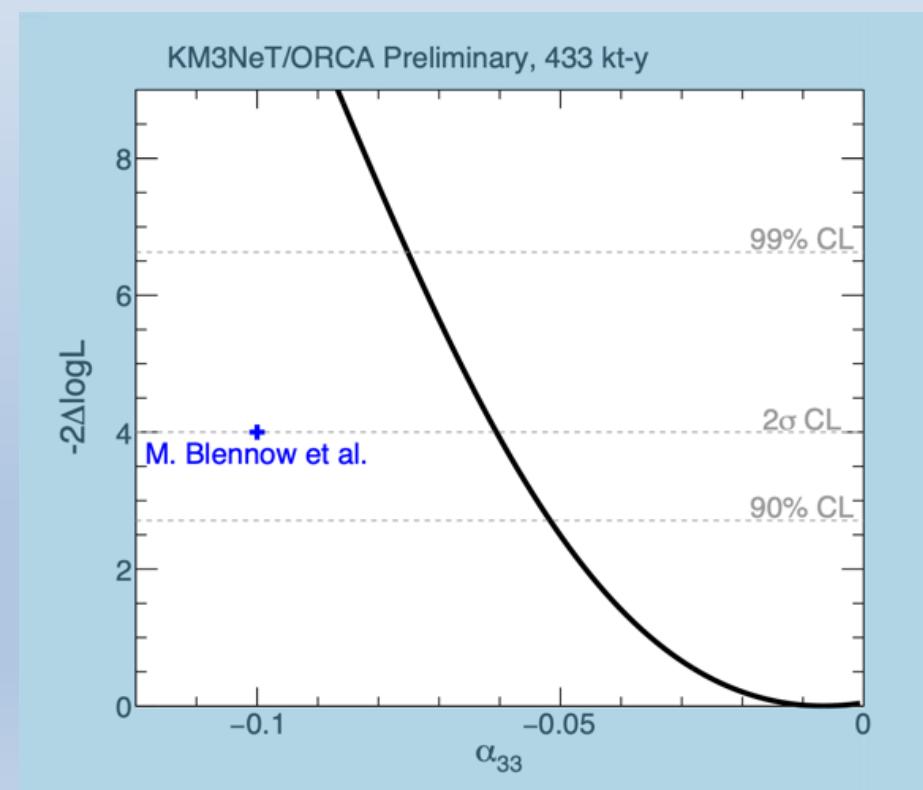
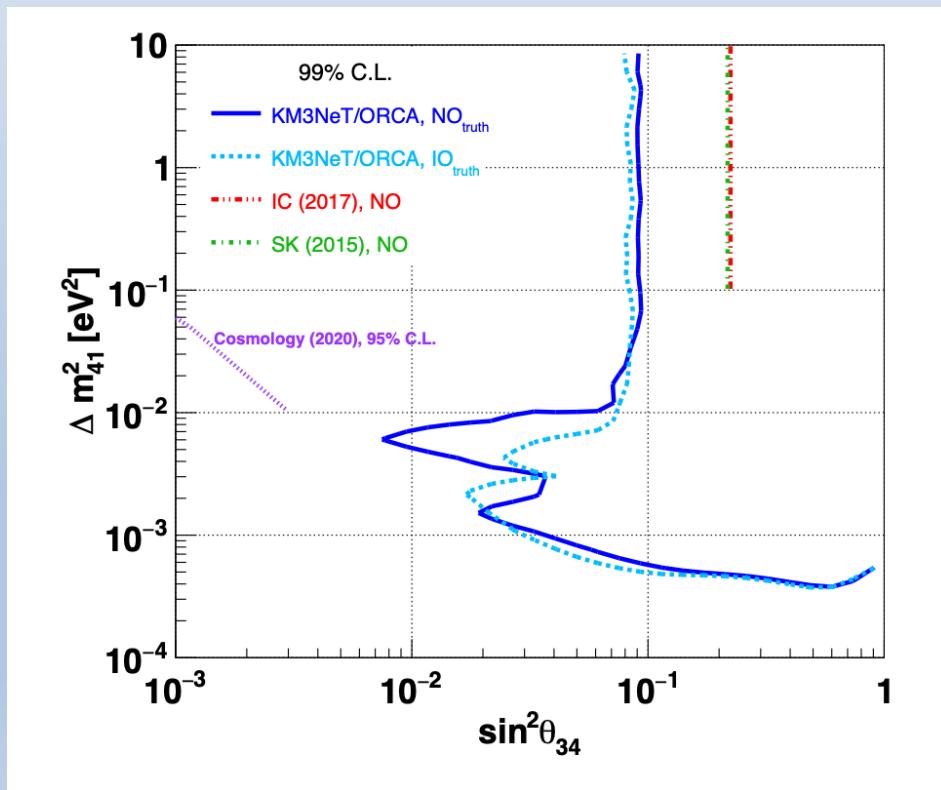
Performance ν_τ cross-section

- Probes different structure function components and new physics
- Possible situation 2030



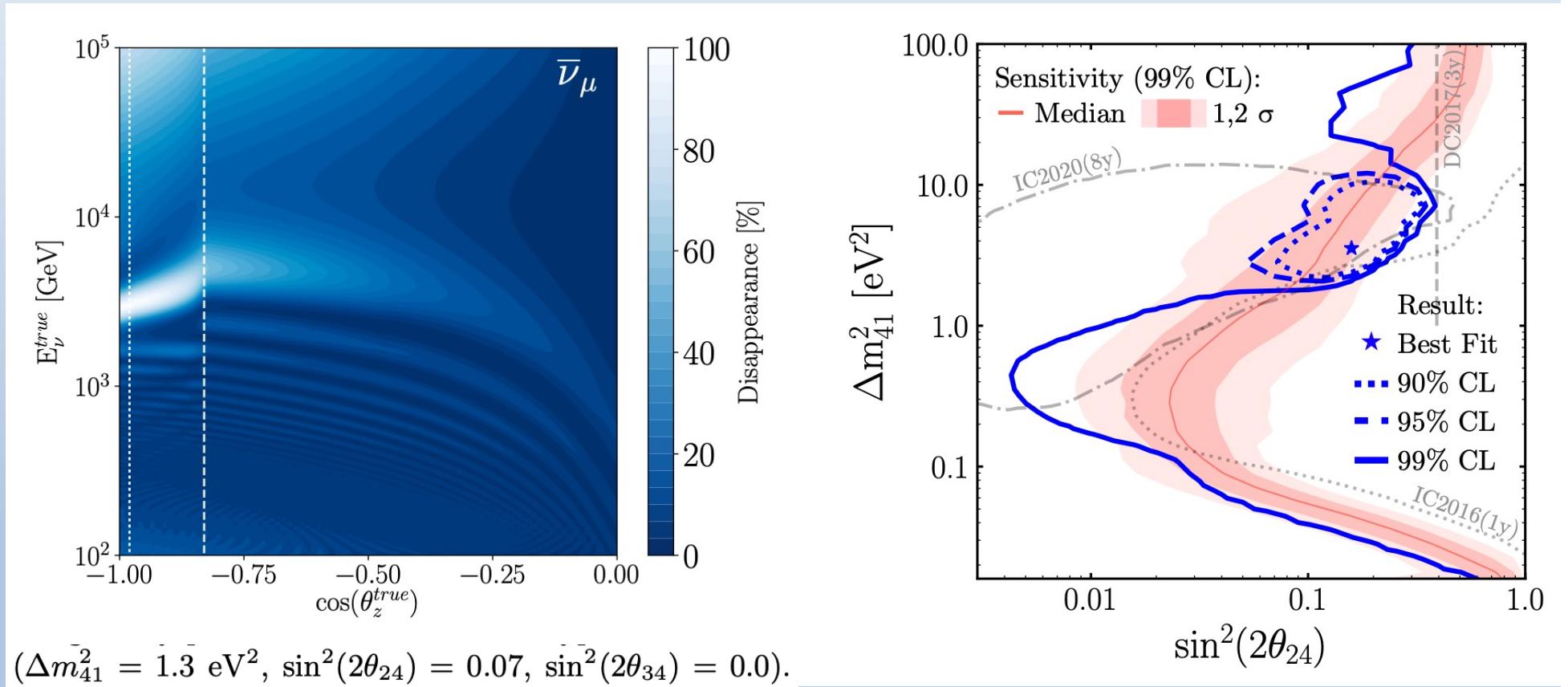
Performance ν_τ new physics

- New coupling to 3rd family not strongly constrained so far
- Probe mixing of additional sterile neutrinos or non-unitarity of PMNS
- Examples : θ_{34} 3 years KM3NeT/ORCA , α_{33} 433 kt-yr KM3NeT/ORCA
- Competitive measurement/limit can be derived



Performance High energies

- Matter resonance from heavy mass states in TeV energies
- High sensitivity to sterile neutrinos in HE atmospheric neutrinos



Conclusion

- Next generation of atmospheric neutrino detectors becomes reality
 - several 100,000 neutrino events within a few years
 - Unambiguous determination of NMO before 2030
-
- Precision measurement of Δm^2_{31} , θ_{23}
 - World largest sample of many 1000 ν_τ

A photograph of an underwater environment. The top portion shows the surface of the water with sunlight filtering down through the blue-green depths. Numerous small, white bubbles are scattered throughout the water, particularly concentrated near the surface and in the middle ground. The overall atmosphere is serene and suggests a deep ocean or lake.

Backup