

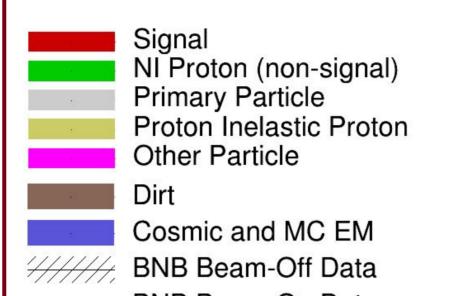
## **Detecting Neutrons in MicroBooNE**



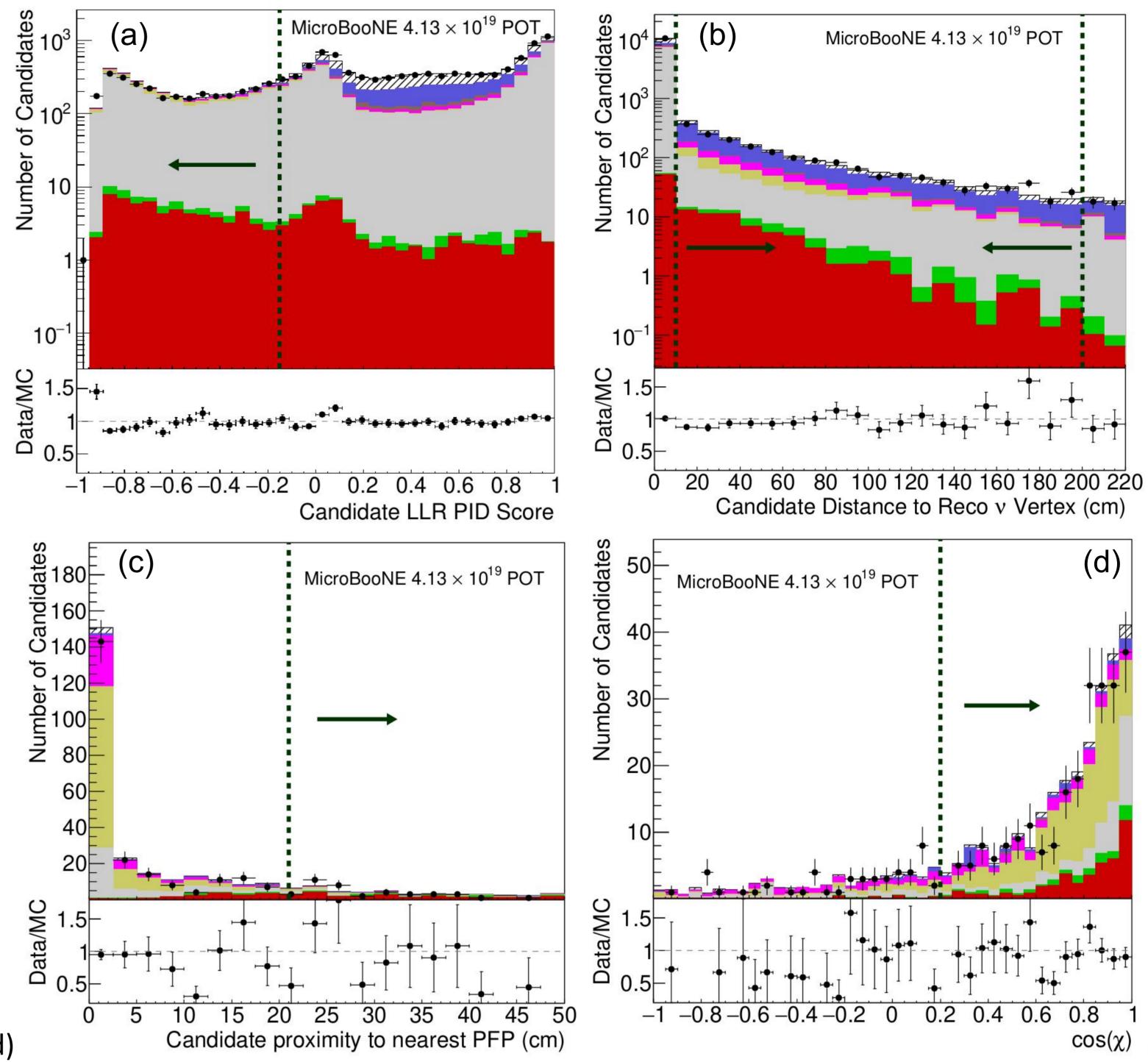
Andy Furmanski, Burke Irwin, on behalf of the MicroBooNE collaboration



- Neutrons carry away missing energy from (anti)neutrino interactions
- SBN and DUNE will rely on generators to predict and correct for missing energy from neutrons
- Neutron tagging in liquid argon TPC can be used to:



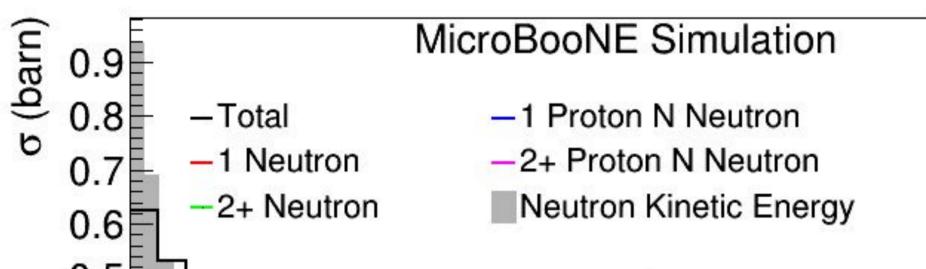
## **Event Selection**



- Measure neutron production rates
- Identify events with missing energy
- Statistically separate neutrino and antineutrino interactions
- We use MicroBooNE [1] to demonstrate the feasibility of identifying neutrons in a LArTPC

## **Neutron Detection**

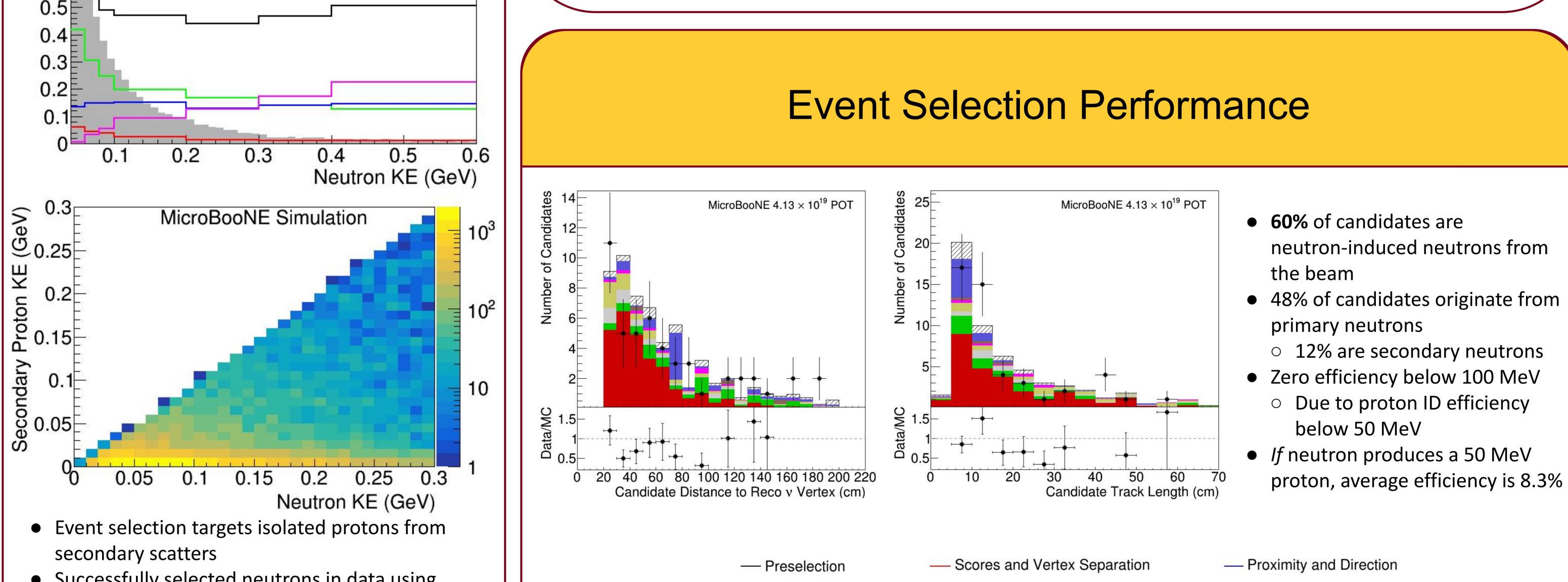
- Above 100 MeV the neutron-argon inelastic cross section doesn't depend strongly on energy
- Interaction length is approximately 70 cm
- Significant fraction of neutron-argon interactions produce secondary protons
- Secondary proton spectrum peaks at low energies



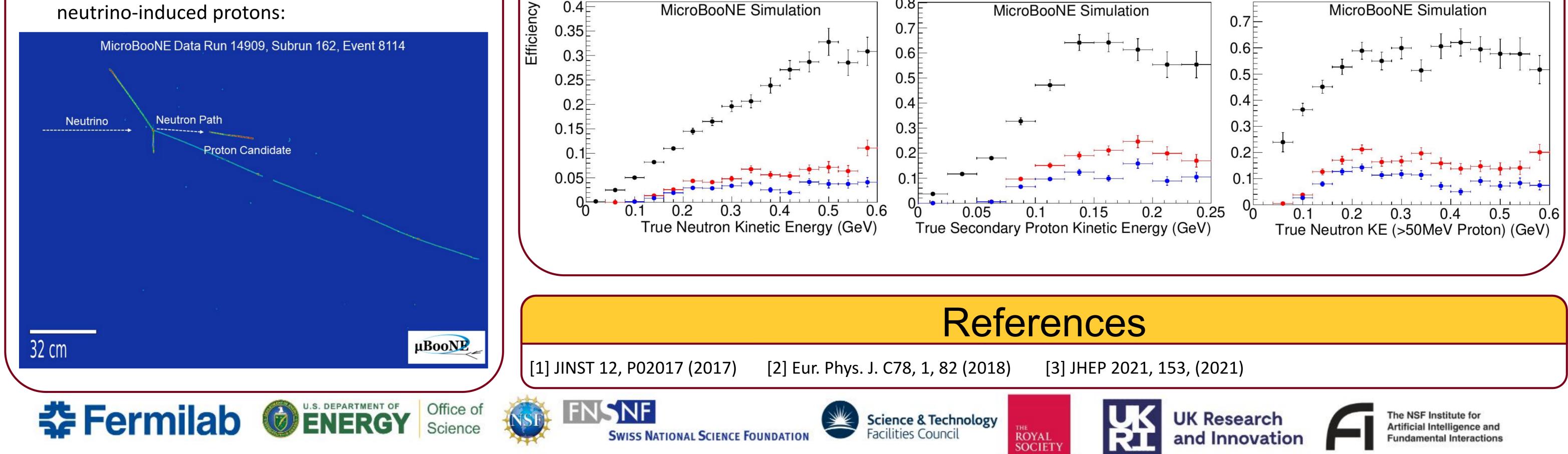
- **BNB Beam-On Data** Pandora [2] reconstructs neutrino interactions produces collection of "particle-flow particles"
- PID selects proton candidates [3] from all PFPs (a)

(PFP)

- Candidates must be 10cm - 200 cm from neutrino vertex (b)
- Candidates must be >21 cm from other PFPs (C)
- Candidates must point back to neutrino vertex (d)



• Successfully selected neutrons in data using neutrino-induced protons:



0.8<sub>F</sub>