

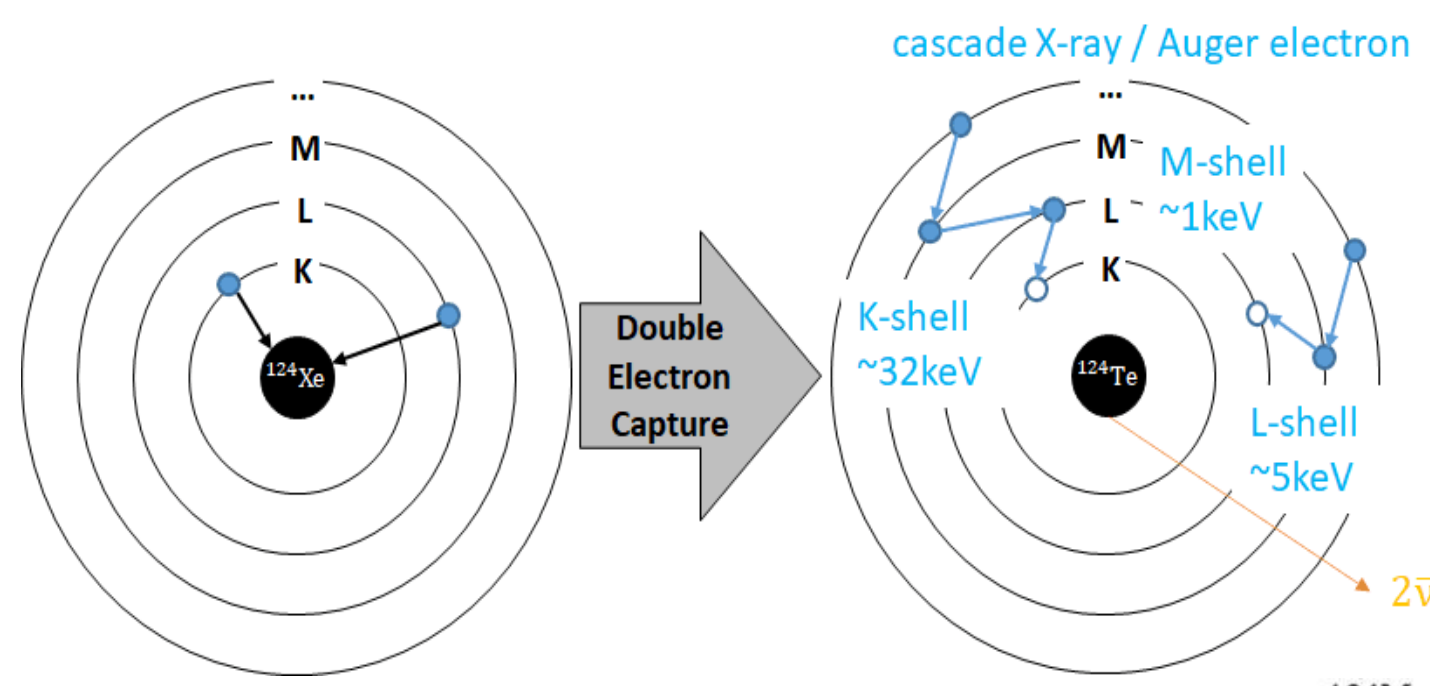
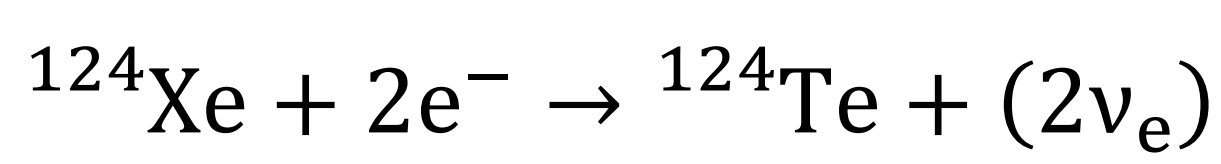
Zihao Bo (for the PandaX collaboration)

INPAC, School of Physics and Astronomy, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai  
Key Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Shanghai 200240, China

zihabo@sjtu.edu.cn



## Double Electron Capture

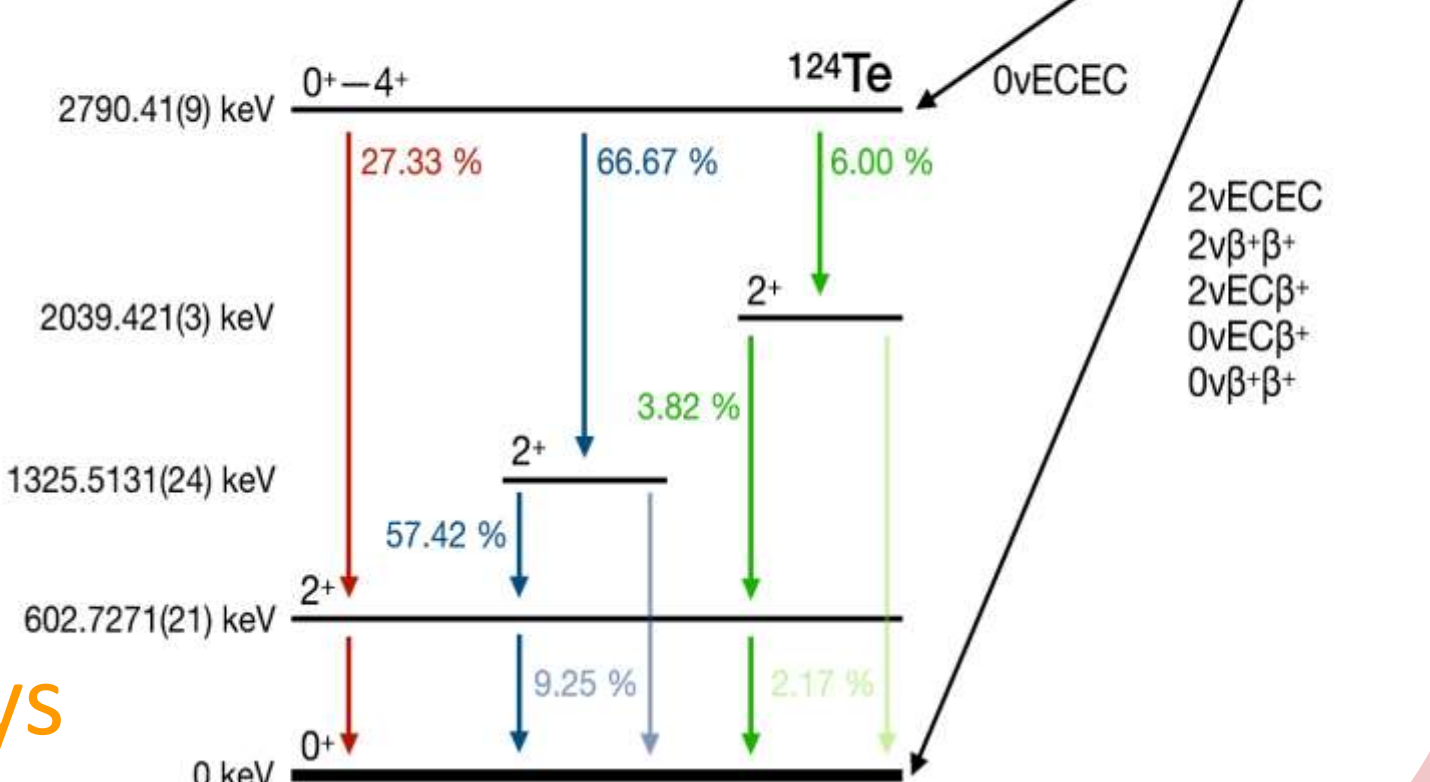


### 2ν ECEC

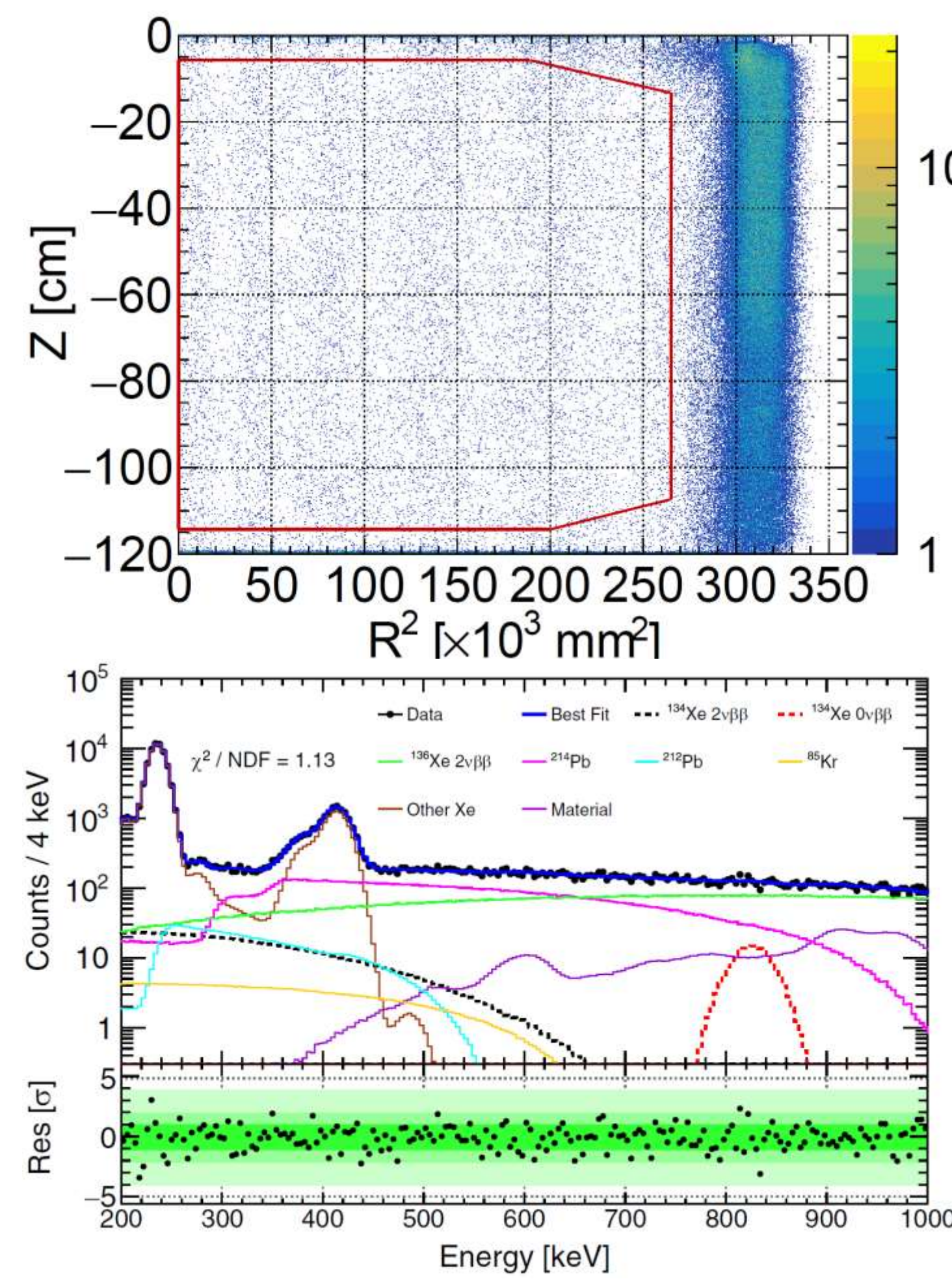
- Auger electron & X-ray cascades

### 0ν ECEC

- Auger electron & X-ray cascades + several  $\gamma$ -rays



## Background Model of $^{124}\text{Xe}$ 2νECEC



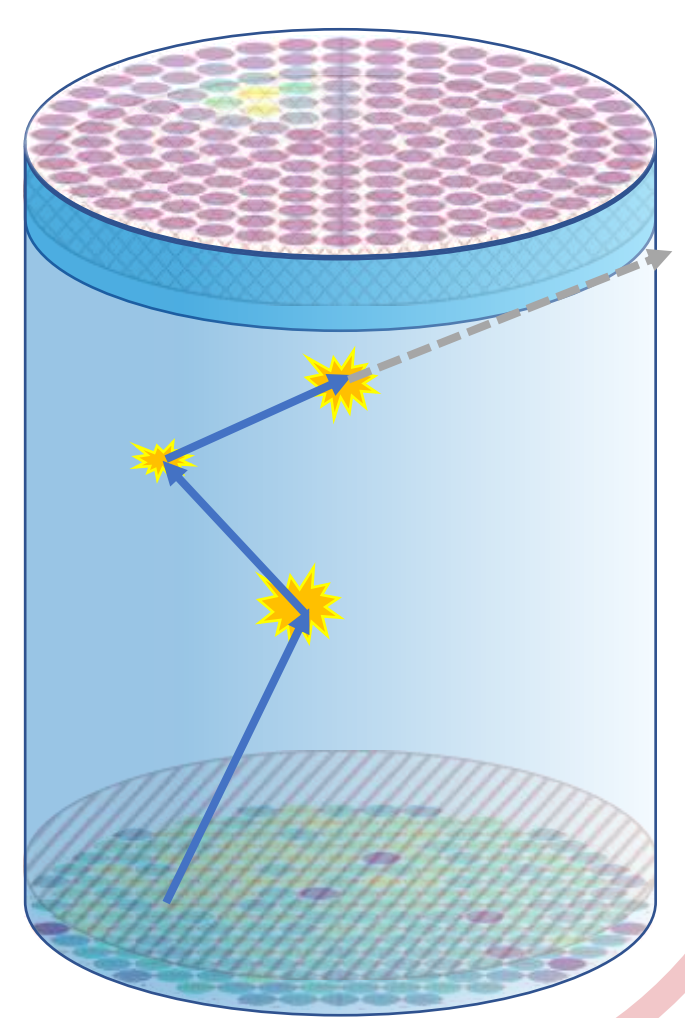
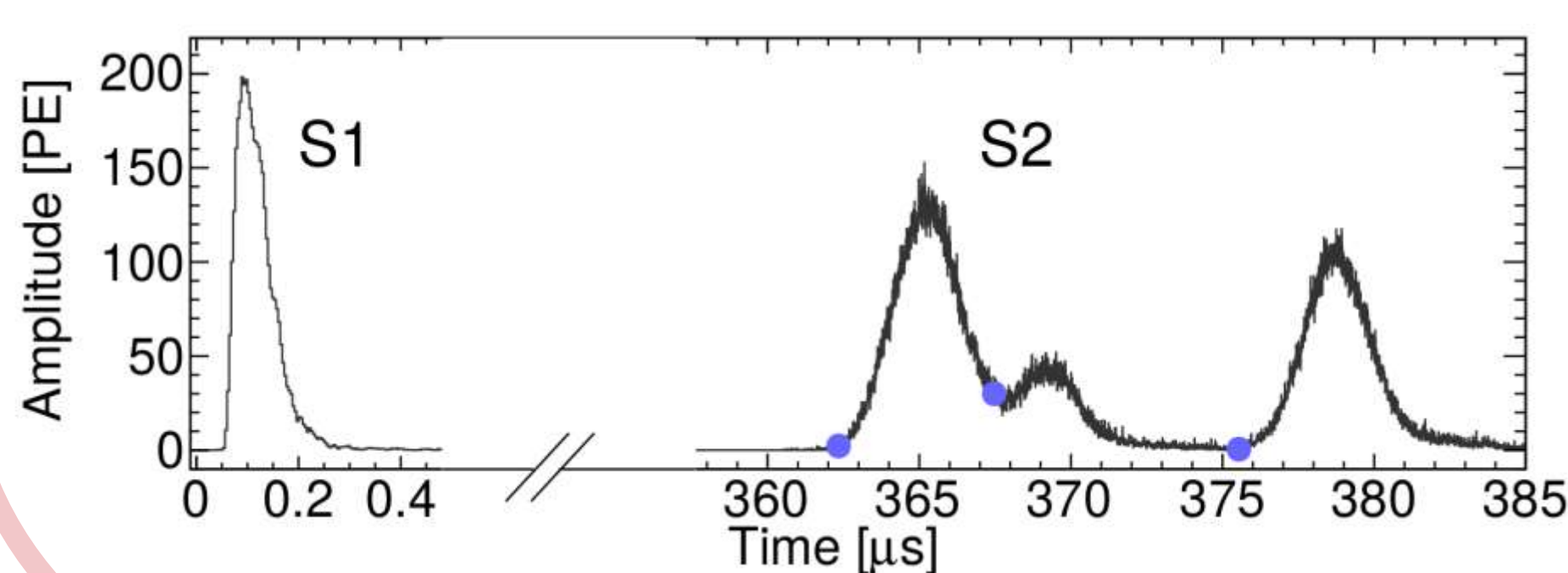
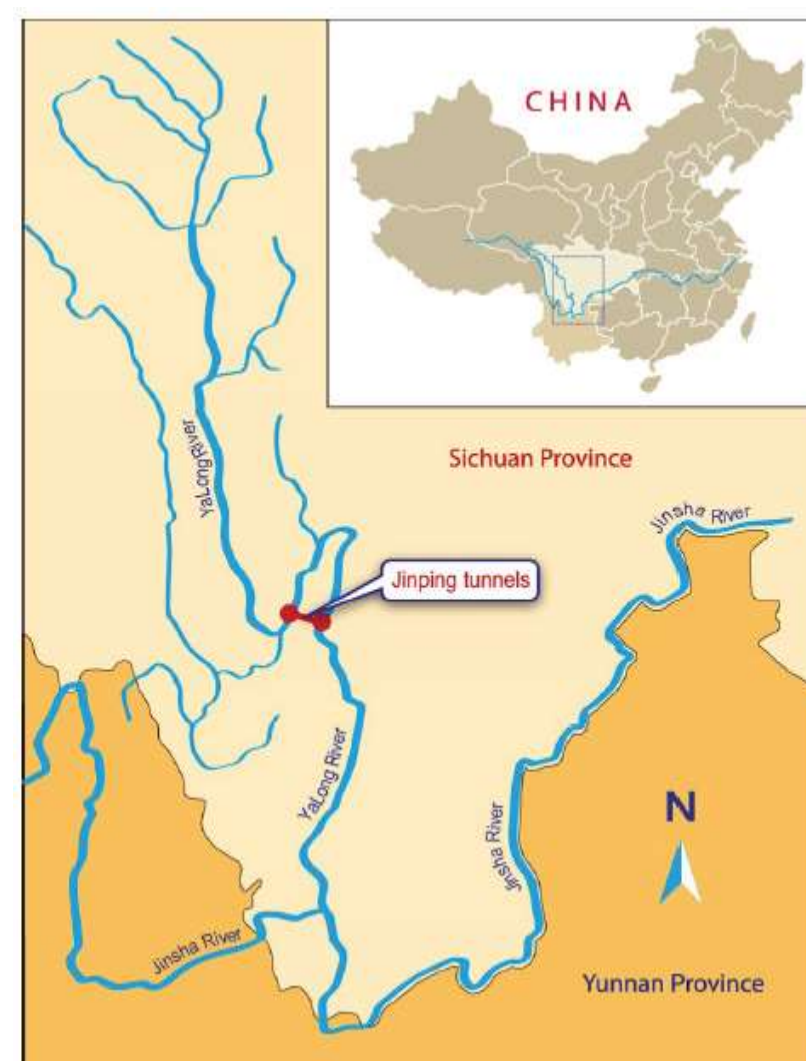
Source	Spectrum	Evolution
$^{124}\text{Xe}$	Multi-Gaussian	Constant in time
$^{125}\text{I}$	Multi-Gaussian	Constant in time
$^{133}\text{Xe}$	From simulation, Tail extending below 75keV	Exponential decay
$^{127}\text{Xe}$	Gaussian	by $^{127}\text{Xe}$ at $\sim 408\text{keV}$
$^{214}\text{Pb}$	From simulation, $\sim$ Flat	by $^{222}\text{Rn}$ $\alpha$
$^{212}\text{Pb}$		
$^{85}\text{Kr}$	From simulation, $\sim$ Slope	Constant in time
Material ER		
$^{136}\text{Xe}$ 2ν $\beta\beta$	From simulation, $\sim$ Slope	Constant in time
Solar $\nu$	From simulation, $\sim$ Slope	Constant in time

- ROI: 25~75keV
- $\sim 2.4\text{kg}$   $^{124}\text{Xe}$  in the fiducial volume.
- The estimation of background content comes from other analyses of hundred keV to MeV spectrum of PandaX-4T.

## PandaX-4T Detector

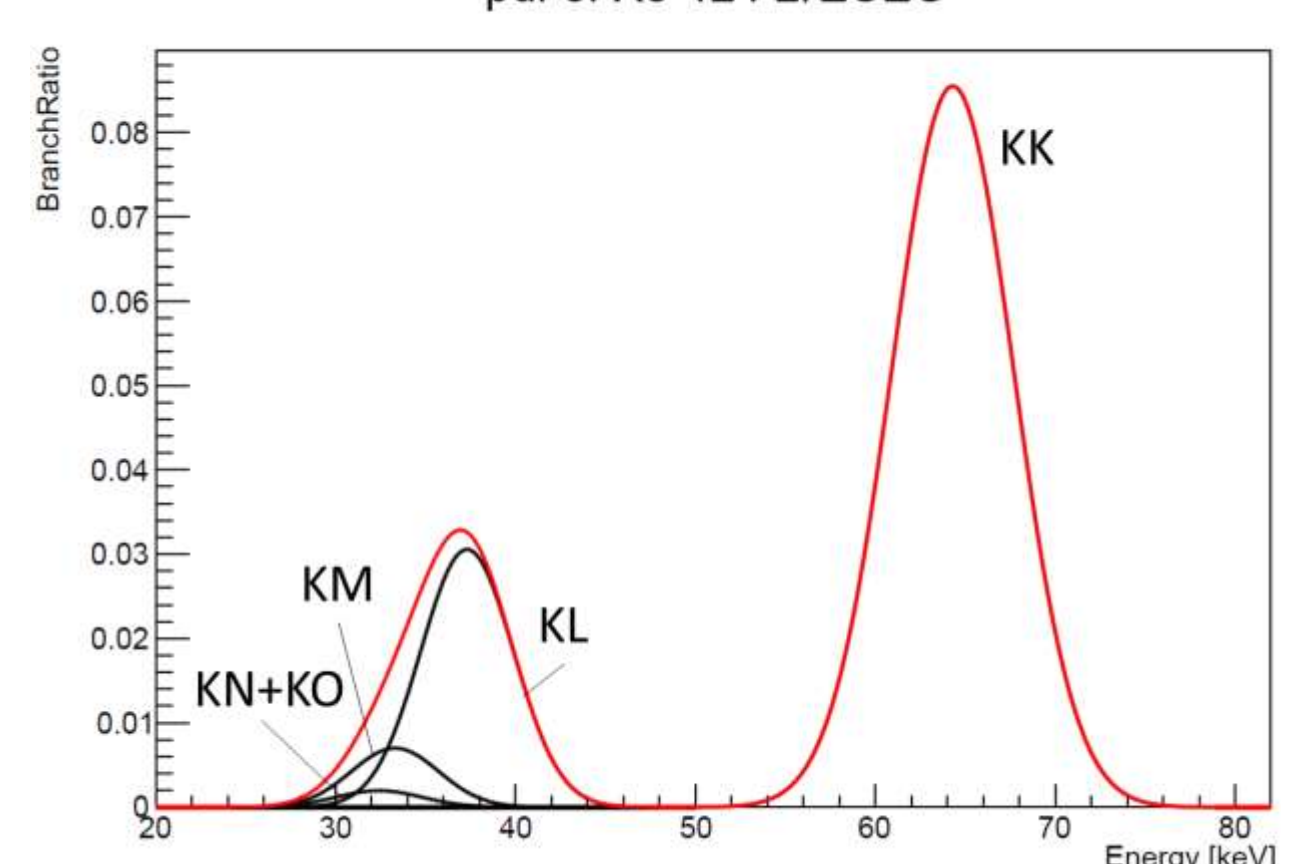
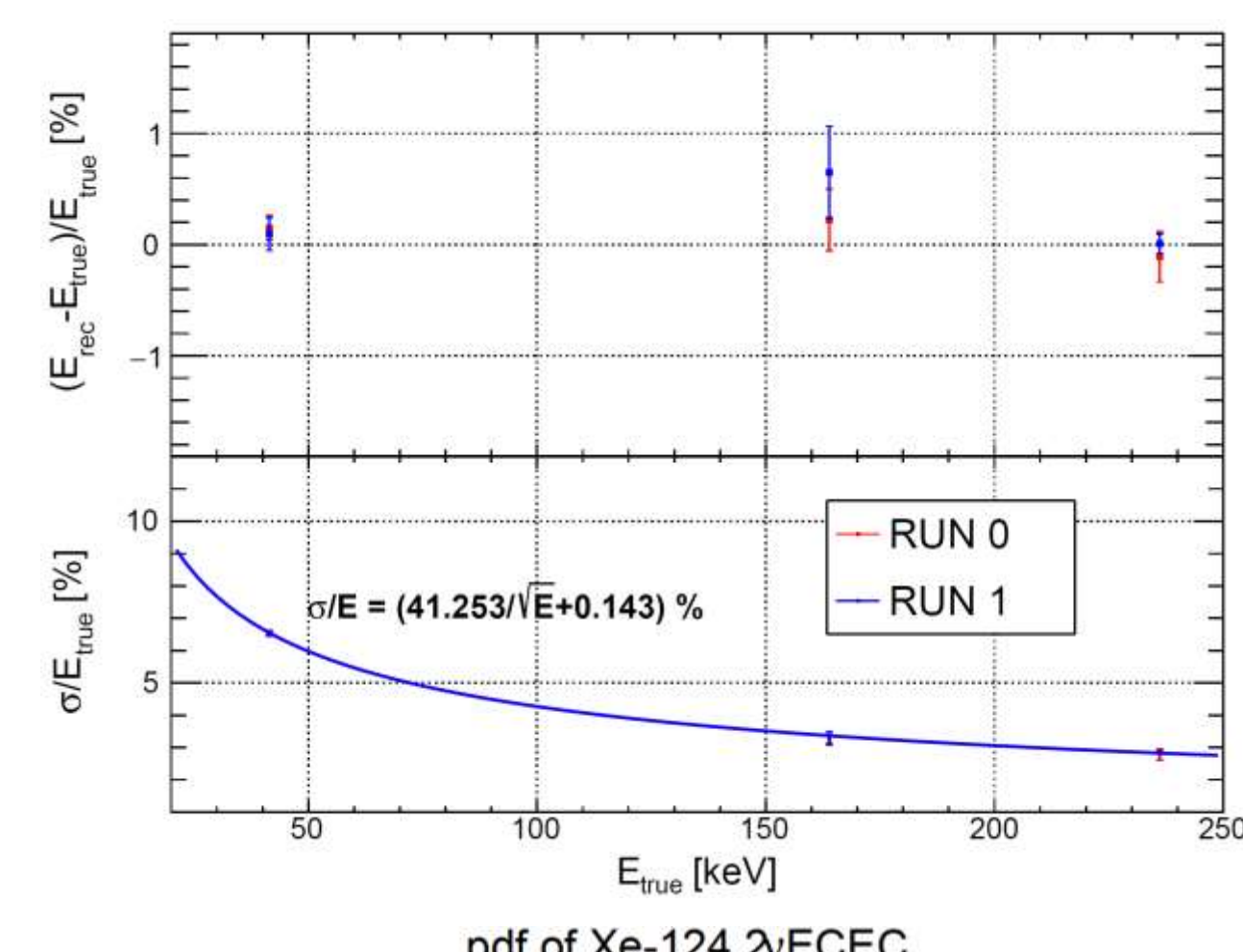
### Dual phase xenon detector capability:

- 4 tonne natural Xe in sensitive volume,  $\sim 0.1\%$   $^{124}\text{Xe}$  abundance.
- Single / multi-site identification
- 3D reconstruction and fiducialization
- Calorimeter from sub keV to MeV



## Methodology

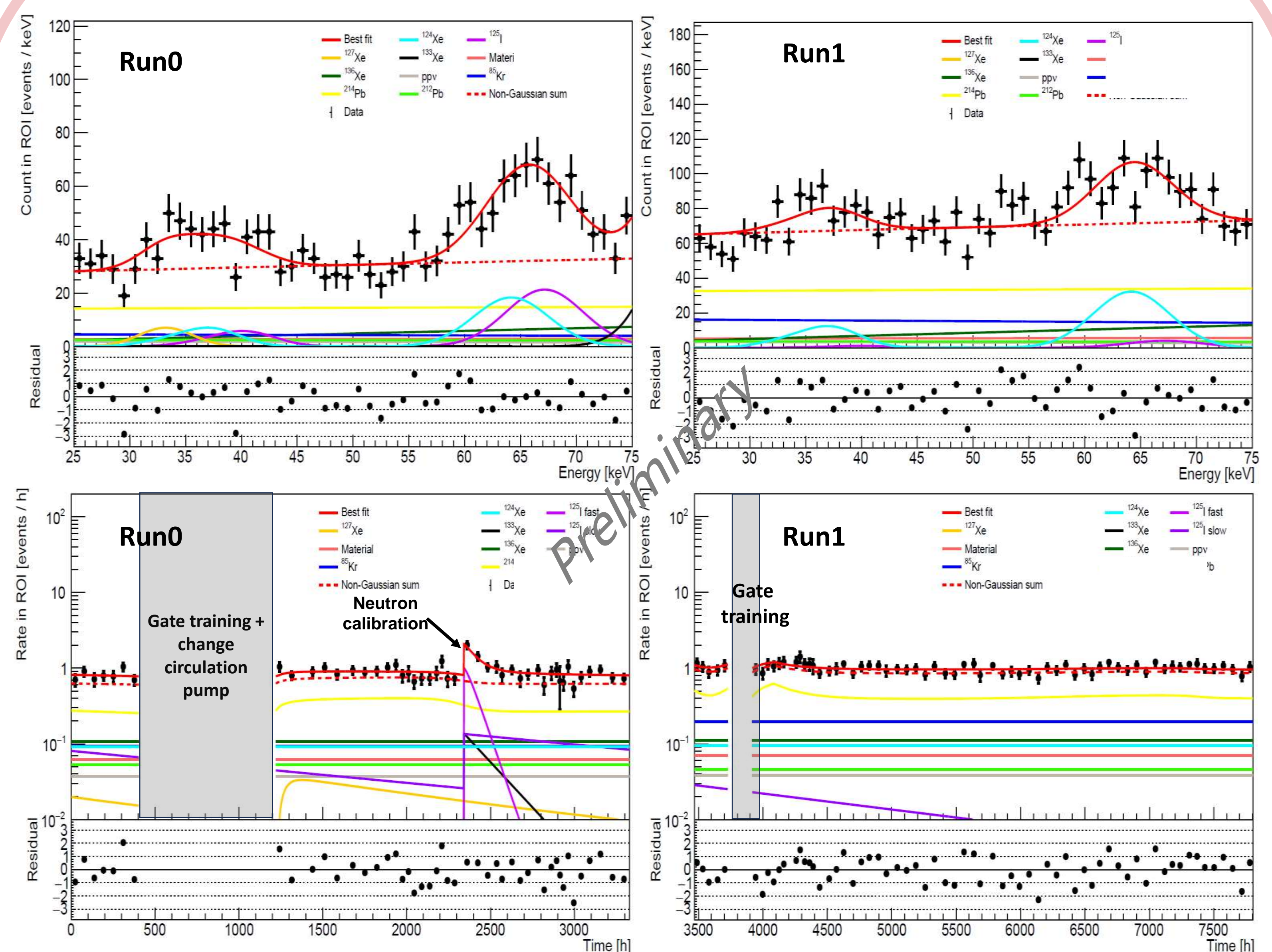
- Precise energy reconstruction performed by calibration.
- Un-binned 2D-profile likelihood fit to Run0 + Run1 data in the parameter space of (energy, time)
- Find the number of count of  $^{124}\text{Xe}$  during the data exposure.



$$T_{1/2} = \ln 2 \frac{N_A \times \epsilon \times \eta \times mt}{M \times N}$$

$\epsilon$ : data efficiency,  
 $\eta$ : abundance,  
 $mt$ : total exposure,  
 $M$ : mole mass,  
 $N$ : number of counts of  $^{124}\text{Xe}$ .

## Preliminary Result



- Preliminary measurement on  $^{124}\text{Xe}$  2νECEC half-life:  $9.5 \pm 0.9(\text{stat.}) \pm 1.5(\text{syst.}) \times 10^{21}\text{yr}$ , with the exposure of  $1.7\text{ kg} \cdot \text{yr}$  of  $^{124}\text{Xe}$
- Self-consistent within data, and consistent with other experiments.
- Analysis of  $^{124}\text{Xe}$  0νECEC is processing.

### Reference:

10.1103/PhysRevLett.132.152502  
10.1140/epjc/s10052-020-08726-w

