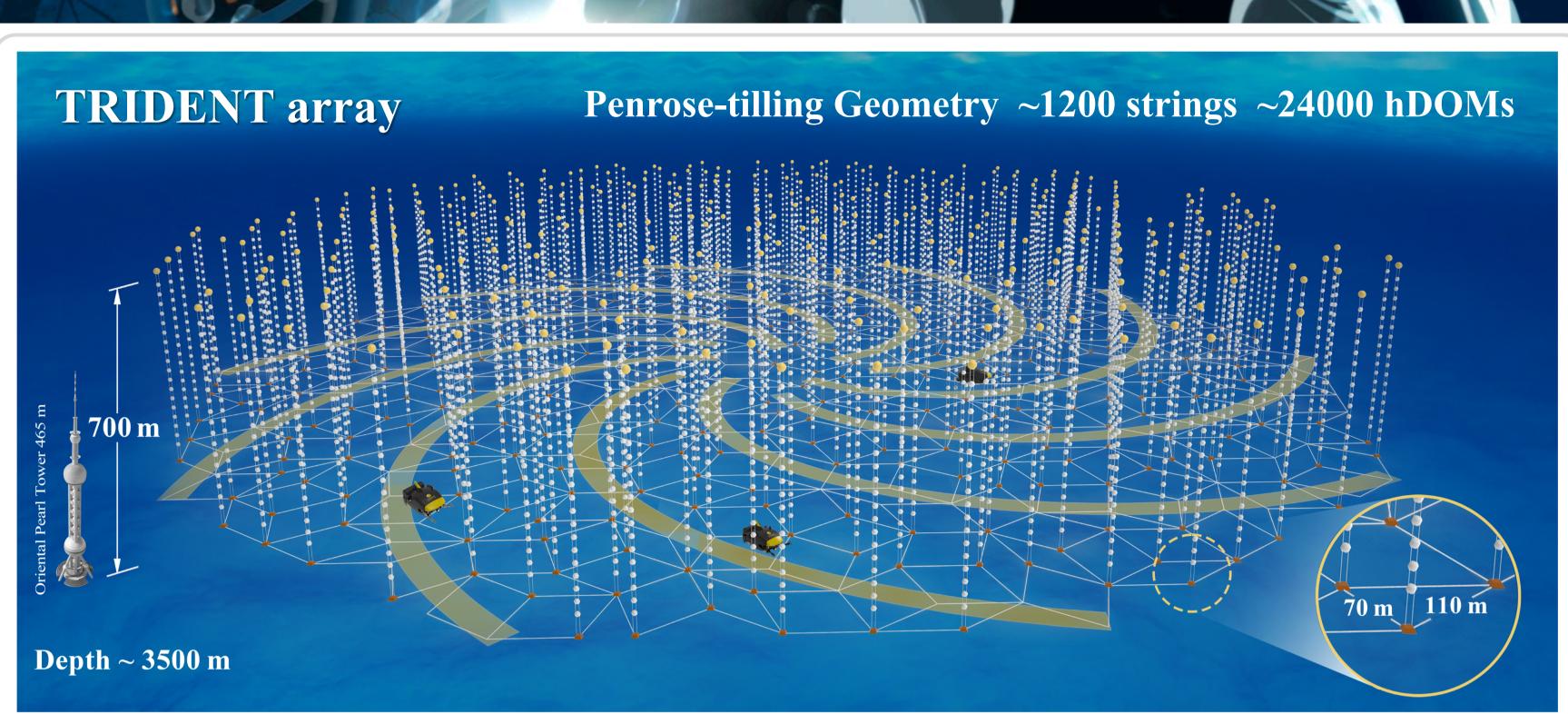
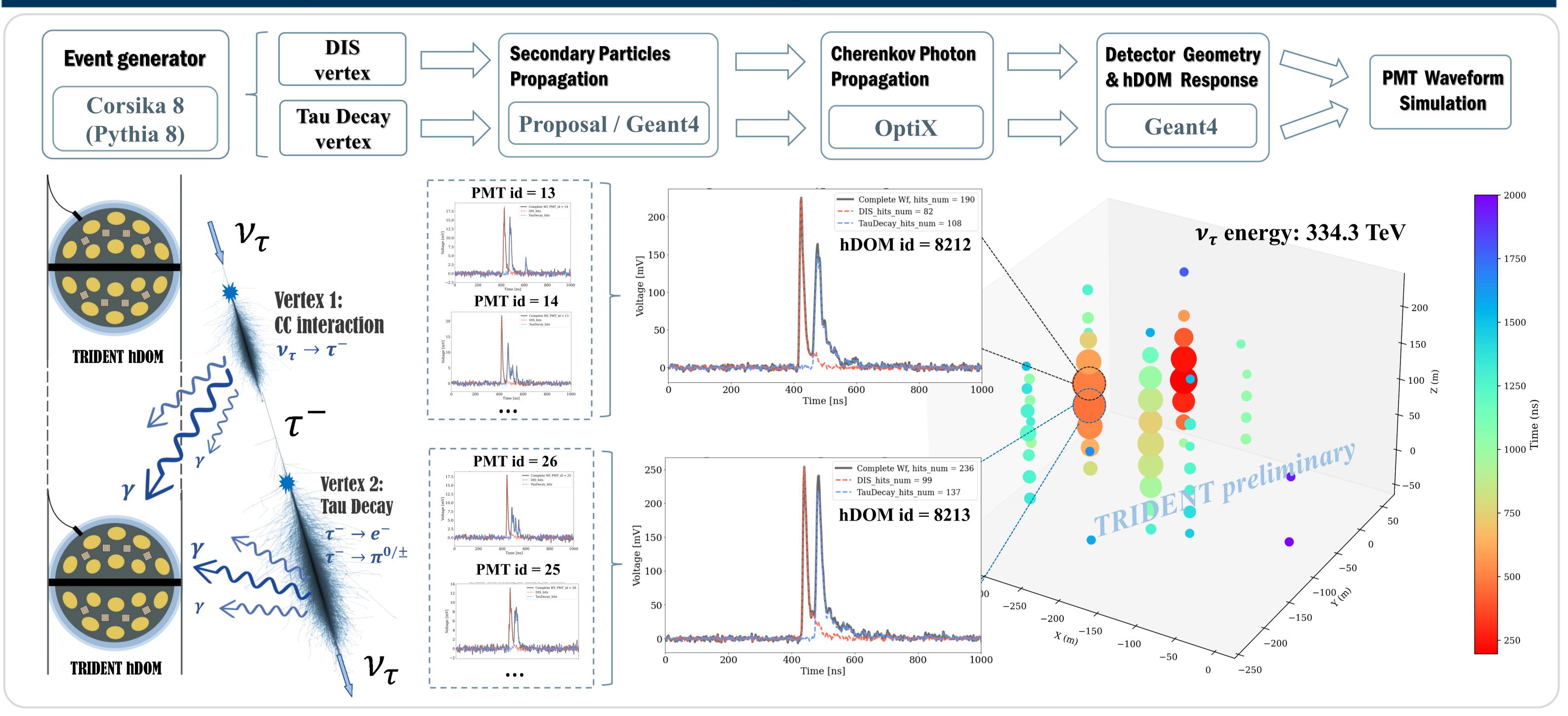
Abstract

TRIDENT [1] is a next-generation water-based neutrino telescope, incorporating Hybrid Digital Optical Modules (hDOM) [2] with multi-channel PMTs and SiPMs. This system expects to enhance the sensitivity to Tau Neutrinos providing larger photon coverage and independent waveform readout, fully leveraging the low optical scattering in seawater. Here, we present the latest progress of tau classification in TRIDENT using Waveform Techniques.



Tau neutrino Charge Current interaction & Simulation pipeline in TRIDENT



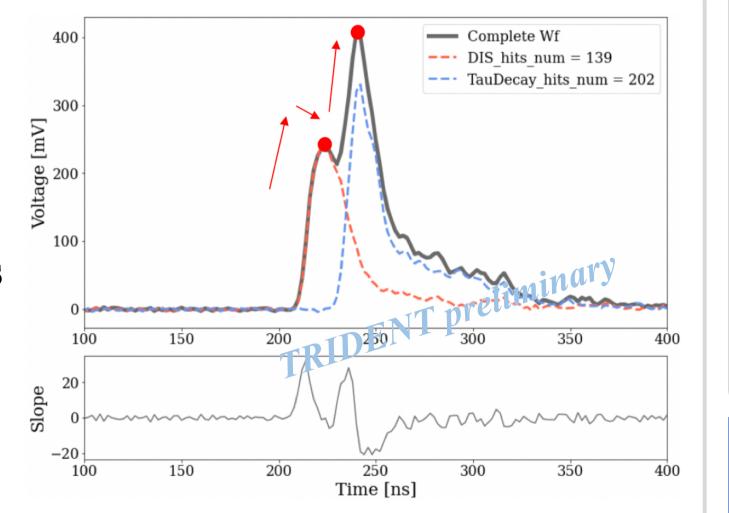
Double Pulse Algorithm (DPA) in TRIDENT

Key Parameters:

Peak Charge threshold >= 16 P.E. Peak Width threshold >= 20ns Width of Peak Rising Edges >= 12ns

Peak number >= 2

Distance of first two peaks > 20ns Voltage ratio of first two peaks < 3



Future: combining with Graph Neural Networks

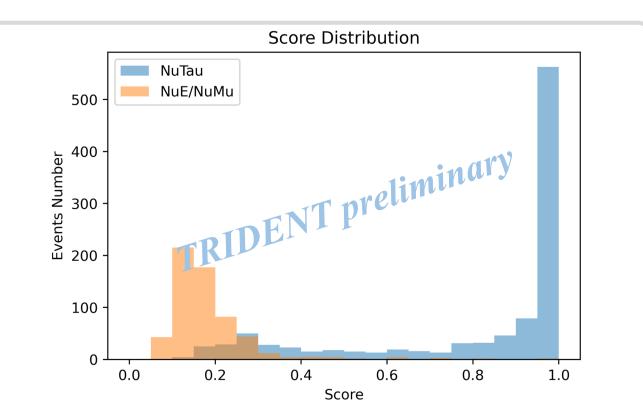
Point Cloud in Trident-Net [3]:

GNN node: each hDOM

Connection: 10-15 brightest hDOMs

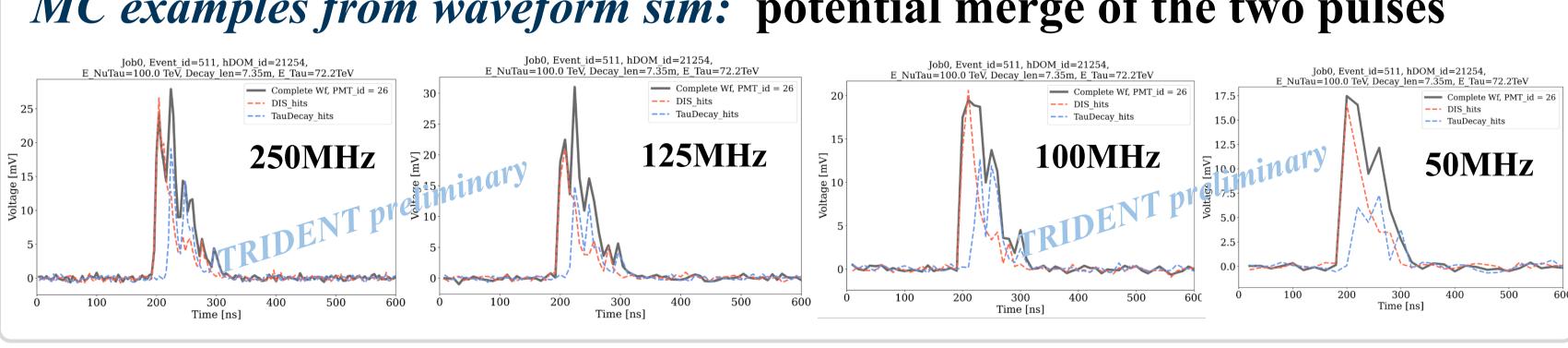
Feature: hDOM[x, y, z] + [waveform]

Label: v_{τ} as 1, v_{μ}/v_{e} as 0

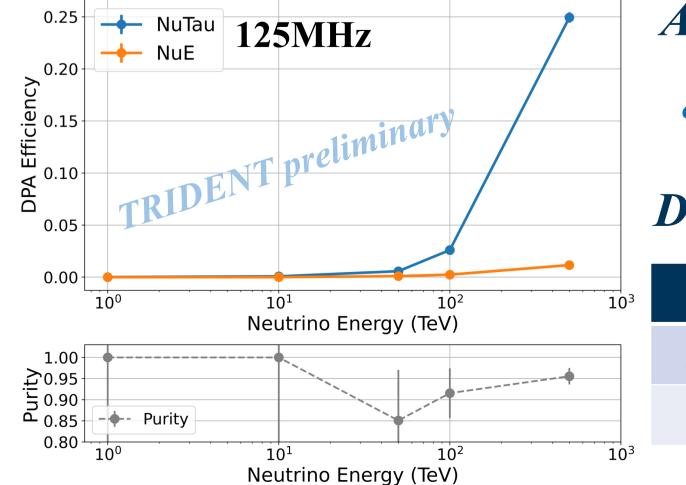


Exploration on different waveform sampling rates

MC examples from waveform sim: potential merge of the two pulses



DPA selection efficiency & Expected event rate in TRIDENT



Assumed an isotropic diffused flux [4]:

 $\Phi_{Astro}^{per-flavor} = 1.68 \times (\frac{E_{\nu}}{100TeV})^{-2.58} \times 3 \times 10^{-18} GeV^{-1} s^{-1} cm^{-2} sr^{-1}$

Double pulse event rate per year in TRIDENT:

	1-100TeV	100TeV-1PeV
NuTau CC	0.60 ± 0.51	elimin 3.98 ± 0.15
NuE CC	0.27 🕒 0.21	0.12 ± 0.03



^[2] Fan Hu, Zhuo Li, Donglian Xu, Exploring a PMT+SiPM hybrid optical module for next generation neutrino telescopes, PoS ICRC2021 (2021), 1043

^[3] Wei Tian. et al. Searching for astrophysical tau neutrinos with hDOM waveforms in TRIDENT, PoS ICRC2023 (2023), 1092

^[4] Abbasi, R. et al, Characterization of the Astrophysical Diffuse Neutrino Flux using Starting Track Events in IceCube, Arxiv 2402.18026