# **Background decomposition of the CUORE experiment and measurement** of the $2\nu\beta\beta$ half-life of <sup>130</sup>Te

## Stefano Ghislandi<sup>1,2</sup>, on behalf of the CUORE Collaboration

<sup>1</sup>Gran Sasso Science Institute, Italy <sup>2</sup>INFN Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso, Italy

**CONTRIBUTION ID: 76** 

### The CUORE experiment

The CUORE (Cryogenic Underground Observatory for Rare Events) main search is 0vββ in <sup>130</sup>Te (Q-value~2527 keV), a beyond Standard Model process whose discovery would:

- **1.** Assess the Majorana nature to neutrinos
- 2. Give essential information about neutrino masses
- **3.** Provide an example of leptogenesis mechanism



### The CUORE experiment

- Underground experiment at LNGS (Italy), <u>~1400 m</u> <u>under the Gran Sasso mountain</u>
- Searching 0vββ exploiting *close-packed array* of 988 TeO, crystals operated as *cryogenic* calorimeters and cooled down at ~15 mK
- Stable data taking since 2019, latest limit (90% C.I) [1]:  $T^{0\nu}_{1/2}$  > 3.8 ·10<sup>25</sup> yr

### The CUORE background model fit

Low background in the region of interest (~10<sup>-2</sup> counts/keV/kg/yr) Rare events physics

### <u>Deep knowledge of</u> <u>current backgrounds</u>

Data driven model of the backgrounds

M1 event

M2 event

### <u>Aims:</u>

- Characterize the setup  $\rightarrow \underline{essential}$  for the next-gen <u>CUPID experiment</u>
- Understand the background and *extract material contamination*
- Base for <u>high-level analyses</u> (2vββ, 0vββ-M2, etc)

### How to build it:

1. Look for *signatures in the data* (peaks, continuum, etc) **2.** Geant4 Monte Carlo simulation for each background source in each volume of the experimental setup  $\rightarrow$  ~80 contributions **3.** Bayesian simultaneous fit of M1 (1 spectrum) and M2 diagonal bands (39 spectra) with a linear combination of the background sources 4. Priors given by *extensive assays* and *previous experiments* 

- index (BI) in the region of interest
- background component
- <u>Check and validations</u> of CUORE background *projections* [3]
- Analysis of recontaminations





### <u>M2 diagonal bands "technique" (example with <sup>210</sup>Po peak)</u>



### Measurement of $2\nu\beta\beta$ half-life of <sup>130</sup>Te

Studies of the  $2\nu\beta\beta$  half-life and spectral shape with the single state dominance model (1 ton·yr exposure)

- Fitting range optimizatio
  - Thinner binning to highlight spectral shapes
  - Detector selection
  - (only innermost towers)

### Most precise measurement of the



stefano.ghislandi@gssi.it

2 3 4 5Energy Channel 1 [MeV]

### Energy 1 [keV]

Satisfying data reconstruction in all the detector range [200,7000] keV [2]



### <u>2vββ decay half-life for $\frac{130}{10}$ Te to date</u>

 $T_{1/2}^{2\nu} = 9.323^{+0.052}_{-0.037}(\text{stat.}) \times 10^{20} \text{yr}$ 

### Systematics (~1%) under finalization

Energy [keV]

### Near future:

Performed fits with the improved formalism, of primary importance for nuclear models. *Soon out!!*  Systematics not dominant, (to be added)

Studies of the "Taylor expanded" shape for this decay

Effective axial coupling  $g_{\Delta}^{eff}$  measurement

