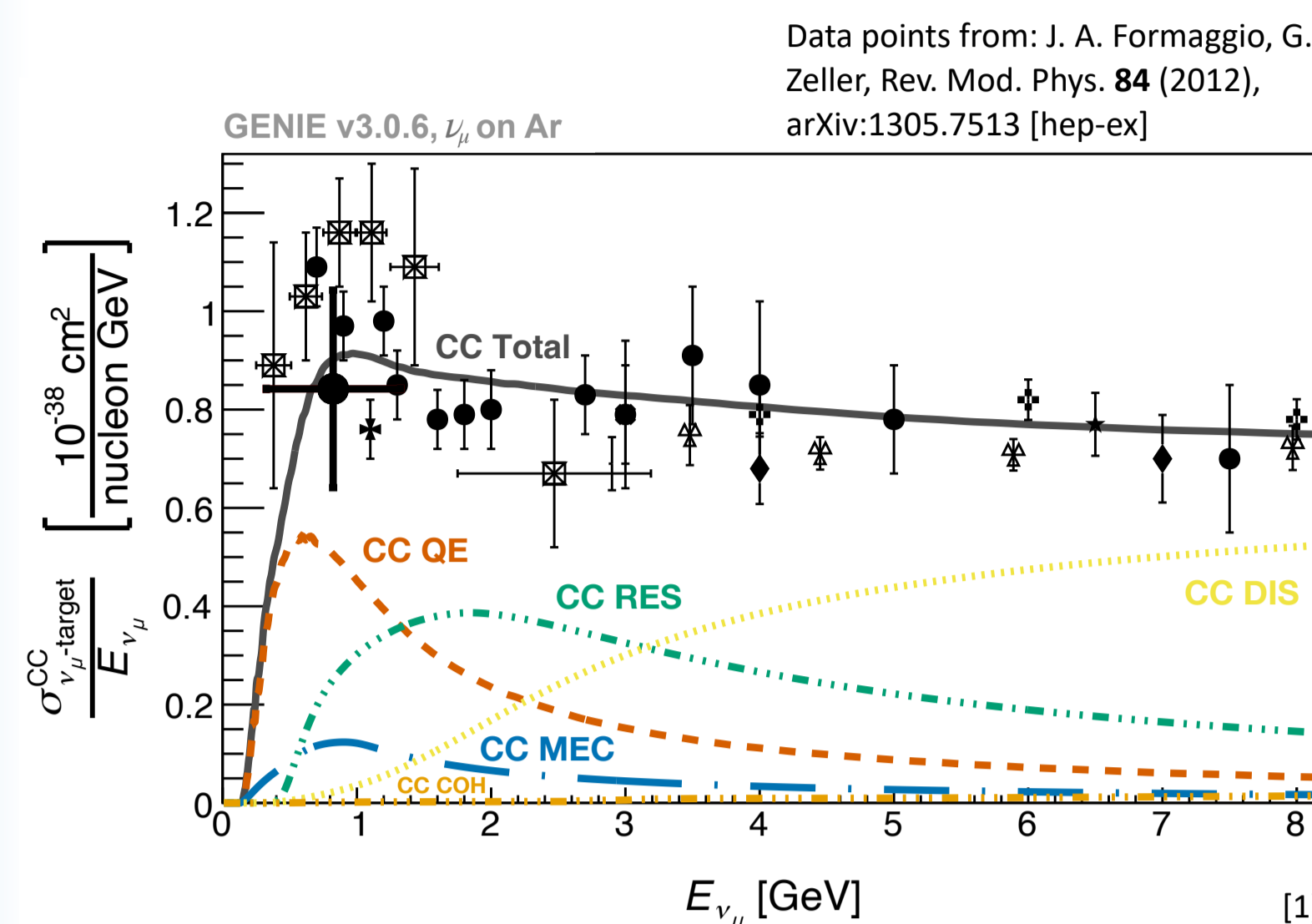


Motivation

- Problem: Incomplete understanding** of neutrino-nucleus scattering processes and nuclear effects
- Goal: Obtain interaction model** with associated uncertainties
- How:** Design uncertainty parameters to account for model-to-model **discrepancies** in the DUNE oscillation analysis

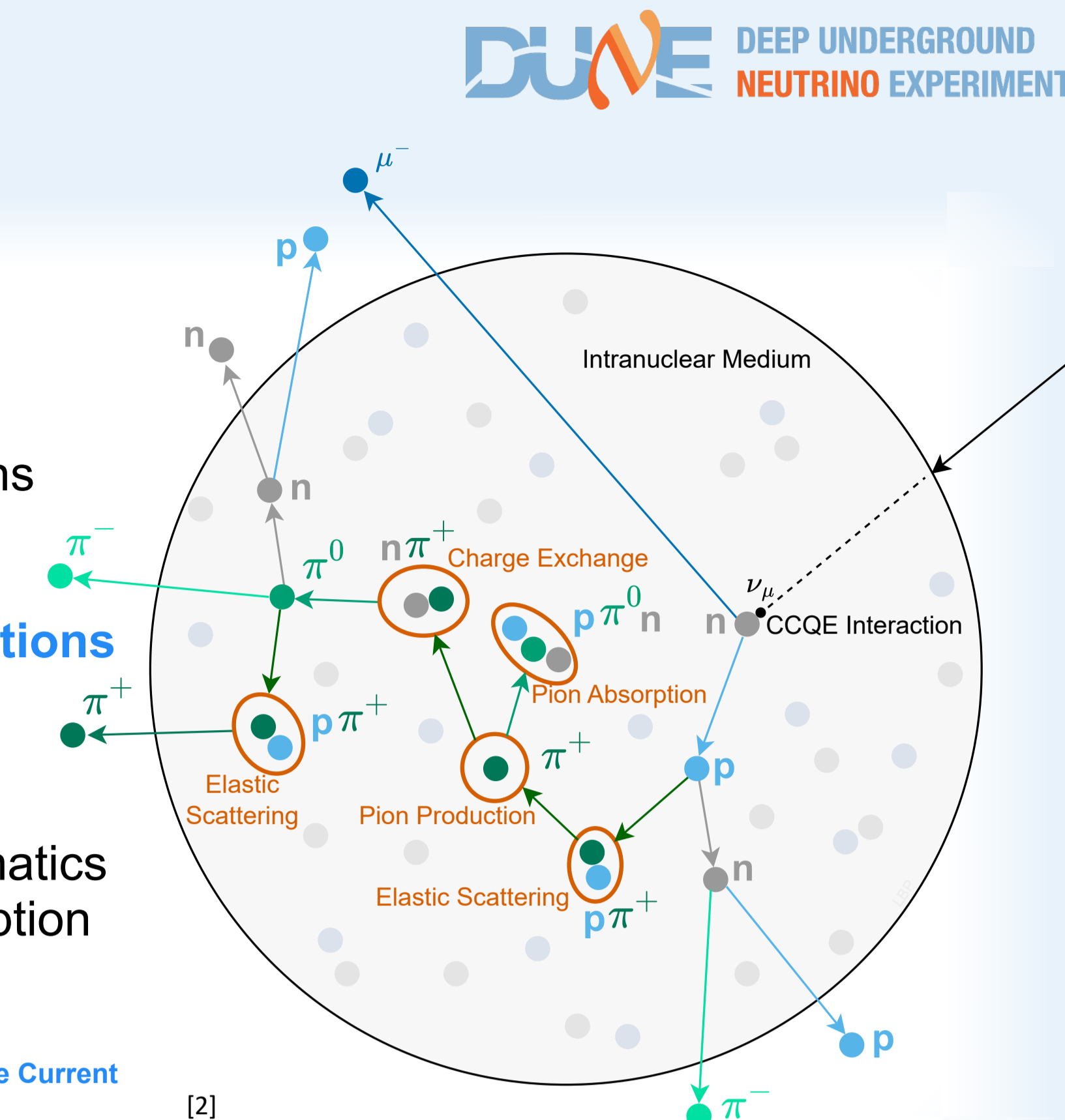
Processes

- Charged-Current (CC) inclusive muon neutrino interactions



Nuclear Effects

- Initial State Effects:**
 - Fermi Motion
 - Nuclear Binding Energy
 - Nucleon-Nucleon-Correlations
- Nucleon Correlation Effects:**
 - 1p1h-, **2p2h-(*MEC)-interactions**
- Final State Interactions:**
 - Intranuclear re-scattering
 - Alteration of final state kinematics
 - Stimulation of nuclear absorption and emission

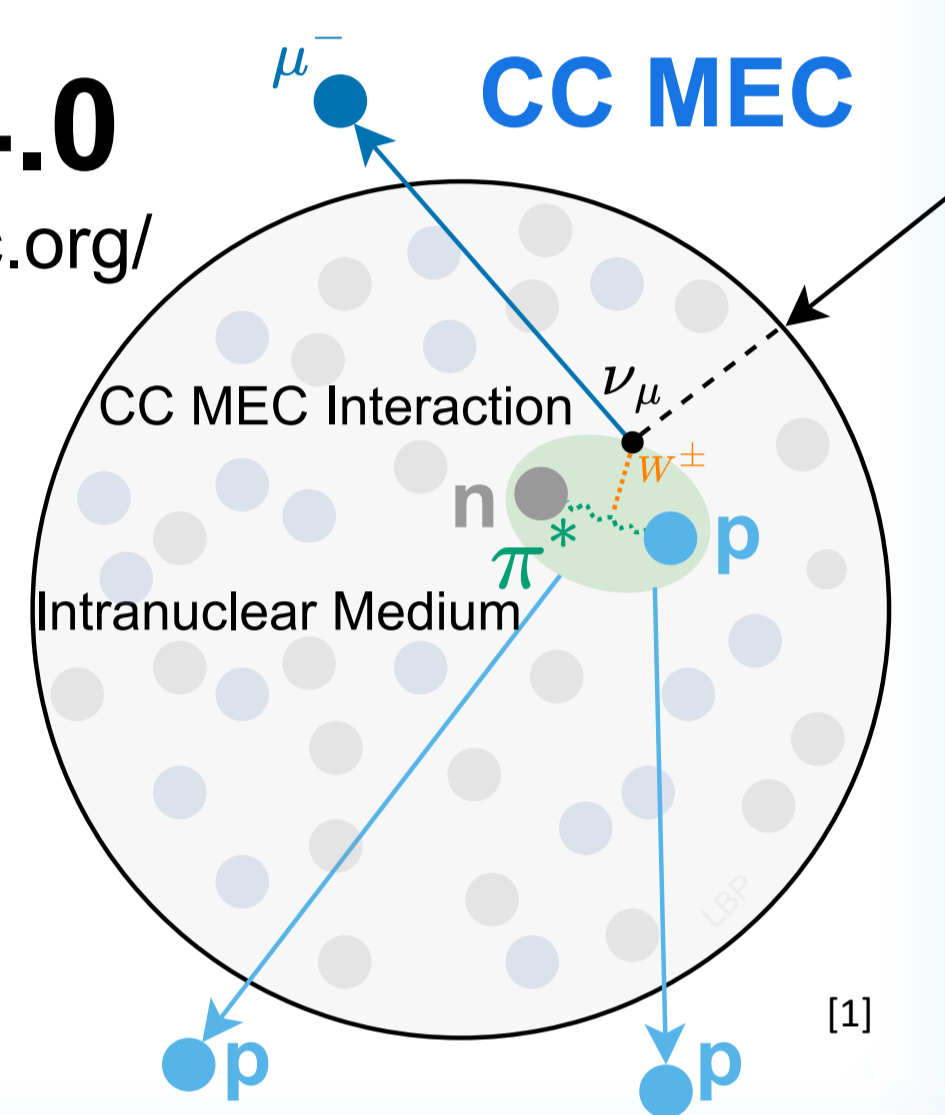


Simulation



GENIE v3.4.0
<http://www.genie-mc.org/>

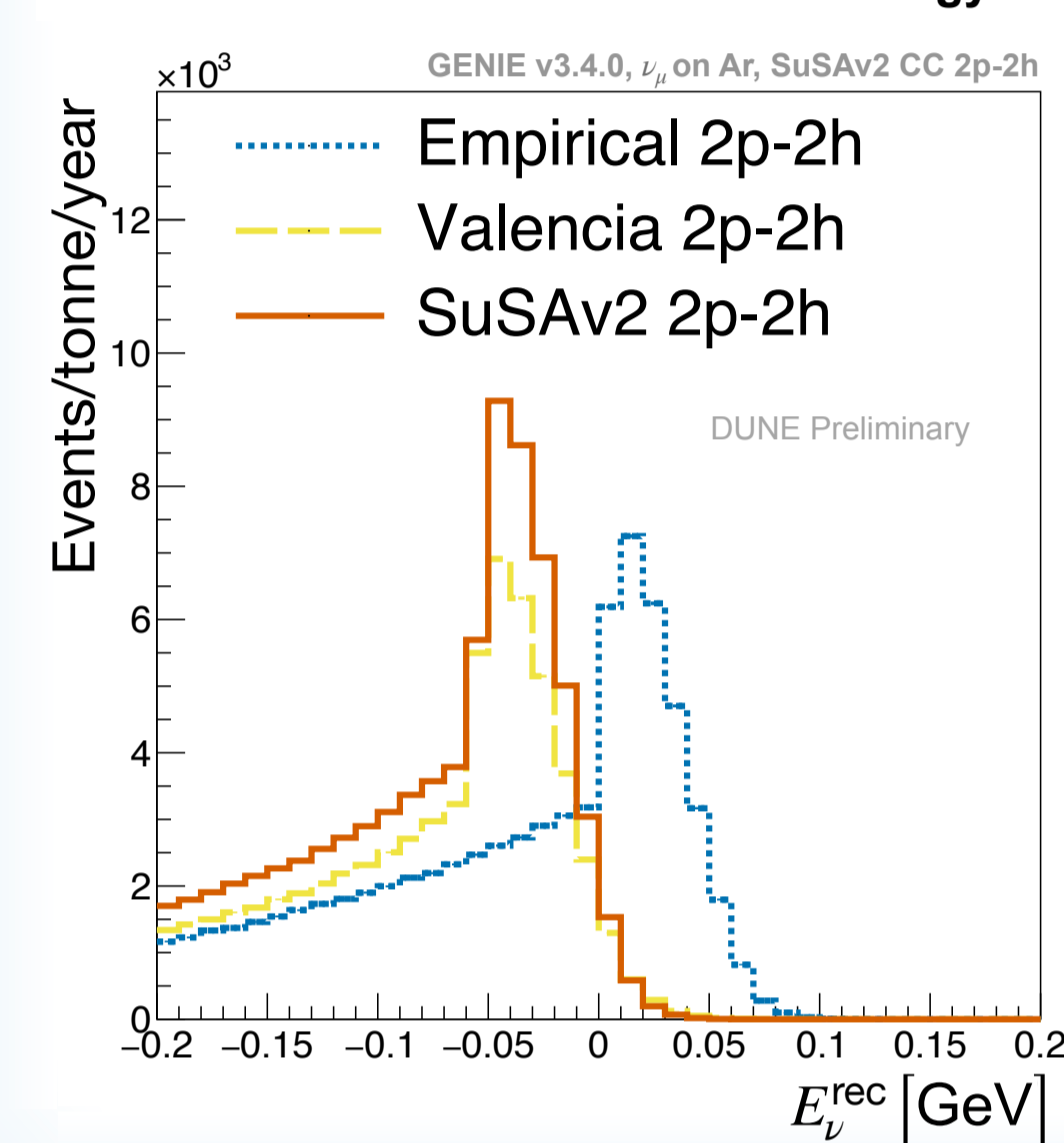
- Simulate CC MEC neutrino interactions with GENIE
- Vary parameters and compare predictions to **determine uncertainties**



Why do we want to vary systematic parameters?

Idea

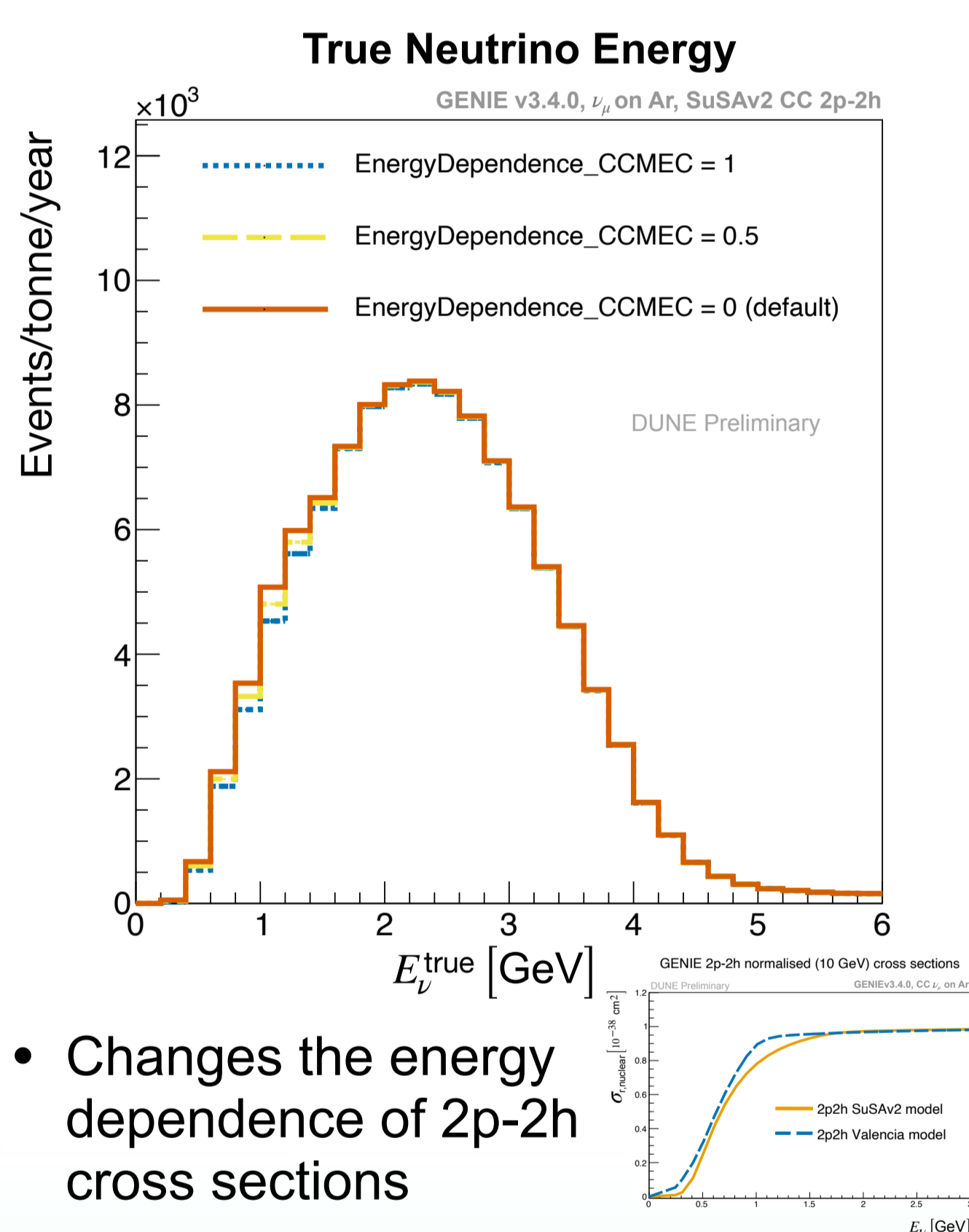
Absolute Reconstructed Neutrino Energy Bias



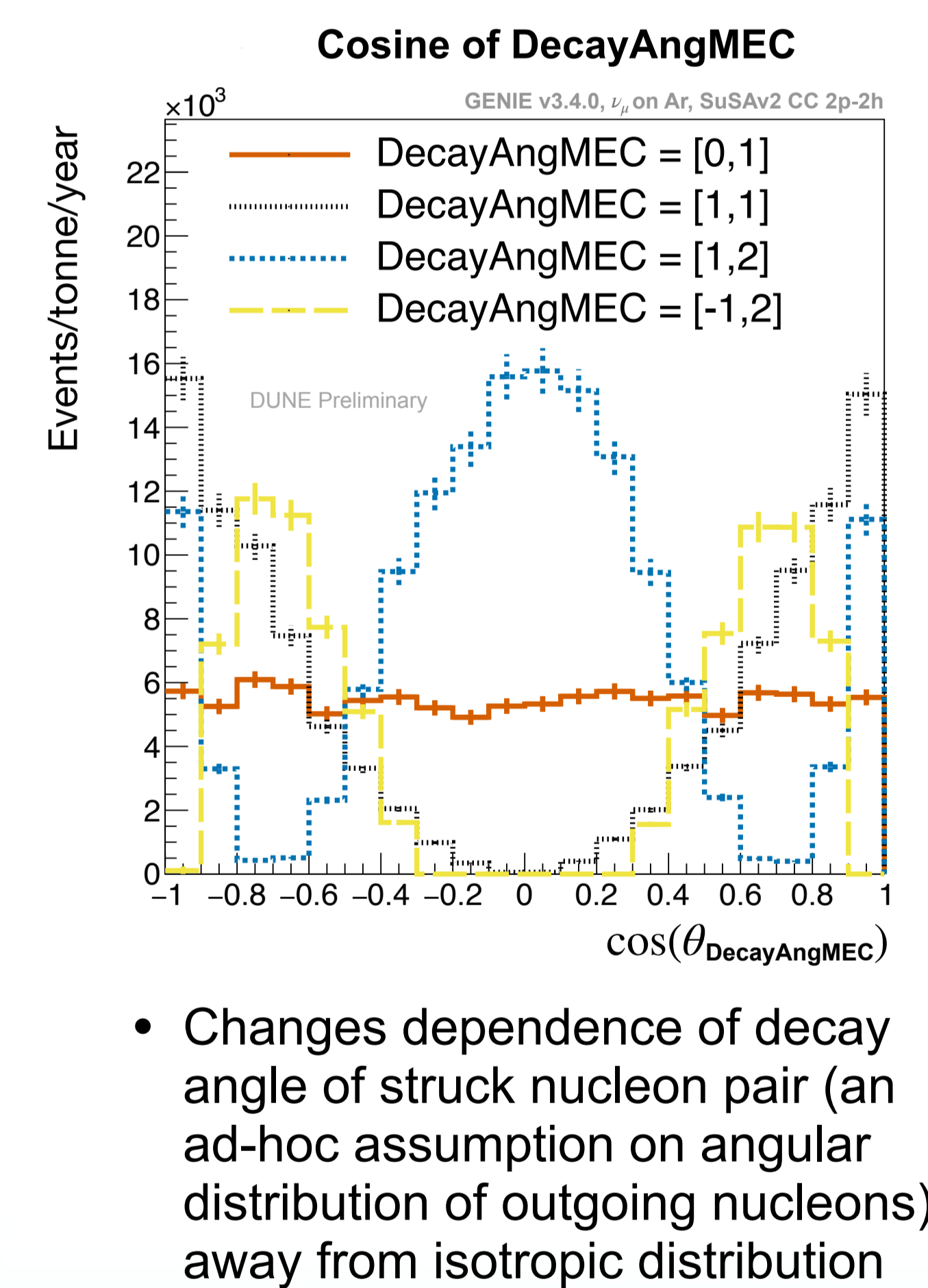
- Clear separation** between the distributions of the Empirical and Valencia/SuSAv2 CC 2p-2h models
- Choose uncertainties** such that the measurement of the oscillation parameters is not biased in case the wrong model is chosen

$$E_{\nu}^{\text{rec}} = \sum_p E_{\text{kin}} + \sum_{\pi, \gamma} E + E_{\text{lep}}$$

Energy Dependence

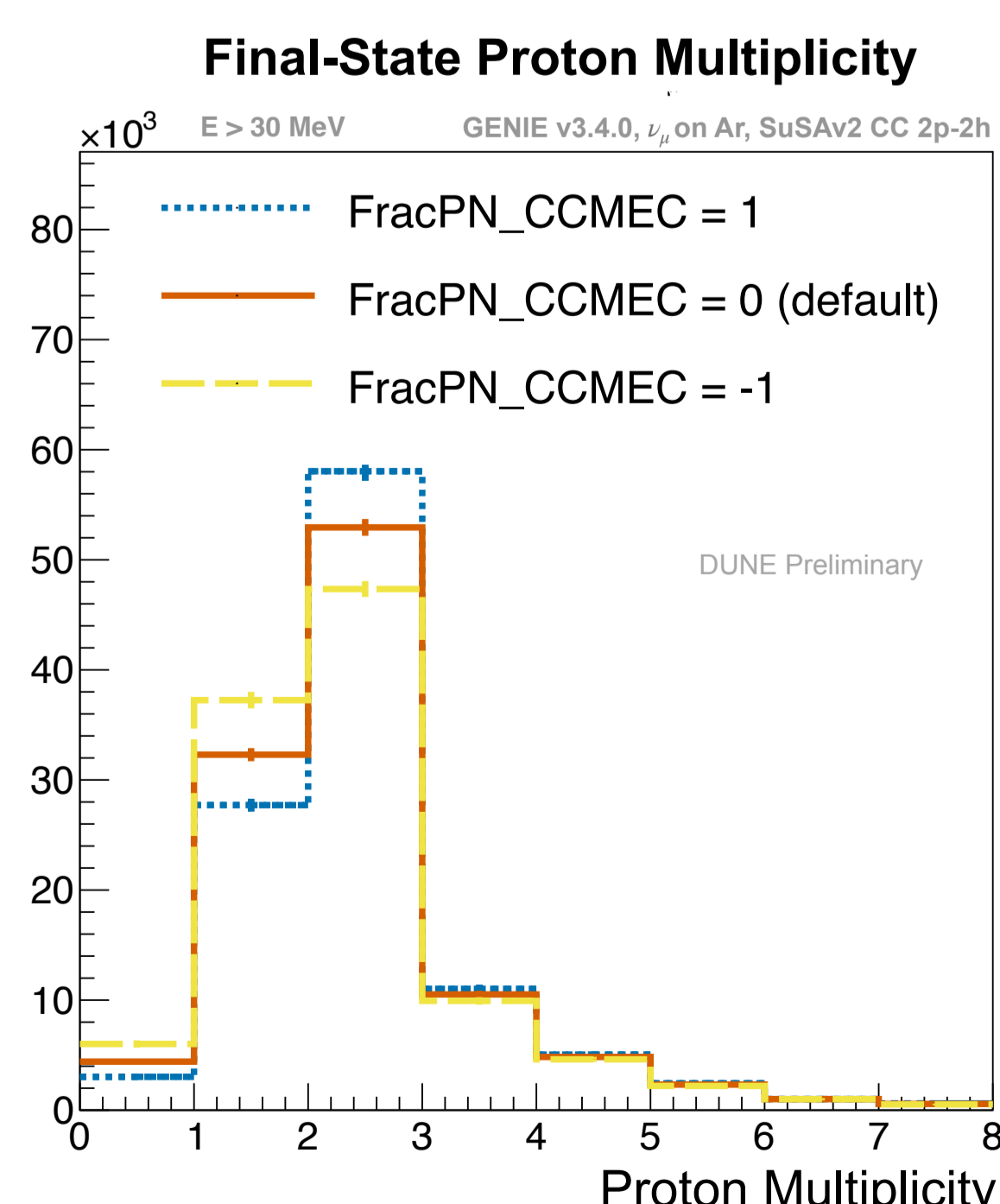


Nucleon Decay Angle

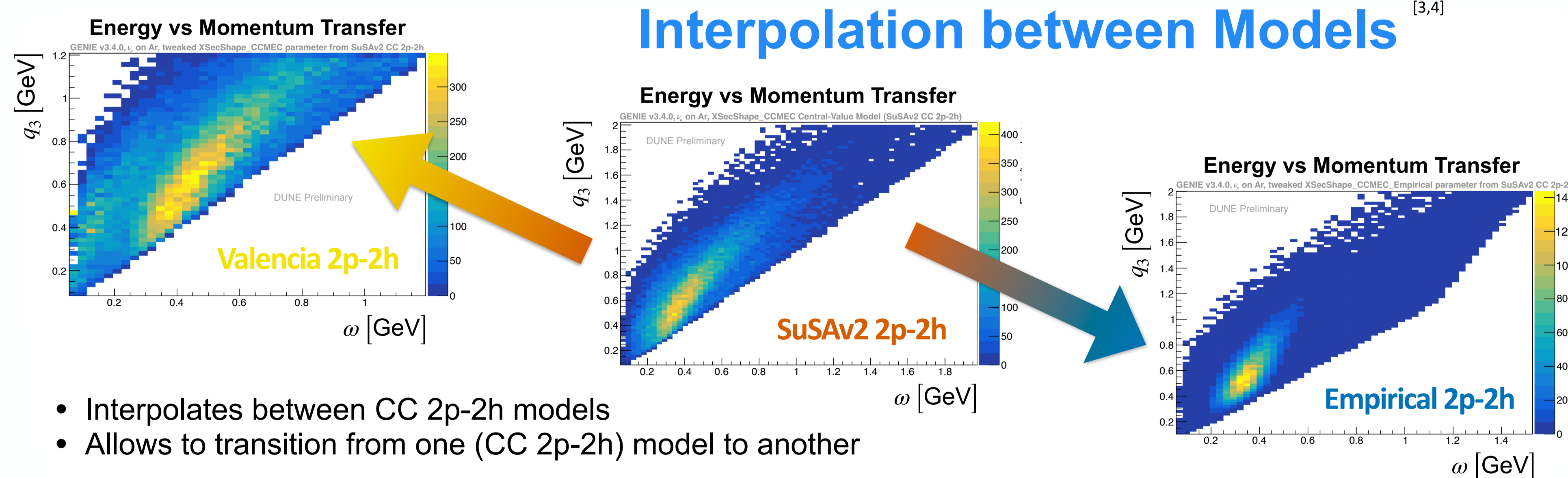


New Meson Exchange Current Model Uncertainties

Nucleon Pair Content



Interpolation between Models



Conclusion

- Deficiencies in existing neutrino-nucleus interaction modelling represent a **leading source of systematic uncertainties**
- Reduction of systematic uncertainties** is crucial for precision neutrino oscillation parameter measurements
- Variation of systematic parameters will allow a robust **estimate of systematics** in modern experiments such as DUNE

