# Technische Universität München

# seesaw effective field theories

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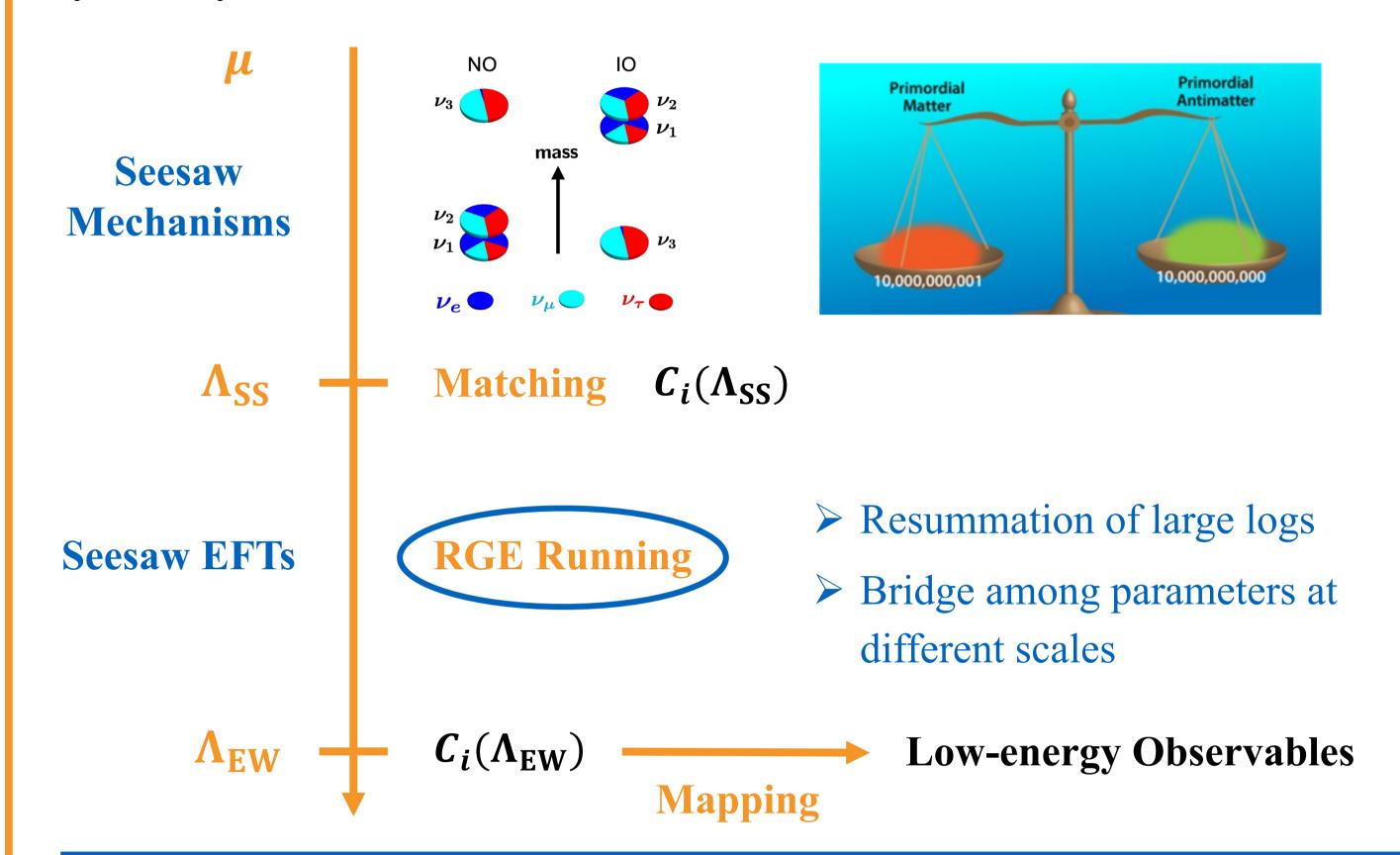
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#### I. Seesaw Effective Field Theories

Seesaw mechanisms are the simplest and the most natural ways to explain tiny neutrino masses and may also elegantly account for the matter-antimatter asymmetry of the Universe.



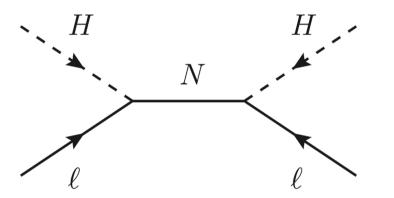
To achieve the complete one-loop RGEs up to  $O(1/\Lambda_{SS}^2)$  in the seesaw EFT induced by the type-I seesaw mechanism

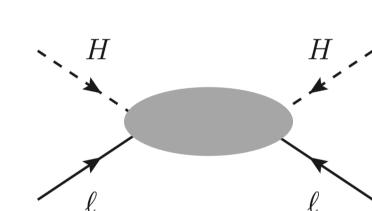
## II. Matching at the Tree Level

The type-I seesaw mechanism: Three singlet right-handed neutrinos

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{SS}} = \mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{SM}} + \overline{N_{\mathrm{R}}} \mathrm{i} \partial N_{\mathrm{R}} - \left( \frac{1}{2} \overline{N_{\mathrm{R}}^{\mathrm{c}}} M_{\mathrm{R}} N_{\mathrm{R}} + \overline{\ell_{\mathrm{L}}} Y_{\nu} \widetilde{H} N_{\mathrm{R}} + \mathrm{h.c.} \right)$$

Integrating out heavy right-handed neutrinos at the tree level





The tree-level seesaw EFT up to  $O(1/\Lambda_{SS}^2)$ :

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \frac{1}{2} \left( C_5^{\alpha\beta} \mathcal{O}_{\alpha\beta}^{(5)} + \text{h.c.} \right) + C_{H\ell}^{(1)\alpha\beta} \mathcal{O}_{H\ell}^{(1)\alpha\beta} + C_{H\ell}^{(3)\alpha\beta} \mathcal{O}_{H\ell}^{(3)\alpha\beta}$$

Dim-5  $\mathcal{O}_{\alpha\beta}^{(5)} = \overline{\ell_{\alpha\mathrm{L}}}\widetilde{H}\widetilde{H}^{\mathrm{T}}\ell_{\beta\mathrm{L}}^{\mathrm{c}}$ The Weinberg operator Neutrino masses

Dim-6  $\mathcal{O}_{\alpha\beta}^{(1)} = \left(\overline{\ell_{\alpha L}} \gamma^{\mu} \ell_{\beta L}\right) \left(H^{\dagger} i \stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{D}_{\mu} H\right)$  $\mathcal{O}_{\alpha\beta}^{(3)} = \left(\overline{\ell_{\alpha L}} \gamma^{\mu} \sigma^{I} \ell_{\beta L}\right) \left(H^{\dagger} i \stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{D}_{\mu}^{I} H\right)$ 

Unitarity violation of the lepton flavor mixing

The corresponding Wilson coefficients at the matching scale  $\mu_M \sim \Lambda_{SS} = O(M_R)$ 

$$C_5 (\mu_{
m M}) = Y_{\nu} M_{
m R}^{-1} Y_{\nu}^{
m T}$$

$$C_{5}\left(\mu_{\rm M}\right) = Y_{\nu} M_{\rm R}^{-1} Y_{\nu}^{\rm T} \qquad C_{H\ell}^{(1)}\left(\mu_{\rm M}\right) = -C_{H\ell}^{(3)}\left(\mu_{\rm M}\right) = \frac{1}{4} Y_{\nu} M_{\rm R}^{-2} Y_{\nu}^{\dagger}$$

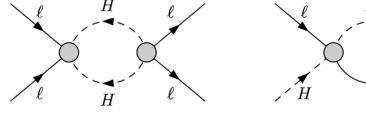
## III. One-loop RGEs in the Seesaw EFT

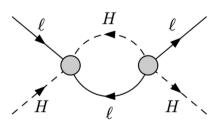
#### The general structure of the RGEs up to $O(1/\Lambda_{SS}^2)$

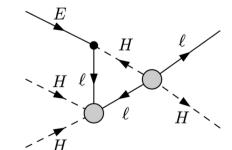
$$16\pi^2 \mu \frac{dC_i^{(5)}}{d\mu} = \gamma'_{ij} C_j^{(5)}$$

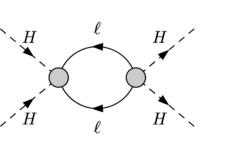
 $16\pi^2 \mu \frac{\mathrm{d}C_i^{(5)}}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = \gamma'_{ij} C_j^{(5)} \qquad 16\pi^2 \mu \frac{\mathrm{d}C_i^{(6)}}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = \gamma_{ij} C_j^{(6)} + \widehat{\gamma}_{jk}^i C_j^{(5)} C_k^{(5)}$ 

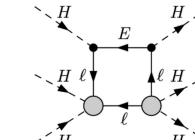
- ➤ Single insertion of the dim-5 and dim-6 operators (Too many to show)
- ➤ All double insertions of the dim-5 operator











**RGEs** 

1PI diagrams

UV divergences (counterterms)

a) Results for the RGEs of the SM couplings

$$T \equiv \operatorname{tr}\left(Y_l Y_l^{\dagger} + 3Y_{\mathrm{u}} Y_{\mathrm{u}}^{\dagger} + 3Y_{\mathrm{d}} Y_{\mathrm{d}}^{\dagger}\right)$$

$$16\pi^2 \mu \frac{\mathrm{d}g_1}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = \frac{41}{6}g_1^3 , \qquad 16\pi^2 \mu \frac{\mathrm{d}Y_l}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = \left[ -\frac{15}{4}g_1^2 - \frac{9}{4}g_2^2 + T + \frac{3}{2}Y_lY_l^{\dagger} - 2m^2\left(C_{H\ell}^{(1)} + 3C_{H\ell}^{(3)}\right) \right] Y_l ,$$

$$16\pi^{2}\mu \frac{\mathrm{d}g_{2}}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = -\frac{19}{6}g_{2}^{3} , \qquad 16\pi^{2}\mu \frac{\mathrm{d}Y_{\mathrm{u}}}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = \left[ -\frac{17}{12}g_{1}^{2} - \frac{9}{4}g_{2}^{2} - 8g_{s}^{2} + T + \frac{3}{2}\left(Y_{\mathrm{u}}Y_{\mathrm{u}}^{\dagger} - Y_{\mathrm{d}}Y_{\mathrm{d}}^{\dagger}\right)\right]Y_{\mathrm{u}} ,$$

$$16\pi^{2}\mu \frac{\mathrm{d}g_{s}}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = -7g_{s}^{3} . \qquad 16\pi^{2}\mu \frac{\mathrm{d}Y_{\mathrm{d}}}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = \left[ -\frac{5}{12}g_{1}^{2} - \frac{9}{4}g_{2}^{2} - 8g_{s}^{2} + T - \frac{3}{2}\left(Y_{\mathrm{u}}Y_{\mathrm{u}}^{\dagger} - Y_{\mathrm{d}}Y_{\mathrm{d}}^{\dagger}\right)\right]Y_{\mathrm{d}} ,$$

$$16\pi^{2}\mu\frac{\mathrm{d}\lambda}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = 24\lambda^{2} - 3\lambda\left(g_{1}^{2} + 3g_{2}^{2}\right) + \frac{3}{8}\left(g_{1}^{2} + g_{2}^{2}\right)^{2} + \frac{3}{4}g_{2}^{4} + 4\lambda T - 2\mathrm{tr}\left[\left(Y_{l}Y_{l}^{\dagger}\right)^{2}\right]$$

$$+3\left(Y_{\rm u}Y_{\rm u}^{\dagger}\right)^{2}+3\left(Y_{\rm d}Y_{\rm d}^{\dagger}\right)^{2}+m^{2}{\rm tr}\left(2C_{5}C_{5}^{\dagger}-\frac{8}{3}g_{2}^{2}C_{H\ell}^{(3)}+8C_{H\ell}^{(3)}Y_{l}Y_{l}^{\dagger}\right).$$

#### III. One-loop RGEs in the Seesaw EFT

#### b) Results for the RGEs of higher-dimensional operators

$$\begin{split} \text{Dim-5} & \quad 16\pi^2 \mu \frac{\mathrm{d}C_5}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = \left(-3g_2^2 + 4\lambda + 2T\right)C_5 - \frac{3}{2}\left[Y_l Y_l^\dagger C_5 + C_5\left(Y_l Y_l^\dagger\right)^\mathrm{T}\right] \\ \text{Dim-6} & \quad 16\pi^2 \mu \frac{\mathrm{d}C_{H\ell}^{(1)}}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = \boxed{-\frac{3}{2}C_5C_5^\dagger} + \frac{2}{3}g_1^2 \mathrm{tr}\left(C_{H\ell}^{(1)}\right)\mathbbm{1} + \left(\frac{1}{3}g_1^2 + 2T\right)C_{H\ell}^{(1)} \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{2}\left[\left(4C_{H\ell}^{(1)} + 9C_{H\ell}^{(3)}\right)Y_l Y_l^\dagger + Y_l Y_l^\dagger \left(4C_{H\ell}^{(1)} + 9C_{H\ell}^{(3)}\right)\right] \\ & \quad 16\pi^2 \mu \frac{\mathrm{d}C_{H\ell}^{(3)}}{\mathrm{d}\mu} = \boxed{C_5C_5^\dagger} + \frac{2}{3}g_2^2 \mathrm{tr}\left(C_{H\ell}^{(3)}\right)\mathbbm{1} + \left(-\frac{17}{3}g_2^2 + 2T\right)C_{H\ell}^{(3)} \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{2}\left[\left(3C_{H\ell}^{(1)} + 2C_{H\ell}^{(3)}\right)Y_l Y_l^\dagger + Y_l Y_l^\dagger \left(3C_{H\ell}^{(1)} + 2C_{H\ell}^{(3)}\right)\right] \end{split}$$

Referring to our paper [JHEP 05 (2023) 044] for more results for

- 1) the RGEs of the other 17 dim-6 operators absent at the tree level
- 2) the seesaw EFTs induced by the type-III and type-III seesaw mechanisms

## IV. One-loop RGEs of the Flavor Mixing Parameters

After spontaneous symmetry break (in the lepton mass basis)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SEFT}}^{\text{CC}} = \left(\frac{g_2}{\sqrt{2}} \overline{l_{\text{L}}} \gamma^{\mu} V \nu_{\text{L}} W_{\mu}^- + \text{h.c.}\right) \quad \text{Non-unitary lepton flavor mixing}$$

$$q_2 = q_2 - \mu V^{\dagger} V \nu_{\text{L}} W_{\mu}^- + \text{h.c.}$$

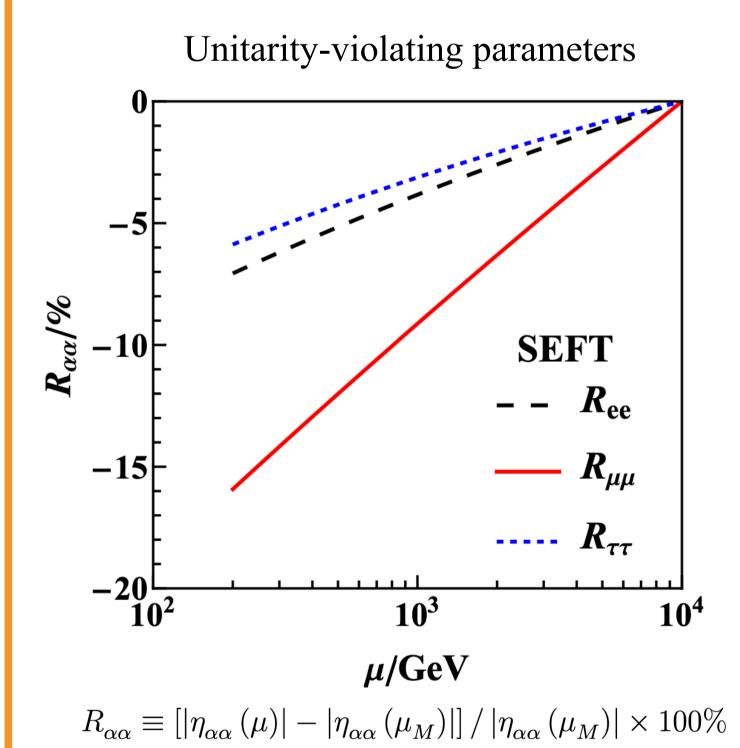
$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{SEFT}}^{\mathrm{NC}} = \frac{g_2}{2c_{\mathrm{W}}} \, \overline{\nu_{\mathrm{L}}} \gamma^{\mu} \underline{N^{\dagger}N} \nu_{\mathrm{L}} Z_{\mu} - \frac{g_2}{2c_{\mathrm{W}}} \, \overline{l_{\mathrm{L}}} \gamma^{\mu} \left[ \left( 1 - 2s_{\mathrm{W}}^2 \right) + \left( \underline{\eta' - 2\eta} \right) \right] l_{\mathrm{L}} Z_{\mu} + \frac{g_2}{c_{\mathrm{W}}} s_{\mathrm{W}}^2 \overline{l_{\mathrm{R}}} \gamma^{\mu} l_{\mathrm{R}} Z_{\mu}$$
 FCNC 
$$V \equiv (1 - \eta) \cdot U \cdot Q \qquad \eta \equiv P^{\dagger} U_l^{\dagger} \left( -C_{H\ell}^{(3)} v^2 \right) U_l P \quad \text{Unitarity violation}$$

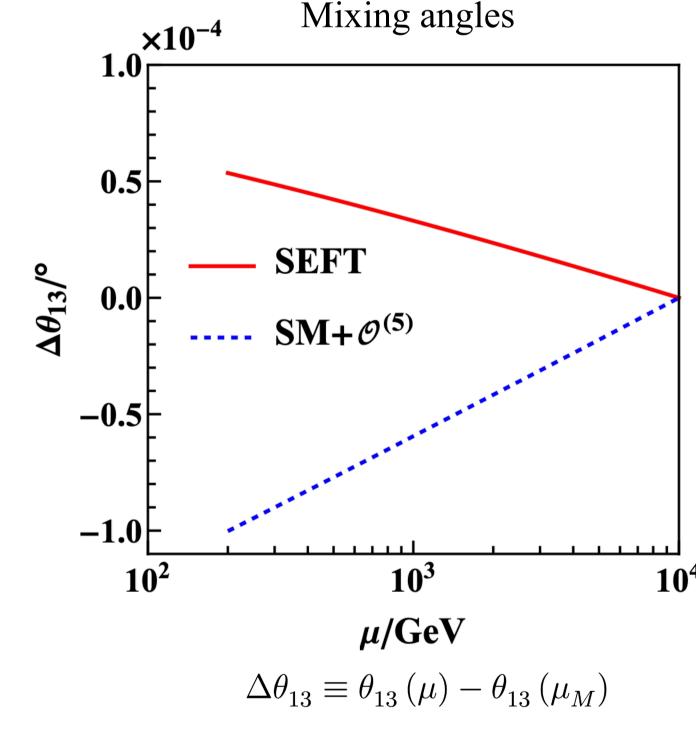
$$N \equiv (1 - \eta'/2) \cdot U \cdot Q, \quad \eta' \equiv P^{\dagger} U_l^{\dagger} \left[ \left( C_{H\ell}^{(1)} - C_{H\ell}^{(3)} \right) v^2 \right] U_l P, \quad V' \stackrel{\text{def para}}{=} P \cdot U \cdot Q$$

From the RGEs in Sec. III, one can achieve RGEs of

- 1) Mixing angles and Dirac phase in *U*
- 2) Majorana phases in *Q*
- 3) Unitarity-violating parameters in  $\eta$
- 4) FCNC parameters in  $\eta'$

#### V. Examples for Numerical Results





- > All running behaviors of physical parameters can be well understood with the help of their analytical results
- > Unitarity-violating parameters can significantly affect the running of mixing angles and CP-violating phases

- > We derive the **complete** set of **one-loop RGEs** for the SM couplings and Wilson coefficients of operators up to dim-6 and  $O(1/\Lambda_{SS}^2)$  in seesaw EFTs
- ➤ Besides two tree-level-generated dim-6 operators, 17 dim-6 operators can be generated by the one-loop RGEs in the type-I seesaw EFT
- > We give the explicit expressions of the RGEs of all the physical parameters involved in the charged- and neutral-current interactions of leptons
- $\triangleright$  With the one-loop matching results at  $\Lambda_{SS}$ , these one-loop RGEs establish a self-consistent framework to investigate low-energy phenomena of seesaw models up to  $O(1/\Lambda_{SS}^2)$  at the one-loop level