

Feasibility of detecting ${}^8\text{B}$ solar neutrinos at JUNO

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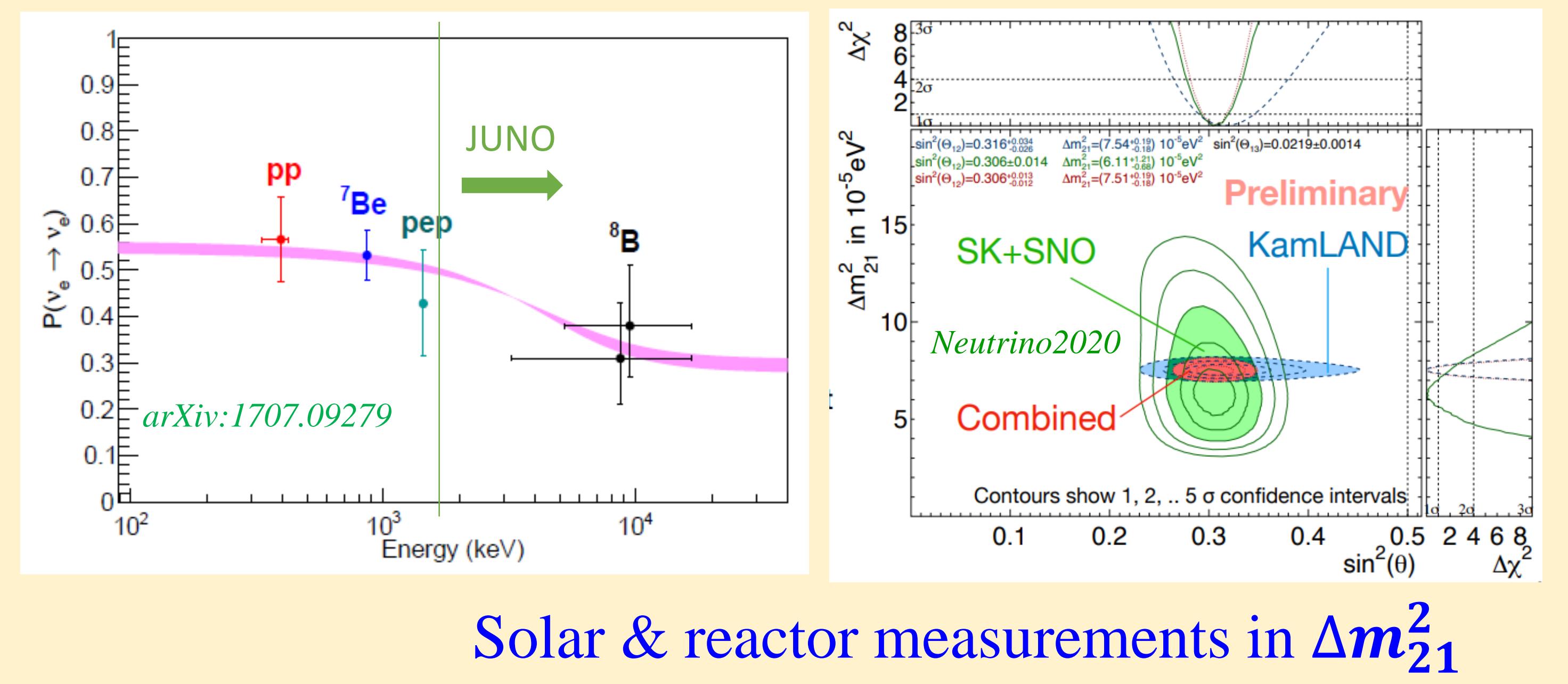
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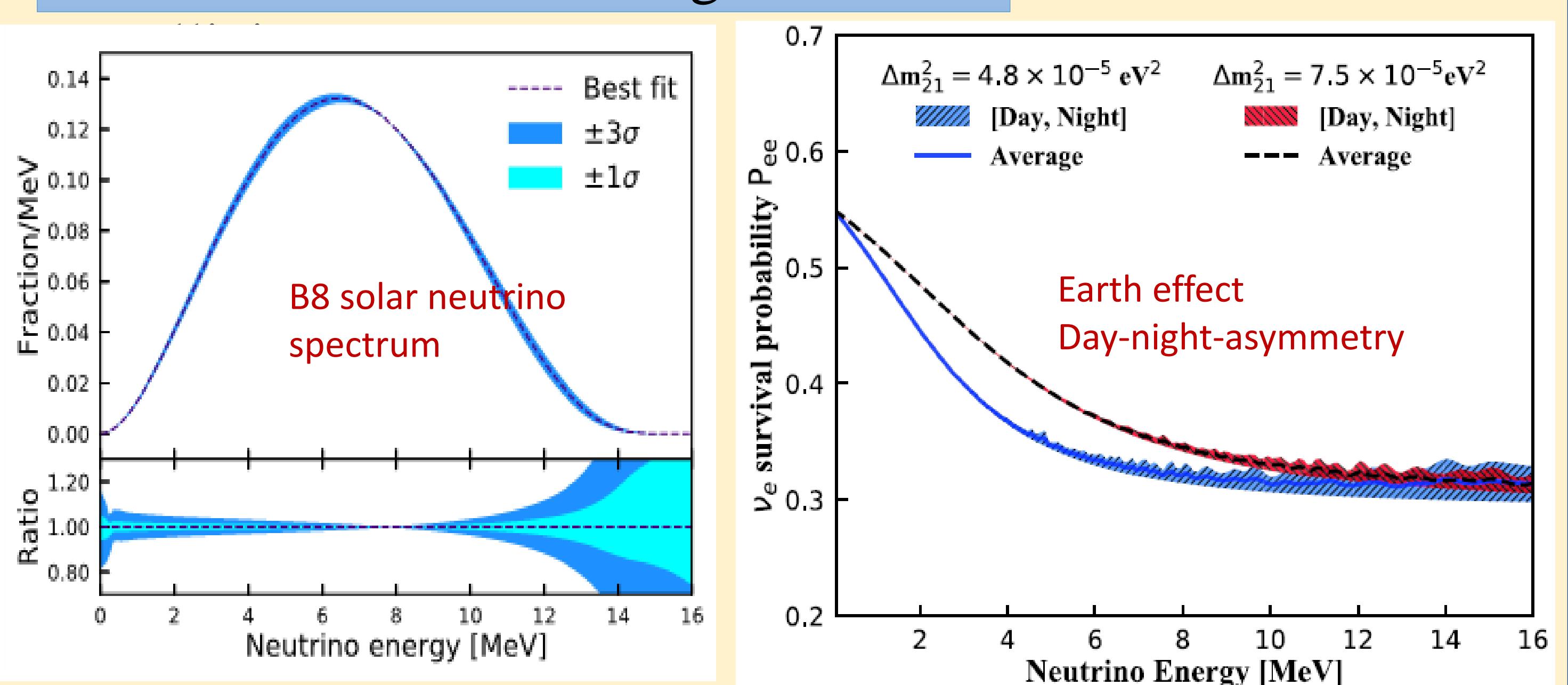
Open questions

Matter-vacuum Transition Phase



Prediction

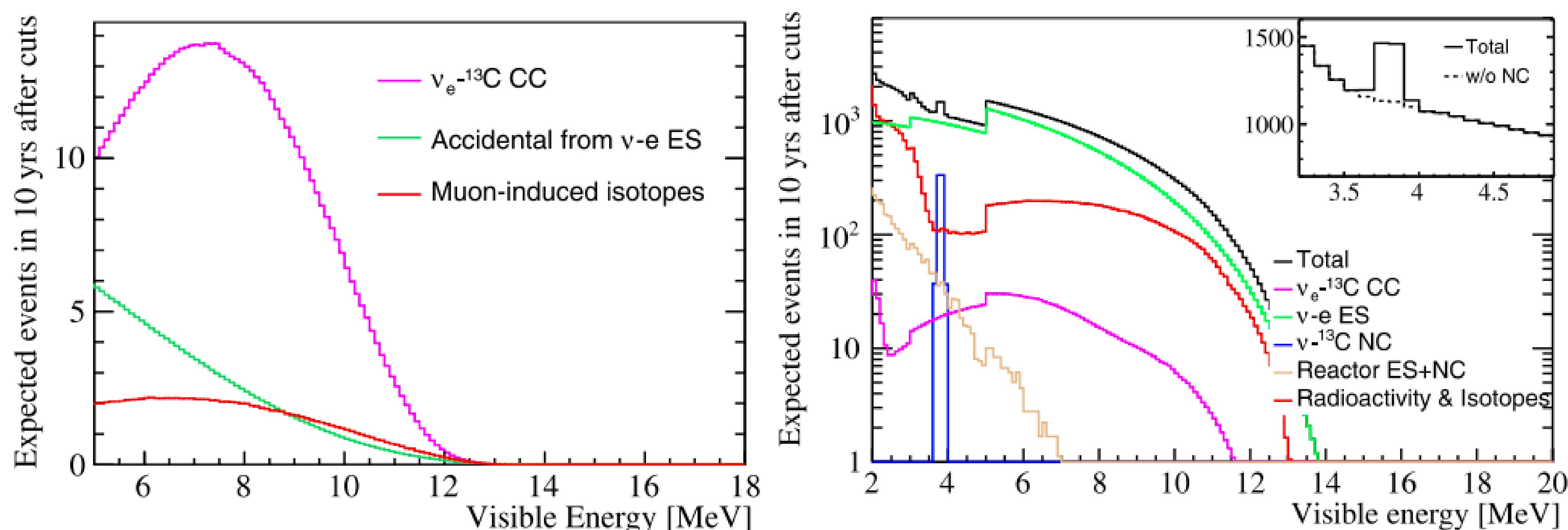
Model: B16 SSM with high



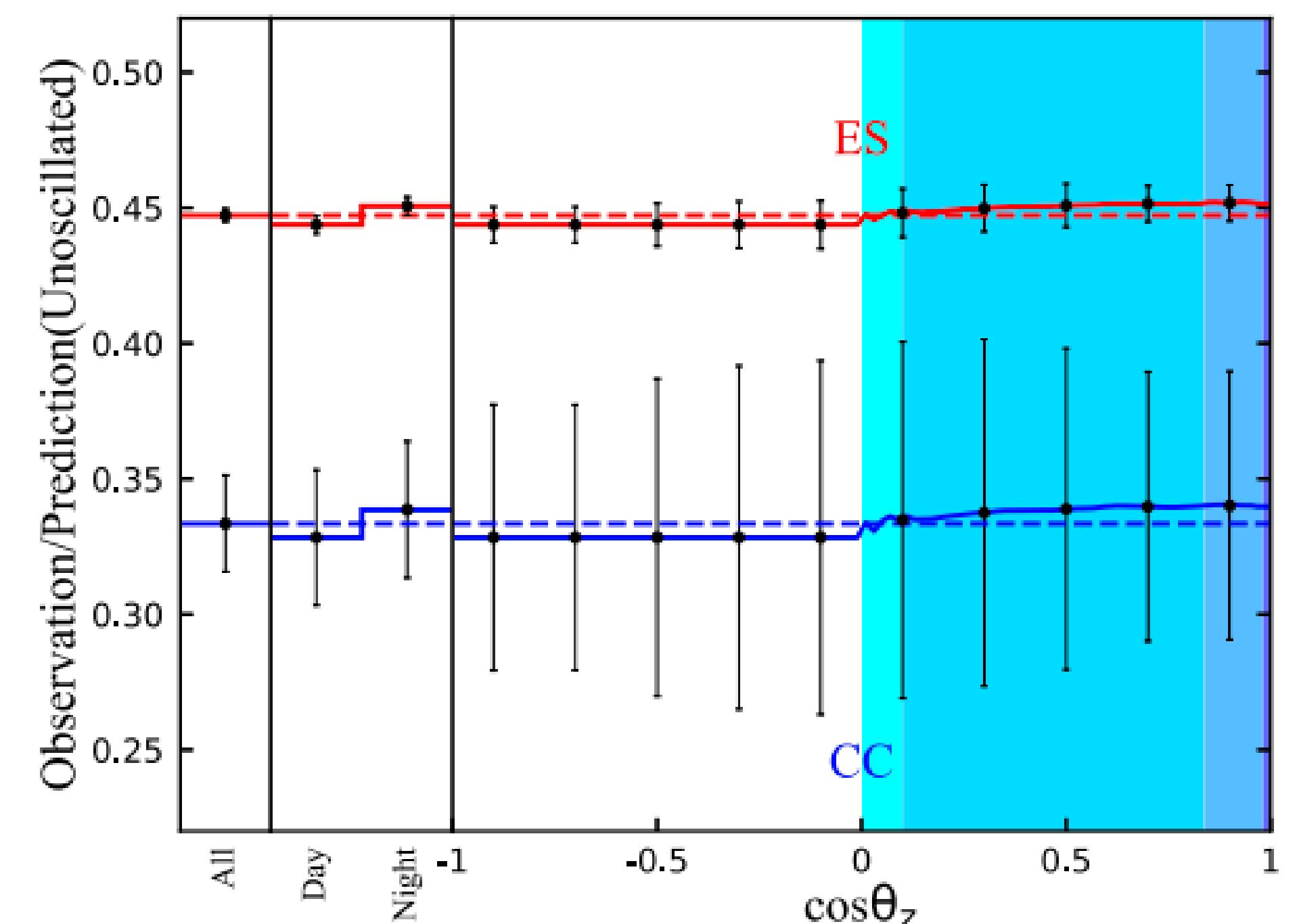
Expected signal in JUNO detector

No.	Channels	Threshold (MeV)	Signal	Event Numbers (10 yr)
1	$\nu_e + {}^{12}\text{C} \rightarrow e^- + {}^{12}\text{N}(1^+)$; gnd (Fukugita et al. 1988)	16.827	$e^- + {}^{12}\text{N}$ decay (β^+ , $Q = 17.338$ MeV)	0.43
1	CC $\nu_e + {}^{13}\text{C} \rightarrow e^- + {}^{13}\text{N}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$; gnd (Suzuki et al. 2012)	2.2	$e^- + {}^{13}\text{N}$ decay (β^+ , $Q = 2.22$ MeV)	3929
2	$\nu_e + {}^{13}\text{C} \rightarrow e^- + {}^{13}\text{N}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$; 3.5 MeV (Suzuki et al. 2012)	5.7	$e^- + p$	2464
4	$\nu_x + {}^{12}\text{C} \rightarrow \nu_x + {}^{12}\text{C}(1^+)$; 15.11 MeV (Fukugita et al. 1988)	15.1	γ	4.8
3	NC $\nu_x + {}^{13}\text{C} \rightarrow \nu_x + n + {}^{12}\text{C}(2^+)$; 4.44 MeV (Suzuki et al. 2019)	6.864	$\gamma + n$ capture	65
4	$\nu_x + {}^{13}\text{C} \rightarrow \nu_x + {}^{13}\text{C}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$; 3.089 MeV (Suzuki et al. 2012)	3.089	γ	14
5	$\nu_x + {}^{13}\text{C} \rightarrow \nu_x + {}^{13}\text{C}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$; 3.685 MeV (Suzuki et al. 2012)	3.685	γ	3032
6	$\nu_x + {}^{13}\text{C} \rightarrow \nu_x + {}^{13}\text{C}(\frac{5}{2}^+)$; 3.854 MeV (Suzuki et al. 2012)	3.854	γ	2.8
7	ES $\nu_x + e \rightarrow \nu_x + e$	0	e^-	3.0×10^5

Spectrum for background and signal



Day-night-asymmetry



Model-independent measurement

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