



UNIVERSITÀ
DI TORINO



Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare
SEZIONE DI TORINO

CGEM software review

Stefano Spataro for the CGEM software & analysis groups



BESIII Italia – Ferrara – 06/11/2023



Friday, 3rd November 2023

<https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/20839/>

8:30 AM → 8:40 AM	Introduction to the review process Speaker: Wolfgang Gradl (Institute of Nuclear Physics, Johannes-Gutenberg University Mainz) cgem-review-kickof...	10m
8:40 AM → 9:00 AM	Overview and status of the CGEM project Speaker: Gianluigi Cibinetto (INFN Sezione di Ferrara) 20231103_CGEM_I...	20m
9:00 AM → 9:15 AM	General overview of the CGEM software Speaker: Liang-Liang Wang (Institute of High Energy Physics (Beijing)) 20231103_CGEM-IT...	15m
9:15 AM → 9:35 AM	Simulation of the CGEM geometry Speaker: Isabella Garzia (高能所) 20231103_CGEMIT...	20m
9:35 AM → 10:00 AM	Digitization and tuning of the CGEM-IT Speaker: Linghui Wu (IHEP) CgemDigitizationAn...	25m
10:00 AM → 10:15 AM	Break	15m
10:15 AM → 10:40 AM	Offline track reconstruction Speaker: Liang-Liang Wang (Institute of High Energy Physics (Beijing)) 20231103_CGEM_O...	25m
10:40 AM → 11:10 AM	Impact of the CGEM-IT on benchmark physics channels Speaker: Stefano Spataro (Università di Torino and INFN) 20231103 - CGEMR...	30m
11:10 AM → 11:30 AM	Plans for detector calibration Speaker: Riccardo Farinelli (INFN Sezione di Ferrara) 20231103_Calibrati...	20m
11:30 AM → 11:50 AM	CGEM-IT track-based offline alignment Speaker: Aiqiang GUO (Institute of modern physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences) BESIII_Cgem_Align...	20m
11:50 AM → 12:10 PM	Discussion and final remarks	20m

Offline software (p)review



Geometry

Implementation of the definitive design of the complete CGEM detector
Estimation of the radiation length, and of possible effects on the EMC



Digitization

Complete description of the MC signal modelling, from ionization to the electronics readout response
Comparison of simulation with real data from 2-layer cosmics data (run 17)



Global Tracking

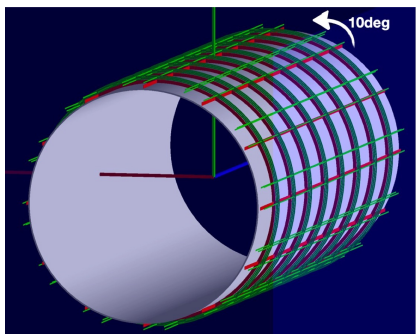
Complete reconstruction of charged tracks using outer MDCs and CGEM
Characterization of tracking performances (resolution, efficiency) with particle gun, comparison with standard MDC



Analysis of benchmark channels

Performance (reconstruction efficiency, invariant mass resolution, vertex resolution) compared to standard MDC tracking

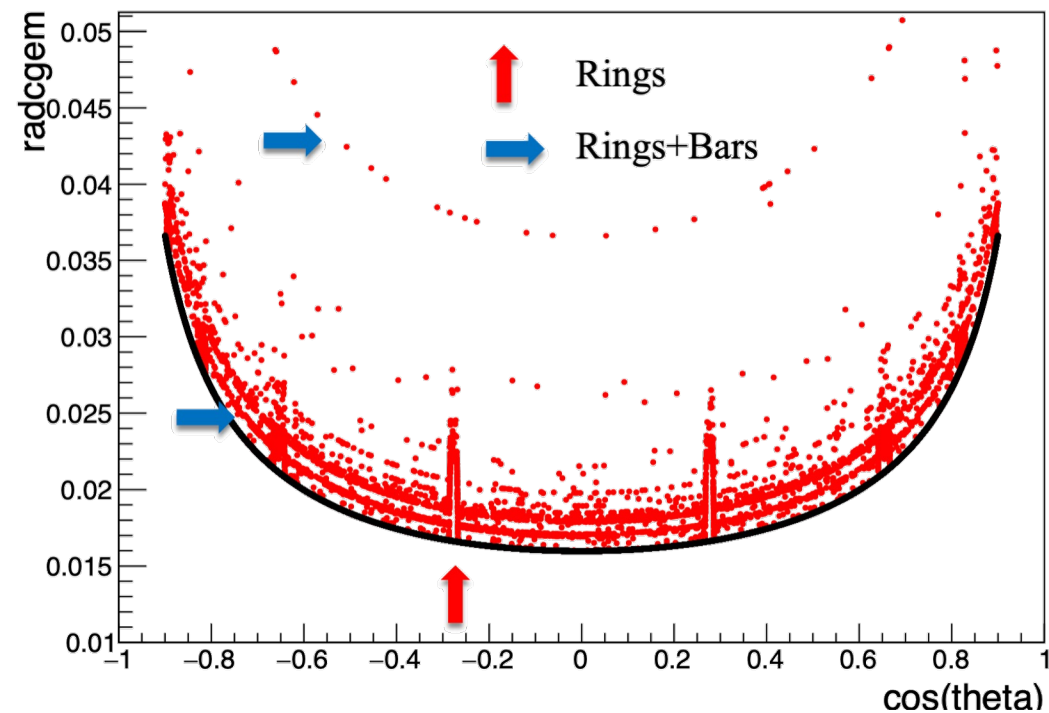
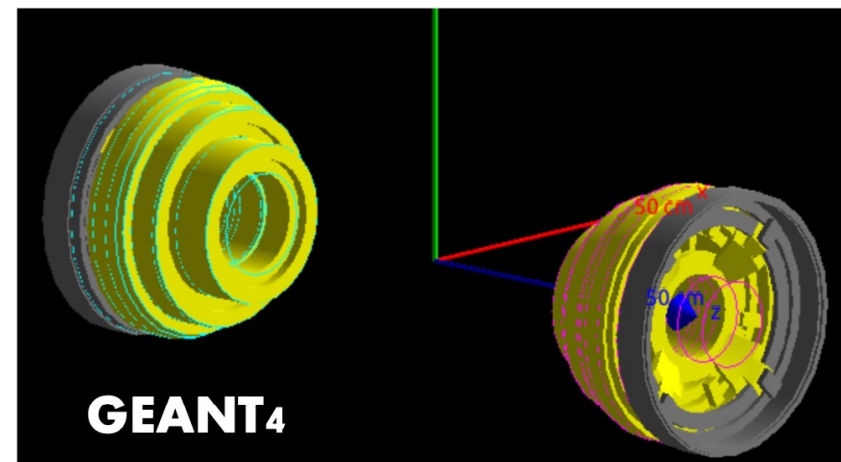
- phase space events with n-prong pions
- low multiplicity events (such as $e^+e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}$)
- standard charmonium decays $\psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$
- higher multiplicity events (i.e. over DD threshold)
- hyperon production (to study displaced vertices)



Comparison between calculation and simulation

- without holes and strips simulation

Task completed



- with grids
- without grids

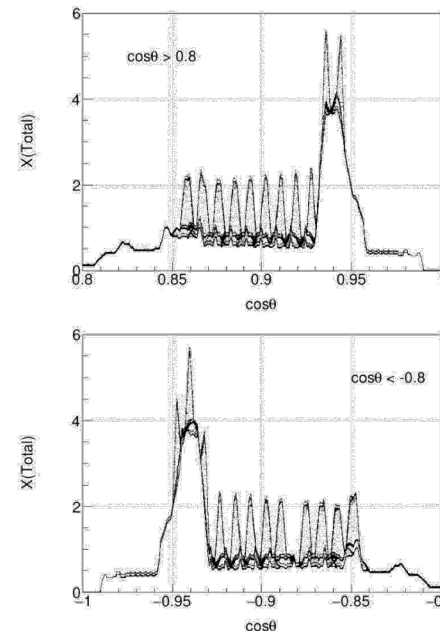
@ $\theta=90\text{deg}$

SIMULATION:
 $0,015958 X_0$
 gas+air = $0,00051 X_0$
 tot sim = $0,0155 X_0$

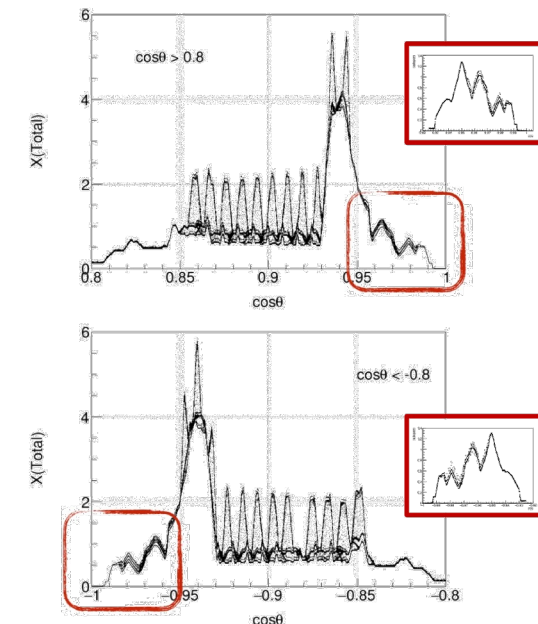
CALCULATION
 (with effective density)
 = $0,015559 X_0$

Good agreement

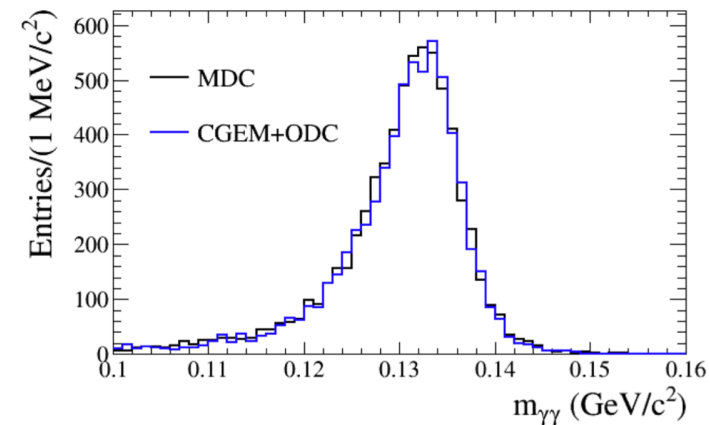
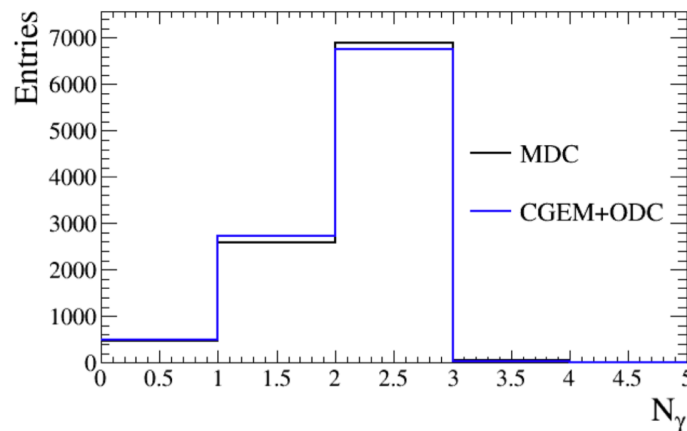
MDC



CGEM+ODC



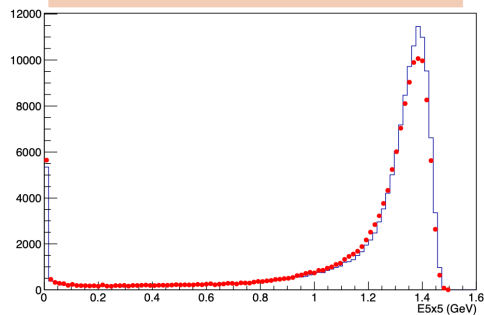
Simulated sample: $\pi^0(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)$ with momentum 0-1 GeV/c, $\cos\theta$ in (-1,1)



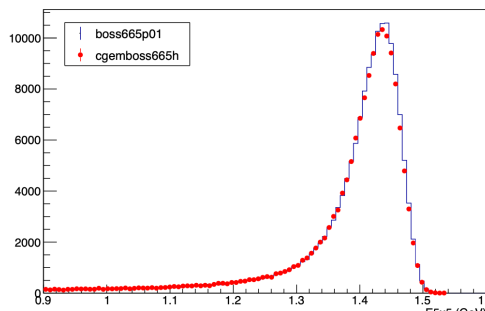
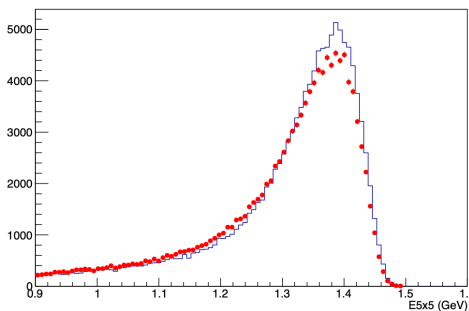
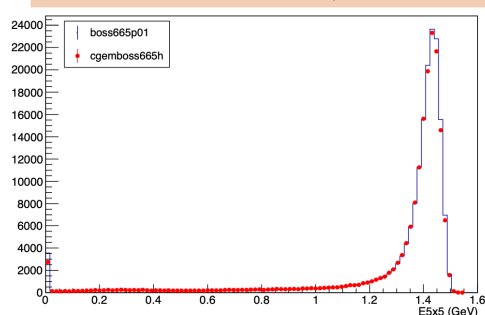
Good photon selection:
Barrel ($|\cos\theta| < 0.8$), $E_\gamma > 25$ MeV
Endcaps ($0.84 < |\cos\theta| < 0.92$), $E_\gamma > 50$ MeV

$N_{\pi^0}(\text{CGEM+ODC})/N_{\pi^0}(\text{MDC}) - 1 = (-2.30 \pm 0.98)\%$
Mass resolution comparable

EMC Endcaps: $0.85 < |\cos\theta| < 0.93$



EMC BARREL: $|\cos\theta| < 0.83$

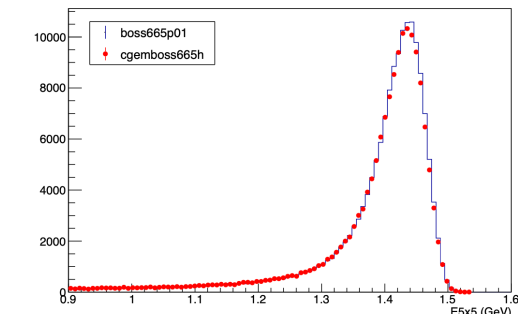
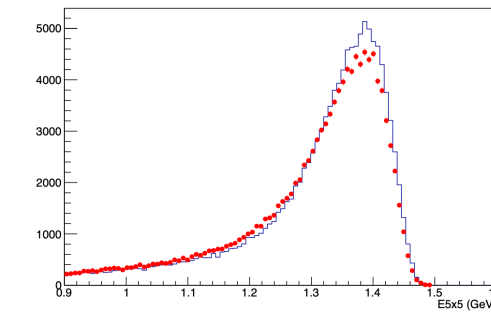
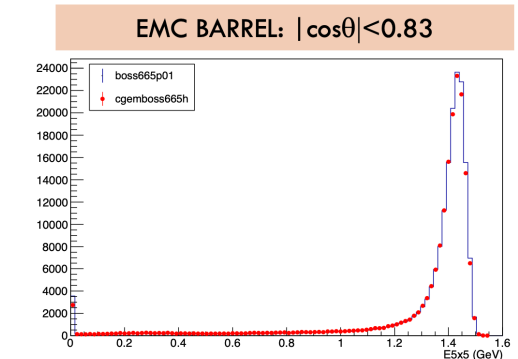
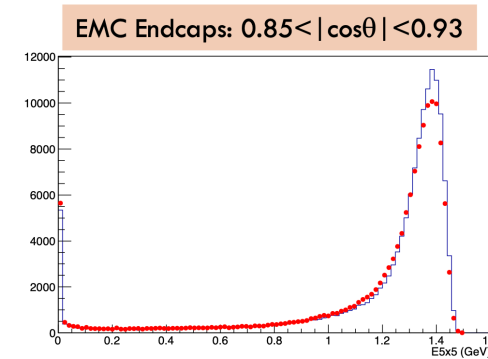


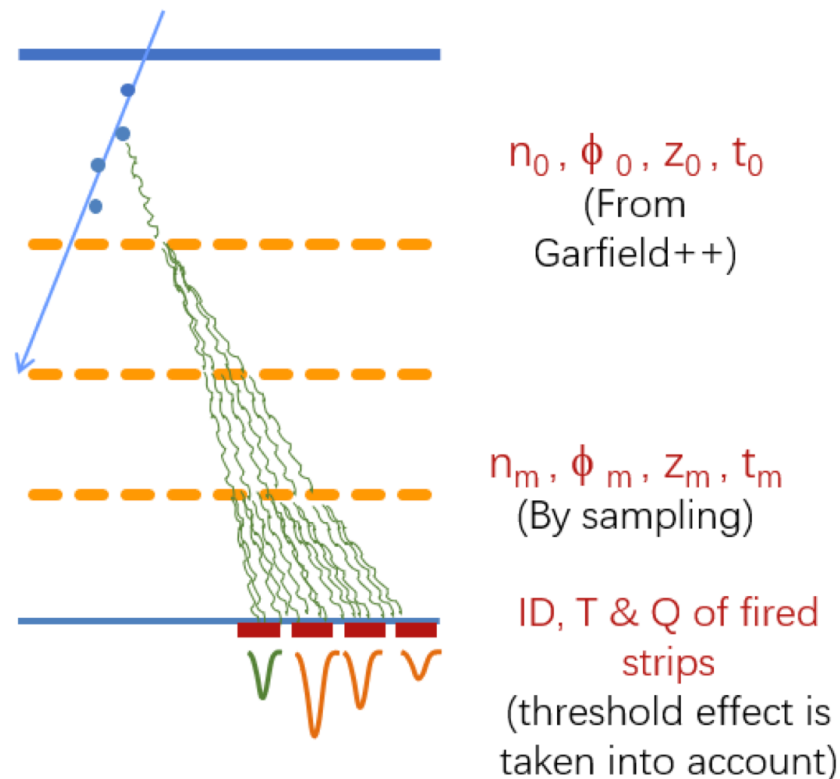
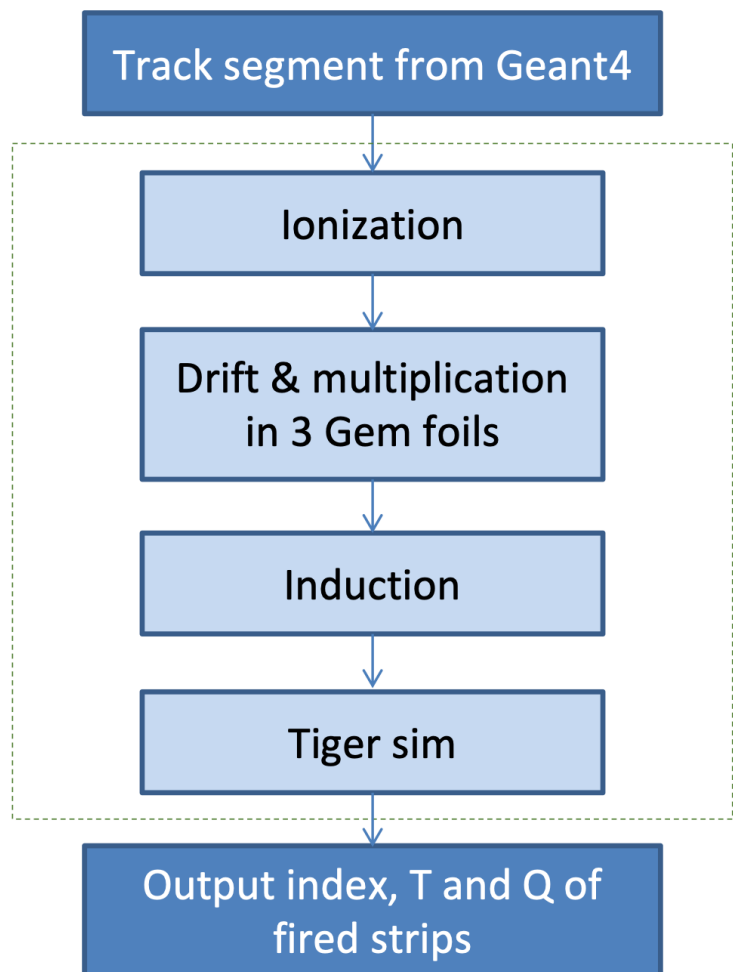
Substantially no effects on EMC

Is EMC recalibrated for CGEM design?
 NO, and we (CGEM) cannot do it, we
 expect with new calibration better
 agreement

How much CPU time?
 We need to measure it, anyway not so
 much

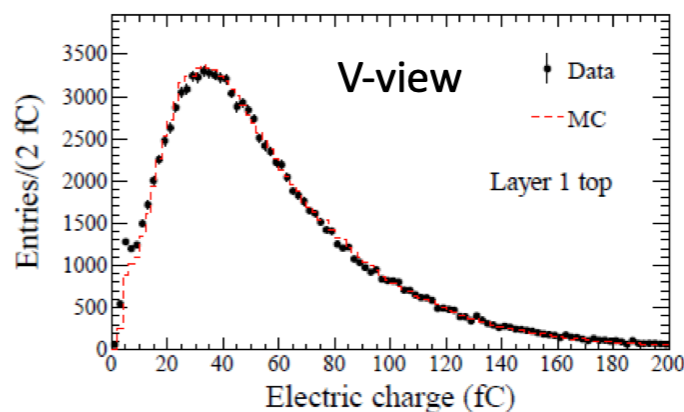
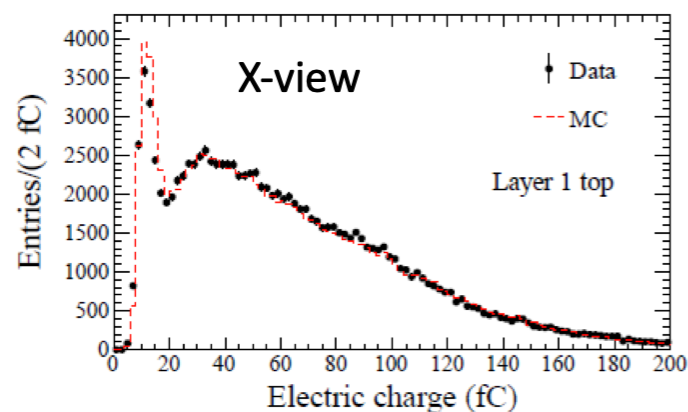
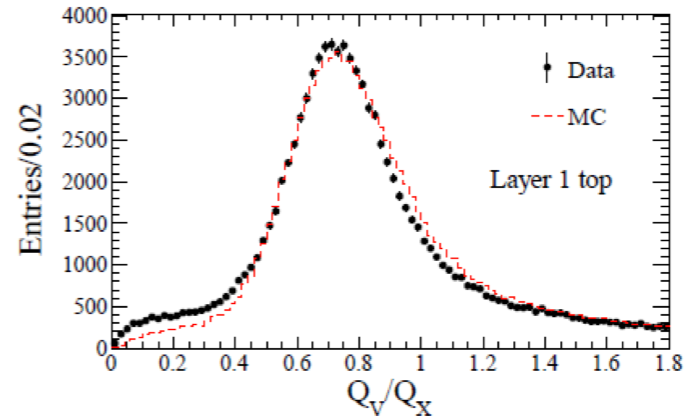
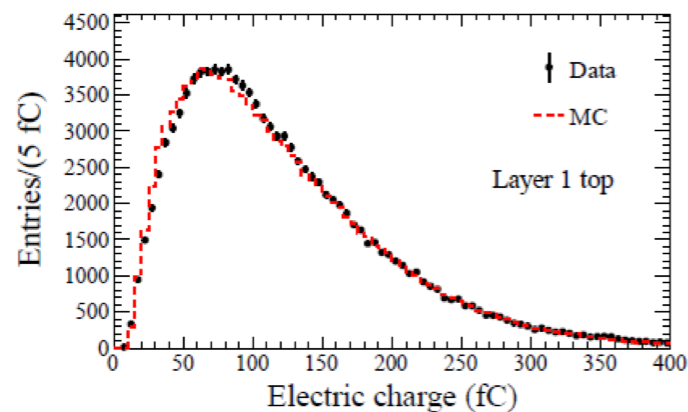
Comparison with MDC radiation length
 A waste of time, but fine...





- A service package (**CgemDigitizerSvc**) has been developed to implement the digitization of CGEM-IT in CgemBoss
- Paper published: Radiation Detection Technology and Methods (2020) 4:174–181

- Consistency between data and MC is good after tuning



Paper published: JINST 18 P05027

What about TIGER noise?

Not yet implemented

On silicon negligible (< 0.5 fC), on strips... ?

I believe we should provide an answer

Anyway, the tuning includes the shaping of the noise, then it should not affect the final results

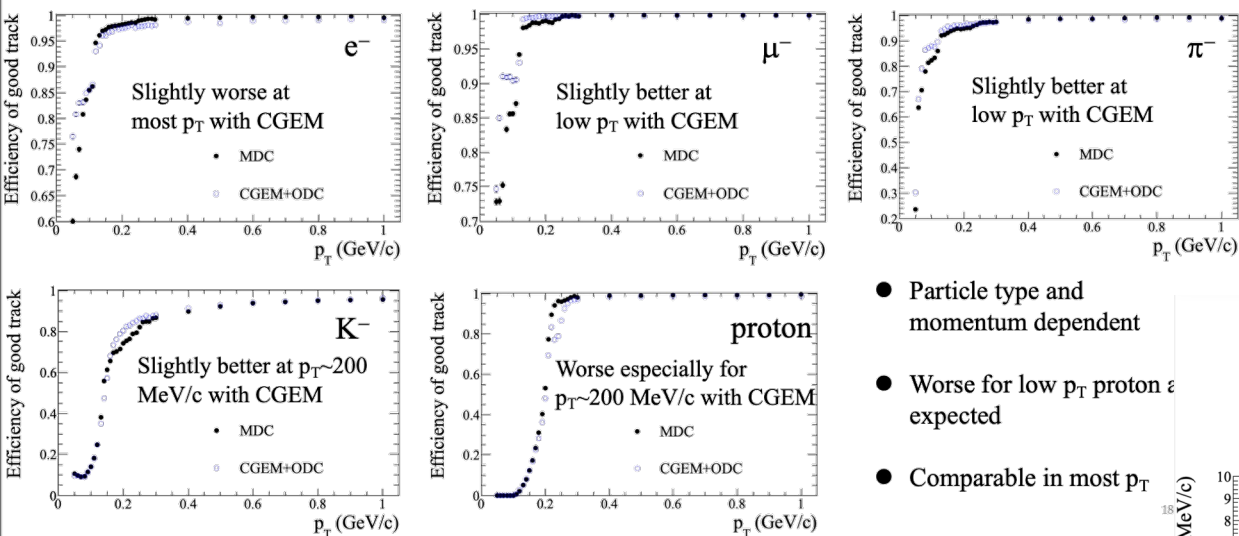
We should include also noisy hits as random signals according to noise rate

Dummy questions about gain and Garfield...

Not worth to mention

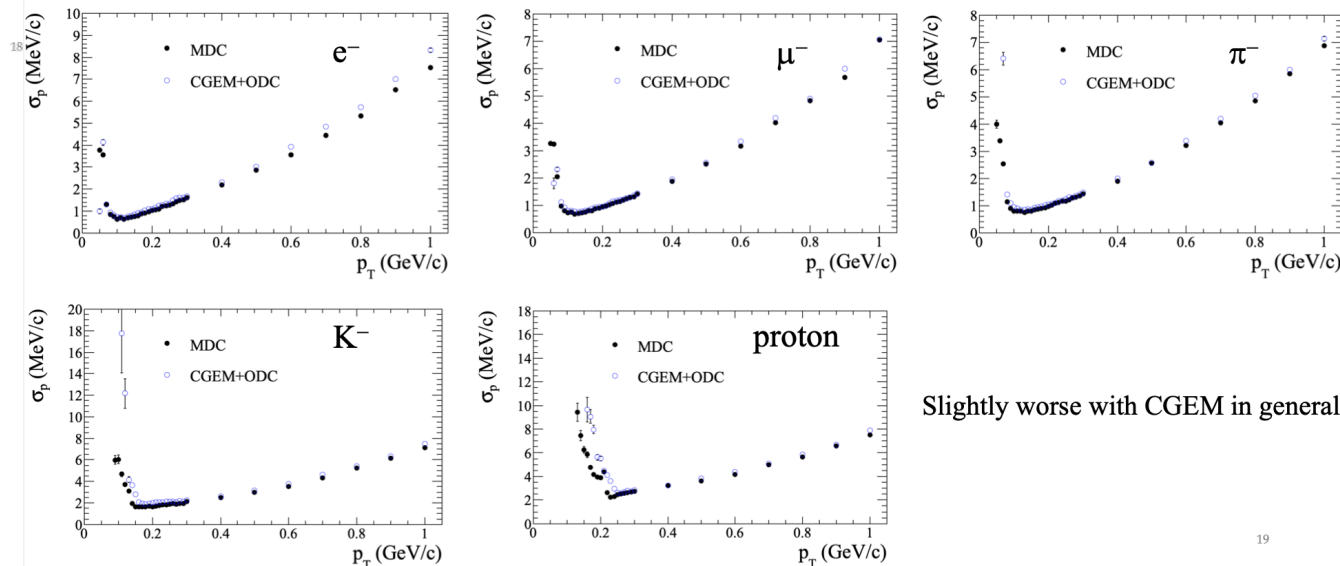
Efficiency of good track

- Global tracking with **Hough Transform** for CGEM+ODC
- Default tracking for MDC (PAT + TSF etc.)
- Good track: $V_{xy} < 1$ cm, $|V_z| < 10$ cm, $|\cos\theta| < 0.93$, correct charge



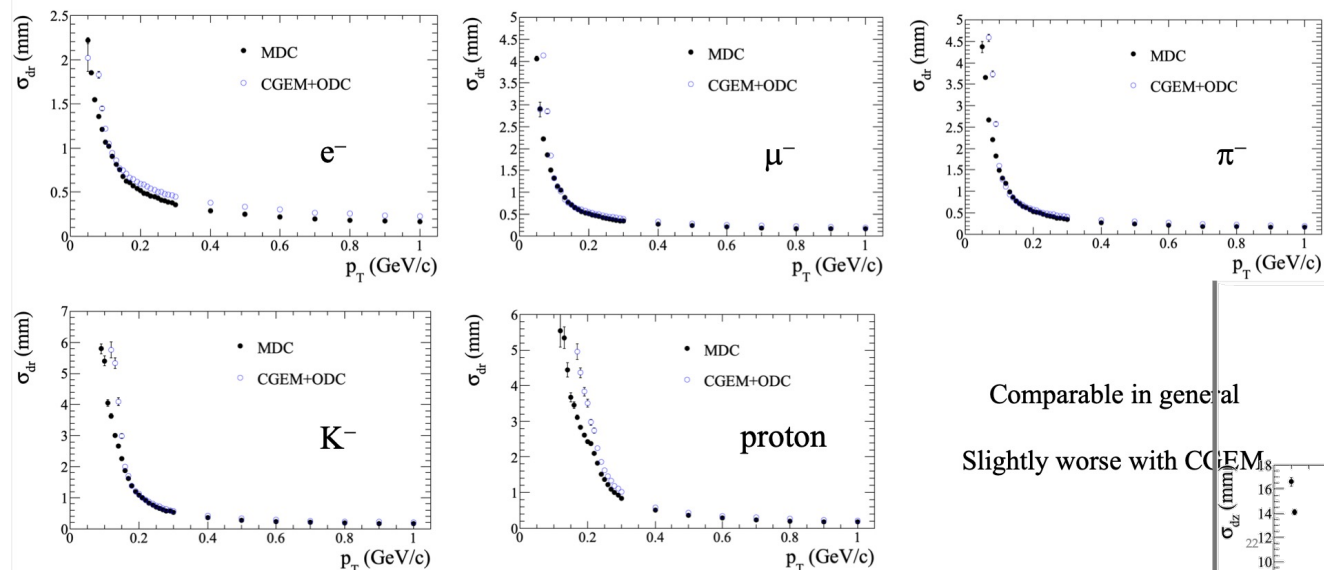
- Particle type and momentum dependent
- Worse for low p_T proton as expected
- Comparable in most p_T

Momentum resolution after Kalman Filter



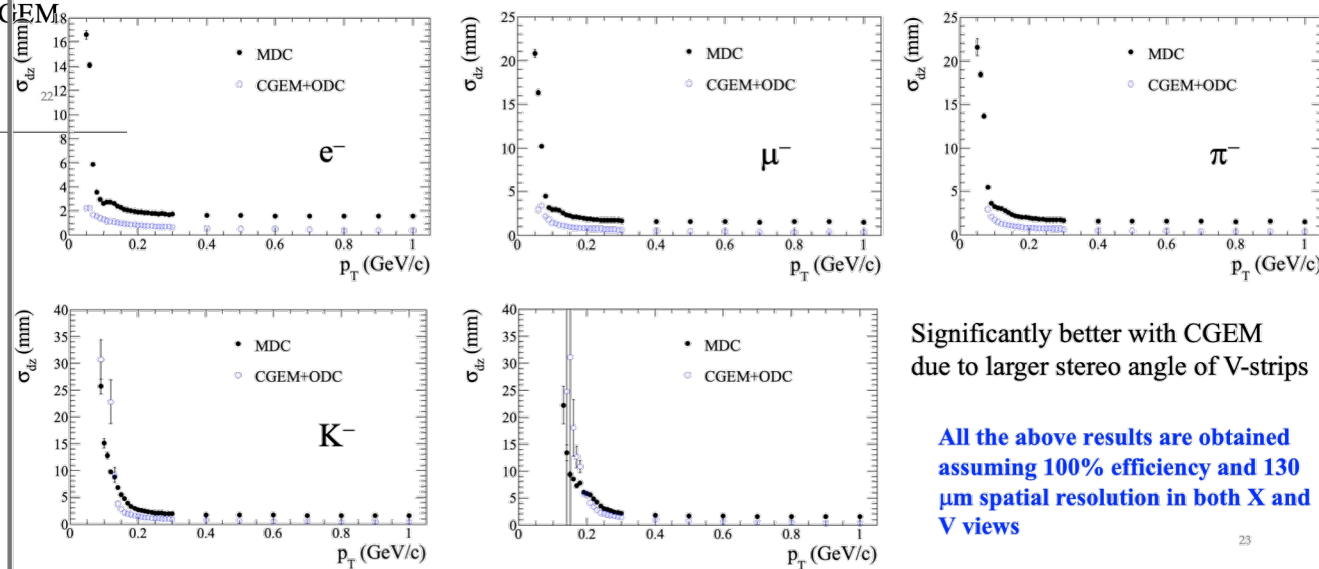
Slightly worse with CGEM in general

Closest approach resolution in transverse plane after Kalman Filter



Comparable in general
Slightly worse with CGEM

Closest approach resolution in z after Kalman Filter



Significantly better with CGEM
due to larger stereo angle of V-strips

All the above results are obtained
assuming 100% efficiency and 130
 μm spatial resolution in both X and
V views

Evaluate ghost tracks, clones

Not for single tracks, but for multi-track events

Check effect of nonhomogeneous materials, fixed low pt, efficiency vs theta

Estimate the effect of noise

We have the tools, it was done in the past but no real problematics, it will be redone

Effects of real efficiency and resolution

After cosmics performance studies

Phase space events with 2-, 4- and 6-prong pions → Extension of single particle studies

$e^+e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p} @ J/\psi$ → 2 tracks, high energy loss

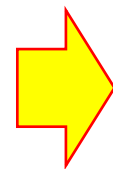
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-, J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ → 4 tracks, low and high p_T

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi^+\pi^-, \psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^- @ 4.612-4.946 \text{ GeV}$ → 6 tracks, low and high p_T

$e^+e^- \rightarrow h_c(2P)\pi^+\pi^-, h_c(2P) \rightarrow DD^*$ → 8 tracks, very low p_T

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda} @ \psi(2S)$ → displaced vertices

The following variables will be
studied and compared



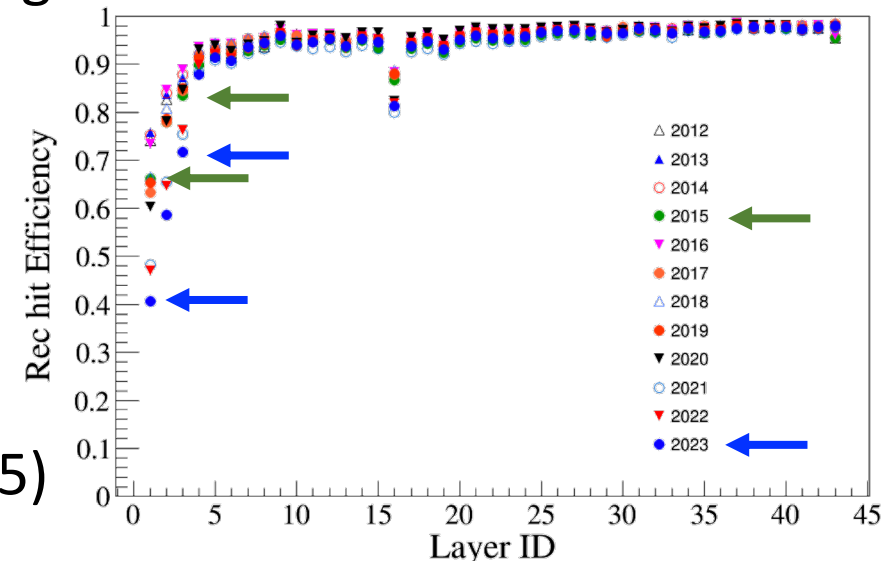
- reconstruction efficiency
- invariant mass resolution
- vertex resolution

CgemBoss665h for CGEM+ODC simulations

- Definitive CGEM geometry
- Toy MC clusters
($\epsilon=100\%$ and $\sigma=130\mu\text{m}$ per view)
- Realistic Global Tracking
 - ✓ Hough Transform from ~2020
 - ✓ Local track finding under development (not used here)
- NO Background

BOSS665p01 for MDC simulations

- Full MDC geometry
- Realistic Reconstruction
 - ✓ PAT + TSF + etc...
 - ✓ many years of tracking improvements
- NO Background

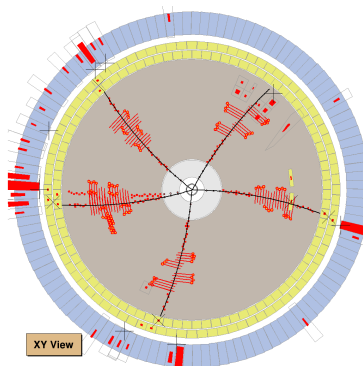


run number 43253 (2015) - Y(2175)

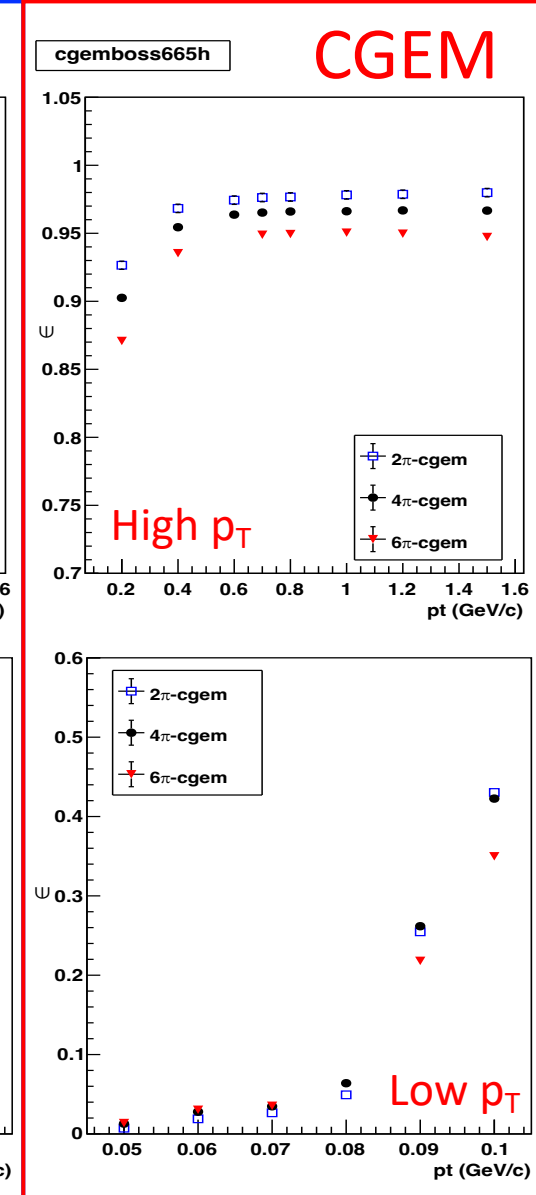
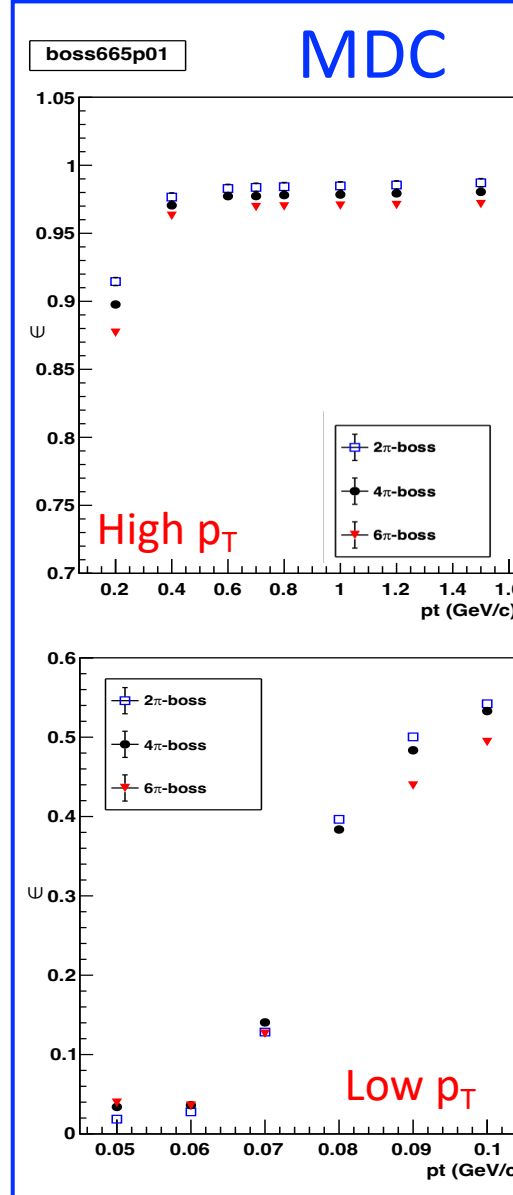
Goal → check how the performances vary increasing the number of particles in the event

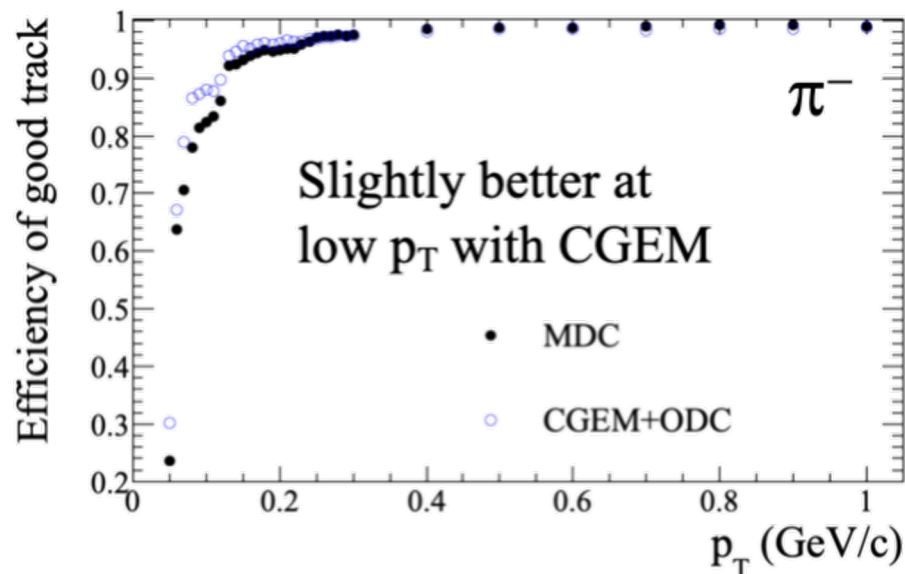
Generator

- π^- particle gun
- 2, 4, 6 particles per event
- Uniform $|\cos\theta| < 0.93$
- Uniform φ
- Fixed p_T [0,05 - 1,5] GeV/c



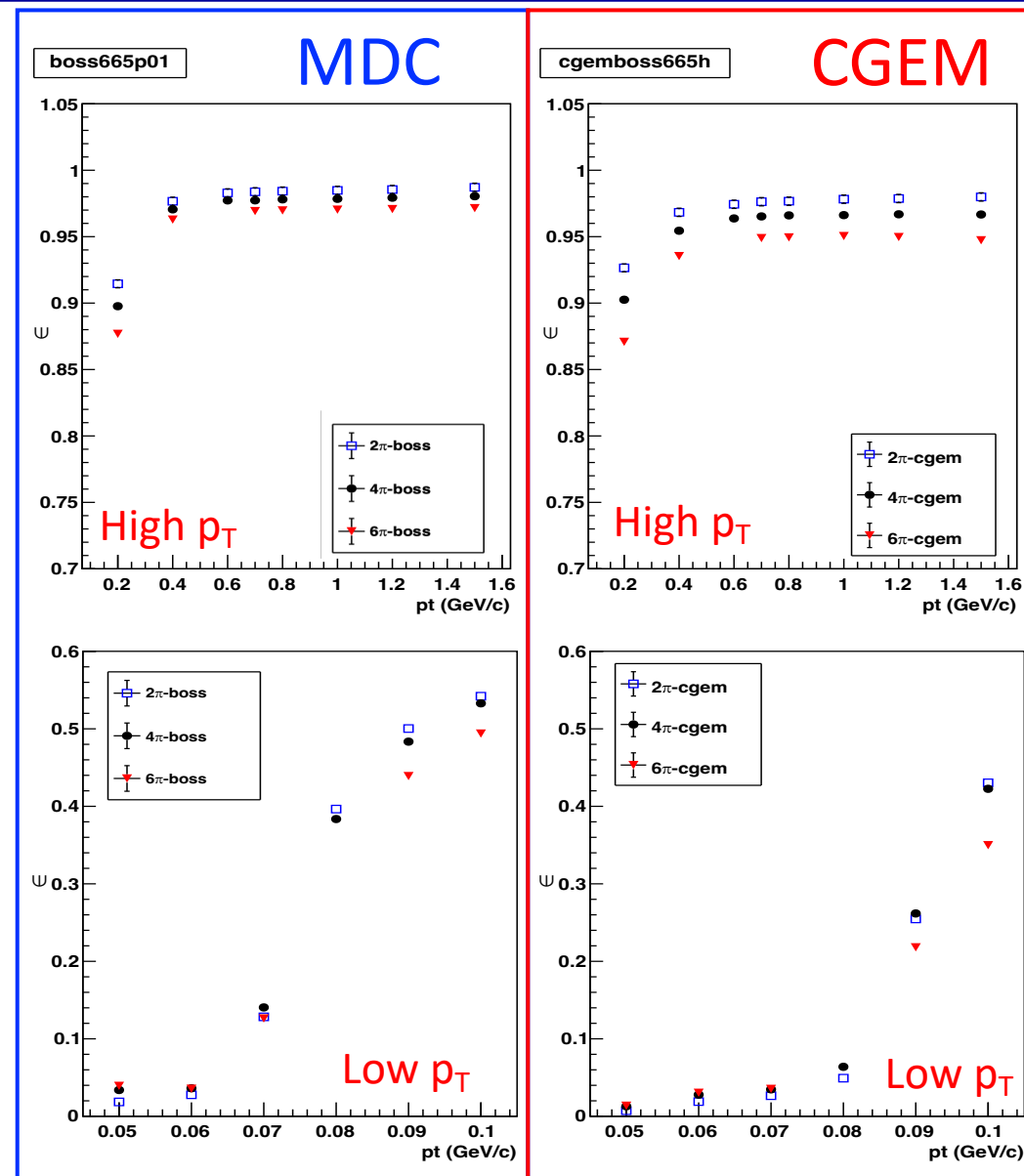
- By increasing the number of tracks, the single-track efficiency decreases for both MDC and CGEM
- The CGEM efficiency decreases more





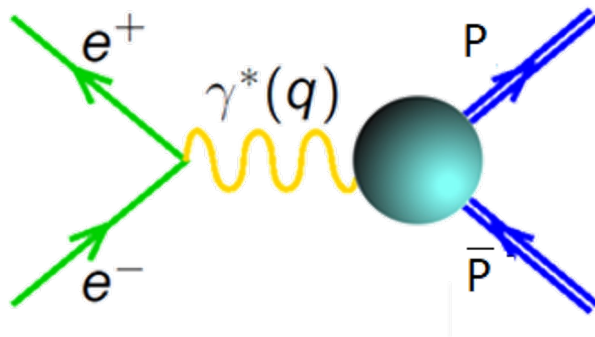
Not in agreement with single track studies for low p_T

It has to be better understood



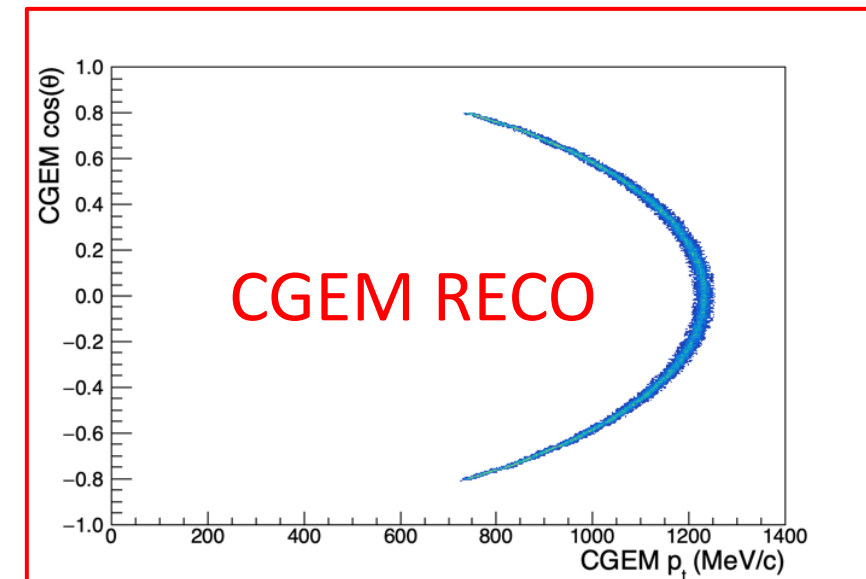
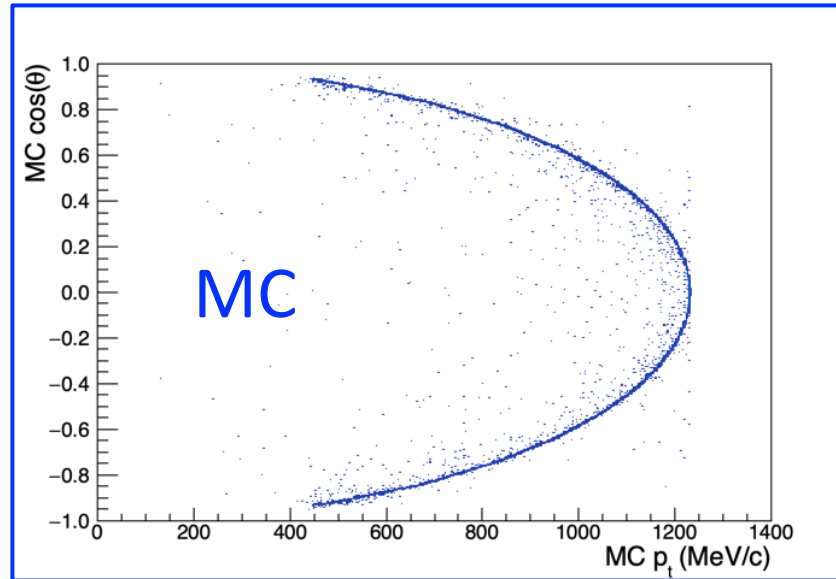
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p} (\gamma)$$

➤ Generator: KKMC + EVTGEN



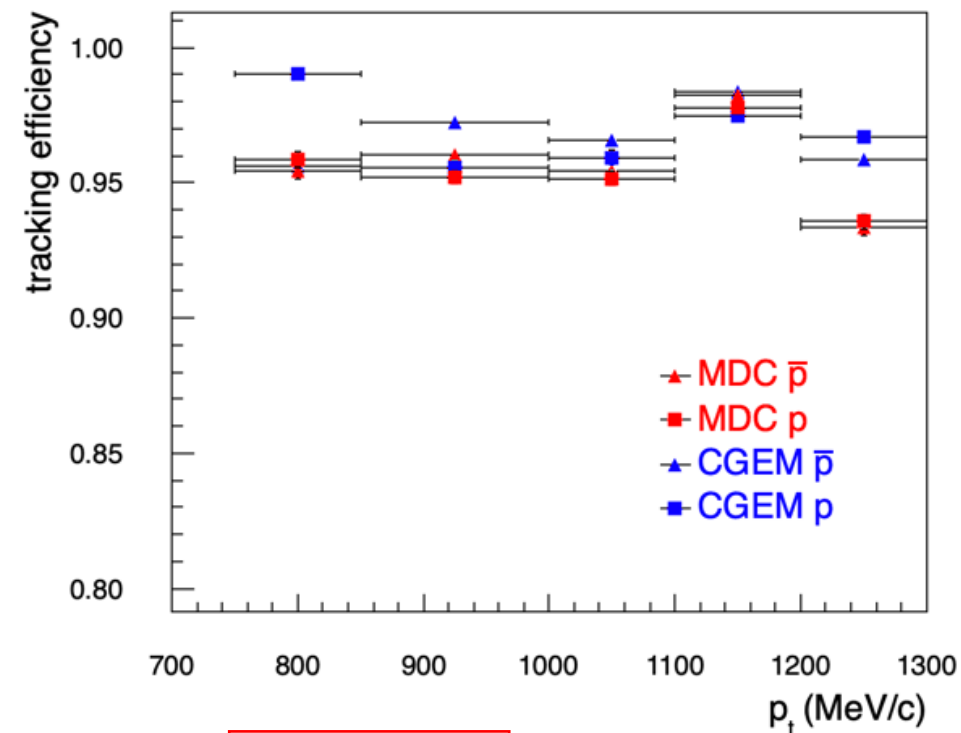
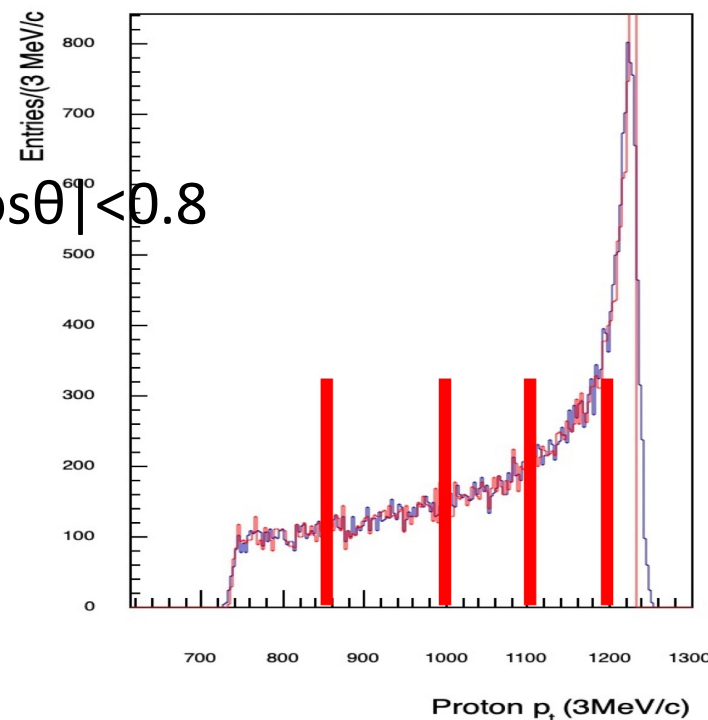
Simple topology

- Two high momentum tracks
- Back-to-back



Selections

- $R_{XY} < 1\text{cm}$, $R_Z < 10\text{ cm}$, $|\cos\theta| < 0.8$
- Opening angle $> 178^\circ$
- $E/p < 0.5$



	GOOD	theta	vtxok	opening	E/p (p)	P range (3σ)	pic	TOT EFF
CGEMBOSS	43958	36686	35030	33935	33903	32397		(64.8±0.2)%
BOSS	42455	35259	34645	33639	33611	32489		(65.0±0.2)%

Comparable reconstruction efficiency

Francesca De Mori

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-, J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

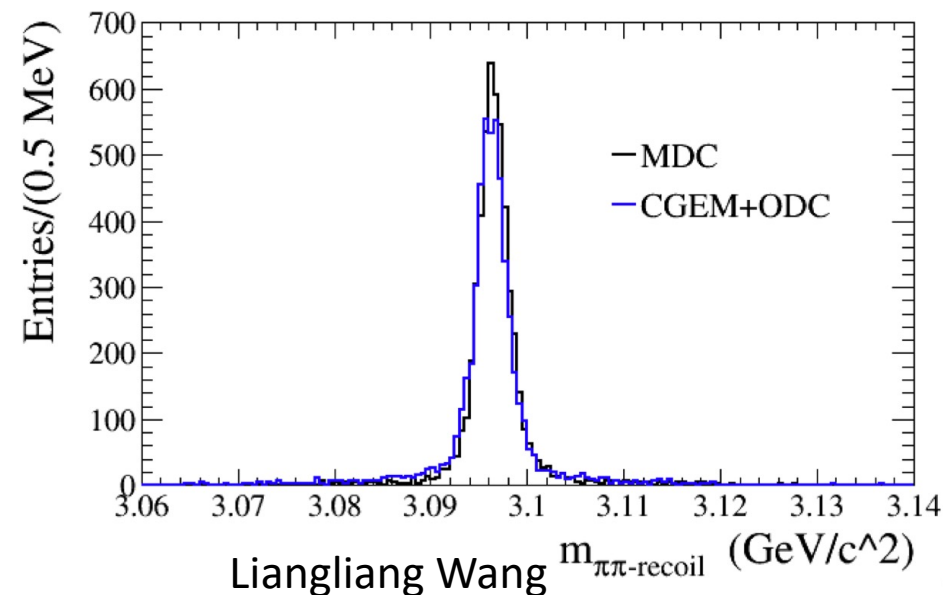
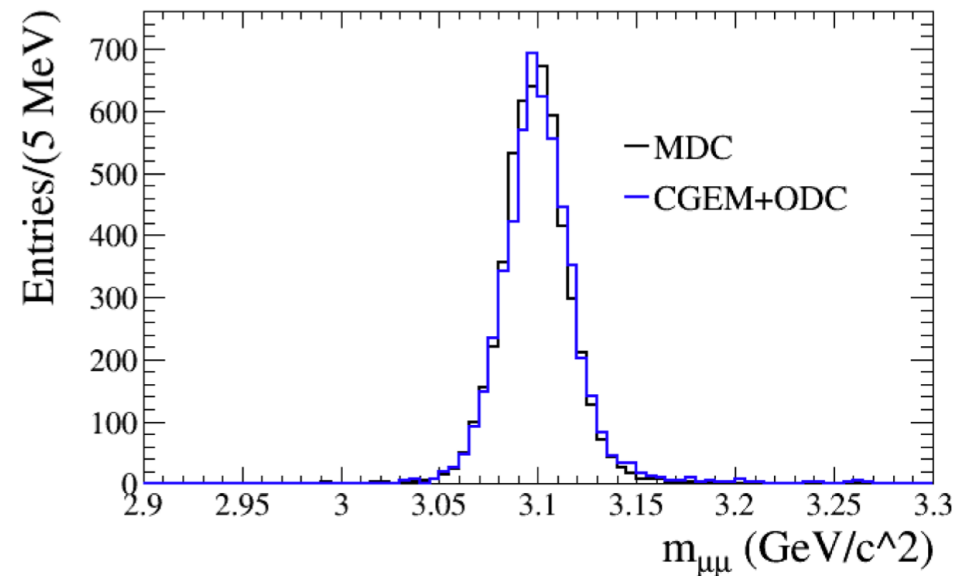
- **Four particles:** 2 low momentum, 2 high momentum

Selections

- $R_{XY} < 1$ cm, $R_Z < 10$ cm, $|\cos\theta| < 0.93$
- PID – π : $p < 0.8$ GeV/c, μ : $p > 0.8$ GeV/c
- Loose J/ψ mass cuts
- 4C Kinematic fit $\chi^2 < 60$

	MDC	CGEM+ODC
Efficiency	52.5% (PAT+TSF etc.)	44.1% (Hough Transform)

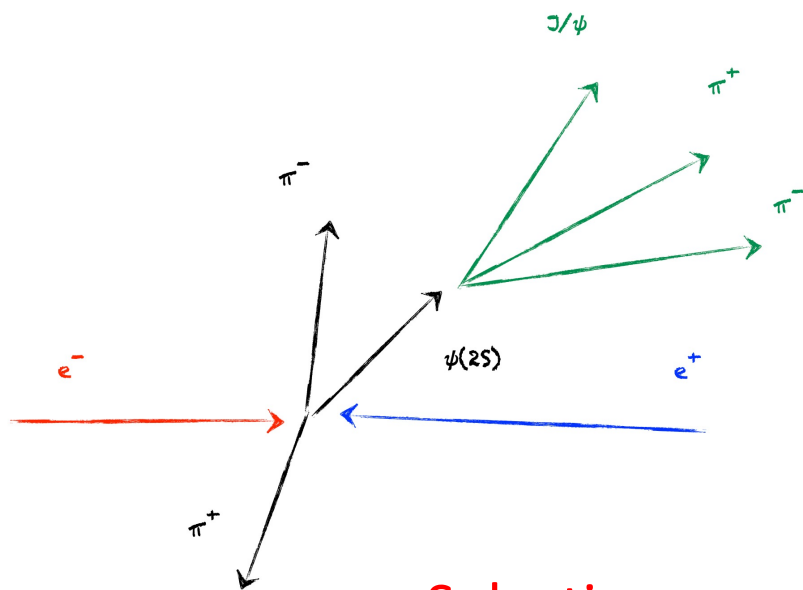
- **Comparable mass resolution**
- **Lower CGEM reconstruction efficiency**



Liangliang Wang $m_{\pi\pi\text{-recoil}}$ (GeV/c²)

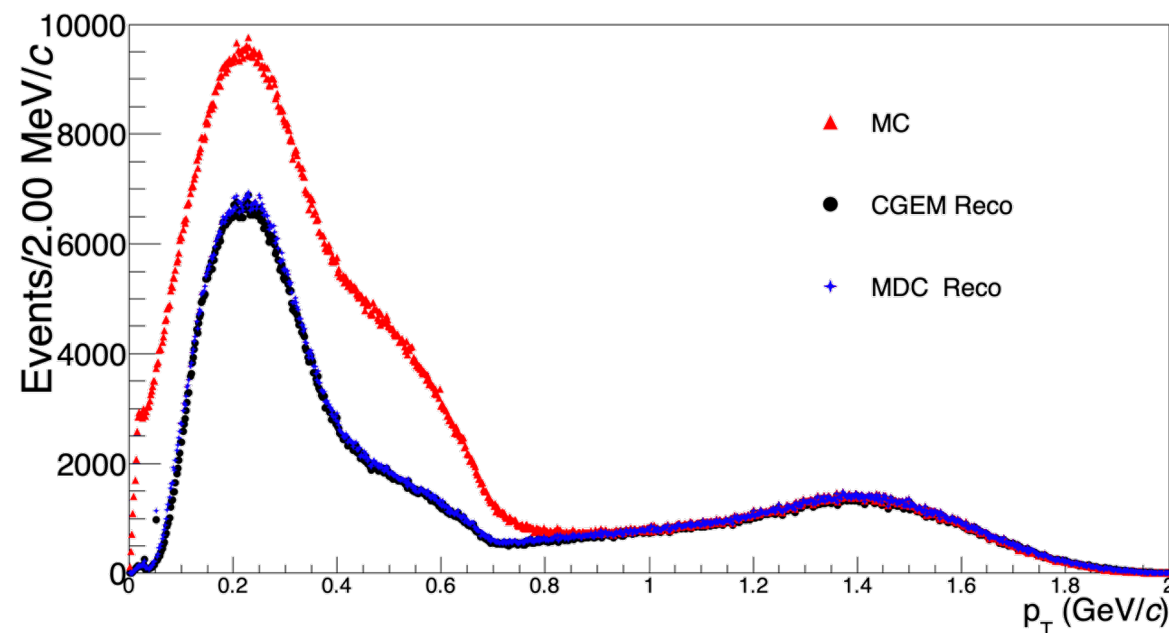
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$, $\psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$ @ 4.612-4.946 GeV

➤ Six particles, low and high momenta

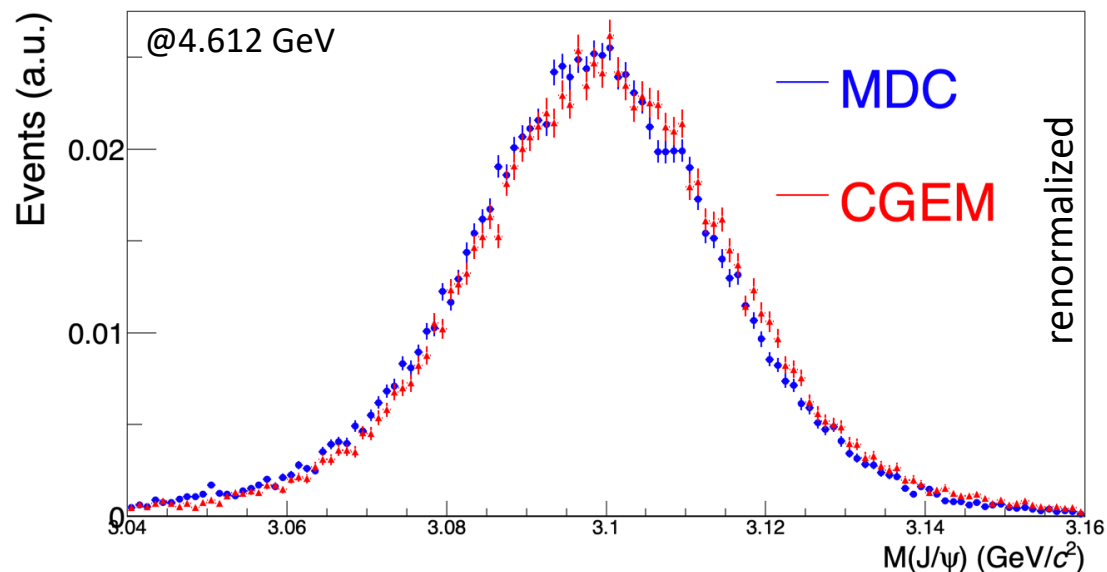
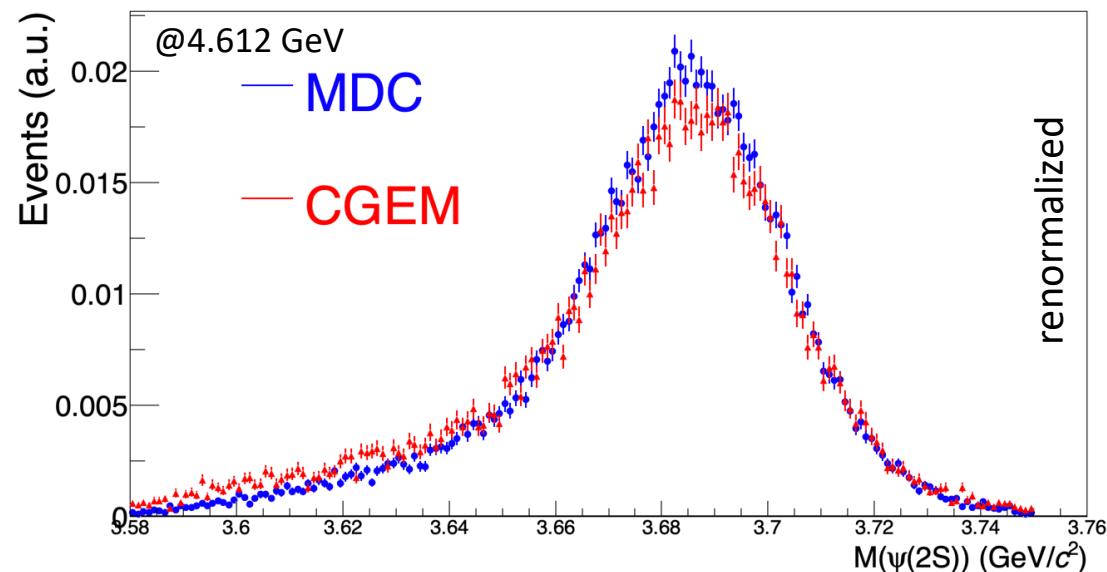
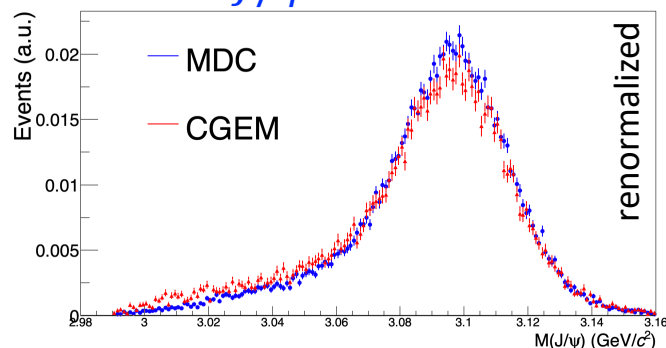


Selections

- $R_{XY} < 1 \text{ cm}$, $R_Z < 10 \text{ cm}$, $|\cos\theta| < 0.93$
- PID – π : $p < 0.85 \text{ GeV/c}$, e, μ : $p > 1 \text{ GeV/c}$, E/p
- 6C Kinematic fit



Marco Scodeggio

$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$  $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ 

$\sqrt{s} = 4.612 \text{ GeV}$	Resolution (CGEM) [MeV]	$\sqrt{s} = 4.612 \text{ GeV}$	Resolution (Boss) [MeV]
Muons (J/ψ)	17	Muons (J/ψ)	16
Electrons (J/ψ)	18	Electrons (J/ψ)	18
Muons ($\psi(2S)$)	17	Muons ($\psi(2S)$)	17
Electrons ($\psi(2S)$)	19	Electrons ($\psi(2S)$)	18
$\sqrt{s} = 4.946 \text{ GeV}$	Resolution (CGEM) [MeV]	$\sqrt{s} = 4.946 \text{ GeV}$	Resolution (Boss) [MeV]
Muons (J/ψ)	17	Muons (J/ψ)	16
Electrons (J/ψ)	17	Electrons (J/ψ)	16
Muons ($\psi(2S)$)	17	Muons ($\psi(2S)$)	17
Electrons ($\psi(2S)$)	19	Electrons ($\psi(2S)$)	18

Comparable invariant mass resolution

$\sqrt{s} = 4.612$ GeV	Subdivision	Events (MDC)	Events (MDC)	Efficiency [%]	$\sqrt{s} = 4.612$ GeV	Subdivision	Events (CGEM)	Events (CGEM)	Efficiency [%]
NTot		300000			NTot		300000		
NCutCh		245441		81,81	NCutCh		226623		75,54
NCutGoodCh		204497		68,17	NCutGoodCh		180740		60,25
	Electron		97035	64,69		Electron		83903	55,94
	Muon		107462	71,64		Muon		96837	64,56
NCut_6trks		91255		30,42	NCut_6trks		59425		19,81
	Electron		39015	26,01		Electron		24223	16,15
	Muon		52240	34,83		Muon		35202	23,47
NCut_Alltrks		140852		46,95	NCut_Alltrks		101275		33,76
	Electron		60505	40,34		Electron		41340	27,56
	Muon		80347	53,56		Muon		59935	39,96
$\sqrt{s} = 4.946$ GeV	Subdivision	Events (MDC)	Events (MDC)	Efficiency [%]	$\sqrt{s} = 4.946$ GeV	Subdivision	Events (CGEM)	Events (CGEM)	Efficiency [%]
NTot		300000			NTot		300000		
NCutCh		249799		83,27	NCutCh		231838		77,28
NCutGoodCh		204271		68,09	NCutGoodCh		182552		60,85
	Electron		97248	64,83		Electron		85215	56,81
	Muon		107023	71,35		Muon		97337	64,89
NCut_6trks		93651		31,22	NCut_6trks		63030		21,01
	Electron		40407	26,94		Electron		25687	17,12
	Muon		53244	35,50		Muon		37343	24,90
NCut_Alltrks		136153		45,38	NCut_Alltrks		99693		33,23
	Electron		58941	39,29		Electron		40850	27,23
	Muon		77212	51,47		Muon		58843	39,23

MDC

CGEM

Decrease in global event reconstruction efficiency ~10%
(corresponding to 5% single track CGEM efficiency less than MDC)

Marco Scodeggio

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c(2P) \text{ @ } 4.640\text{-}4.660 \text{ GeV}$$

$$h_c(2P) \rightarrow D^{*+}D^- + \text{c.c.}$$

$$D^- \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^- \text{ (9.4\%)}$$

very low p

$$D^{*+} \rightarrow \pi^+ D^0 \text{ (67.7\%)}$$

$$D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+ \text{ (3.9\%)} \text{ and } K^-\pi^+\pi^0 \text{ (14.4\%)}$$

➤ Eight particles

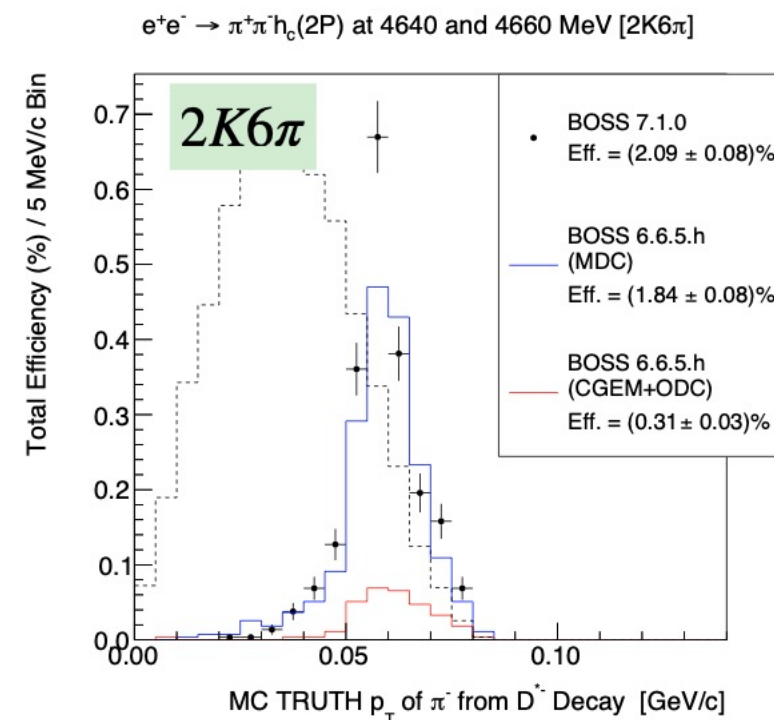
➤ Very low momentum pion

$$K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-\pi^- \text{ (2K6}\pi\text{) and}$$

Selections

➤ MM selections, or 4C/5C KF chi2 cuts

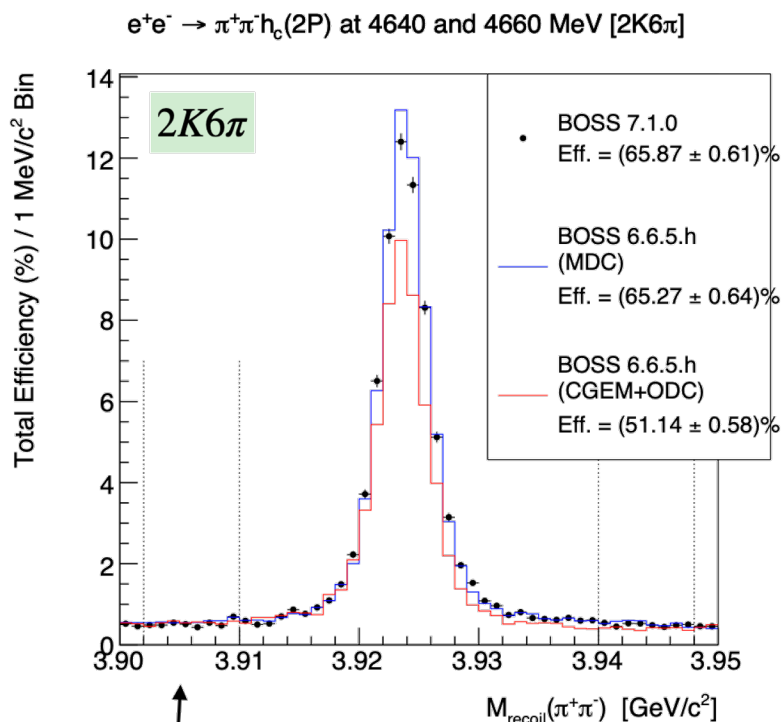
Plotting
MC Truth
Kinematics
for accepted
events



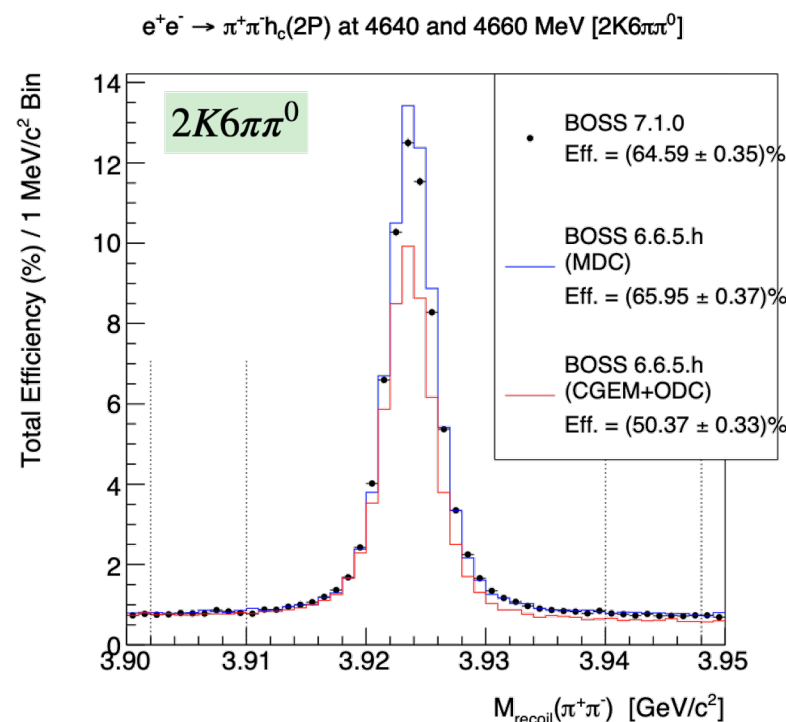
Ryan Mitchell

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c(2P)$$

$\pi^+\pi^-$ inclusive analysis
(to avoid the low momentum pion)



Subtract left and right sidebands when calculating efficiencies,
since combinatorial backgrounds are larger in the inclusive $\pi^+\pi^-$ case.



➤ Comparable invariant mass resolution

➤ ~15% lower CGEM reconstruction efficiency

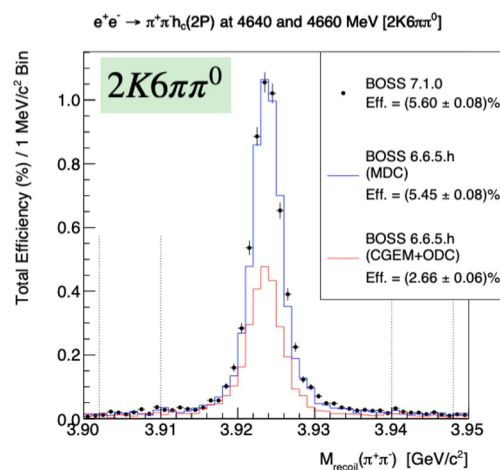
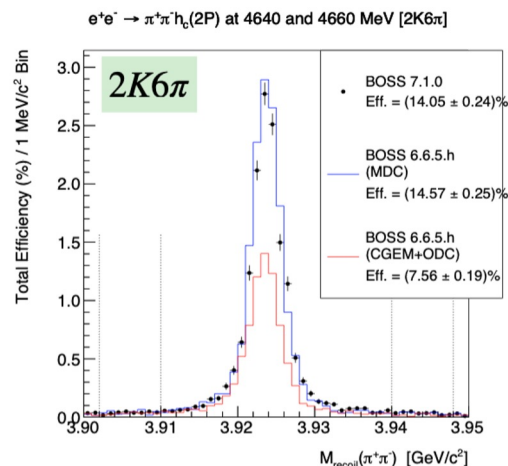
Tracking efficiency seems suffering
crowded events

Ryan Mitchell

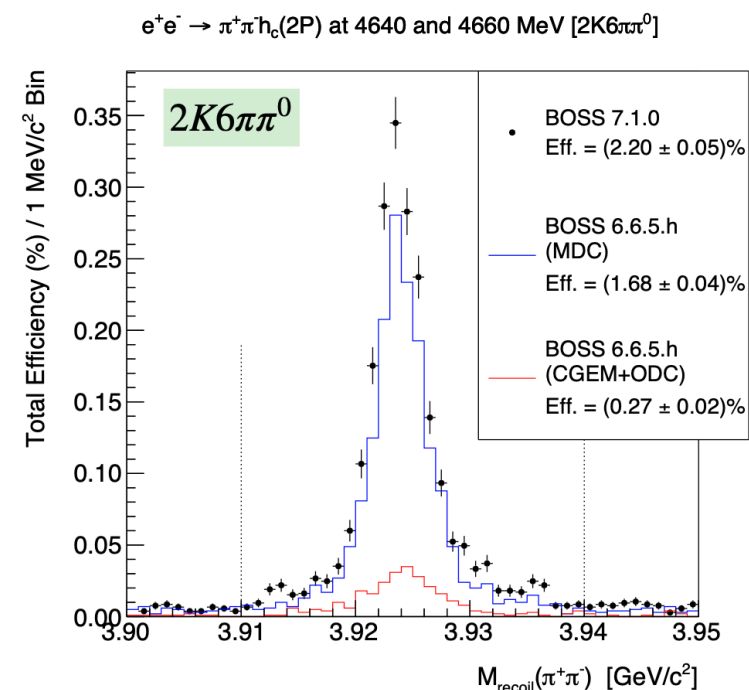
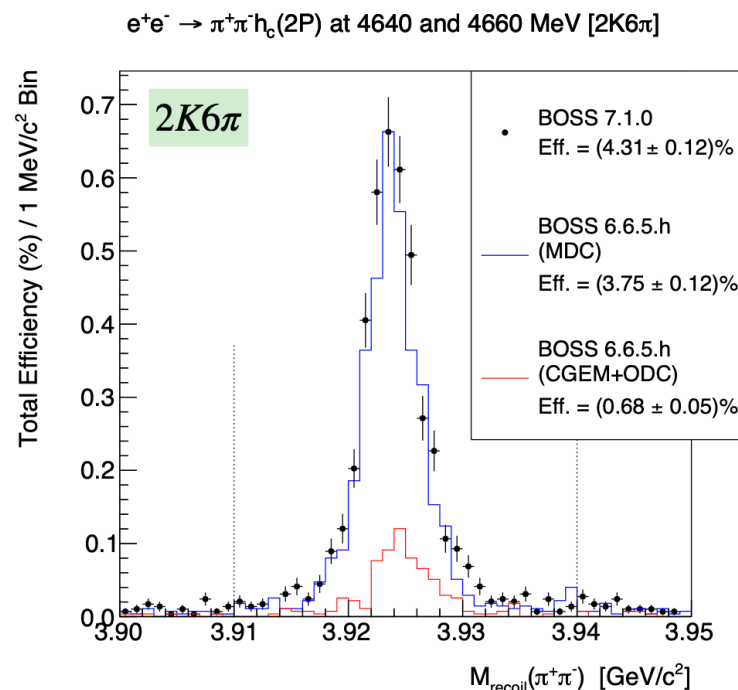
Miss the π^+

(cuts on D^-, D^0 , and D^{*+} (using recoil mass))

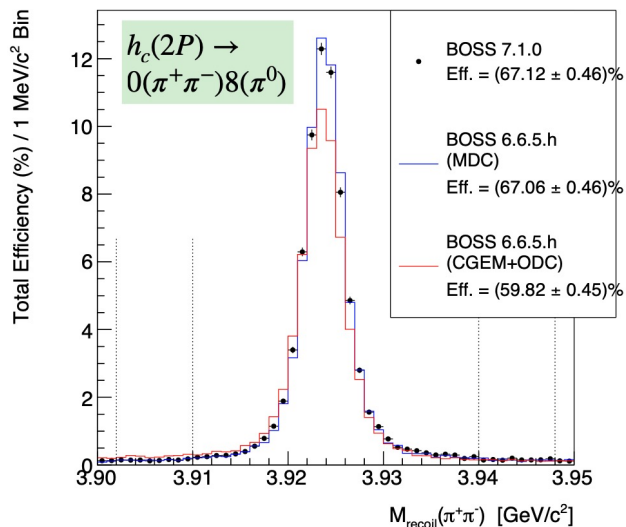
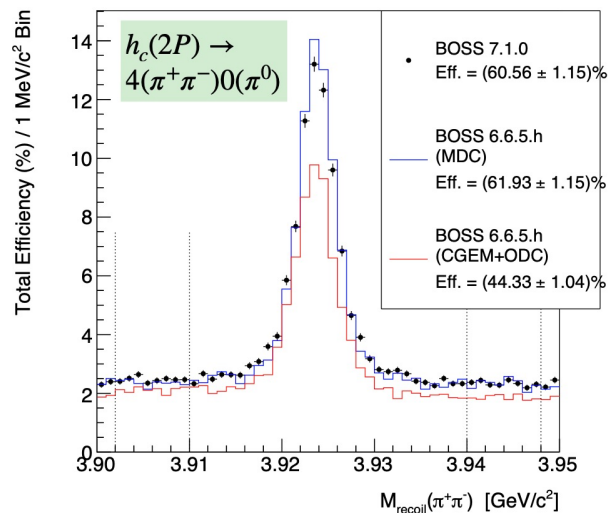
METHOD: Don't reconstruct the π^\pm from $D^* \rightarrow \pi D$



All eight particles combinations
(all the D and D^* mass cuts, 4C/5C Kinematic Fit)



Ryan Mitchell

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c(2P)$ at 4660 MeV [NTK0]

 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c(2P)$ at 4660 MeV [NTK8]


$$h_c(2P) \rightarrow N(\pi^+\pi^-)M(\pi^0) \quad [8\pi]$$

```

Particle chi_c2p 3.924 0.0001

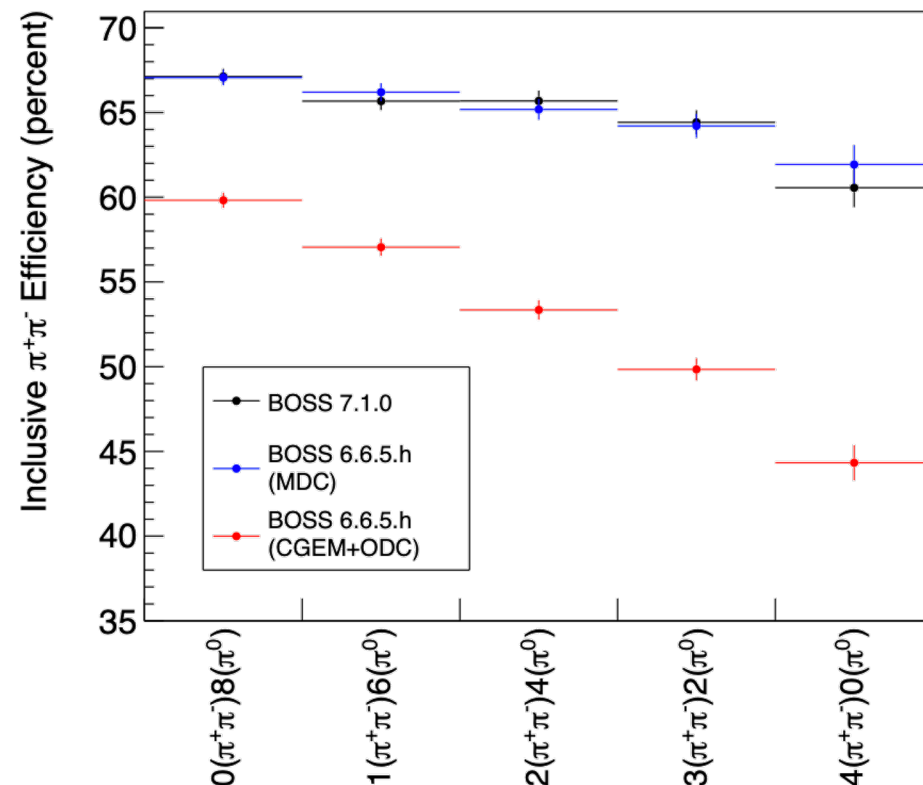
Decay psi(4260)
1.00 pi+ pi- chi_c2p PHSP;
Enddecay

Alias PIN pi0

Decay chi_c2p
1.0 PIN PIN PIN PIN PIN PIN PIN PHSP;
1.0 pi+ pi- PIN PIN PIN PIN PIN PHSP;
1.0 pi+ pi- pi+ pi- PIN PIN PIN PHSP;
1.0 pi+ pi- pi+ pi- pi+ pi- PIN PHSP;
1.0 pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0 PHSP;
1.0 pi+ pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0 PHSP;
1.0 pi+ pi- pi+ pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 PHSP;
1.0 pi+ pi- pi+ pi- pi+ pi- pi0 PHSP;
1.0 pi+ pi- pi+ pi- pi+ pi- pi+ pi- PHSP;
Enddecay

Decay PIN
1.0 nu_e anti-nu_e PHSP;
Enddecay

End
    
```

 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c(2P)$ at 4660 MeV

 $h_c(2P)$ Decay Mode

CGEM Tracking not optimized for multiple tracks events
 Efficiency decreases with increasing track multiplicity

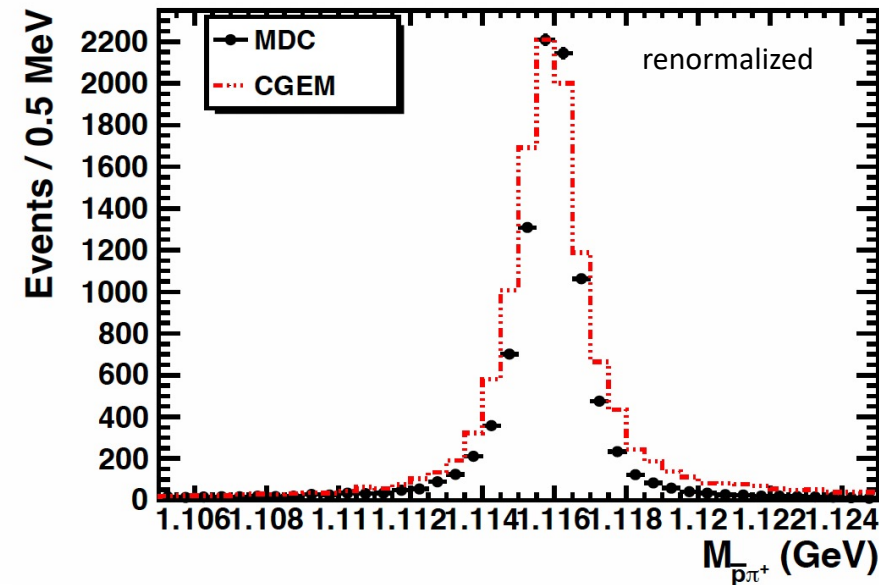
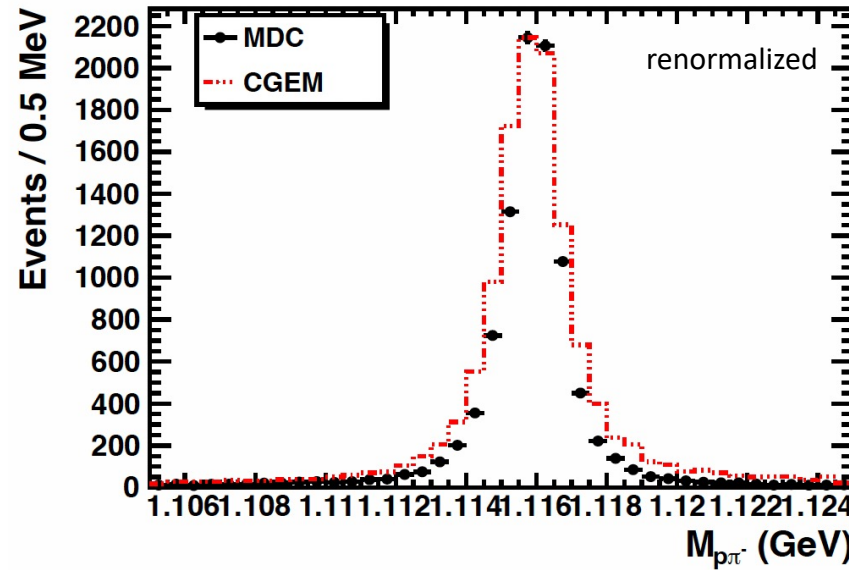
Ryan Mitchell

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda} @ \psi(2S)$$

- Four particles
- Displaced vertices

Selections

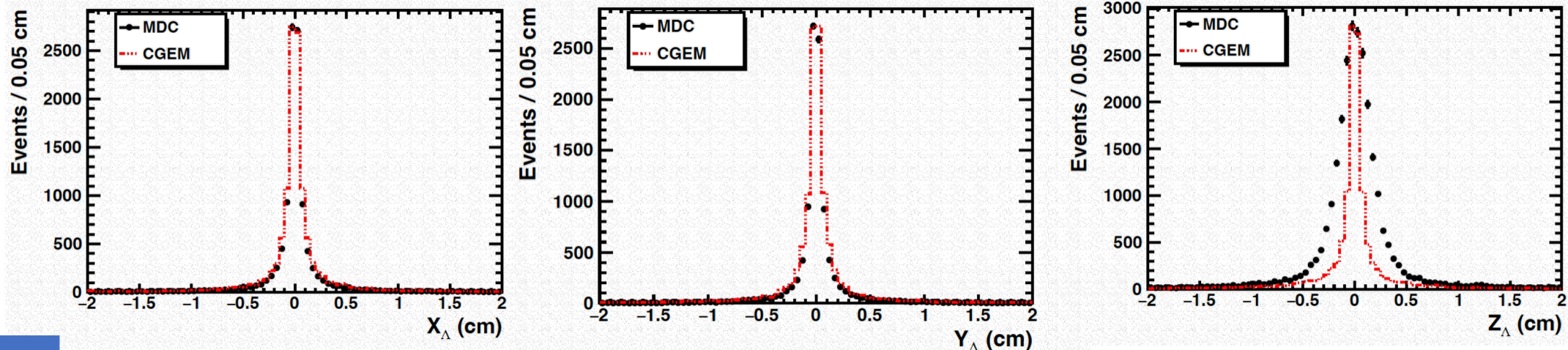
- $|\cos\theta| < 0.93$
- PID – π : $p < 0.6$ GeV/c,
 p : $p > 0.8$ GeV/c
- Secondary vertex fit
- 4C Kinematic Fit $\chi^2 < 200$



	Λ	$\bar{\Lambda}$
σ MDC	1.11 ± 0.02 MeV/c	1.09 ± 0.02 MeV/c
σ CGEM+ODC	1.41 ± 0.04 MeV/c	1.40 ± 0.04 MeV/c

Slightly worse mass resolution

Jianing Guo, Liang Yan



MDC

Sigma

 0.078 ± 0.002 cm

CGEM

Sigma

 0.086 ± 0.002 cm 0.076 ± 0.001 cm 0.085 ± 0.002 cm 0.257 ± 0.005 cm 0.084 ± 0.002 cm

	CGEM		MDC	
Total number	50000	100.00%	50000	100.00%
Good charged track	24341	48.68%	33478	66.96%
pppipi num	20597	84.62%	30680	91.64%
Lambda	18870	91.62%	29702	96.81%
Lambdabar	17204	91.17%	28686	96.58%
LL candidates	17204	100.00%	28686	100.00%
Kinematic Fit	13237	76.94%	25978	90.56%
Total Efficiency	-	26.47%	-	51.96%

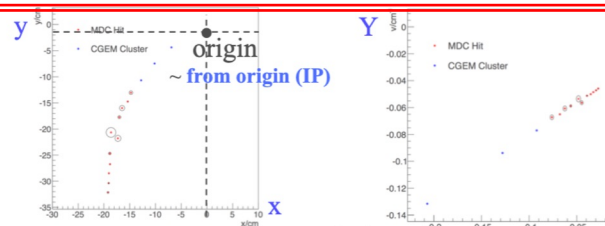
- Much better Z resolution
- Slightly worse XY resolution
- Lower reconstruction BUT Hough not efficient for displaced vertices

(local track finding under development)

Jianing Guo, Liang Yan

Circle finding with Hough transform

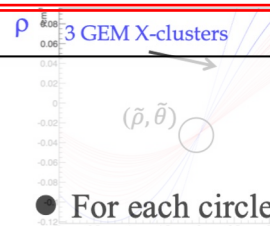
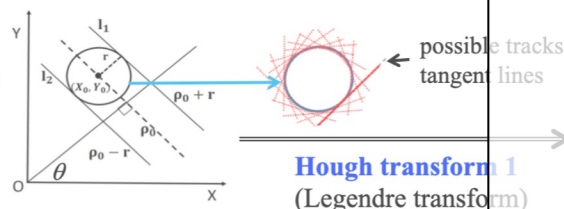
- Circle finding with **all X-view hits**
- Use 2D histogram to find peaks in parameter space (number of bins optimized with single μ^-)
- Get track parameters from peak position : $(\tilde{\rho}, \tilde{\theta}) \Leftrightarrow (\varphi_0, \kappa)$
- Associate X-view hits to the track candidate (selection criteria studied with single μ^-)



circle pattern (real space) $\xrightarrow{\text{conformal transform}}$ line pattern (image space)

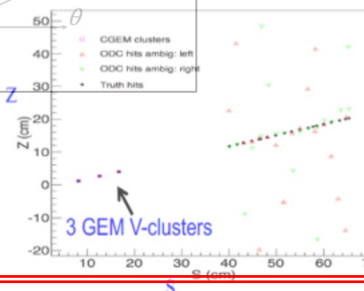
$X = 2x/(x^2+y^2)$
 $Y = 2y/(x^2+y^2)$

- One detail: Hough transform of the drift circles of ODC hits can be recognized as the Legendre transform for circles

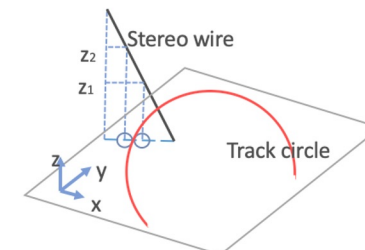


- For each circle candidate, the intersected V-view hits can be represented in a **s-z** plane
- **z** coordinate can be calculated by tangency between drift circle and track circle in x-y plane
- **s** is trajectory length in the transverse plane

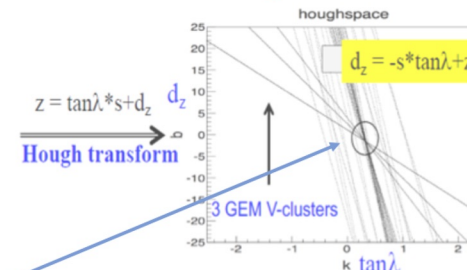
- V-view hits belong to the same track are co-linear in **s-z** plane (image space)



V-view hits association

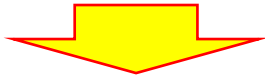


- Use **Hough transform** to convert **(s, z)** pairs into lines in **d_z-tan lambda** plane (parameter space)



Overlapping tracks let the finding fail
We need to be more selective

- The cell with the maximum votes (peak) => parameters **d_z, tan lambda** (number of bins optimized with single μ^-)
- Associate V-view hits layer by layer (selection criteria studied with single μ^-)

- The CGEM+ODC tracking code is ready for physics analysis
from the software point of view
- Momentum and invariant mass resolution comparable to MDC tracking
- Vertexing along Z much better for CGEM, XY almost comparable
- CGEM+ODC tracking suffers in many-tracks events,
efficiency becomes worse increasing the number of tracks in the event

Optimizing tracking parameters for many-tracks events
Test and validate the local track finding (displaced vertices, many-tracks...)

Is the dramatic efficiency drop connected to soft pions?

It seems not, from a preliminary investigation on numbers. We need to check with MonteCarlo truth, soft pion efficiency for high multiplicity events

Is it connected to higher material budget?

No, in case we should see this effect also in single track events

Worse resolution with $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$

Bremsstrahlung is higher, but algorithms can be developed to recover (Panda,B2)

Check the maximum efficiency with ideal tracking

Good idea, we had not time, let's see in December

We will have higher energies, higher track multiplicities, higher background, more displaced vertices. We need additional benchmark channels with heavy baryons
Good idea, please give us the manpower to analyze such channels (ask physics coordinators)

Do we have a strategy to recover for the efficiency loss?

Now we know what is going wrong, we have several ideas on what to improve, in December we will show our path towards the solution

Time schedule 2023-2024

year	2023		2024								
	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.
New cosmic-ray based study		New cosmic-ray analysis (1-2 persons)									
		Calibration (Riccardo)									
		CGEM Alignment (Aiqiang)									
		Digitization tuning (1 person)									
Global alignment of CGEM+ODC	Test with simulated events (Linghui Wu and Han Miao)										
Track reconstruction	Implementation of the local track finding with CA (L.L. Wang)				Optimization of CA (L.L. Wang)						
	Benchmark channels check based on HT (several colleagues, see Stefano's talk)				Benchmark channel check based on CA						
Codes merging						Merge CGEMBOSS into the latest BOSS (Linghui Wu & L.L. Wang)					

Friday, 1st December 2023



LIVE

Stay
TUNED