

# Neutrino mass sensitivity with the Ptolemy demonstrator: approach 1

Angelo Nucciotti

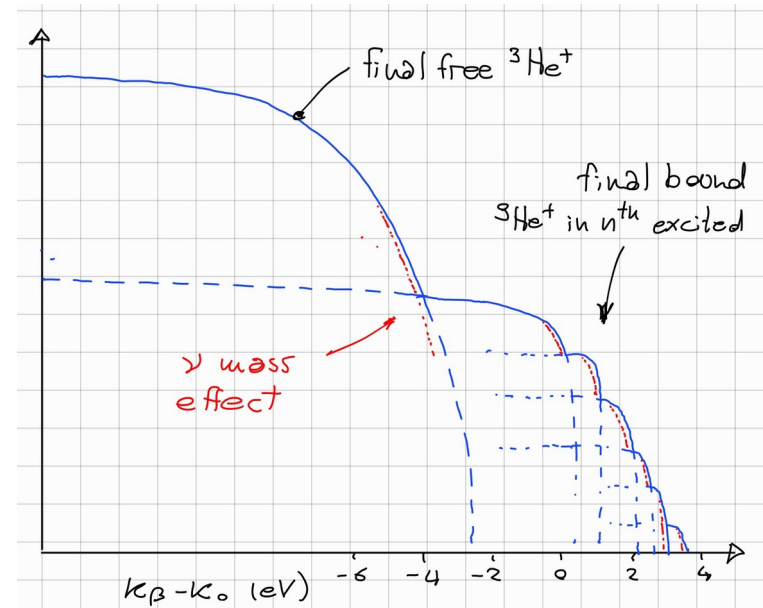
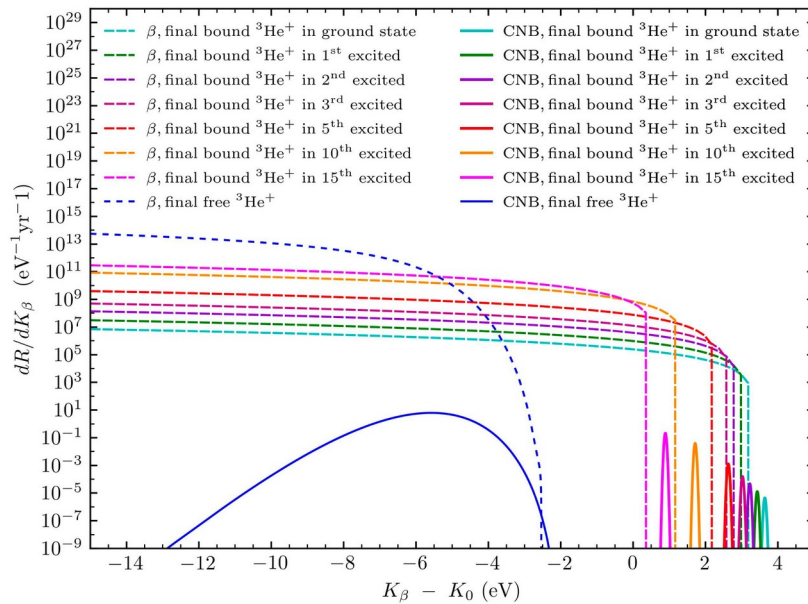
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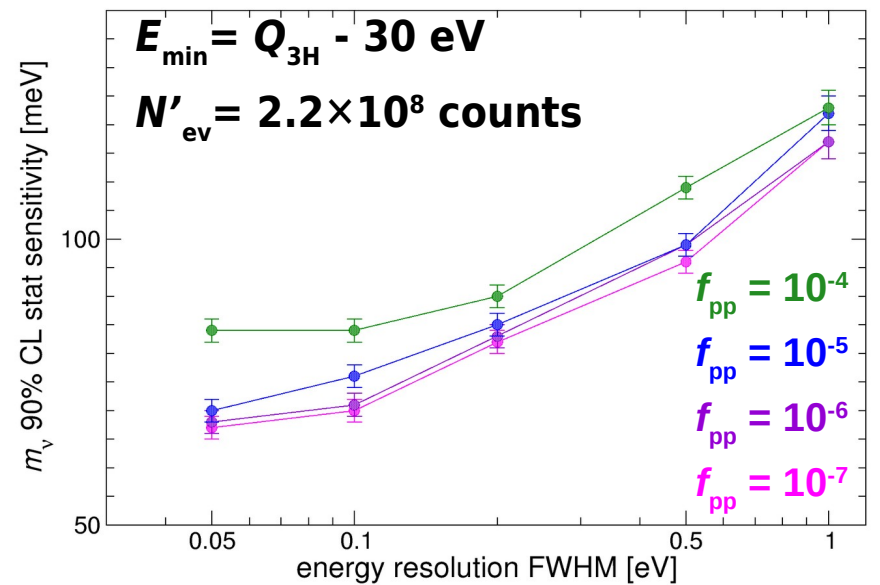
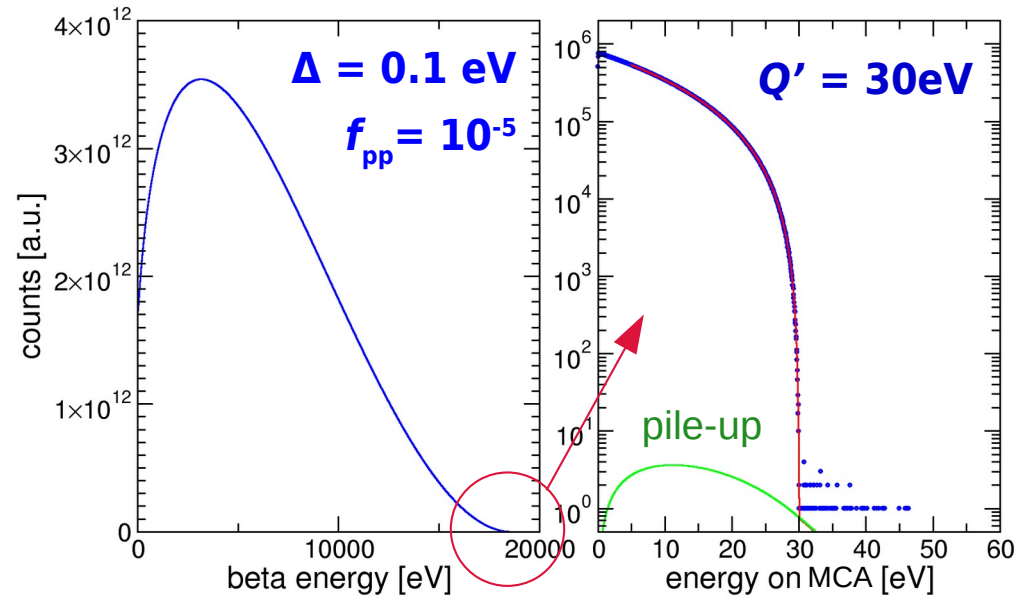


PTOLEMY meeting, Princeton 6-8 November 2023

- sensitivity estimate for “bare” Tritium spectrum (i.e. in vacuum decay)
- effect on sensitivity of Heisenberg ZPF in the initial state for free  ${}^3\text{He}^+$  decay
- **TODO:** sensitivity from analysis of end-points of bound  ${}^3\text{He}^+$  decays



# PTOLEMY demonstrator neutrino mass statistical sensitivity / 1



Simulated tritium spectrum in PTOLEMY demonstrator for

- **1 μg** of  $^3\text{H}$  ( $\approx 50 \text{ cm}^2$  at 100% graphene loading)  $\rightarrow A_{3\text{H}} = 370 \text{ MBq}$
- 3 year measurement ( $t_M$ )
- EMF selection:  $E_{\text{min}} = q_e (V_{3\text{H}} - V_{\text{TES}}) \rightarrow Q' = Q_{3\text{H}} - E_{\text{min}}$
- rate on TES microcal array (MCA)  $A' \approx 3A_{3\text{H}} (Q'/Q_{3\text{H}})^{3/2}$
- pile-up probability  $f_{\text{pp}} = A' \tau_R / n_{\text{pix}}$  (TES  $\tau_R$  time resolution)
- for  $Q' = 30 \text{ eV} \rightarrow A' = 2.3 \text{ c/s} \rightarrow f_{\text{pp}} = 10^{-5}$  for  $n_{\text{pix}} = 1$  and  $\tau_R = 1 \mu\text{s}$

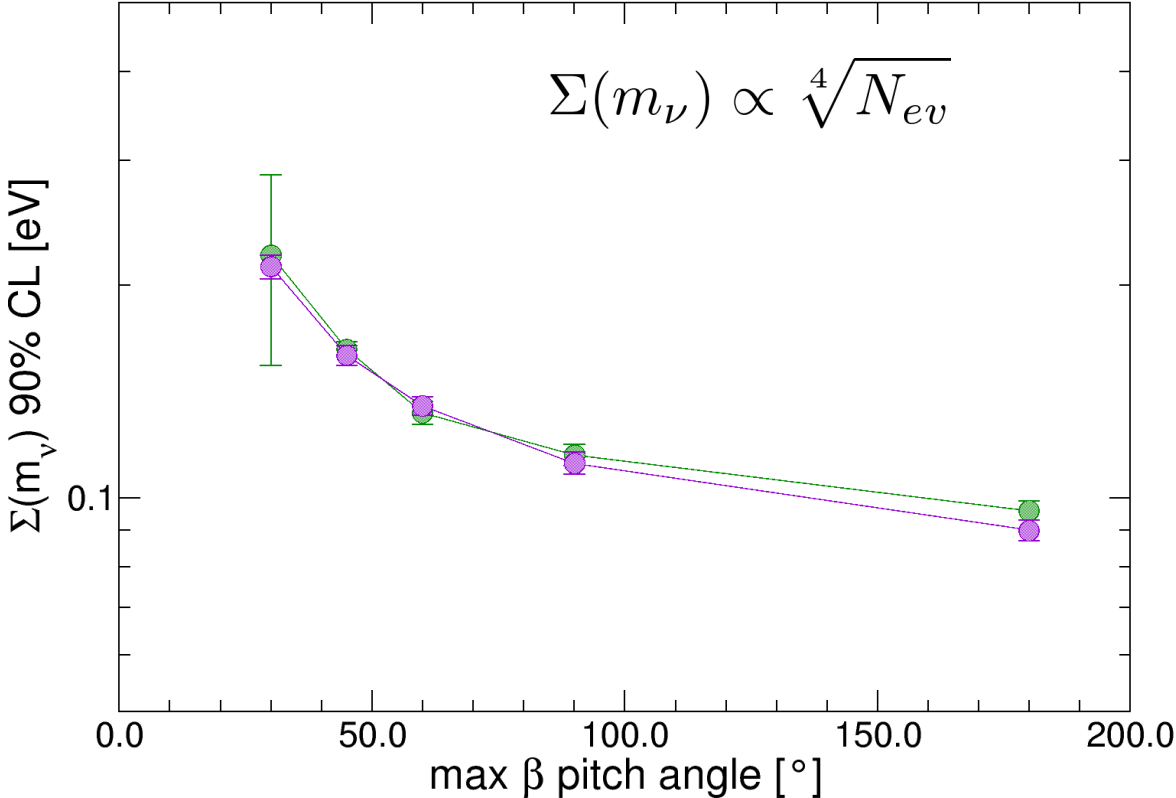
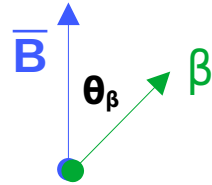
PTOLEMY demonstrator statistical sensitivity estimated by frequentist approach

- $N'_{\text{ev}} = \eta A' t_M$
- pitch angle acceptance  $\eta = 1$  (i.e.  $0 < \theta_\beta \leq 180^\circ$ )
- no background

# PTOLEMY demonstrator neutrino mass statistical sensitivity / 2

PTOLEMY demonstrator statistical sensitivity estimated by frequentist approach

- pitch angle acceptance  $\eta$  for  $\theta_\beta = 30^\circ, 45^\circ, 60^\circ, 90^\circ, 180^\circ$
- geometrical TES efficiency (coverage): 0.5
- $N'_{ev} = 0.5 \eta A' t_M$
- $f_{pp} = 0.5 \eta A' \tau_R / n_{pix}$
- $\Delta E_{FWHM} = 0.1 \text{ eV}$



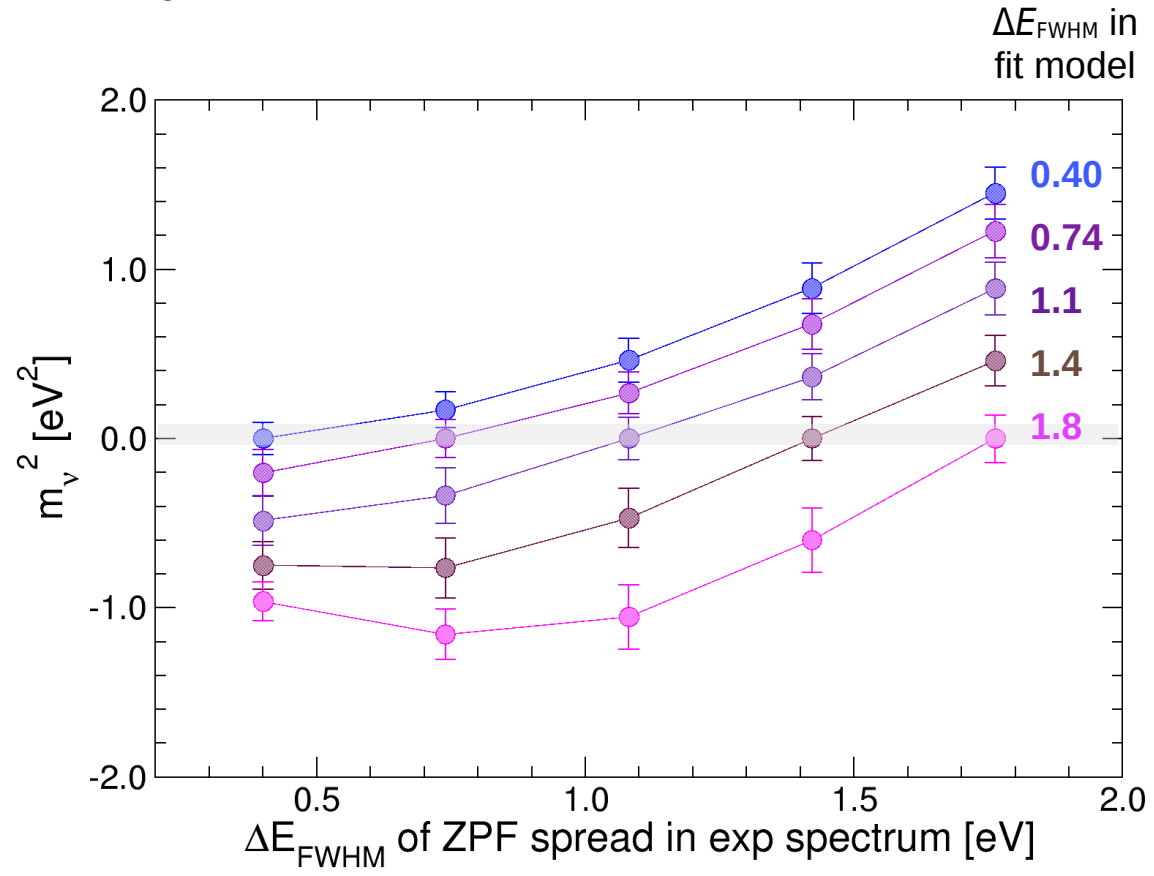
# PTOLEMY demonstrator neutrino mass systematic effects / 1

Systematic uncertainty because of unknown Heisenberg ZPF broadening

- ZPF broadening with  $0.17 \text{ eV} \leq \Delta E \leq 0.75 \text{ eV}$  (5 values in the interval)
- ZPF broadening in “experimental spectra” vs. broadening in fit “model”
- perfectly known TES resolution  $\Delta E_{FWHM}=0.1\text{eV}$
- pitch angle acceptance  $\eta=1$

Potential	Source	$\kappa$ , [eV/Å <sup>2</sup> ]	$\lambda$ , [Å]	$\Delta E$ , [eV]
Chemisorption	[23]	2.15	0.16	0.60
	[21], GGA	4.62	0.13	0.73
	[21], vdW-DF	4.9	0.13	0.75
Physisorption	[24]	0.08	0.37	0.26
	[23]	0.09	0.34	0.28
	[21], GGA	0.18	0.29	0.33
	[21], vdW-DF	0.13	0.32	0.3
	[22], GGA	0.04	0.43	0.22
	[22], LDA	0.01	0.55	0.17
Migration	[26]	0.283	0.264	0.37

<https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.104.116004>



# PTOLEMY demonstrator neutrino mass systematic effects / 1

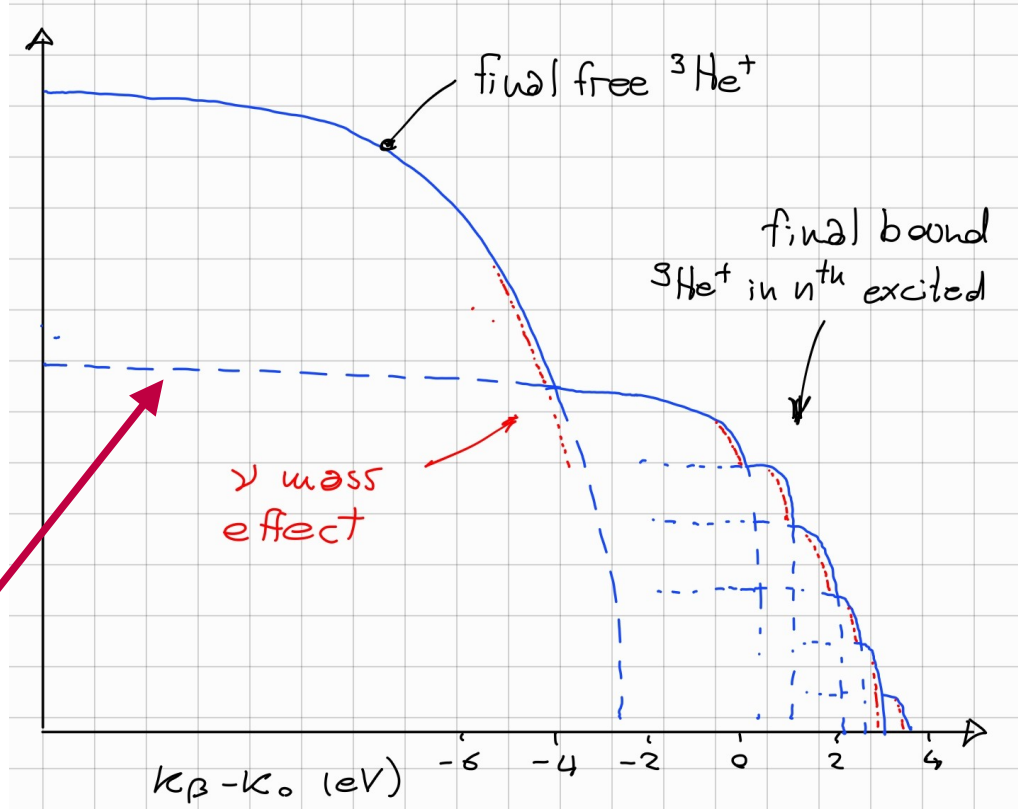
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background due to bound state decays not included!



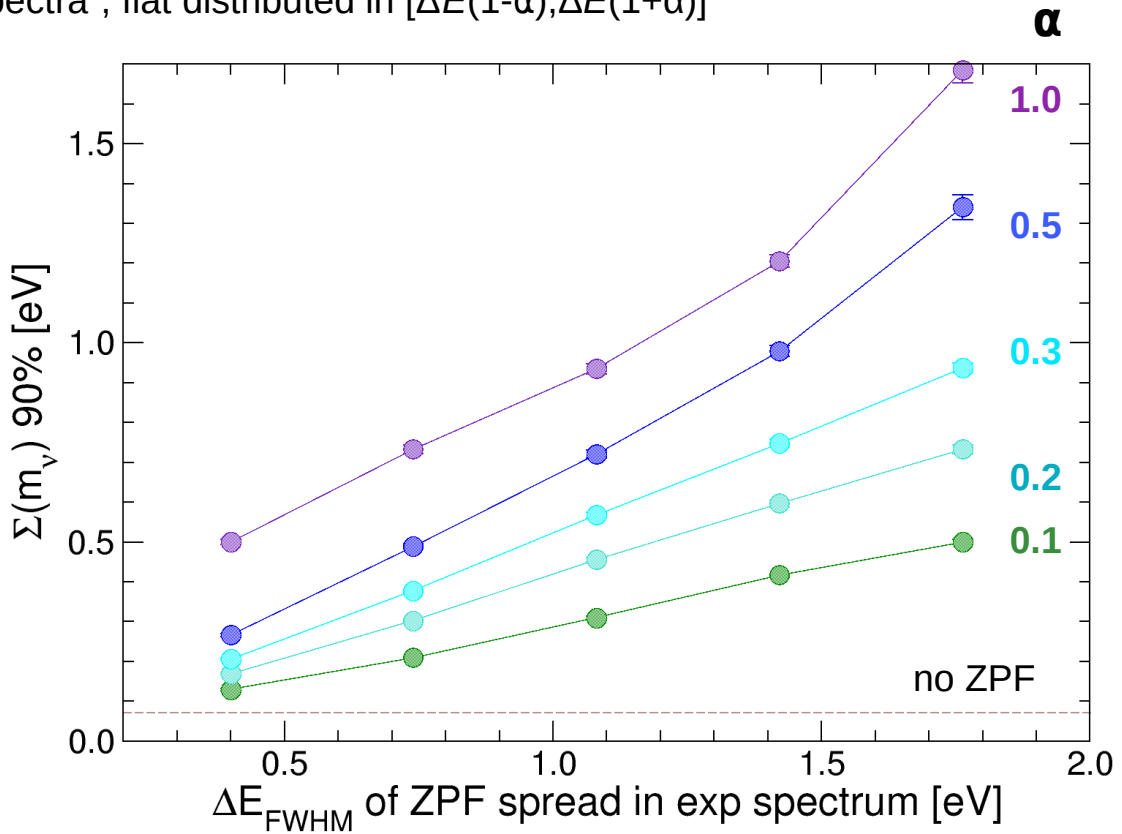
# PTOLEMY demonstrator neutrino mass systematic effects / 2

Systematic uncertainty because of unknown Heisenberg ZPF broadening

- ZPF broadening with  $0.17 \text{ eV} \leq \Delta E \leq 0.75 \text{ eV}$  (5 values in the interval)
- **complete ignorance**
  - uncertain ZPF broadening in “experimental spectra”, flat distributed in  $[\Delta E(1-\alpha), \Delta E(1+\alpha)]$
  - fit “model” with only TES resolution
- perfectly known TES resolution  $\Delta E_{\text{FWHM}}=0.1\text{eV}$
- pitch angle acceptance  $\eta=1$

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# PTOLEMY demonstrator neutrino mass systematic effects / 3

- **Sensitivity estimates Including initial and final states**

- Use complete composite spectrum with neutrino mass affecting all spectra end-points
- Inputs for simulation:
  - ZPF broadening in final free  ${}^3\text{He}^+$  decay **known** from theory
    - Residual theoretical uncertainties  $\rightarrow$  systematic uncertainties
  - **known** branching ratios between free and bound  ${}^3\text{He}^+$  decays
  - **known** end-points for final free and bound  ${}^3\text{He}^+$  decays

- Expected consequences

- ZPF  $\Delta E \approx 1$  eV would limit statistical sensitivity
- Background from higher end-point spectra would limit statistical sensitivity
- Decay on final bound  ${}^3\text{He}^+$  in 1<sup>st</sup> excited has too low rate at end-point

