

# Attività di fisica Detector a 10 TeV **Full simulation**

Chiara Aimè, Nazar Bartosik, Massimo Casarsa, Lorenzo Sestini Meeting coi referee di RD\_MUCOL 4 settembre 2023

### Full simulation – Detector @ 3 TeV

- o Initially based on CLIC detector
- Design optimised for suppressing the 1.5 TeV BIB
- Used also for 3 TeV studies with **full simulation**

Superconducting solenoid (3.57 T)

Silicon tracker

Electromagnetic calorimeter 40 layers of tungsten + silicon pads

#### Hadronic calorimeter

60 layers of steel absorber + plastic scintillating tiles

Muon system Resistive Plate Chambers interleaved with the iron yoke

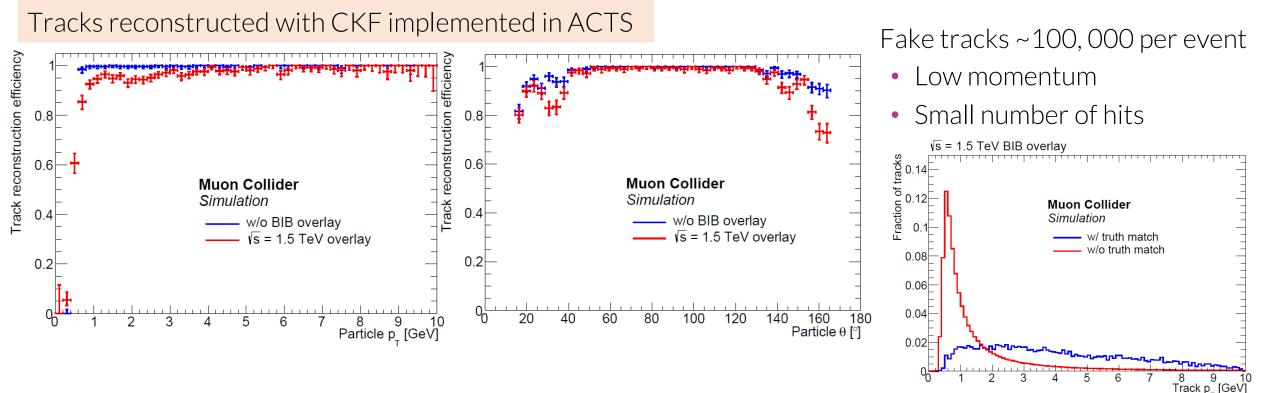
Nozzle tungsten with a borated polyethylene

Talk Lorenzo Sestini @ EPS-HEP23 https://indico.desy.de/event/34916/contributions/147113/

### **Physics objects reconstruction**

#### Challenging events reconstruction with BIB

- $\triangleright$  Reduced efficiency in the forward region and at low  $p_T$  for <u>tracking</u>, jets, photon, electron, muons
- > Fake tracks, fake jets and fake secondary vertices
- No-optimal energy resolution



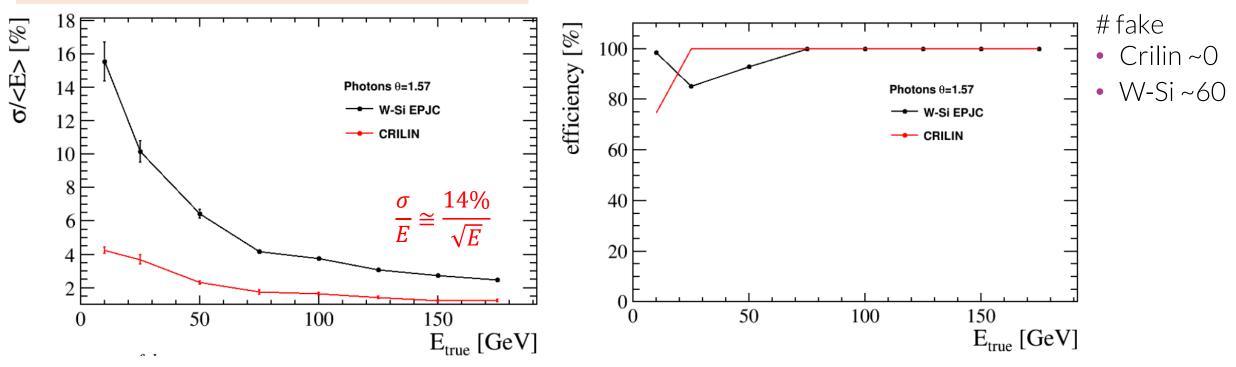
Talk Chiara Aimè a IMCC 2023 https://indico.cern.ch/event/1250075/contributions/5349959/

### **Physics objects reconstruction**

#### Challenging events reconstruction with BIB

> Reduced efficiency in the forward region and at low p<sub>T</sub> for tracking, jets, <u>photon</u>, electron, muons

#### Photons reconstructed with Crilin detector



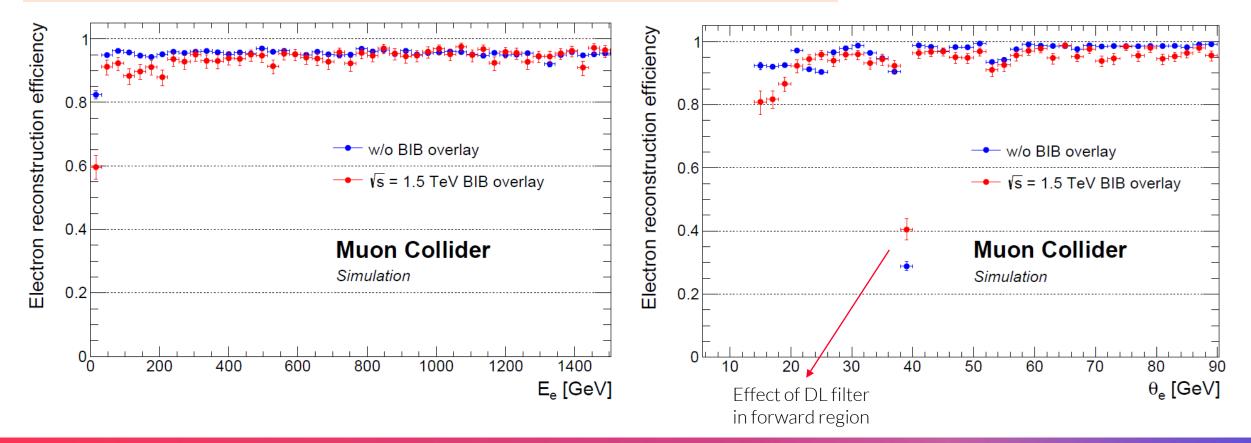
Talk Lorenzo Sestini @Detector Performance and MDI meeting <a href="https://indico.cern.ch/event/1274190/contributions/5351484/">https://indico.cern.ch/event/1274190/contributions/5351484/</a>

### **Physics objects reconstruction**

#### Challenging events reconstruction with BIB

 $\succ$  Reduced efficiency in the forward region and at low  $p_T$  for tracking, jets, photon, <u>electron</u>, muons

Electrons reconstructed  $\Delta R$  [cluster (E>5 MeV) & track (CT+DL)]<0.1



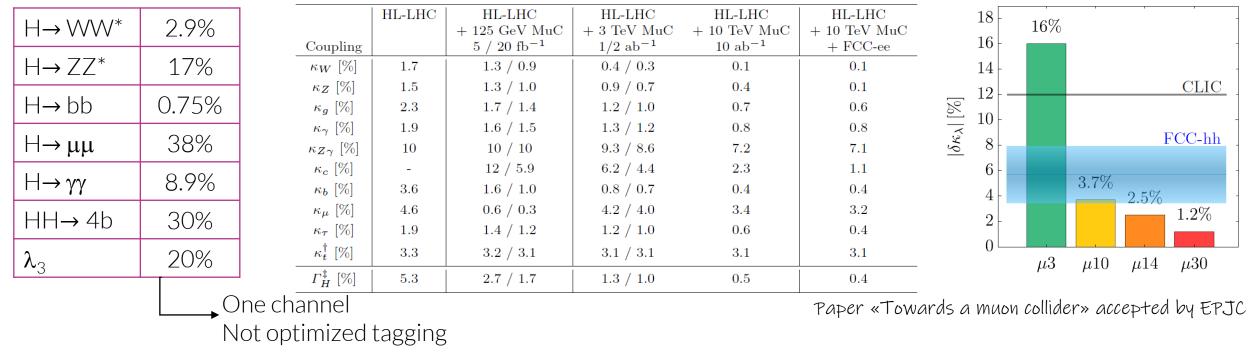
### **Physics studies: Higgs boson**

- o c.o.m. energy: 3 TeV
- o 1 interaction point
- o luminosity: 1 ab<sup>-1</sup> over 5 years

### Estimated the statistical sensitivity on $\sigma_{\!H} \times BR$

Global fit assuming  $\Gamma_{\rm H} = \Gamma_{\rm H}^{\rm SM}$ 

### To estimate the uncertainties on **couplings**



Talk Massimo Casarsa & EPS-HEP23 <u>https://indico.desy.de/event/34916/contributions/147292/</u> Talk Laura Buonincontri & IMCC 2023 <u>https://indico.cern.ch/event/1250075/contributions/5349960/</u>

04/09/2023 Meeting Referee RD\_MUCOL

#### **Physics studies: BSM** Hidden sector: dark-SUSY

γď

71

0.5

10

2.5

3

3

3

10

3

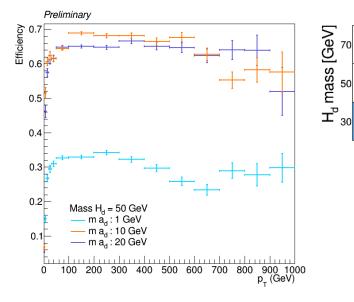
3

2

γ<sup>20</sup>mass [GeV]

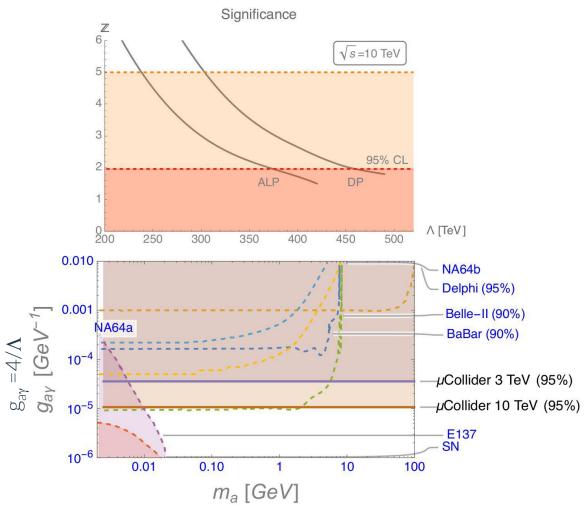
\_\_\_\_\_10

A MSSM lightest neutralino decays in two dark photons through a dark Higgs boson (8 final state muons)





#### Monochromatic single photon



Massimo Casarsa et al. DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevD.105.075008

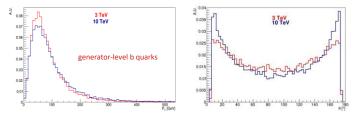
No BIB

### **Detector for 10 TeV collisions**

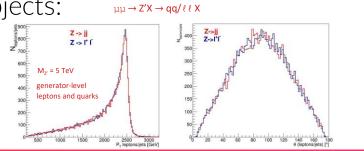
design driven by

#### physics program

 High-precision measurements of SM processes with relatively light SM particles and forward-boosted physical objects: physical objects:

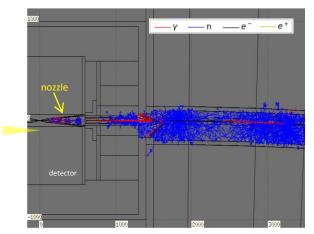


 search for BSM physics involving new, possibly heavy, states and very energetic and mostly central physical objects:



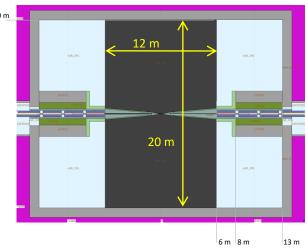
#### background mitigation

- Using appropriate shielding (nozzles) within the detector volume to reduce the BIB will likely be inevitable
- The nozzle material and shape will ultimately determine the composition and level of the BIB in the detector.



#### boundary conditions

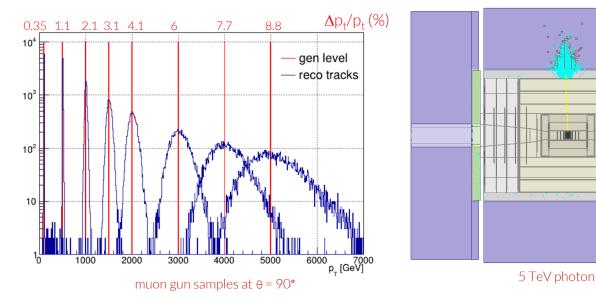
- The final focusing magnets are placed at ±6 m (L\*) from the IP;
- o collision hall size.



Meeting Referee RD\_MUCOL

### **Detector for 10 TeV collisions**

- Main challenges to be addressed:
  - forward/backward acceptance for SM processes;
  - momentum and charge measurement for very high-energy muons;
  - high-energy shower containment in electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters.



- As a first step, we intend to determine the optimal configuration of the magnet system, which will shape the layout of the detector (and may affect the IR setup), and then build the detector around it.
- Two different approaches at LHC:
  - large central solenoid (CMS);
  - smaller central solenoid + external toroid (ATLAS).

A meeting with detector-magnet experts will be held at CERN on October 5th to review all possible options

#### **Training on detector design and physics performance tools**

July 5th-6th, 2023 @CERN 46 participants

July 5th	Software Status					
1:30 PM	Introduction to the MuCol project and tutorial goals - Donatella Lucchesi (Universita e INFN, Padova (IT))					
1:45 PM	Description of the actual detector - Davide Zuliani (Universita e INFN, Padova (IT))					
2:05 PM	Introduction to the software - Karol Krizka (University of Birmingham (GB))					
2:30 PM	Hands on: Event generation examples - Donatella Lucchesi (Universita e INFN, Padova (IT)) Nazar Bartosik (Universita e INFN Torino (IT))					
3:00 PM	Coffee Break					
3:30 PM	Hands on: detector simulation - Lorenzo Sestini (Universita e INFN, Padova (IT))					
4:15 PM	Hands on: event reconstruction - Laura Buonincontri (Universita e INFN, Padova (IT))					
5:00 PM	Hands on: event analysis - Chiara Aime' (Pavia University and INFN (IT))					
July 6th	Hands on					
9:00 AM	Beam Induced background description - Nazar Bartosik (Universita e INFN Torino (IT))					
9:20 AM	Hands on: Beam Induced Background overlay to physics event - Nazar Bartosik (Universita e INFN Torino (IT))					
9:55 AM	Hands on: Modify the detector geometry - Lorenzo Sestini (Universita e INFN, Padova (IT))					
10:30 AM	Coffee Break					
11:00 AM	Open hands on: from beginners to advanced					

We succeed in

- o using the new software release (see Lorenzo's presentation)
- o update the documentation <u>https://mcdwiki.docs.cern.ch/tutorials/cern2023/</u>

## BACKUP

### **Higgs studies**

	nic 5 <sub>t</sub> R=0.5 ; p <sub>t</sub> >20 GeV ; 0 <sub>t</sub> >10 GeV ; 10°< <b>0</b> <17 µC 2.9% - C	<b> η </b> < 2.5 ο 70° ο	<b>γγ (no B</b> 2 photor inv. mass 1 BDT	าร	p <sub>t</sub> >10 GeV ; I ) GeV		<sub>,max</sub> >40 GeV <mark>% - CLIC 10%</mark>
5	ic ; <sub>t</sub> R=0.5 ; p <sub>t</sub> >15 GeV ; ppp.charge ; p <sub>t</sub> >10 Ge`			(	H→ bb ⊃ 2 jets ⊃ b-tagging ⊃ toy MC		FAST vs FULL p <sub>t</sub> >40 GeV ; <b> η </b> <2.5 μC 0.75% - CLIC 0.3%
o $p_{t,1} + p_{t,2} > 50 \text{ Ge}'$	; 10°< <b>0</b> <170° <inv. (<br="" mass<145="">µC 38% - CLIC</inv.>		0 0 0	-	k <sub>t</sub> R=0.5 ; p <sub>t</sub> > minimize √(m	$\frac{20 \text{ GeV}}{_{ij} - m_H)^2 + (m_{kl} - m_H)^2}$ $\mu C 33\% - CLIC 29\%$	
o 10000k H	@3TeV					<mark>λ</mark> 4≈10% @ 1	µC 3370 CLIC 2770 LO TeV (um > 10 ab <sup>-</sup>

#### 04/09/2023 Meeting Referee RD\_MUCOL