



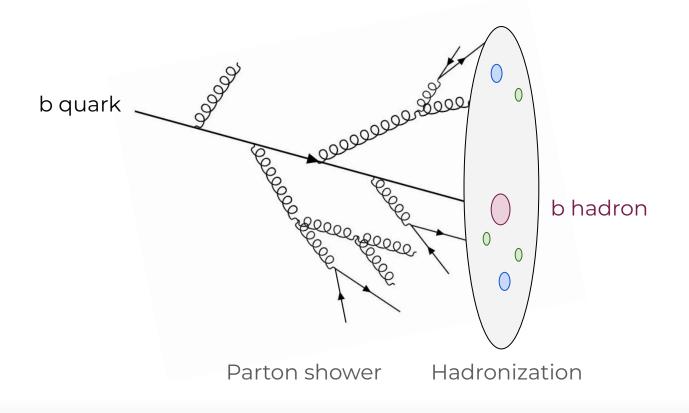
Resolving b jet substructure via the aggregation of the decay products from heavy hadrons

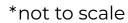
CMS-HIN-24-005, link soon on CDS

Lida Kalipoliti on behalf of the CMS collaboration LLR, École Polytechnique

Heavy flavor jets

In theory

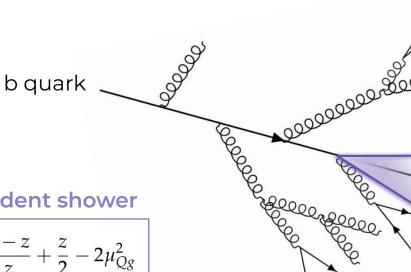






Heavy flavor jets

In theory



dead cone

$$d\mathcal{P}(\theta) \propto \frac{d\theta^2}{(\theta^2 + \theta_0^2)^2}$$
$$\theta_0 = m_Q / E_Q$$

b hadron

mass dependent shower

$$P_{Q o Qg}(z) = rac{1-z}{z} + rac{z}{2} - 2\mu_{Qg}^2$$
 $\mu_{Qg}^2 = rac{m_Q^2}{m_{Qg}^2 - m_Q^2}$

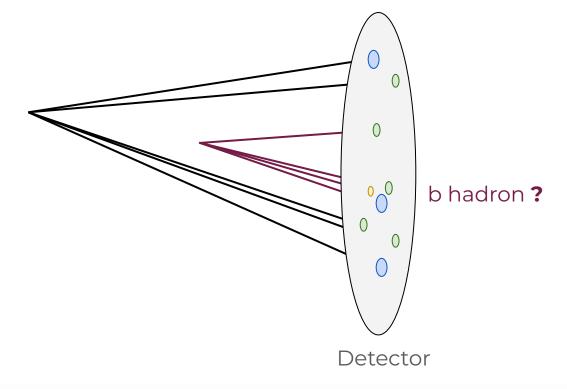
Parton shower

Hadronization



Heavy flavor jets

In experiment





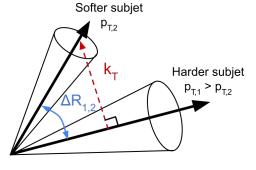
Jet substructure

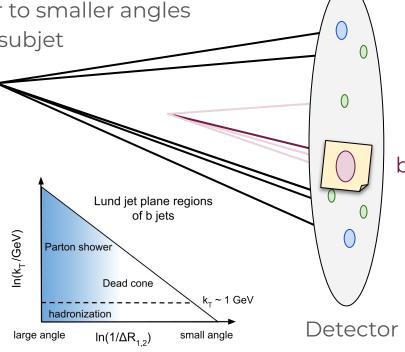
The <u>primary Lund jet plane</u>

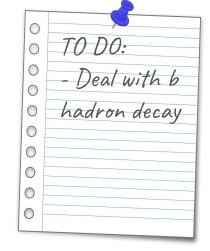
- Recluster jet constituents in angular order
- Decluster from larger to smaller angles following the harder subjet
- Register

$$\Delta R^2 = \Delta y^2 + \Delta \Phi^2$$

$$\mathbf{k}_{\mathsf{T}} = \mathbf{p}_{\mathsf{T},2} \cdot \Delta \mathsf{R}$$







b hadron



Jet substructure

Soft drop grooming

Same as before, but stop when

$$\mathbf{Z} = \frac{\min(p_{\text{T,1}}, p_{\text{T,2}})}{p_{\text{T,1}} + p_{\text{T,2}}} > z_{\text{cut}} \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta R_{1,2}}{R}\right)^{\beta}$$

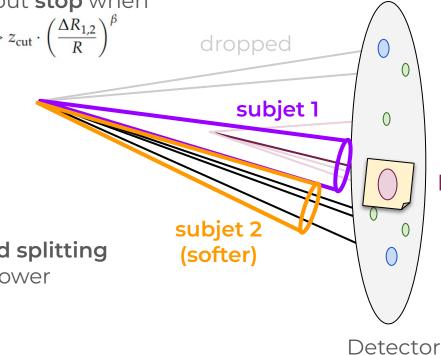
Register

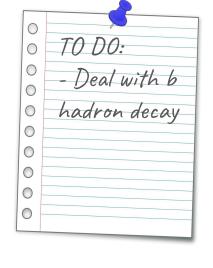
$$R_g = \Delta R$$

 $z = z$

k_T

study first **hard splitting** in the shower



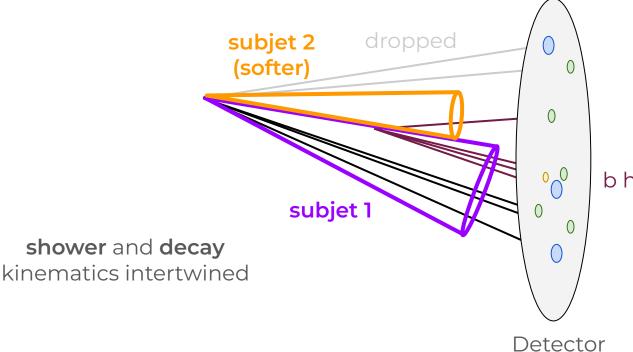


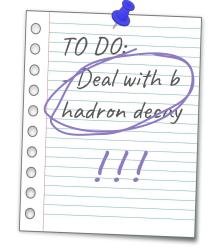
b hadron



Heavy flavor decay impact

Heavy hadron decay daughters do not follow angular ordering



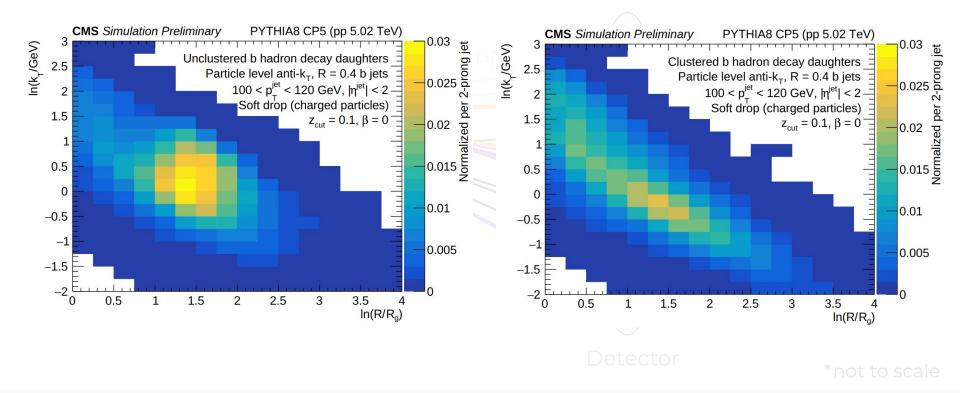


b hadron?



Heavy flavor decay impact

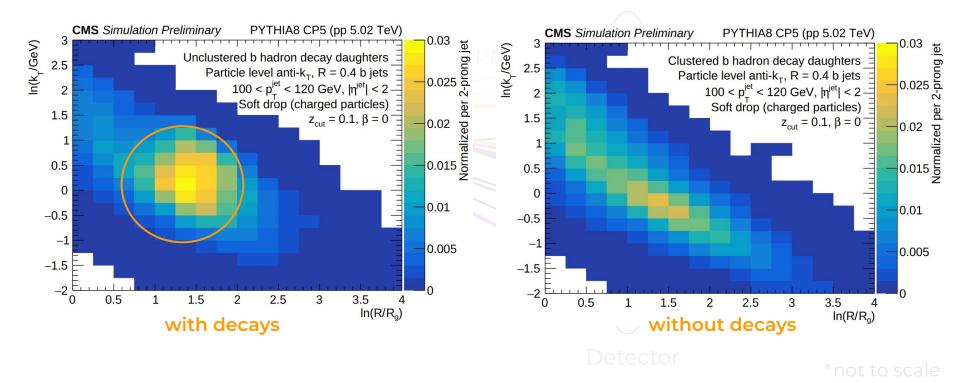
Heavy hadron decay daughters **do not** follow angular ordering





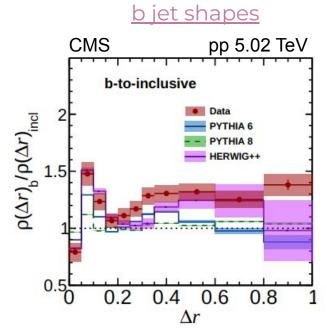
Heavy flavor decay impact

Heavy hadron decay daughters **do not** follow angular ordering

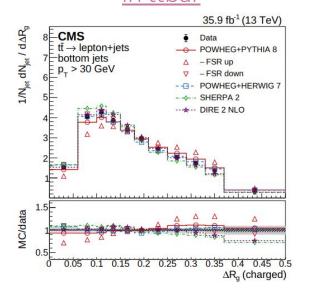




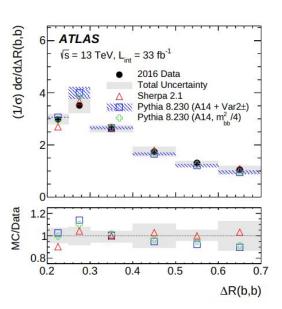
Similar analyses



<u>b jet groomed observables</u> in ttbar



g to bbar

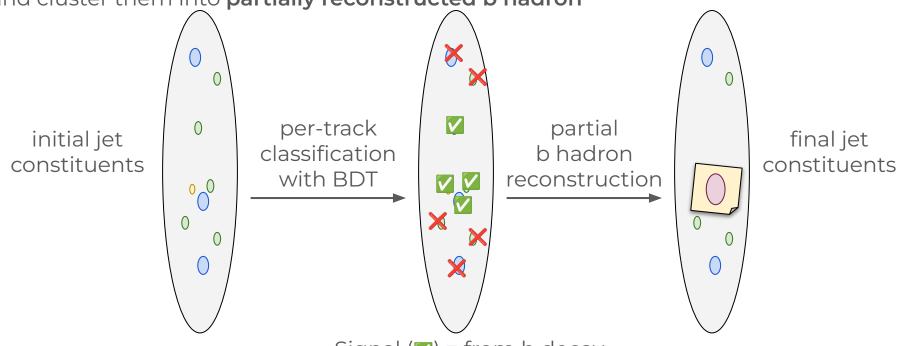


See also Jelena's talk on D-tagged jets Tue 30/07 18:00



Partial b hadron reconstruction

Treat b hadron decays by identifying the decay products in the jet and cluster them into **partially reconstructed b hadron**

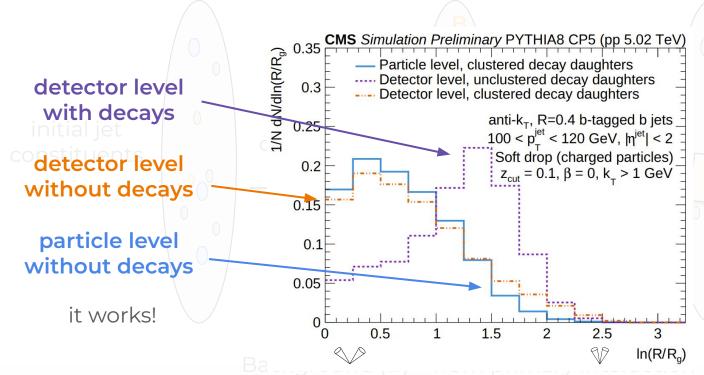


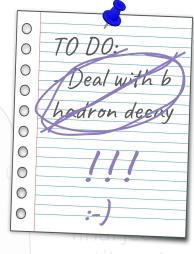
Signal (♥) = from b decay
Background (★) = from primary interaction



Partial b hadron reconstruction

Treat b hadron decays by identifying the decay products in the jet and cluster them into **partially reconstructed b hadron**









Analysis workflow

Inclusive jets

b-tagged jets

b-tagged single-b jets

Unfolded b-tagged single-b jets

Unfolded single-b jets

AK4Chs jets in kinematic region

Jets passing ParticleNet XXT working point Single-b fraction

> extraction via
template fit

Unfolding with matrix inversion

b tagging efficiency correction

Dataset and jet kinematics

5.02 TeV low PU pp collisions

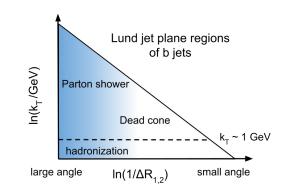
$$100 < p_T^{\text{jet}} < 120 \text{ GeV}, |\eta^{\text{jet}}| < 2$$

Soft drop parameters

$$z_{cut} = 0.1, \beta = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow p_{T,2} / (p_{T,1} + p_{T,2}) > 0.1$$

1-prong (fail soft drop) or k_T < 1 GeV (hadronization) in dedicated bin for unfolding</pre>



Observables

charged particle R_g , z_g and $z_{b,ch} \equiv p_T^{b,ch} / p_T^{jet,ch}$



b jet selection and corrections

b tagging

b jets selected with <u>ParticleNet</u> at very high purity working point

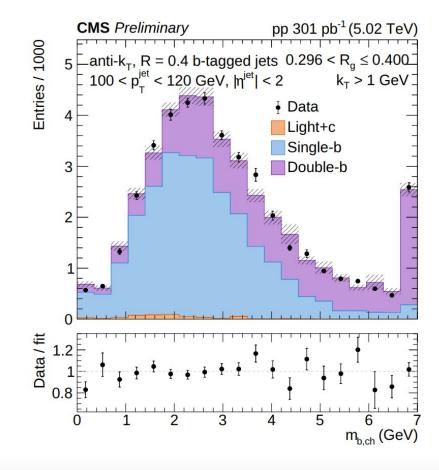
But...

Sample includes jets with more than one b hadron

Residual background subtraction

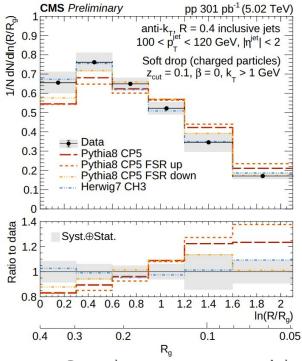
Fit the mass of the reconstructed b hadron with MC templates

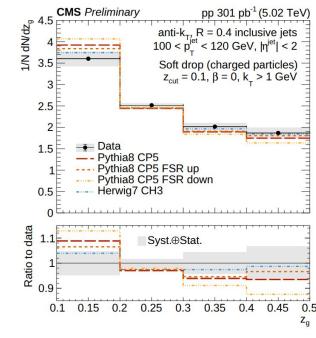
Unfolding to the charged-particle level b jet



Inclusive jet results

Dominated by physics modeling systematics



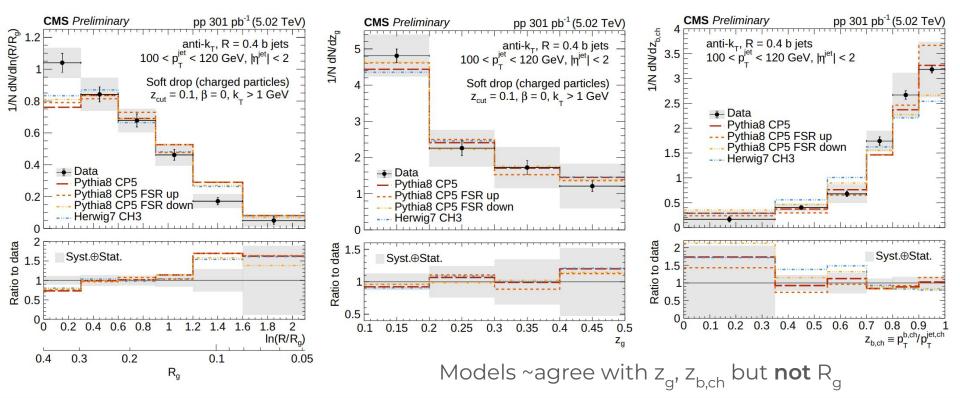


Good agreement with HERWIG7 but not with PYTHIA8



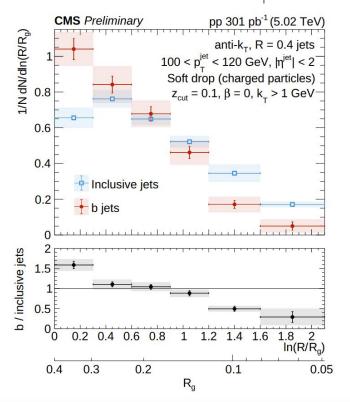
b jet results

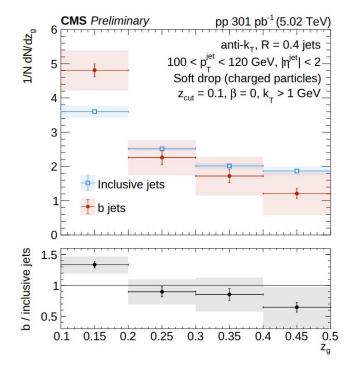
Dominated by physics modeling systematics





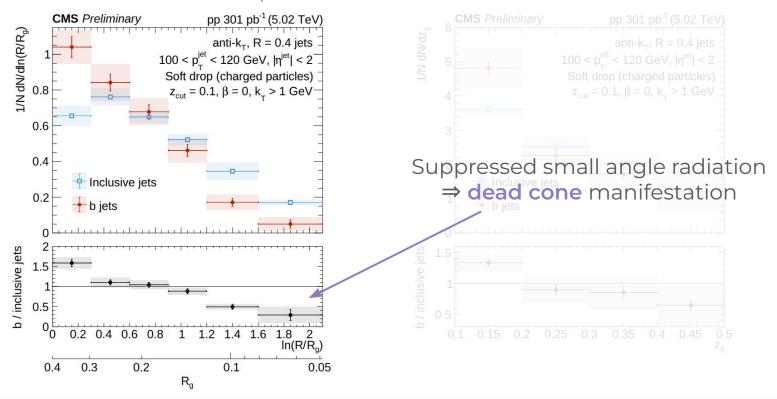
1-prong or low k_{τ} ~38% for inclusive and ~68% for b jets





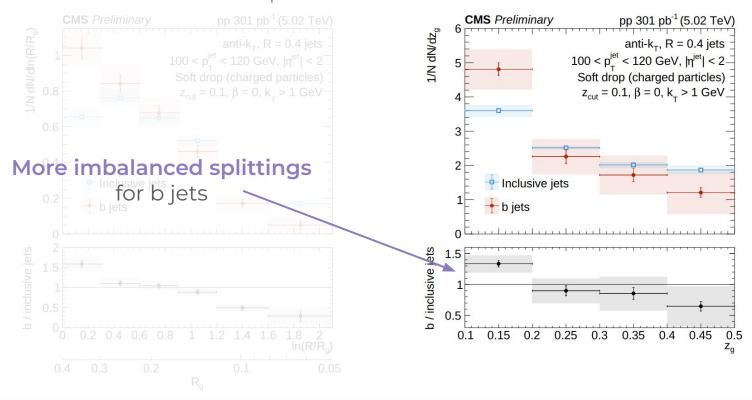


1-prong or low k_{T} ~38% for inclusive and ~68% for b jets



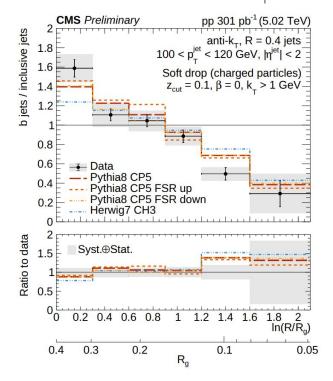


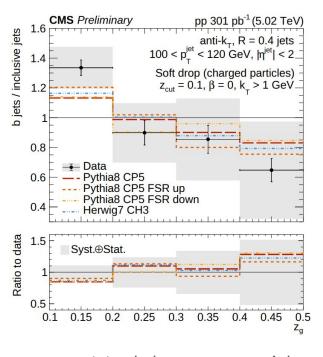
1-prong or low $k_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ ~38% for inclusive and ~68% for b jets





1-prong or low k_{τ} ~38% for inclusive and ~68% for b jets





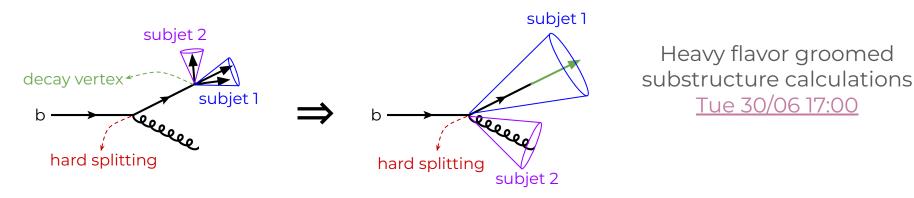
 $\label{eq:models agree with zg} \mbox{PYTHIA8 in agreement with R}_{\mbox{\tiny a}} \mbox{ but not HERWIG7}$



Conclusion

b hadron decays crucial for b jet substructure measurements

⇒ developed a tool to partially reconstruct the b hadron



First time we clearly observe the suppression of collinear emissions for b jets (dead cone)

Separation of b hadron decay from QCD cascade can be used for other observables in the future (EECs, generalized angularities, masses)



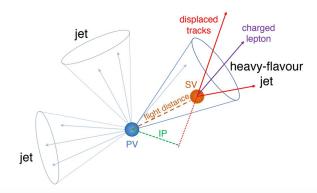
Backup

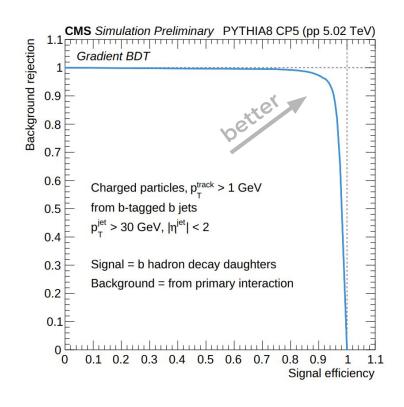


Decay product identification

Binary classifier

- Gradient boosted decision tree
 - → Signal = charged decay products
 - → Background = charged particles from PV
- ► Inputs
 - → Track properties (eg. impact parameter)
 - → Associated SV properties (eg. flight distance)

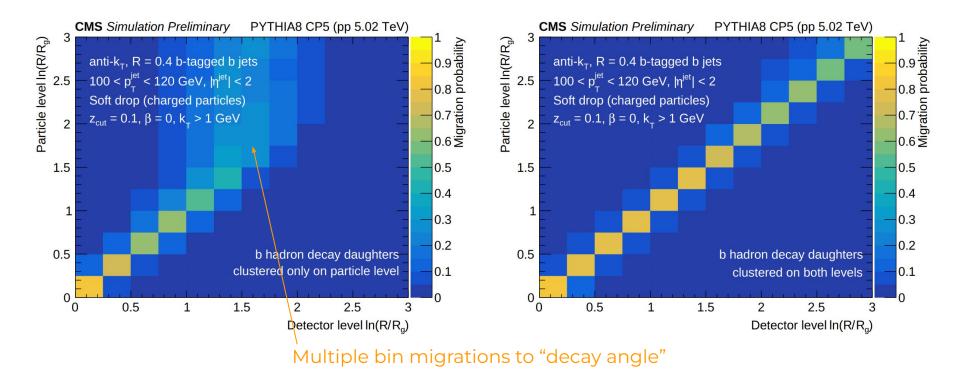






Agreement between the detector and the particle level

Impossible to "unfold" the decay effects





Systematic uncertainties

Both for inclusive and b jets

- Statistical uncertainty
- Matrix response statistical uncertainty (jackknife resampling)
- Shower and hadronization (unfolding with HERWIG7 CH3 vs PYTHIA8 CP5)
- ► FSR and ISR scale (x2 or x1/2 independently in PYTHIA8 CP5)
- Jet energy resolution (vary JER scale factors)
- Jet energy scale (vary JEC per source)
- Tracking efficiency (randomly discard 3% of reconstructed tracks in PYTHIA8 CP5)

Only for b jets

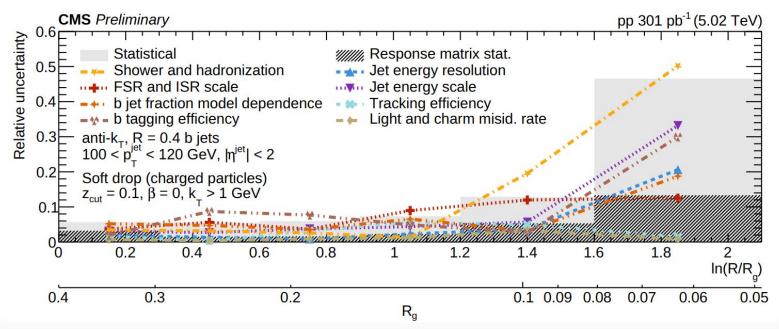
- b jet fraction model dependence (template fit with HERWIG7 CH3 vs PYTHIA8 CP5)
- Light and charm misidentification rate (vary light+c fraction in template fit)
- b tagging efficiency (vary b tagging efficiency scale factors)



Systematic uncertainties

Leading sources related to physics model and b tagging

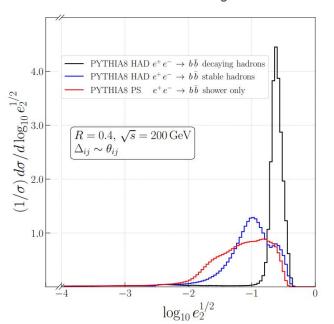
- Shower and hadronization (unfolding with HERWIG7 CH3 vs PYTHIA8 CP5)
- ► FSR and ISR scale (x2 or x1/2 independently in PYTHIA8 CP5)
- b tagging efficiency (vary b tagging efficiency scale factors)

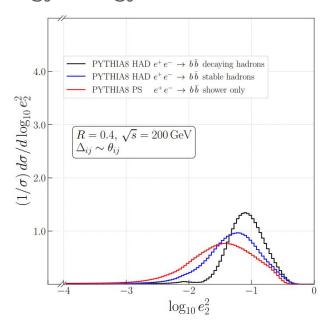




Other substructure observables

b hadron decays also affect energy-energy correlators



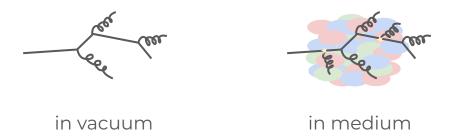


Oleh Fedkevych, BOOST 2023



PbPb prospects

- b quarks are produced in the early stage of the collision
 - ⇒ Probe the whole medium evolution
- Small angle radiation suppressed in vacuum
 - ⇒ Isolate medium induced radiation in dead cone region



Cunqueiro, Napoletano, Soto-Ontoso

