

# First Operation of an ACHINOS-equipped Spherical Proportional Counter with Individual Anode Read-out

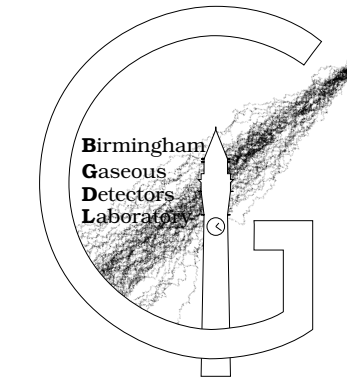
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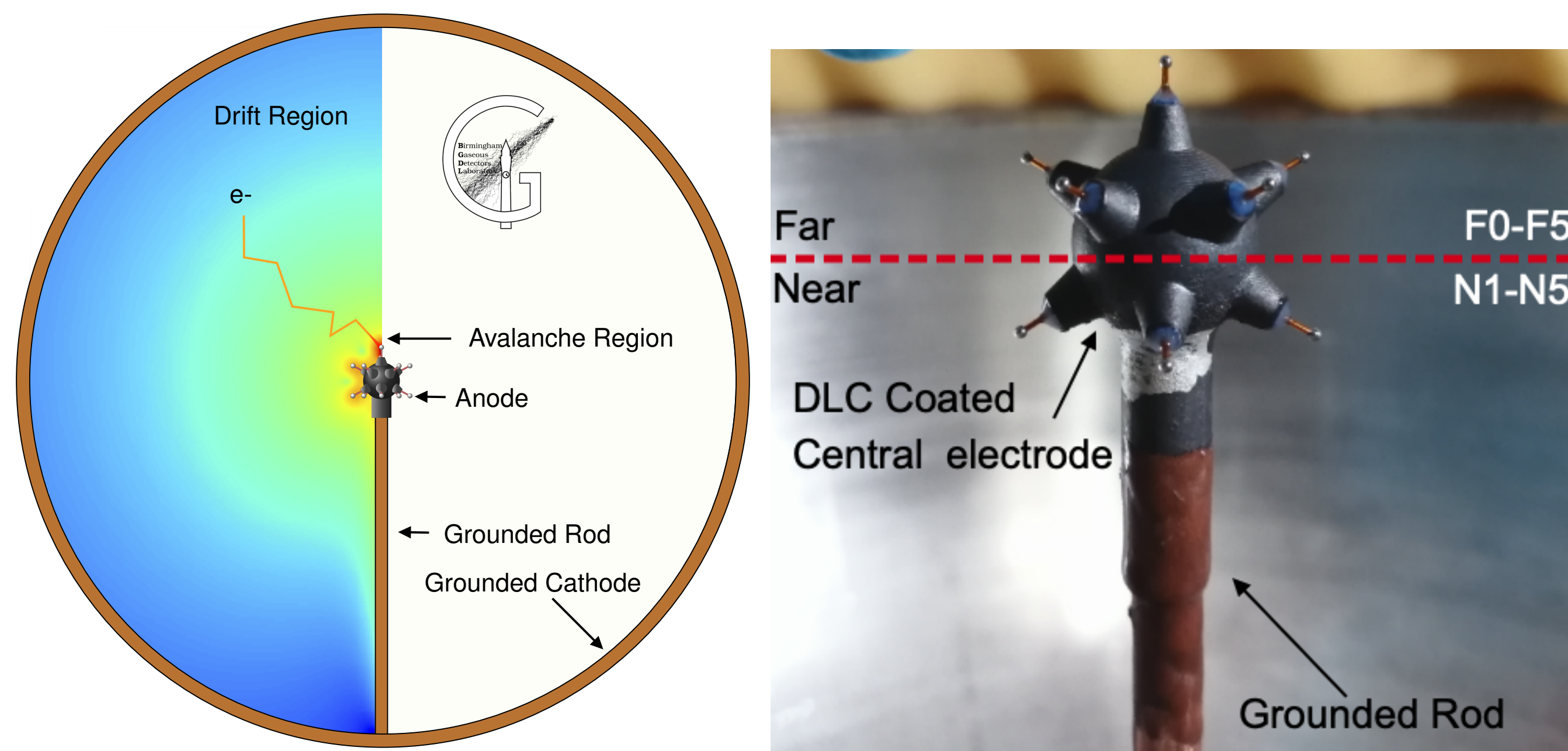


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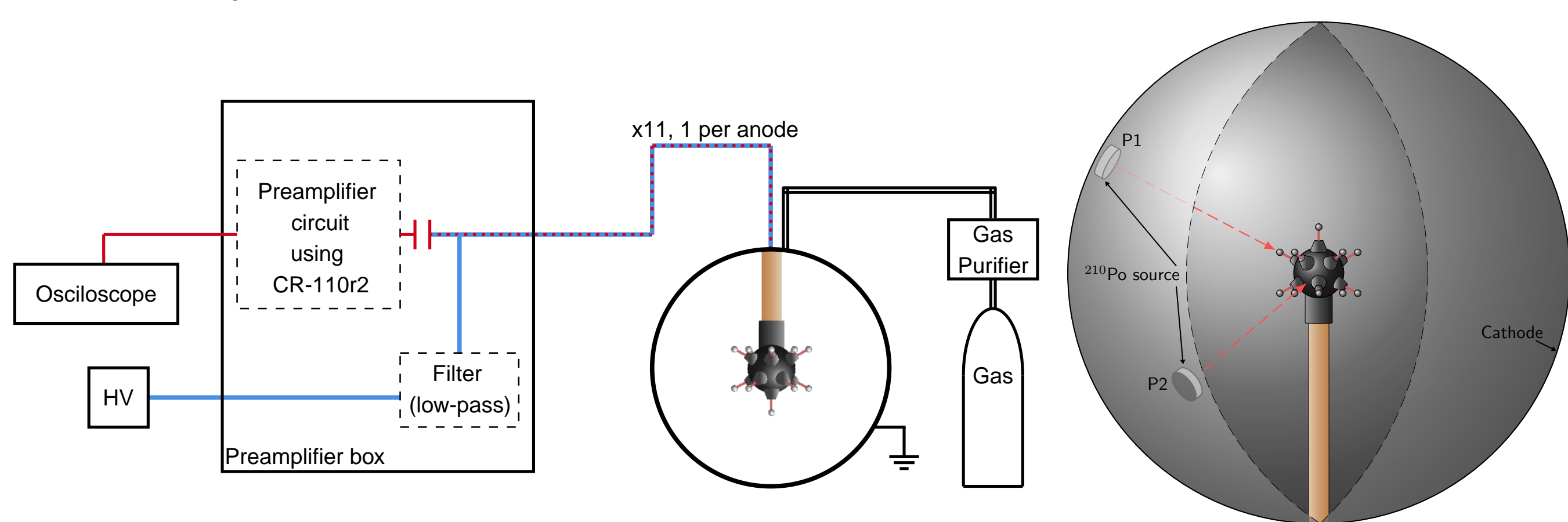
## Spherical Proportional Counters

- The spherical proportional counter [1, 2] is a simple and robust gaseous detector, well suited to various applications ranging from fast neutron spectroscopy [3] to direct Dark Matter (DM) searches [4, 5]
- For larger volumes and higher pressures, ACHINOS was developed [6, 7], to decouple the drift and avalanche field
- Previously, ACHINOS read-out in two channels - Near and Far



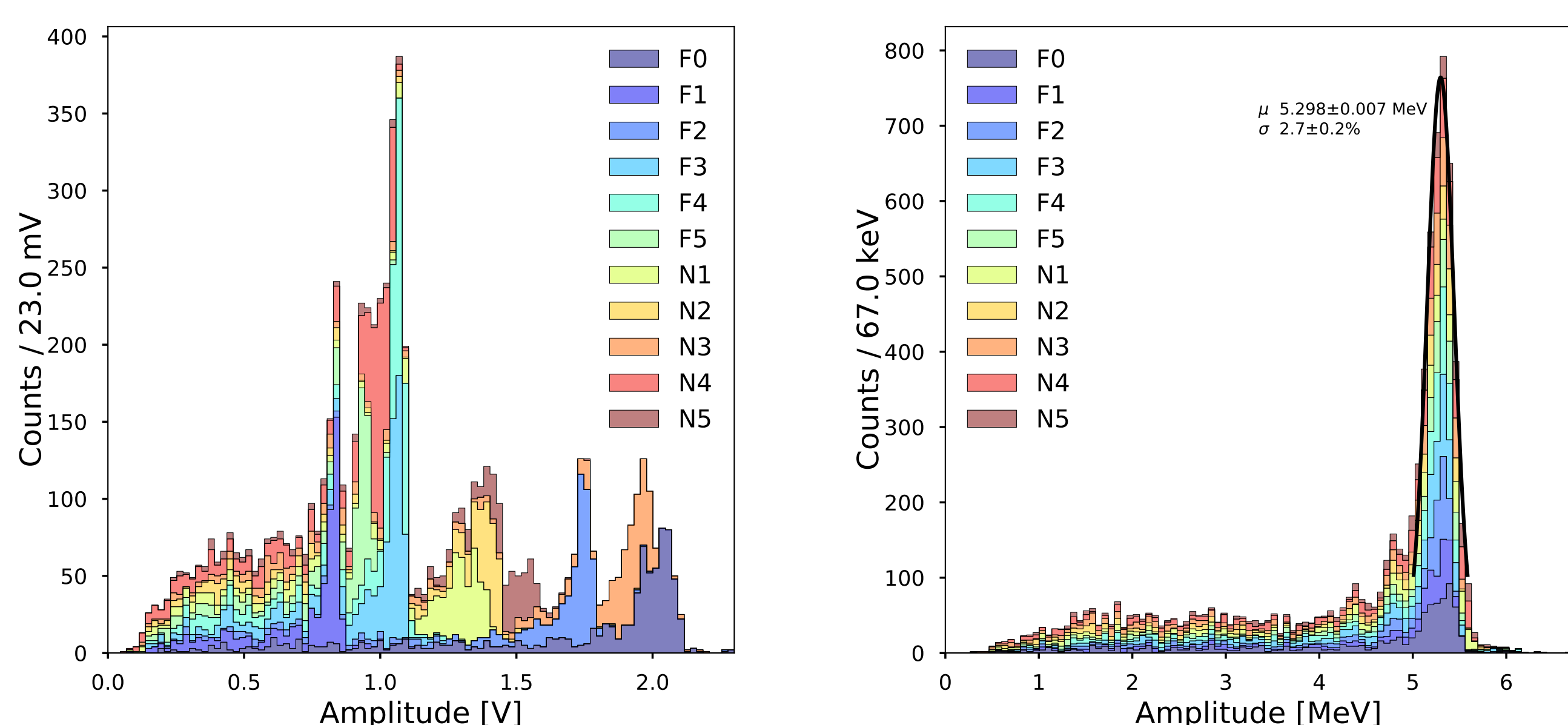
## Individual Anode Read-Out

- Individually read-out ACHINOS: 11  $\varnothing$ 1mm anodes in a  $\varnothing$ 30cm sphere [8]
- Detector operated with 500mbar of Ar:CH<sub>4</sub> (98%:2%)
- Anodes biased (800V) and read-out individually through a purpose built preamplifier board
- A <sup>210</sup>Po source decays via a 5.3 MeV  $\alpha$ -particle, the position of which could be manipulated for calibration

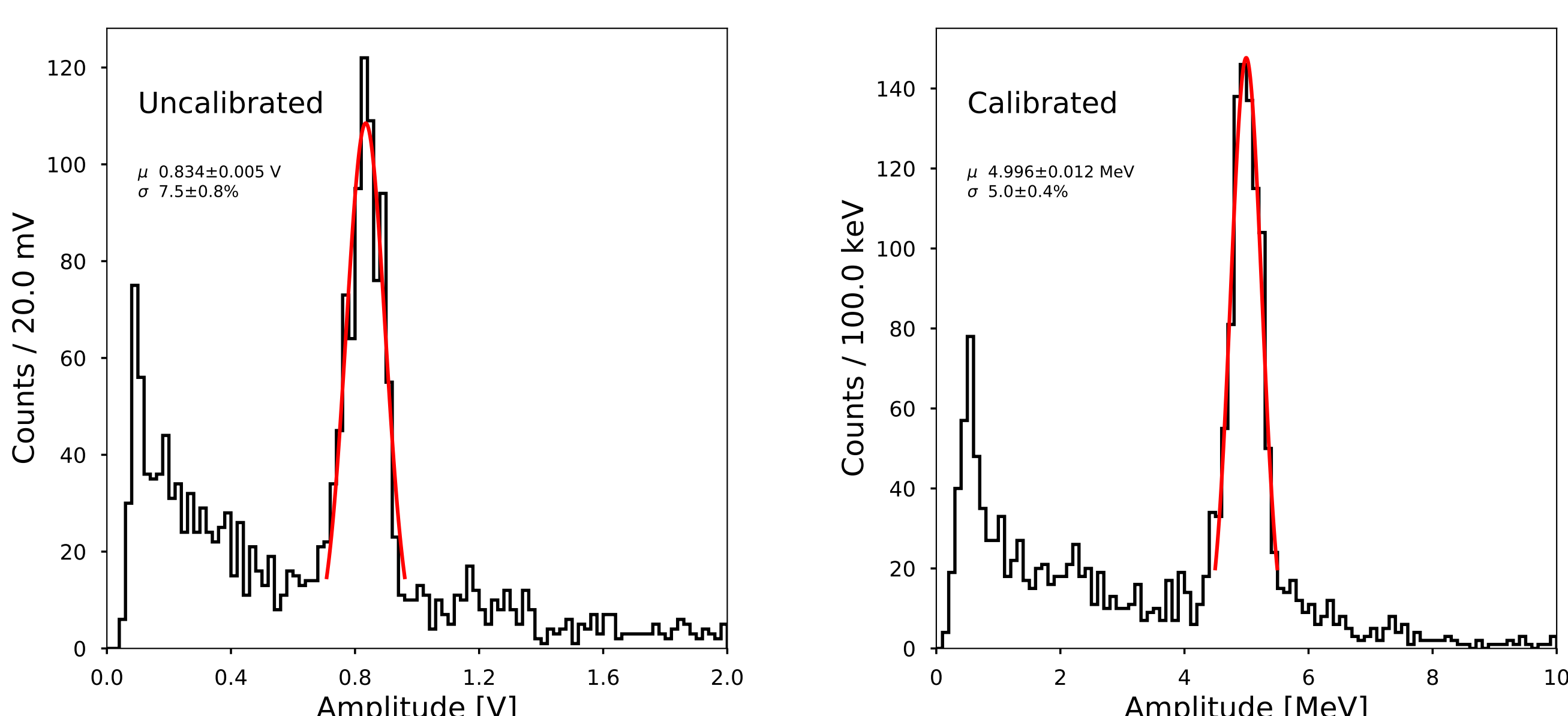


## Experimental Results

- After individual calibration, energy resolution of 2.7%
- Similar to approximate local energy resolution of a single anode

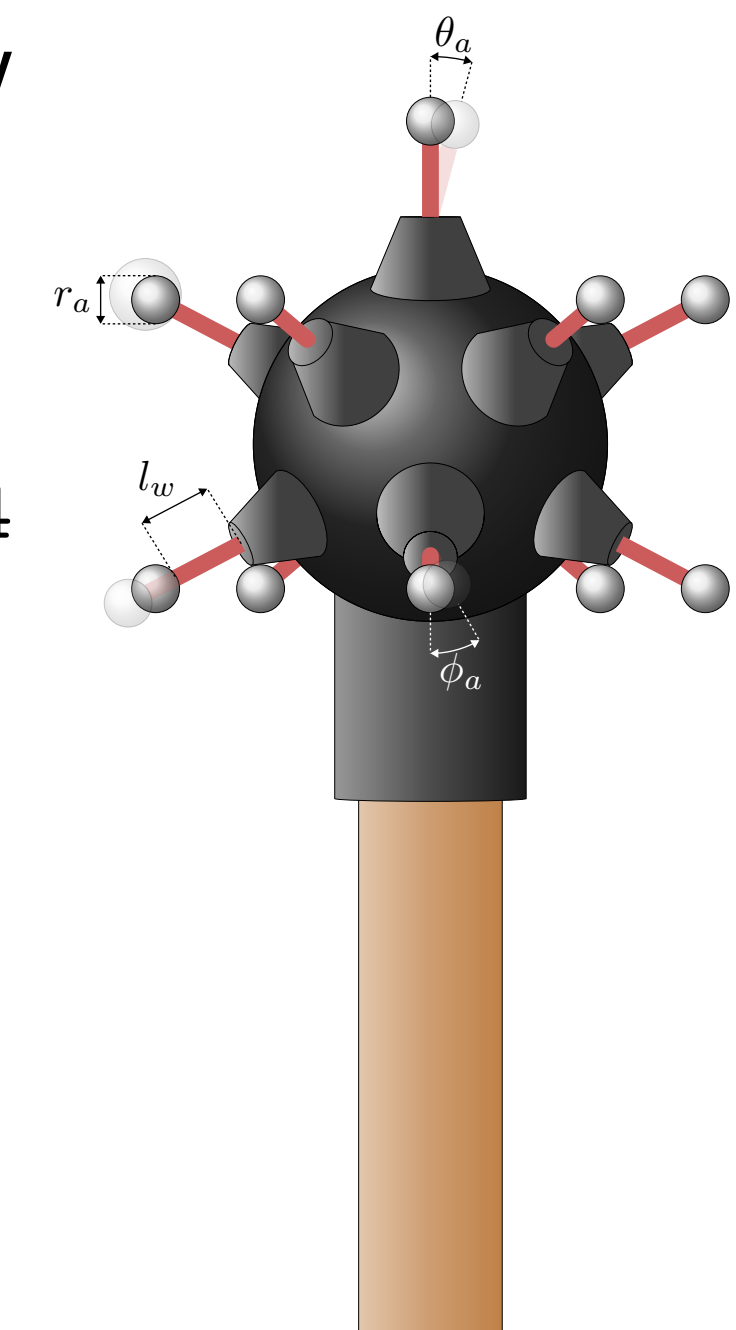


- Source directed between anodes, ionisation charge is shared
- 2.5% energy resolution improvement for individually calibrated anodes



## Simulation Study

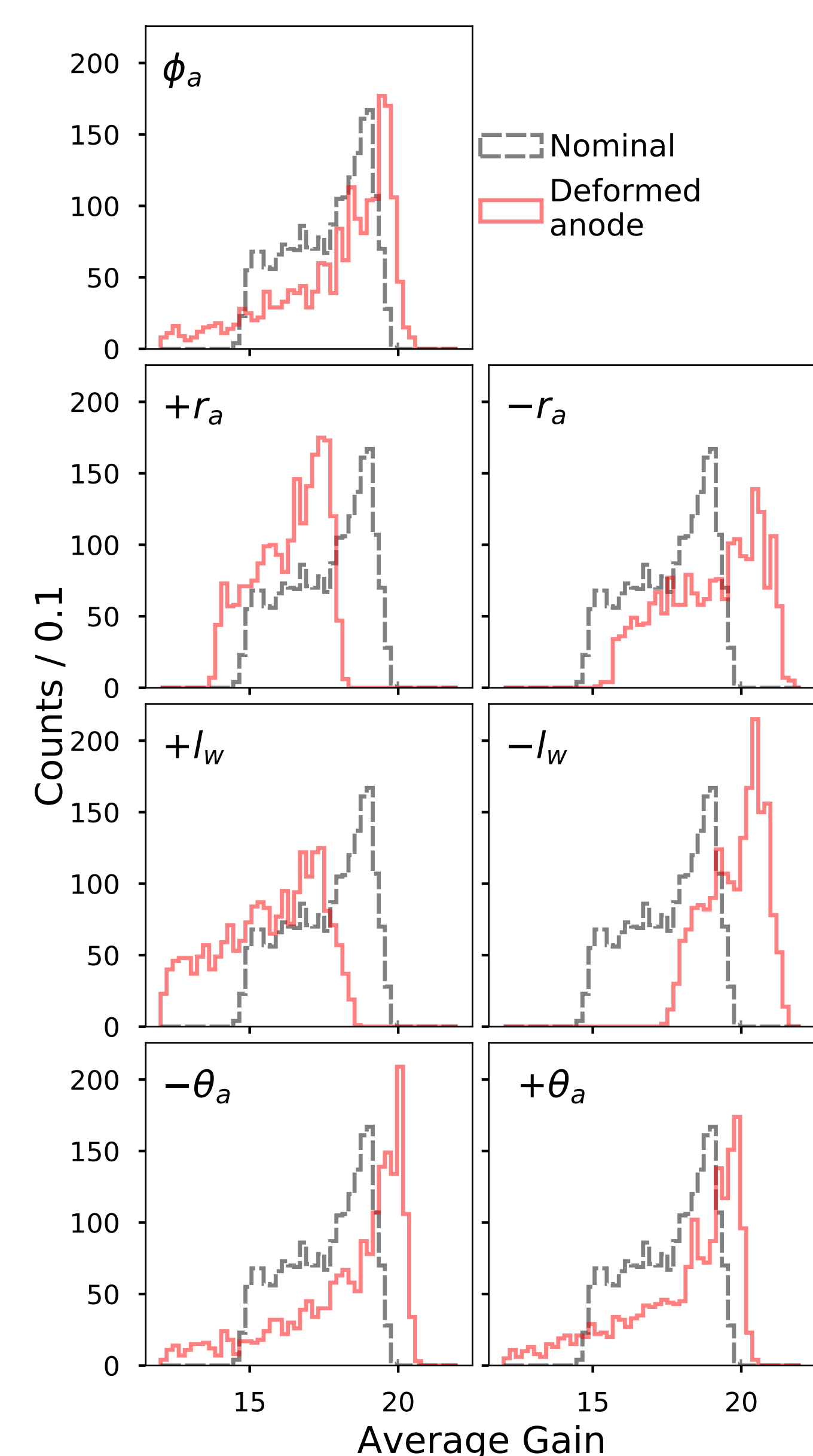
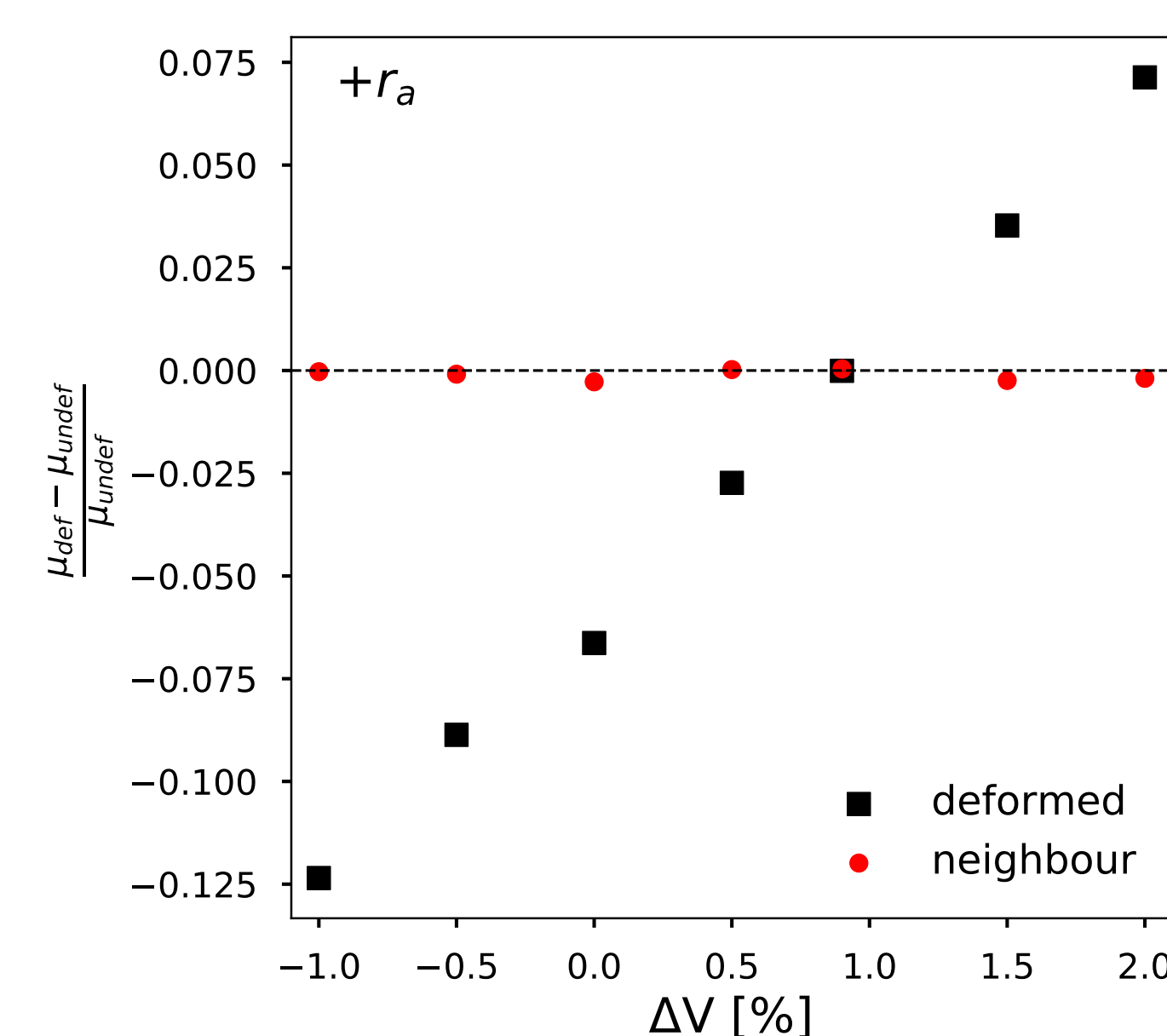
- Main anode to anode variation in gain caused by grounded rod → can be corrected [7]
- Other anode to anode variations simulated
- Sensor modelled using Gmsh/Elmer
- Dedicated simulation framework utilises Geant4 and Garfield++ [9]



Parameter	Nominal Value	Deformation Magnitude
$r_a$	0.5 mm	$\pm 0.0125$ mm
$l_w$	2.5 mm	$\pm 0.05$ mm
$\theta_a$	0 rad	$\pm 0.5$ rad
$\phi_a$	0 rad	$\pm 0.5$ rad

## Construction Imperfections

- For each deformation, average gas gain compared to nominal
- Gain difference correction either by individual calibration or by adjusting the voltage applied to the affected anode
- For  $l_w$  and  $r_a$  it is possible to recover the energy resolution by adjusting voltage
- Example: for  $+r_a$ , correction voltage needed to optimise relative difference in gain on the deformed anode is demonstrated



## Summary

- SPC instrumentation developments ongoing for future applications
- Individual anode read-out has been developed for ACHINOS
- Energy resolution improvement with individual anode read-out
- Unlocks spherical proportional counter's potential, e.g. by allowing for 3D reconstruction of events and event localisation, important for applications such as direct DM searches and neutron spectroscopy
- Sources of gain difference between anodes studied extensively in simulation, and correction voltages to recover energy resolution computed

## References

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