



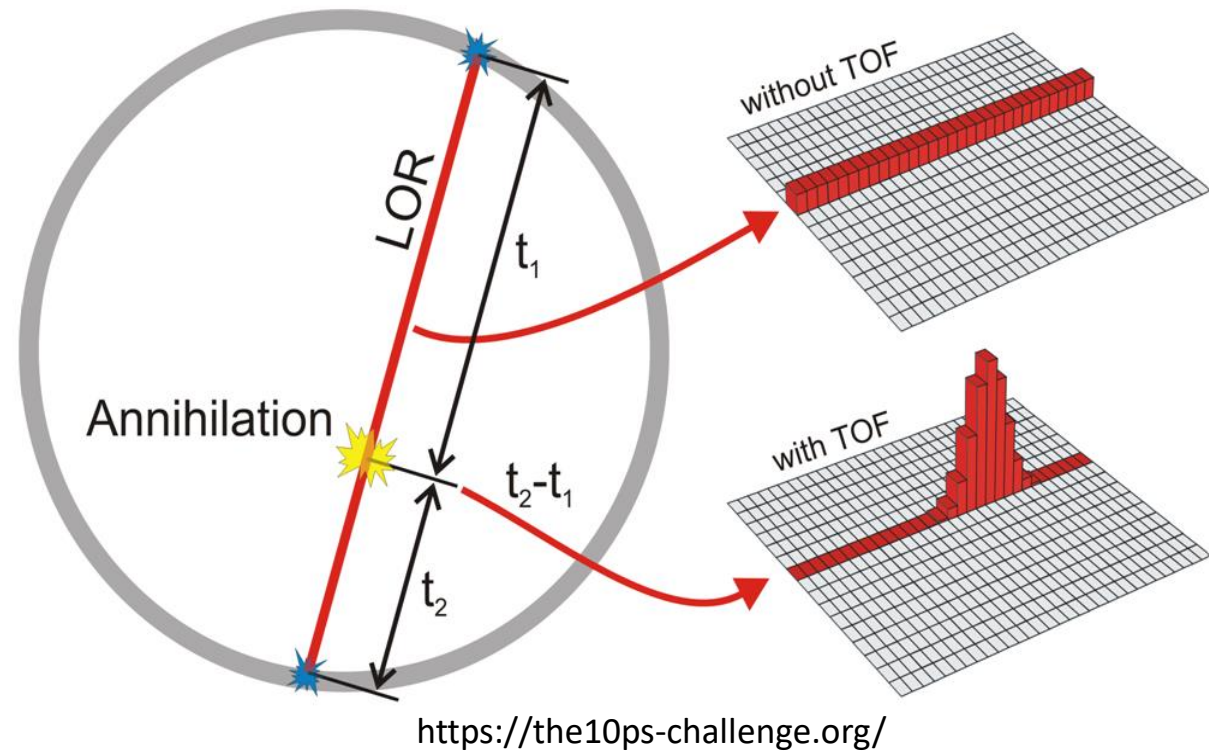
# Time-of-flight: The last frontier in Positron Emission Tomography

Georgios Konstantinou

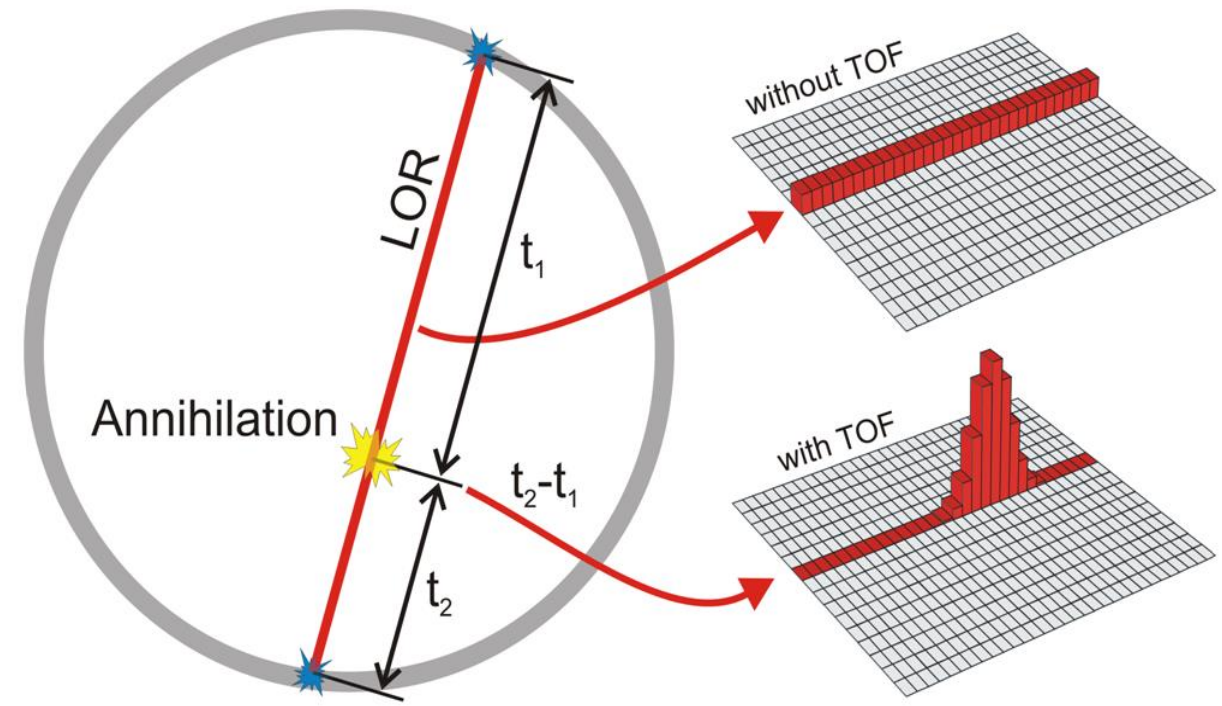
# Contents

- Basics of TOF PET
- Clinical Advantages
- Why the last frontier?
- State of the art in instrumentation
- The 10 ps PET: A possible future

# Basics of TOF PET



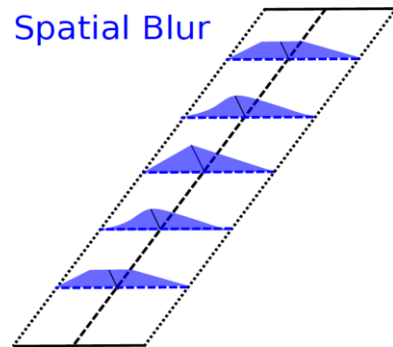
# Basics of TOF PET



Complementary information: Transverse and longitudinal

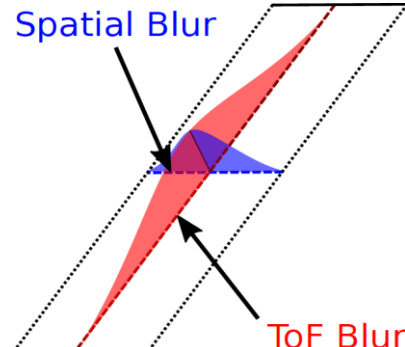
Courtesy of R. Lecomte, Sherbrooke

<https://the10ps-challenge.org/>



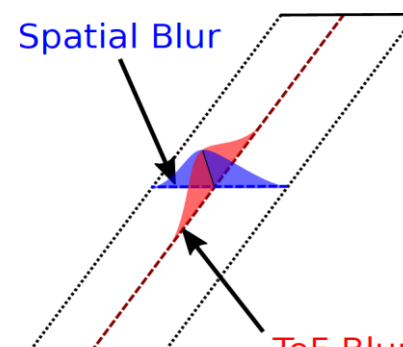
**No ToF**

Classical tomographic  
reconstruction



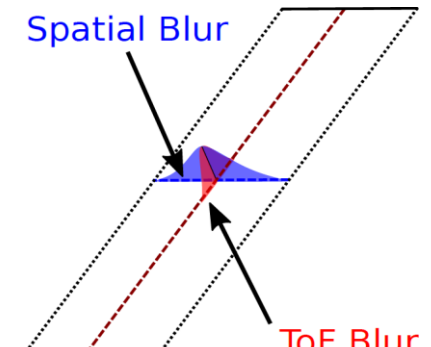
**Current**

CTR ~ 200 ps  
ToF-weighted  
reconstruction



**Near future**

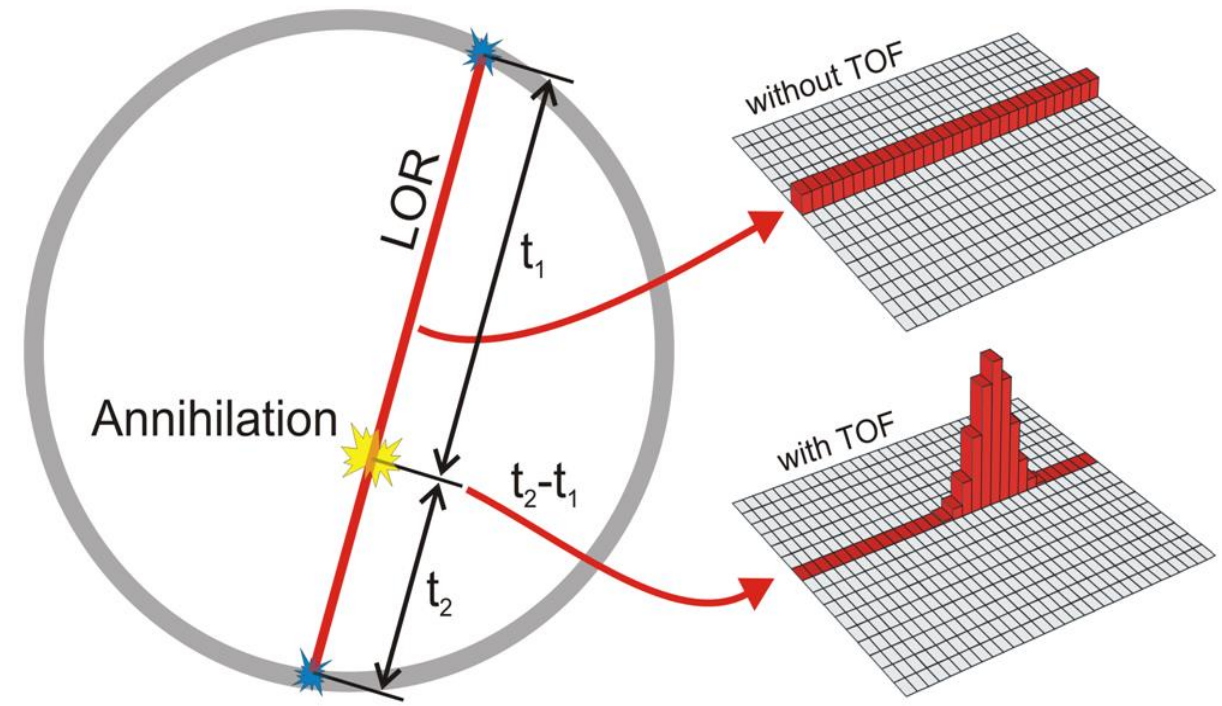
CTR ~ 30 ps  
 $R_{\text{ToF}} \approx R_{\text{det}}$   
**No more reconstruction!**



**Far future?**

CTR ~ 10 ps  
 $R_{\text{ToF}} < R_{\text{det}}$   
**ToF-enhanced reconstruction!**

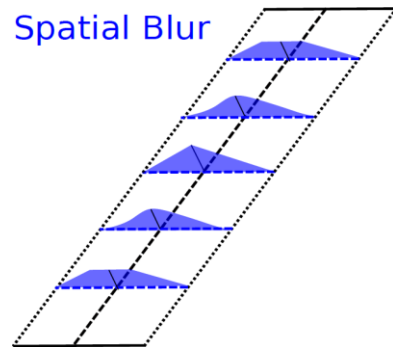
# Basics of TOF PET



Complementary information: Transverse and longitudinal

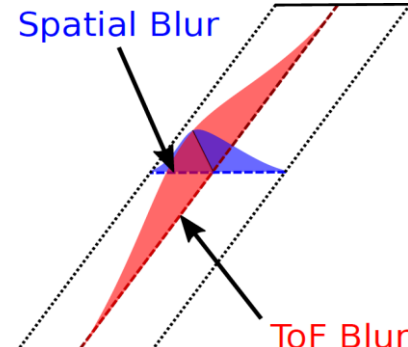
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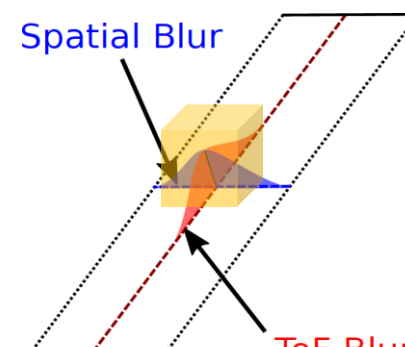
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Classical tomographic  
reconstruction



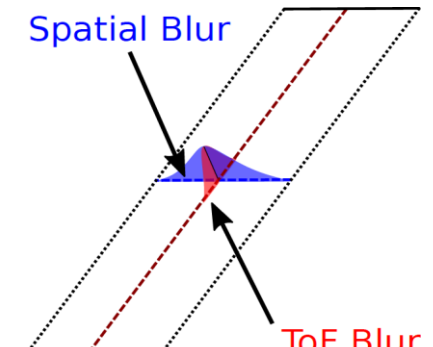
**Current**

CTR ~ 200 ps  
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reconstruction



**Near future**

CTR ~ 30 ps  
 $R_{\text{ToF}} \approx R_{\text{det}}$   
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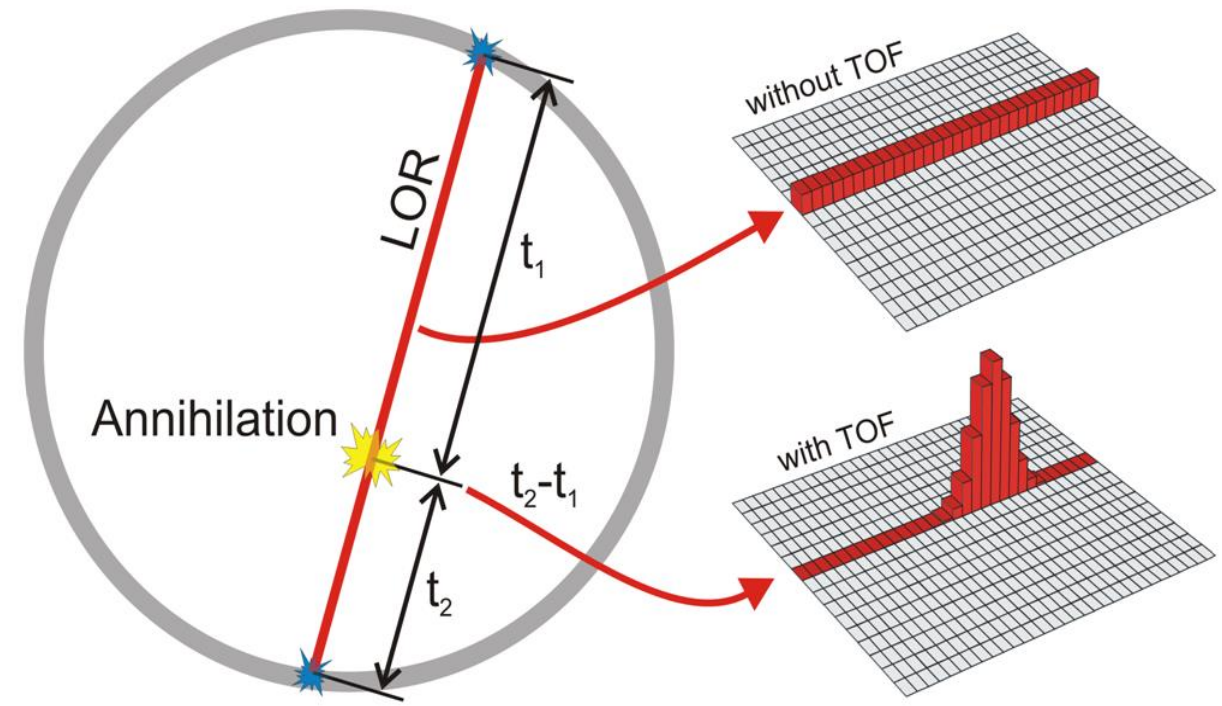
# Basics of TOF PET

$$\Delta x = \frac{c\Delta t}{2}$$

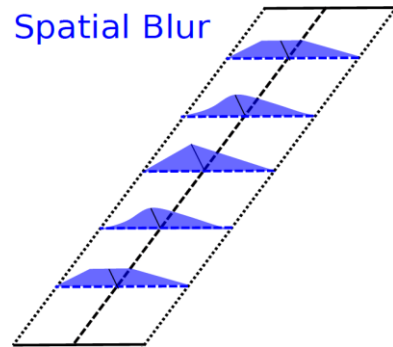
$$\frac{SNR_{ToF}}{SNR_{PET}} = \sqrt{\frac{D}{\Delta x}} = \sqrt{\frac{2D}{c\Delta t}}$$

Budinger, 1983

Complementary information: Transverse and longitudinal

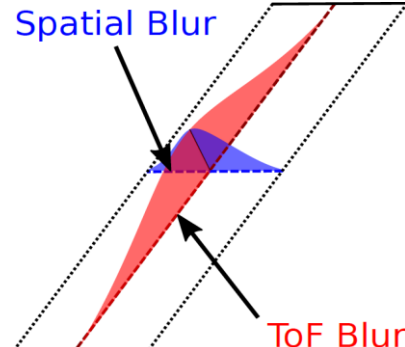


<https://the10ps-challenge.org/>



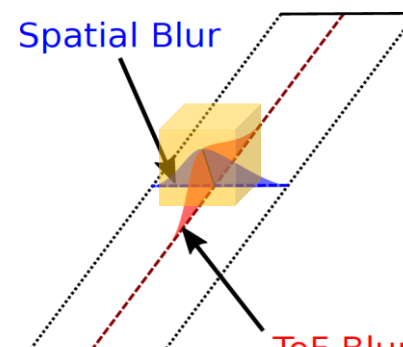
**No ToF**

Classical tomographic reconstruction



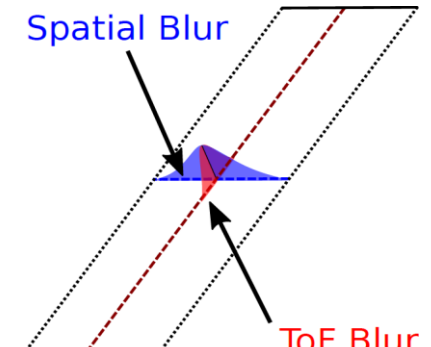
**Current**

CTR ~ 200 ps  
ToF-weighted reconstruction



**Near future**

CTR ~ 30 ps  
 $R_{ToF} \approx R_{det}$   
**No more reconstruction!**



**Far future?**

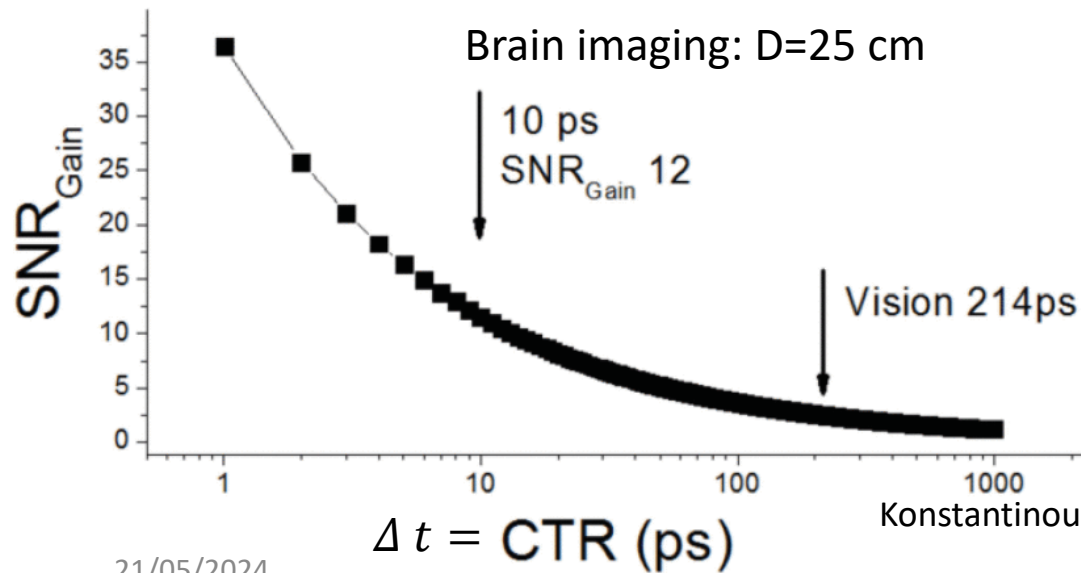
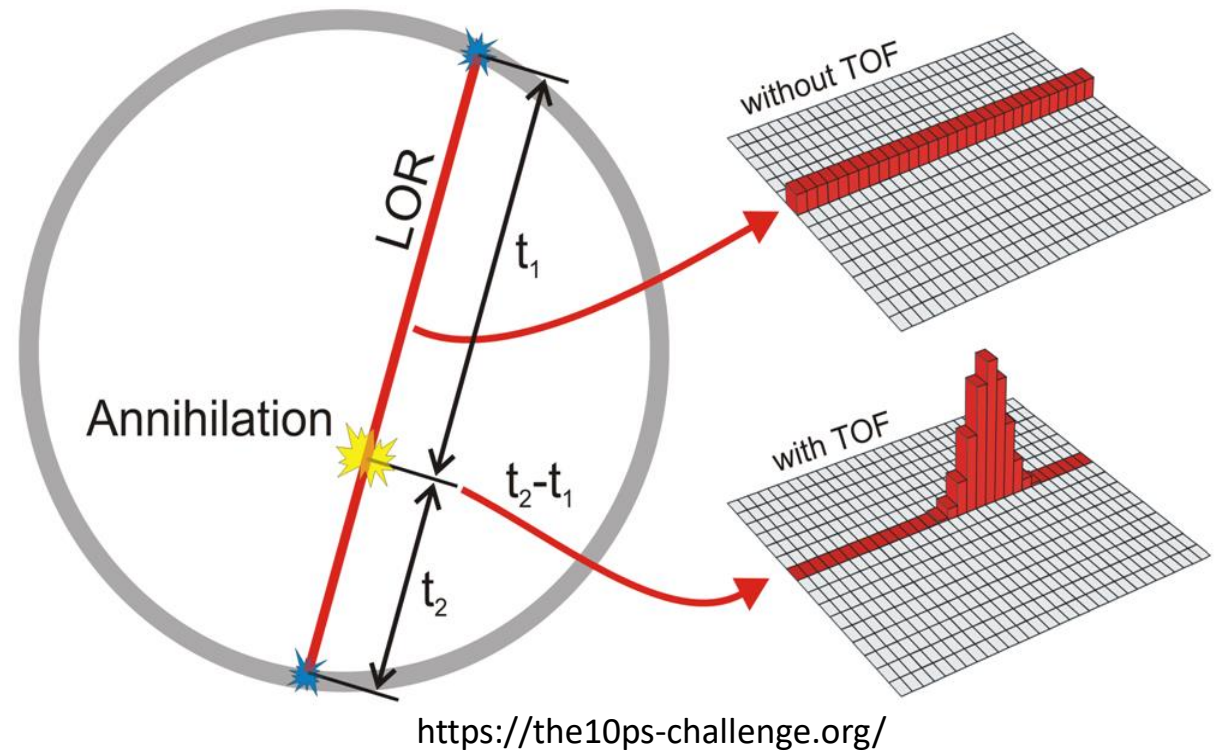
CTR ~ 10 ps  
 $R_{ToF} < R_{det}$   
**ToF-enhanced reconstruction!**

# Basics of TOF PET

$$\Delta x = \frac{c\Delta t}{2}$$

$$\frac{SNR_{TOF}}{SNR_{PET}} = \sqrt{\frac{D}{\Delta x}} = \sqrt{\frac{2D}{c\Delta t}}$$

Budinger, 1983



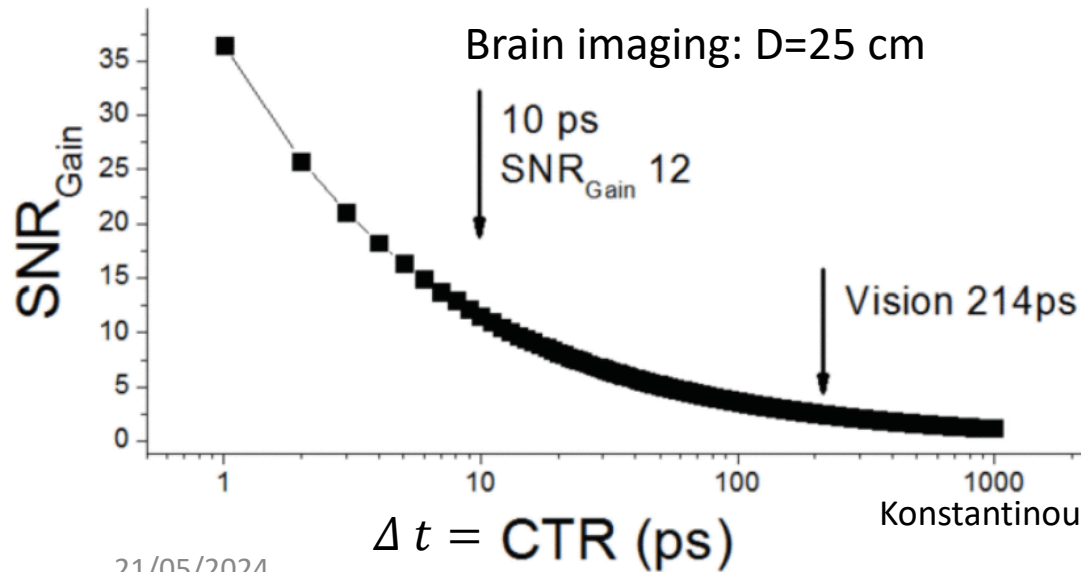
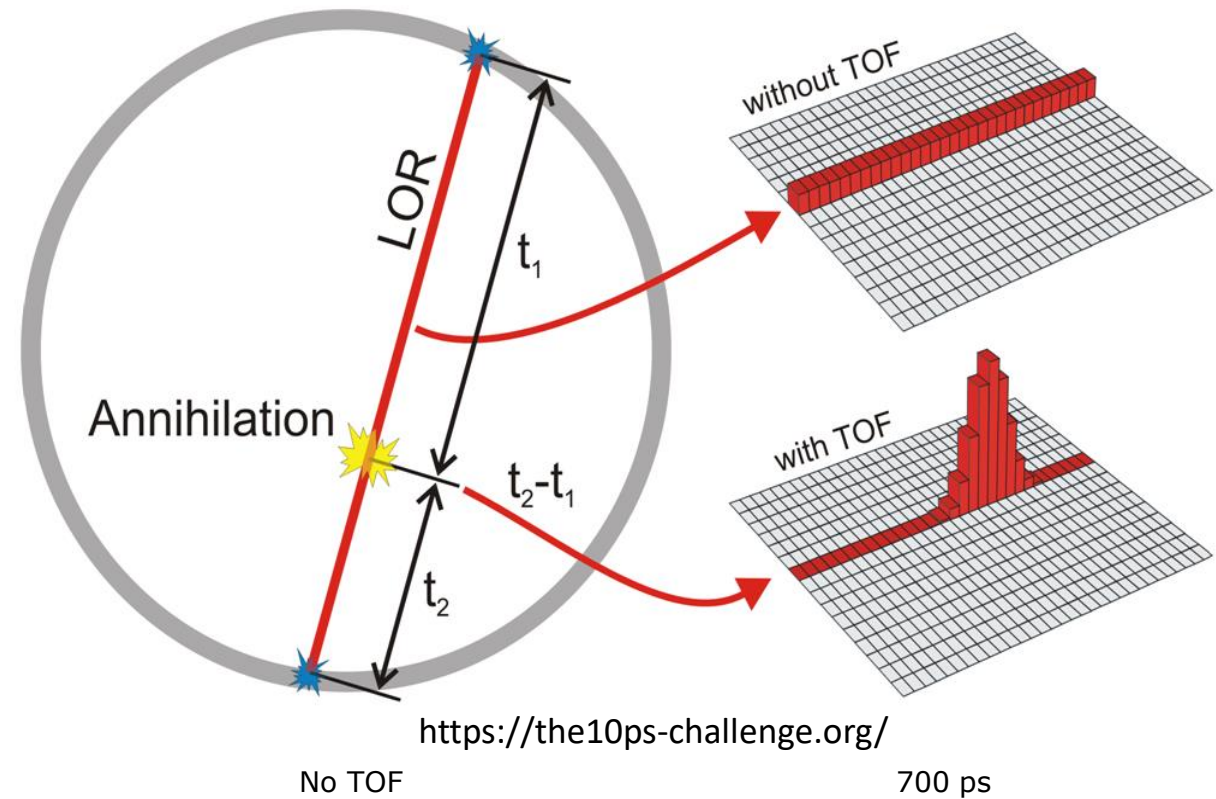
Konstantinou et al., 2021

# Basics of TOF PET

$$\Delta x = \frac{c\Delta t}{2}$$

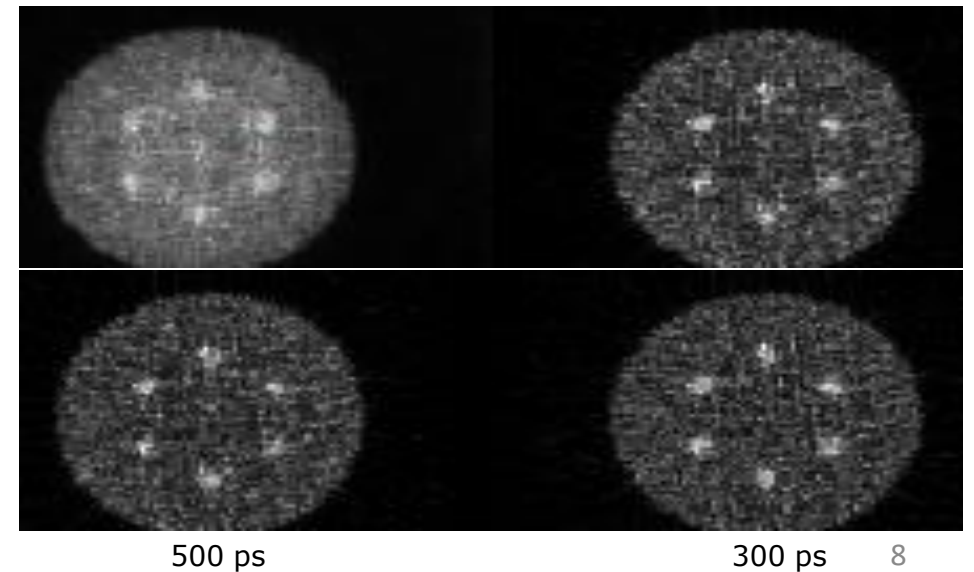
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Budinger, 1983



Konstantinou et al., 2021

PSMR 2024, Elba



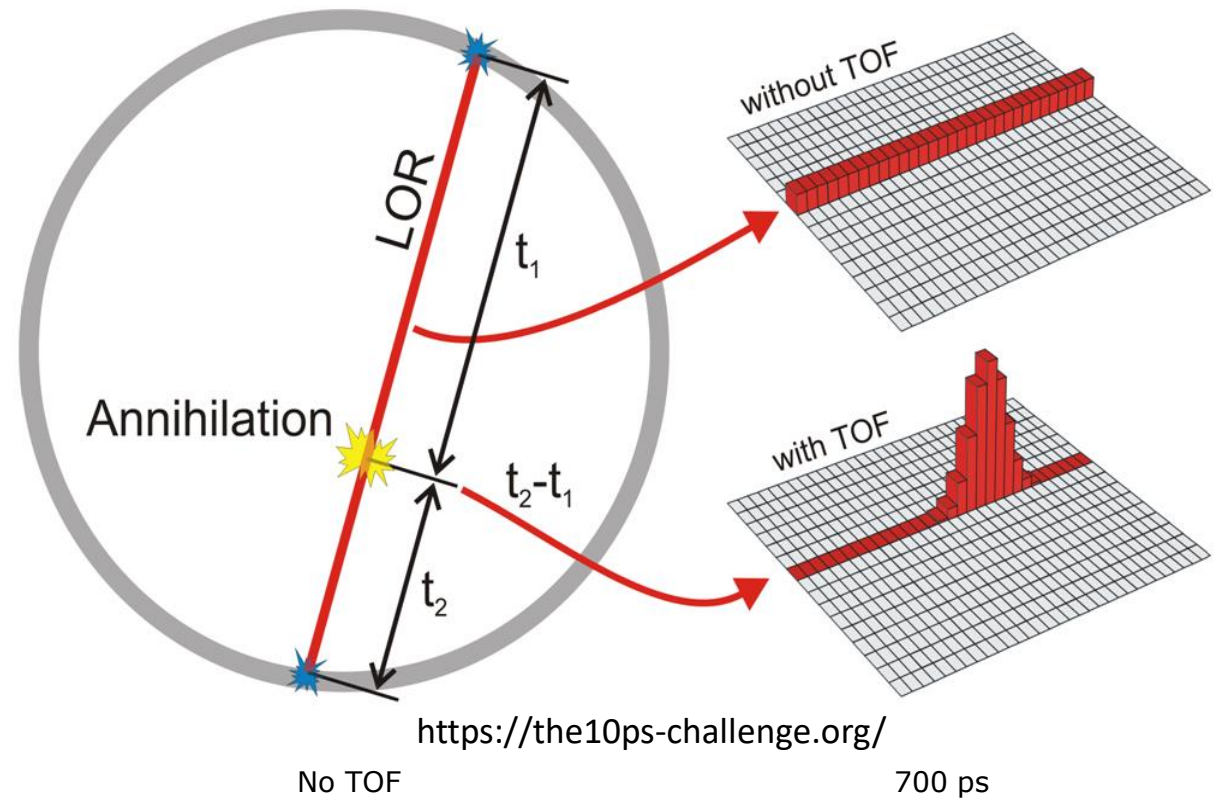


# Basics of TOF PET

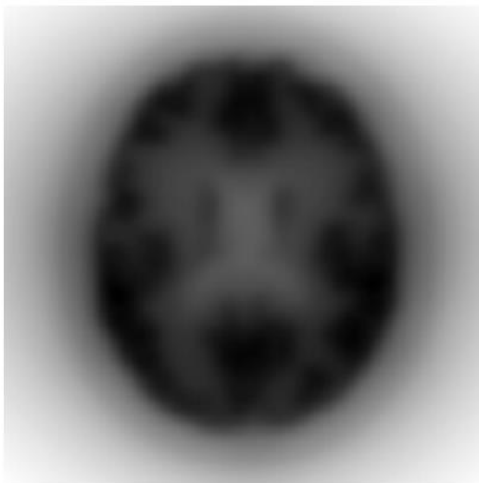
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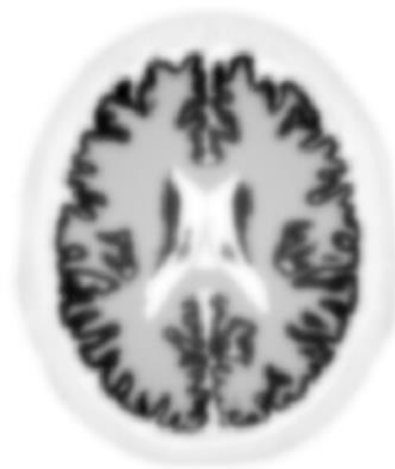
Budinger, 1983



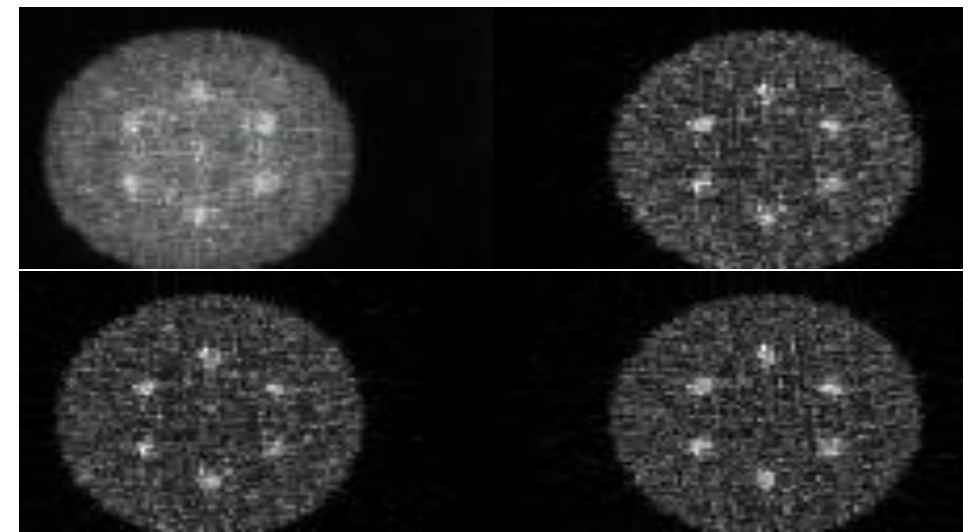
Hoffman brain phantom



Non-TOF back-projection



TOF back-projection with 10ps CTR



500 ps

300 ps

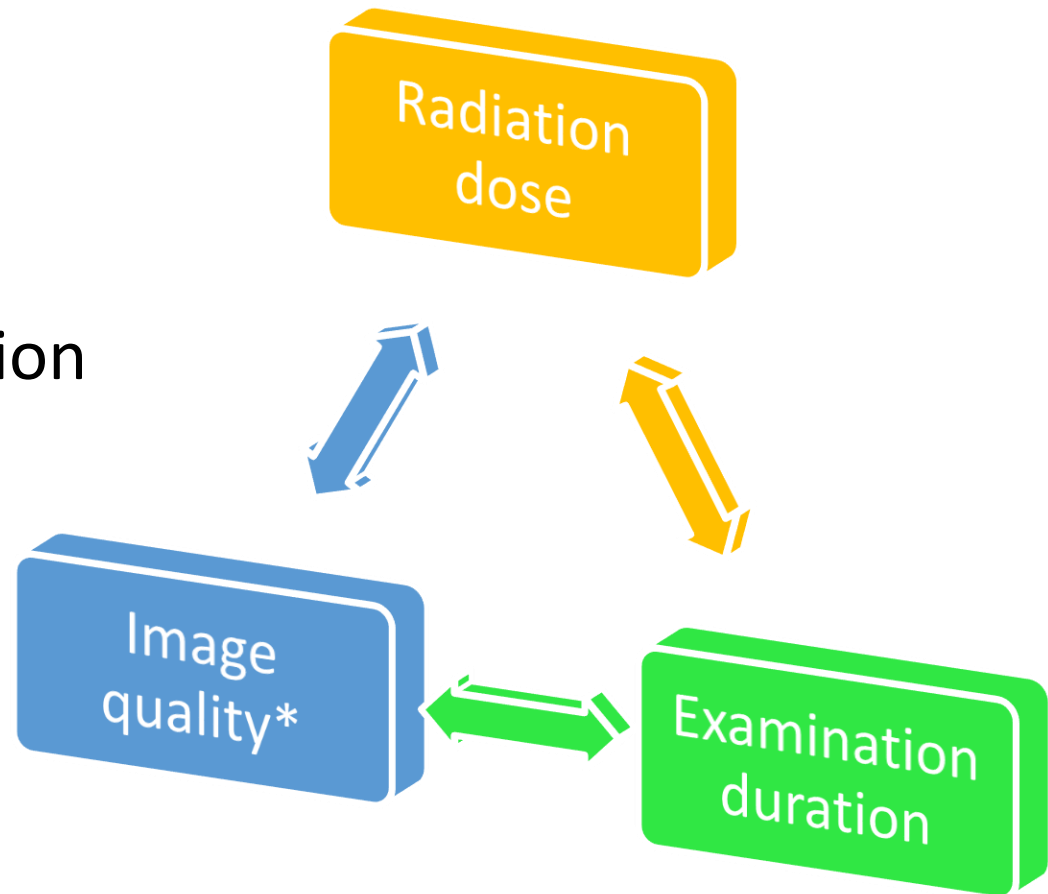
9

Courtesy of Johan Nuyts

# Clinical advantages

Improved SNR:

- Lower noise, Improved lesion detection
- Better patient throughput
- Less radiation necessary



# Examination duration

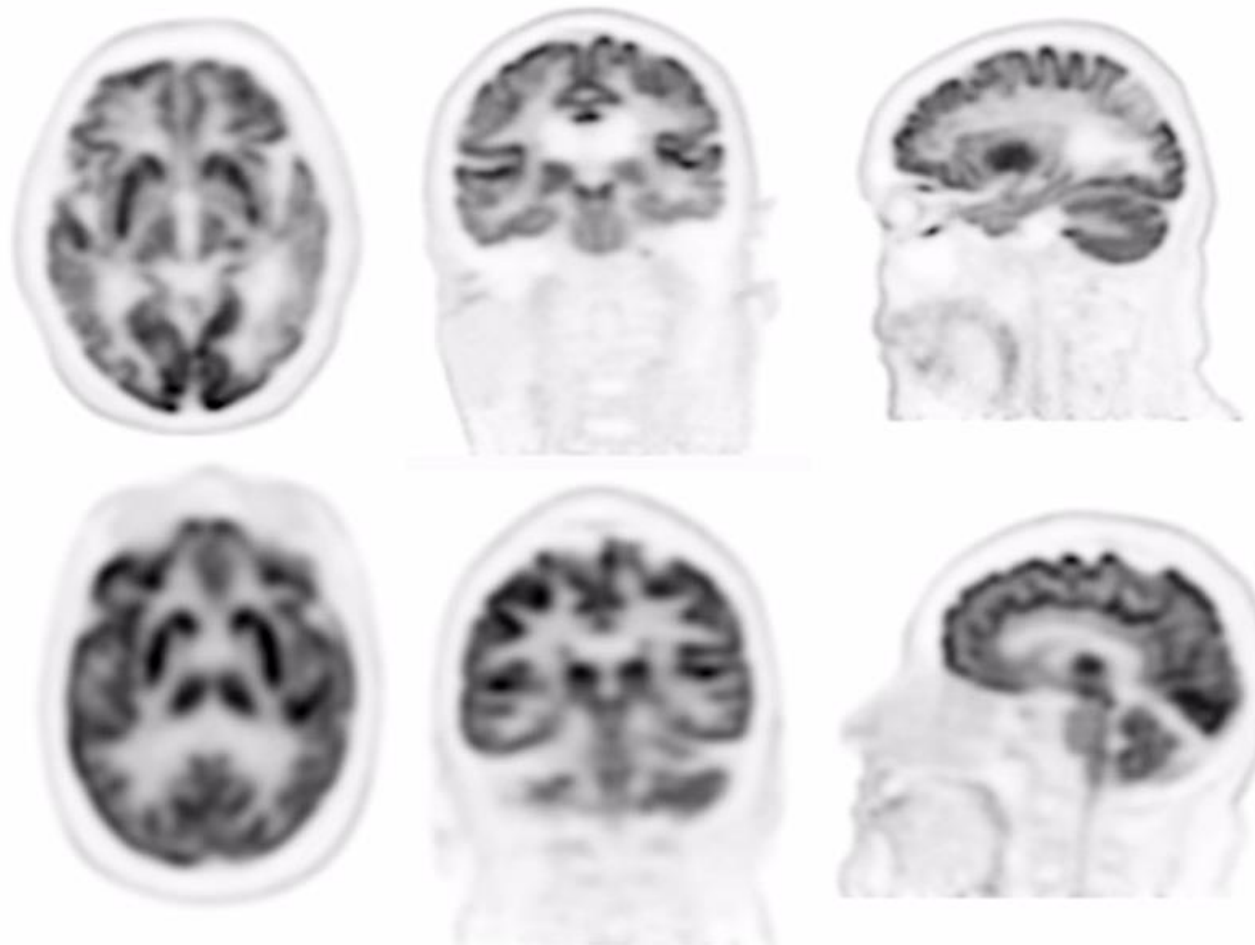
Vertex to thigh (halfbody) scan times:

- Biograph mCT TrueV (with TOF)
  - Median: 16:00
  - IQR: 14:00 to 17:30TOF: 530 ps
- Biograph Vision 600 (with TOF)
  - Median: 8:44
  - IQR: 7:46 to 9:55TOF: 214 ps

Administered activity at 3.5 MBq/kg, max 280 MBq at 80 kg

Manchester Hospital, NHS trust,  
courtesy Ian Armstrong &  
Siemens Healthineers

# Image quality\*



Biograph Vision (SiPM TOF)

250 MBq FDG

15 minute

$0.8 \times 0.8 \times 1.6 \text{ mm}^3$  voxels

TOF: 214 ps

Biograph mCT (PMT TOF)

250 MBq FDG

20 minute

$2.0 \times 2.0 \times 2.0 \text{ mm}^3$  voxels

TOF: 530 ps

Manchester Hospital, NHS trust,  
courtesy Ian Armstrong &  
Siemens Healthineers

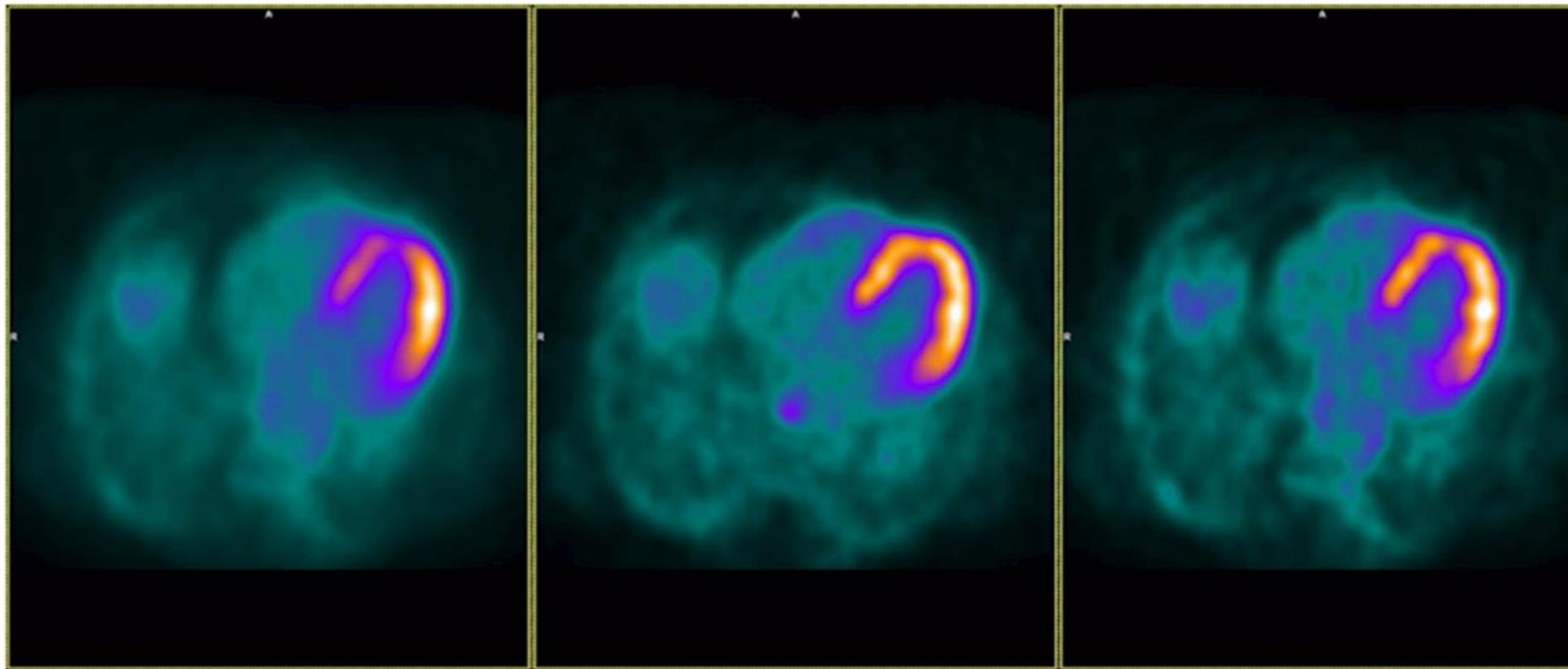


# Clinical advantages

- Availability of **smaller voxels**
- Less reliance on post-reconstruction techniques to control image noise, **faster convergence**
- Improves visualization and quantification of **smaller lesions** and fine detail
- Reduces **artifacts** caused by misregistration or open architectures (streaks, blurring)

# Faster convergence

Rubidium Cardiac Scan, 214 ps TOF resolution



No TOF 4i

TOF 4i

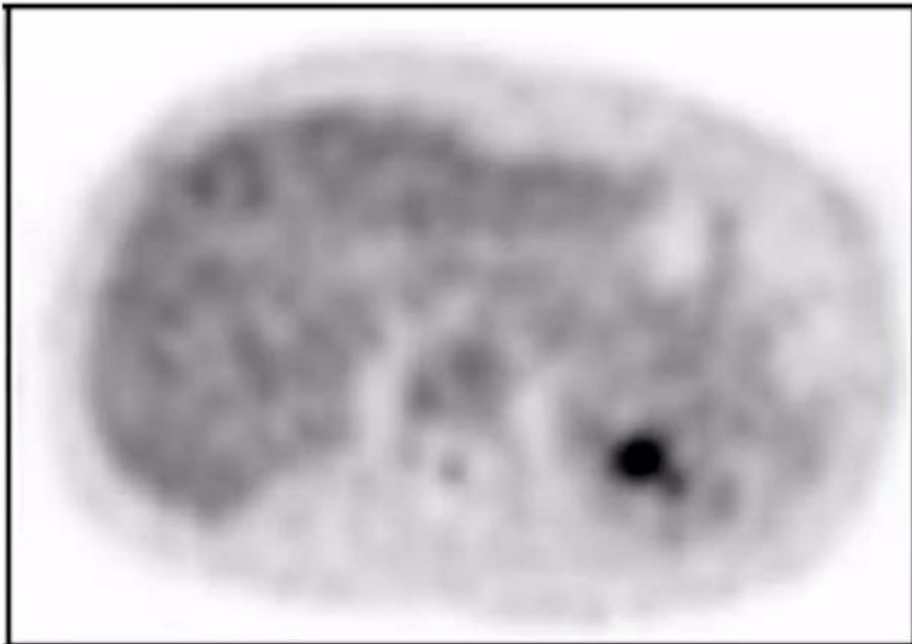
No TOF 10i

Faster convergence → Fewer iterations → Less noise

Manchester Hospital, NHS trust,  
courtesy Ian Armstrong &  
Siemens Healthineers

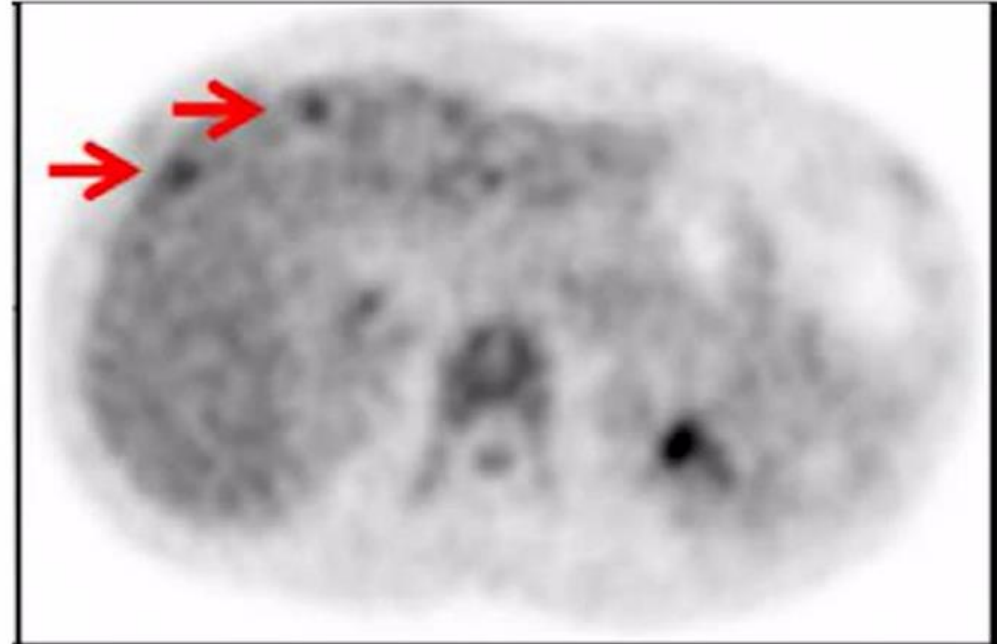
# Small lesion detection

PMT TOF – 580ps



Liver metastasis FDG examination

SiPM TOF – 380ps

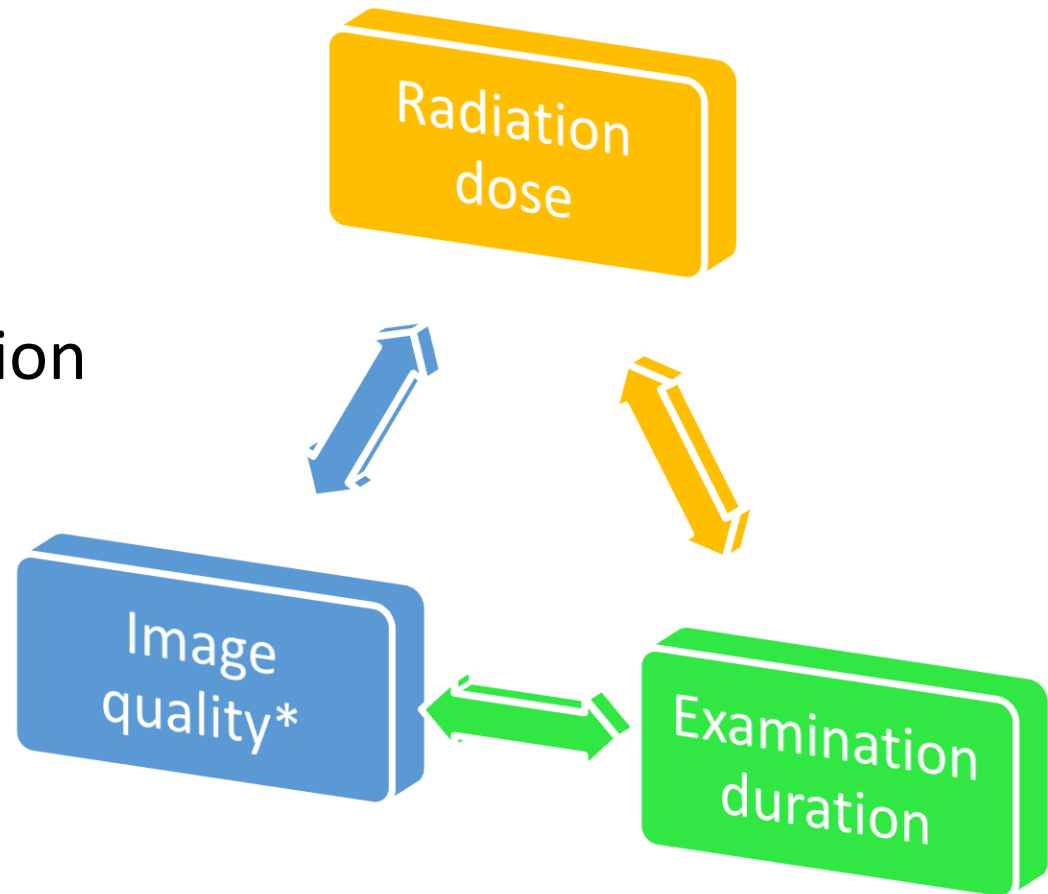


Fuentes-Ocampo et al., 2021

# Clinical advantages

Improved SNR:

- Lower noise, Improved lesion detection
- Better patient throughput
- Less radiation necessary



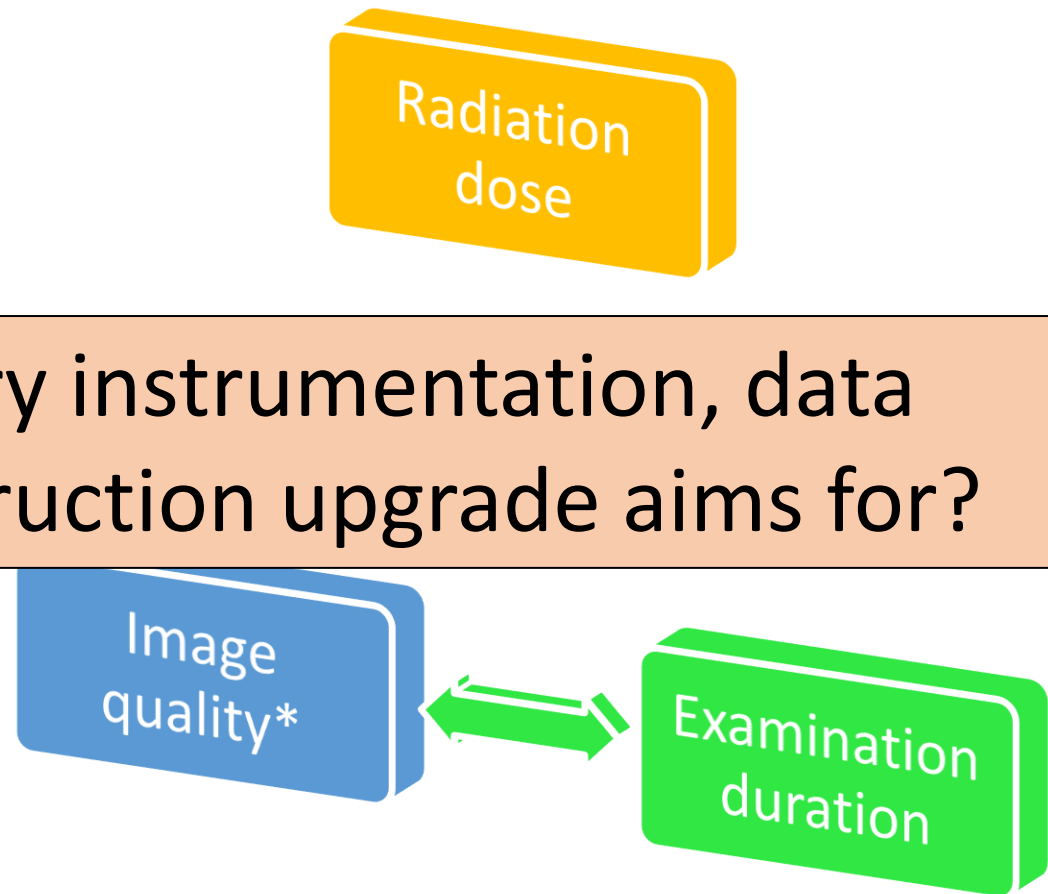


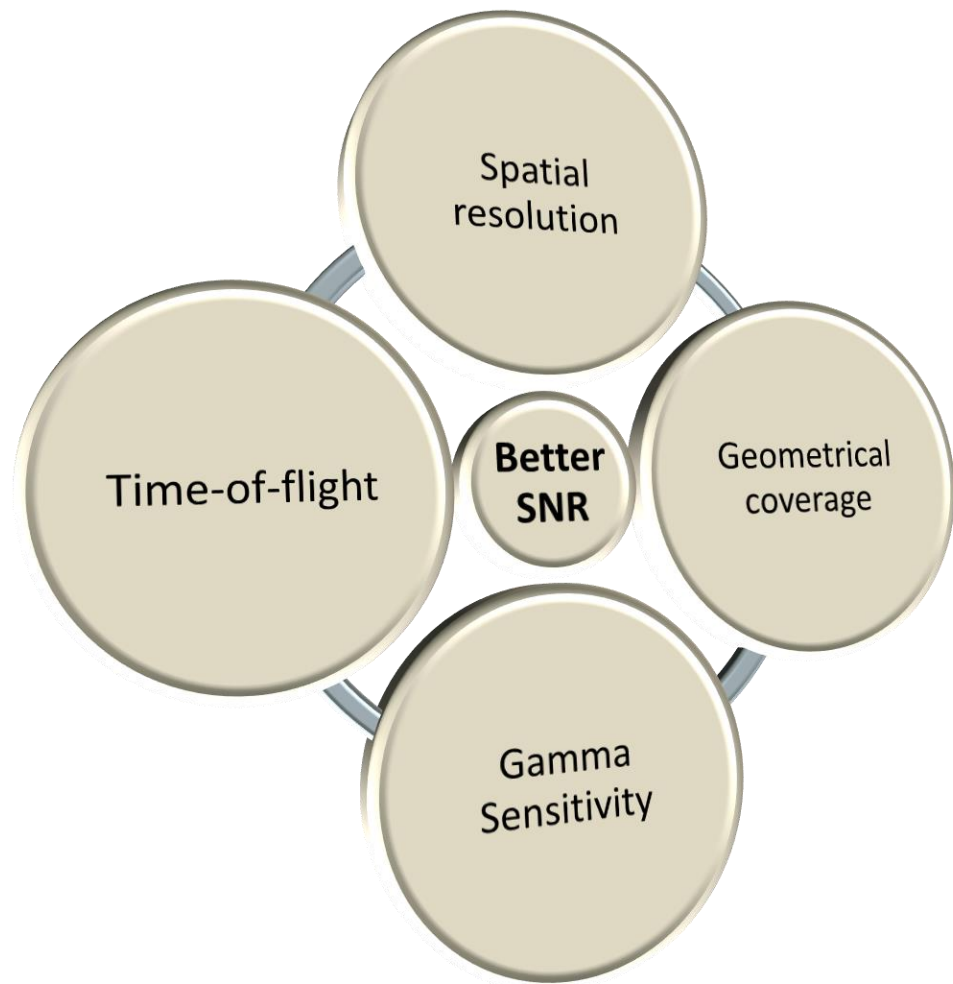
# Clinical advantages

Improved SNR:

- Lower
- Better
- Less radiation necessary

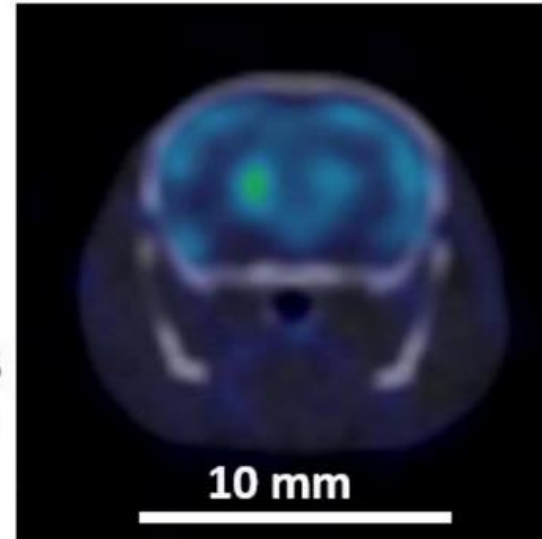
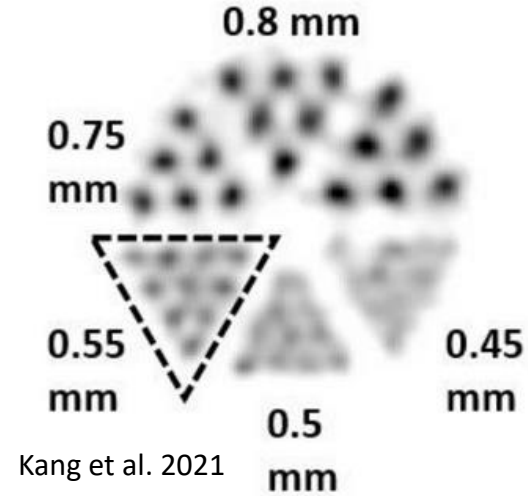
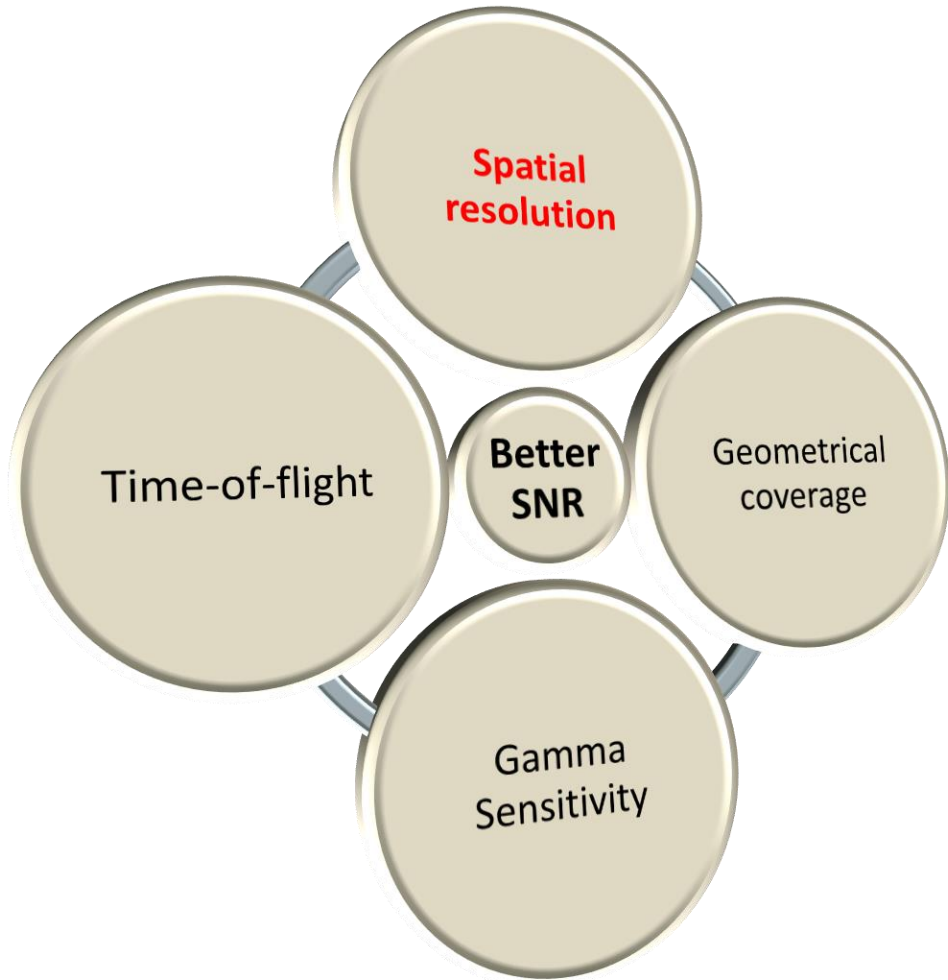
Is this not what every instrumentation, data processing or reconstruction upgrade aims for?





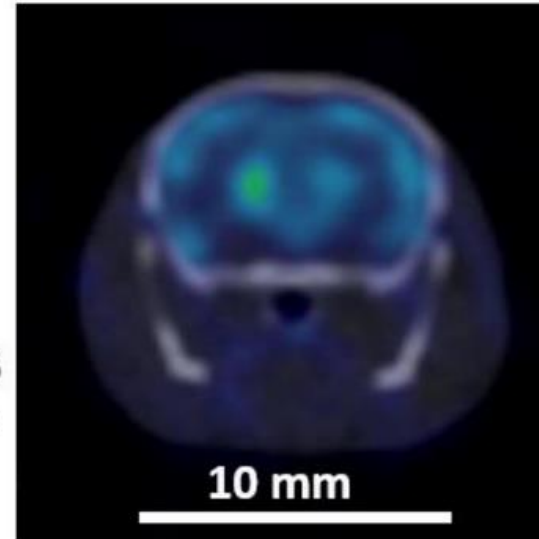
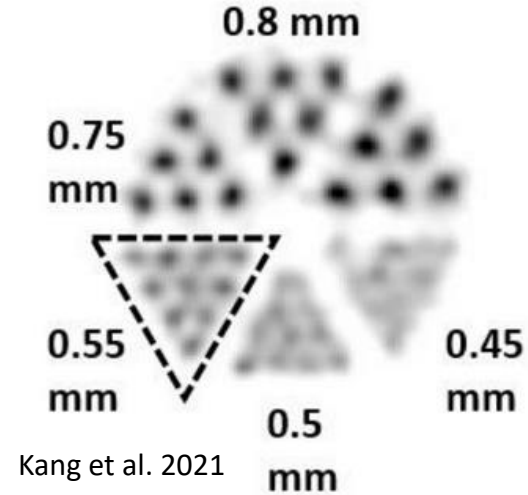
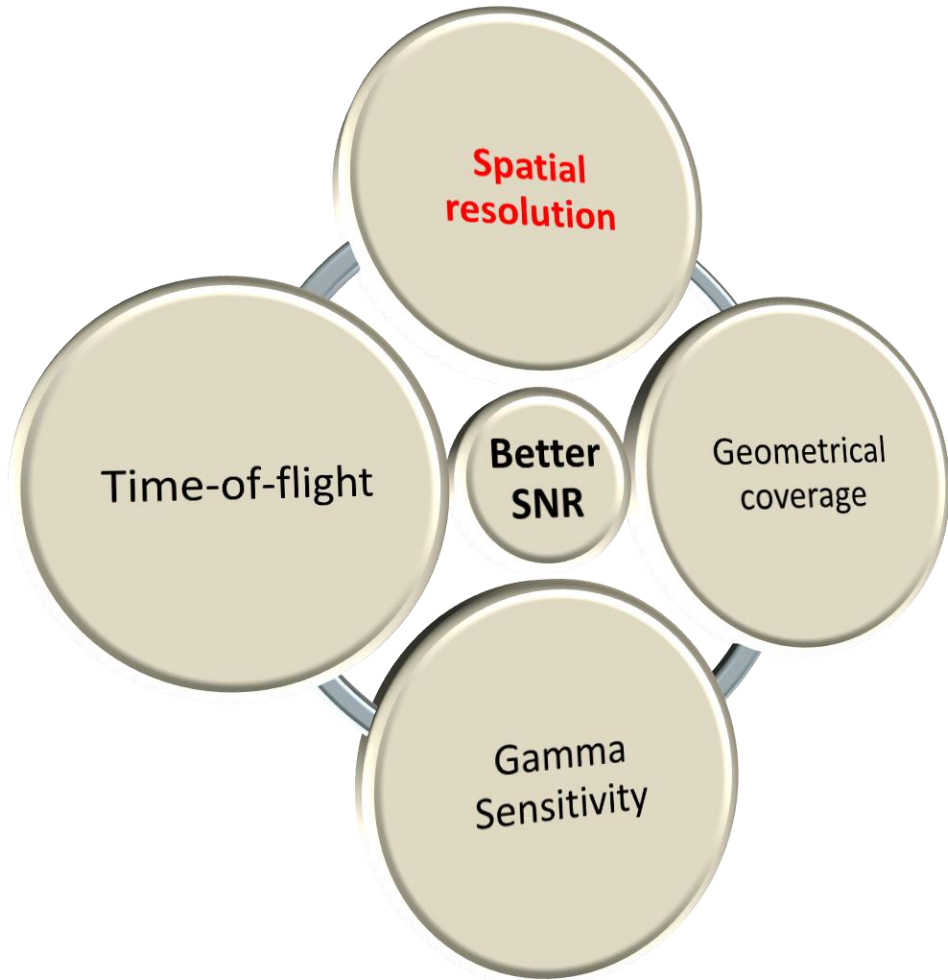
# Spatial resolution

$$SNR \propto \frac{1}{R}$$

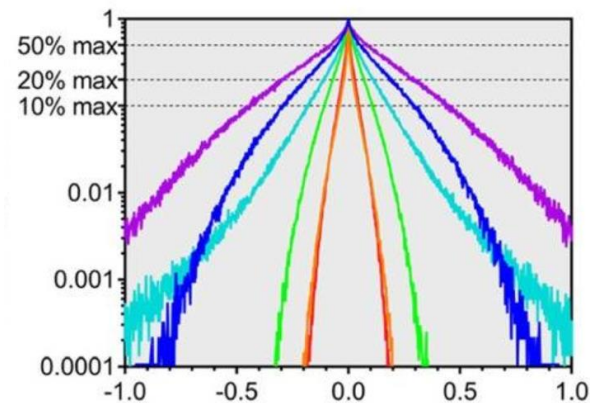


# Spatial resolution

$$SNR \propto \frac{1}{R}$$



- Positron range



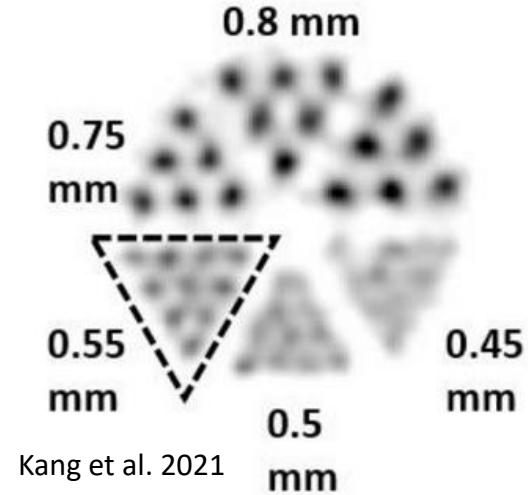
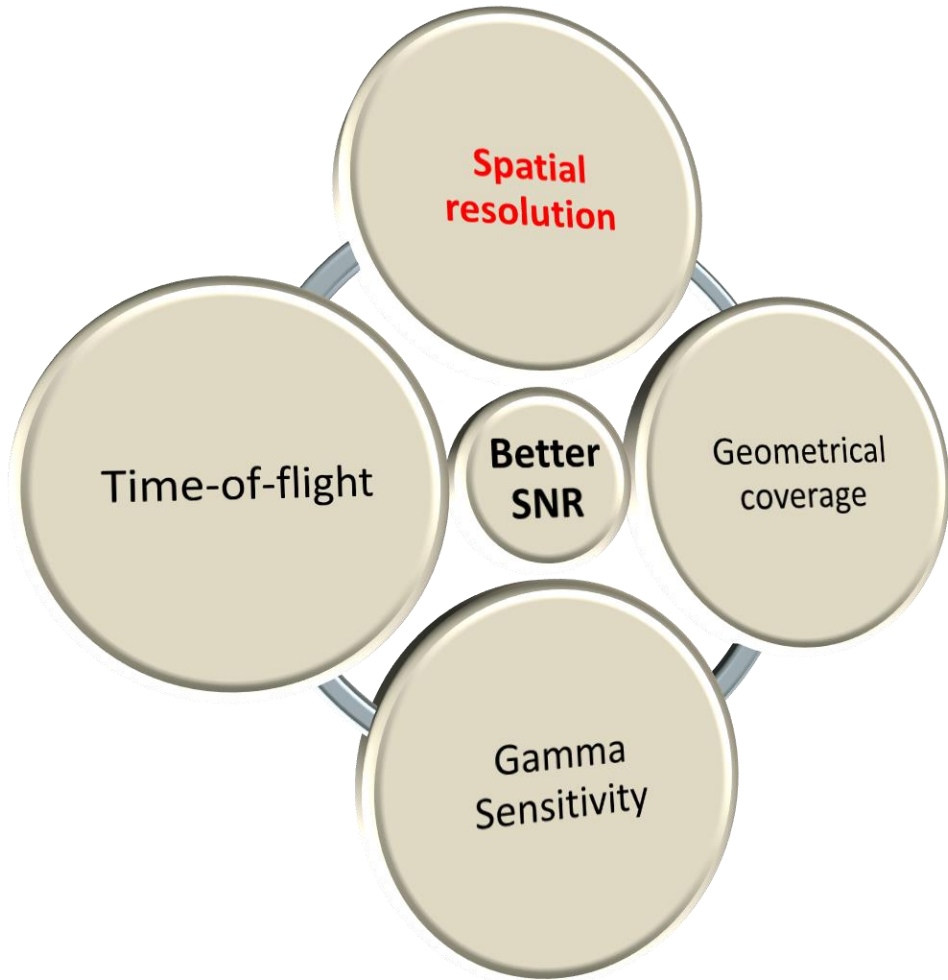
Carter et al. 2020

PSMR 2024, Elba

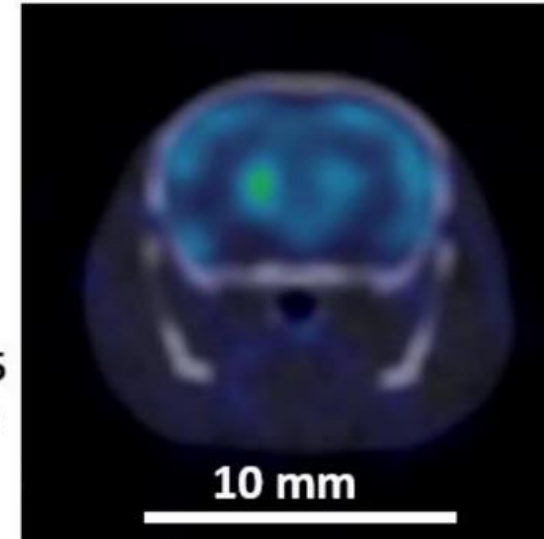


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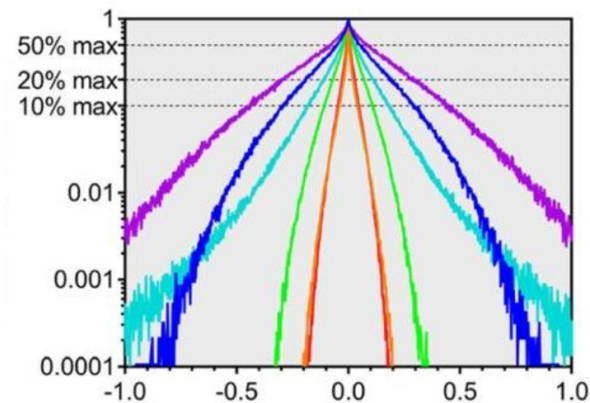
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- Positron range

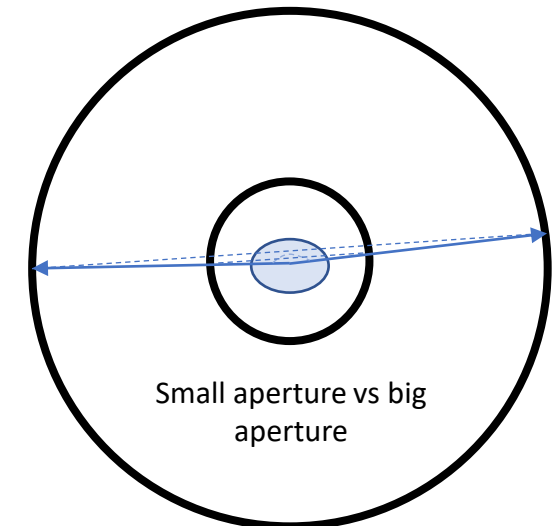


- Acolinearity



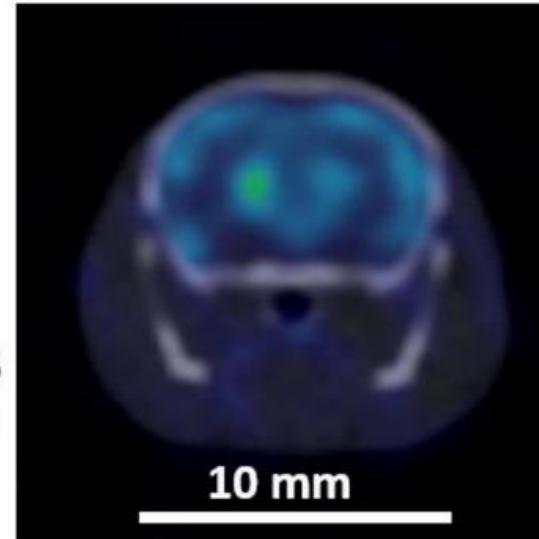
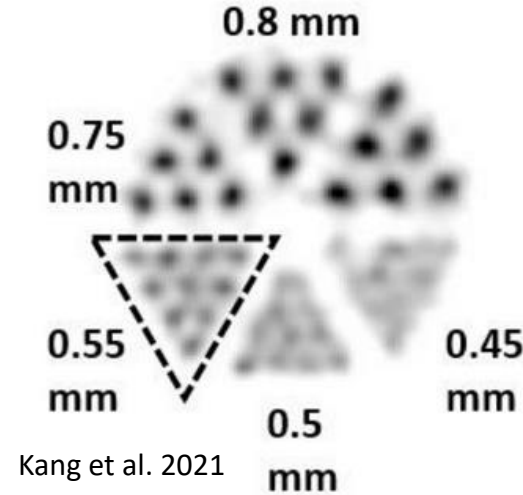
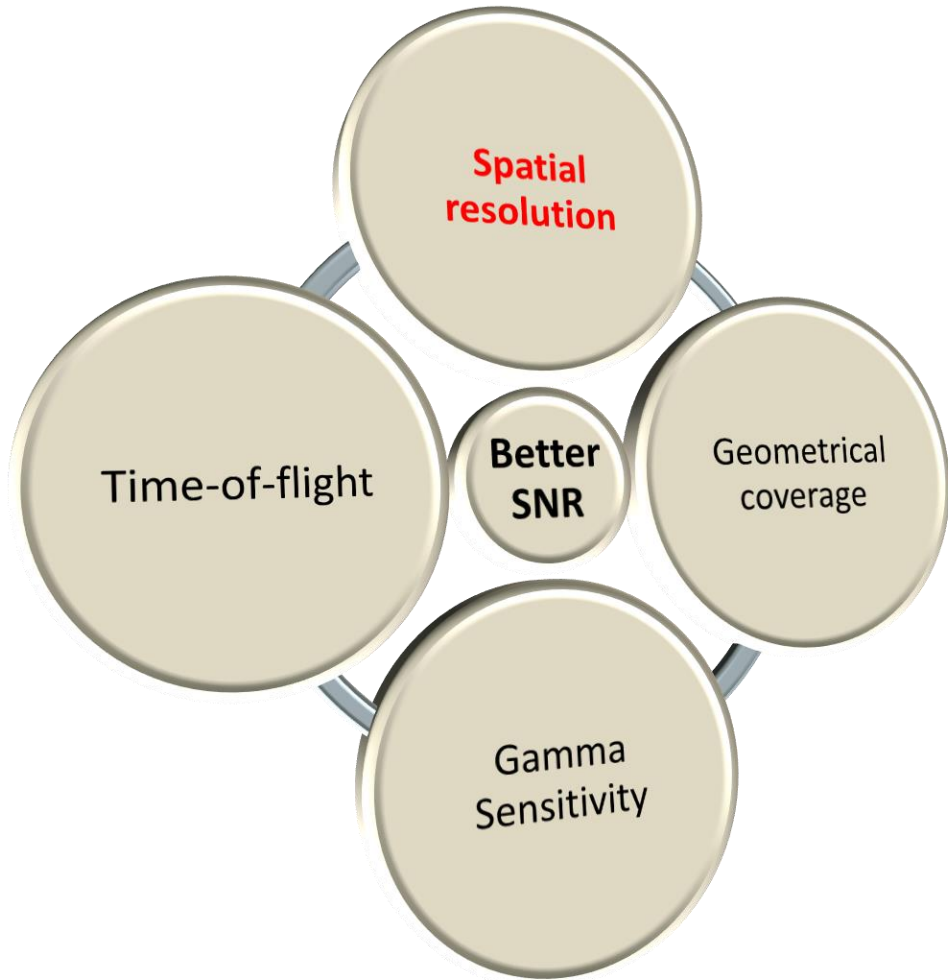
Carter et al. 2020

PSMR 2024, Elba



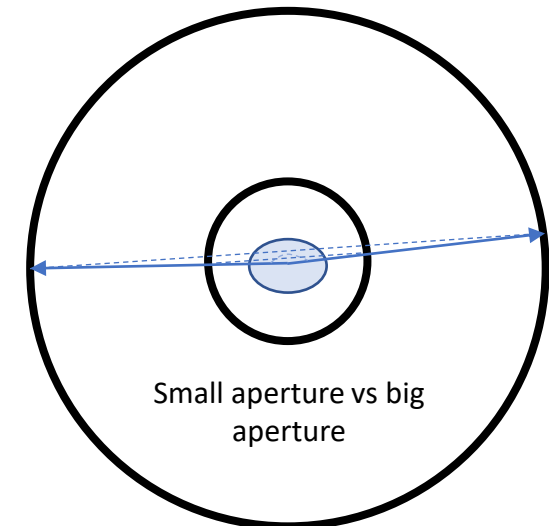
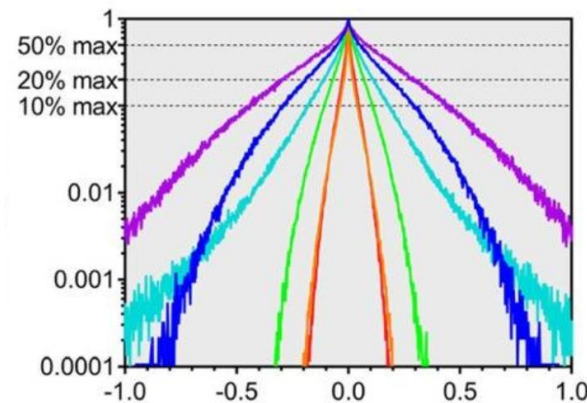
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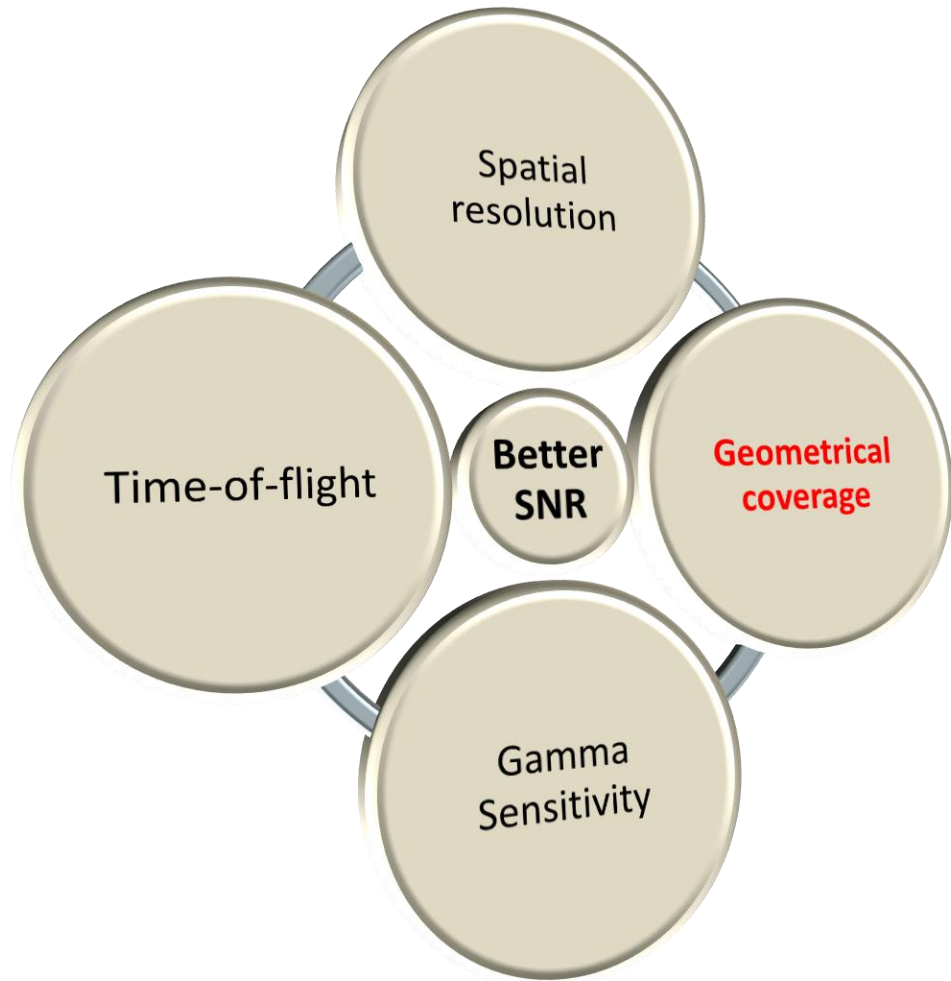
- Positron range

- Acolinearity

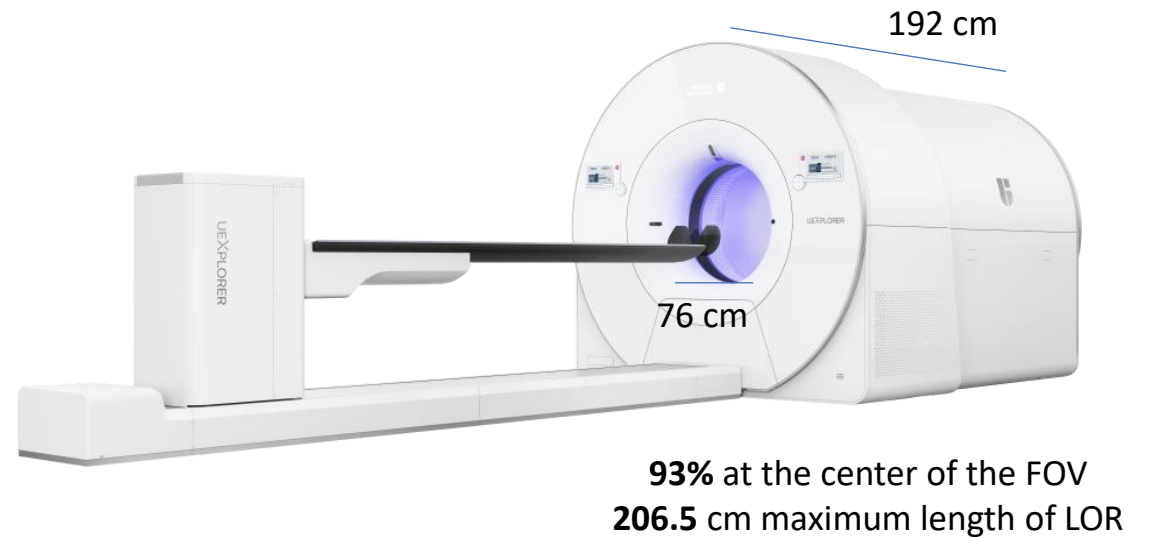


Physical limit: up to 2 mm

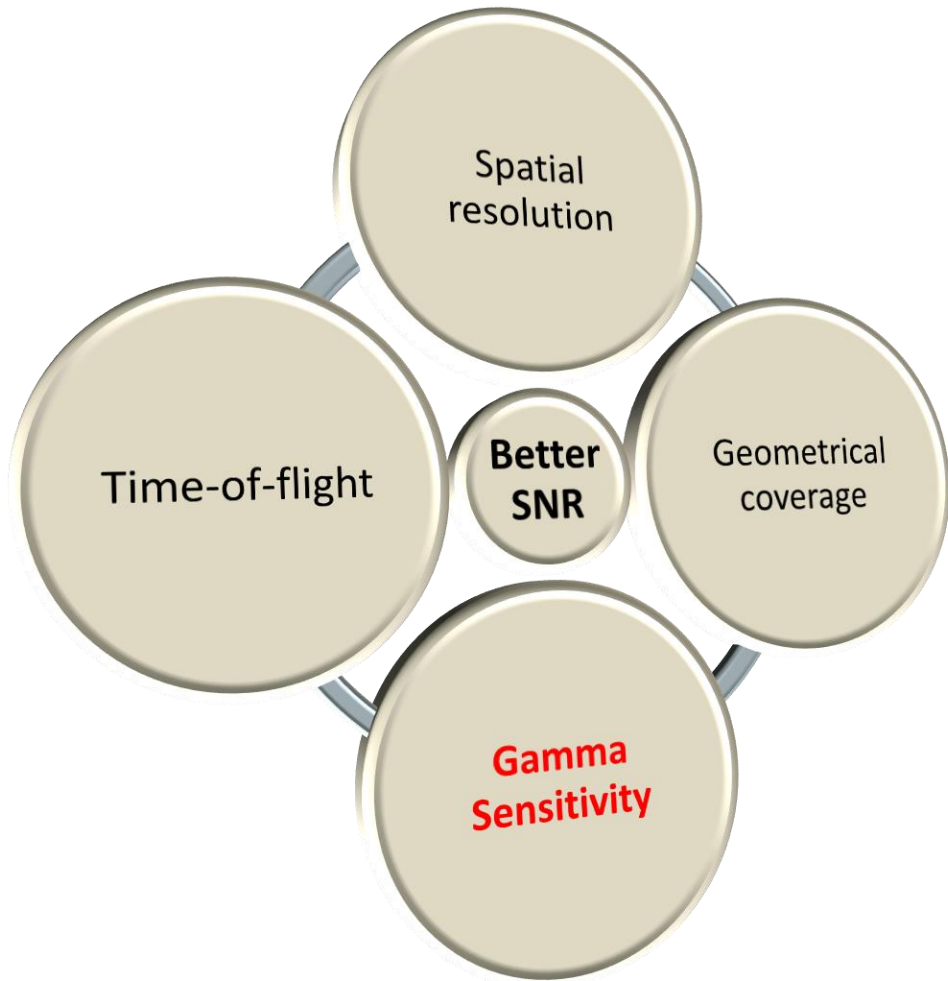
# Geometry



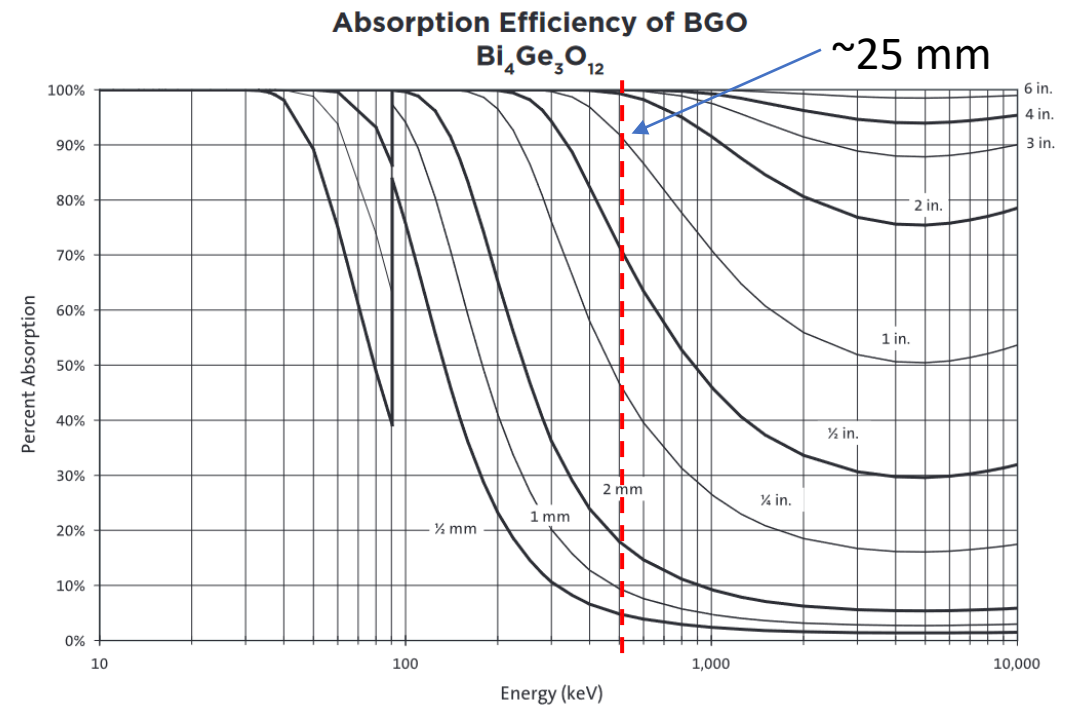
$$SNR \propto \sqrt{C}$$



# Efficiency



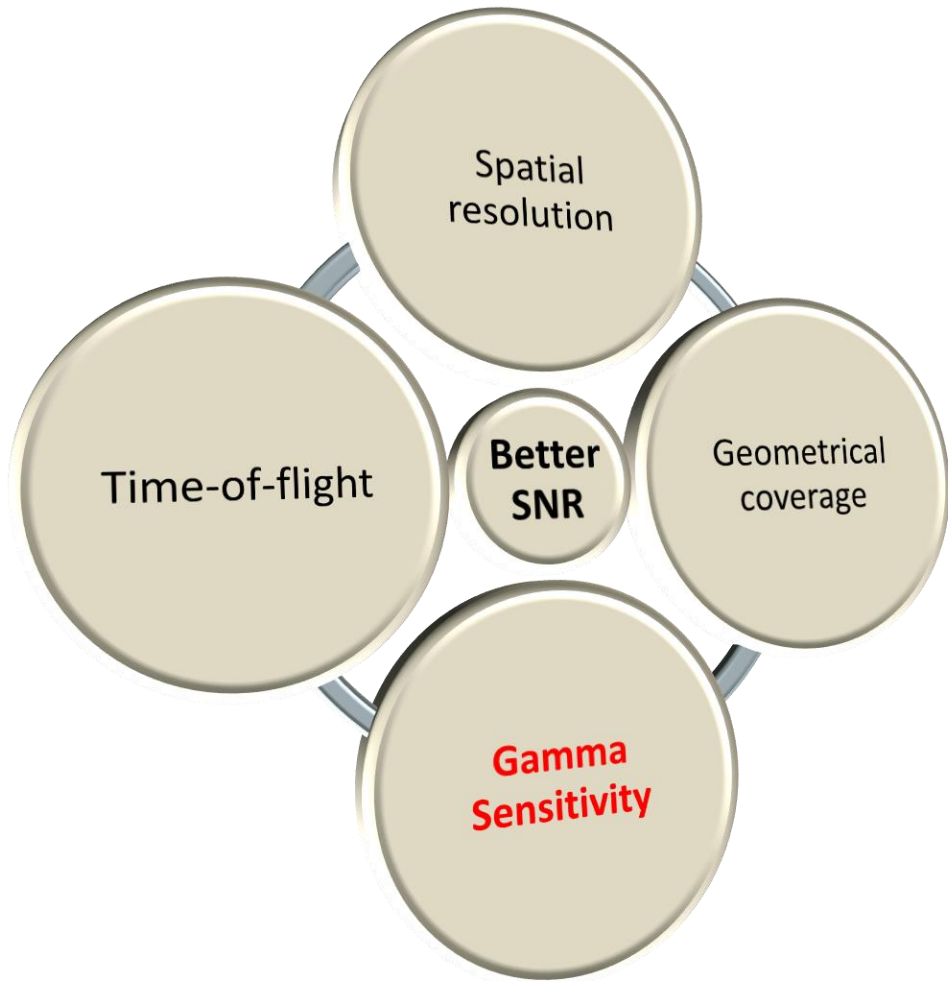
$$SNR \propto \sqrt{E}$$



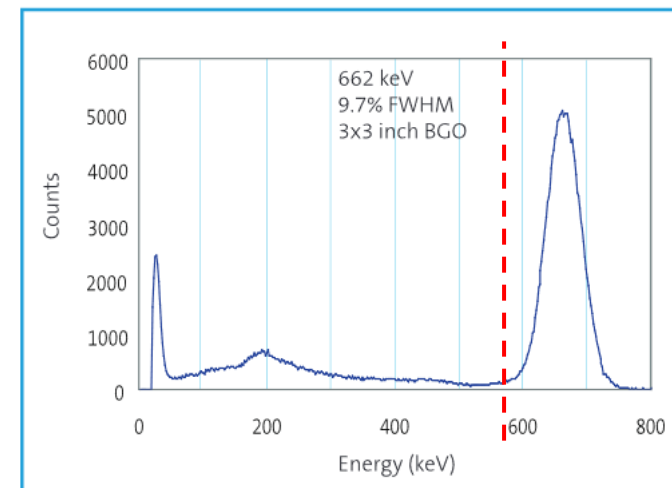
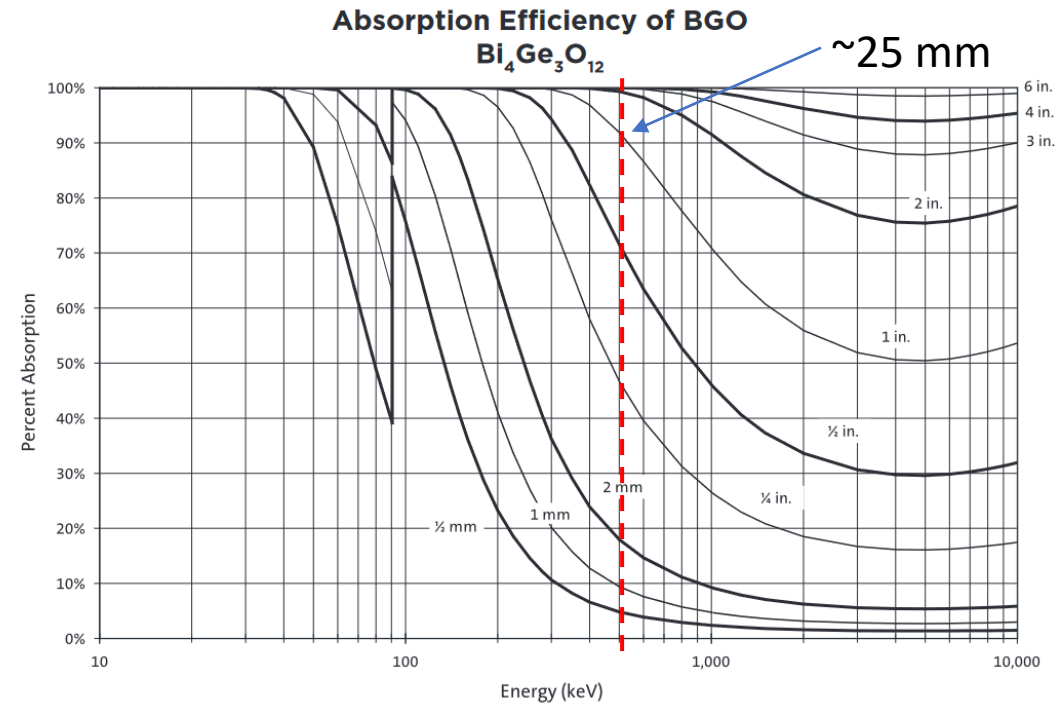
30 mm BGO:  
90% singles



# Efficiency



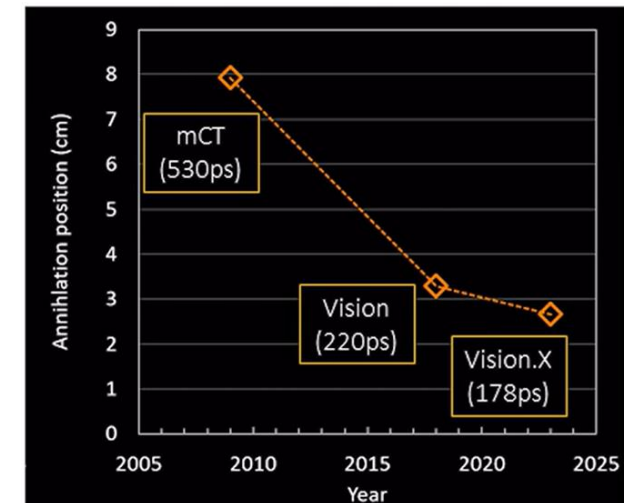
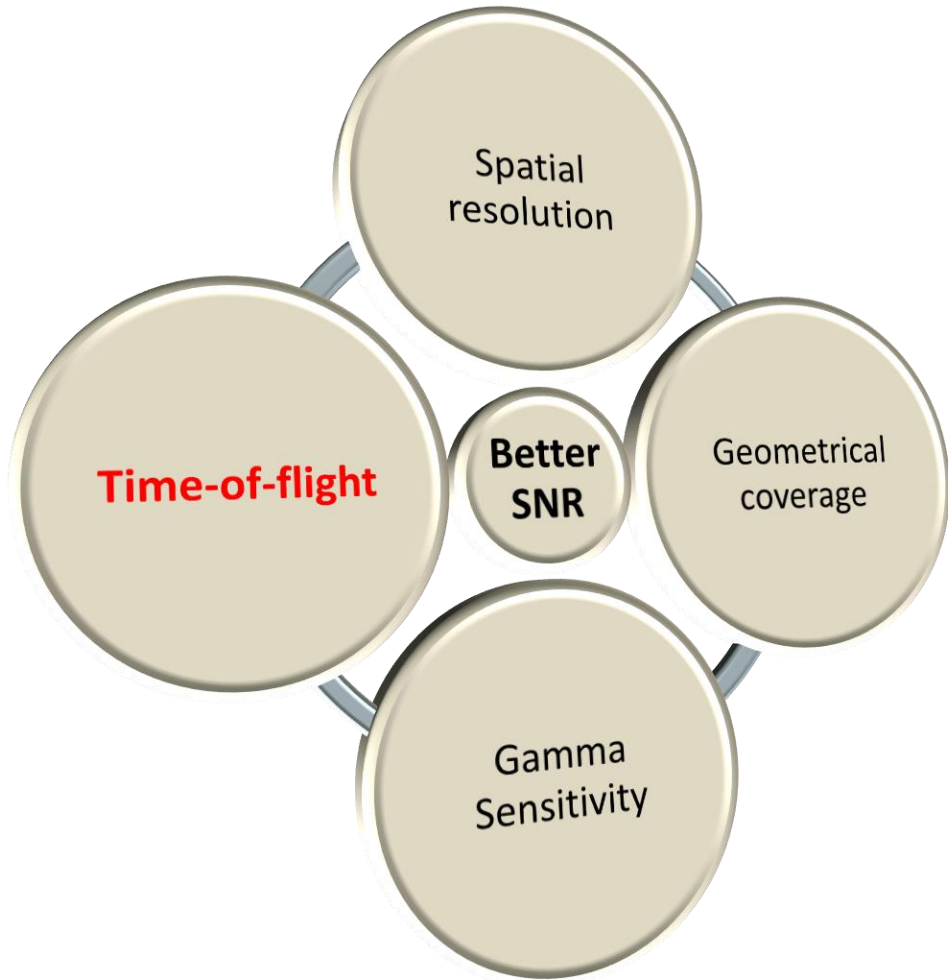
$$SNR \propto \sqrt{E}$$



30 mm BGO:  
90% singles  
~60% photopeak

# Why TOF is the last frontier?

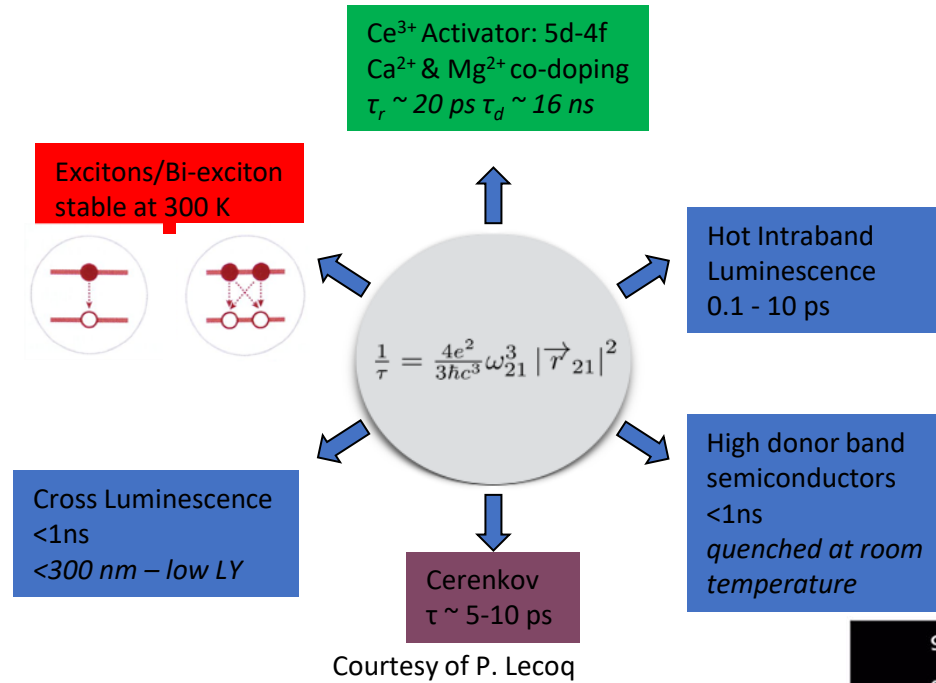
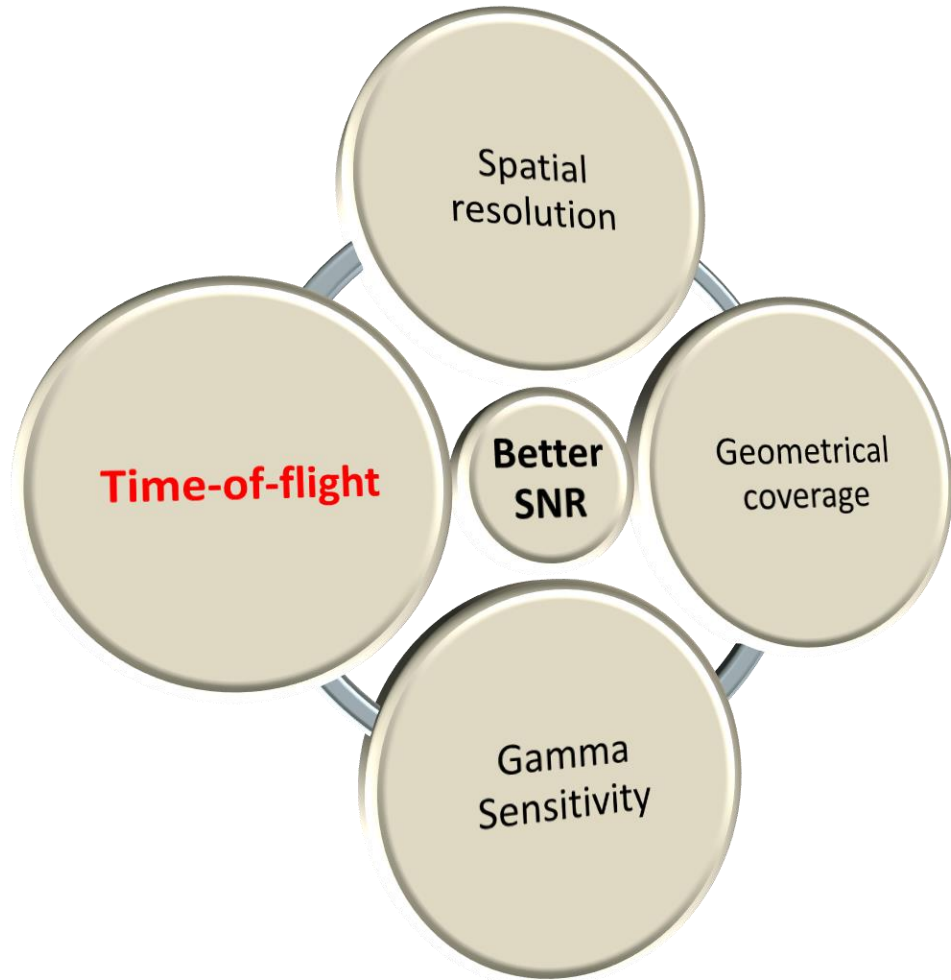
$$SNR \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{\Delta t}}$$



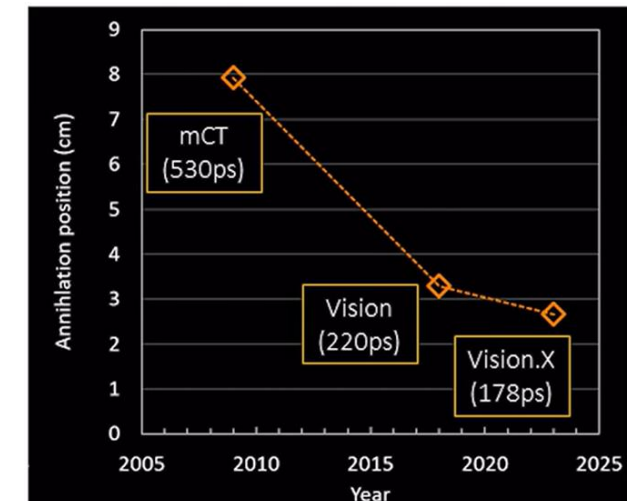
Courtesy of I. Armstrong

# Why TOF is the last frontier?

$$SNR \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{\Delta t}}$$



Physical limit  
**VS**  
Clinical application



# Why TOF is the last frontier?

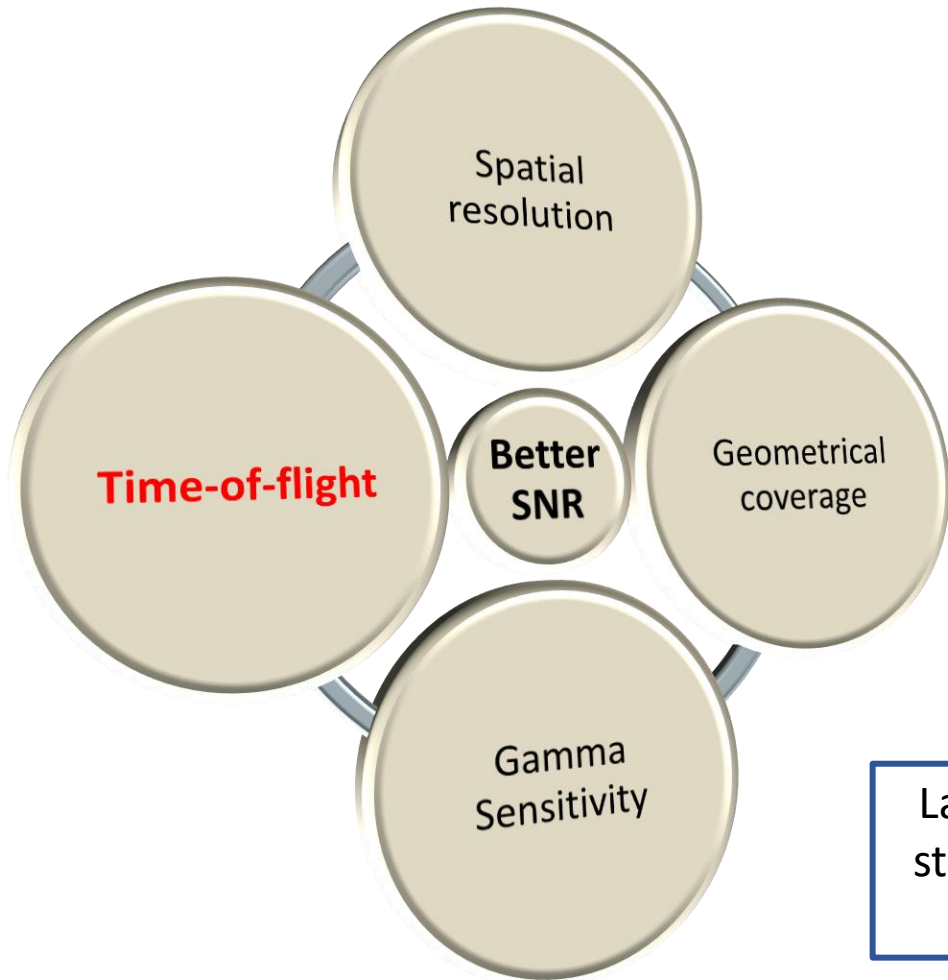
$$SNR \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{\Delta t}}$$

Scintillator

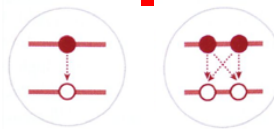
Photodetector

Data acquisition

Data management



Excitons/Bi-exciton  
stable at 300 K



Ce<sup>3+</sup> Activator: 5d-4f  
Ca<sup>2+</sup> & Mg<sup>2+</sup> co-doping  
 $\tau_r \sim 20 \text{ ps}$   $\tau_d \sim 16 \text{ ns}$

$$\frac{1}{\tau} = \frac{4e^2}{3\hbar c^3} \omega_{21}^3 |\vec{r}_{21}|^2$$

Hot Intraband  
Luminescence  
0.1 - 10 ps

High donor band  
semiconductors  
<1ns  
*quenched at room  
temperature*

Cross Luminescence  
<1ns  
<300 nm – low LY

Cerenkov  
 $\tau \sim 5\text{-}10 \text{ ps}$

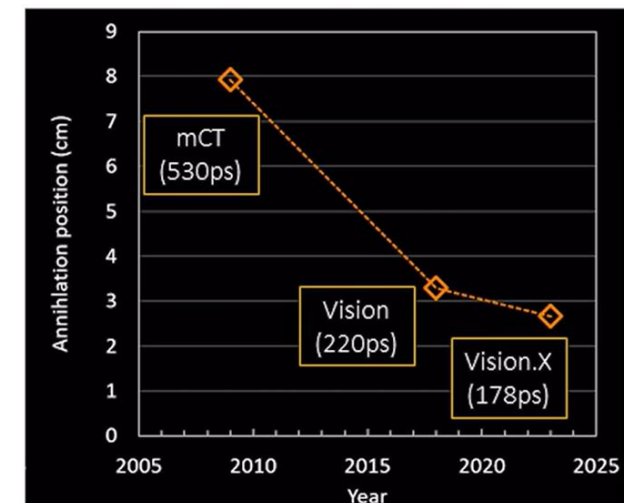
Courtesy of P. Lecoq

Laboratory  
state of the  
art

Physical limit

**VS**

Clinical application




Courtesy of I. Armstrong

# State-of-the-art in the laboratory

Article | Published: 14 October 2021

## **Ultrafast timing enables reconstruction-free positron emission imaging**


[Sun Il Kwon](#), [Ryosuke Ota](#), [Eric Berg](#), [Fumio Hashimoto](#), [Kyohei Nakajima](#), [Izumi Ogawa](#), [Yoichi Tamagawa](#), [Tomohide Omura](#), [Tomoyuki Hasegawa](#) & [Simon R. Cherry](#) 

[Nature Photonics](#) **15**, 914–918 (2021) | [Cite this article](#)

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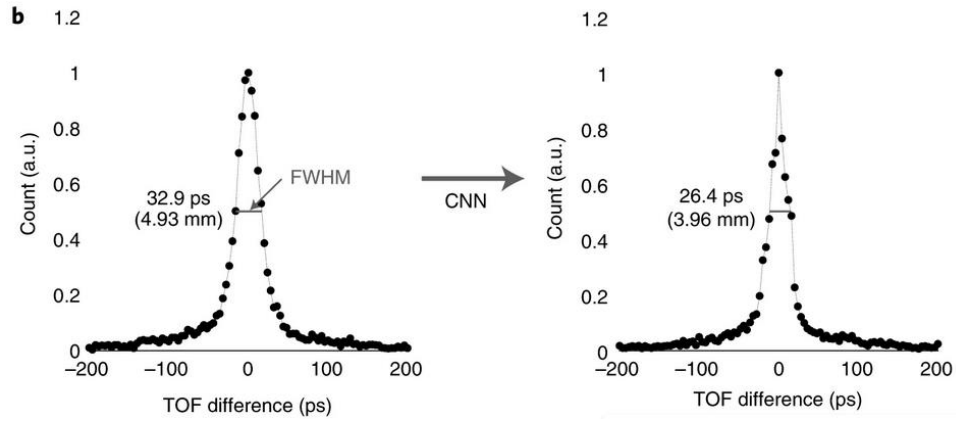
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- Micro-Channel Plate PMT
- Convolutional neural networks



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- Convolutional neural networks

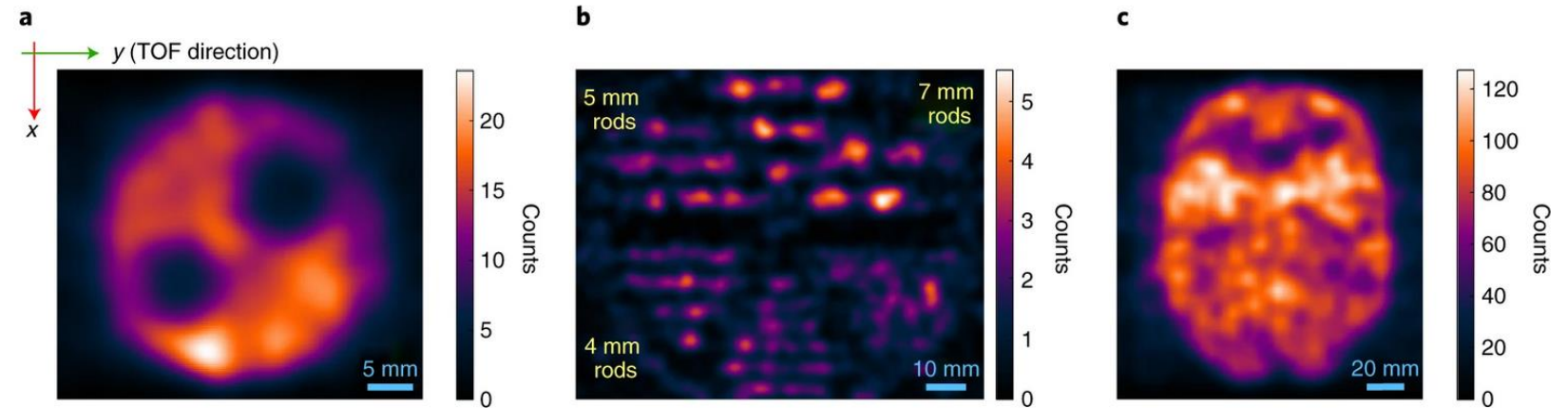
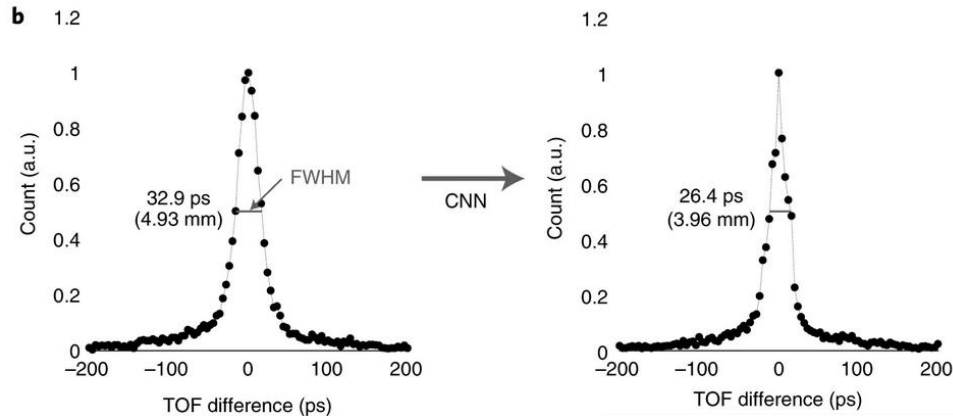
# State-of-the-art in the laboratory

Article | Published: 14 October 2021

## Ultrafast timing enables reconstruction-free positron emission imaging

[Sun Il Kwon](#), [Ryosuke Ota](#), [Eric Berg](#), [Fumio Hashimoto](#), [Kyohei Nakajima](#), [Izumi Ogawa](#), [Yoichi Tamagawa](#), [Tomohide Omura](#), [Tomoyuki Hasegawa](#) & [Simon R. Cherry](#) ✉

[Nature Photonics](#) **15**, 914–918 (2021) | [Cite this article](#)



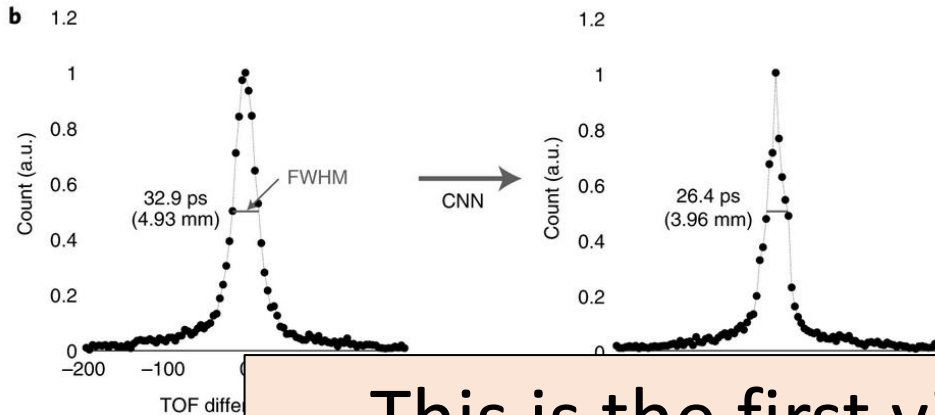
- 4 mm spatial TOF resolution, BUT:
- Detection efficiency of 12.9% (1.65% in coincidence)

# State-of-the-art in the laboratory

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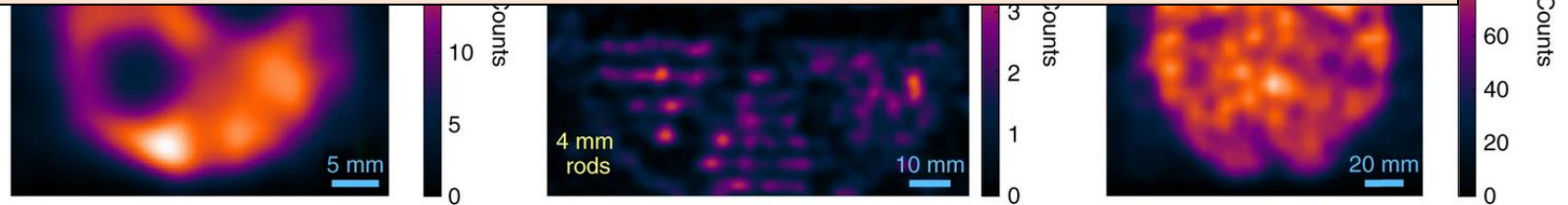
## Ultrafast timing enables reconstruction-free positron emission imaging

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This is the first viable proof-of-concept of dPEI (Direct Positron Emission Imaging): TOF departs beyond the concept of Positron Emission Tomography

- Cherenkov
- Micro-Channel Plate PMT
- Convolutional neural networks



- 4 mm spatial TOF resolution, BUT:
- Detection efficiency of 12.9% (1.65% in coincidence)



# Scintillator

## Photodetector

## Data acquisition

# Data management

Courtesy of Paul Lecoq



## Quantum confined Excitons/Bi-excitons

## Hot Intraband

High density

 $\leq 50\text{ph}$ 

## Large spectrum

# Cerenkov

High density

 $\leq 20\text{ph}$ 

## Large spectrum

**C – Crossluminescence**


## X-luminescent

High density  
 $\leq 2000 \text{ ph/MeV}$   
 UV


## High Donnor band Semiconductors

High density  
 $\leq 4000 \text{ ph/MeV}$  low T,  
 quenched at RT


The diagram shows the energy levels of a semiconductor. At the top is the 'Conduction band' (white box). Below it is the 'Donor band' (light blue box) containing several negative charges (e-). At the bottom is the 'Valence band' (dark blue box) containing several positive charges (holes, h+). Two arrows originate from the donor band: one points down to a 'Non-radiative hole trap' (white box) within the valence band, and the other points down to a 'Dopant hole trap' (white box) and then to the valence band, with a wavy arrow labeled 'hv' indicating the emission of a photon.



Sigma Bonds  
 $sp^2$  Hybridized orbitals



6  $p_z$  orbitals



delocalized  $\pi$  system

## Organic scintillators

Low density  
 $\leq 20000 \text{ ph/MeV}$   
 Blue, Near UV

The diagram illustrates the two-step process of photocatalytic hydrogen production. On the left, a semiconductor (represented by a blue and red block) is shown. An incident photon ( $h\nu$ ) excites an electron from the valence band to the conduction band. On the right, the excited electron is used to reduce protons ( $H^+$ ) to hydrogen gas ( $H_2$ ), while the semiconductor is regenerated by a sacrificial donor ( $S$ ) which is oxidized to  $S^+$ .

**A – Doped ion,  
or intrinsic defect**

### B – Self- trapped exciton

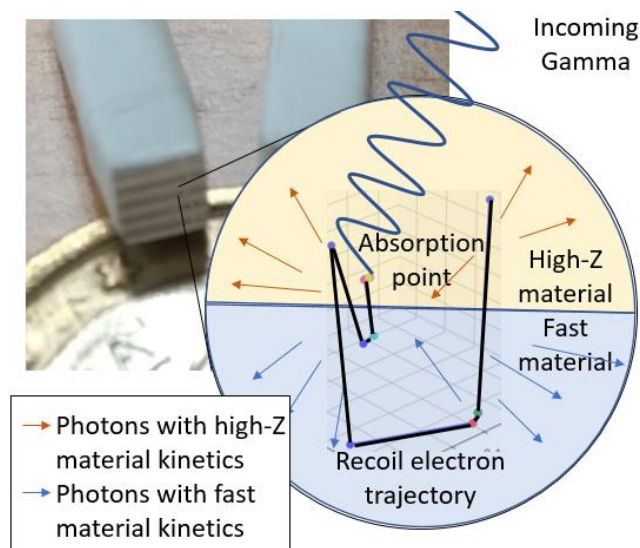
## Inorganic scintillators

### Intrinsic or activated

High density  
Up to 150000ph/MeV  
Near UV and visible

100ns





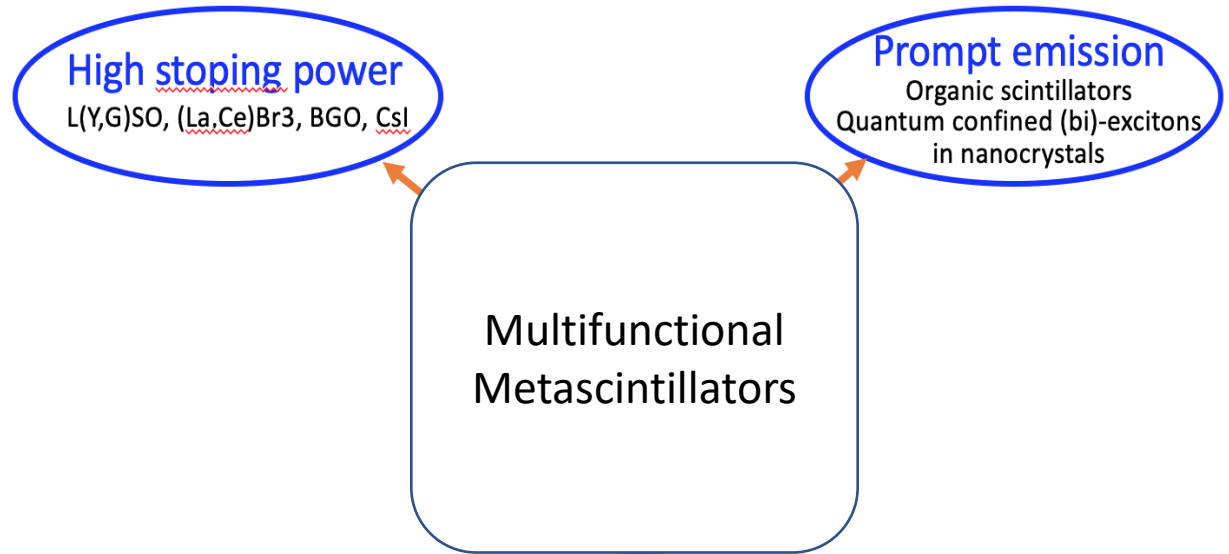
Latella et al., 2023

## Metascintillators

Composite topologies of scintillating and light-guiding materials, arranged to produce a synergistic effect at some step of the scintillation process, from gamma absorption to light detection, combining thus the favorable physical characteristics of their constituting components

Konstantinou et al., 2021

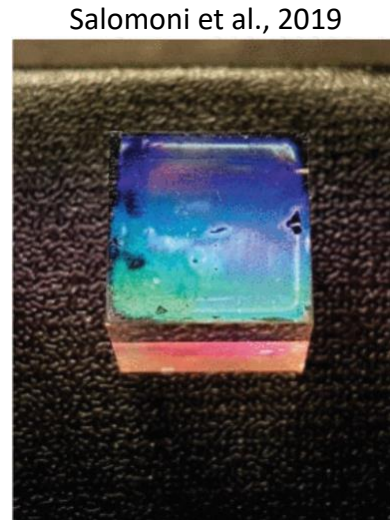
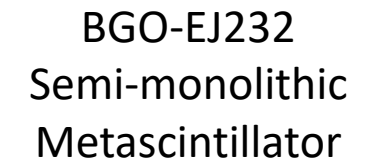




BGO-EJ232  
Semi-monolithic  
Metascintillator

**1<sup>st</sup> generation: Metascintillator heterostructures**

- 200ps CTR at system level,
- BGO/BaF<sub>2</sub>
- BGO/EJ232



- 200ps CTR at system level,
- BGO/BaF<sub>2</sub>
- BGO/EJ232

- 80 ps CTR at system level
- $\text{LYSO}/\text{PEA}_2\text{PbBr}_4$
- CdSe nanoplatelets
- Photonic crystal slabs

# Metascintillators

## High stopping power

L(Y,G)SO, (La,Ce)Br<sub>3</sub>, BGO, CsI

## Prompt emission

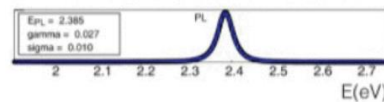
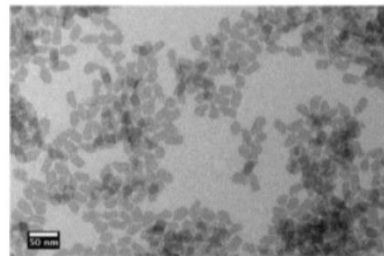
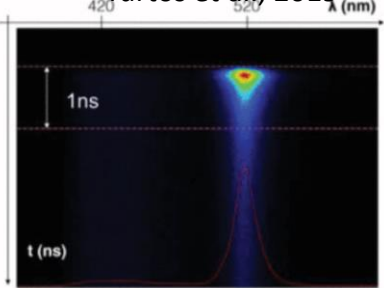
Organic scintillators  
Quantum confined (bi)-excitons  
in nanocrystals

## Multifunctional Metascintillators

## Light transport to SiPM

Photonic crystals, photonic fibers

Turtos et al., 2019



CdSe nanoplatelets

Salomoni et al., 2019



Extraction facilitating PhC



BGO-EJ232  
Semi-monolithic  
Metascintillator

## 1<sup>st</sup> generation: Metascintillator heterostructures

- 200ps CTR at system level,
- BGO/BaF<sub>2</sub>
- BGO/EJ232

## 2<sup>nd</sup> generation metascintillators

- 80 ps CTR at system level
- LYSO/PEA<sub>2</sub>PbBr<sub>4</sub>
- CdSe nanoplatelets
- Photonic crystal slabs

## 3<sup>rd</sup> generation metascintillators

- 10-30ps CTR at system level
- New nanoscintillators
- New nanophotonic features
- Purcell effect, hyperbolic metamaterials

# Beyond the scintillator: Photodetector

Scintillator

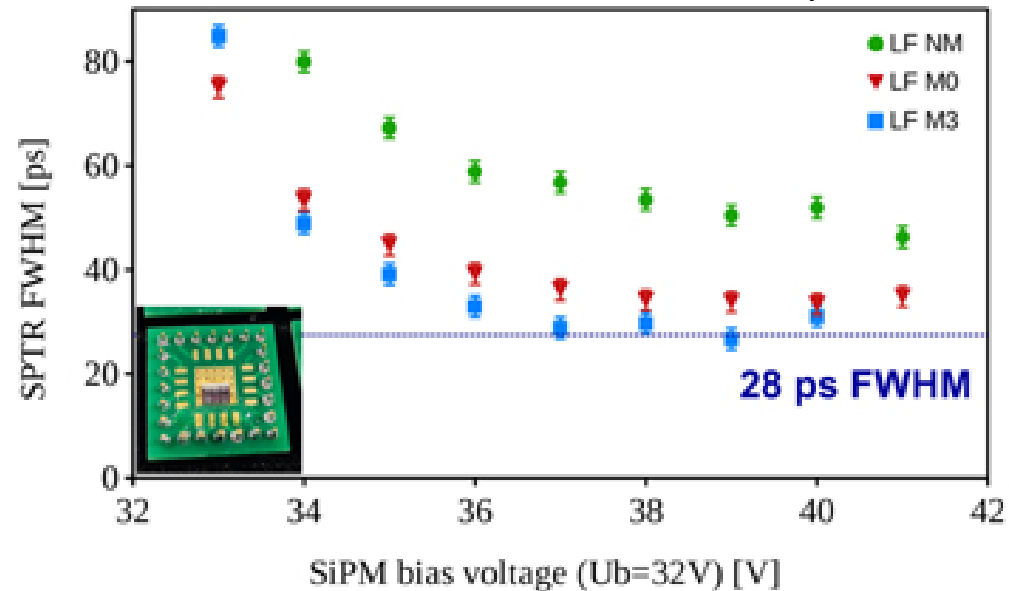
Photodetector

Data  
acquisition

Data  
management

- NUV MT SiPM

Gundacker, Kwon et al., 2023: 28 ps SPTR



# Beyond the scintillator: Photodetector

Scintillator

Photodetector

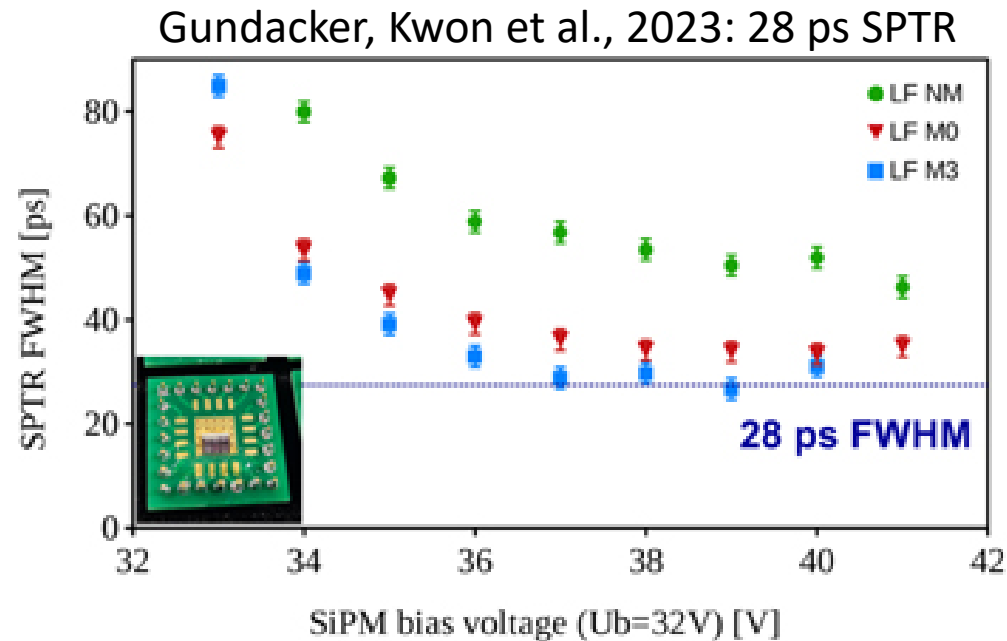
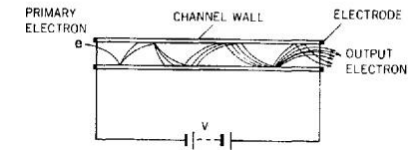
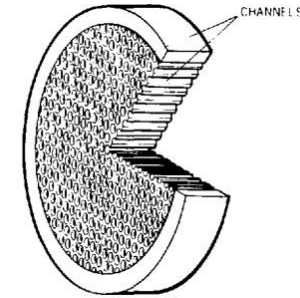
Data  
acquisition

Data  
management

- NUV MT SiPM

- MCPs

MCP-PMT: Kwon, Ota et al. 2021, 20 ps SPTR





# Beyond the scintillator: Photodetector

Scintillator

Photodetector

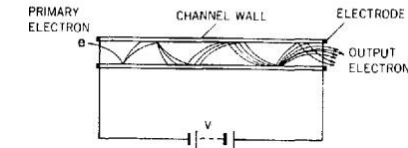
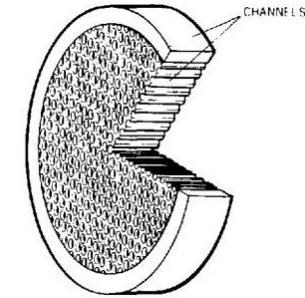
Data  
acquisition

Data  
management

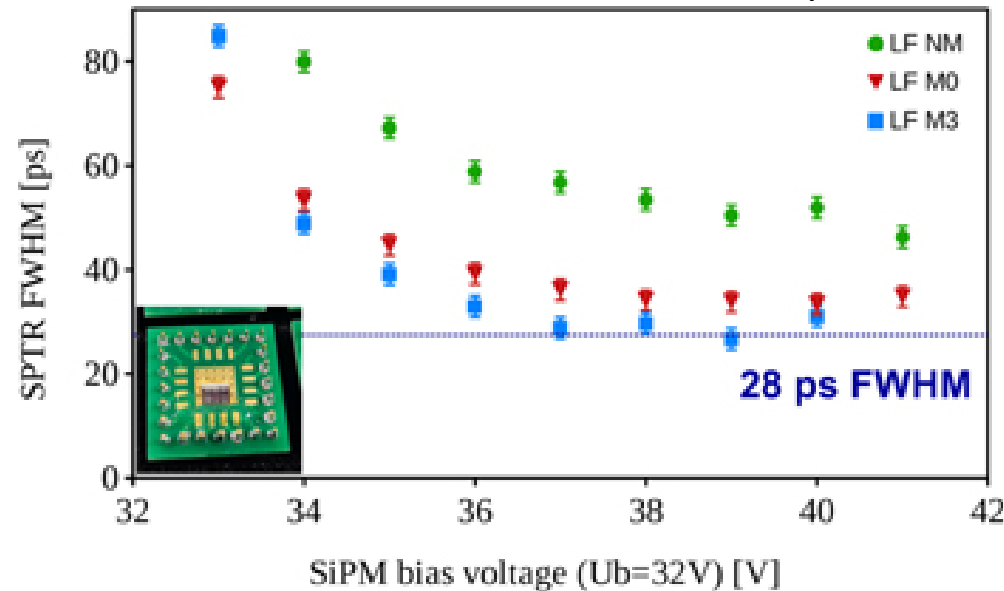
- NUV MT SiPM

- MCPs

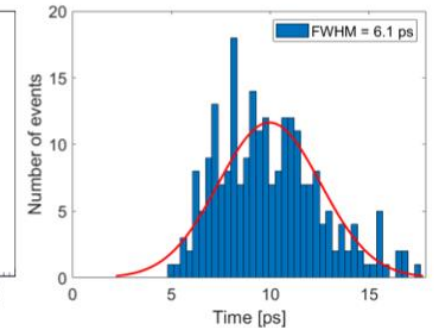
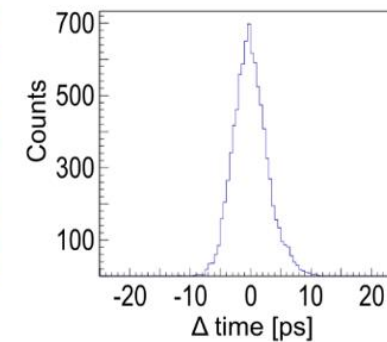
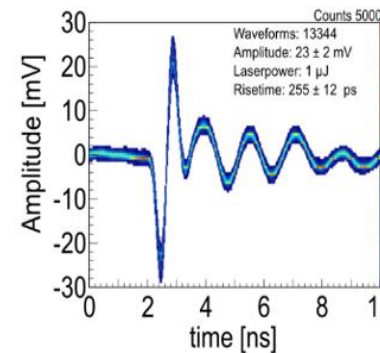
MCP-PMT: Kwon, Ota et al. 2021, 20 ps SPTR



Gundacker, Kwon et al., 2023: 28 ps SPTR



Amorphous silicon MCPs: Frey, Konstantinou et al, 2024. 6.1 ps SPTR



# Scaling up: Data acquisition



Scintillator

Photodetector

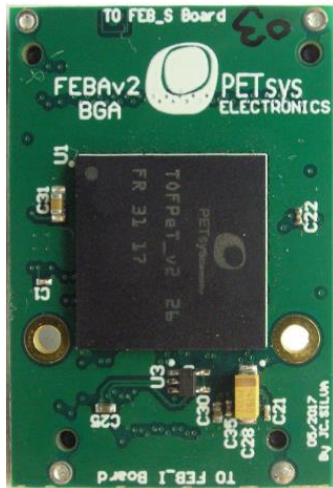
Data  
acquisition

Data  
management

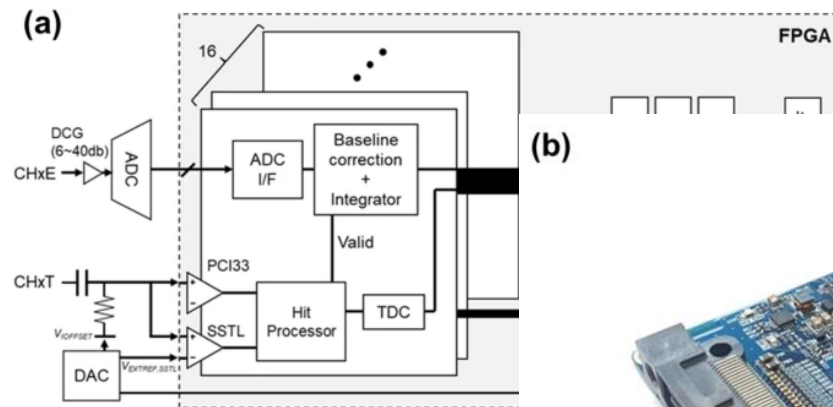
- It is easy to perform measurements with high end oscilloscopes or dedicated single channel electronics

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- Scalability is, in contrast, not as easy as it sounds

# Scaling up: Data acquisition



PETSYS TOFPET2 brochure, 2019



Ko et al. 2024



Scintillator

Photodetector

Data  
acquisition

Data  
management

- It is easy to perform measurements with high end oscilloscopes or dedicated single channel electronics
- Scalability is, in contrast, not as easy as it sounds
- TOFPET3: 26 ps jitter
- FPGA solutions take advantage of superior, readily available, high-end CMOS manufacturing

# The machine learning magic: Data processing

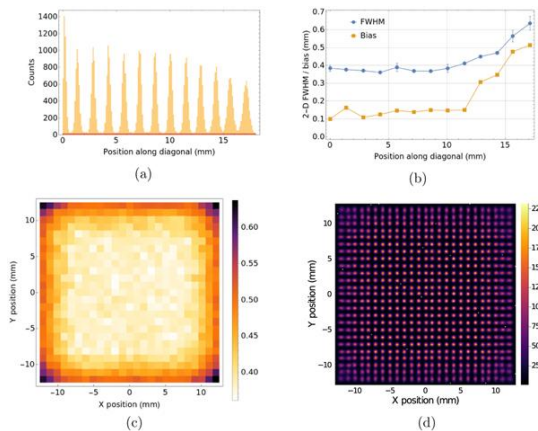
Scintillator

Photodetector

Data  
acquisition

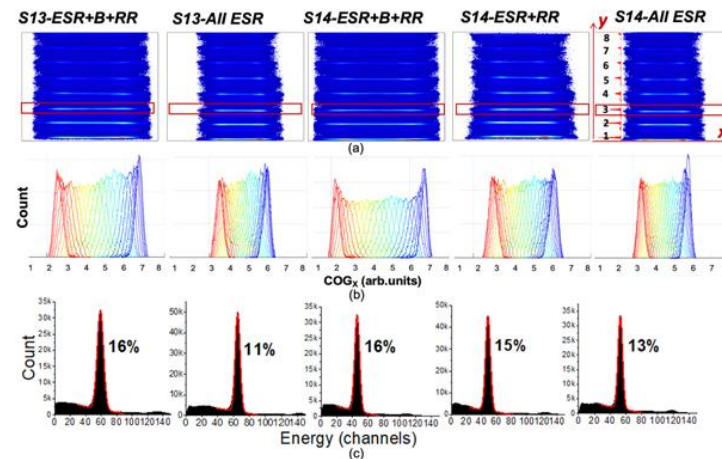
Data  
management

- Numerous works utilize **NN** for different aspects of detector improvement (DOI, spatial resolution, TOF) or a combination thereof, with impressive results (in both **simulation** and **experimental** data)



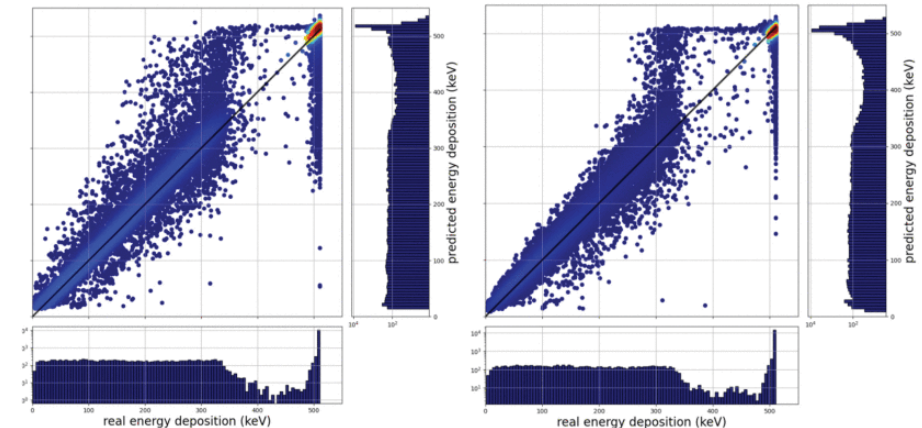
P. Carra et al, 2022

21/05/2024



M. Freire et al, 2022

PSMR 2024, Elba



G. Konstantinou, L. Zhang et al, 2024

46



# The machine learning magic: Data processing

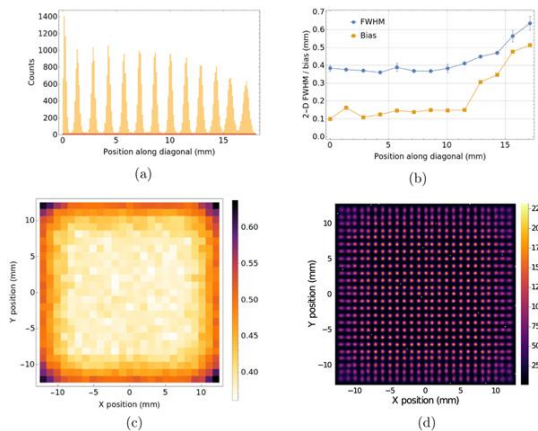
Scintillator

Photodetector

Data  
acquisition

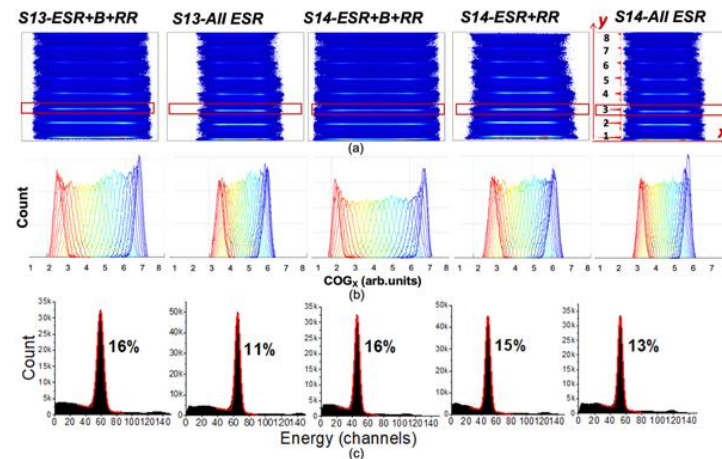
Data  
management

- Numerous works utilize **NN** for different aspects of detector improvement (DOI, spatial resolution, TOF) or a combination thereof, with impressive results (in both **simulation** and **experimental** data)
- Streamlining machine learning in the **DaQ** chain is possible and can facilitate different aspects of **scaling up** (data throughput, on-the-fly data corrections, combinatory timewalks and more)



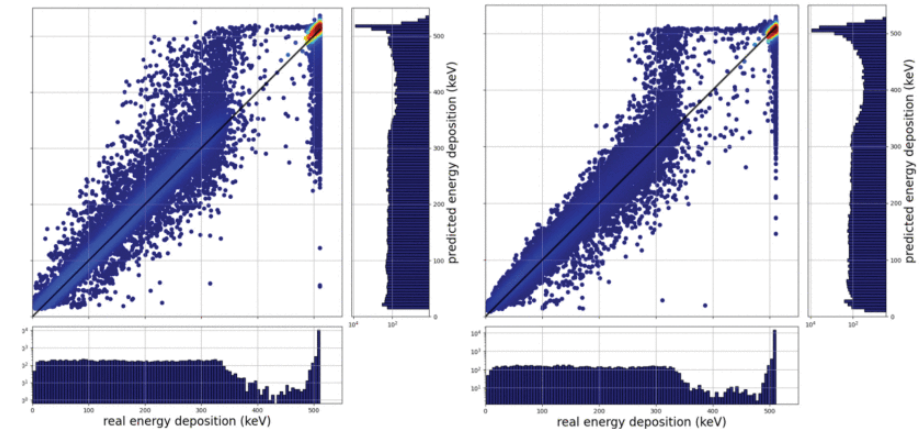
P. Carra et al, 2022

21/05/2024



M. Freire et al, 2022

PSMR 2024, Elba



G. Konstantinou, L. Zhang et al, 2024

# The Deep learning magic: Reconstruction

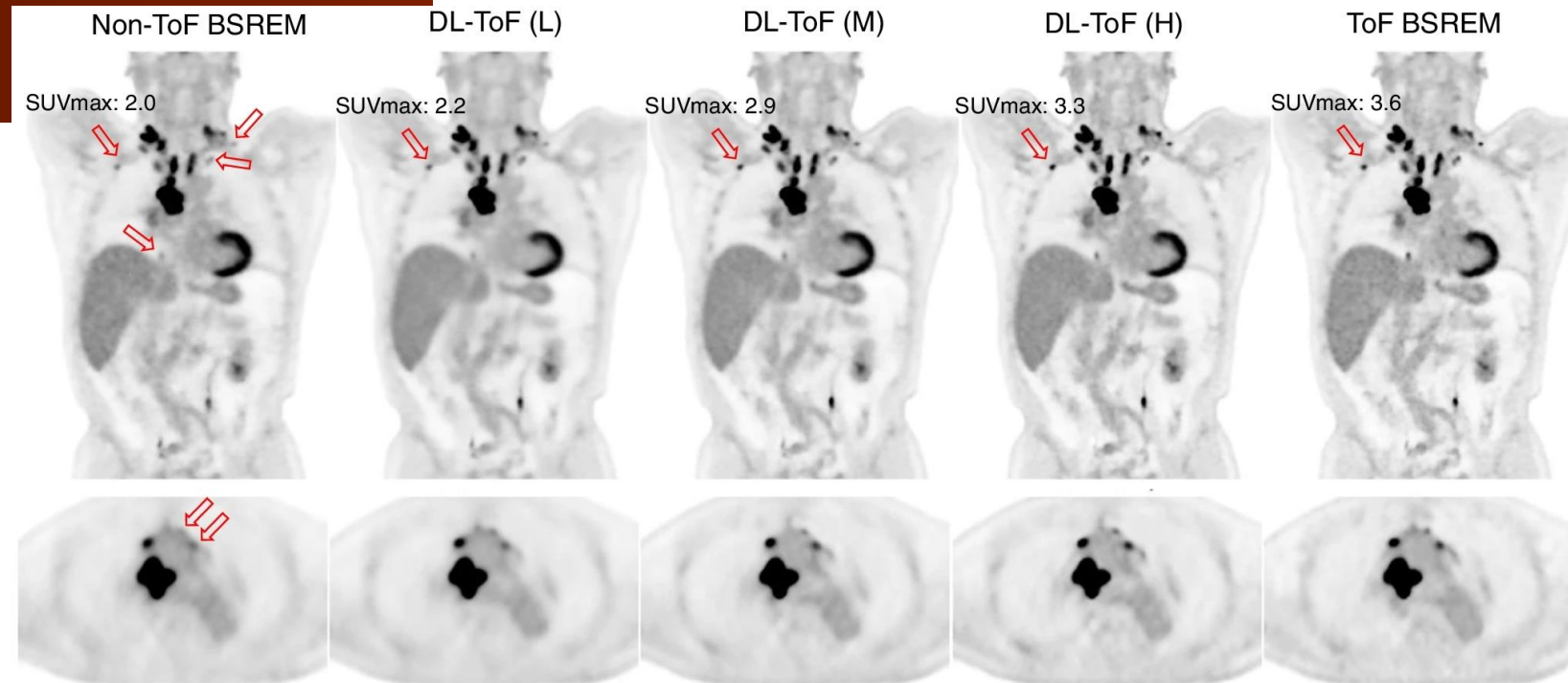
[Home](#) > [European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging](#) > [Article](#)

## Deep learning–based time-of-flight (ToF) image enhancement of non-ToF PET scans

[Original Article](#) | [Open access](#) | Published: 04 May 2022

Volume 49, pages 3740–3749, (2022) [Cite this article](#)

515 MBq scanned on GE Discovery MI (5-ring) PET/CT scanner (slice thickness 2.8 mm). Arrows point to lesions with lower detectability in non-ToF BSREM as well as the  $SUV_{max}$  of an example lesion



# The Deep learning magic: Reconstruction

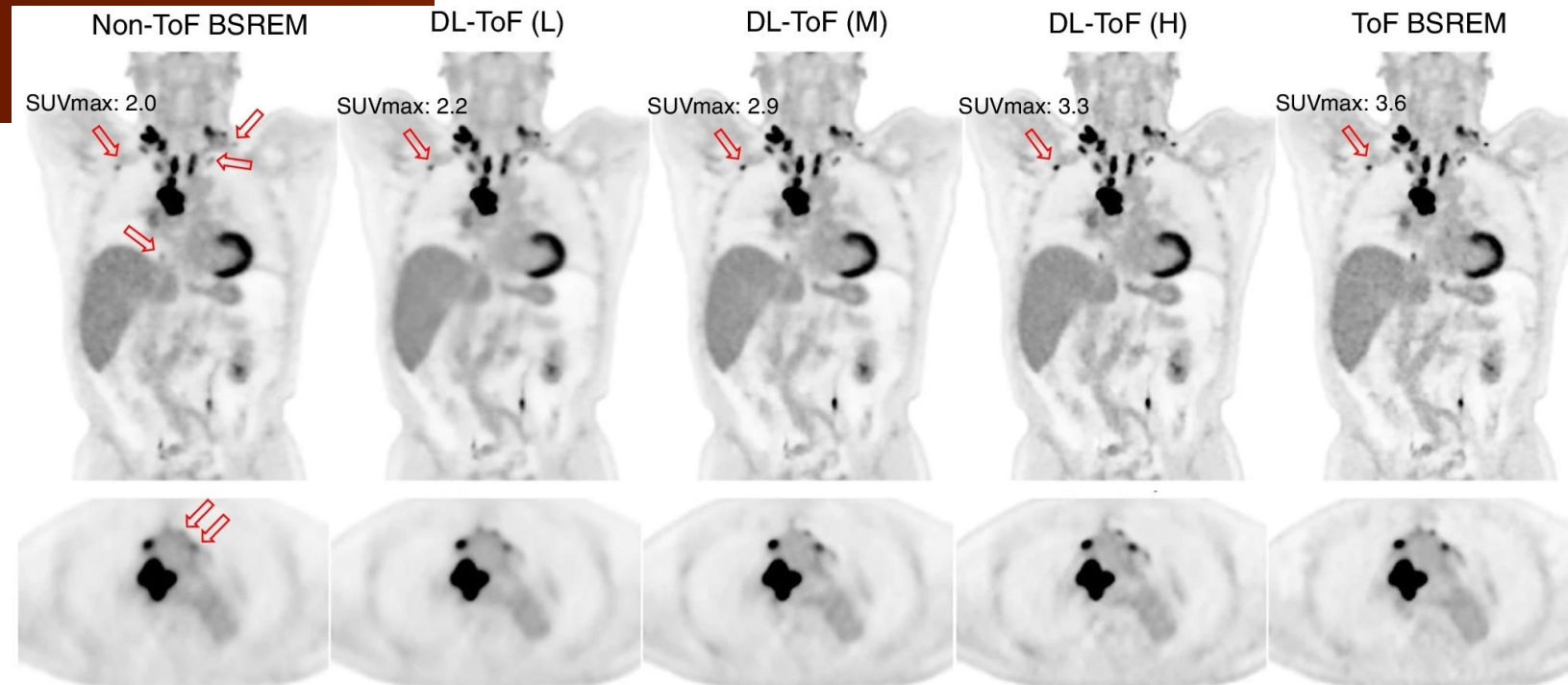
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Following the reverse RIRO principle, superior quality TOF input data leads to ever improving results



# What if 10 ps was possible today (or tomorrow)?

Sun il Kwon @  
Duisburg Sept 2023:

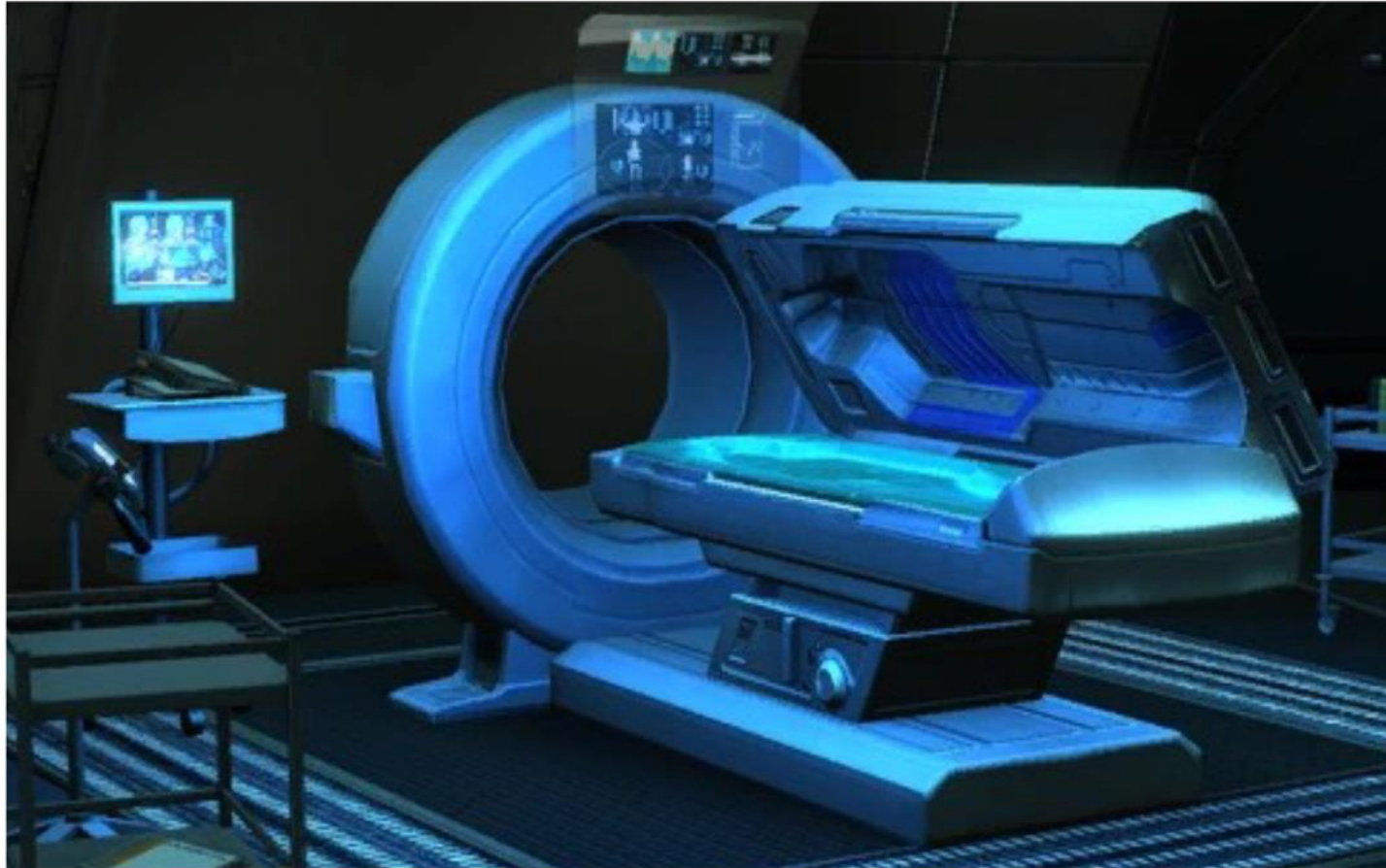
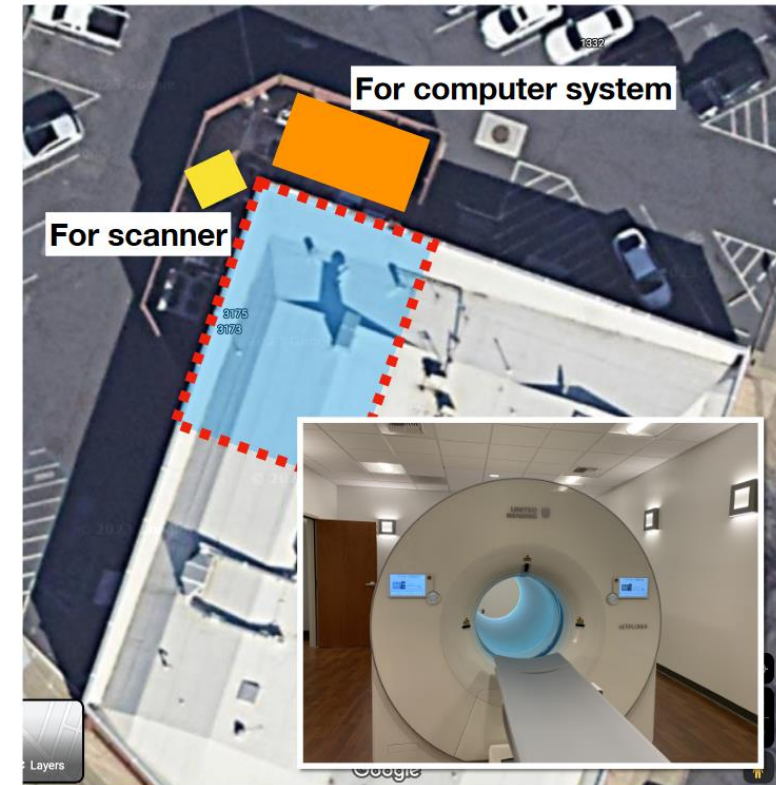
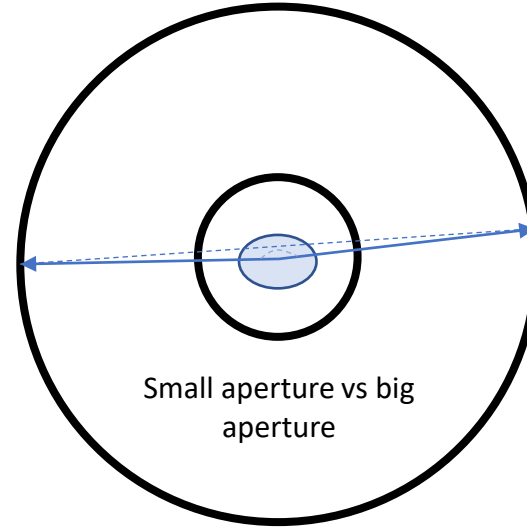
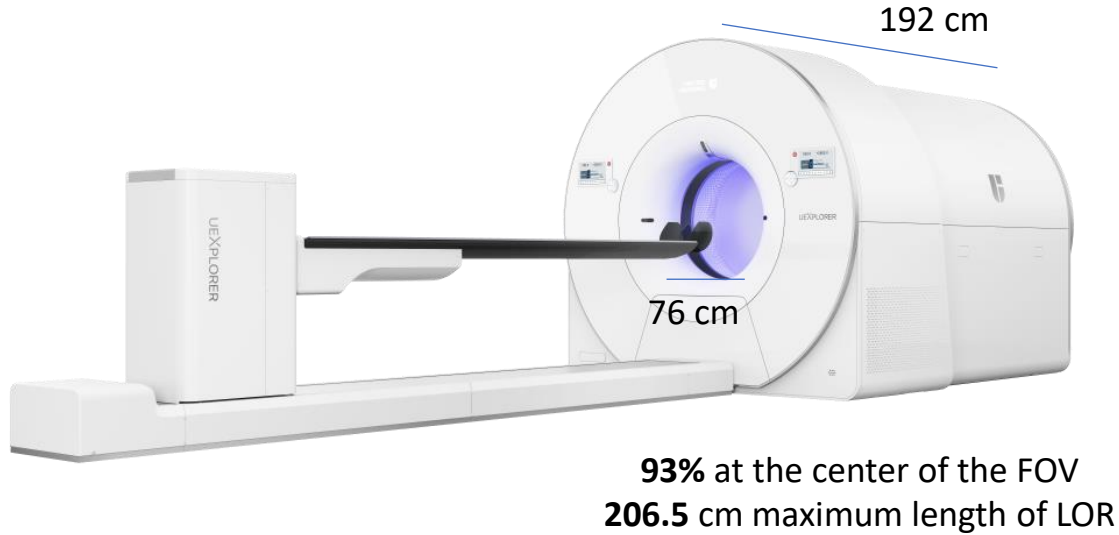
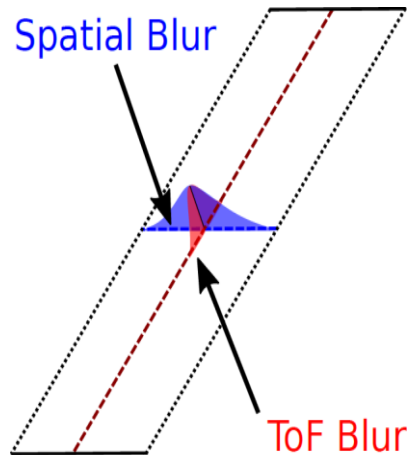


Image from movie Avatar

# What if 10 ps was possible today (or tomorrow)?

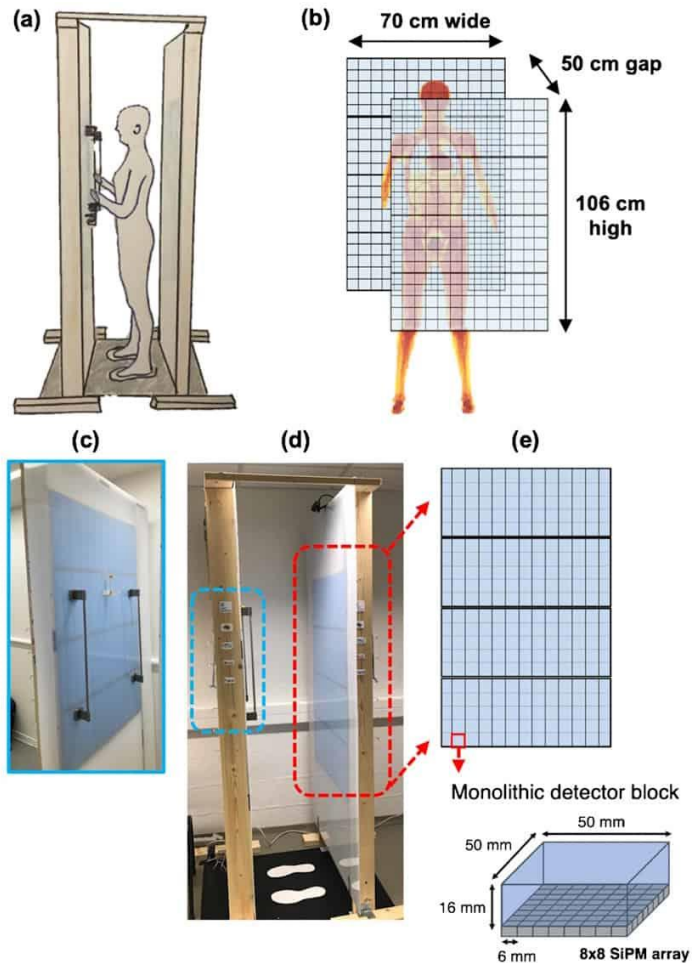


EXPLORER Molecular  
Imaging Center (EMIC)  
@Sacramento, CA 95616



- Direct voxel reconstruction → Minimization of computational resources
- Prediction of acolinearity → pushing the spatial resolution limit
- Imaging of a large (D) target: Significant TOF gain

# What if 10 ps was possible today (or tomorrow)?



- No open geometry artifacts
- Improved sensitivity
- Superior throughput

Vandenberghe et al. 2023



# What if 10 ps was possible today (or tomorrow)?



**Conventional PET**



**10ps TOFPET**

- Access to all patients (infants, pregnancy), potential for PET screening, not only diagnosis
- Access to ALL patients
- Reduced radiation AND reduced examination duration

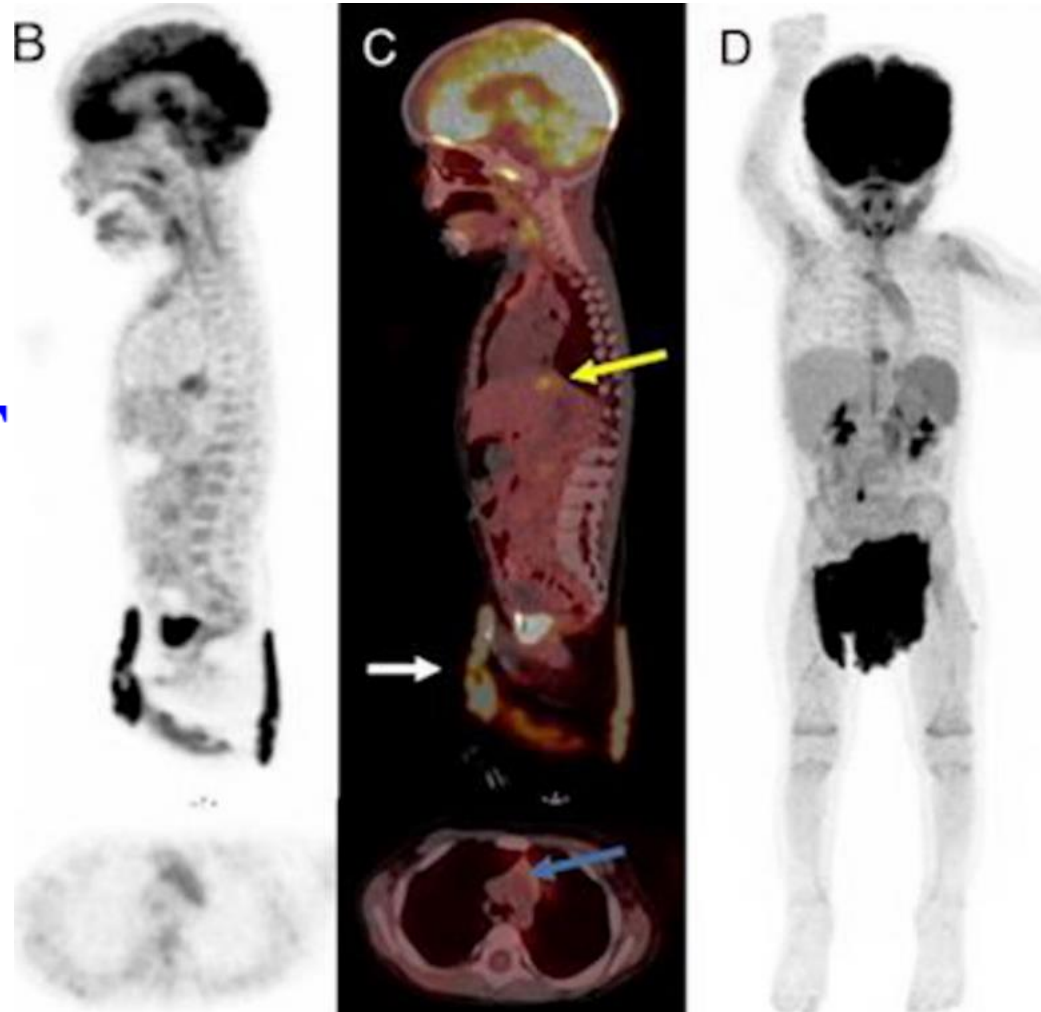
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Reichkender et al. 2022

17-mo-old girl suspected of having incomplete Kawasaki disease after 12 days of fever despite broad-spectrum antibiotics. 5 min acquisition, no sedation

Availability of TOF for **small animal** and laboratory studies

- Increase in **pharmacology** studies throughput
- Detection of **Low-Expression** Targets
- **Dynamic** imaging
- Reduced **stress**
- **Ethical** and welfare improvements

Availability of TOF for **theranostics** and personalized medicine

- New radiotracers
- Real time monitoring
- Screening, not diagnosis



Khalil, 2017

# Thinking big

- Dr. S. Cherry, in the previous version of FTMI (2022, Valencia): “We should think bigger”



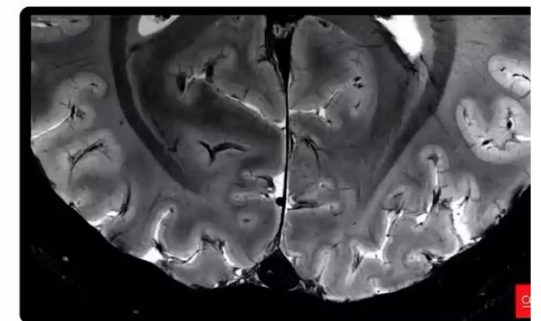
Emmanuel Macron  
@EmmanuelMacron

Suivre

This is the most precise image of the brain ever obtained, thanks to CEA's MRI scanner, the most powerful in the world.

It's a major breakthrough and a huge hope for the study of our health. Congratulations to the Iseult project team.

Iconic!



13:54 · 02/04/2024 Depuis Earth · 146k vues

# Thinking big

- Dr. S. Cherry, in the previous version of FTMI (2022, Valencia): “We should think bigger”
- Synergy on the fundamental mission of improving life on earth
- Current developments demonstrate the impact of this mission
- A piece is still missing, where the physical limit is an order of magnitude (at least!) beyond the clinical application



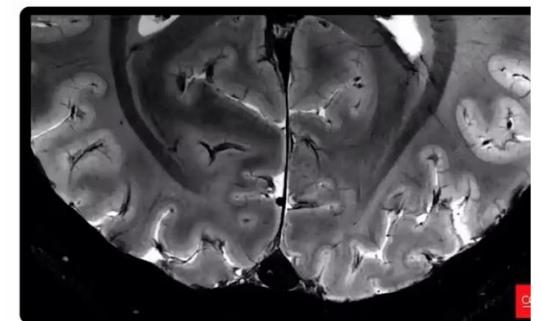
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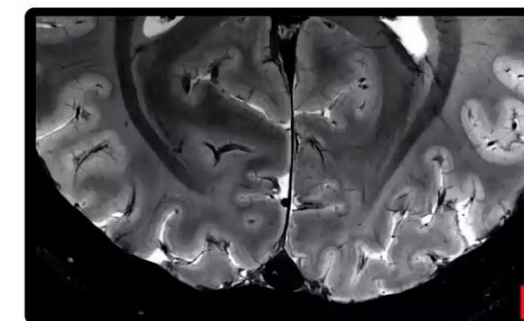
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- Synergy on the fundamental mission of improving life on earth
- Current challenges of this mission
- A piece is still missing, where the physical limit is an order of magnitude (at least!) beyond the clinical application



We should not only think bigger, but also faster!

It's a major breakthrough and a huge hope for the study of our health. Congratulations to the Iseult project team.

Iconic!



13:54 · 02/04/2024 Depuis Earth · 146k vues



