

FCC-RELATED NEWS

Manuela Boscolo

2nd FCC@LNF meeting Frascati, Divisione Acceleratori 23 maggio 2023

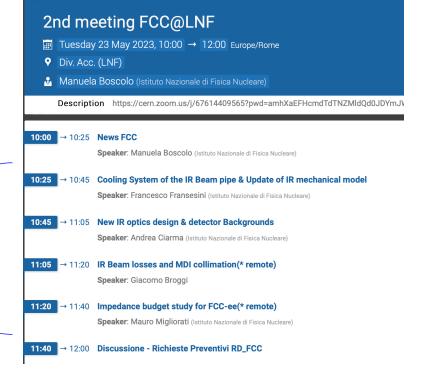






Outline

- News
- Stato del progetto FCC
- Progresso studi LNF
- Upcoming events & deadlines





Main events since 9 February (1st FCC@LNF meeting)

- Seconda giornata Acceleratori 3 marzo, Catania https://agenda.infn.it/event/32573/
 FCC update, M. Boscolo
- IFAE , 12-14 aprile 2023, Catania https://agenda.infn.it/event/34702/ F. Fransesini
- FCC-ee Pre-Injector: CHART Collab. Meeting, 20-21 April 23
- First Annual US FCC Workshop, 24-26 April 23, BNL https://indico.cern.ch/event/1244371/
 LNF: M. Boscolo, A. Ciarma
- IPAC23, 7-12 May 23, Venezia
- Riunione della CSN1, discussione futuri acceleratori (su invito), 16-19 maggio, Isola d'Elba,
 https://agenda.infn.it/event/34835/



First US FCC Workshop

3 days workshop: 24-26 April 2023

Indico page: https://indico.cern.ch/event/1244371/

183 registrants

Motivation:

This workshop aims to better organize the FCC-ee community within the US and identify the most important and feasible areas of research to enable optimal FCC-ee accelerator, detectors and physics output by leveraging our domestic expertise. We will discuss the most needed elements and venues of FCC research in the US that can benefit the anticipated "integrated future colliders R&D program" for the next decade. Outcomes of this workshop will provide input to the P5 discussions.

Program committee:

Anadi Canepa (FNAL)
Sergei Chekanov (ANL)
Regina Demina (University of Rochester)
Sarah Eno (University of Maryland)
Michelangelo Mangano (CERN)
Christoph Paus (MIT)
Marc-André Pleier (BNL, chair)
Tor Raubenheimer (SLAC)
Sally Seidel (University of New Mexico)
Vladimir Shiltsev (FNAL)
Chris Tully (Princeton University)





Agenda

Covered Topics:

Physics, Detector, MDI, IR design, Backgrounds, IR magnets

24 April	25 April			26 April
Status of FCC with focus on challenges & opportunities to contribute	Accelerator MDI and IR Magnets	Detectors	Physics	BNL facility tours
Summary of US contributions	Accelerator Collimation, Energy Calibration, and Polarization	FCC Detector and Physics software tutorial		Closing Plenary
Detector R&D synergies across Higgs Factories	Accelerator and Detectors	Physics and software tutorials		
Snowmass Perspective	Round Table discussions			
BNL facility tours				

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Comments

- Very pleasant workshop, warm and friendly atmosphere, many questions and interest with lively discussions both during sessions and coffee & lunch breaks.
- My impression is that US participants were very interested to FCC with strong interest to join the project in various areas of accelerator, detector, and physics.
- European participants felt a welcoming atmosphere.
- Lots of interest on MDI-related topics
 - IR magnets
 - Collimation modelling
 - Detector Backgrounds
 - MDI layout, luminosity measurement, diagnostics, optics,
 - Synergy with EIC, lessons from SuperKEKB
- Lots of interest on detector concepts design, questions on vertex detector design and integration in the MDI

Inquiry about our meetings, mailing list, organization

Contributions from MDI group

- Challenges of the FCC-ee MDI M.B. highlights of US participation in place since many years (SLAC)
- FCC-ee IR magnet challenges B. Parker (BNL)
- FCC-ee Collimation studies A. Abramov (remote)
- Diagnostics and components in the FCC-ee IR (Jacqueline & MB)
- Background calculations in the FCC-ee A. Ciarma
- Mechanical integration of the IDEA detector in the FCC-ee IR F. Palla (INFN-Pisa)

interest in the VXD design, we encourage to join our MDI WG

For the accelerator discussions:

- Monday plenary: M. Benedikt, Tor
- EPOL session: J. Keintzel

Goal of the workshop was also to prepare for the P5 meeting at SLAC the following week, to define areas of possible contributions to FCC accelerator and technology.

V. Shiltsev - Summary on Accelerator



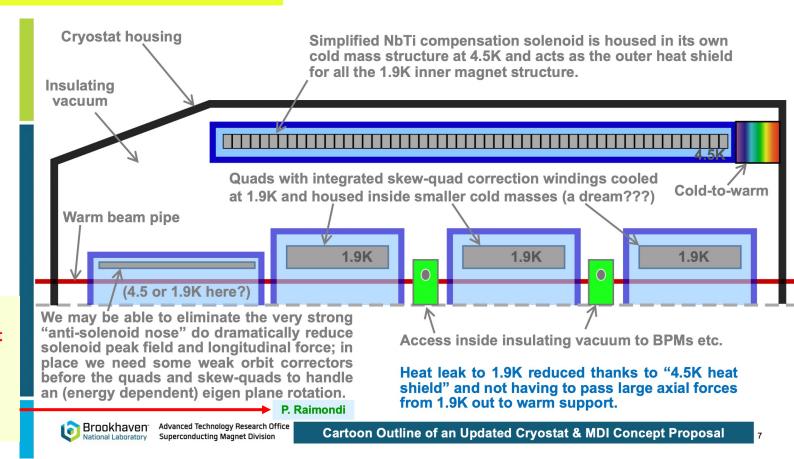
IR magnets: proposed collaboration with BNL

see talk by B. Parker

FCC

slides implemented prior discussions with M.B. and A. Foussat

Relevant new IR proposal with great potential of improvement: by P.Raimondi & LNF (A. Ciarma, M. B.)



Thinking Ahead

Our Message to P5 (on the US FCCee):

Higgs Factory is slated to be the next high priority Energy Frontier project following the completion of HL-LHC.

FCCee is one of the most feasible HF options

We are considering a plan for R&D that could lead to fabrication of several critical components for the FCCee.... for example:



Magnets/MDI - R&D, Design and Fabrication

- 1. IR magnets, cryostats, masks (fabr. for 4 IPs)
- 2. FCCee collider ring magnets (low field, DC)
- 3. Booster ring magnets (low field, ~1s ramp)
- 4. Polarization wigglers (0.1-0.7 T, EM)
- 5. FCChh collider ring magnets (~14-20T, DC)
 - Already part of the GARD magnets (MDP)



"Dynamics" - R&D, Design and Fabrication

1. Interaction region design, and integrated machine design

Modeling/simulations: crab waist and beam-beam/beamstrahlung,
 DA, chromatic compensation and optics correction schemes

2. Losses, collimation and background

 Modeling/simul: codes on halo formation, background in detectors, efficient collimation system(elens/NLO/CS), detector background masking, TMCI, build collimation system for 4 IRs and rings

3. Polarization (esp. at 45 GeV and 80 GeV beam energies):

• Modeling/simulations: 45-80 GeV energy calibration, error analysis, design and build wigglers, polarimeters, polarized sources

4. Instrumentation:

 Design and prototyping, then build, IR BPMs and lumi monitors, TMCI feedback systems, emittance and halo monitors, Low Level RF



IPAC23

- The status of the Interaction region design and machine detector interface of the FCC-ee, M. Boscolo et al. https://www.ipac23.org/preproc/pdf/MOPA091.pdf
- Estimated heat load and proposed cooling system in the FCC-ee Interaction region beam pipe, A. Novokhatski (SLAC) et al., accepted with light peer review https://www.ipac23.org/preproc/pdf/MOPA092.pdf
- Beam Dynamics Studies for the FCC-ee Collimation System Design, G. Broggi(CERN&LNF&Sapienza)
- FCC ee injector complex: damping ring and transfer lines, C. Milardi et al.
- New consideration for the damping ring design of the FCC e+e- injector complex, O. Etisken et al.
- Studies of FCC-ee single bunch instabilities with an updated impedance model, M. Migliorati et al., accepted with light peer review
- Study of beam-beam interaction in FCC-ee including updated transverse and longitudinal impedances, Y. Zhang et al., accepted with light peer review





The Status of the Interaction Region Design and Machine Detector Interface of the FCC-ee

FUTURE CIRCULAR COLLIDER



M. Boscolo[†], A. Ciarma, F. Fransesini, S. Lauciani, INFN-LNF, Frascati Italy: F. Bosi, F. Palla, INFN-Pisa, Italy: A. Novokhatski, T. Raubenheimer, M.K.Sullivan, SLAC, Stanford, USA;

A. Abramov, K. D. J. André, J. Bauche, M. Benedikt, G. Broggi^{1,2}, H. Burkhardt, J.C. Eriksson, A.P. Foussat, R. Kersevan, M. Koratzinos, B. A. Lechner, K. Oide, J. Salvesen³, L. Watrelot, M. Wendt, F. Zimmermann, CERN, Geneva, Switzerland;

M. Dam, NBI, Copenhagen; B. Parker, BNL, USA; P. N. Burrows, Oxford U., U.K.; L. Brunetti, S. Grabon, E. Montbarbon, F. Poirier, LAPP, Annecy, France ¹also at INFN-LNF, Frascati and Sapienza U., Rome, Italy: ³also at Oxford U., U.K.

†manuela.boscolo@Inf.infn.it

The detector magnetic field is set to 2 T to keep the blow-up due to the residual

dispersion and SR in the solenoid fringe fields at a fraction of the nominal ε, ~1 pm

Abstract

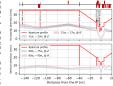
We present the latest development for the FCC-ee interaction region. It represents a major challenge for the FCC-ee collider, which has to achieve extremely high luminosity over a wide range of centre-of-mass energies The FCC-ee will host two or four high-precision experiments. The machine parameters have to be well controlled and the design of the machine-detector-interface has to be carefully optimized. In particular, the complex final focus hosted in the detector region has to be carefully designed, and the impact of beam losses and of any type of radiation generated in the interaction region, including beamstrahlung, have to be simulated in detail. We discuss mitigation measures and the expected impact of beam losses and radiation on the detector background. We also report on the progress of the mechanical model of the interaction region layout including the engineering design of the central beam pipe, and other MDI components.

IR design The IR design must Preliminary parameter table accommodate for scenarios with 4 IPs operation points. The Z W ZH tř 90.659 Running med crab-waist collision Inlet/outlet for 45.6 80 120 182.5 15880 880 248 40 scheme associated Au 5 mm Beam energy [GeV] with a large Piwinski 1220 135 267 50 angle and a low B. is | Lum. / IP [10³⁴cm⁻²s⁻¹] | 140 | 194 | 7.26 | 1.25 | | SR power / ring [MW] | 50 The scheme requires a large crossing angle at chosen for FCC-ee. Superconducting crab the IP, set to 30 mrad. Beam pipes separate at sextupoles rotate the bout ±1.2 m from the IP. β_v function at the IR We have engineered the very central region of En. Spread \(\sigma_{\pi}\) (BS) [%] 0.089 0.154 0.185 0.221 so that its waist is on Rms hor emit. e., [nm] 0.71 2.16 0.64 1.469 Rms vert. emit. e., [pm] 1.40 4.32 1.29 2.98 the IR. An evolution of the detector IDEA the central trajectory concept has been studied to integrate the silicon of the opposite Hor. IP beta β^{*}_y [mm] 110 200 300 1000 Vert. IP beta β^{*}_y [mm] 0.7 1.0 1.0 1.6 Lifetime* [min.] 22 17.8 10 12.3 tracker in the IR Vertex detector and outer colliding beam and tracker use respectively MAPS and DMAPS suppress betatron and (*) Lifetime is by radiative Bhabhas and beamstrahlung. FCC-ee layout with 4 IPs A similar study is also planned for the CLD vertex The IR magnet system also comprises a compensating ust in front of the compensating solenoids sits solenoid which locally corrects the eter, designed to measure betatron coupling and avoids any the luminosity to an absolute precision of 10net spin rotation, and a screening CONTRACTOR LAND AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED OF THE PERSON NAME IR optics An asymmetric optics minimises the emission of SR fans onto the IR by a weak bending of the incoming beam trajectory.

Mechanical Model of the IR & Detector Integration The radius of the central inner nine now is 10 mm instead of 15 mm allowing for better resolution and decreasing the geometrical impedance Paraffin (coolant) 1 mm For the central chamber the cooling will be based on paraffin flowing inside a double layer structure, while for the trapezoidal chamber wat cooling is provided by asymmetric thick copper channels. A carbon-fiber lightweight support cylindrical structure eases the integratio of the accelerator and detector components, providing a cantilevered suppo for the central beam pipe and luminosity calorimeter.

Detector Backgrounds

- The main sources of background from SR come from the last dipole magnet before the IP the solepoid fringe field, and the FFQ. The SR from the FFQ and solenoid fringe field lead to an increasing power deposition near the IP as the transverse beam tails
- The beam halo collimation system has been designed and installed in PF (collimation section in the layout) and has been studied using Xtrack-BDSIM coupling framework. Good protection has been demonstrate against heam losses due to a beam lifetime drop to 5 min at the most critical Z mode.
- The MDI description in Key4HFP was implemented with the 10mm radius central beam pipe and with the solenoidal field map to evaluate the occupancy in the CLD from SR, beam losses and IP backgrounds Results are encouraging, the maximum occupancy ner hunch crossing is below the safe 1% level



SR horiz./vert. collimators, and masks



Conclusion

We have described recent progress of the FCC-ee MDI study.

including on the mechanical model of the central inter- action region,

the mitigation of SR backgrounds, and early studies of local beam

losses with a preliminary set of collimators. The first look at the

expected detector backgrounds is encouraging. We have also

reviewed other MDI-related studies such as the handling of

beamstrahlung and the early conceptual design of a photon dump.

Radiation from the IR

The radiation produced at the IP is mostly collinear with the exiting beam and hits the vacuum chamber at the first dipole magnet at about 65 m from the IP Beamstrahlung radiation from the colliding beams is intense on the oerder of 400 kW at the Z-pole. Other sources are radiative Bhabhas and SR. A high-nower photon dumn is necessary to dispose of this radiation. Studies performed with GuineaPig++ show that the photon line is separated by the electron

beam line by 1 m at about 250 m. A dump with a separate alcove and safety shield can be located at about 500 m.

Beamstrahlung photon and electron beam lines.

[1] A. Abada et al. [FCC], "FCC-ee: The Lepton Collider: Future Circular Collider Conceptual Design Report Volume 2," Eur. Phys. J. 57 228 (2019) no. 2, 261-623

[2] A. Abada et al. [FCC], "FCC-hh: The Hidron Collider: Future Orcular Collider Conceptual Design Report Volume 3," Eur. Phys. J. 57 228 (2019) no. 4, 755-1107. 3) K Oide ECCIS workshop CERN 6 Dec 22 [4] M. Boscolo, H. Burkhardt, K. Olde, and M. K. Sullivan "IR challenges and the machine detector interface at PCC-ee," Eur. Phys. J. Plus 116 (2021) no. 10. 1055

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[6] C. Gide et al. "Past of rone awaiterallisons of SAMM Thi Sentrup" Phys. Rev. Lett. 100 (2016), 174802.
[7] C. Kibby, et al. L. Phys., Conf. Sent. 100 (2006), 2010 desit 10.1081/1746-0009(1509)/(e02009), 174802.
[8] M. Daun, "Challenge for FCC-e a humoroidy motion design." Ext. Phys. L. Phys. J. Daul 17 (2022) no. 1, 21

[9] E. Parker, "Correctors and Anti-solenoids Design for FCC-ee, MDI Workshop," CERN, 18 Oct. 2022 https://indico.cern.ch/event/1186795/

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143 A. Carema, Ma. Socioco, G. Caren and T. Perez, "Machine should diskelpment in the FCL- on Miles Report and Eleann starkhang Radiation," MAGW eeFACT2022 (2023), 85-90.

[29] G. Voutsinas, K. Elsener, P. Janot, D. El Khechen, A. Kolano, E. Leogrande, E. F. Perez, N. A. Tehrani, D. Viazio and M. Boscolo, et al. "FCC-ee interaction regio harkernands" let | Med Shop & 35 (2020) no 15o16, 2041009

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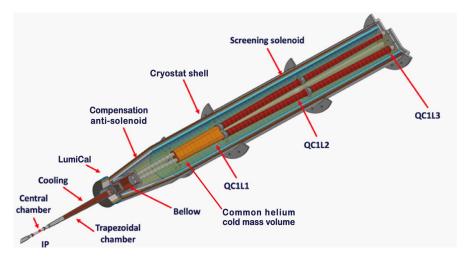


This work was partially supported by the EC Horizon2020 project FCC-IS, grant agreement no. 951754.



FCC-ee Interaction Region

Crab-waist collision scheme: nano-beams & Crab-Waist sextupoles (inventato e dimostrato a Frascati, link: PRL 104, 174801 (2010)

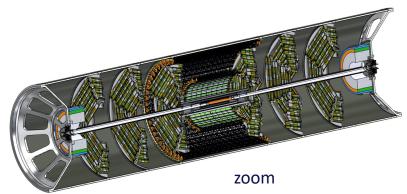


Half-length of the detector ~5.2 m; end face QC1 ~8.4 m.

L*, is 2.2 m. The 10 mm central radius is for \pm 9 cm from the IP, the two symmetric beam pipes with radius of 15 mm are merged at 1.2 m from the IP.

Central Support tube with endcaps carbon-fibre lightweight rigid structure, to be anchored to the detector

All elements in the interaction region (vertex, Tracker and LumiCal) are mounted rigidly on a support cylinder that guarantees mechanical stability and alignment. Once the structure is assembled it is slided inside the rest of the detector



MDI central region ± 1.5 m from the IP

M. Boscolo, F. Palla, F. Fransesini, F. Bosi and S. Lauciani, Mechanical model for the FCC-ee MDI, EPJ+ Techniques and Instrumentation, accepted for publication

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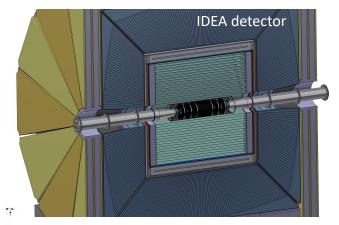
- M. Boscolo et al., Status of the IR and MDI of the FCC-ee, IPAC23, 7-12 maggio 2023;
- A. Novokhatski, et al. Estimated heat load and proposed cooling system in the FCC-ee IR beam pipe, IPAC23, 7-12/5/2023





Ongoing work on mechanical model of the FCC-ee MDI

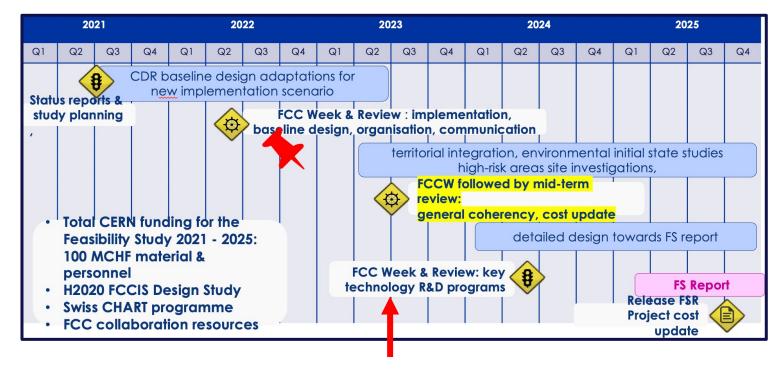
- Integration of the support tube with the detector
 Anchoring points with the detector
 Required space for services
- Support and alignment of the LumiCal
- Cryostat-Support tube interface
- Refine FEA calculation with weights and thermal loads
- Refine the assembly procedure while the MDI design progresses
- Design of the Bellows in progress, started from ESRF ones
 Wakefields calculations in progress
 Engineered design of endcap-bellows &
 flange-bellows interface
- shape-memory-alloy (SMA) remote flange design
- IP diagnostics, especially BPMs
- Supports & vibration control
- Alignment system
- IR magnets design, key component for the MDI







FCC feasibility study - status





Mid-Term Review & Cost Review, autumn '23

M. Benedikt, FCC FS Status, FCC physics workshop, Krakow 23-27/Jan/23

Mid-term review report, supported by additional documentation on each deliverable, will be submitted to review committees and to Council and its subordinate bodies, as input for the review.

Results of both general mid-term review and the cost review should indicate the main directions and areas of attention for the second part of the Feasibility Study

Infrastructure & placement

- Preferred placement and progress with host states (territorial matters, initial states, dialogue, etc.)
- Updated civil engineering design (layout, cost, excavation)
- Preparations for site investigations

Technical Infrastructure

- Requirements on large technical infrastructure systems
- System designs, layouts, resource needs, cost estimates

Accelerator design FCC-ee and FCC-hh

- FCC-ee overall layout with injector
- Impact of operation sequence: Z, W, ZH, tt vs start at ZH
- Comparison of the SPS as pre-booster with a 10-20 GeV linac
- Key technologies and status of technology R&D program
- FCC-hh overall layout & injection lines from LHC and SC-SPS

Physics, experiments, detectors:

- Documentation of FCC-ee and FCC-hh physics cases
- Plans for improved theoretical calculations to reduce theoretical uncertainties towards matching FCC-ee statistical precision for the most important measurements.
- First documentation of main detector requirements to fully exploit the FCC-ee physics opportunities

Organisation and financing:

- Overall cost estimate & spending profile for stage 1 project

Environmental impact, socio-economic impact:

- Initial state analysis, carbon footprint, management of excavated materials, etc.
- Socio-economic impact and sustainability studies



MDI Mid-term Review Report

MDI paragraph in the Accelerator document

I wrote a first draft ready for internal review by the end of last week (19 May), it is a living document

- Draft of most documents to be available at FCC WEEK or before
- Will use FCC Week to start reviews of near-final drafts with plans to internally review sections in the weeks preceding FCC Week.
- Many subsections will be based on existing documentation and complementary FCC note(s) that will come on due time.
 - IPAC23 papers
 - MDI FCC Note in preparation: M. Boscolo and F. Palla editors on tracking detectors description, integration in the MDI software description, detector performance, material budget, ..
 - Paper on the Mechanical Model of the FCC-ee MDI, accepted on EPJ+



Upcoming events

- FCC WEEK23, 5-9 June 23, London https://indico.cern.ch/event/1202105/
- CL Preventivi, 6 luglio 23, LNF (richieste RD_FCC)



FCC WEEK 2023 – MDI sessions

https://indico.cern.ch/event/1202105/

3 sessions

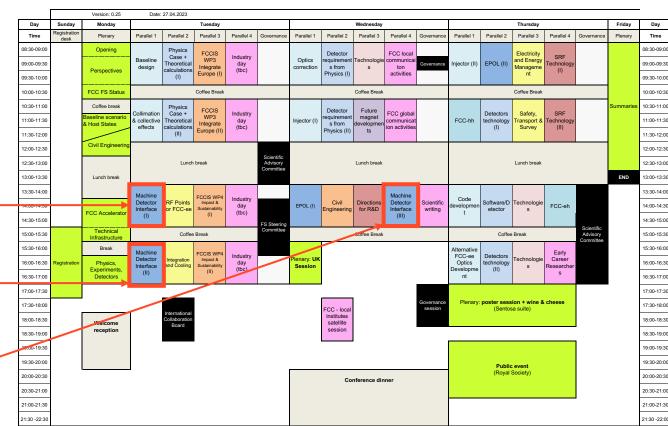
Tue. 6 + Wed. 7 90 min. each

On Indico almost final agenda

Mechanical model & related topics

Backgrounds, losses, SR, beamstrahlung

IR magnets, IR BPMs & related topics



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RD_FCC Attività 2024

- Anagrafica
- Attivita' prevista
- Richieste



Summary

- Increasing interest in the High Energy Physics (HEP) community for FCC-ee (US, INFN,..)
- Busy with the midterm review preparation that will be given to the advisory committee in London
- Cost review preparation
- Lots of progress in the studies at LNF

RD FCC Attività 2024

- Anagrafica
- Attivita' prevista
- Richieste