



Towards fragmentation cross section in the FaziaZERO experiment: C+C reaction at 62 A·MeV

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1 experimental setup

2 Physics purpose

3 particle identification

4 fragmentation cross section



1 experimental setup

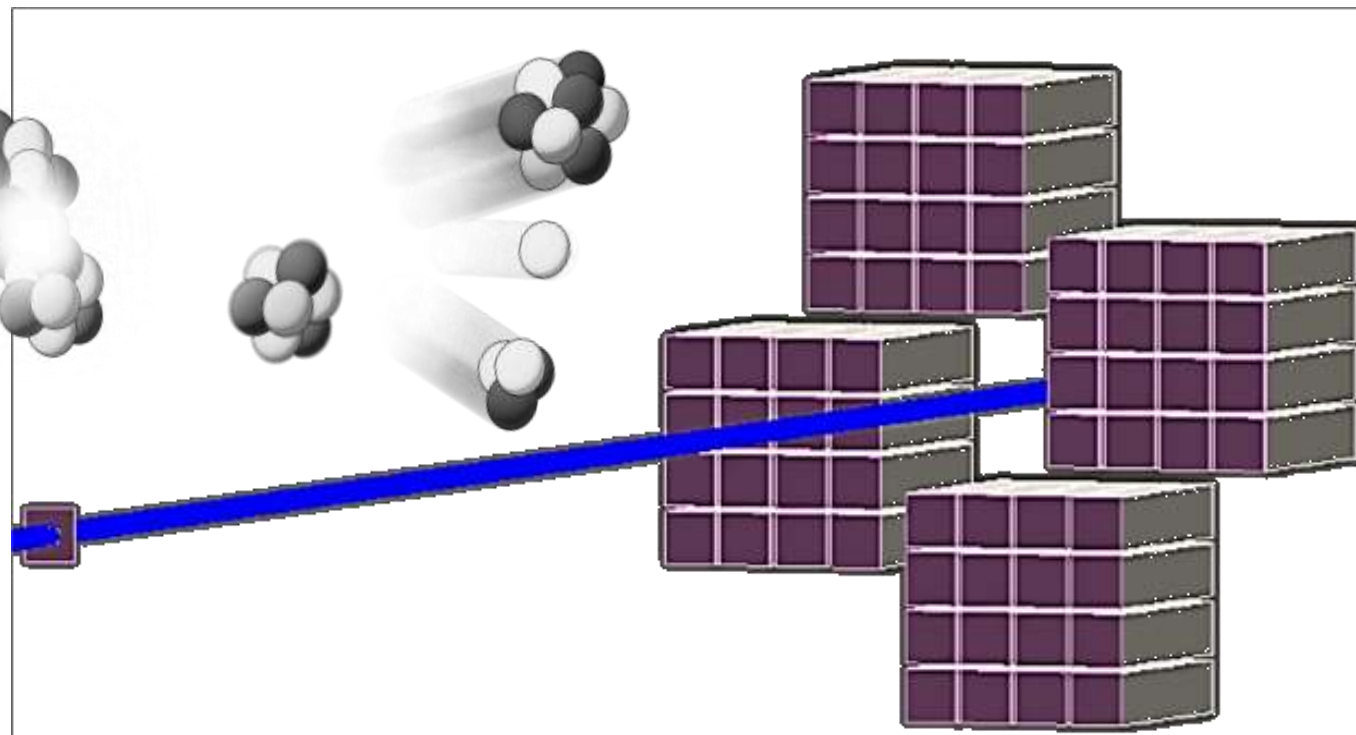
2 Physics purpose

3 particle identification

4 fragmentation cross section

Beam: ^{12}C @ 62 A·MeV
high intensity $\sim 10^8$ pps

Target: natC @ 237 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$



$\theta \approx (2^\circ, 8^\circ)$

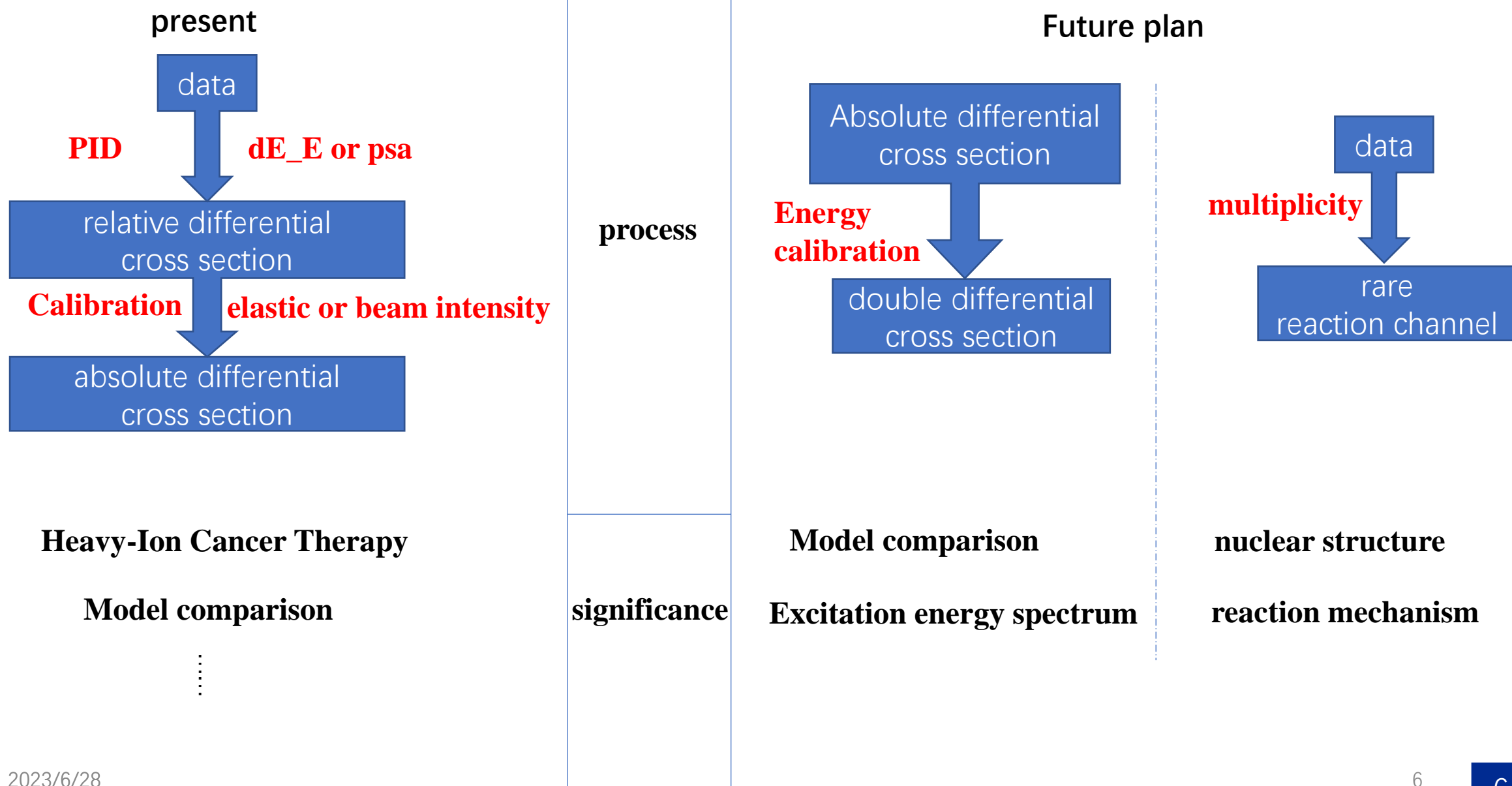


1 experiment setup

2 Physics purpose

3 particle identification

4 fragmentation cross section





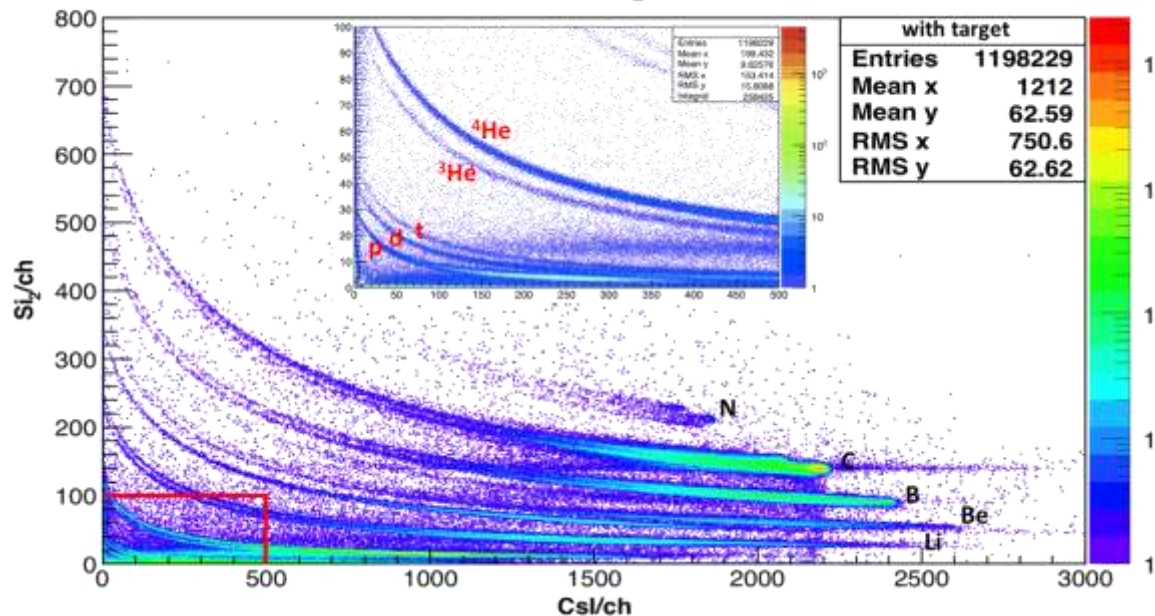
1 experiment setup

2 Physics purpose

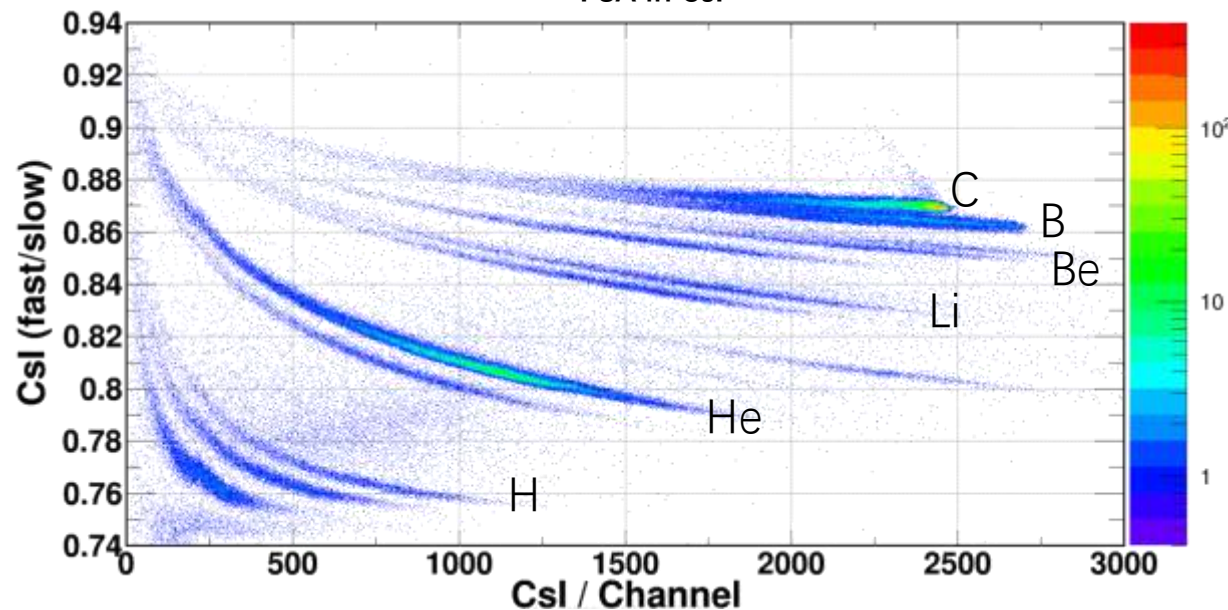
3 particle identification

4 fragmentation cross section

PID

 energy loss in Si₂ and Csl

E method

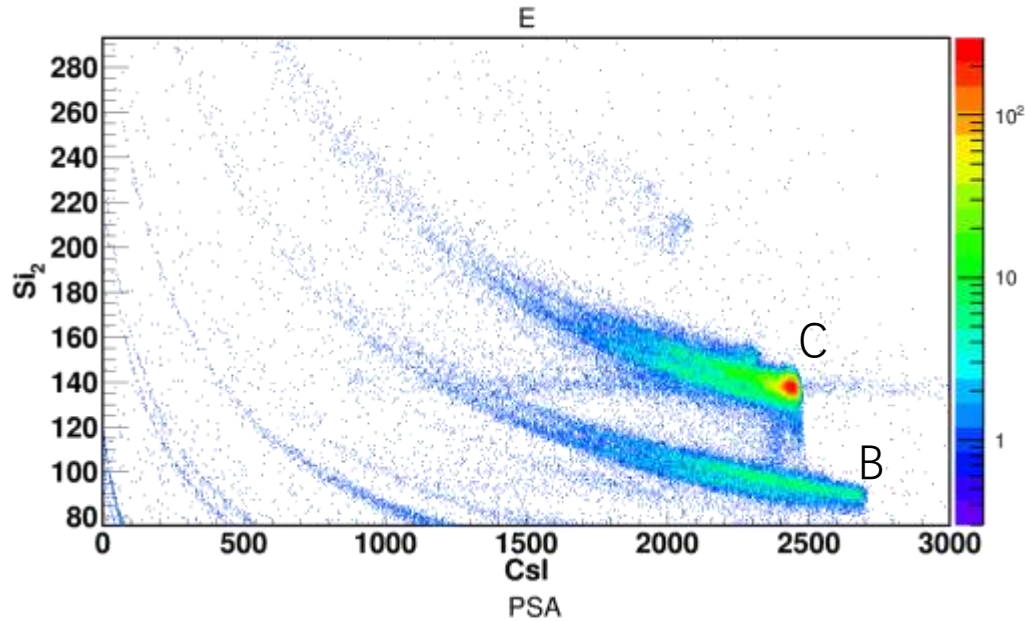
PSA in Csl


PSA method

There are two problems in the PID:

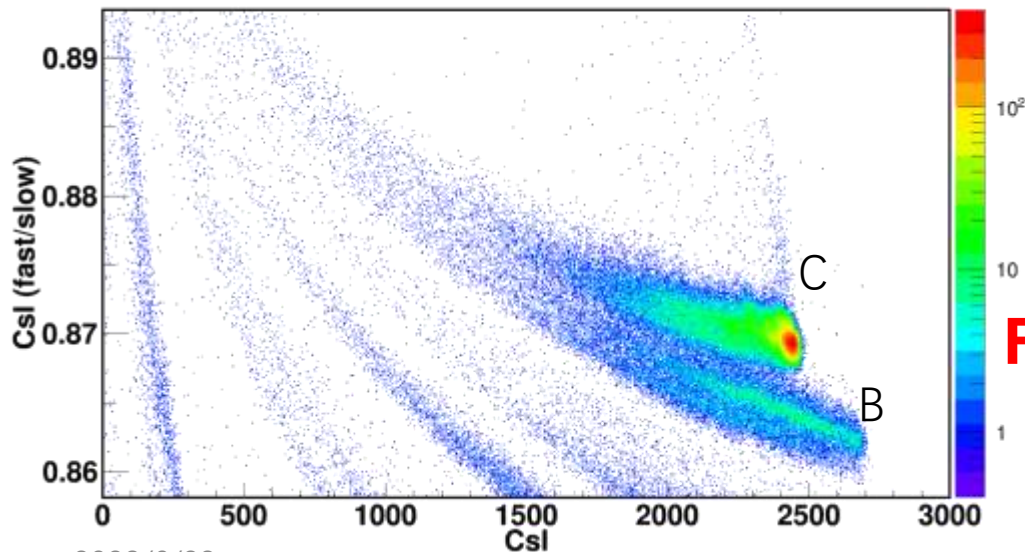
- 1、 bad resolution of psa method for B and C isotopes.
- 2、 IED(incomplete energy deposition) events

1) Bad resolution of psa for Boron & Carbon



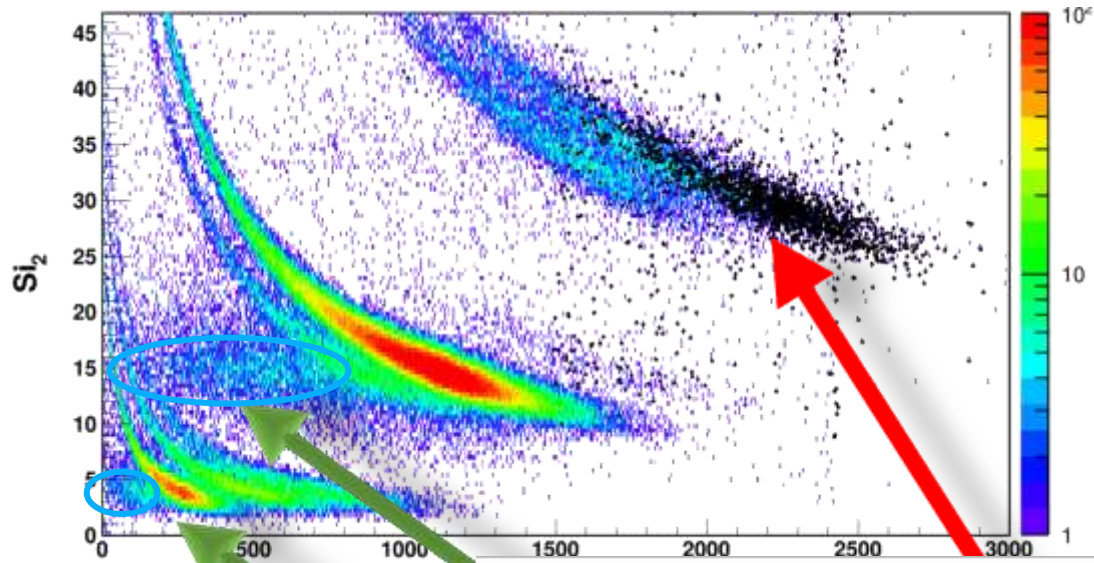
- PSA spectrum gets worse when Csl is smaller than 1500, but E spectrum doesn't.

- When counting C and B isotopes, E spectrum is more accurate than PSA spectrum.

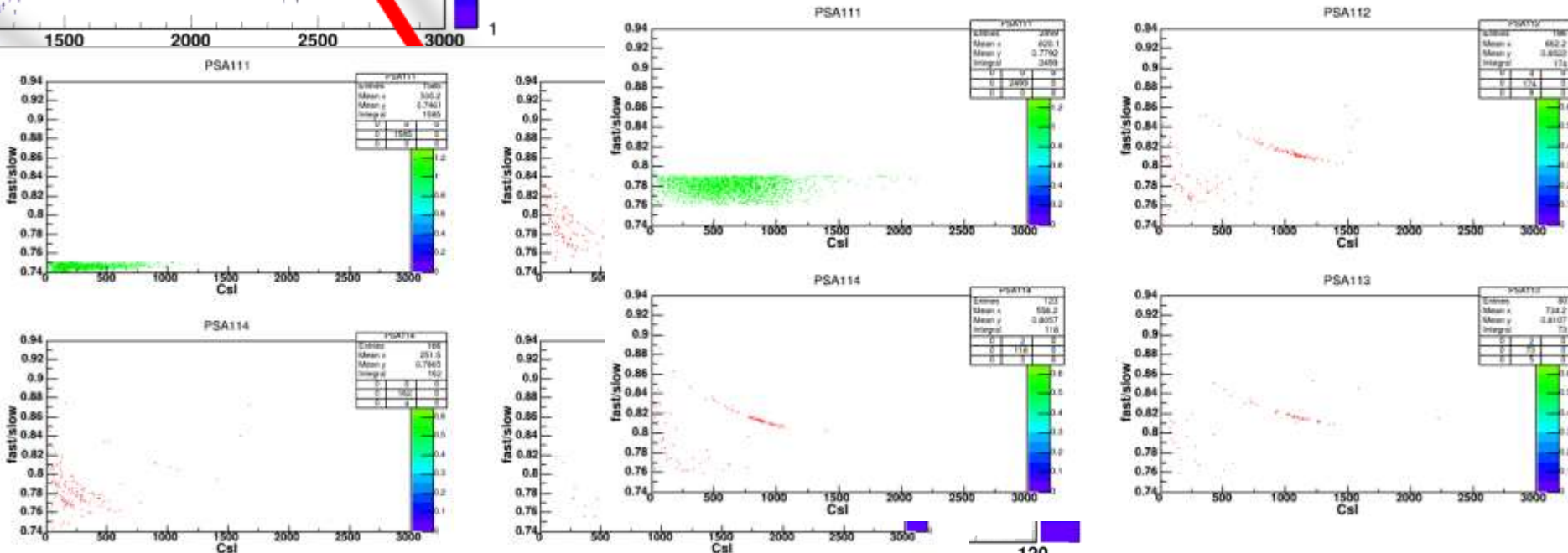
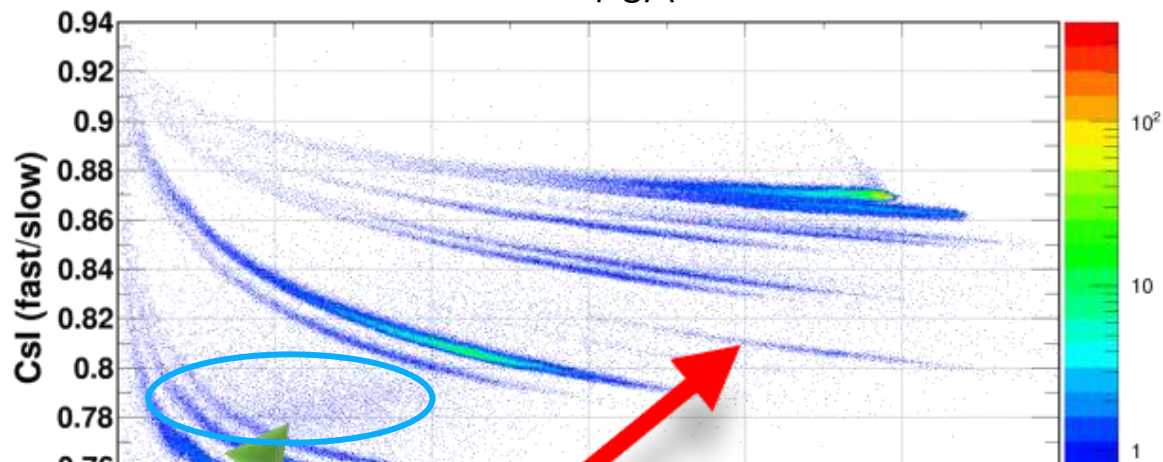


For $Z > 4$ isotopes, E spectrum is more reliable.

2)IED events:phenomenon



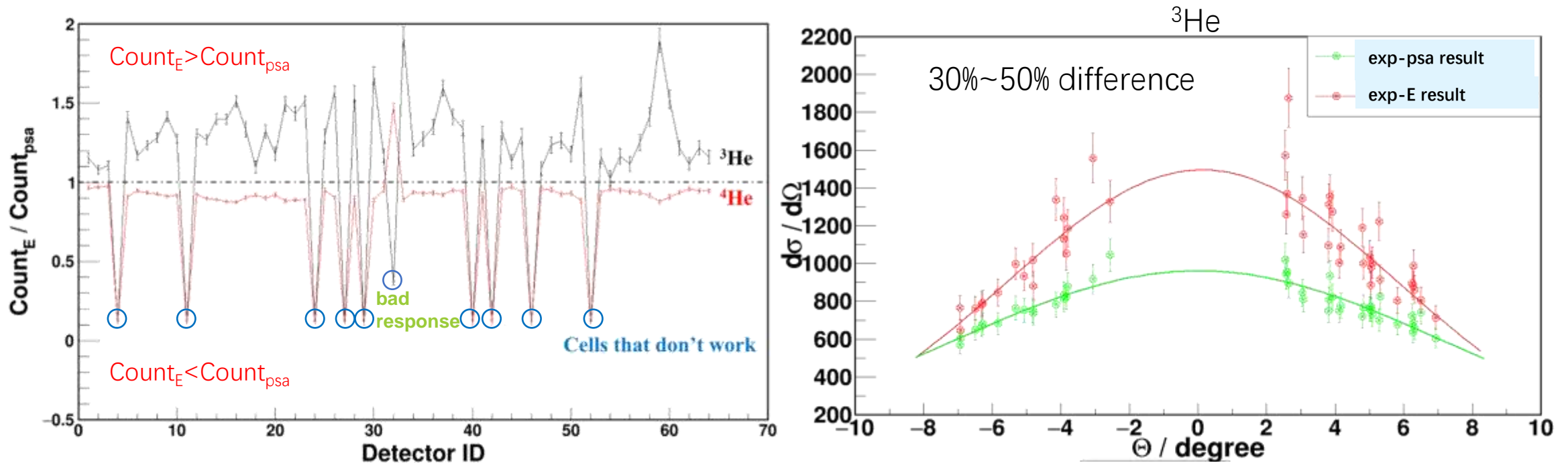
PSA



$\sigma_1 + \sigma_2$ channel

120

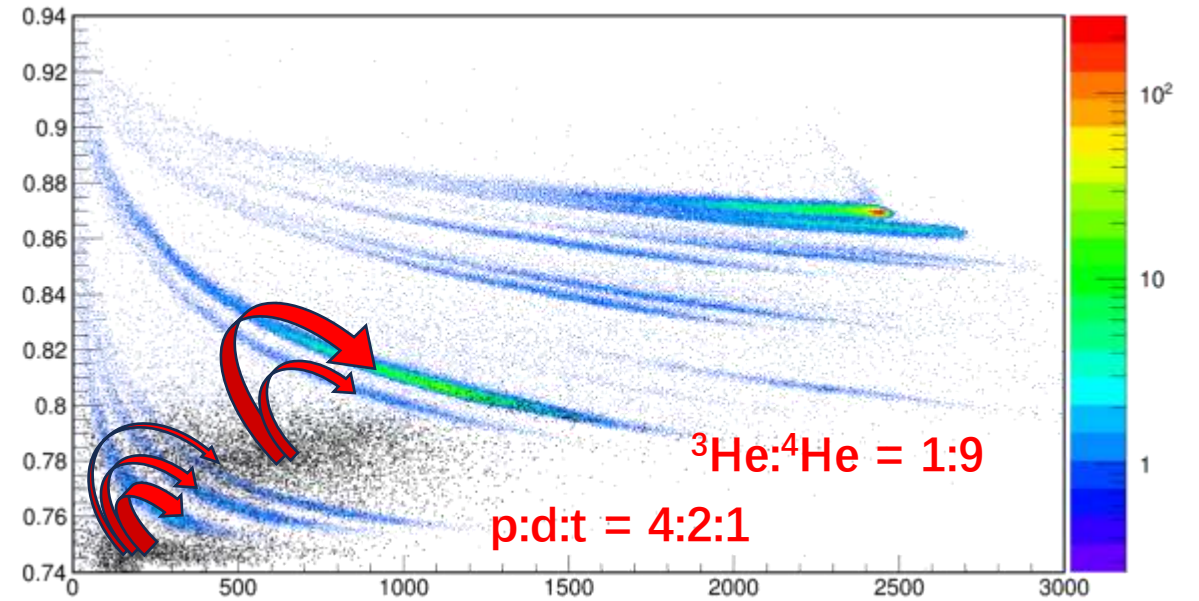
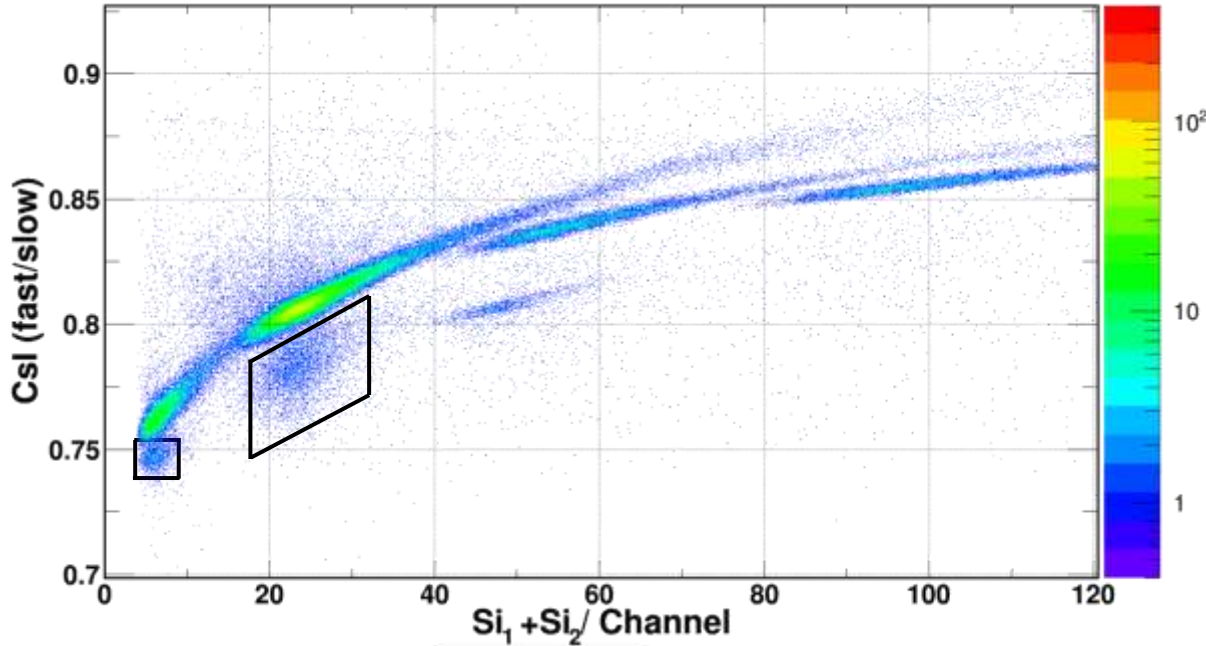
Influence of IED events



Check the response issue of the detector

for lower Z, psa method is better.

Deal with IED events



$$\text{Counts}_{\alpha}^{\text{tot}} = \text{Counts}_{\alpha}^{\text{psa}} + \text{IED}_{\text{He}} * \text{ratio}_{\alpha}$$

$$\text{Counts}_{\text{p}}^{\text{tot}} = \text{Counts}_{\text{p}}^{\text{psa}} + \text{IED}_{\text{H}} * \text{ratio}_{\text{p}} - \text{IED}_{\text{He}}$$



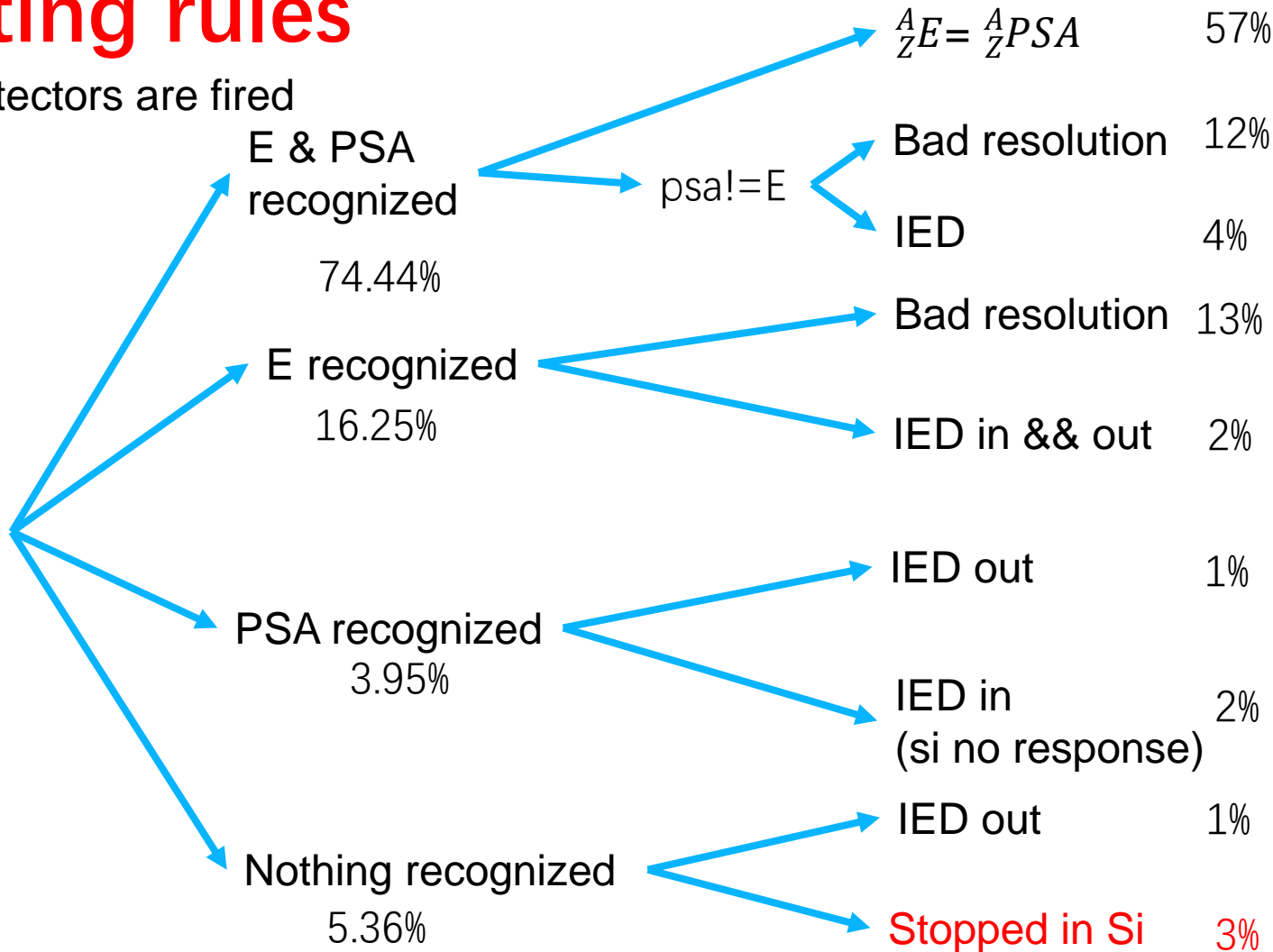
03 Particle identification

Counting rules

Si_Si_Csl detectors are fired

For Z>4
Counts_E

For Z≤4
Counts_{psa}
± IED(Z≤2)



95% events is confirmed

3% Stopped in Si

2% unrecognized

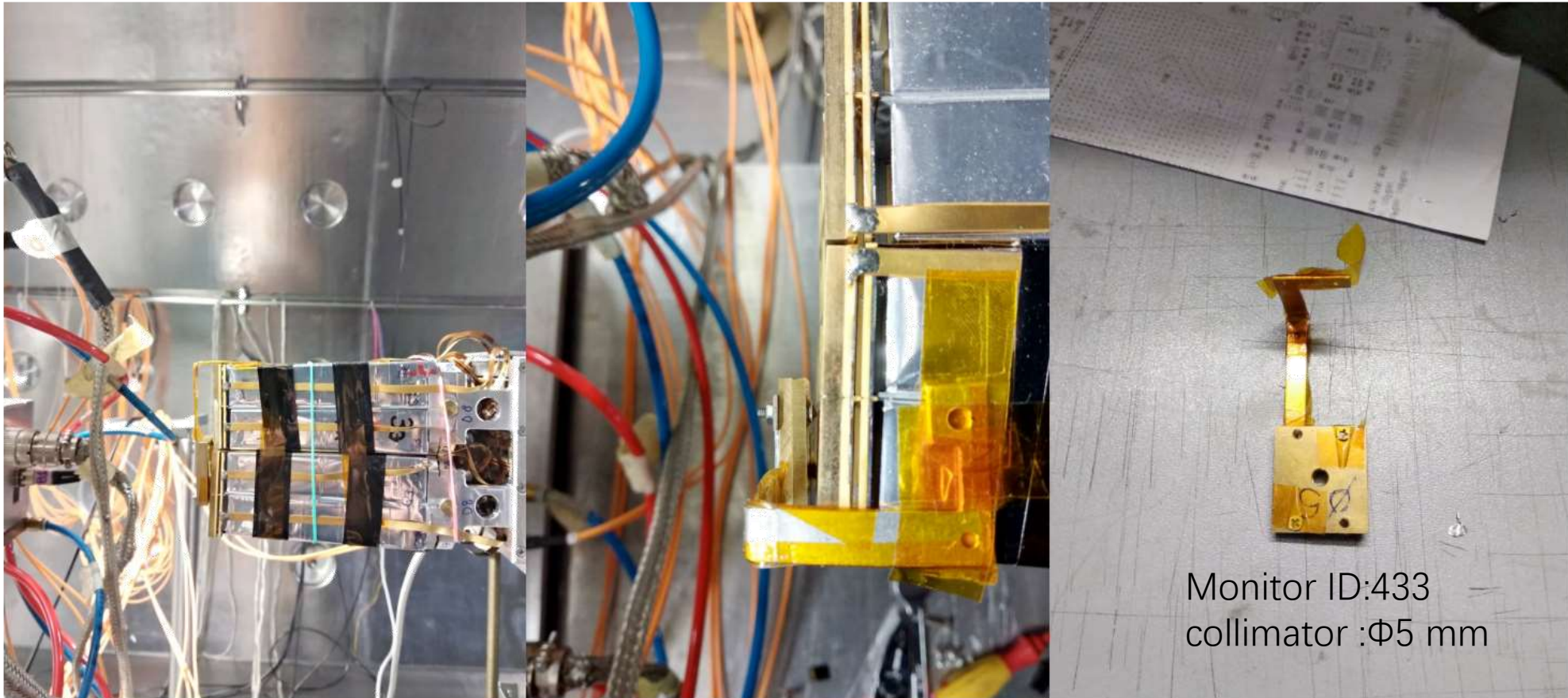


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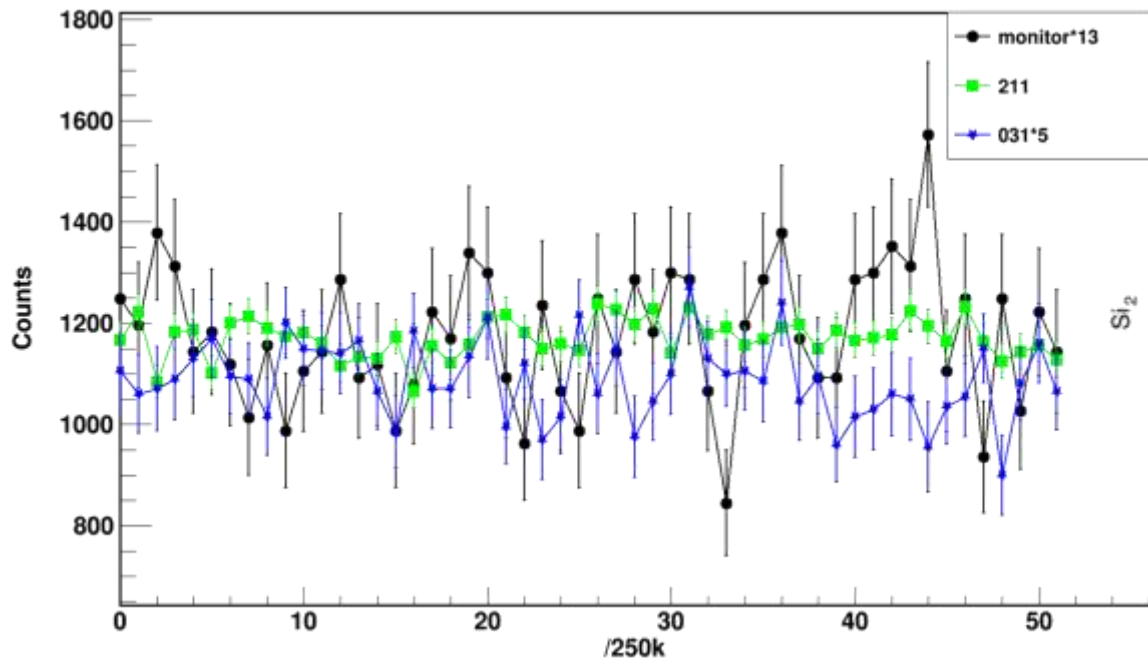
Detecting the number of ^{12}C generated by elastic scattering

04 1) Elastic scattering monitor

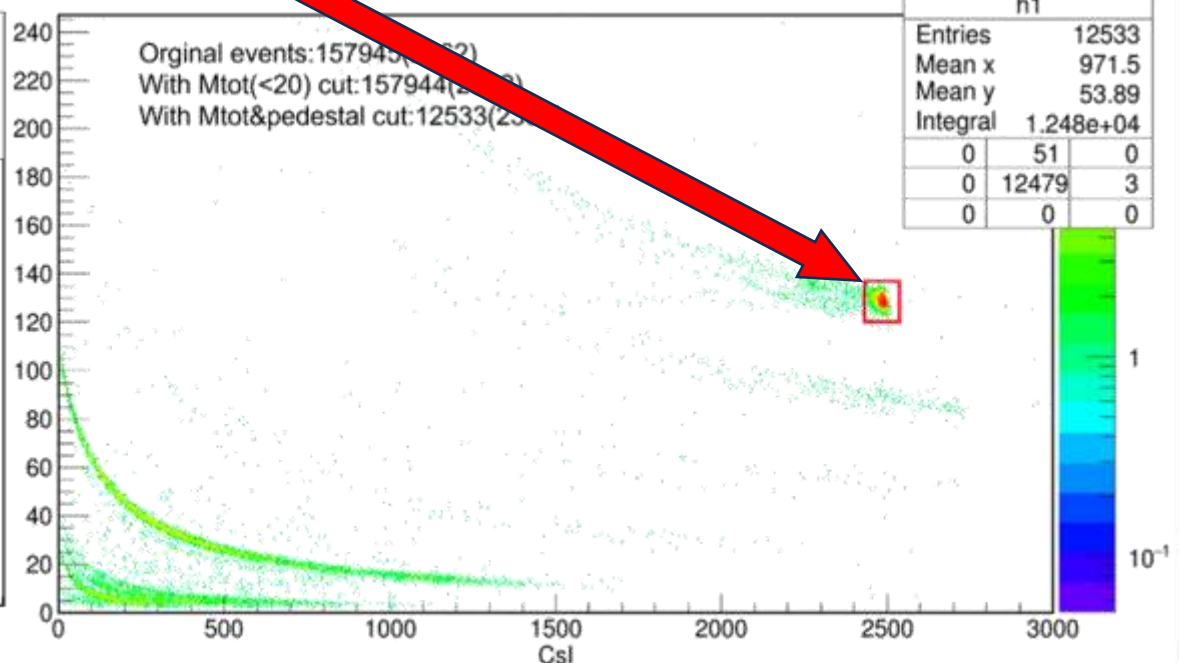


Is known from PID

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{N_{\Omega}}{(N_{\Omega})_{elastic}} \left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \right)_{elastic}$$



Stability check

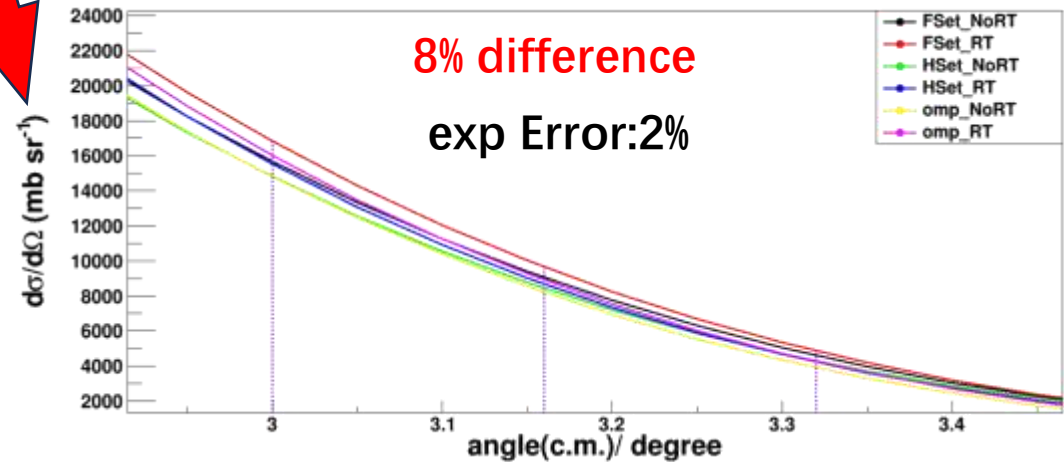
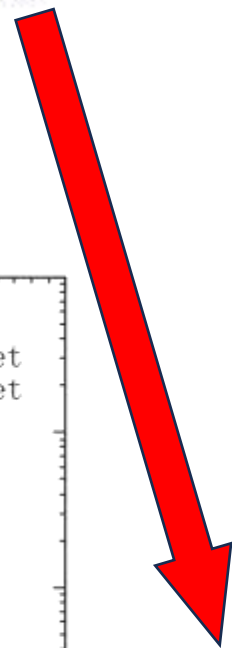
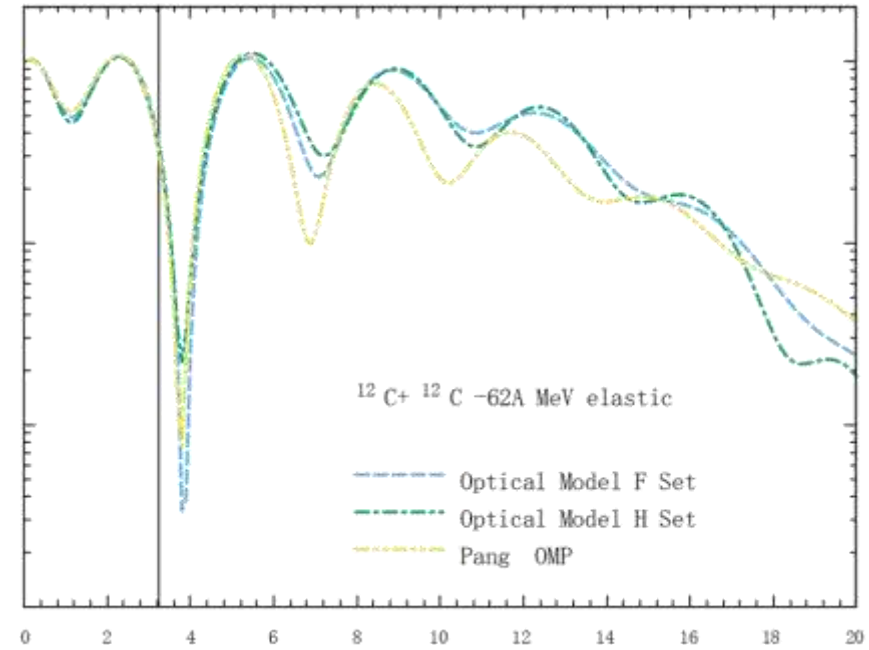
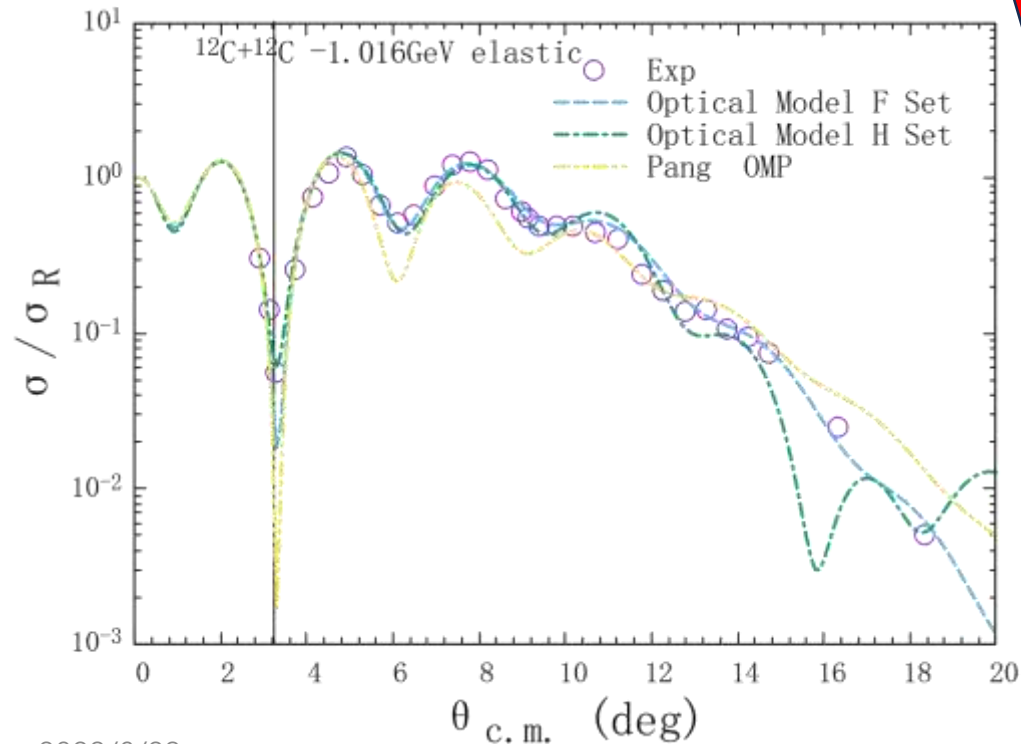


PID of the monitor

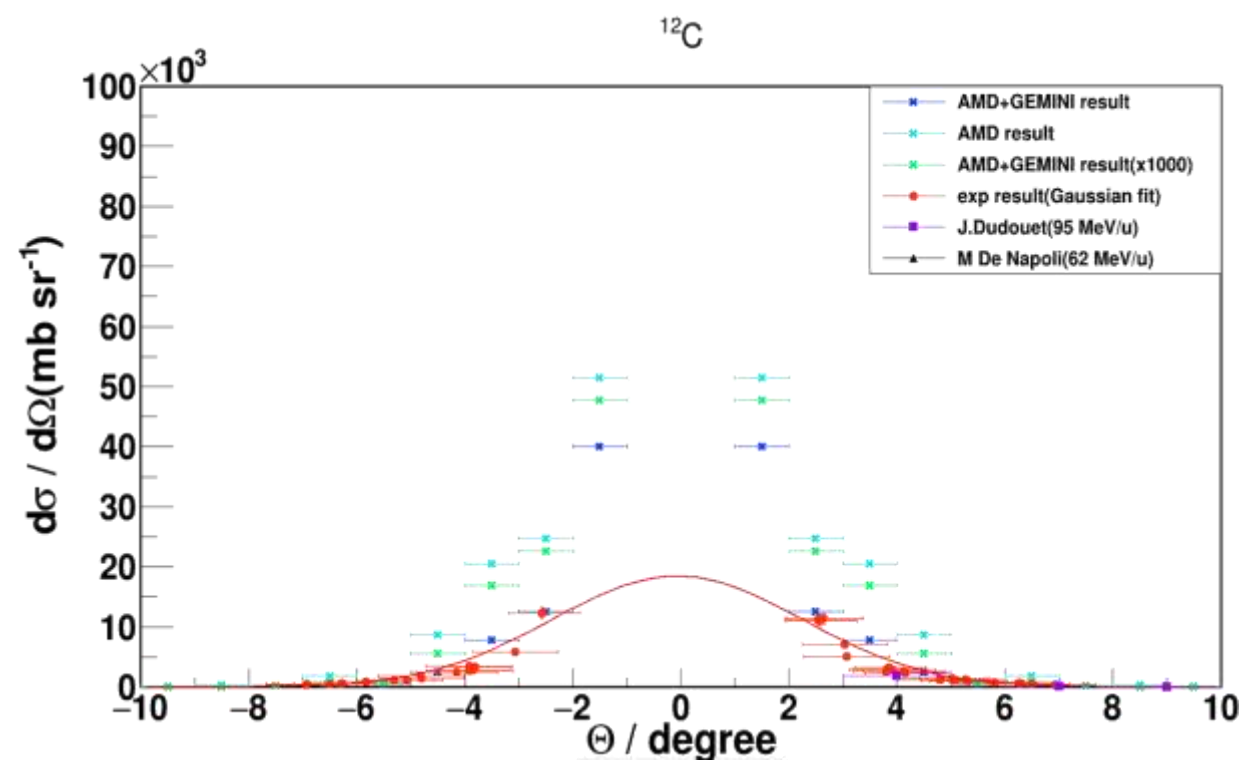
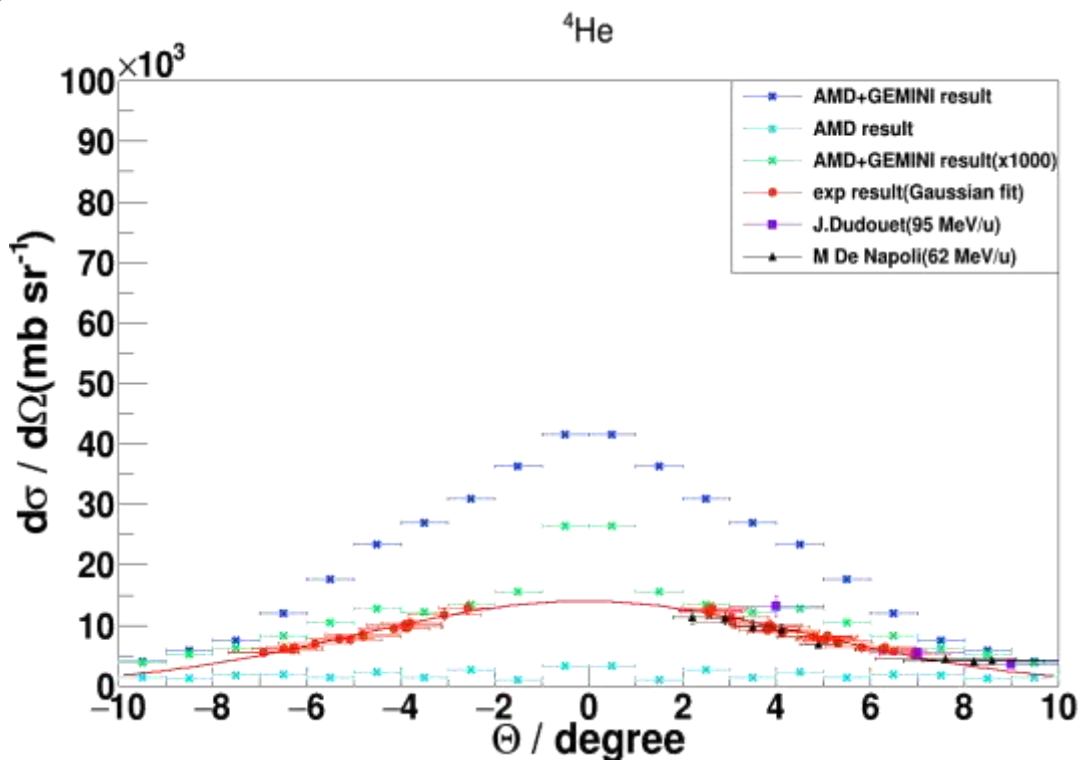


2) Elastic scattering cross section

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{N_{\Omega}}{(N_{\Omega})_{elastic}} \left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \right)_{elastic}$$



04 Fragmentation Cross Section



- **Red one** is the result of this experiment.
- **Black & purple one** is the result of others.

¹H ²H ³H ³He ⁴He ⁶Li ⁷Li ⁷Be ⁹Be
¹⁰Be ¹⁰B ¹¹B ¹⁰C ¹¹C ¹²C

- **Light blue one** is the AMD result
- **dark blue one** is the AMD+GEMINI(old rule) result.
- **green one** is the the AMD+GEMINI(new rule) result.

Green one shows better agreement with the experimental result.

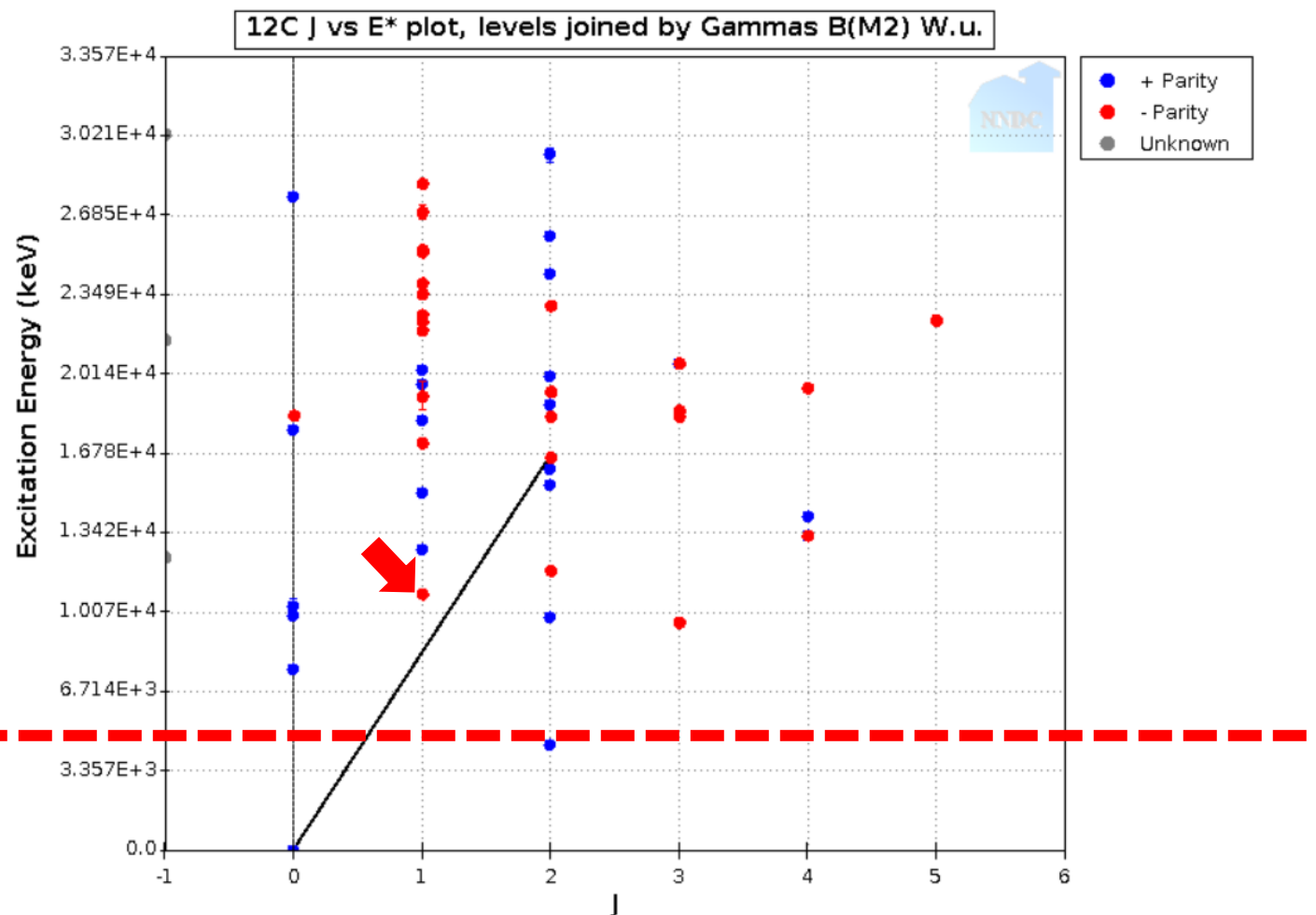
04 Fragmentation Cross Section



J and E^* take continuous values.
Since the wave function is not an eigenstate of J and E^* .

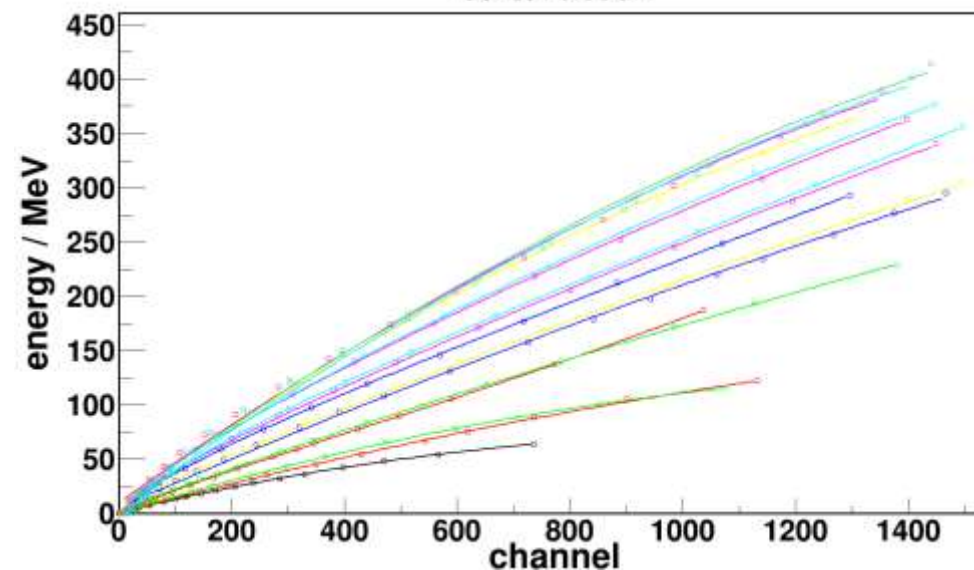
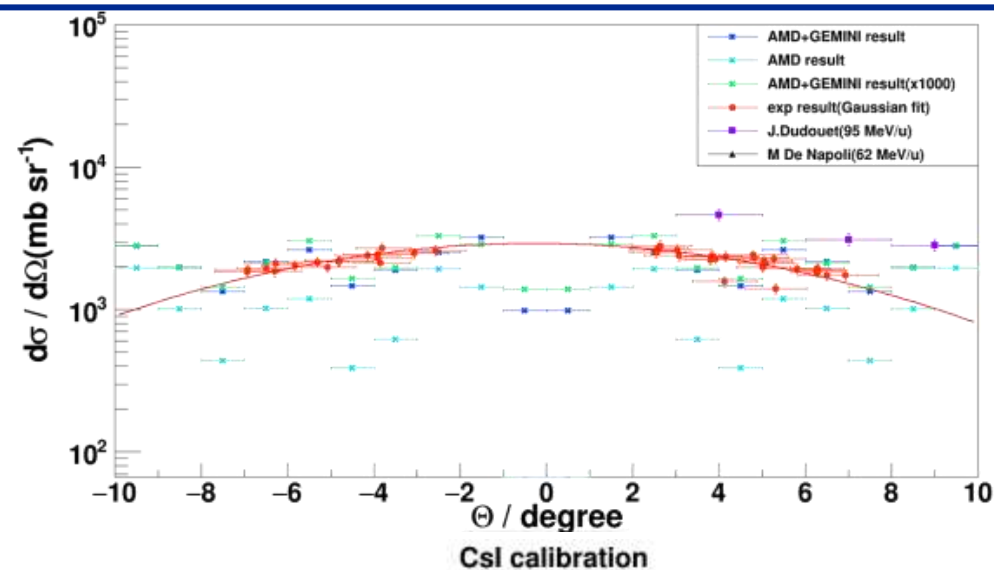
To start the statistical decay, the code has to choose one of the levels of the nucleus.

1. choosing J
2. choosing one of the levels smaller than E^* of that J.



modified the algorithm to retry a lower $J = J-1$ if E^* is lower than the lowest level for the chosen J.

- Publish experimental data
- Finish energy calibration
- Look at rare reaction channels





Thanks for your listening



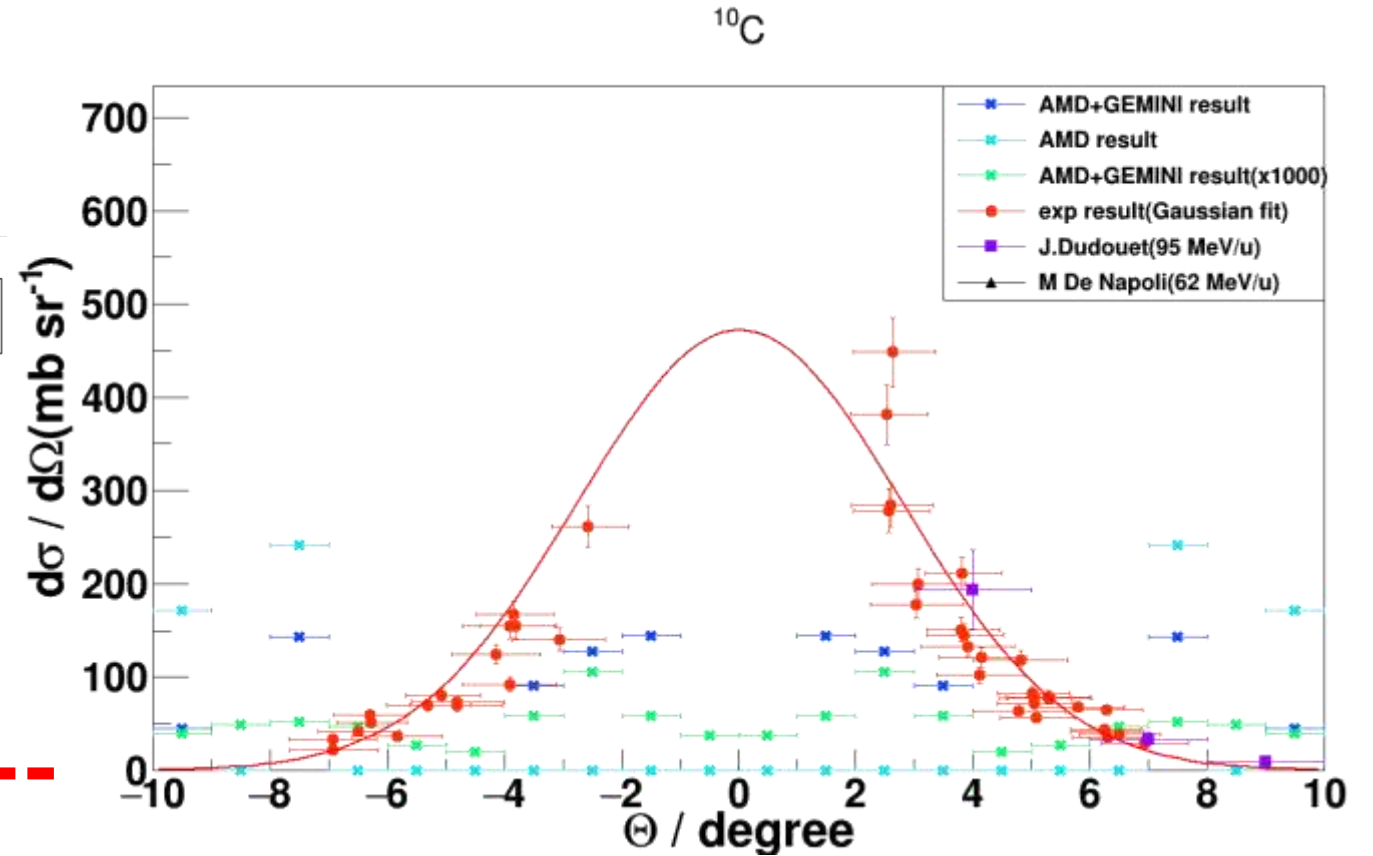
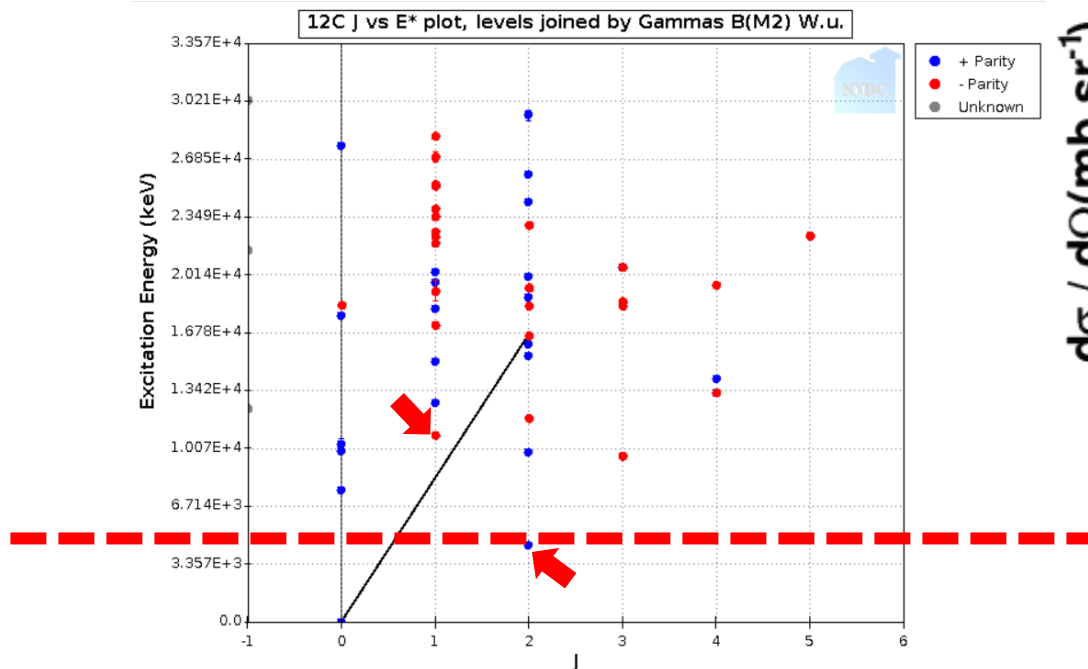
Backup: other FCS results



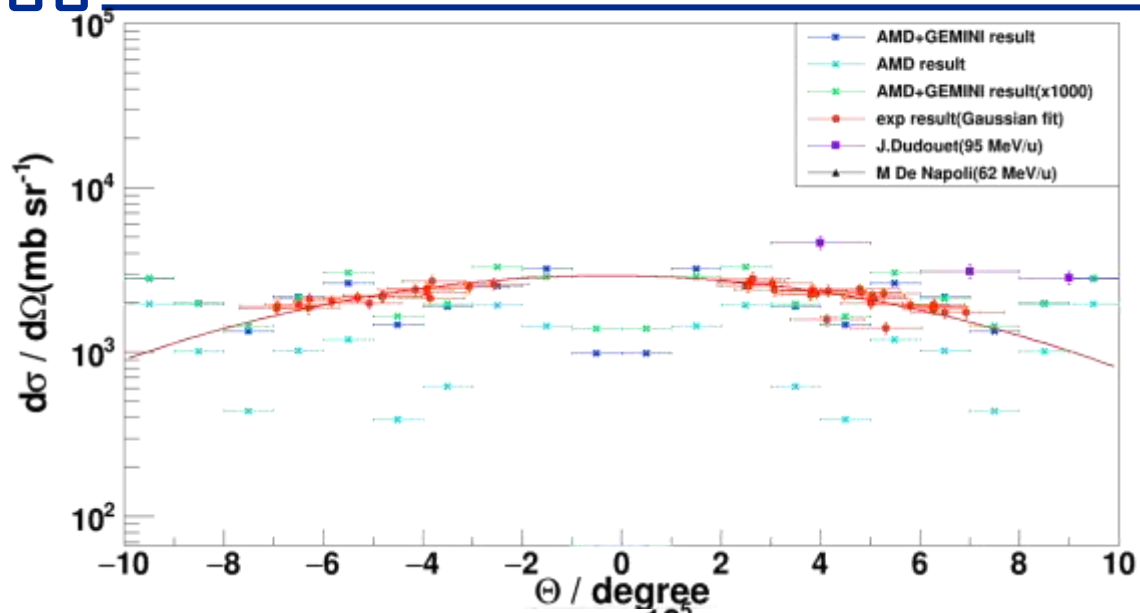
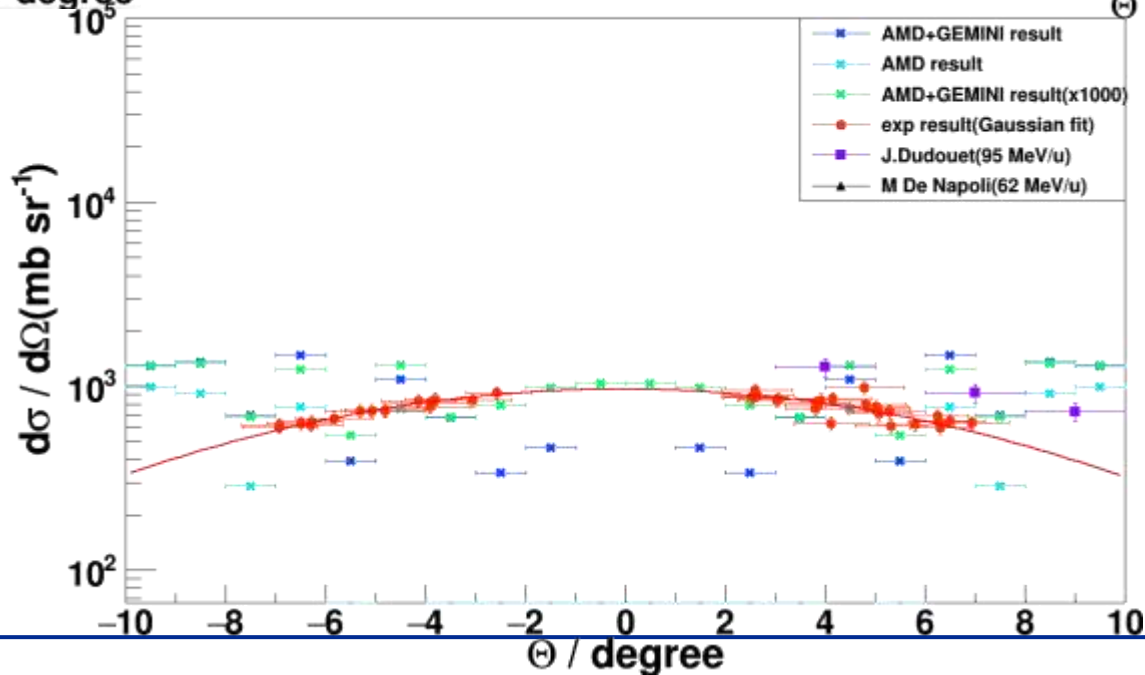
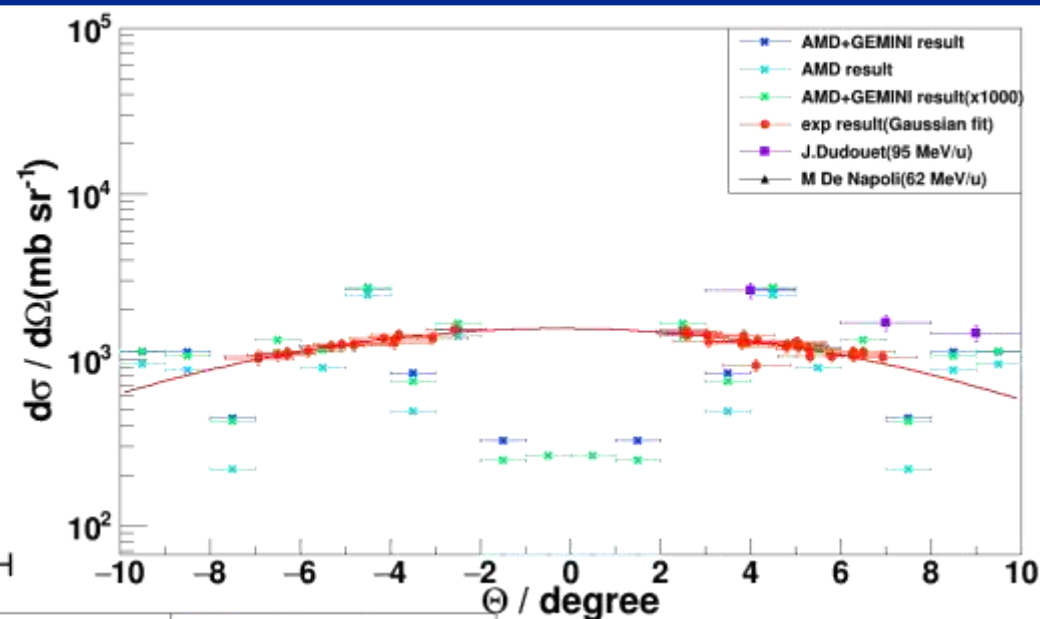
04 Fragmentation Cross Section

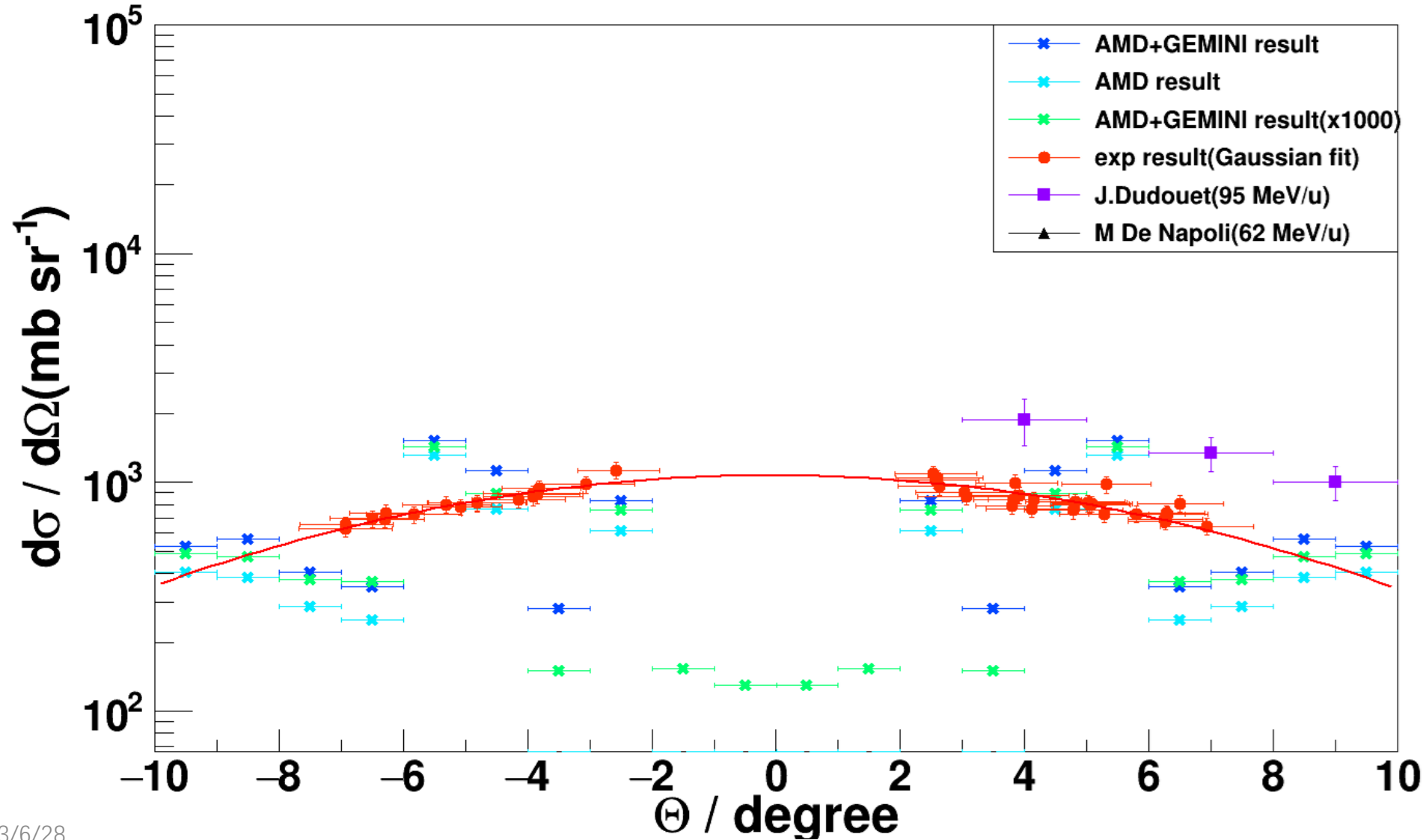
J and E* take continuous values.
Since the wave function is not an eigenstate of J and E*.
To start the statistical decay, the code has to choose one of the levels of the nucleus.

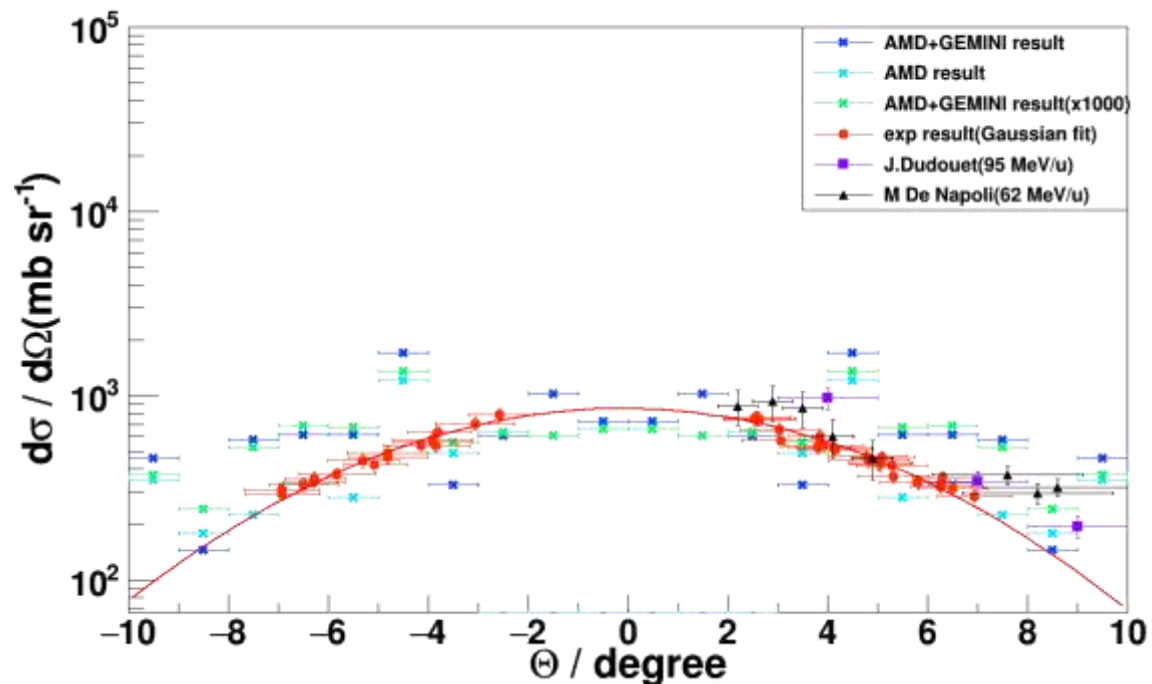
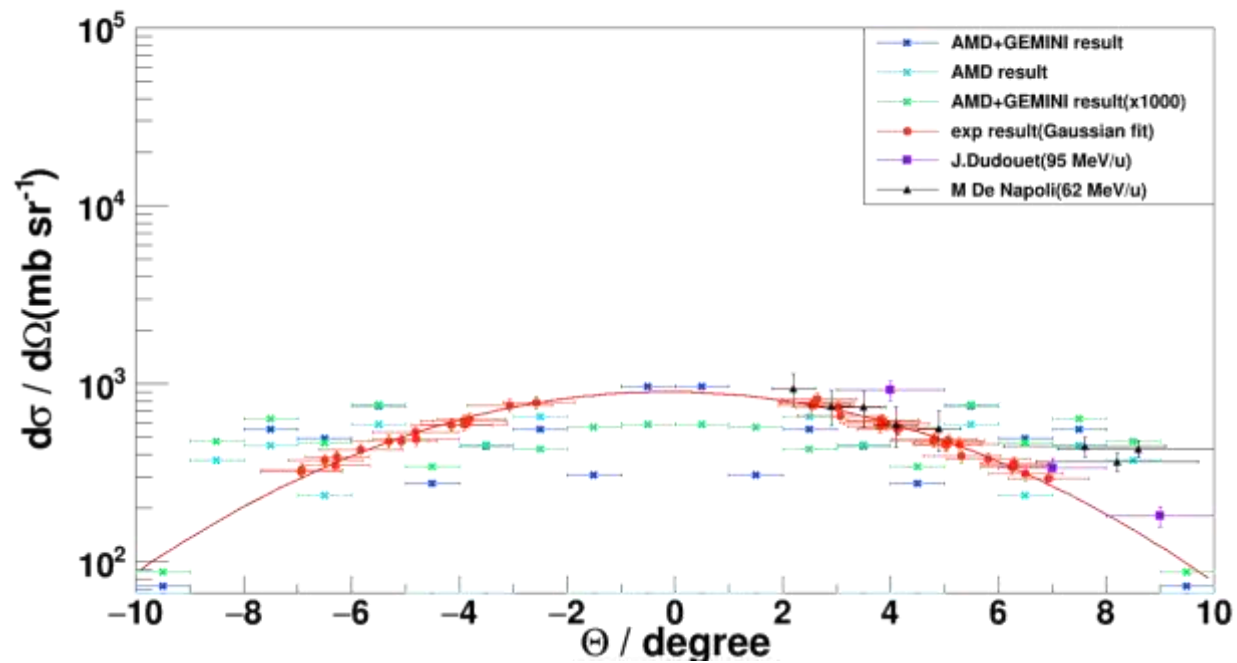
1. choosing J
2. choosing one of the levels smaller than E* of that J.

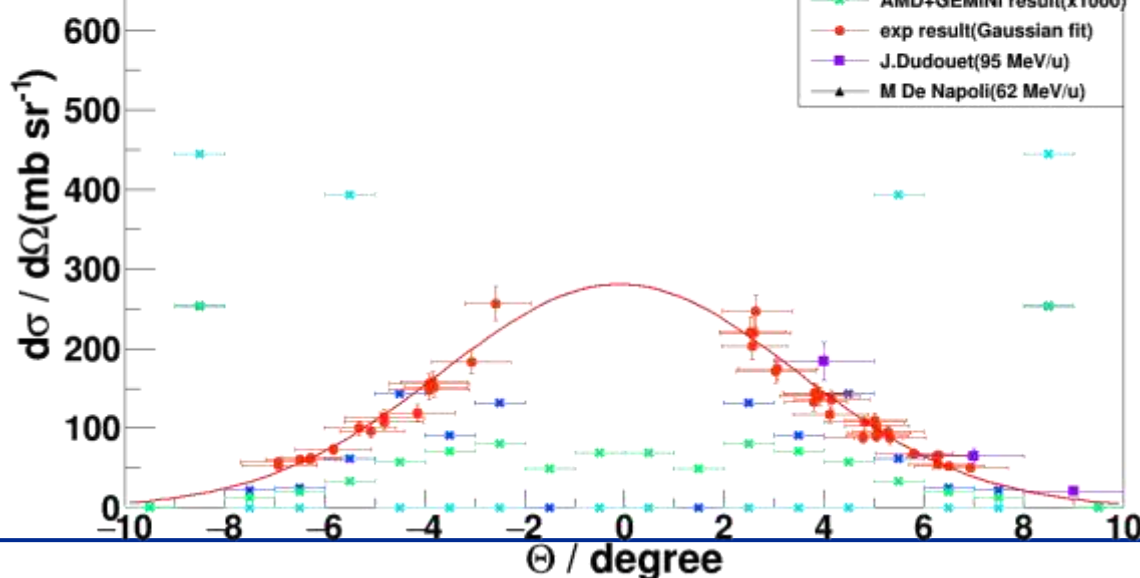
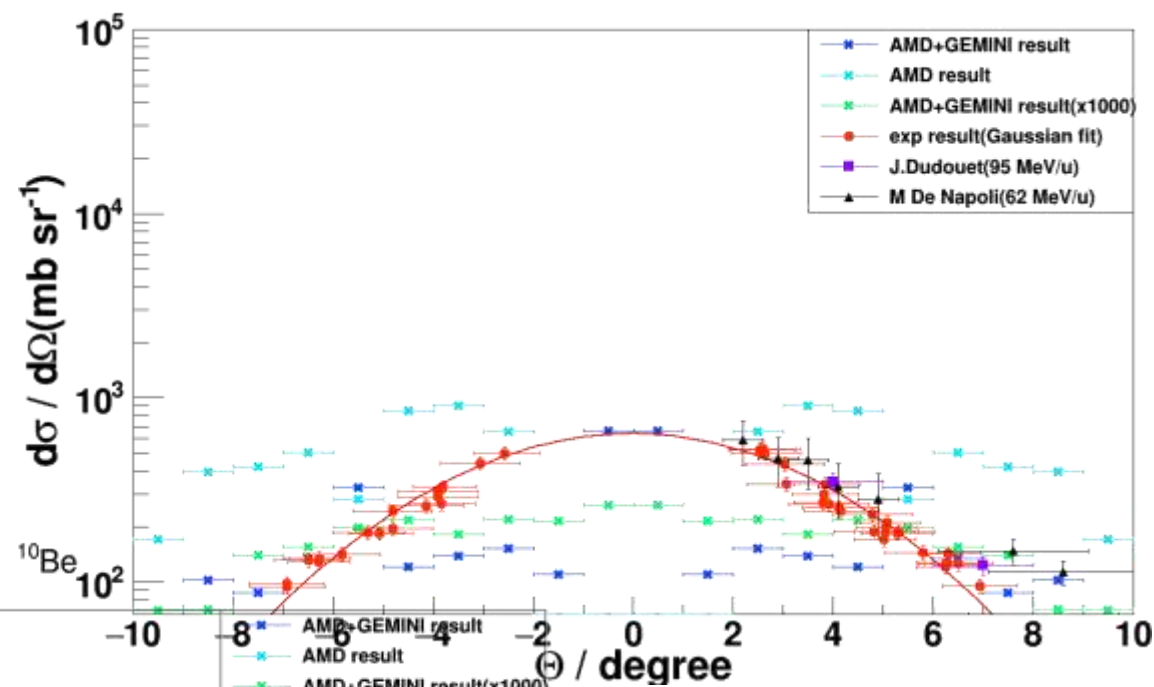
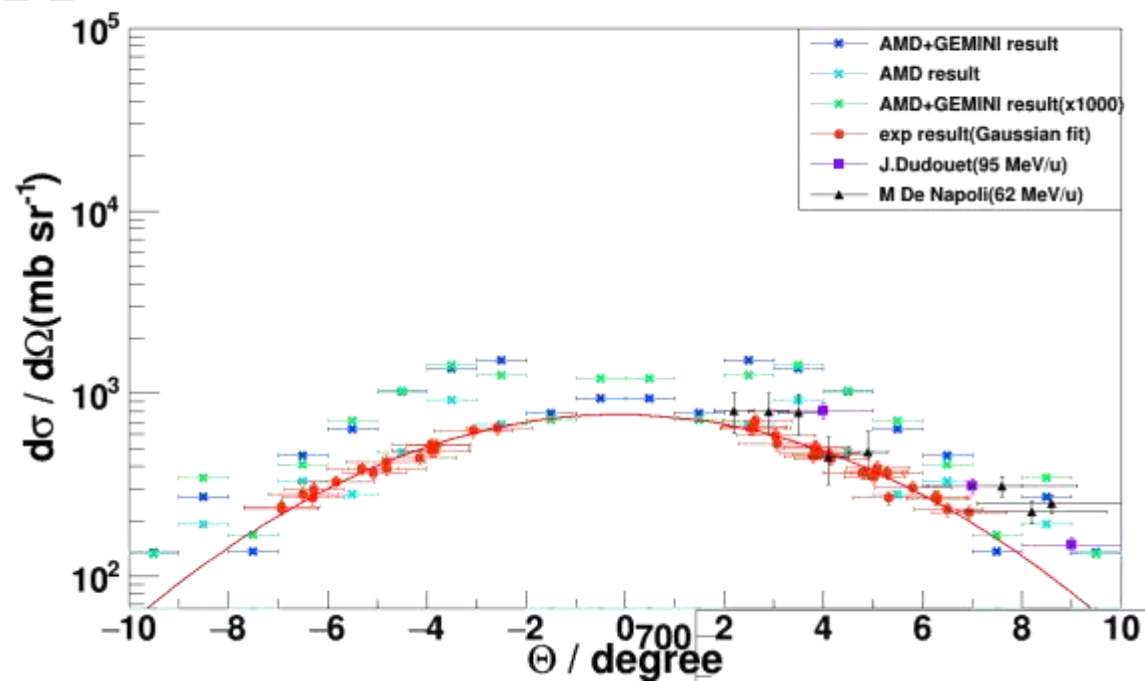


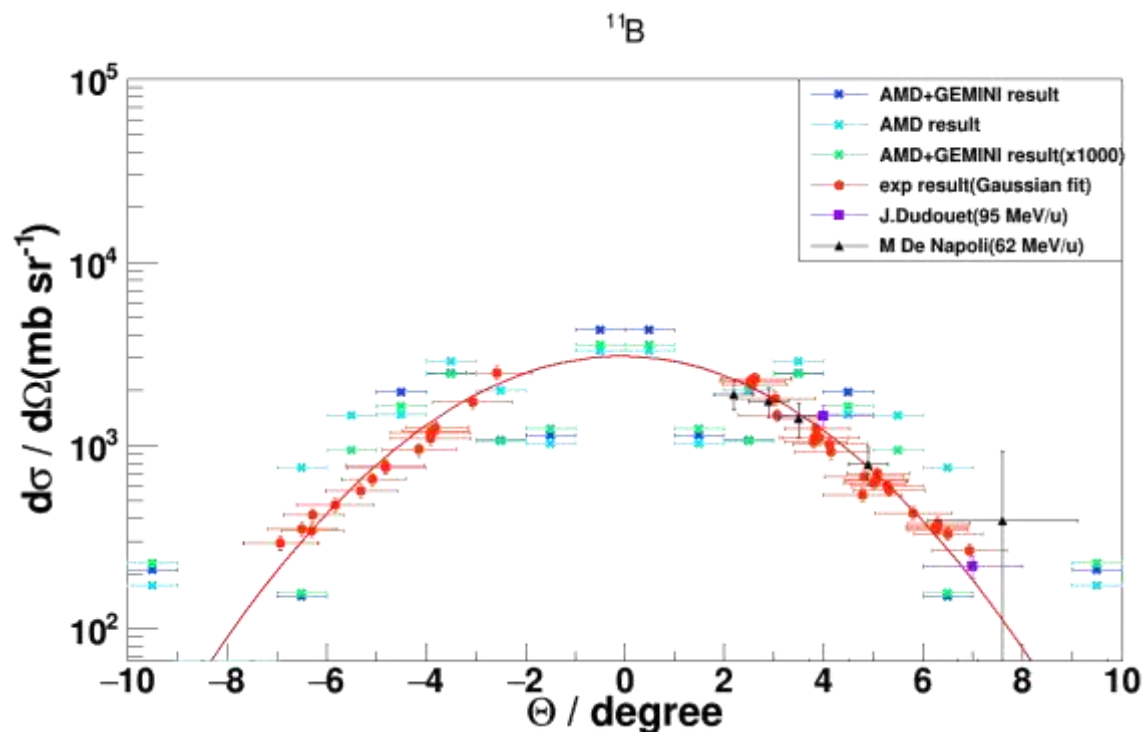
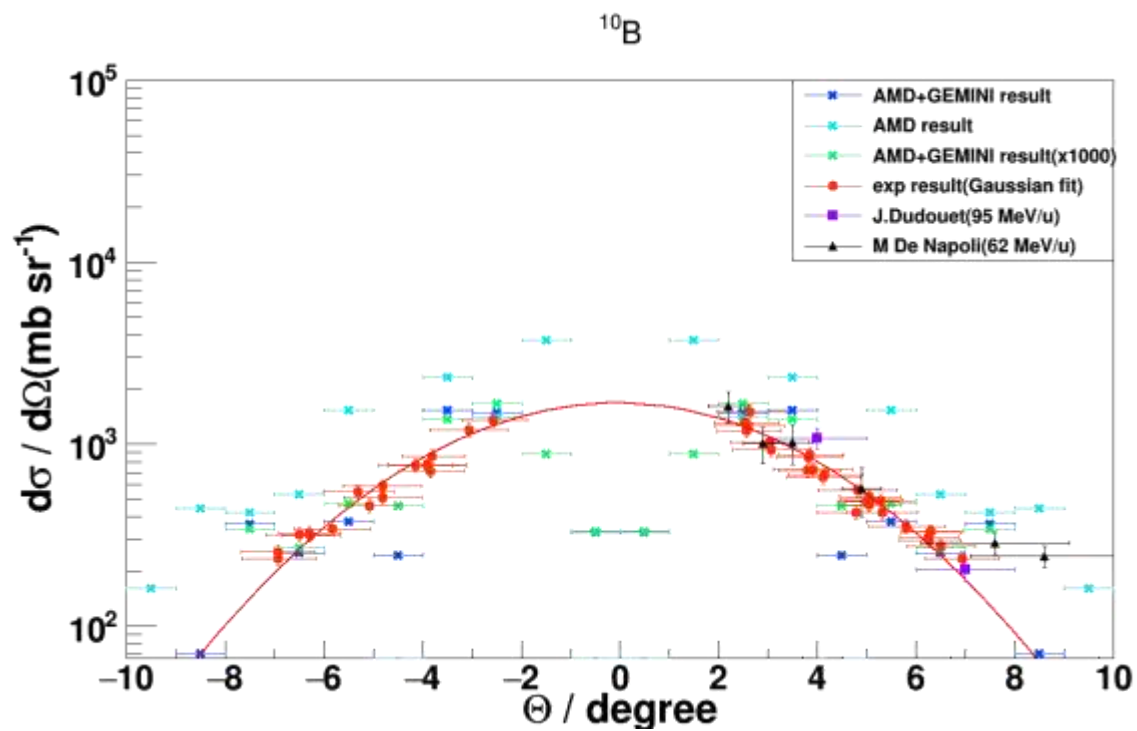
modified the algorithm to retry a lower J = J-1 if E* is lower than the lowest level for the chosen J.

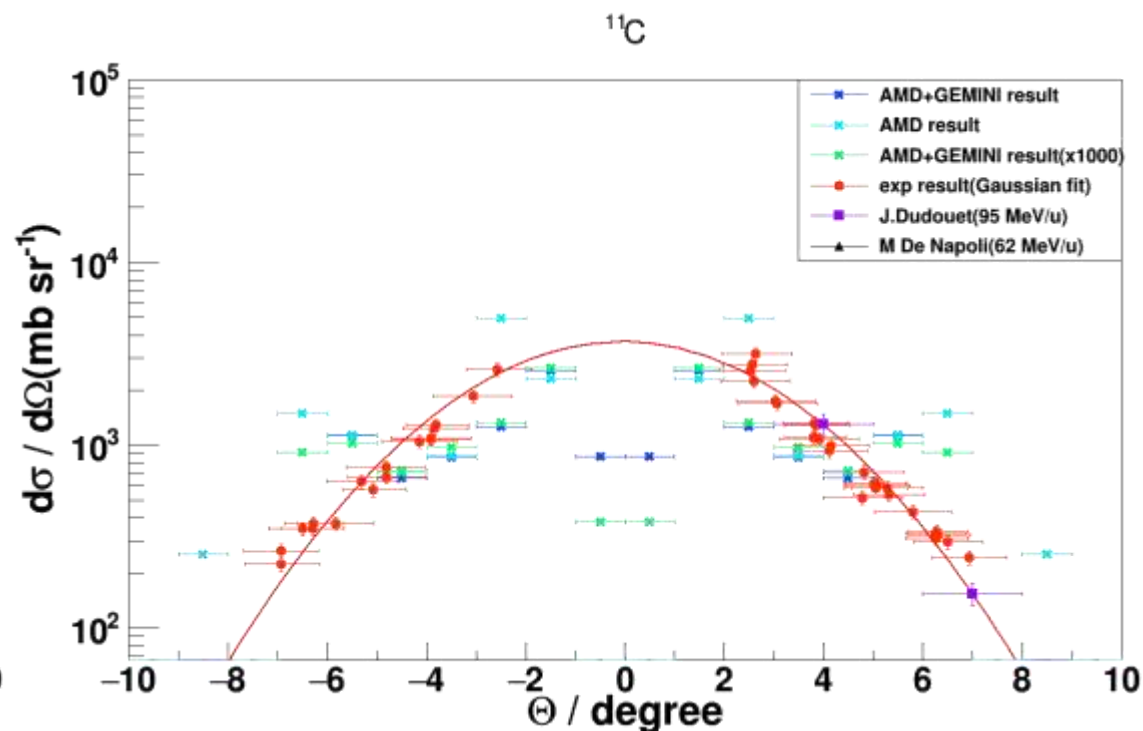
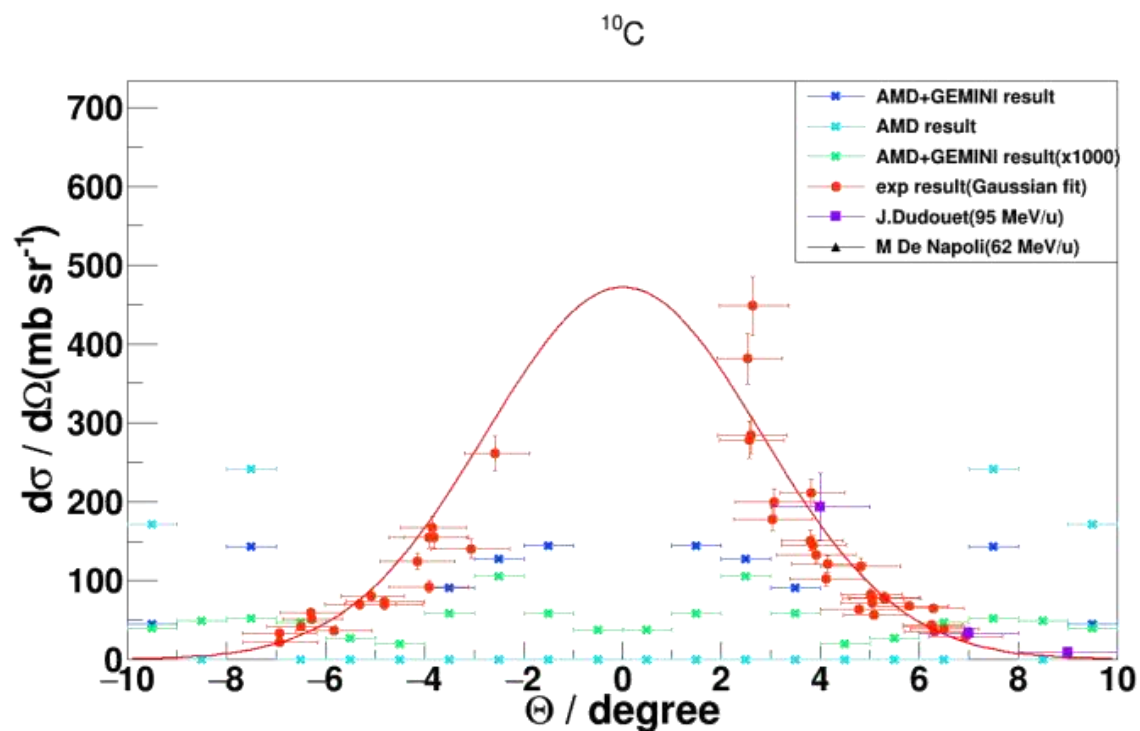
^1H  ^3H 

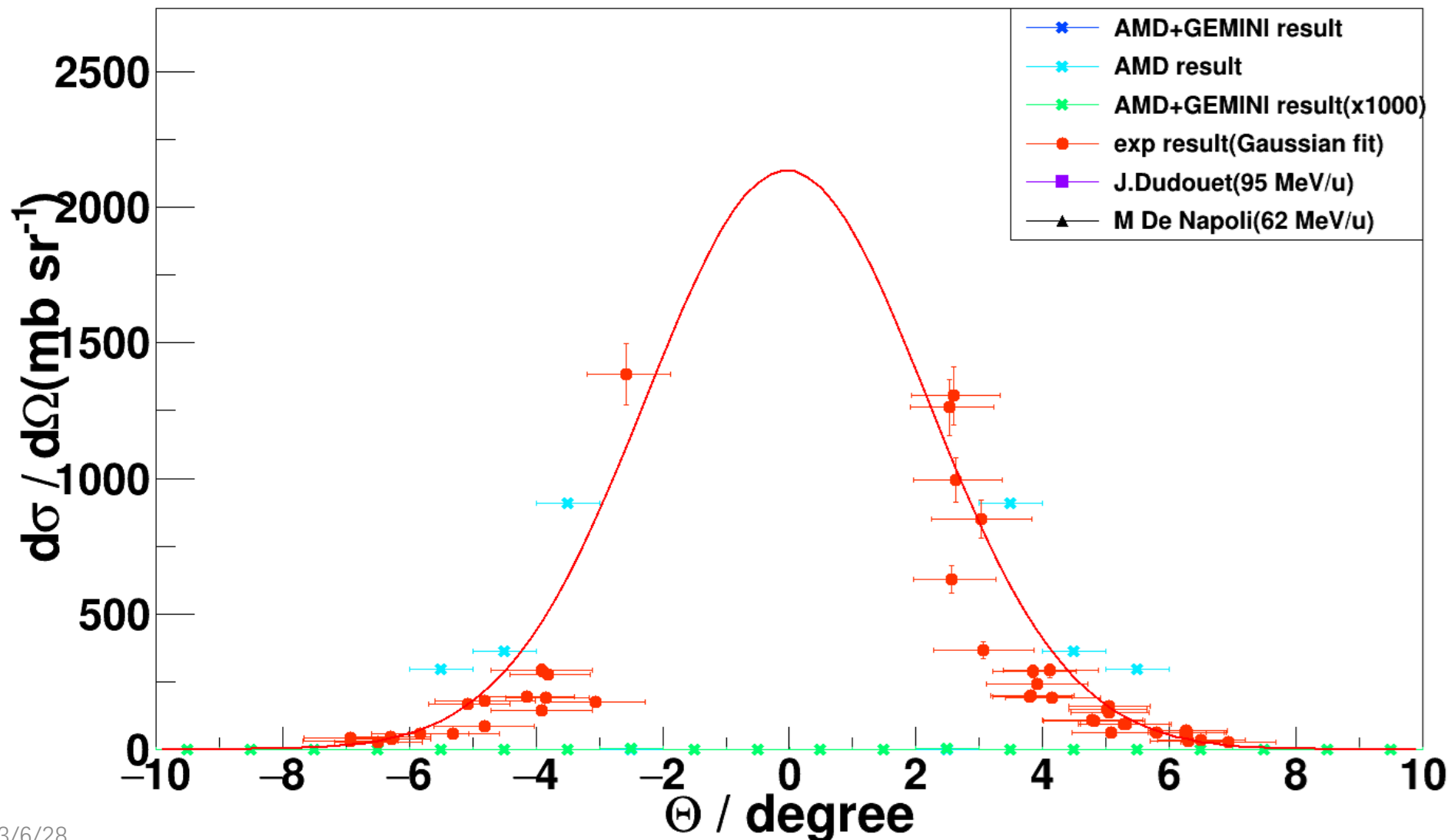
 ${}^3\text{He}$ 

${}^6\text{Li}$  ${}^7\text{Li}$ 







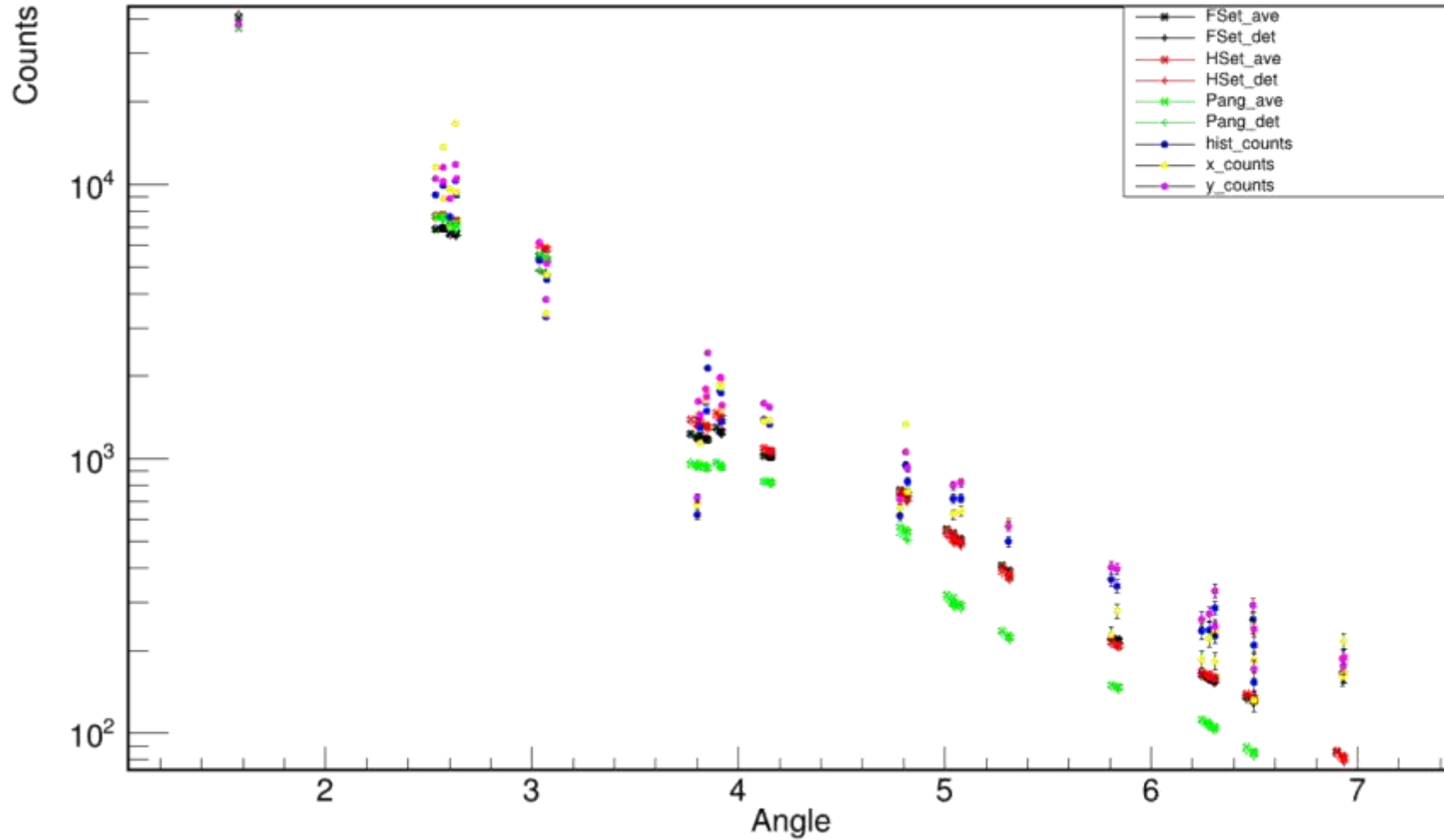
^{13}C 



Backup: other ESCS results

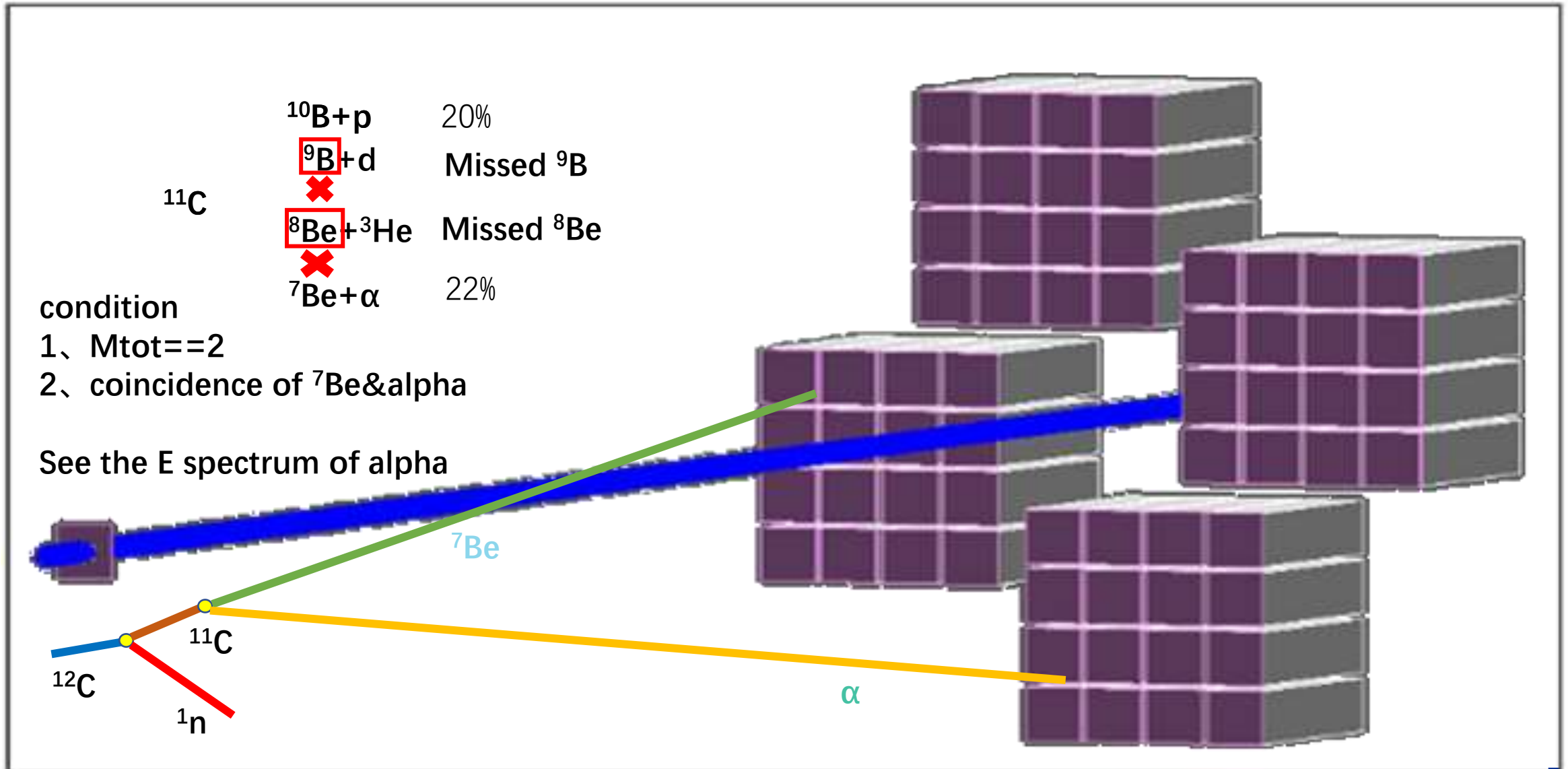


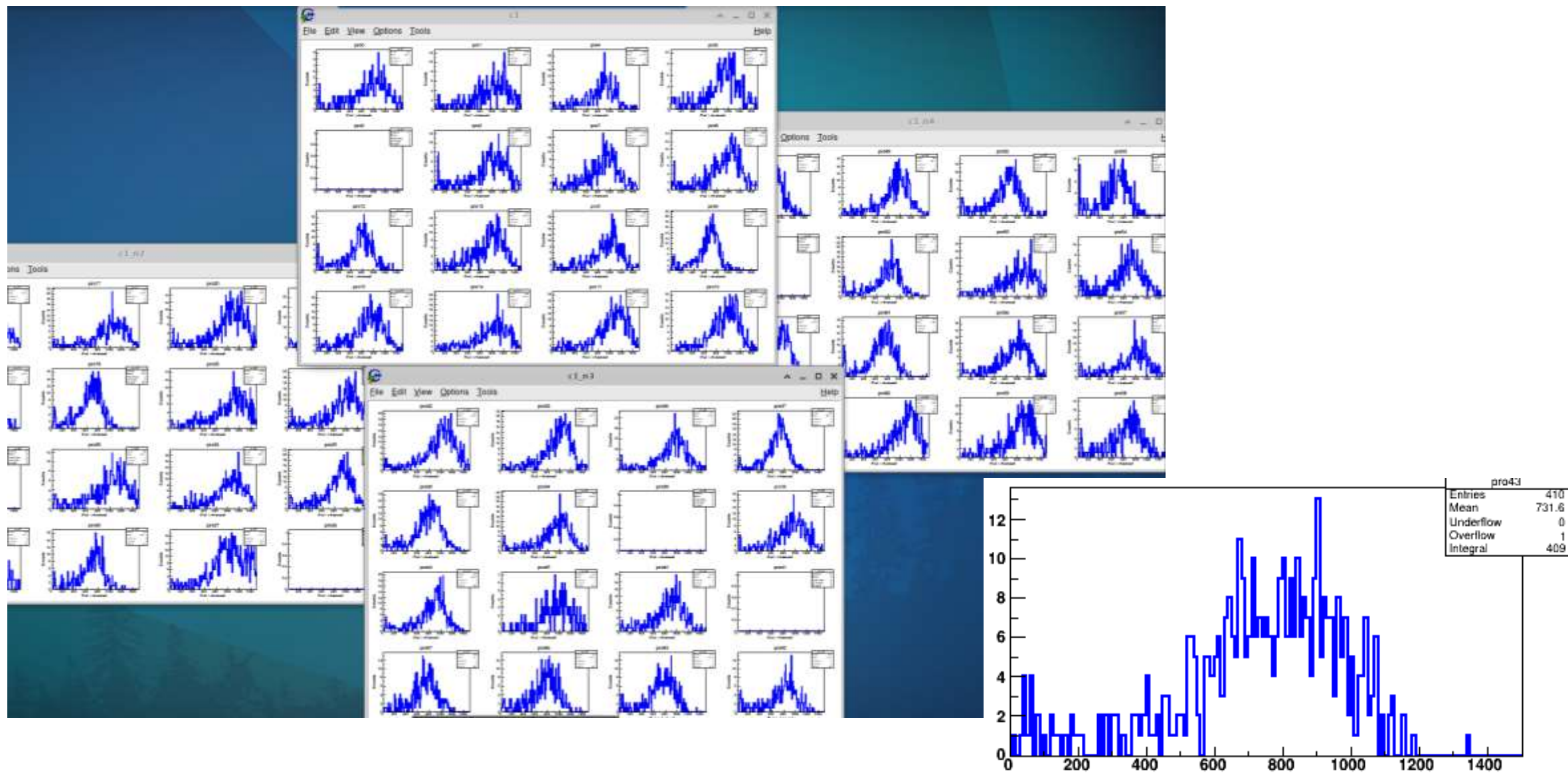
Graph





Backup: Evaporation







Backup: ESCS theory



Theory: scattering theory Software: Fresco

```

12C-12C, 62 AMeV
NAMELIST
&FRESKO hcm= 0.0010 rmatch= 30.0
          jtmin= 0.0  jtmax=400.0 absend= 0.0001
          thmin= 0.050 thmax=120.0  thinc=0.010
          ips= 0.0010
          iso=' ' nnu=36 maxl= 0 minl= 0 mtmin= 8 epc= 0.0010
          treneg= 3 cdetr= 0 xstabl= 1 nlpl= 0 smats=2
          elab = 744.0 /

&PARTITION namep='12C'  massp= 12.0 zp=6  nex= 1 pwf=T
            namet='12C' masst= 12.0 zt=6  qval= 0.0000 /
&STATES  jp= 0.0 ptyp= 1 ep= 0.0000  cpot= 1
          jt= 0.0 ptyt= 1 et= 0.0000 /
&partition /

&pot  kp= 1 type= 0  p(1:3)= 12.00  12.00  1.2 /
&pot  kp= 1 type= 1  p(1:6)= 50.0  1.2  0.755  42.2  1.2  0.755 /
&pot /
&overlap /
&COUPLING /

```

W-S potential

TABLE 1

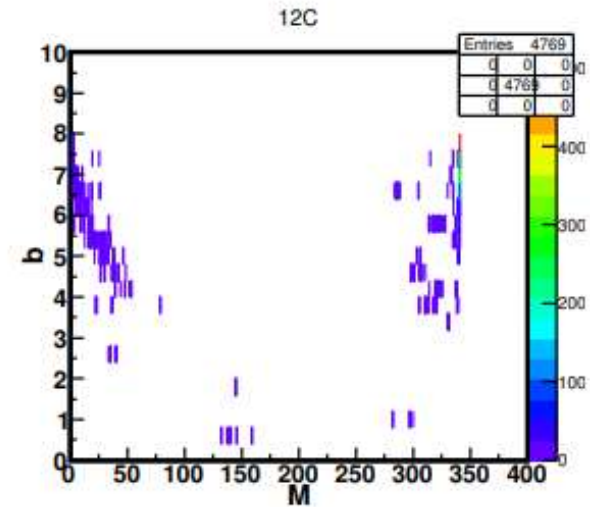
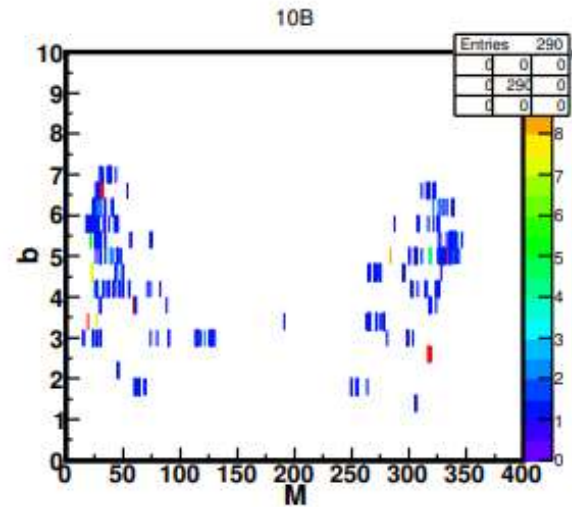
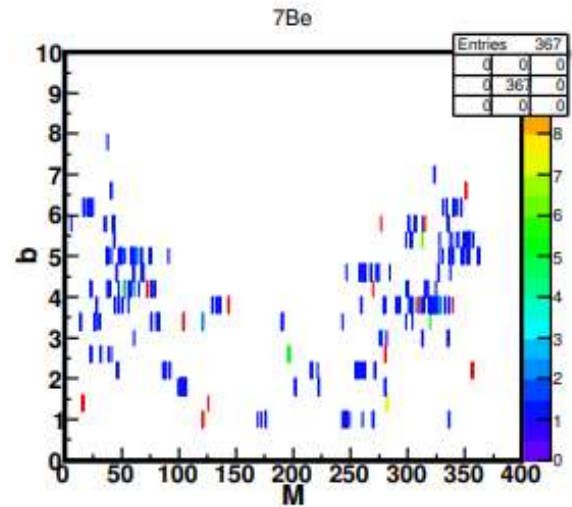
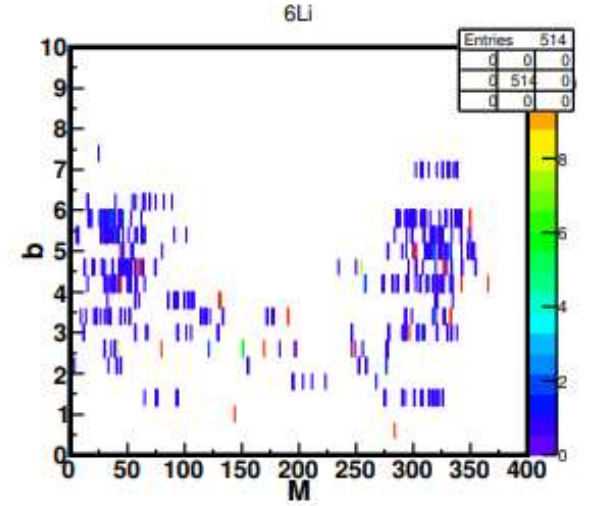
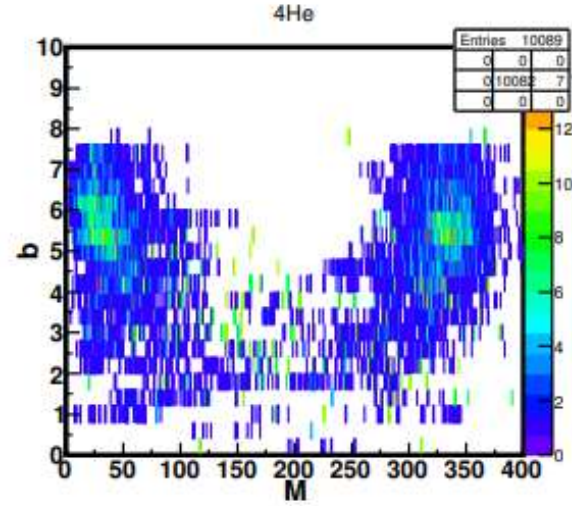
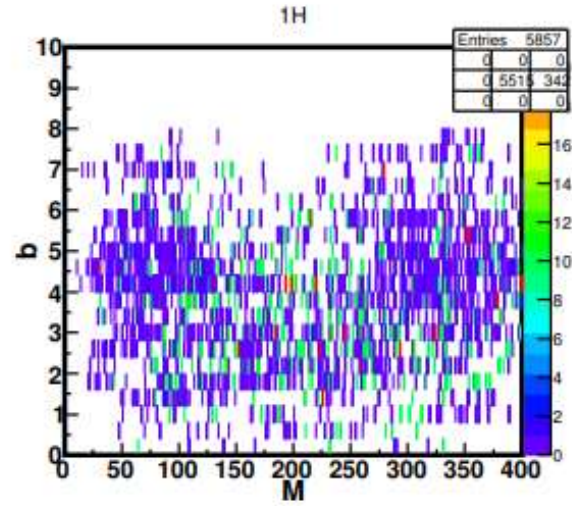
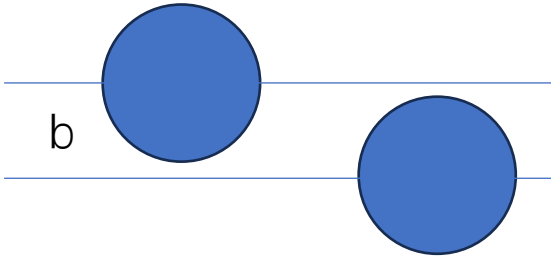
Optical-model parameters obtained from the analysis of $^{12}\text{C}+^{12}\text{C}$ elastic-scattering data at 1016 MeV, for fixed values of the real well depth

	V (MeV)	r (fm)	a (fm)	W (MeV)	r' (fm)	a' (fm)	σ_R (mb)	χ^2/N
A	15	1.29	0.57	37.80	1.03	0.46	966	12
B	40	1.03	0.67	34.20	1.00	0.55	971	9.3
C	60	0.91	0.71	39.13	0.95	0.63	995	7.3
D	80	0.83	0.75	40.57	0.91	0.72	1027	5.1
E	100	0.77	0.84	47.35	0.95	0.59	1005	3.6
F	120	0.71	0.84	34.02	0.96	0.69	1040	2.3
G	140	0.67	0.90	45.10	0.96	0.58	1001	2.3
H	200	0.55	0.98	43.11	0.99	0.53	994	3.7
I	300	0.41	1.06	47.68	0.98	0.53	1007	4.8

The last two columns give the calculated reaction cross section and the minimum chi-squared per point value obtained in the search.



Backup: B_value

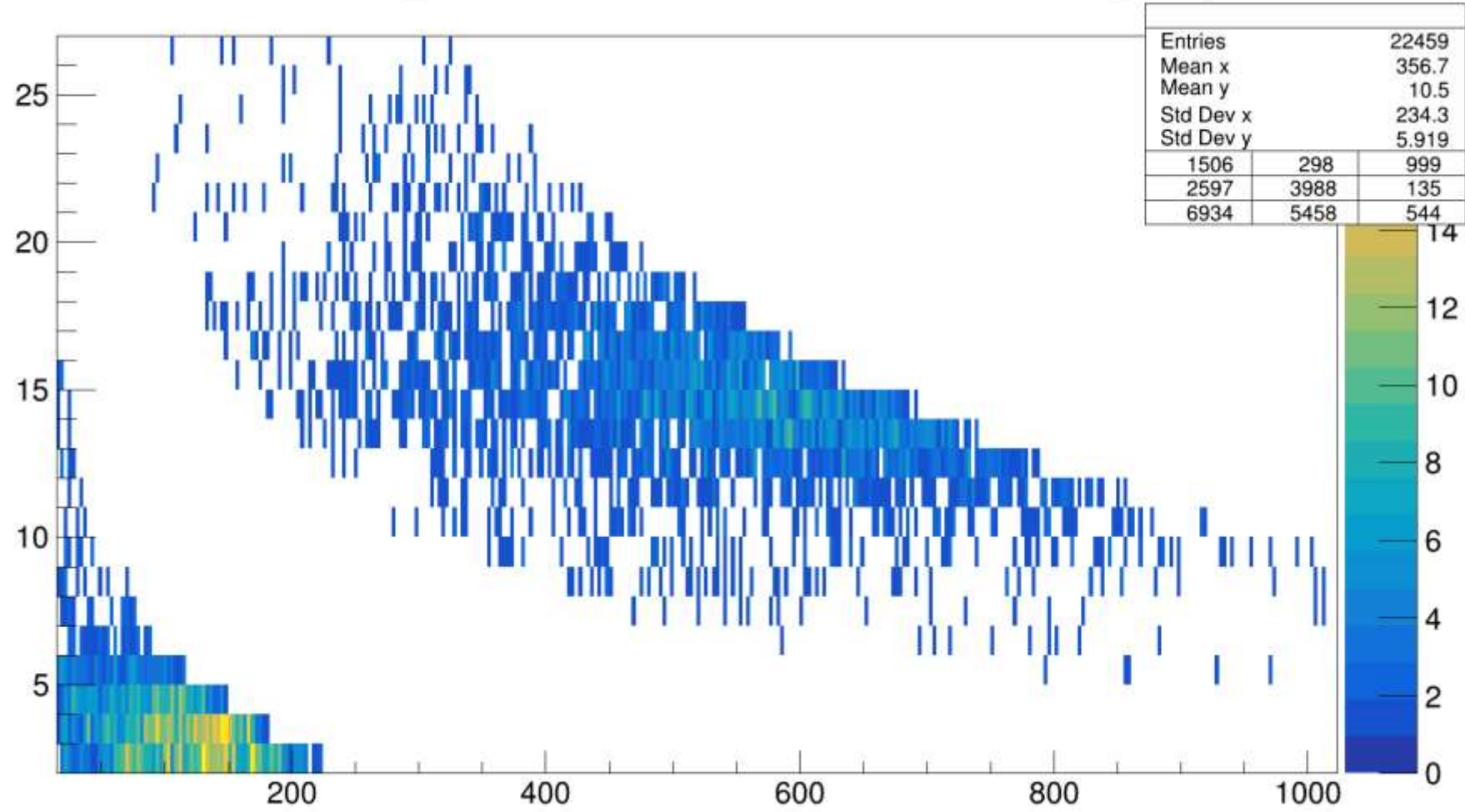




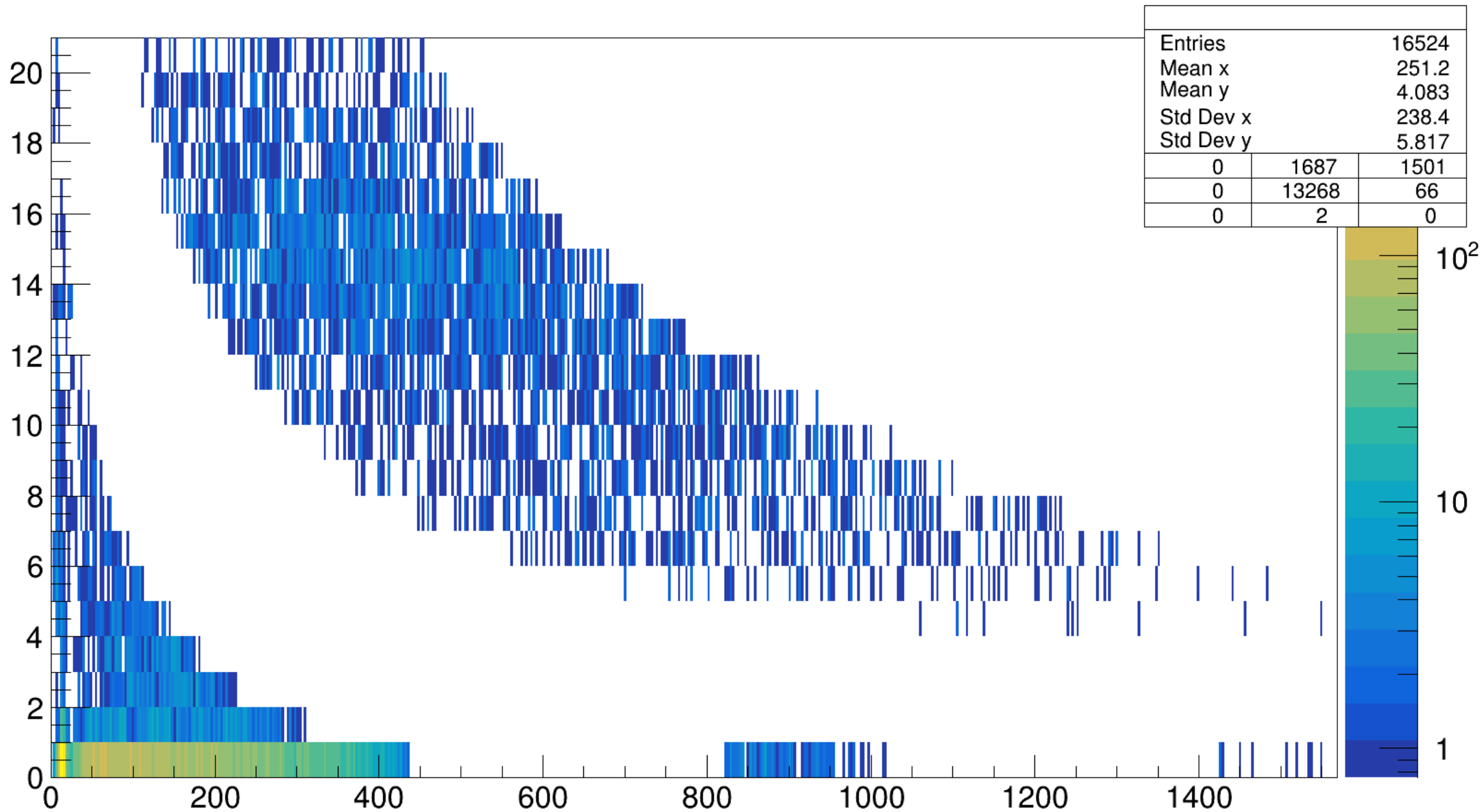
Backup: Counting rule



sQ2max:sQ3max {fBlk==2&&fQua==1&&fTel==1&&Current!=0&&Current_psa!=0}

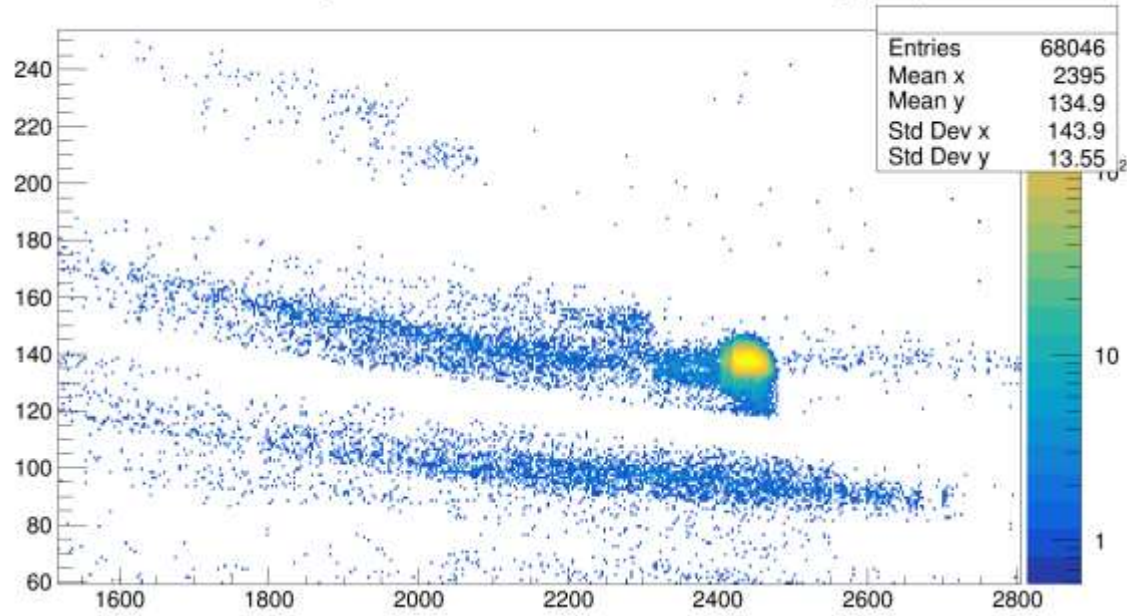


sQ2max:sQ3max {fBlk==2&&fQua==1&&fTel==1&&Current!=0&&Current_psa==0}

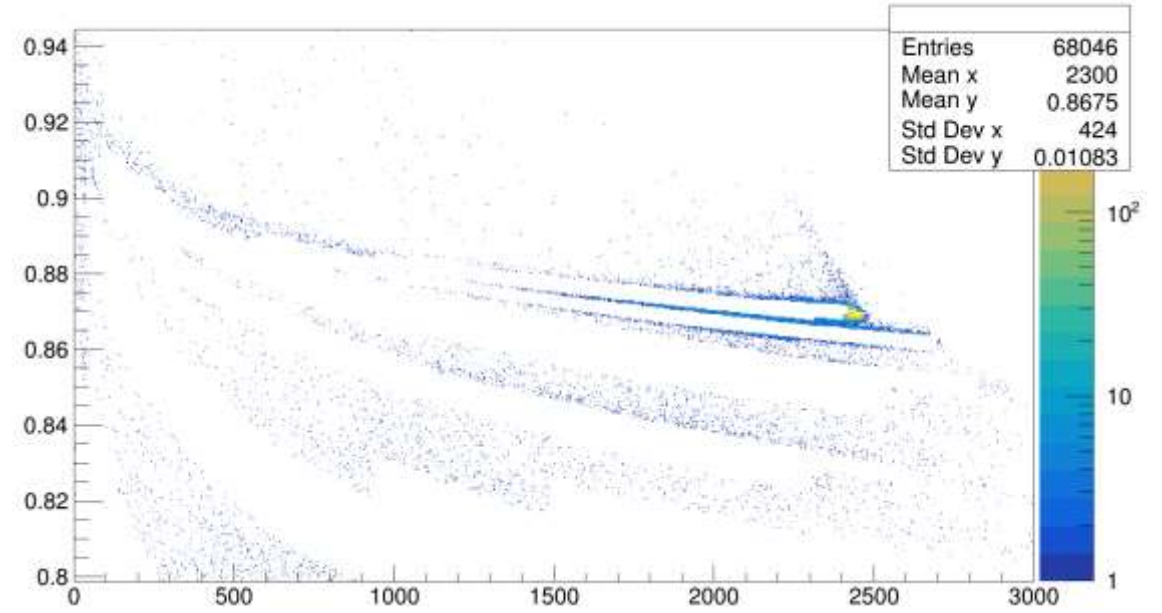


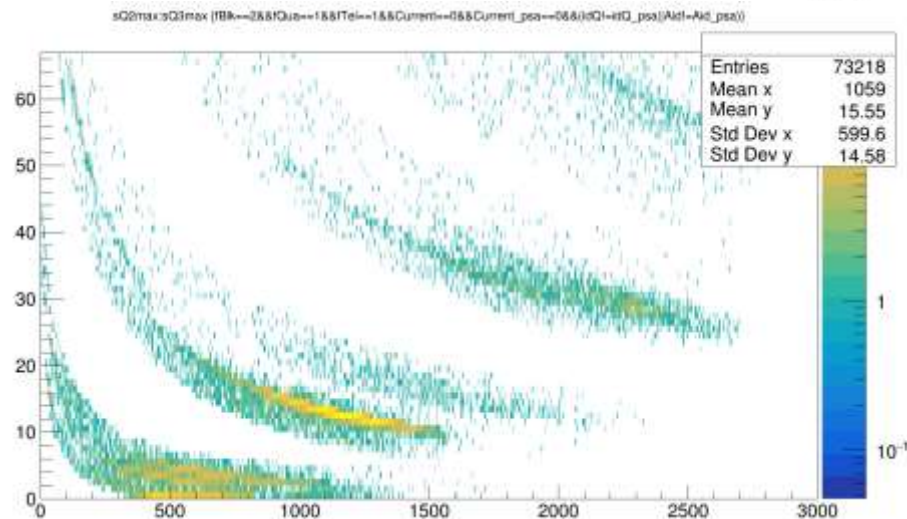
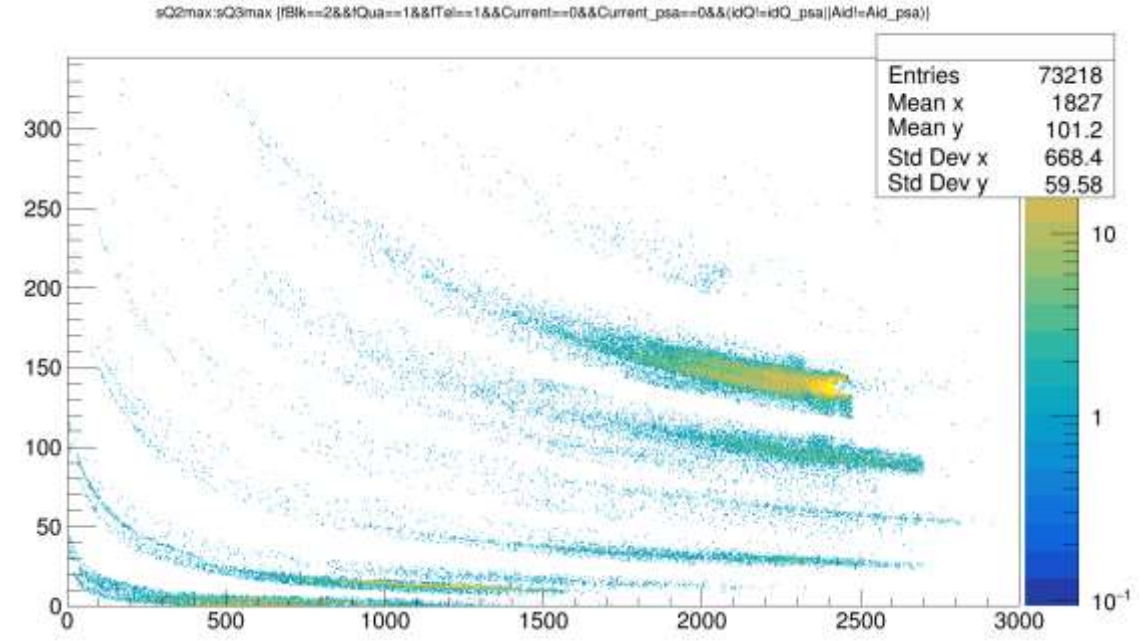
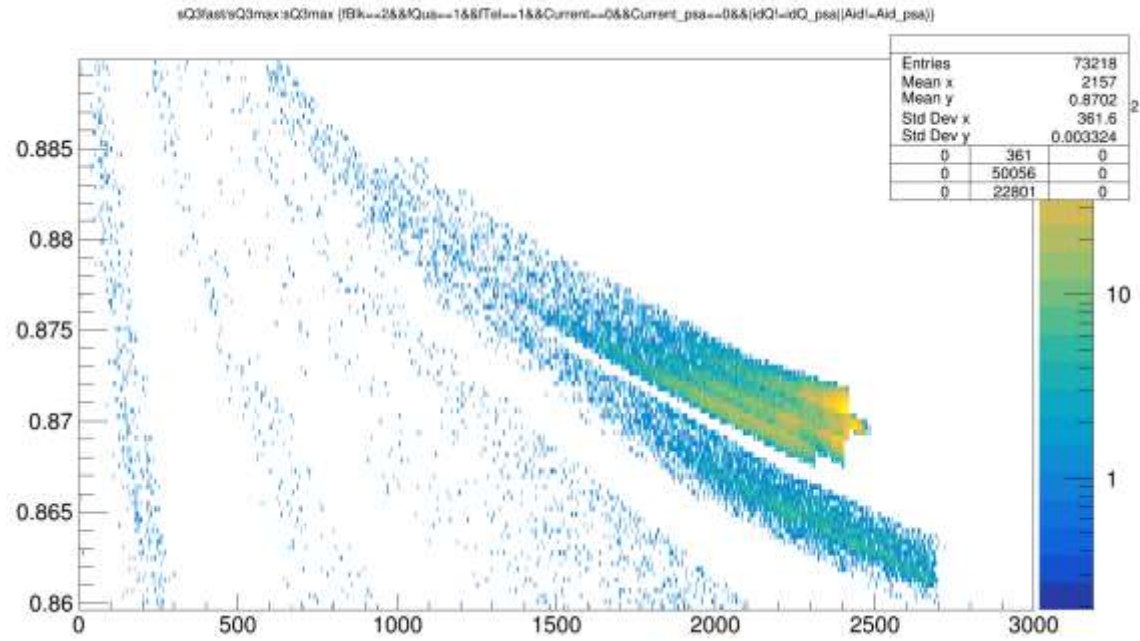


sQ2max:sQ3max (fBlk==2&&fQua==1&&fTel==1&&Current==0&&Current_psa=0)



sQ3fast/sQ3max:sQ3max (fBlk==2&&fQua==1&&fTel==1&&Current==0&&Current_psa=0)



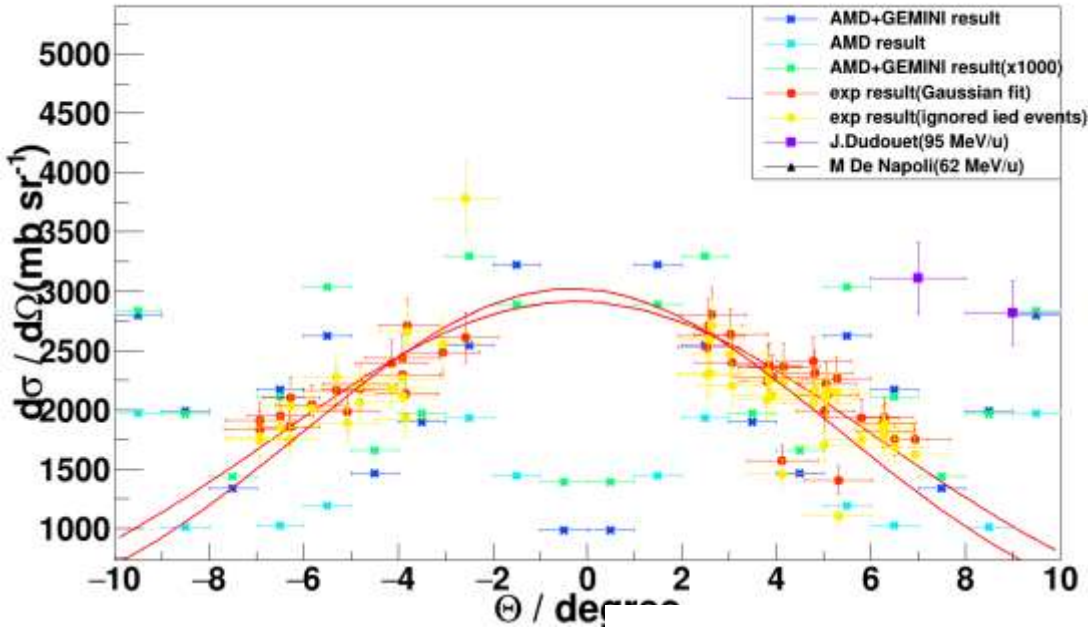




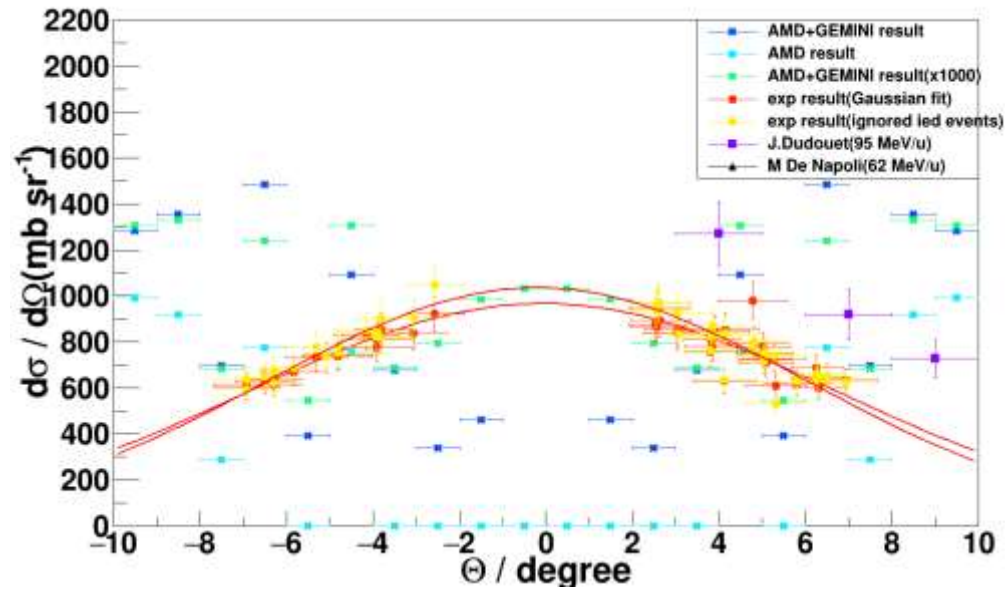
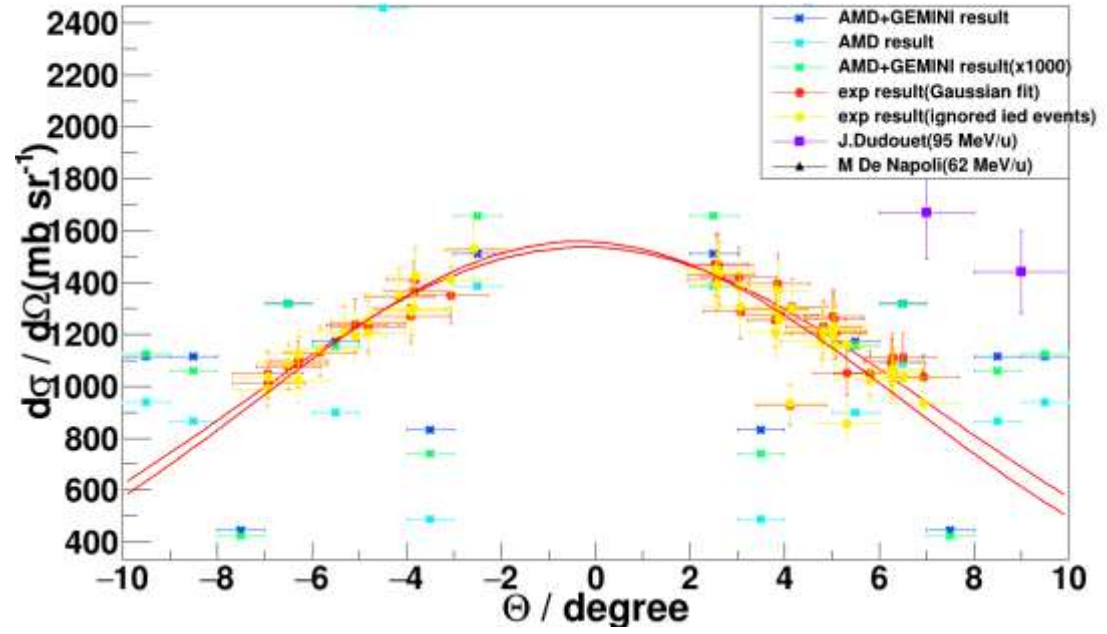
both good	311684	psa==E	238466		
		psa!=E	73218	on C,B	48615
				On H,He	16448
E good	68046	kali_error	54342		
		same as below	8000		
psa good	16524	he out	3473		
		h out	633		
		si no response	9094		
		else(z>2)	2499		
no good	22459	he out	2495		
		h out	2113		
		csi no response	10969		
		ln	4500		

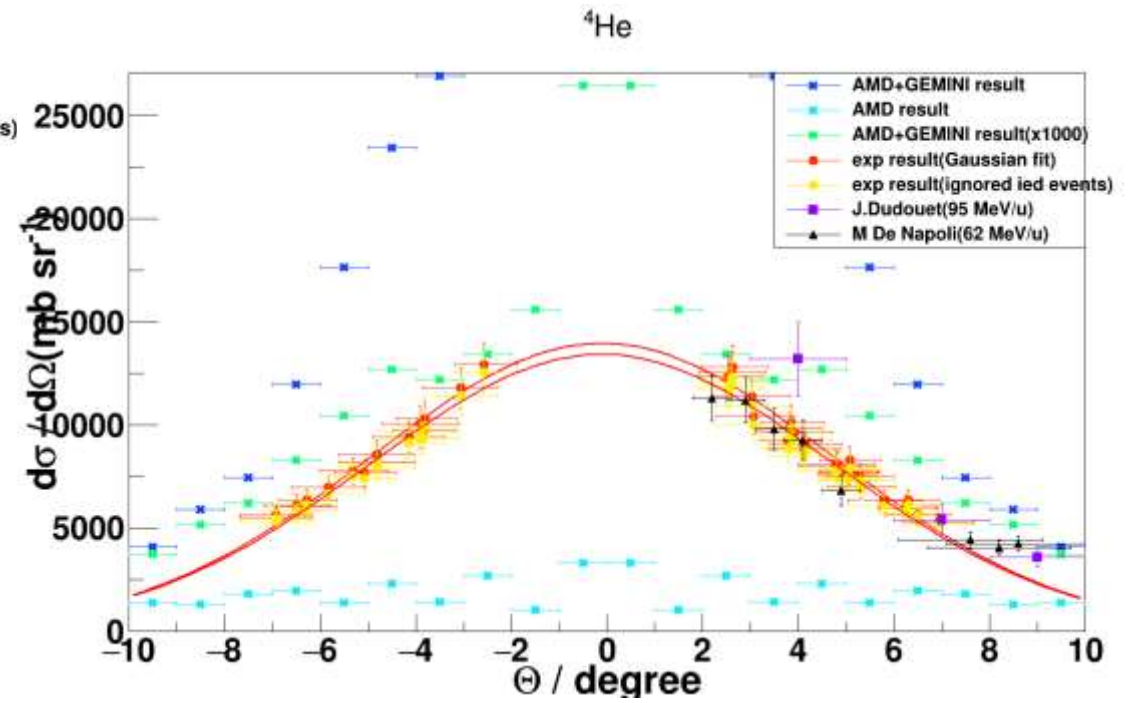
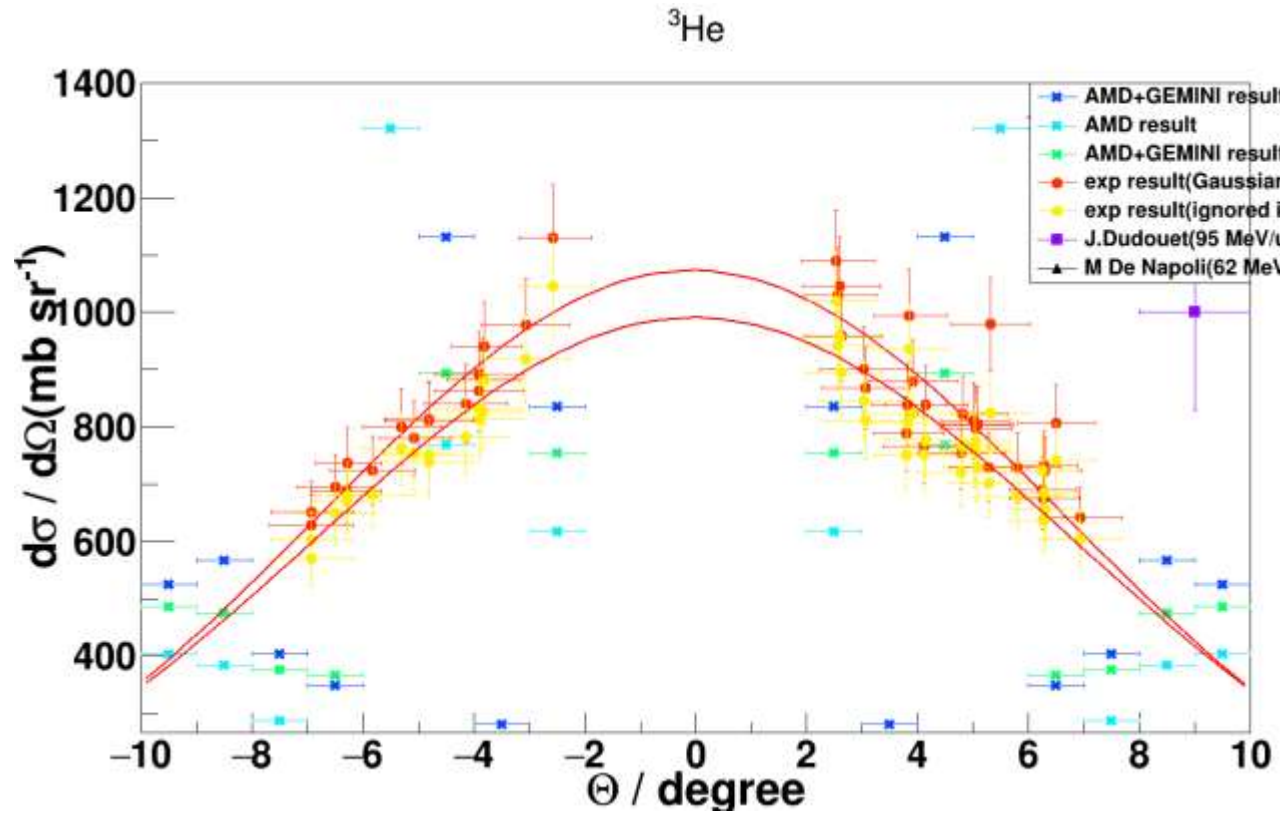


^1H



^3H







Backup: Beam calibration



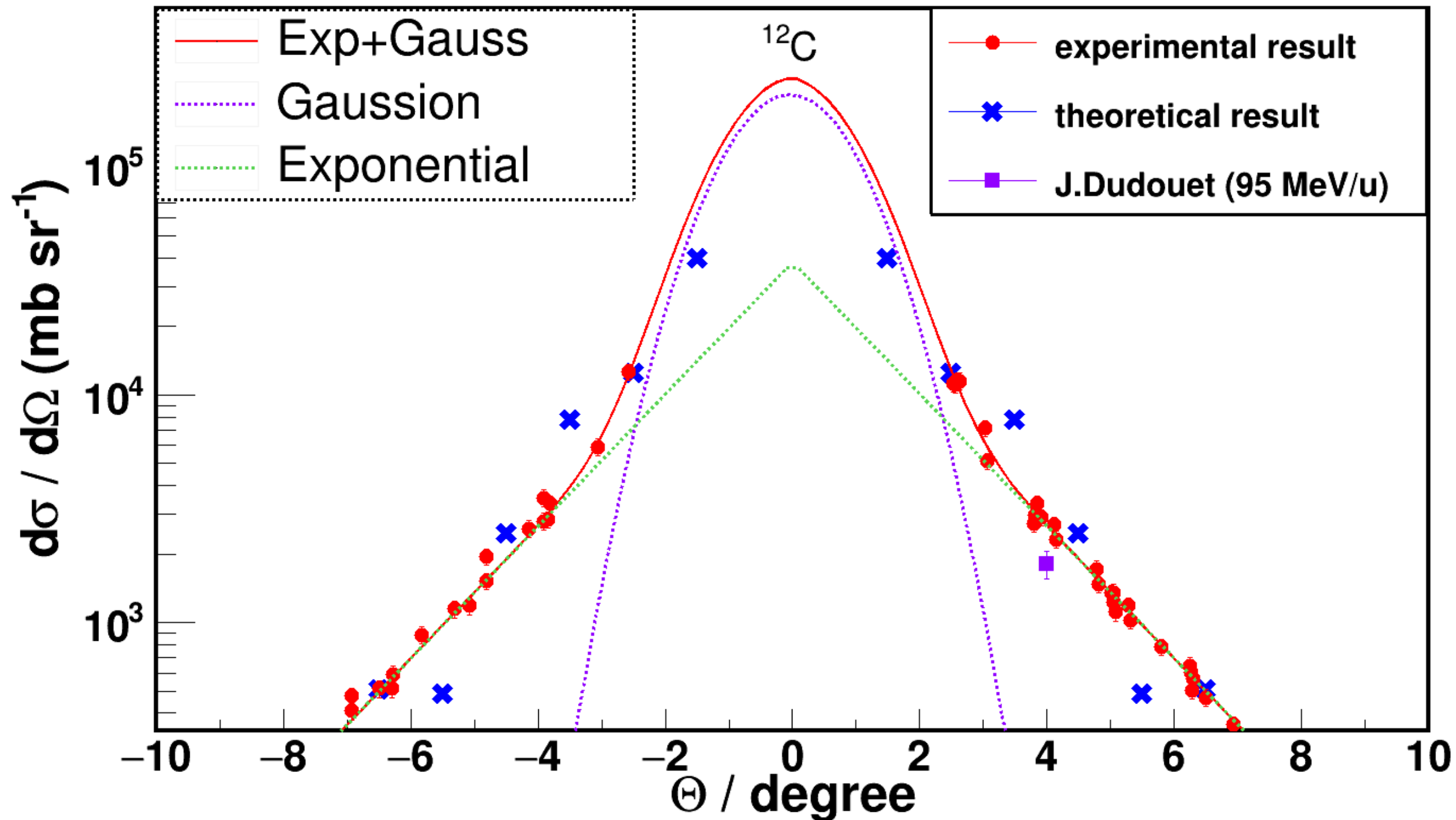
18% difference



file	omega	3.16 degree	escs(c.m.) / mb/sr	escs/ mb/sr	Counts	measuring time	lbeam(epA)	reference value(epA)
1000-1099	5.96246E-06	pang	8502.479297	34009.9172	1663	83	132.9656561	145
1000-1099	5.96246E-06	Hset	8565.48457	34261.9383	1663	83	131.9875984	
1000-1099	5.96246E-06	Fset	9408.303016	37633.2121	1663	83	120.1638314	

file	omega	3.16 degree	escs(c.m.) / mb/sr	escs/ mb/sr	Counts	measuring time	lbeam(epA)	reference value(epA)
1100-1199	5.96246E-06	pang	8502.479297	34009.9172	1918	87	146.3034859	145
1100-1199	5.96246E-06	Hset	8565.48457	34261.9383	1918	87	145.227319	
1100-1199	5.96246E-06	Fset	9408.303016	37633.2121	1918	87	132.217506	

file	omega	3.16 degree	escs(c.m.) / mb/sr	escs/ mb/sr	Counts	measuring time	lbeam(epA)	reference value(epA)
1319-1437	5.96246E-06	pang	8502.479297	34009.9172	2397	83	191.6528428	160
1319-1437	5.96246E-06	Hset	8565.48457	34261.9383	2397	83	190.2430989	
1319-1437	5.96246E-06	Fset	9408.303016	37633.2121	2397	83	173.2006638	

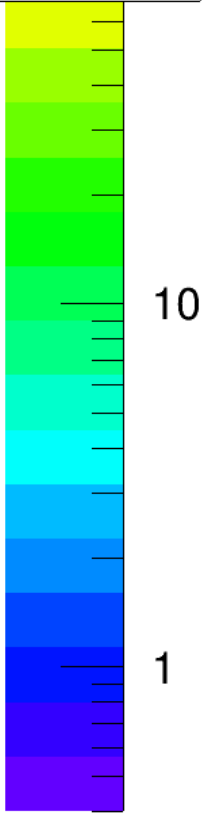
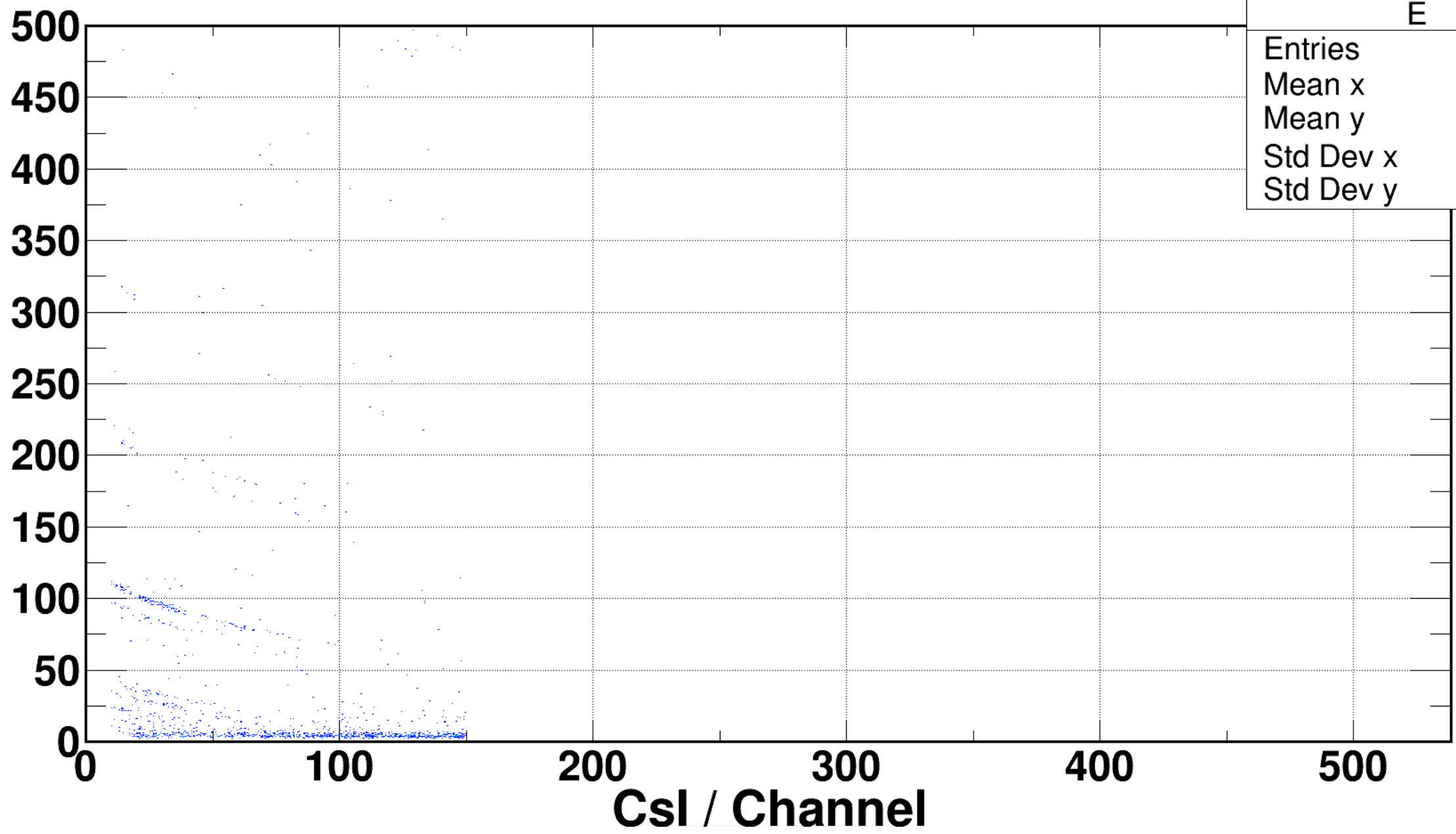




E

Entries	1418
Mean x	78.22
Mean y	38.26
Std Dev x	42.63
Std Dev y	77.25

Si_2 / Channel



C0:E spe recognized

C1:E spe recognized while psa spe failed

C2: E and psa spe recognized while psa recognized as other isotopes

C3:E spe didn't recognize as proton but psa does.

C4:E spe failed recognizing but psa does.

^3H

C0==2761

C1==169

C2==467

C3==549

C4==615

6.12%

16.91%

19.88%

22.27%

^1H

C0==7664

C1==798

C2==340

C3==430

C4==260

10.41%

4.44%

5.61%

3.39%