

# Diode Laser Pumps for Advanced Accelerators

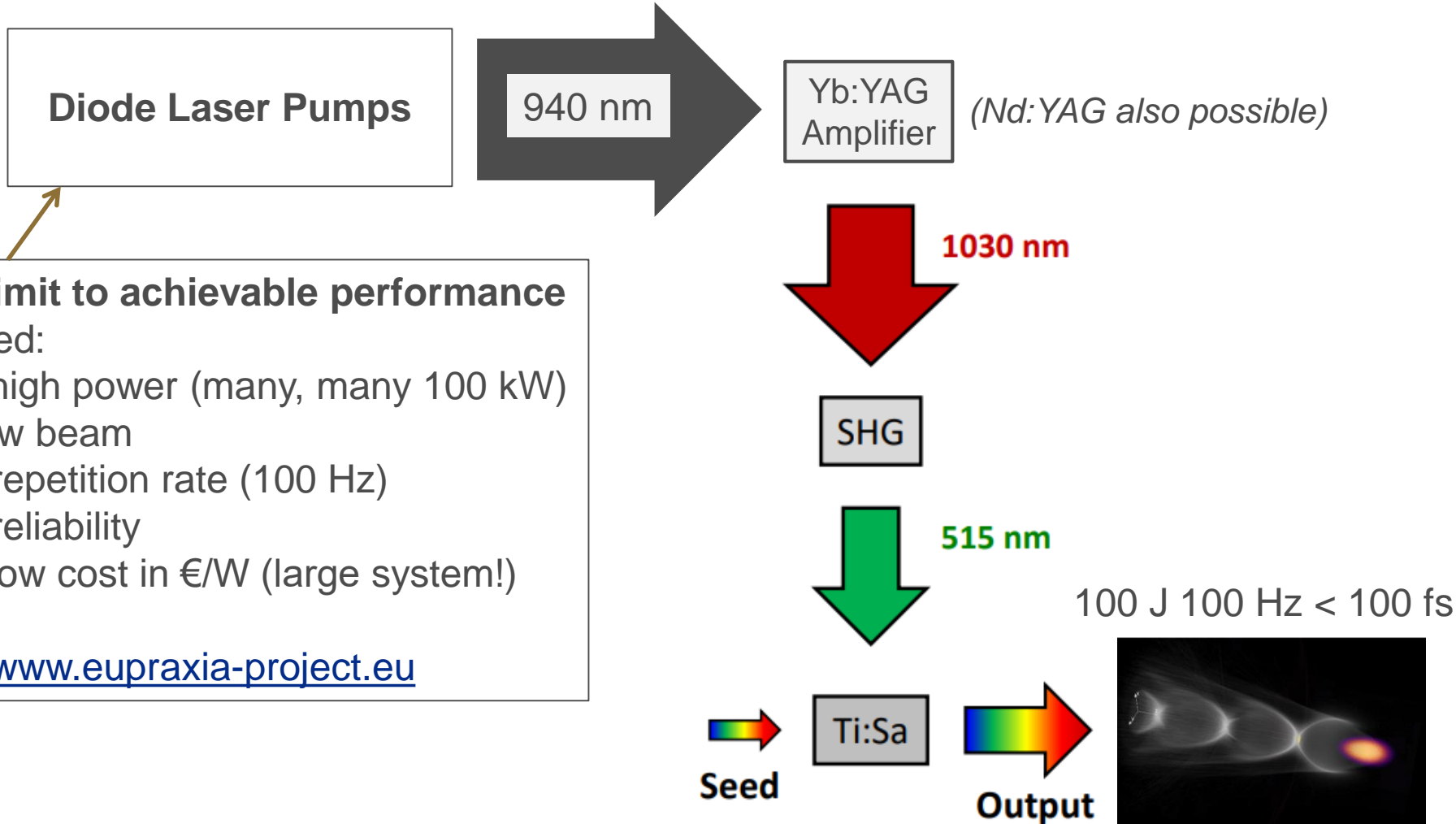
**Andrea Knigge and Paul Crump**  
**Ferdinand-Braun-Institut, Berlin, Germany**

**European Advanced Accelerator Concepts Workshop, 18<sup>th</sup> September 2023**

# Outline

- Summary of pump requirements for emerging high-energy-class pulsed laser systems
- Overview of commercial suppliers of diode lasers for large-scale systems
  - Leonardo
  - Trumpf
  - Coherent
  - Jenoptik
- FBH Berlin and its contribution to the laser accelerator community
  - International excellence center in high powers diode lasers and modules
  - Overview of current research
  - Ongoing developments in support of high energy laser community

# Diode Lasers for Extreme Photonics: Example Requirements (100 Hz 100 J 100 fs)



## Key limit to achievable performance

Needed:

Very high power (many, many 100 kW)

Narrow beam

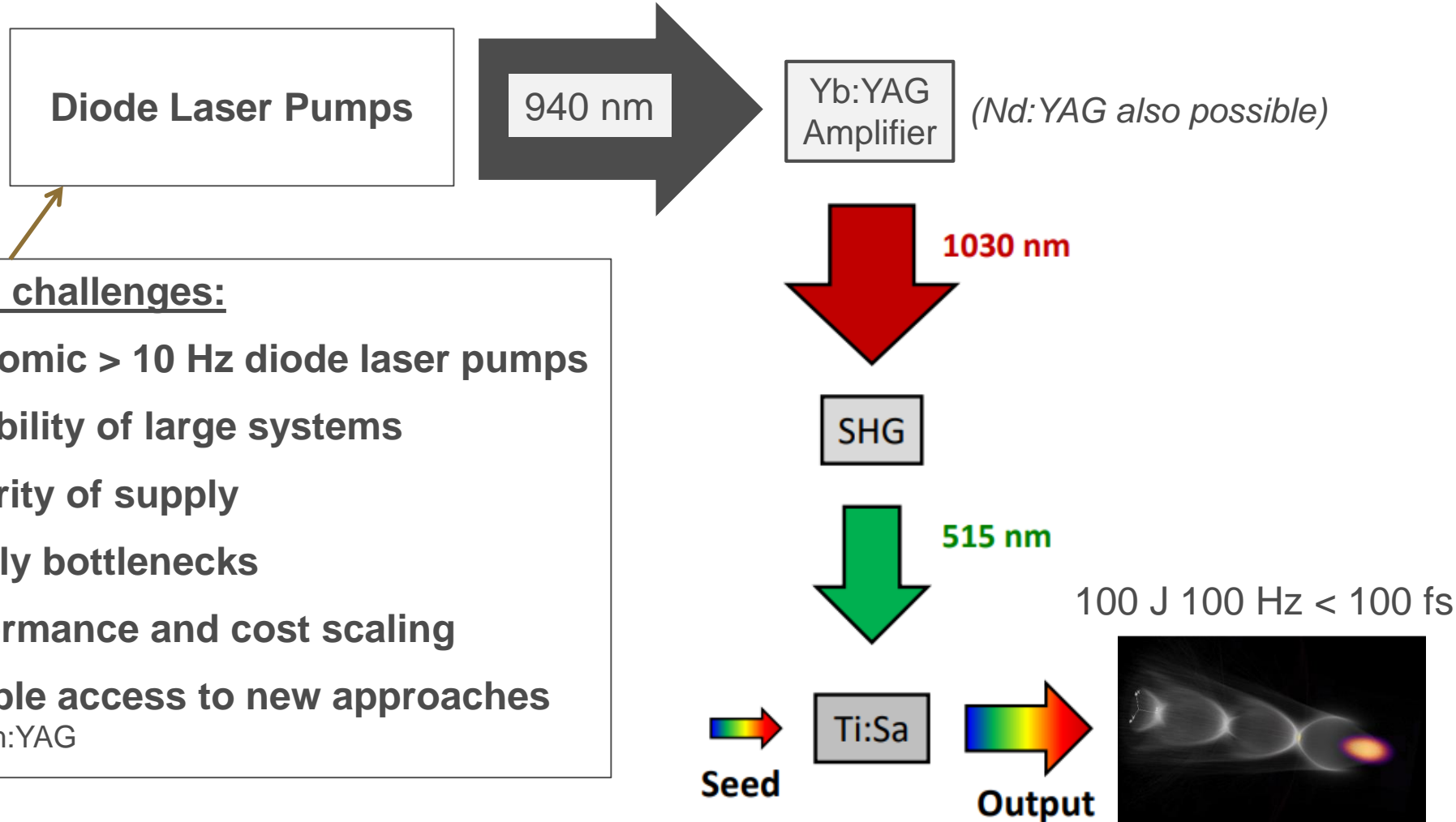
High repetition rate (100 Hz)

High reliability

Very low cost in €/W (large system!)

See: [www.eupraxia-project.eu](http://www.eupraxia-project.eu)

# Diode Lasers for Extreme Photonics: Example Requirements (100 Hz 100 J 100 fs)



## Open challenges:

Economic > 10 Hz diode laser pumps

Reliability of large systems

Security of supply

Supply bottlenecks

Performance and cost scaling

Flexible access to new approaches

E.g. Tm:YAG

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- Summary of pump requirements for emerging high-energy-class pulsed laser systems
- **Overview of commercial suppliers of diode lasers for large-scale systems**
  - **Leonardo (Italy, USA)**
  - **Trumpf (Germany, USA)**
  - **Coherent (USA, Germany, Switzerland)**
  - **Jenoptik (Germany)**
- FBH Berlin and its contribution to the laser accelerator community
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6<sup>th</sup> European Advanced Accelerator Concepts Workshop

# High Peak Power Laser Diode Arrays

Lukas Gruber

Isola d'Elba

September 17<sup>th</sup>-23<sup>rd</sup> 2023



Electronics



Helicopters



Aircraft



Cyber &  
Security



Space



Unmanned  
Systems

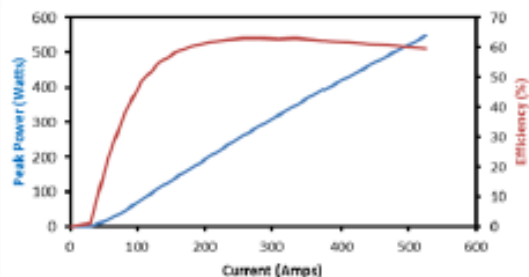


Aerostructures

# HAPLS PERFORMANCE – INSTALLED AT ELI-BEAMLINES (L3)

## Bar Performance

- **>500W**
- **~60% efficiency**

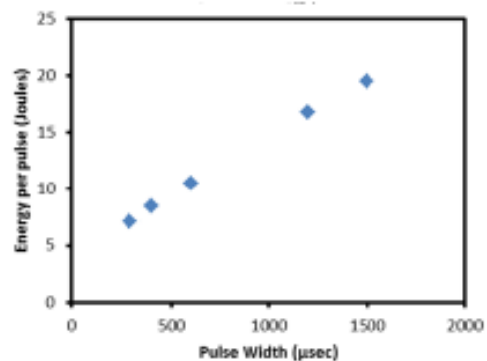
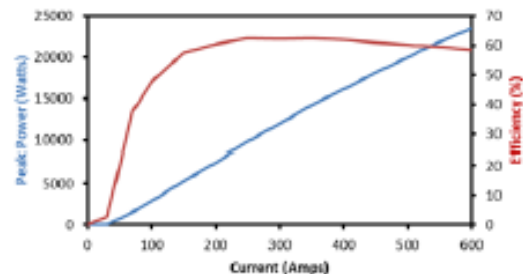


— Power — Efficiency



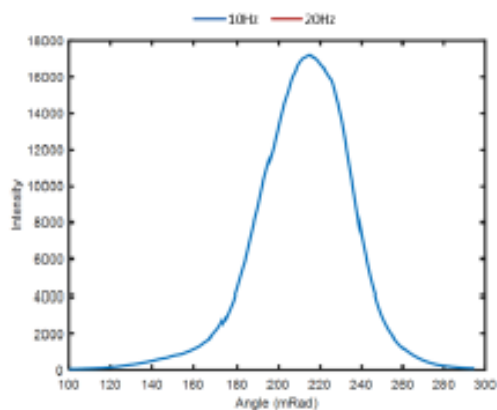
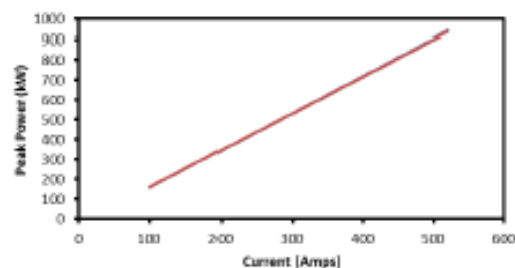
## Array Performance

- **23kW @ 600A**
- **Up to 20J 1.5ms**



## Module Performance

- **940kW @ 10 & 20Hz**
- **4.2nm FWHM**
- **4.5° 1/e<sup>2</sup> divergence**



## System Performance

- **490TW**
- **3.3Hz**
- **27.3fs**

Current parameters  
(Feb 2021)

Output pulse energy (main beam compressed)	13.3 J in single aperture
Pulse duration	27.3 fs FWHM
Repetition rate	3.3 Hz
Peak power	490 TW

<https://www.eli-beams.eu/facility/newsroom-3-hapls-1-pw-30-j-10-hz/>

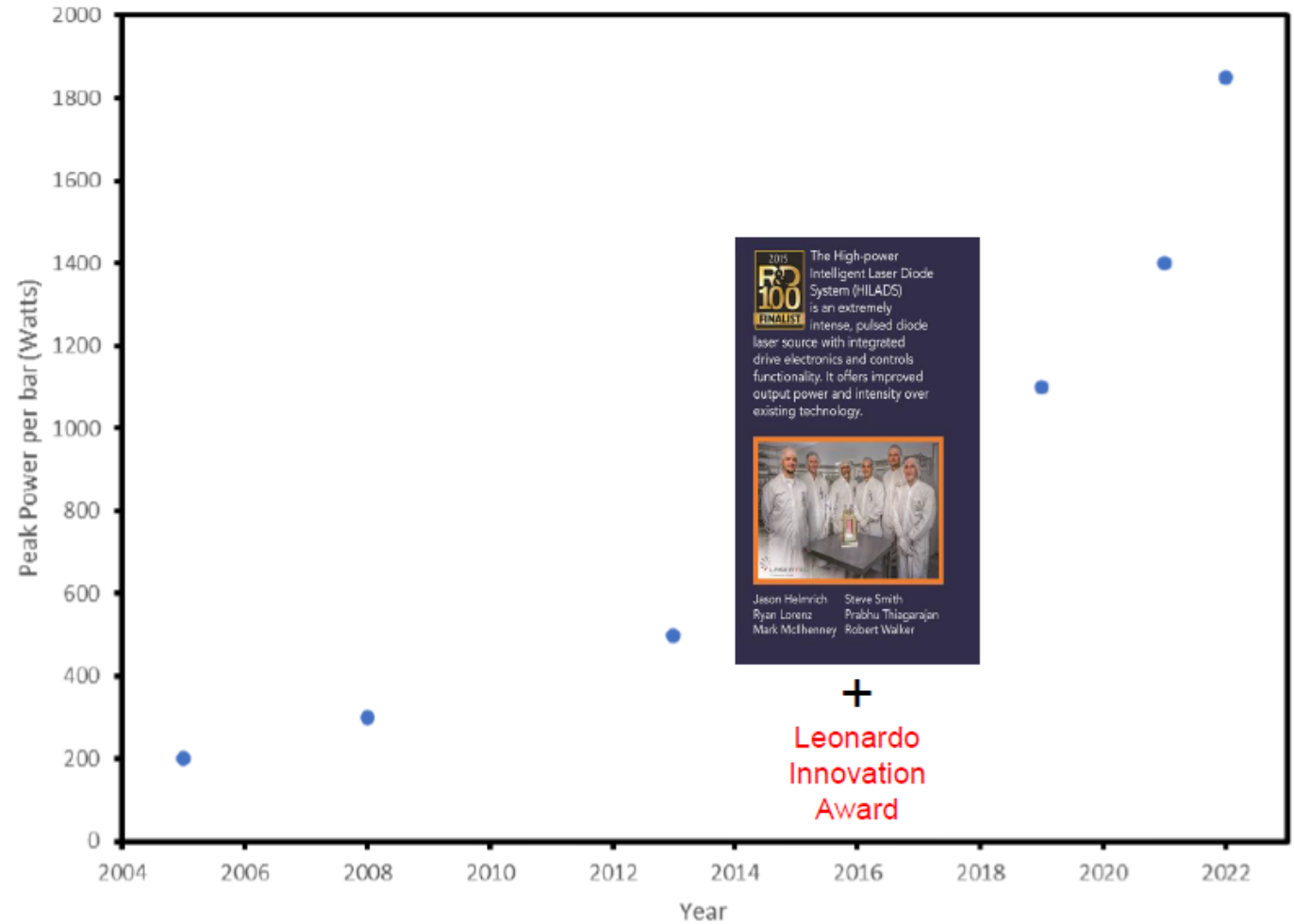


Photo Credit: Institute of Physics of the Academy of Sciences and EU Beamline



# LEONARDO – MAJOR MILESTONES

- 2005: 200W peak power laser diode bar
- 2005: Fully soldered pulsed laser diode array assembly
- 2009: Fully soldered continuous wave laser diode array assembly with scaling capability
- 2011: Multi-Wavelength fully soldered laser diode array for medical applications
- 2013: 500W peak power laser diode bar
- 2015: 25kW pulsed laser diode array assembly with scaling ability
- 2015: ~1MW laser diode array module with 10x power and 3x power density
- 2019: 20kW wavelength locked small pitch pulsed laser diode array
- 2019: >1000W peak power laser diode bar
- 2021: >50kW pulse laser diode array assembly with scaling ability
- 2021: ~1400W peak power laser diode bar
- 2022: 1850W peak power laser diode bar





# SELECT PRODUCT PORTFOLIO

## Conductively Cooled Components

- Many heat sinks from industry standards to very custom form factors
- Rugged design
- Hard solder
- Small pitch
- Collimation optics
- Custom micro-optics for other functions



## Fluid Cooled Components

- Flagship "T6" heat sink (others available)
- Designed to be tiled in 2D to create large arrays
- >2.0kW cw capable
- Rugged & compact
- Modular & scalable



## Integrated Modules

- Design to fit customer needs
- Conductively or fluid cooled base arrays



## Systems

- Pulsers
- Laser modules
- Electronics
- Optics
- User interface
- Mechanical enclosure
- Sensors & controls





# Commercial state of the art in CW and QCW diode laser sources

TRUMPF Photonic Inc





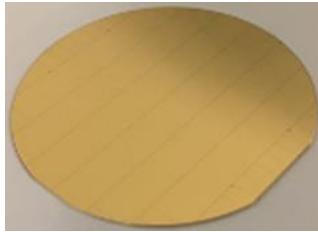
# TRUMPF Photonics Inc



- Established in 2002
- Located in Cranbury, NJ (USA)
- 250 Employees
- 110k sqf facility with 35k sqf clean room
- Fully Integrated GaAs Diode Laser Fab
  - From Epitaxy to module

## Core Chip Technology

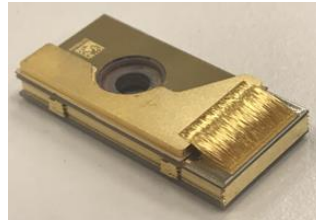
- MOCVD wafer growth
- 4" GaAs laser wafer fab
- QCW and CW chips and bars



Assembly Technology

## Diode laser cooling technology

- Fully automated bar on cooler assembly
- Ultra-low corrosion diode laser bar micro-channel cooling (Internal source)

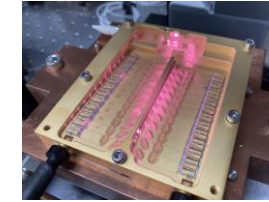


Diode module Production

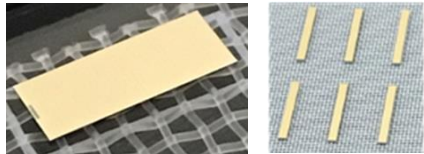
## QCW stacks (20kW peak)



## Fiber laser pump modules (500W+)



## Fully integrated solid state laser pump sources



## Optics

- In house manufacturing and assembly of micro-optics components



## Thin disk laser pump modules up to 3kW CW power

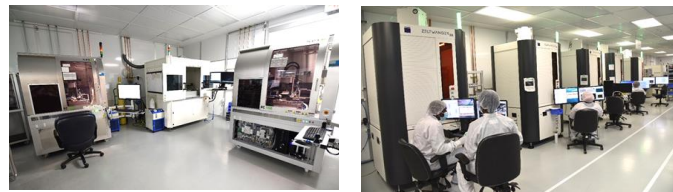


## Diode Laser Facet Passivation

- State of the art- MBE based system
- Industry leading chip reliability



## Automated High-Volume Manufacturing



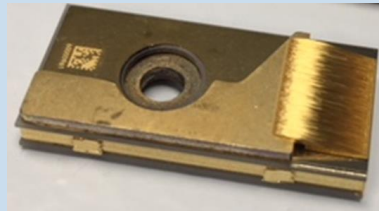
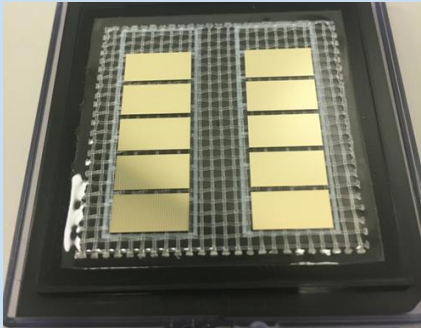
## Complete Solution for Solid State Laser Pumping

- Custom diode module development- vertically integrated production
  - 60MW CW power year output
  - 350k bars/year capacity (4 mm x10 mm) , expanding to 1M/year by 2026
- Industry leading pump laser diode reliability and performance

# State of the art in commercially available diode pump modules

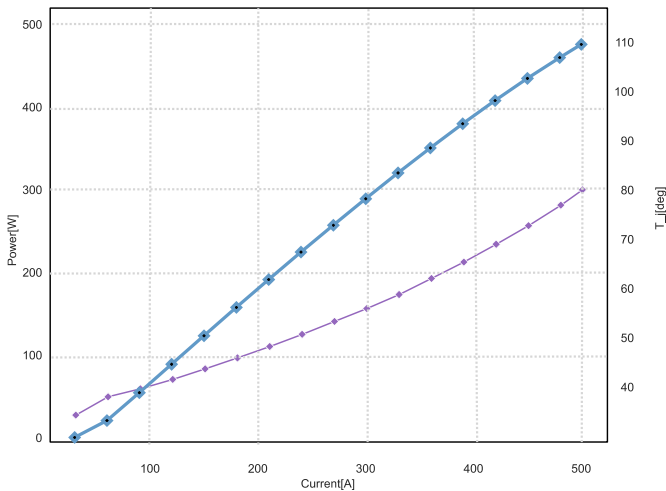
## CW pumps for industrial solid state lasers

Laser diode bars 5mm x 10 mm from 940nm to 1060 nm

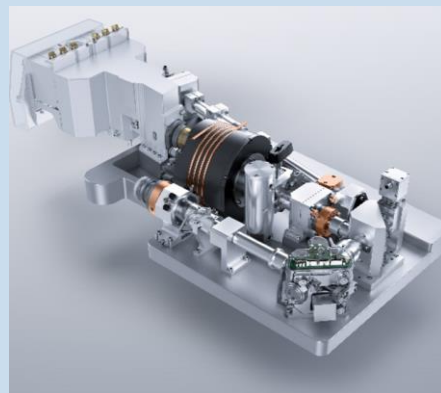


Isolated micro-channel cooling assembly

### High reliability operation at 400W+



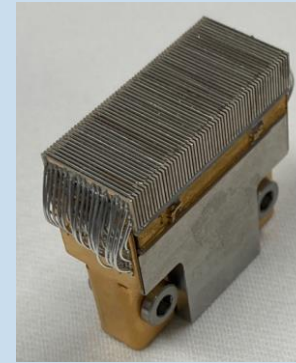
Integrated into 24 kW diode pump sources for TruDisk lasers



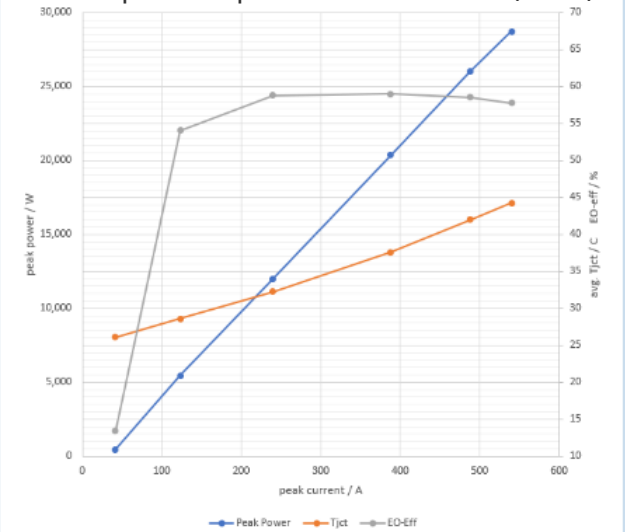
## QCW pumps for high energy laser systems

High density compact 56 bar QCW stack

- <0.5 mm pitch with FAC
- Conduction or micro-channel cooled



### Peak power operation at 25kW+ (0.3%)



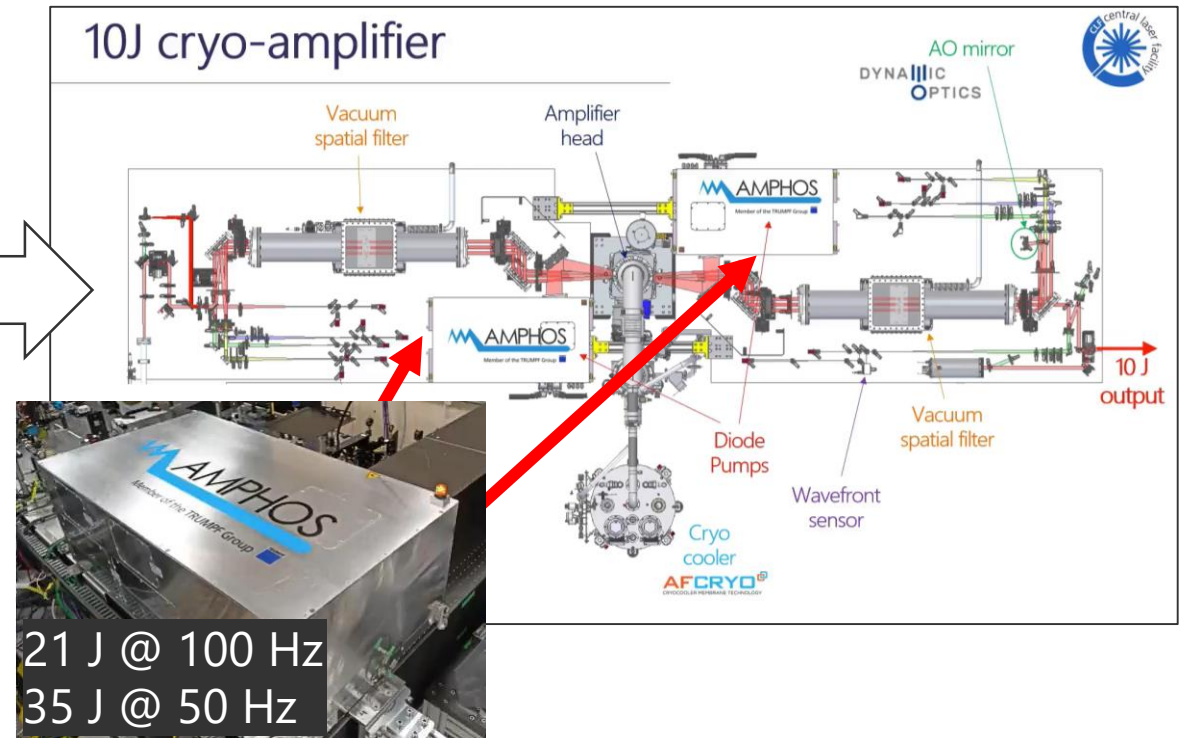
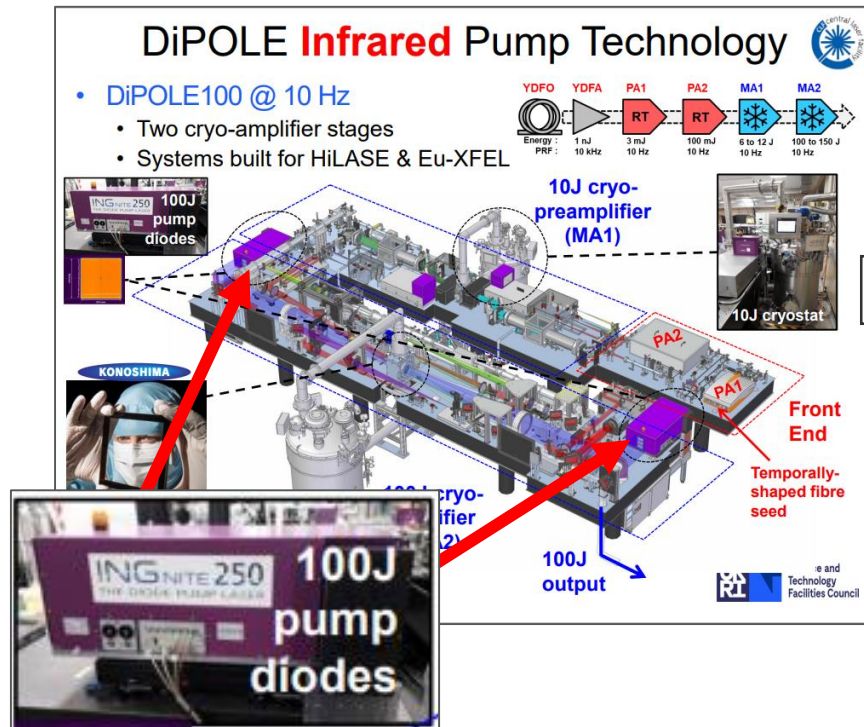
### Key Challenges for power scaling to viable multi-100kW sources:

- High reliability >1Gshots- 3 solder interfaces
- Modularity- ease of stack replacement (field serviceably)
- High yield assembly- Automation, pitch control, lensing
- Machine learning for defect visualization and screening

# Proven supplier of diode laser pumps for high-energy-class systems

100 J 10 Hz pumps for 100 J DiPOLE

21 J 100 Hz pumps for 100 Hz DiPOLE



From: Paul Mason 2022  
 "Recent Laser Developments @ CLF, High energy, High pulse rate Laser Driver Technology"  
 I.FAST Workshop 2022 Laser Drivers For Plasma Accelerators

From: Mariastefania De Vido 2023:  
 "Design and development of a 10 J, 100 Hz DiPOLE diode-pumped solid state laser"  
 Proc SPIE PC12399, PC123990C (2023); <https://doi.org/10.1117/12.2654971>



# QCW PUMP ENGINES FOR LARGE-SCALE PETAWATT FACILITIES

**LASER World of PHOTONICS 2023**  
**Next Generation High-Power Diode Lasers**

29<sup>th</sup> June 2023

Dr. Christian Lux  
Coherent, Mainz, Germany

# Result slides from Coherent

Sorry, only on request

Please write to: [andrea.knigge@fbh-berlin.de](mailto:andrea.knigge@fbh-berlin.de)

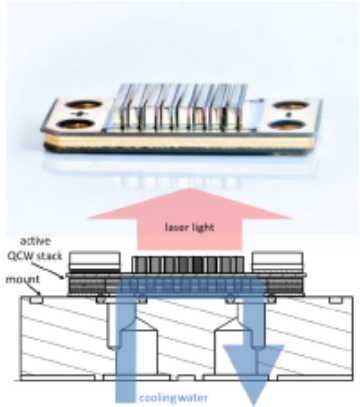


**MORE LIGHT**

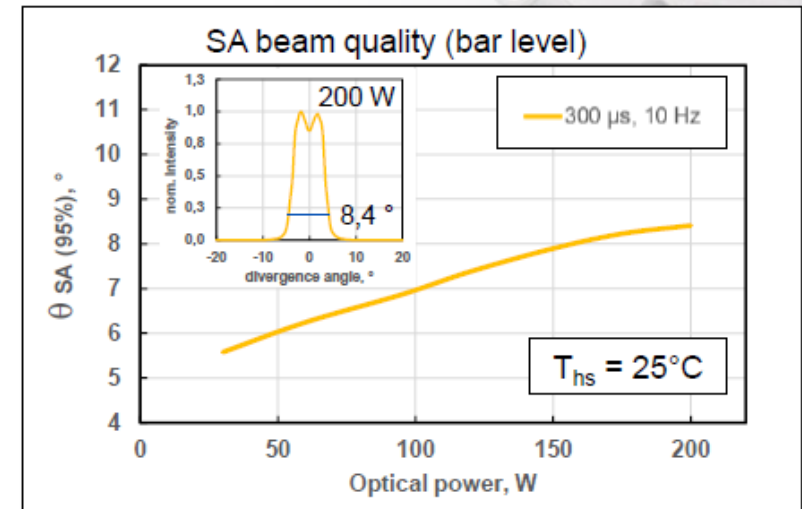
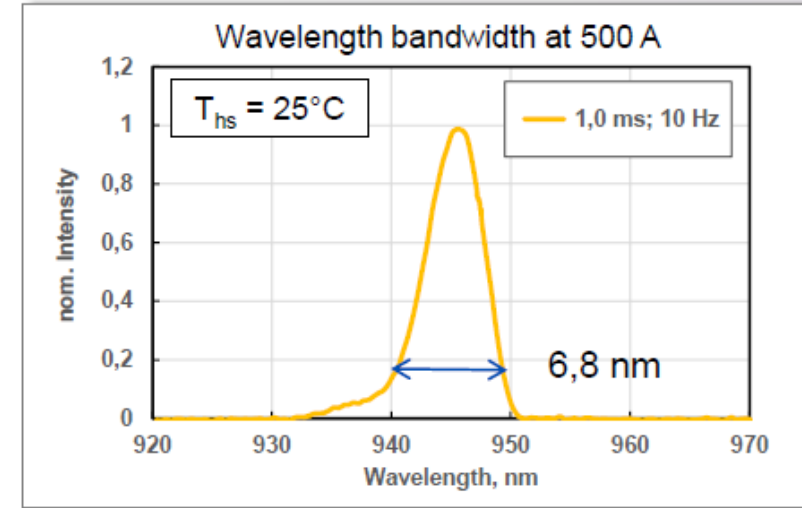
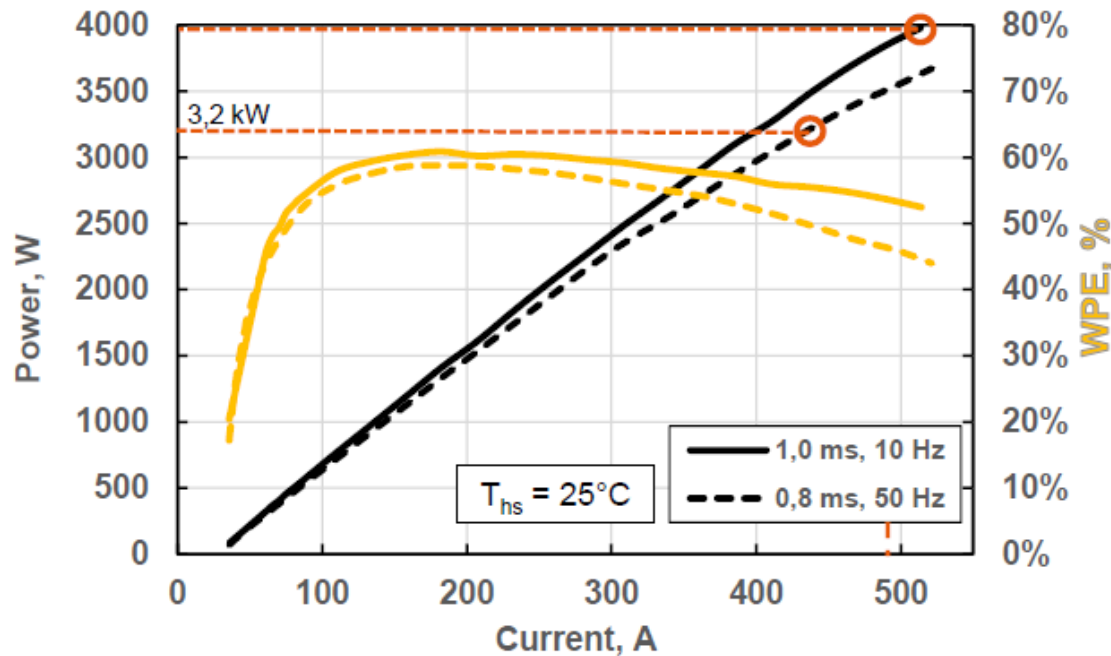
# High-Power Laser Diode Stacks for Pulsed Operation



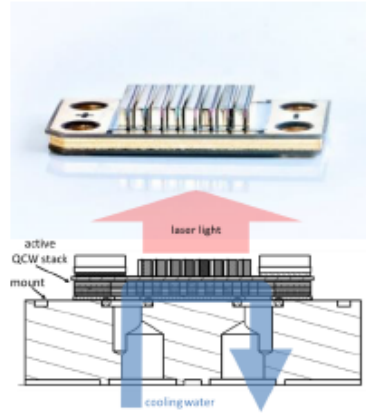
# Jenoptik 940 nm QCW - stack



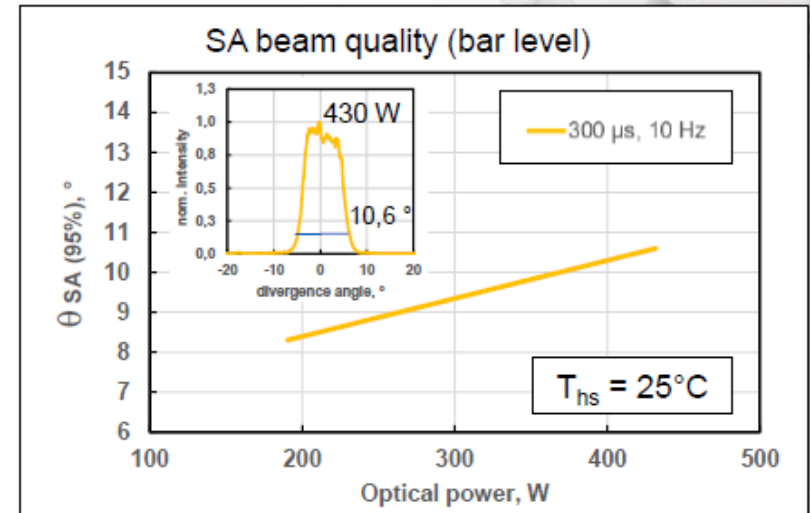
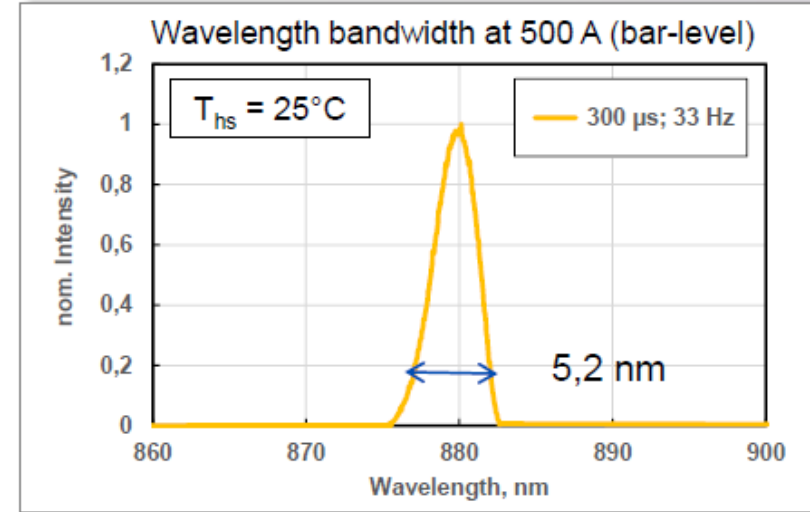
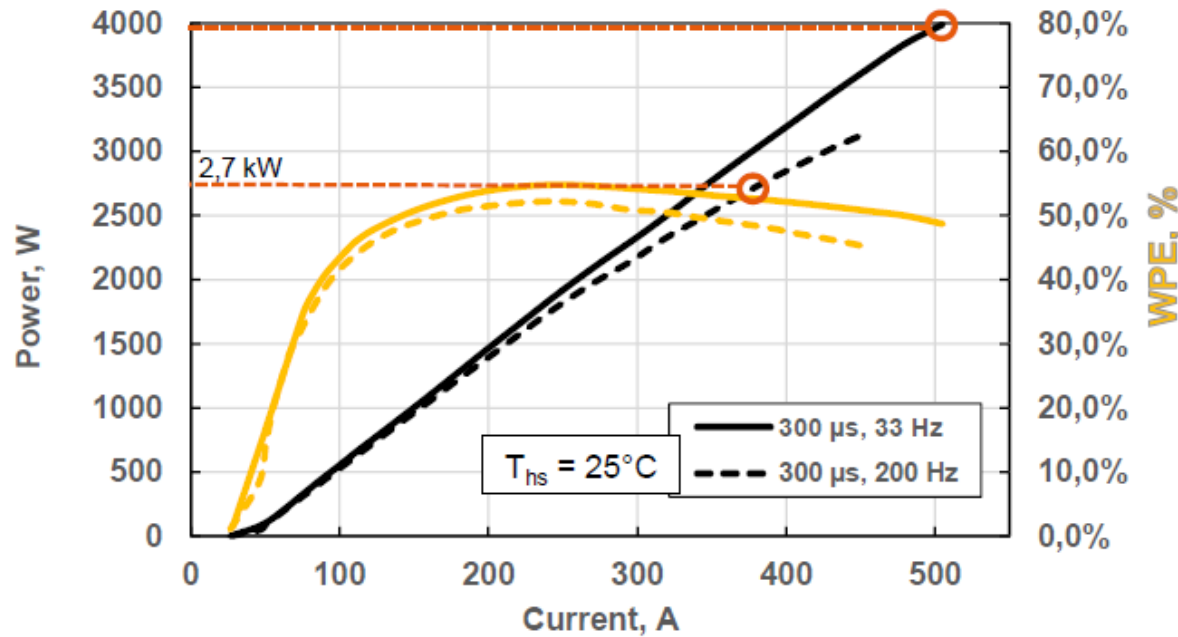
- 8 - bars stack, 75 % FF bars
- Actively cooled baseplate (tap water)
- Resonator length: 1,5 mm
- Measurement conditions:  
 $t = 1,0 \text{ ms}$ ,  $f = 10 \text{ Hz}$  (1 % d.c.)  
 $t = 0,8 \text{ ms}$ ,  $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$  (4 % d.c.)



# Jenoptik 880 nm QCW - stack



- 8 - bars stack, 75 % FF bars
- Actively cooled baseplate (tap water)
- Resonator length: 1,5 mm
- Measurement conditions:  
 $t = 300 \mu\text{s}$ ,  $f = 33 \text{ Hz}$  (1 % d.c.)  
 $t = 300 \mu\text{s}$ ,  $f = 200 \text{ Hz}$  (6 % d.c.)



# Outline

- Summary of pump requirements for emerging high-energy-class pulsed laser systems
- Overview of commercial suppliers of diode lasers for large-scale systems
  - Leonardo
  - Trumpf
  - Coherent
  - Jenoptik
- **FBH Berlin and its contribution to the laser accelerator community**
  - **International excellence center in high powers diode lasers and modules**
  - **Overview of current research**
  - **Ongoing developments in support of high energy laser community**

# Ferdinand-Braun-Institut – Facts & Figures

## III-V semiconductor technologies for electronics | photonics | quantum technologies

- Founded in 1992
- Part of Research Fab Microelectronics Germany (FMD)
- 9 Joint Labs with 5 German universities
- Staff: 370 (headcount)  
incl. 200 scientists & PhD candidates from 30 nationalities
- Revenue (2022): 43.5 M€  
(incl. 24.6 M€ third-party funding)
- International competence center covering the full value chain  
→ from basic research to ‘products’ (TRL 1-9)


FBH gGmbH is a 100% subsidiary of State of Berlin and a member of the Leibniz Association



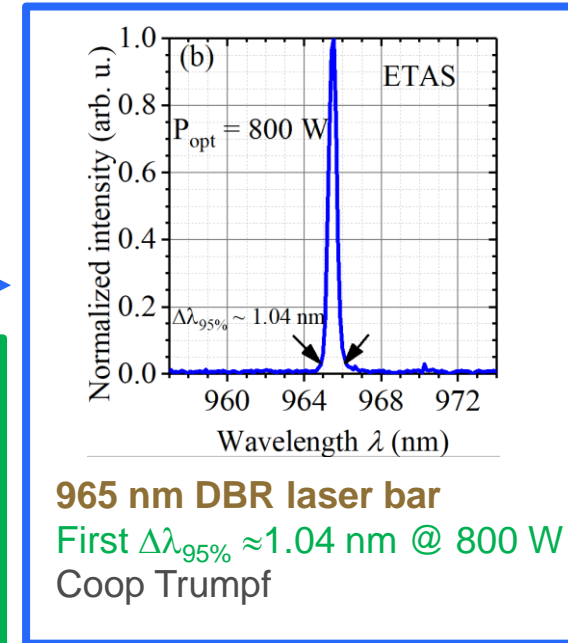
# FBH: National excellence in high power diode lasers, as key enabling technology

## Keys for high-performance diode lasers

- Highly efficient and reliable laser diodes and laser diode bars
- In-chip grating for narrow spectrum to pump narrow lines
- Narrow, symmetric beam for direct low-loss coupling into fiber
- Effective cooling for operation at high duty cycles
- Alternative wavelengths



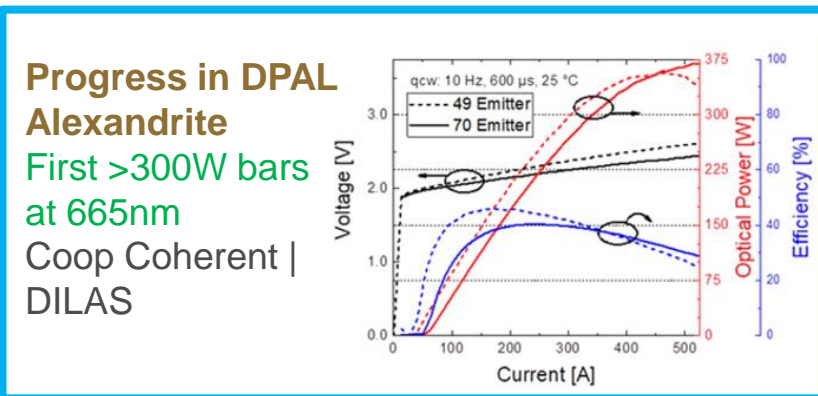
**Progress in Yb:YAG**  
 940 nm: 1 kW bars  
 970 nm: 2x efficiency, 4x power  
 Coop Trumpf




**940 nm 6 kW modules**  
 First 200 Hz 1 ms units  
 Over 10 years operation  
 Coop Jenoptik, Trumpf  
 MBI & IOQ Jena

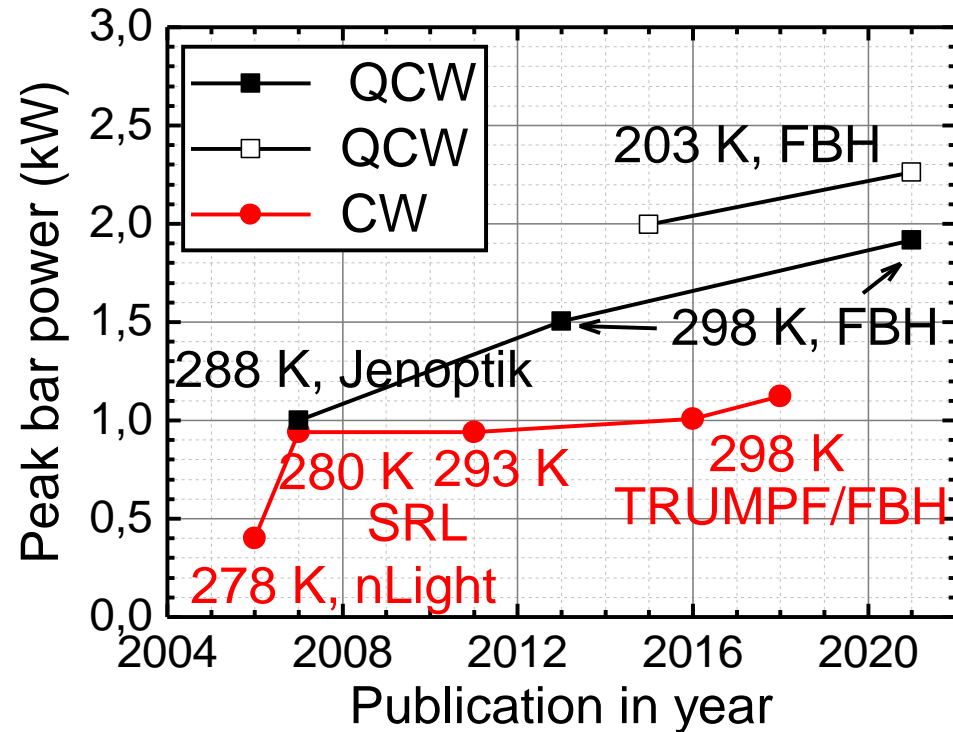


**Progress in Tm:YAG**  
 780 nm pumps  
 First 1.5 kW 10 ms 50Hz  
 Coop Jenoptik Lastronics  
 IOQ Jena  
 → new: 900W / stack CW

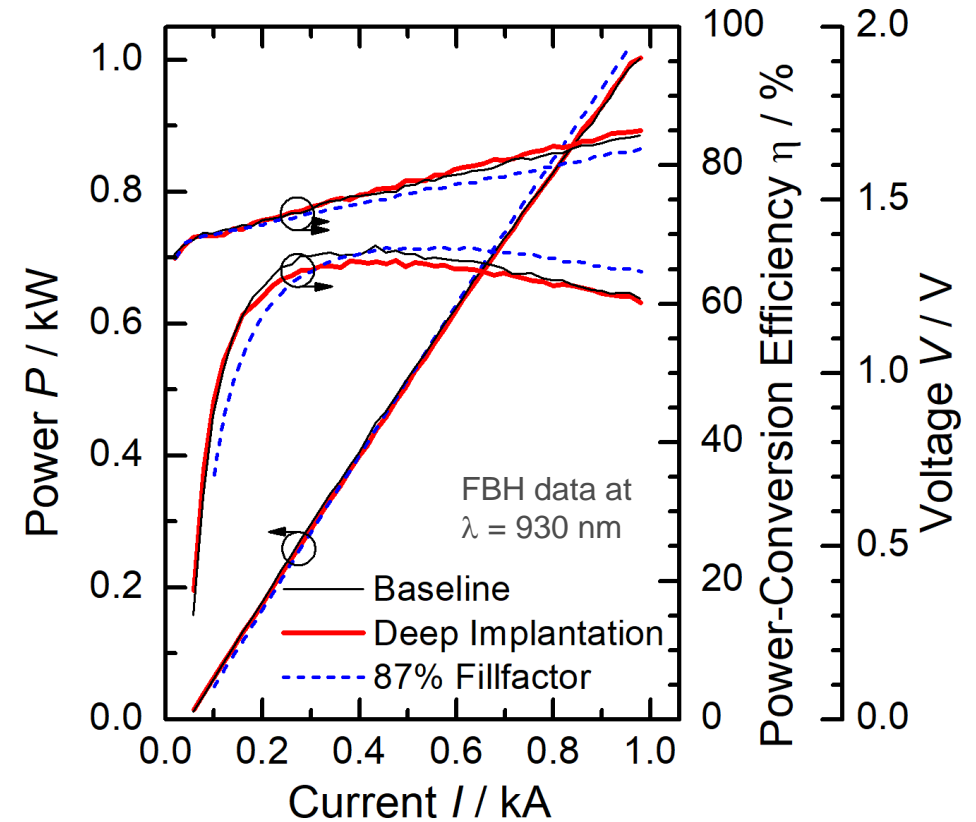


# Performance scaling at 940nm for Yb:YAG: strong progress in peak power and efficiency per bar (co-op Trumpf)

Power per bar:  
strong increase in 10 years to 2 kW



Efficiency at 1 kW:  
> 1.8x in 10 years to 66 % (70 % @ 200 K)



C. Frevert *et al.* Proc SPIE 9733, 97330L-1 (2016).  
S. Strohmaier *et al.* Proc. SPIE 10085, 100850F-1 (2017)

66% @ 1 kW: M. Karow Proc. SPIE 11262, (2020).  
35% @ 1 kW: D. Schröder *et al.* Proc. SPIE 64560N, 64560N-1 (2007).

# Diode laser bars in commercial packages

## Packaging challenge: high duty cycle pumps



LEONARDO



TRUMPF



TRUMPF

### Low cost QCW bar package

Major drop in performance for  $\geq 2\%$  duty cycle ( $\sim 20$  Hz)

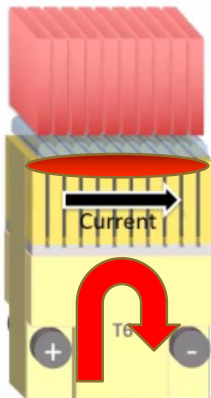
### High cost CW package

Microchannels: high performance & €  
Reliability hazard in large systems

Optical output



Heat generation



Long distance limits resonator length  
→ efficiency and power limit!

Heat extraction  
(water channels)

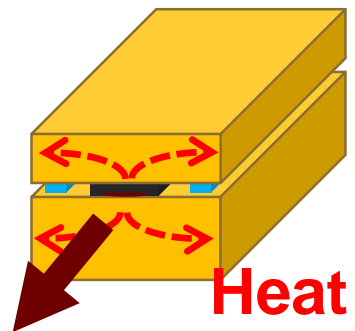
LEONARDO

→ Commercial sources with needed performance at high duty cycle not available

# Addressing the cooling challenge at FBH: 2 x edge side-cooling

## Stack element (StE) with large area single emitters

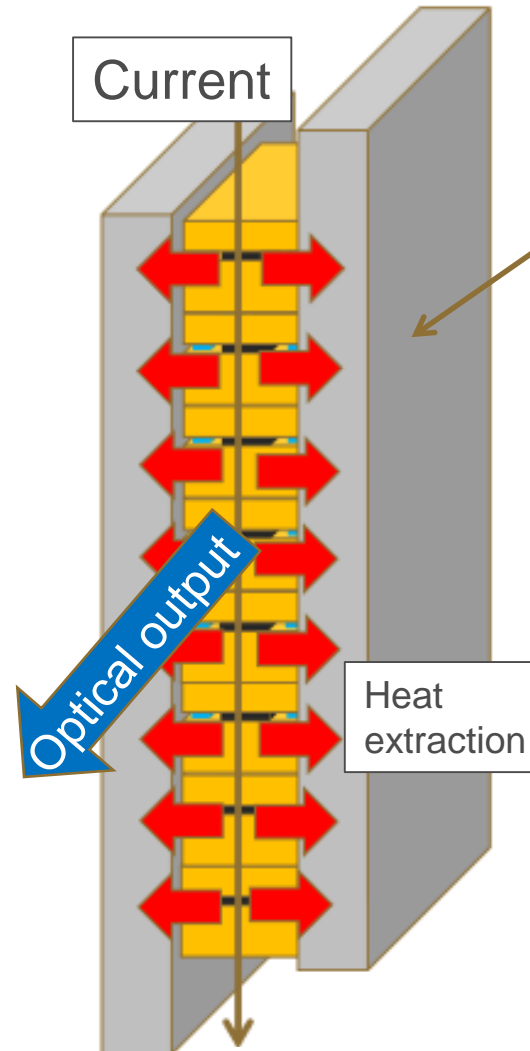
- “sandwich” design:
  - 2 CuW (10:90) heat sinks
  - $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  spacers soldered
  - edge-cooled chip
  - Low electrical & thermal resistance
  - Expansion matched assembly
- 10 years in use at FBH for 940 nm pumps
- 10...20% duty cycles and cw



**Laser**

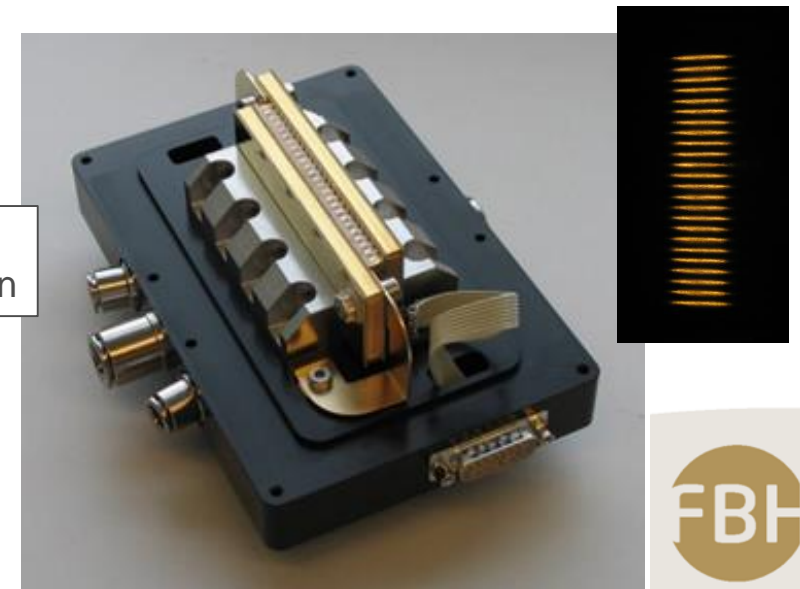


## Stack of 24...28 StE



## 2 x edge cooling:

- StE soldered as stack and sandwiched by AlN-Cu DCB cooler (macro-channel water-cooled)
- Large contact area,
- low thermal resistance
- efficient heat removal
- Each with FAC, common SAC





# Performance of stack modules at 780 nm: power and efficiency

## Operation:

- Pulse width: 10 ms
- Pulse repetition rate: 10 Hz
- Duty Cycle: 10 %

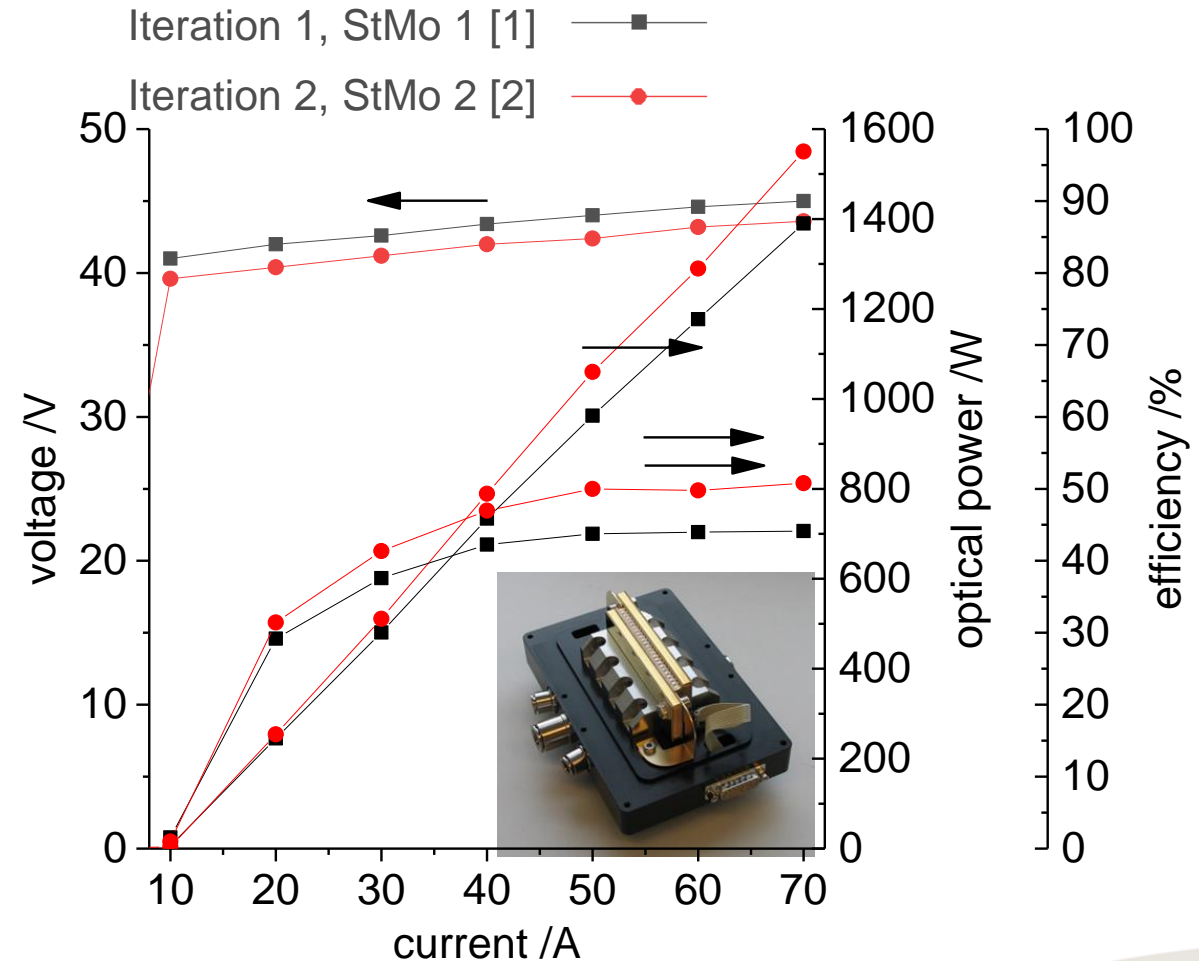
## Baseline performance [1]: StMo 1

$P_{\max} = 1.4 \text{ kW}$  at 70 A, eff.: 44 %

## Iteration 2 performance [2]: StMo 2

- Implementation of improved epi design
  - Highly asymmetrical design
  - low optical losses
- 1.1x increase in power and efficiency

$P_{\max} \rightarrow 1.6 \text{ kW}$  at 70 A, eff.:  $\rightarrow 50 \%$

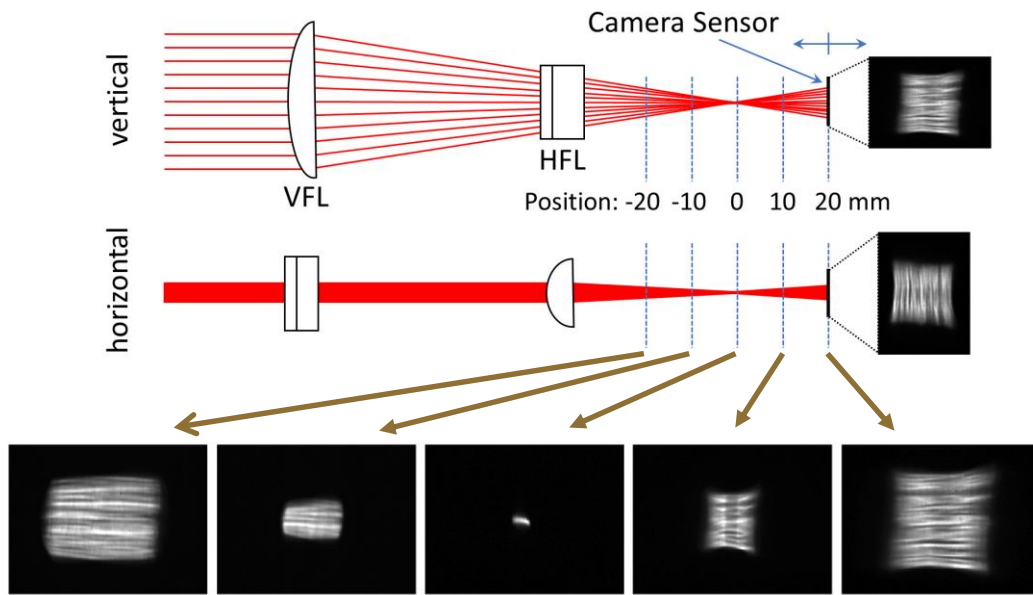


[1] Crump et al., Proc. SPIE, 11262, p. 1126204, 2020

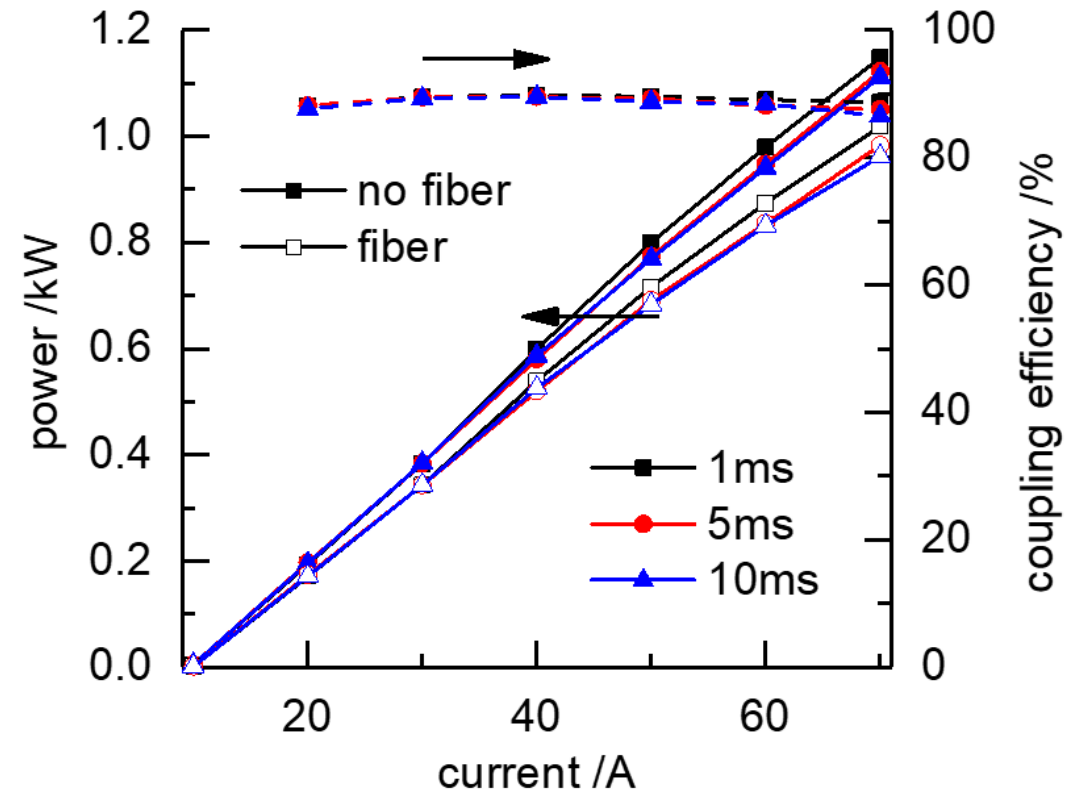
[2] Arslan et al., IEEE Phot. Conf. (IPC), Vancouver, BC, Canada, 2021

# Performance of stack modules at 780 nm: symmetric, narrow beam

## Beam analysed following ISO11146 [1]



Horizontal:  $M^2$ : 287, vertical:  $M^2$ : 222



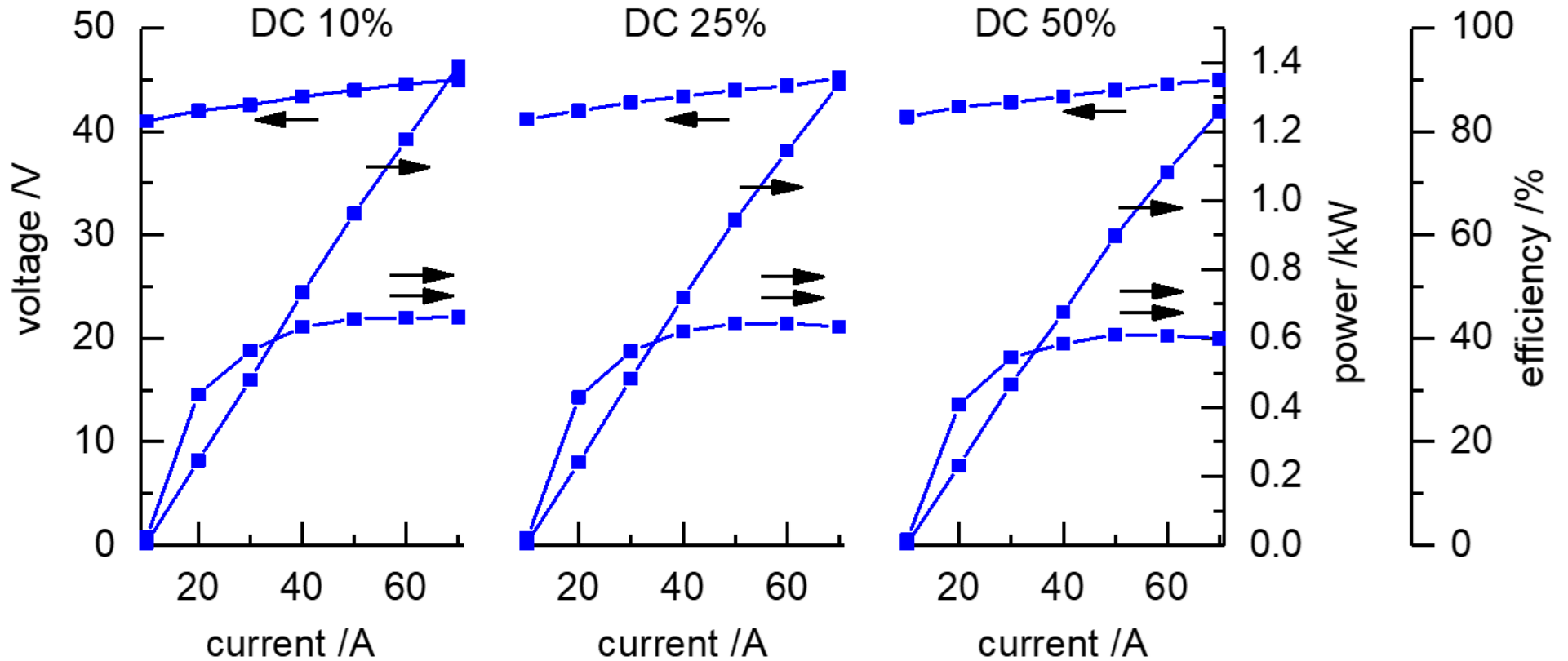
→ **Narrow, symmetric beam makes direct low-loss coupling into 1 mm fiber possible**

Coupling efficiency ~ 85...90 %; Brightness from fiber: 0.83 MW / cm<sup>2</sup> / sr

# Effective cooling allows operation at duty cycles up to 50%

StMo 1

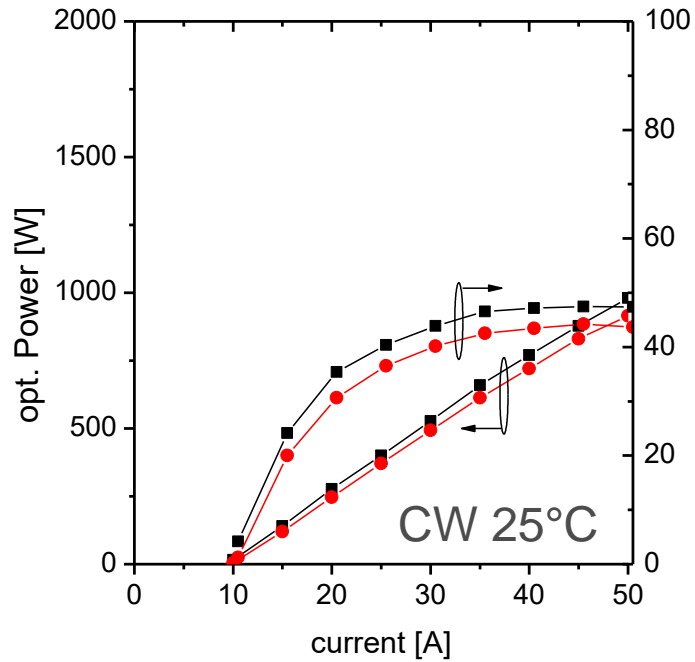
Pulse: 10 ms



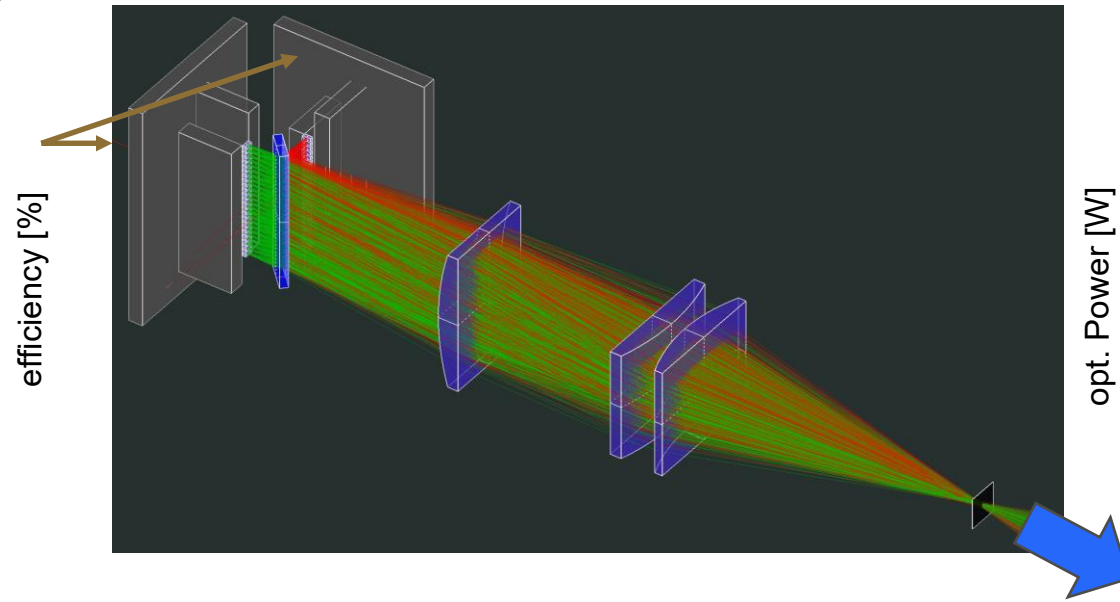
	DC = 10 %	DC = 25 %	DC = 50 %
pulse repetition frequencies	10 Hz	25 Hz	50 Hz
optical power (at 70 A)	1389 W	1337 W	1258 W
conversion efficiency (at 70 A)	44 %	42 %	40 %

# New: development of CW-kilowatt module at 780 nm

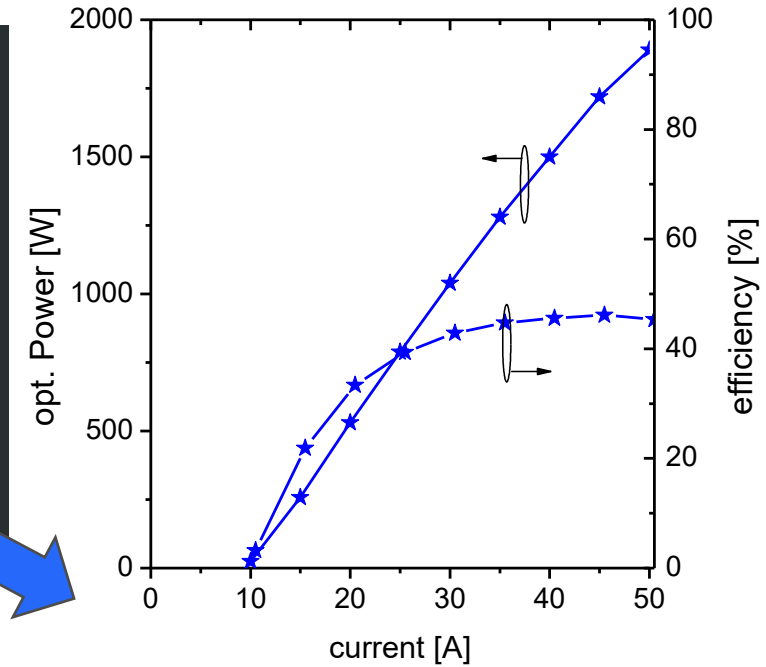
## Two 780 nm 900 W stacks



## Beams combined



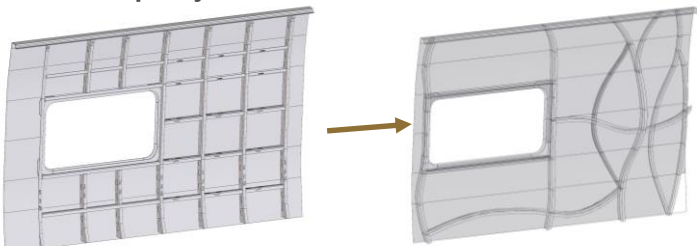
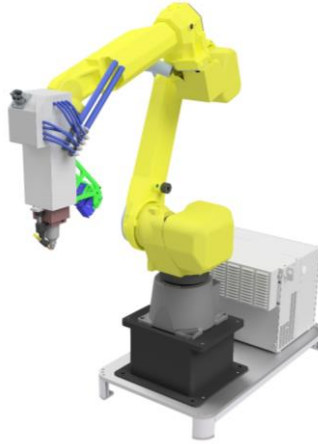
## 1900 W CW in a 1 mm spot



# FBH: current research for further scaling

## Progress in Tm:YAG

- **TRL increase of FBH CW stacks:** Delivery of 780 nm kW modules
- Photon Laser Manufacturing GmbH, Develop application lab: demonstration of laser cutting and laser-based additive manufacturing for for lightweight construction
- Coop PLM / SKDK ERDF project SAMBA



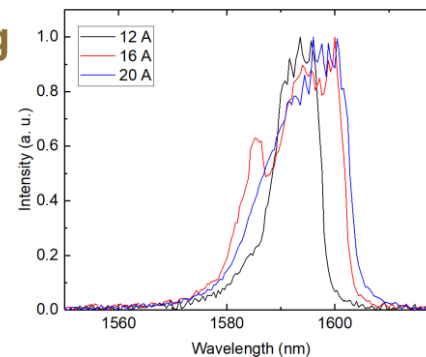
## Progress in Yb:YAG: mounting & cooling

- **Develop advanced stack concepts**  
→ 100W @ 200 Hz → 1000 W @ kHz
- Coop Trumpf, ERDF „HOTSTACK“



## Trial Tm-pumping at 1.6 μm

Research prototypes  
Coop CNR-IO/  
HHI

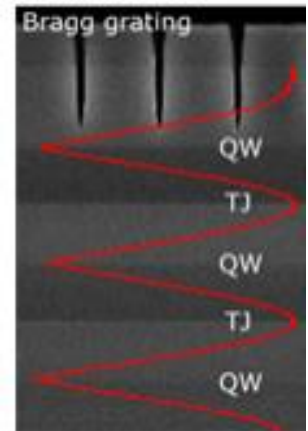
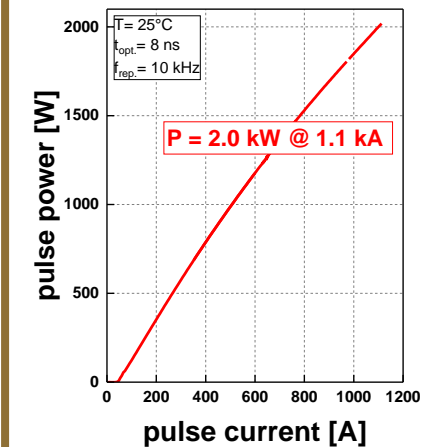


## Progress in bar power

- Scale into multi-kW by tunnel-junction technology for cw operation
- Coop AMS-OSRAM, Amplitude, Eurostars „Super8“ (subm.)

From FBH:

Tunnel-junction laser bars for LiDAR:  
8 ns pulses:  $P = 2.2 \text{ kW}$   
905 nm,  $\Delta\lambda = 0.3 \text{ nm}$



## Conclusions and next steps

- Diode laser pumps: essential part of high duty-cycle ( $> 10$  Hz) laser accelerators
  - Only source that can deliver needed 100's kW in a narrow beam at high repetition rate (100 Hz) with high reliability
- Multi-100 kW industrial diode pumps available, based on economic cooling at  $< 4\%$  duty cycle
  - Overview presented of capabilities at Leonardo (ELI), Trumpf (DIPOLE), Coherent (DPAL), Jenoptik (DC to 6%)
  - Scaling to duty cycle  $> 6\%$  increases €/W (economic coolers with low W or CW coolers with high €)
- FBH Berlin supporting laser accelerator community via applied research into advanced diode pumps
  - Scaling duty cycle: from 10...20...50...100% using innovative diode laser packaging
  - Scaling performance: Scaling power to 1000 W / bar with efficiency  $> 60\%$ , as pumps for Yb:YAG and Nd:YAG
  - Efficient pumping: "In-chip" wavelength stabilization: 800 W bars at 970 nm for pumping narrow lines in Yb:YAG
  - Pumping new materials: high power 665 nm bars for alexandrite; high duty cycle kW modules at 780 nm for Tm:YAG

Next steps: advance accelerator field in close cooperation with research and industry

- EU-funded efforts to make higher duty cycle modules and higher power diodes available
- Enable new applications (e.g. direct-diode CW kW 780 nm modules for AM)



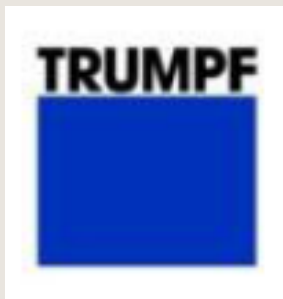
# Thank you for your attention!

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Thanks to:

- Dr. Marko Hübner and many FBH co-workers
- The German Federal Ministry for Education and Research (BMBF, HECMIR 03VNE2068E)
- Trumpf GmbH
- the European Union, (EFRE), in the SAMBA Project FKZ: 10193579, AMBER network
- The companies for the material provided



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September, 2023

