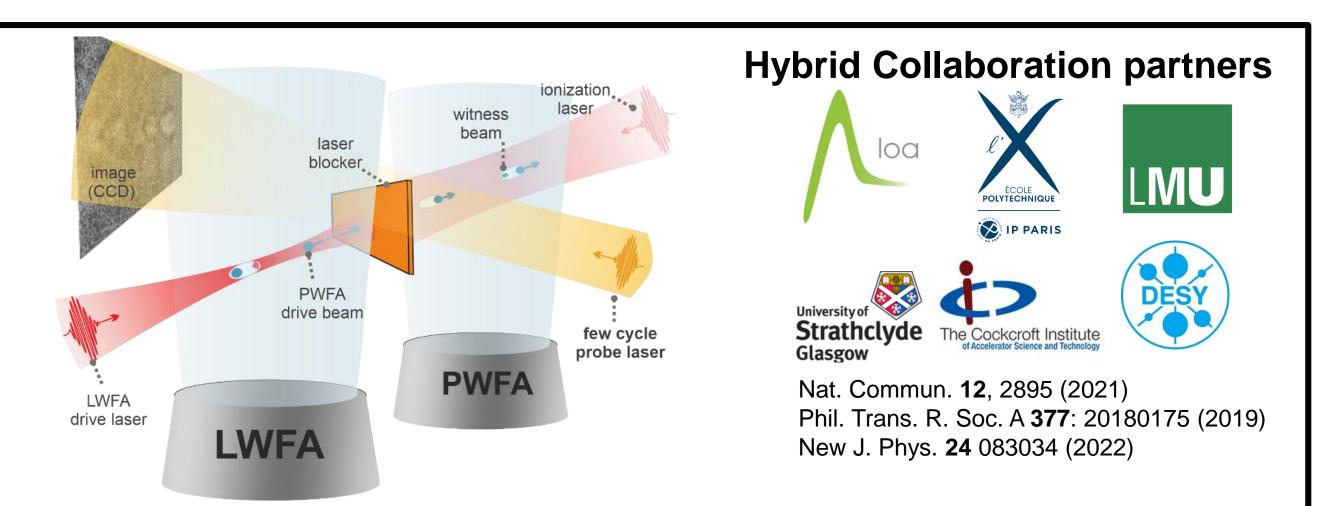
# Effect of driver charge on wakefield characteristics in a plasma accelerator probed by femtosecond shadowgraphy

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### Motivation and Setup

- **PWFA**: promissing acceleration method for the generation ulletand acceleration of high quality electron beams
- **LWFA beams** are intrinsically **short** and can reach high  $\bullet$ peak currents (>10 kA)
- combine both in a Hybrid LWFA driven PWFA  $\rightarrow$
- **ultrafast** (~ 10 fs FWHM) **optical pulse** for plasma probing
- inherently synchronized to LWFA driver laser



IFAST

TWORK FOR NOVEL ACCELERATORS

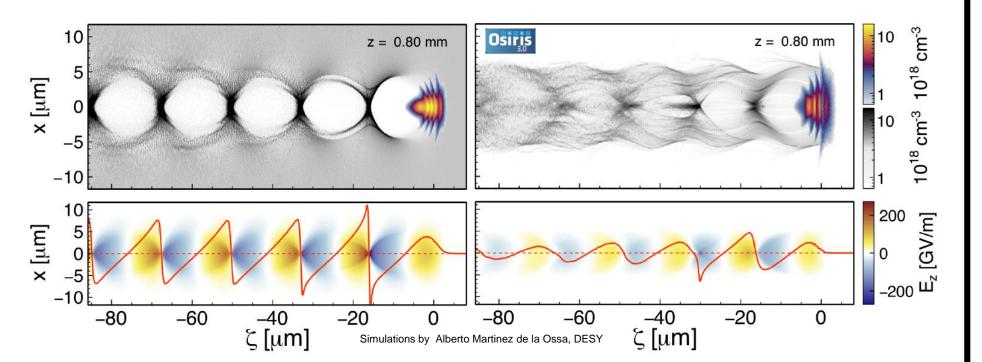
NPACT supported by EU via I-FAS

### Observation of beam-driven plasma waves

Pre-ionized

 $n_p \; [10^{18} \cdot \text{cm}^{-3}]$ 

Self-ionized



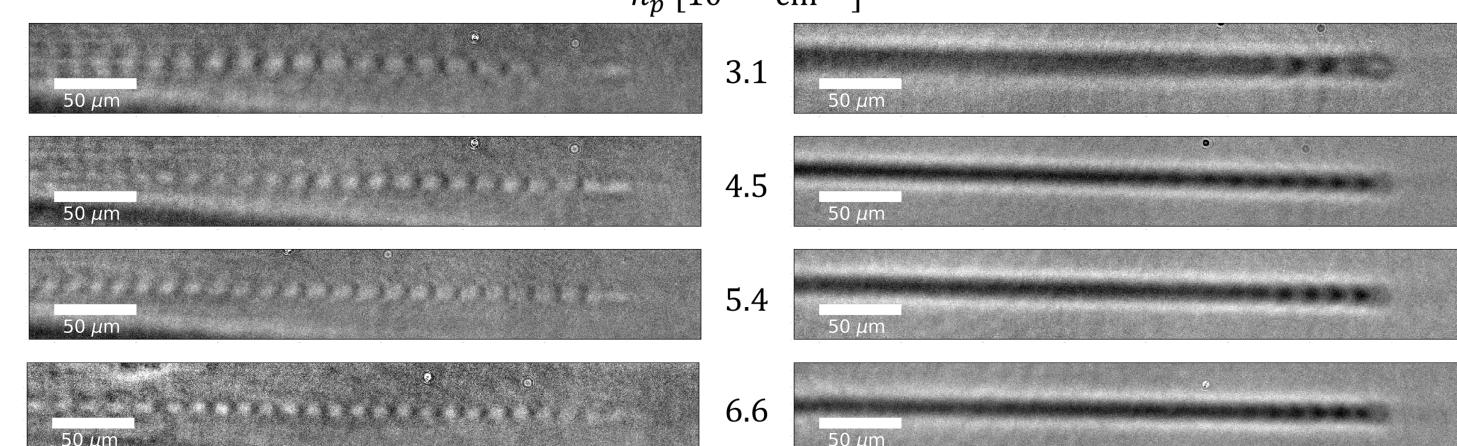
HZDR

ZENTRUM DRESDEN

DRESDEN

**HELMHOLTZ** 

ROSSENDORF



- pre-ionized: up to 25 cavities, stable wakefield
- **self-ionized**: quick **smearing out** of the cavities, maximum 9 cavities visible
- narrow plasma channel in self-ionized case
- confirmed by simulations

### $\rightarrow$ elongation increases with increasing driver charge $Q/E/\theta$ [pC/MeV/mrad] Simulation **Experimental data** PICon **GPU** 0.75 0.5 0.25 (a $n_p = 3.0 \cdot 10^{18} \text{cm}^{-3}$ $n_p = 4.0 \cdot 10^{18} \text{cm}^{-3}$ $h = 5.1 \cdot 10^{18} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ ad] 8.7 18.1 16.6 $Q_{estimated} = 250pC$ $h_{n_{p}} = 6.1 \cdot 10^{18} \text{cm}^{-3}$ No elongation area $(\Sigma_1)$ Elongation 1.2 Qestimated = 373 pC [10] $Q_{estimated} = 442 \text{ pC}$ -20 100 200 300 175 250 325 100 50 25 25 100 400 0.9 E[MeV] 100 150 200 250 300 350 450 500 z [μm] Energy [MeV] calculated bunch charge $Q_{calc}$ (pC)

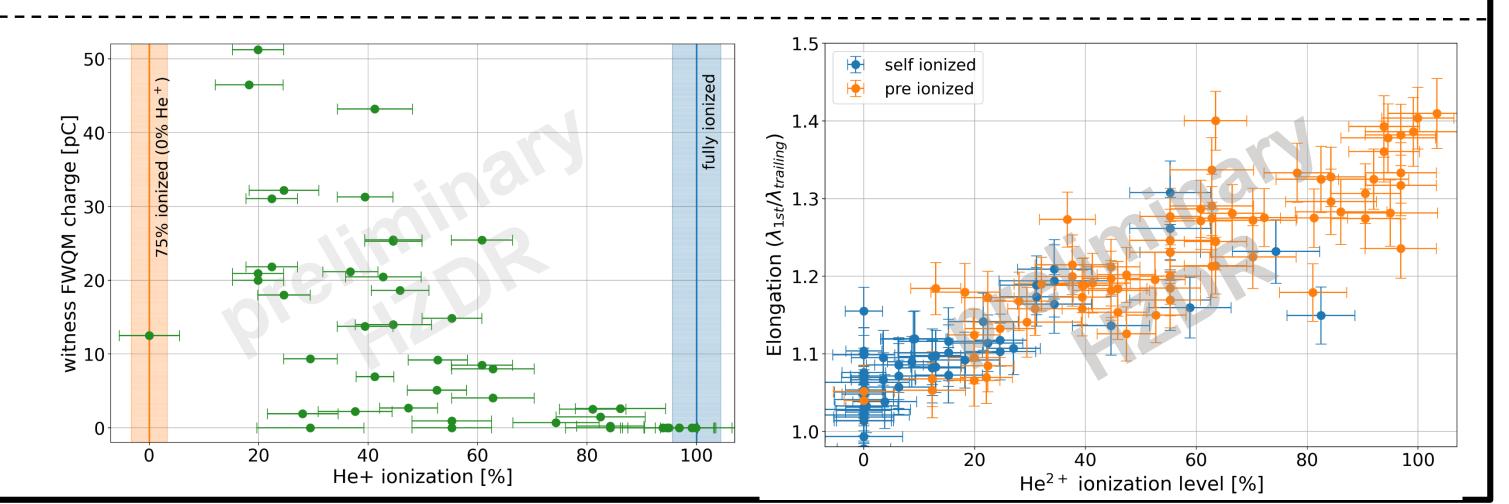
- observation: first cavity is elongated with respect the nominal plasma wavelength  $\bullet$
- elongation increases with decreasing remaining energy which is coupled to the initial charge via beamloading in the LWFA stage

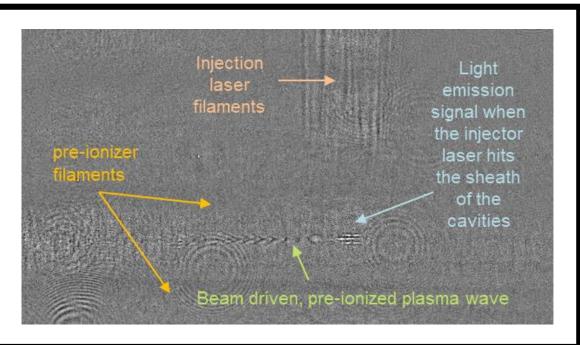
### Driver dependend wakefield formation

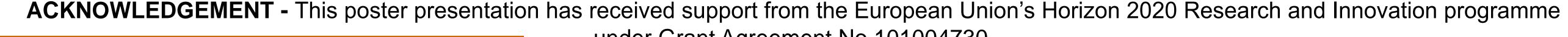
- consistent over various plasma densities: clear correlation between elongation of the first cavity and initial charge of the driver beam
- simulations confirm the charge dependend elongation
- elongation changes during propagation through the target as the driver charge decreases (due to deceleration)  $\rightarrow$  depletion measurement possible
- **Driver dependend ionization**
- Trojan Horse experiment: 50:50  $H_2$  He mixture → details at Poster Patrick Ufer
- Pre-ionizer supposed to ionize H<sub>2</sub> and 1st level He
- shot to shot jitter of the linear plasma wavelength → jitter in the ionization level of He+
- ionization correlates with on shot elongation: driver bunch most likely to cause the ionization
- fully ionized  $\triangleq$  no charge left for witness  $\rightarrow$  correlation

## Conclusions

- LWFA beam is strong enough to fully ionize Hydrogen and first level of Helium plus partially He+
- observation of an **elongation** of the first cavity depending on the **driver charge**  $\bullet$
- Ultrafast optical probing technique provides a new insight revealing subtle details of the generated  $\bullet$ plasma wave structure and its dynamics and is a powerful tool to assist spatio-temporal problems in advanced injection schemes.









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