



Swiss National  
Science Foundation



EPFL

*RICAP 24 - ROMA INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON  
ASTROPARTICLE PHYSICS*

# INDIRECT SEARCH FOR DARK MATTER IN $\gamma$ -RAY FLUXES WITH DAMPE

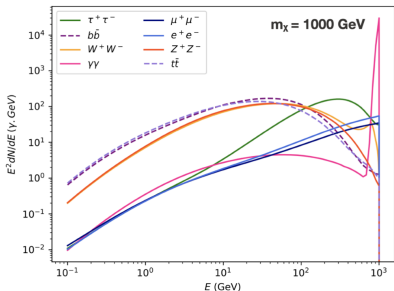
JENNIFER MARIA FRIEDEN  
[jennifer.frieden@epfl.ch](mailto:jennifer.frieden@epfl.ch)

SEPTEMBER 26, 2024



## MOTIVATION

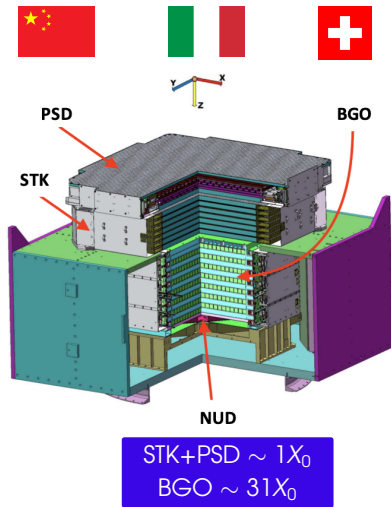
- Only **15.6%** of the matter in the universe consists of baryonic matter!
- Dark matter particles must be **massive**, **neutral** and **stable**
- Focus on neutralino ( $\chi$ ) annihilation:  $\chi\chi \rightarrow X\gamma$ , with  $X = \gamma, Z$  or  $H$   
 $\Rightarrow E_\gamma = m_\chi \left(1 - \frac{m_X^2}{4m_\chi^2}\right)$ , i.e. for  $X = \gamma$ ,  $E_\gamma = m_\chi$
- The neutralino annihilation leads to a monoenergetic  $\gamma$ -ray emission  
 $\Rightarrow$  observe a **narrow peak** in the  $\gamma$ -ray energy spectrum
- In particular, **nearby galaxy clusters** are used as target, such as: Centaurus, Coma, Virgo, Perseus, Fornax



# INTRODUCTION TO THE DAMPE EXPERIMENT

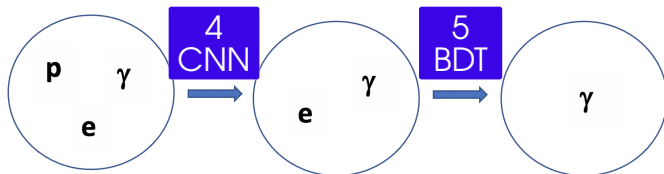
## The DARK Matter Particle Explorer

- Launched on 17th December 2015
- Measure cosmic-ray spectrum and composition, indirect search for DM signatures in  $e/\gamma$  spectra, HE  $\gamma$ -ray astronomy
- Consists of 4 subdetectors:
  - Plastic Scintillator Detector (PSD)
  - Silicon-tungsten Tracker-converter (STK)
  - Bismuth Germanium Oxide (BGO) calorimeter
  - Neutron Detector (NUD)



## $\gamma$ -RAY SELECTION

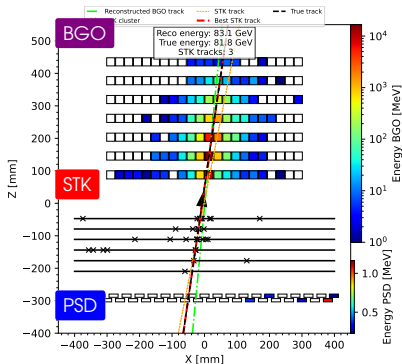
- 1 **Skim** and **fiducial** cuts: detector geometry and BGO segmentation
- 2 **STK track selection** among the track set given by the Kalman filter
- 3 **Cleaning cuts** based on the geometry and charge of the reco track
- 4 **Proton rejection**: using **CNN** developed for  $\gamma/p$  separation
- 5 **Electron rejection**: using the **BDT** developed for  $\gamma/e$  separation



# 1. SKIM AND FIDUCIAL CUTS

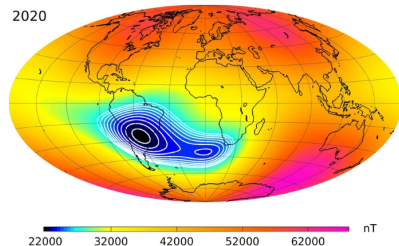
## ■ Skim cuts:

- Reconstructed energy  $\geq 1$  GeV
- E.m. shower shape:  $E_{core3}/E_{rec} \geq 0.9$
- BGO track well contained in PSD



## ■ Fiducial cuts:

- SAA rejection & High Energy Trigger activation
- At least 1 STK track that is well contained in PSD



## 2./3. STK $\gamma$ -RAY TRACK SELECTION & CLEANING CUTS

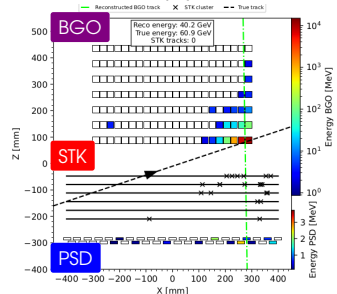
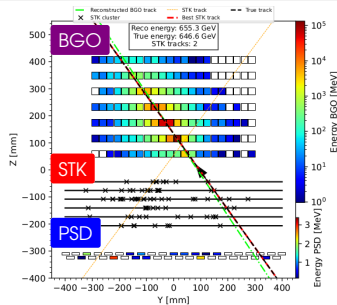
### 2 STK $\gamma$ -ray track selection

- Select best track among the set of STK tracks given by the Kalman filter (at least 3 aligned clusters)
- Define Track Quality (TQ) and take maximum value: [1]:

$$TQ = \frac{1 + E_r}{\ln(D_{sum}/mm)} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{N_{tr} - 3}{12}\right)$$

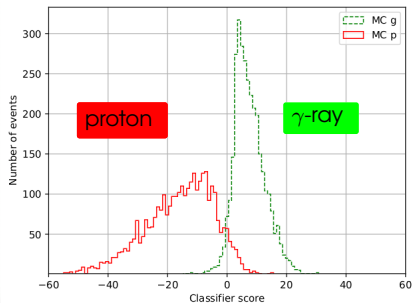
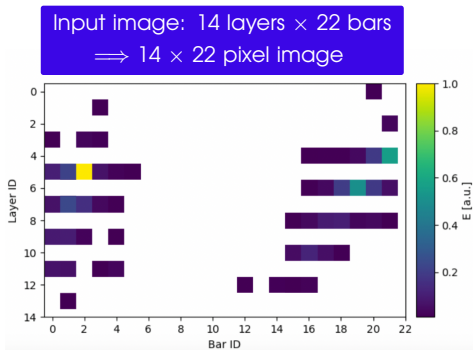
### 3 Cleaning cuts:

- Reject horizontal events entering the BGO
- Discard not well contained showers
- Reject high-charge events



## 4. PROTON REJECTION

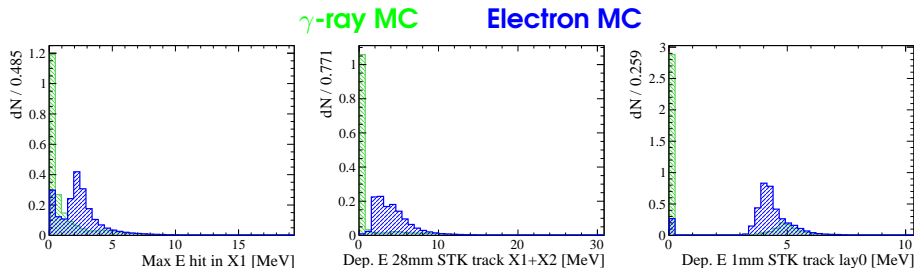
- **Proton** being the main component of cosmic rays  
 $\Rightarrow$  powerful discrimination tool needed
- Use a CNN trained to classify  $\gamma$  and  $p$  showers in the BGO
- **Input:** BGO images, **Output:** score between  $-\infty$  and  $+\infty$



$\Rightarrow$  Applied cut : CNN score  $> 0$

## 5. ELECTRON REJECTION: BDT INPUT VARIABLES

- Can be distinguished **before**  $\gamma$ -ray conversion  
 $\Rightarrow$  in the **PSD** and the first 2 layers of **STK**
- A total of **22 variables** have been chosen to train the **BDT**  
 (14 in PSD and 8 in STK)
- The behaviour of  $\gamma$ -rays varies a lot with energy  $E$   
 $\Rightarrow$  **3 BDTs** for 3 different  $E$  ranges have been trained

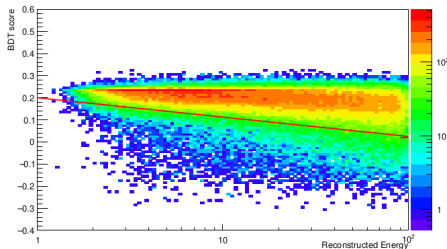




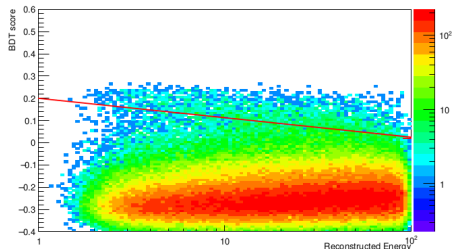
## 5. ELECTRON REJECTION: BDT SCORE CUT

- As  $\gamma$ -ray flux follows a decreasing power law, an **energy dependant cut** is more efficient than a rectangular cut
- BDT score as a function of the reconstructed energy

### MC Gamma



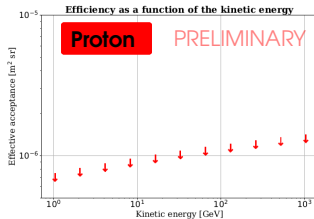
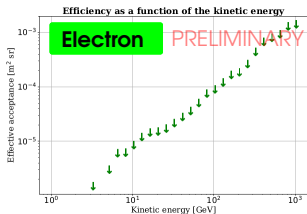
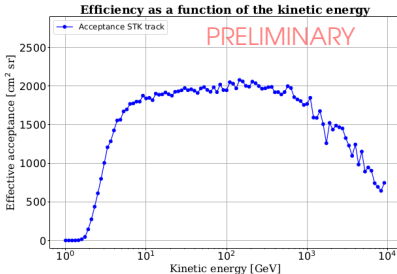
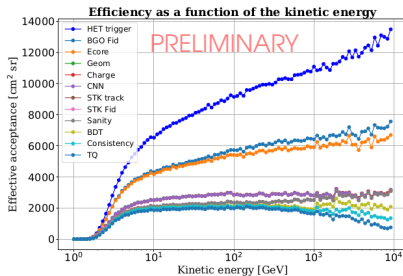
### MC Electron



- **1 - 100 GeV:**  $BDT > 0.2 - 0.038 \cdot \log(E_{rec})$  AND  $BDT > 0.02$
- **0.1 - 1 TeV:**  $BDT > 0.1 - 0.06 \cdot \log(0.01 \cdot E_{rec})$  AND  $BDT > -0.06$
- **1 - 10 TeV:**  $BDT > 0.05 - 0.05 \cdot \log(0.001 \cdot E_{rec})$  AND  $BDT > -0.03$

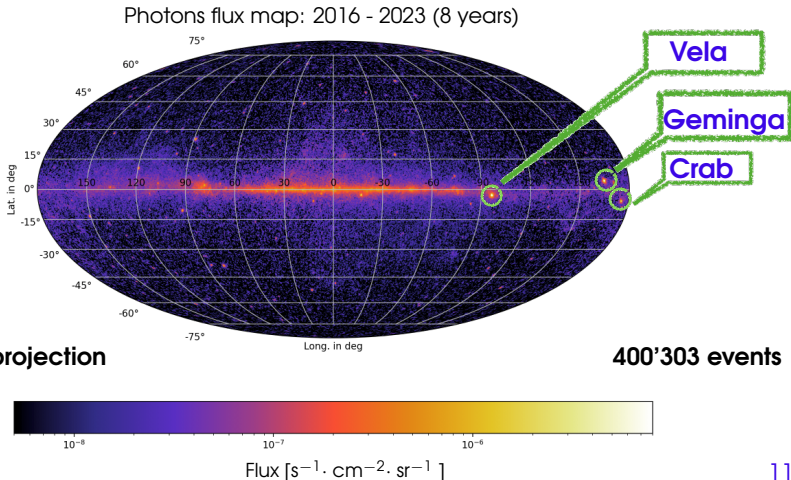
# SELECTION ACCEPTANCE AND CONTAMINATION

- The effective acceptance is defined as:  $A_{\text{geom}} = 37.59 \text{ m}^2\text{sr} \cdot N_{\text{sel}}/N_{\text{tot}}$



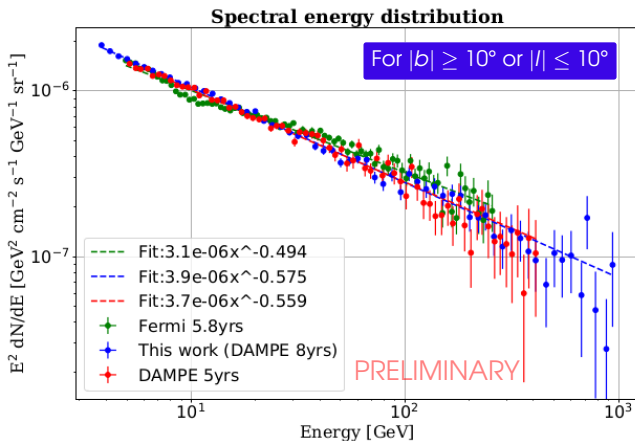
# PHOTON FLUX MAP

- Selected events in galactic coordinates for 8 years of flight data (2016-2023) with  $E_{rec} \in [1, 10^4]$  GeV



# SPECTRAL ENERGY DISTRIBUTION (SED)

- The Spectral Energy Distribution (SED) is defined as:  $E^2 \cdot \frac{N_\gamma}{\Delta E} \frac{1}{T \cdot A_{\text{geom}} \cdot \epsilon_\gamma}$

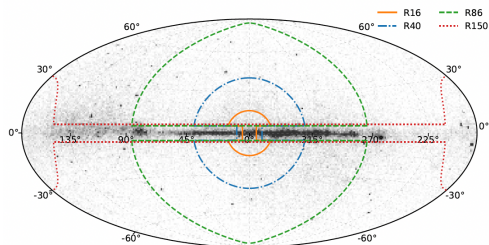
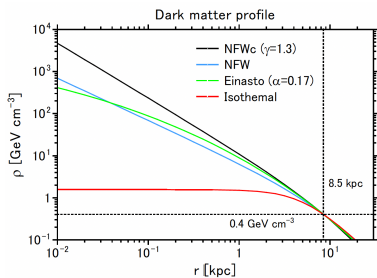


<sup>1</sup>F. Alemanno et al. *Search for gamma-ray spectral lines with the DArk Matter Particle Explorer*, April 2022

<sup>2</sup>M. Ackermann et al. *Fermi LAT Search for Dark Matter in Gamma-ray Lines and the Inclusive Photon Spectrum*, May 2012

# SEARCH FOR DM LINE SIGNATURES

- The cosmic  $\gamma$  rays consists of common produced  $\gamma$ -rays and **DM produced**  $\gamma$ -rays
- DM halo is associated with our Galaxy and distributes spherically
- Different **DM density profiles**  $\rho$  exist that are optimised for different **Regions Of Interests (ROIs)**

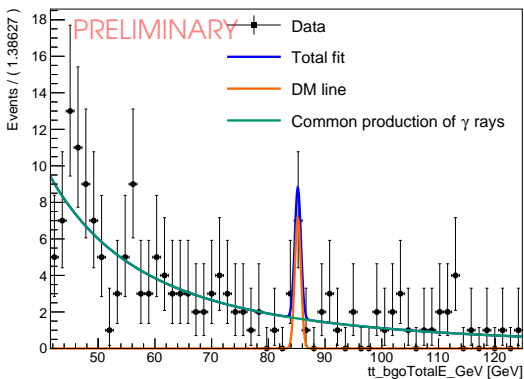


⇒ the Einasto, NFW and Isothermal profiles are treated in this work

# SEARCH FOR DM LINE SIGNATURES

- A sliding energy window technique is used to estimate the number of  $\gamma$  rays produced by DM annihilation in R16

A RooPlot of "tt\_bgoTotalE\_GeV [GeV]"



The total fit consists of:

Common production of  $\gamma$  rays modeled as a power law

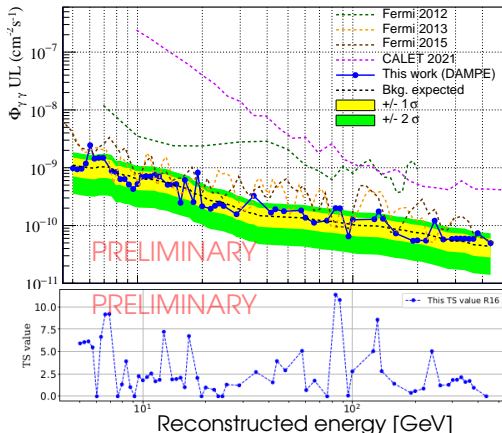
DM line modeled as a gaussian distribution

⇒ Have we discovered DM?

# SEARCH FOR DM LINE SIGNATURES

- The **Test Statistics (TS)** shows no significant discovery of DM line in R16 and therefore an **upper limit** is set on the  $\gamma$ -ray flux in this ROI

## DM annihilation flux UL R16



$$TS = -2 \ln \frac{\hat{L}_{null}}{\hat{L}_{sig}}$$

$\hat{L}_{null}$  being the max. likelihood for the null hypothesis

$\hat{L}_{sig}$  being the max. likelihood for the DM line hypothesis

$$TS_{discovery} \gtrsim 20$$

<sup>1</sup>F. Alemanno et al. *Search for gamma-ray spectral lines with the DArk Matter Particle Explorer*, April 2022

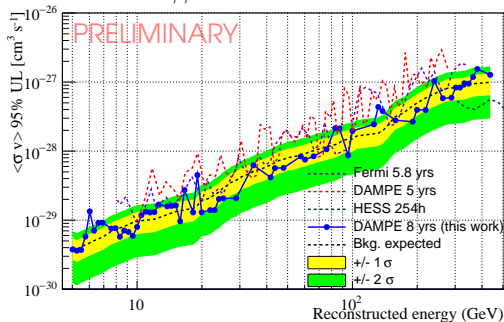
<sup>2</sup>M. Ackermann et al. *Fermi LAT Search for Dark Matter in Gamma-ray Lines and the Inclusive Photon Spectrum*, May 2012

# CONSTRAINT ON $\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\gamma\gamma}$

- To compute the constraint on  $\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\gamma\gamma}$ , the following formula is used:

$$\left(\frac{d\Phi_{\gamma}}{dE_{\gamma}}\right)_{\text{ann.}} = \frac{1}{8\pi} \frac{\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\gamma\gamma}}{m_{\chi}^2} \left(\frac{dN_{\gamma}}{dE_{\gamma}}\right) \int_{ROI} \int_{l.o.s} ds \rho(r)^2 d\Omega$$

$\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\gamma\gamma}$  annihilation UL: R16



The  $\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\gamma\gamma}$  upper limits of this work are stronger than those obtained before by Fermi-LAT and DAMPE in most of the energy range

<sup>1</sup>F. Alemanno et al. *Search for gamma-ray spectral lines with the DArk Matter Particle Explorer*, April 2022

<sup>2</sup>M. Ackermann et al. *Fermi LAT Search for Dark Matter in Gamma-ray Lines and the Inclusive Photon Spectrum*, May 2012

<sup>3</sup>H. Abdallah et al. *Search for  $\gamma$ -ray line signals from dark matter annihilations in the inner Galactic halo from ten years of observations with H.E.S.S.*, May 2018

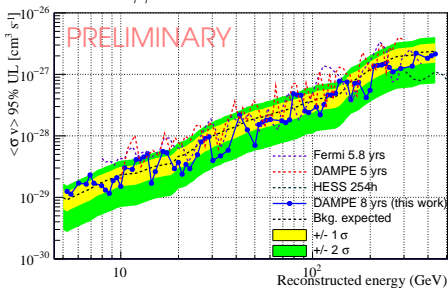


# CONSTRAINT ON $\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\gamma\gamma}$

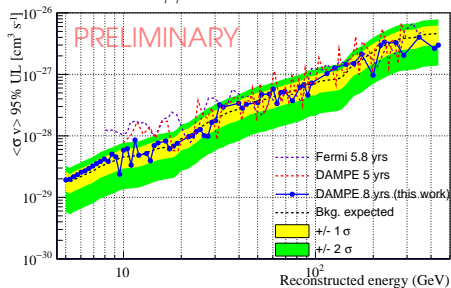
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$\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\gamma\gamma}$  annihilation UL: R40



$\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\gamma\gamma}$  annihilation UL: R86



Same conclusion for the R40 and R86 ROI with different DM density profile

<sup>1</sup> F. Alemanno et al. *Search for gamma-ray spectral lines with the DArk Matter Particle Explorer*, April 2022

<sup>2</sup> M. Ackermann et al. *Fermi LAT Search for Dark Matter in Gamma-ray Lines and the Inclusive Photon Spectrum*, May 2012

<sup>3</sup> H. Abdallah et al. *Search for  $\gamma$ -ray line signals from dark matter annihilations in the inner Galactic halo from ten years of observations with H.E.S.S.*, May 2018

## SUMMARY AND OUTLOOKS

### ■ Summary:

- An **efficient  $\gamma$ -ray selection algorithm** was developed using **ML tools** and the SED is in agreement with other published results
- The DM annihilation-induced  $\gamma$ -ray flux was evaluated in the R16 ROI and **no significant line** has been observed
  - ⇒ an **upper limit** was set on the DM annihilation-induced  $\gamma$ -ray **flux** & on the **speed-averaged cross section**  $\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\gamma\gamma}$

### ■ Outlook:

- **More ROIs** and especially **targets** will be considered for DM line searches
- We are developing **future space experiments** to increase the acceptance of  $\gamma$ -ray events: HERD ⇒ *see talk by Dr Chiara Perrina*

Friday at 11:10

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!