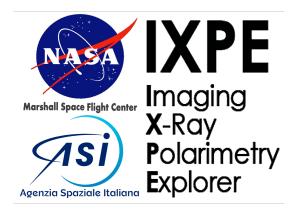
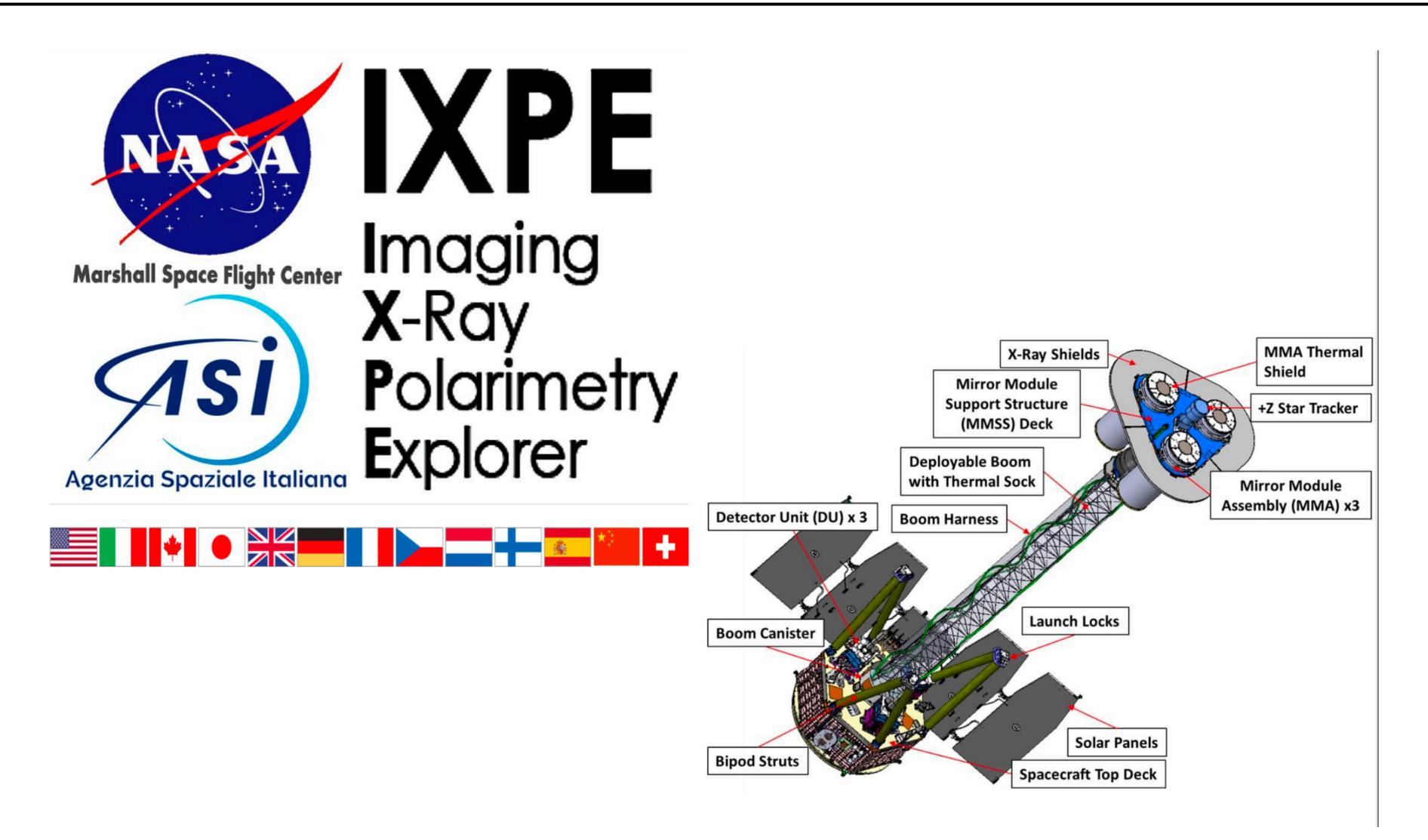


On the polarized light from active galactic nuclei observed by IXPE

Riccardo Middei





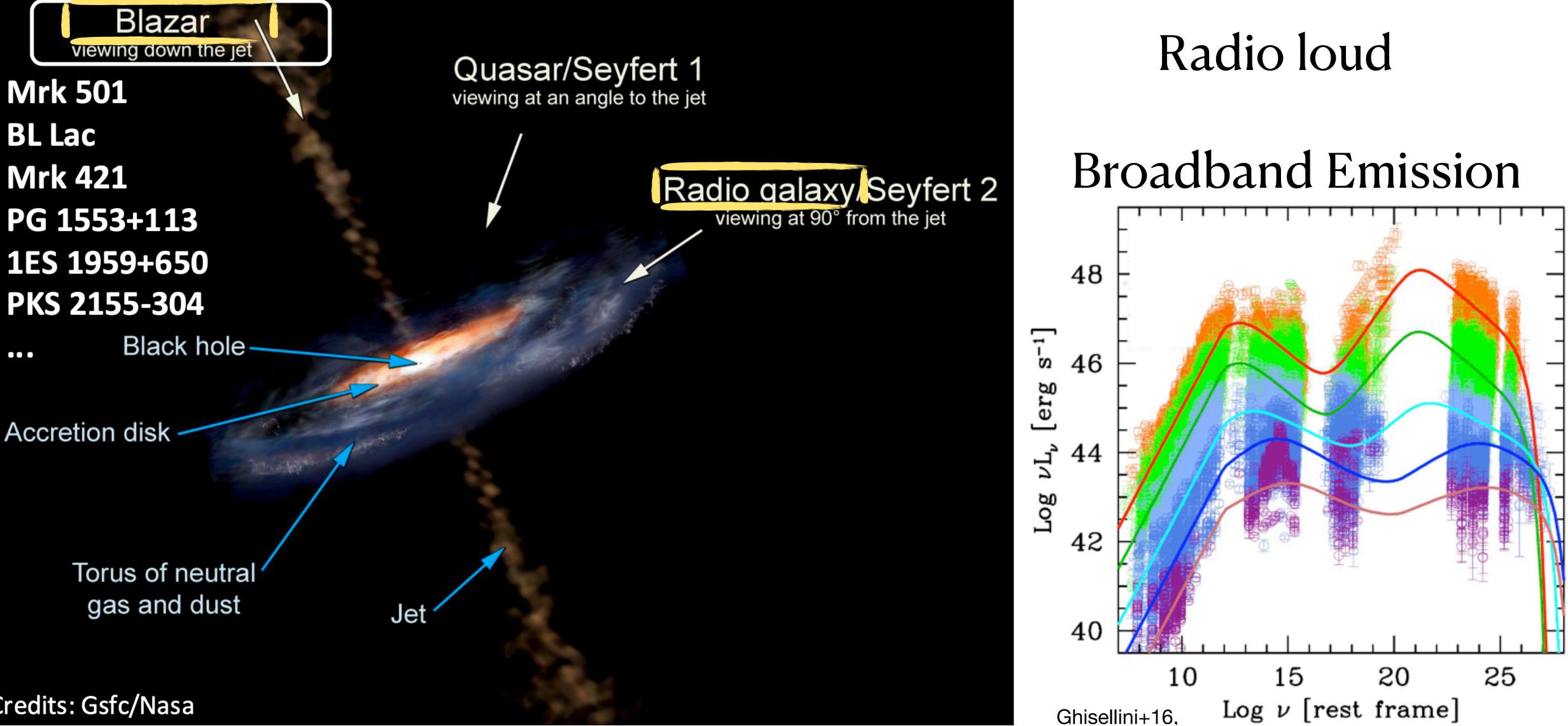


The "first" X-ray polarized light





Active Galactic Nuclei



Credits: Gsfc/Nasa



Active Galactic Nuclei

Blazar viewing down the jet

Mrk 501 BL Lac Mrk 421 PG 1553+113 1ES 1959+650 PKS 2155-304

Black hole

Accretion disk

Torus of neutral gas and dust

Jet

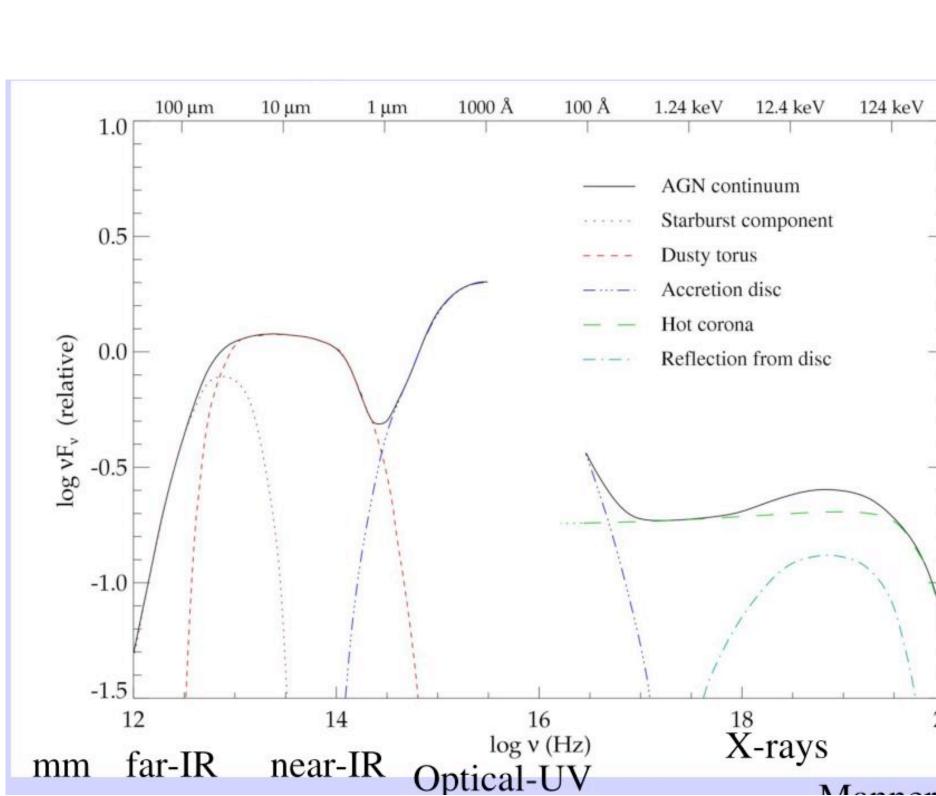
Credits: Gsfc/Nasa

Quasar/Seyfert 1 viewing at an angle to the jet

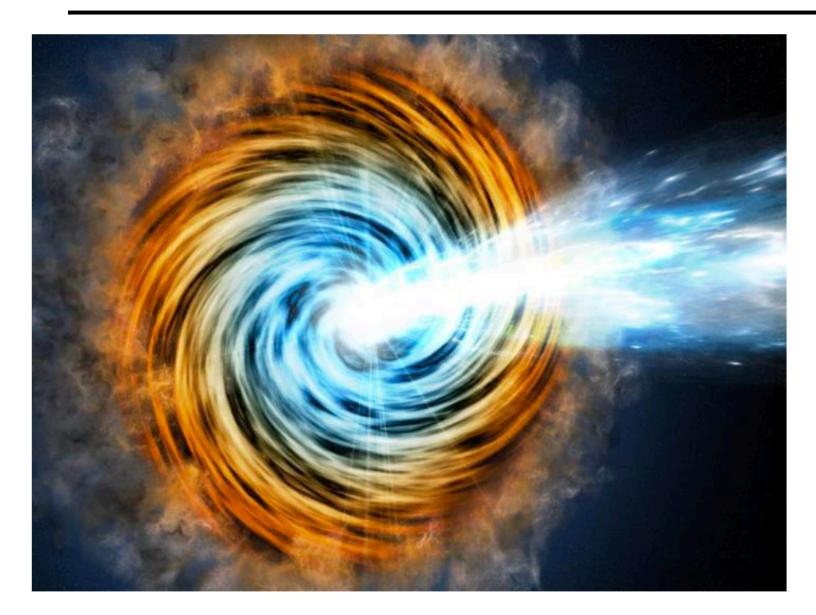


Radio quiet

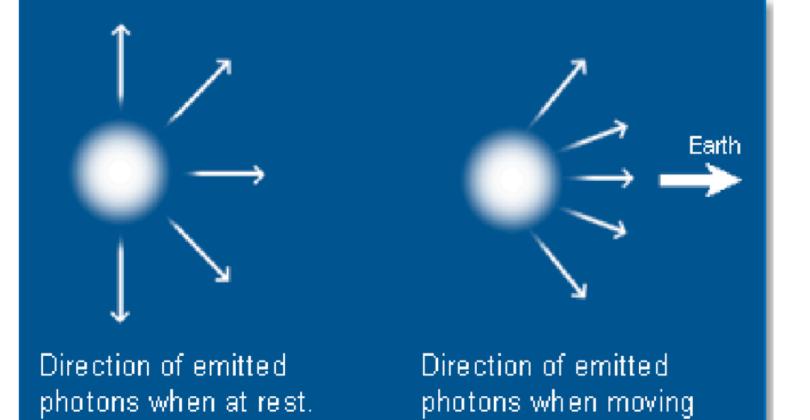
Broadband Emission







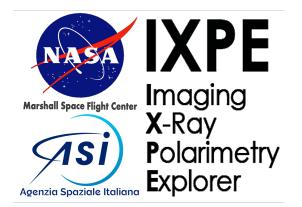
Blazars are Active Galactic Nuclei with a jet directed towards us



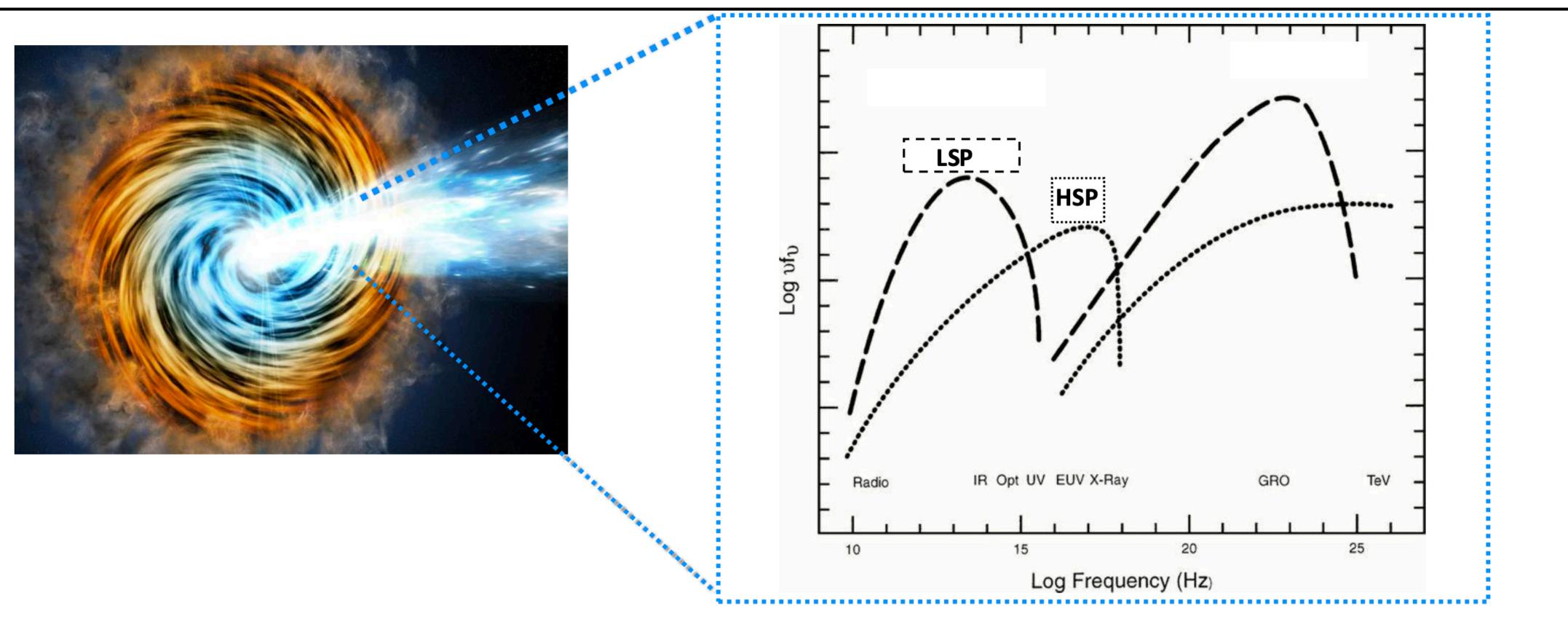
at speeds near c.

Due to relativistic aberration, the jet emission dominates over other emission components



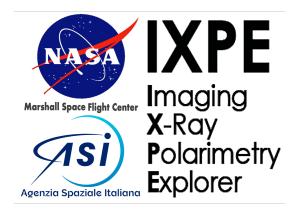


Blazars classification

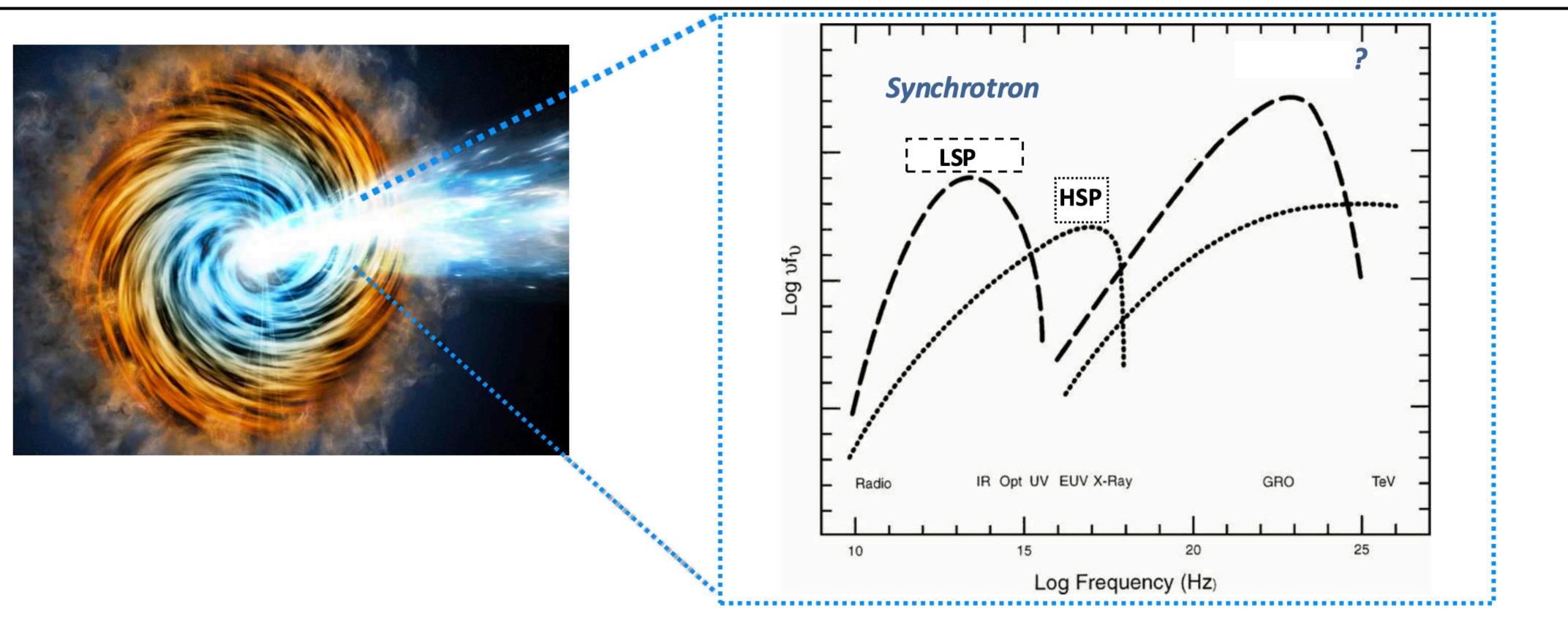


The spectral energy distribution shows two broad bumps.



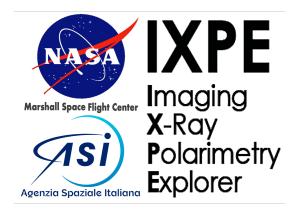


Blazars classification

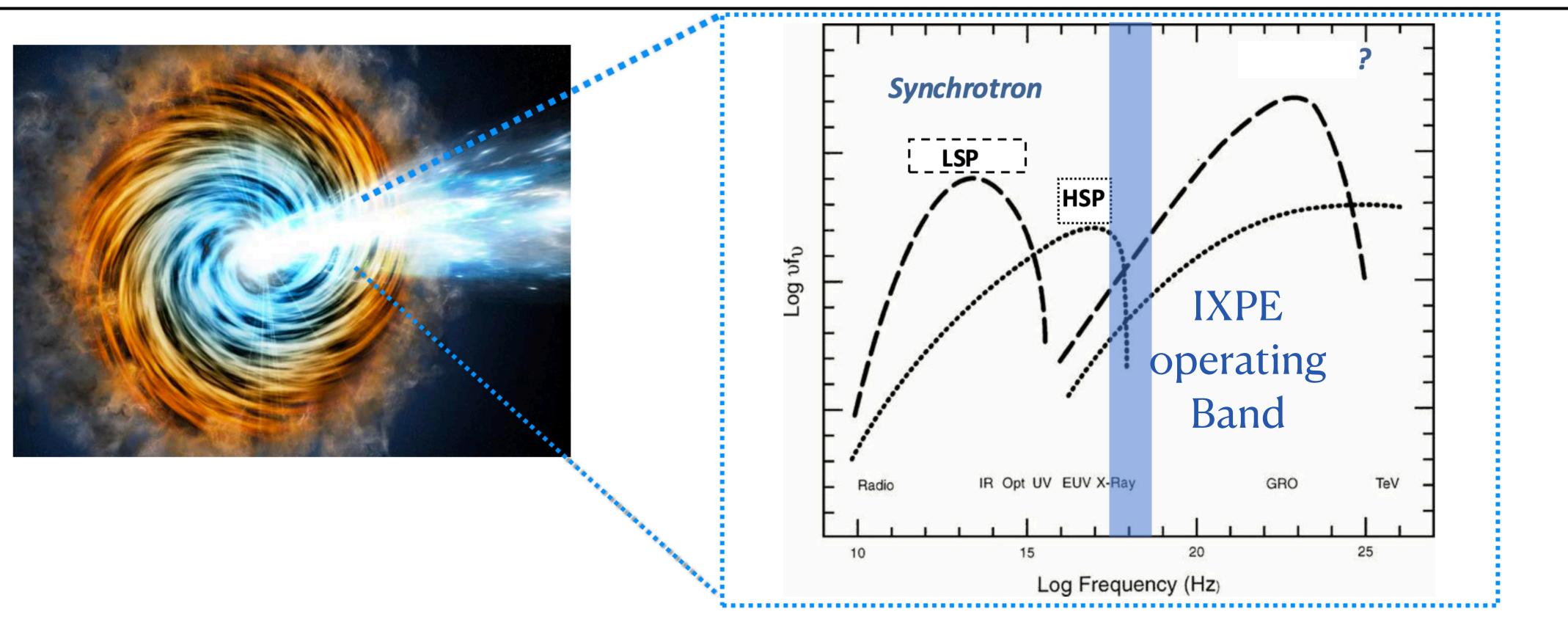


The spectral energy distribution shows two broad bumps. The low-energy bump is produced by synchrotron emission of the jet. --> Low Synchrotron Peaked (LSP) and High Synchrotron Peaked (HSP).





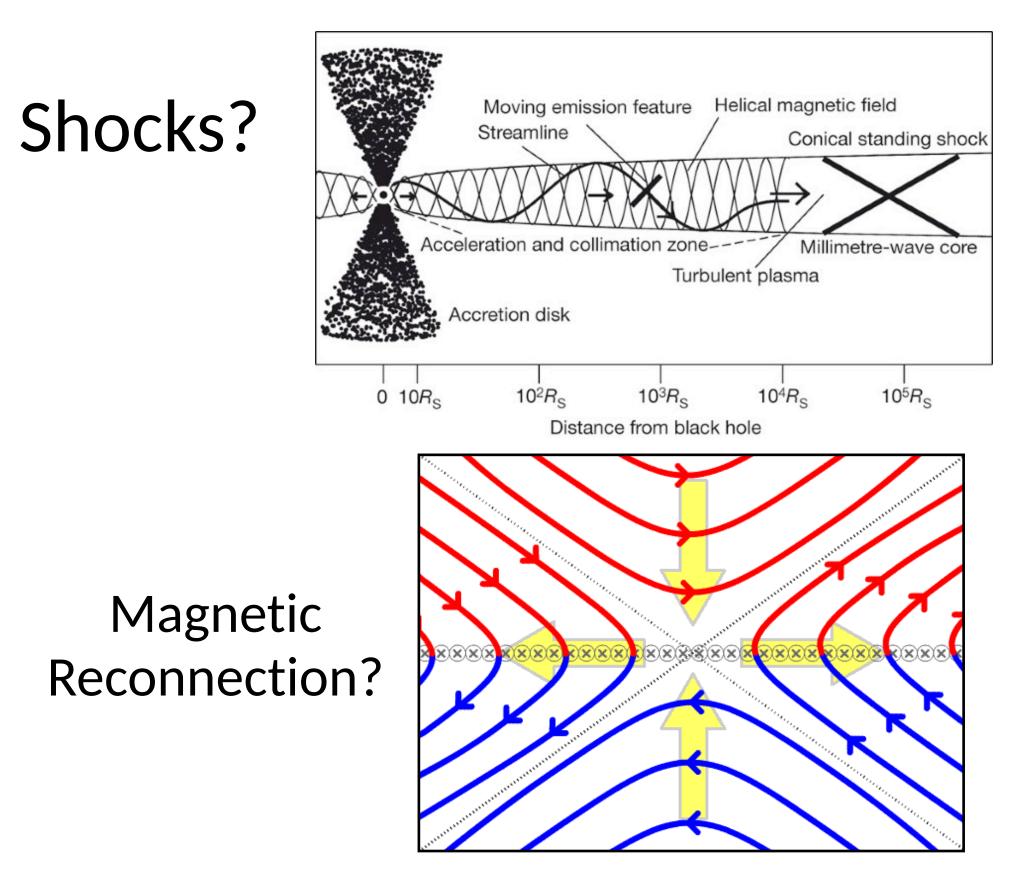
Blazars classification



The spectral energy distribution shows two broad bumps. The low-energy bump is produced by synchrotron emission of the jet. --> Low Synchrotron Peaked (LSP) and High Synchrotron Peaked (HSP).



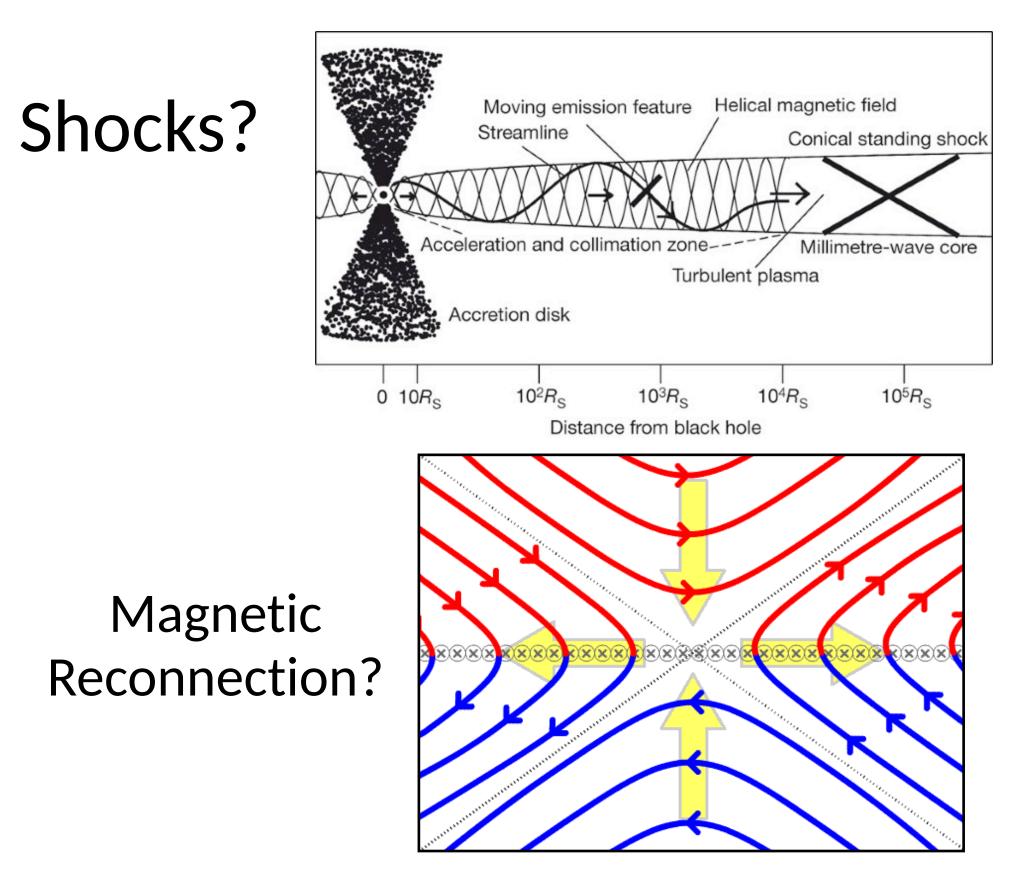




Blazars open questions



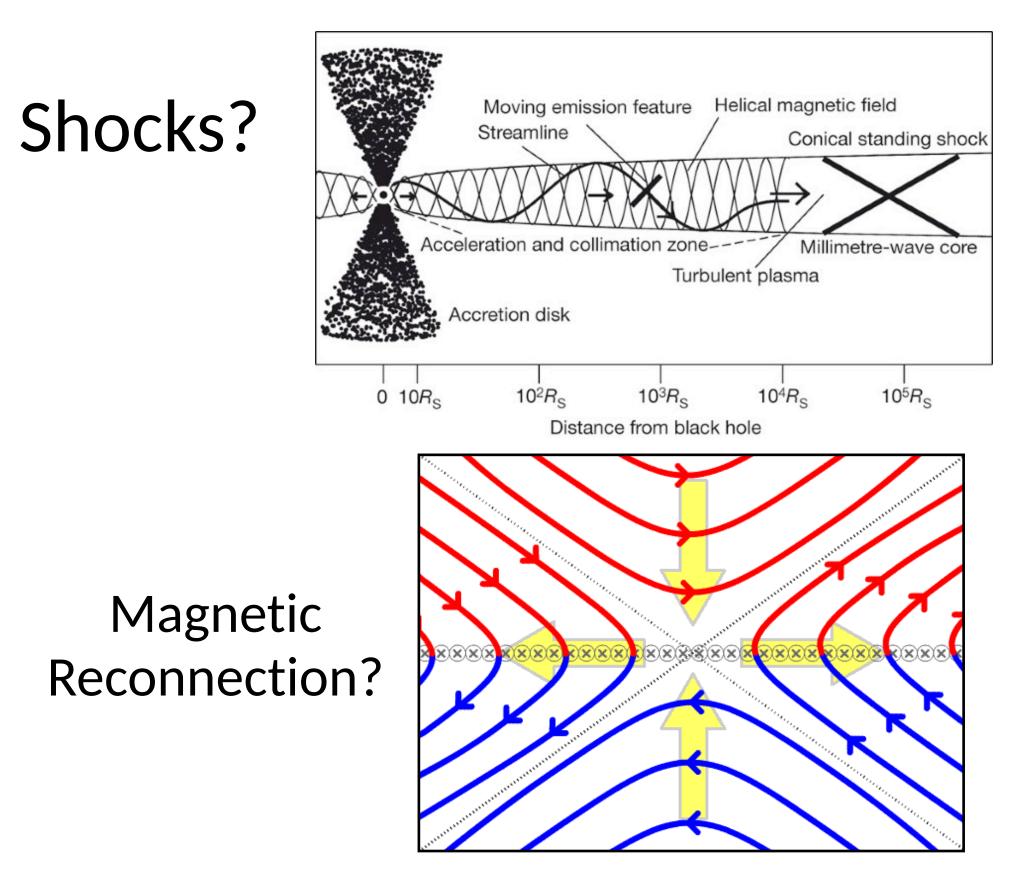




Blazars open questions

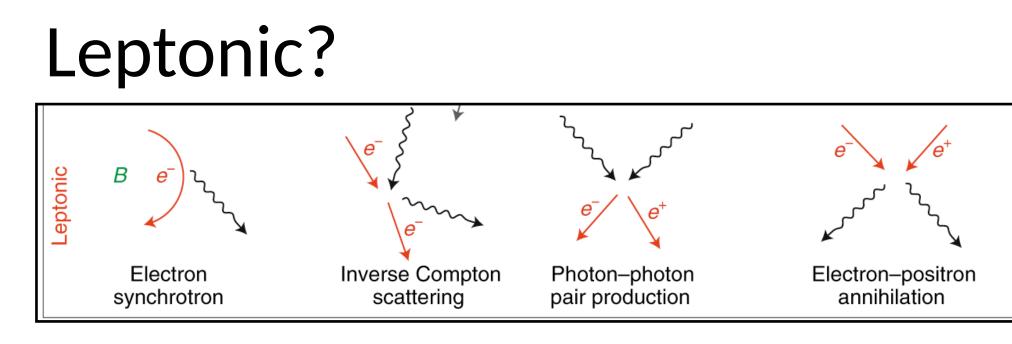


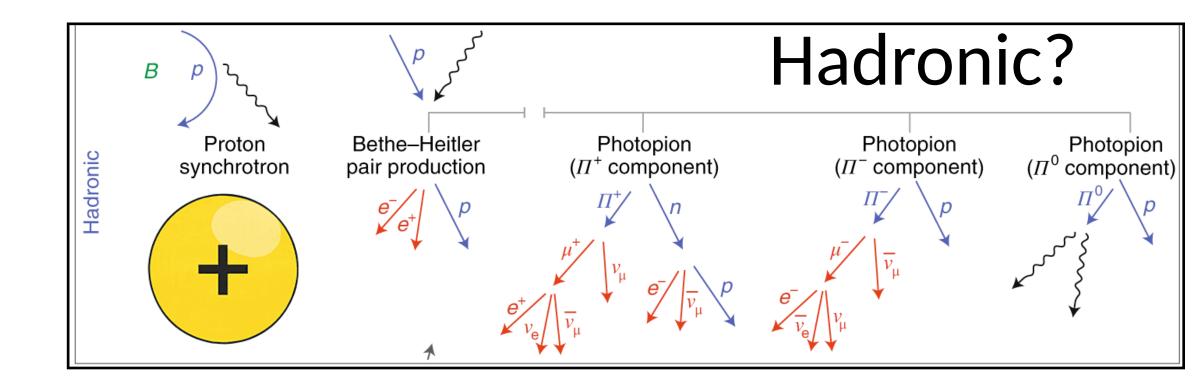




Blazars open questions

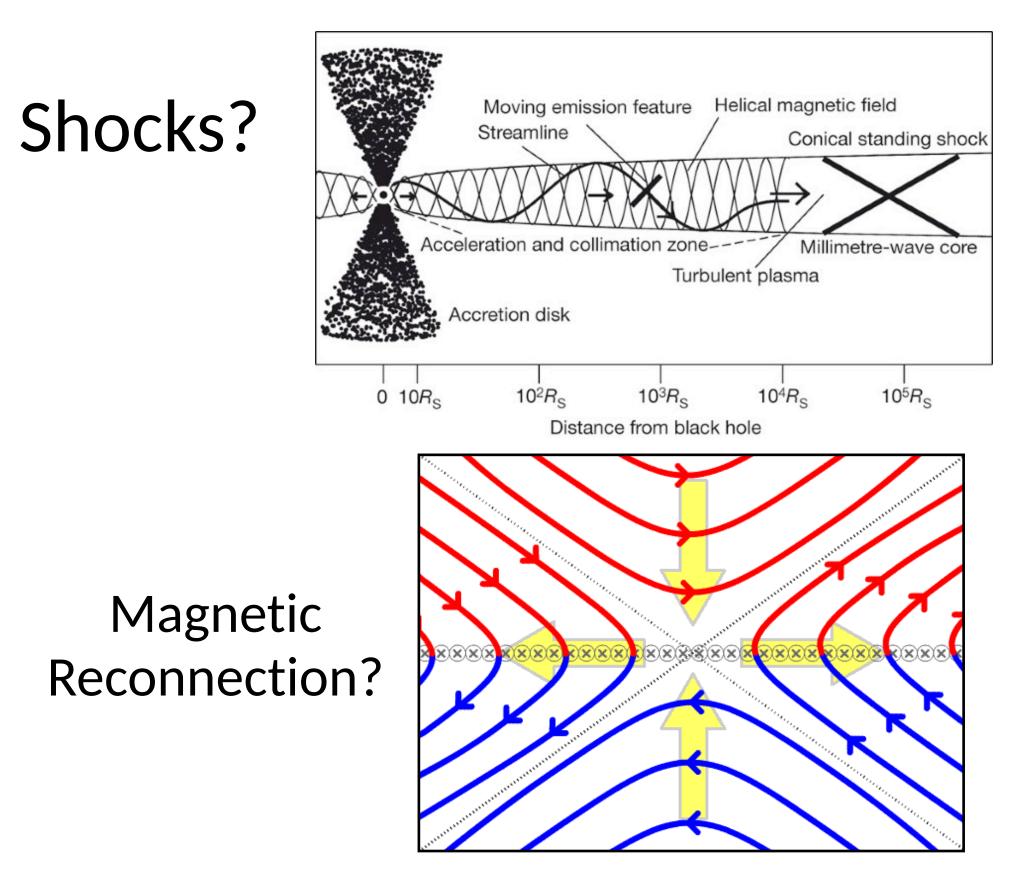
What is the origin of the 2nd hump?





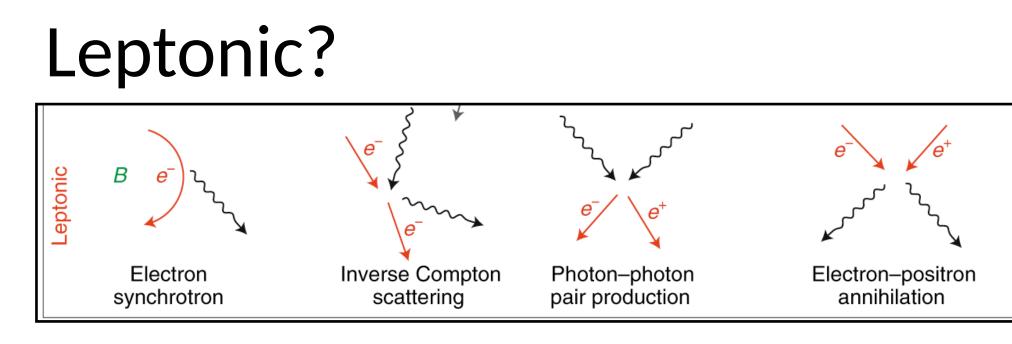


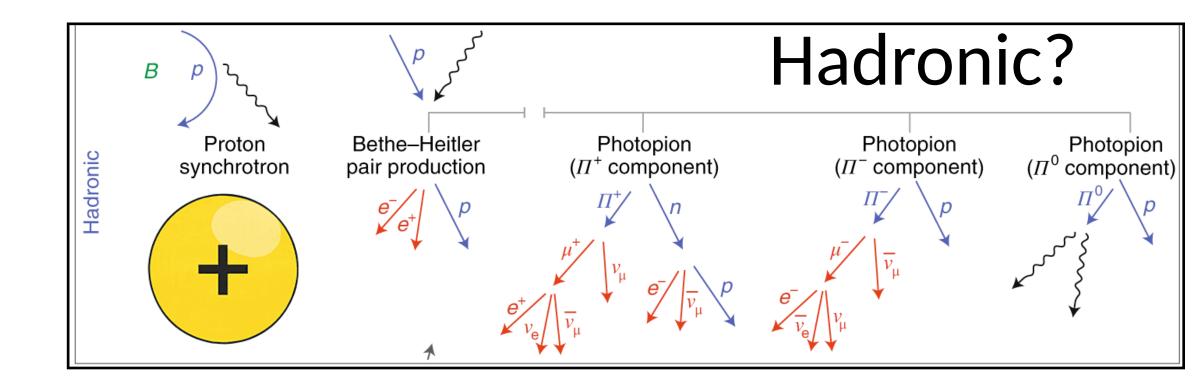




Blazars open questions

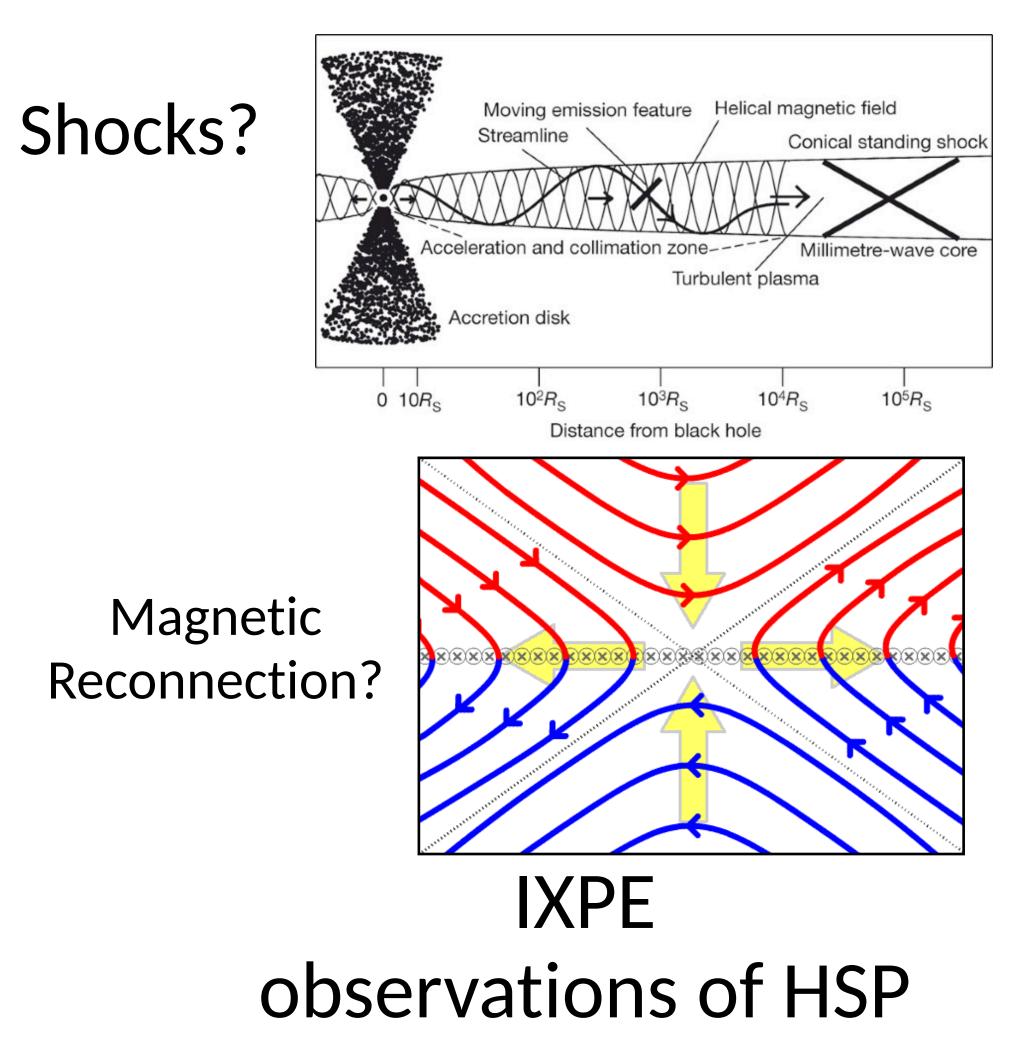
What is the origin of the 2nd hump?





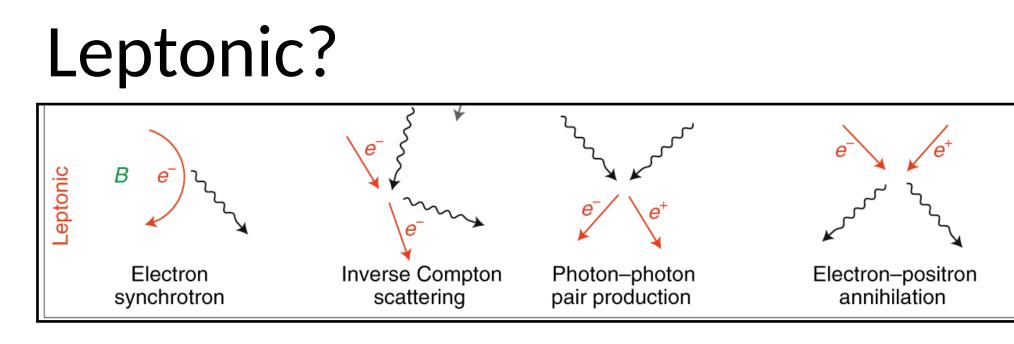


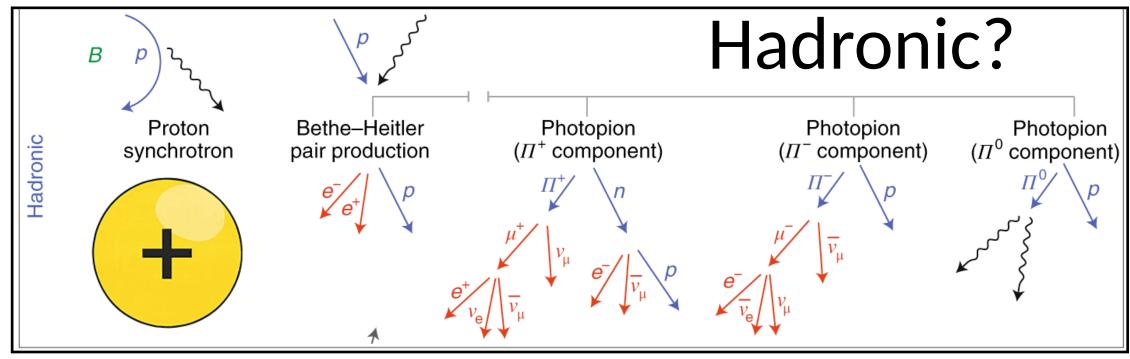




Blazars open questions

What is the origin of the 2nd hump?

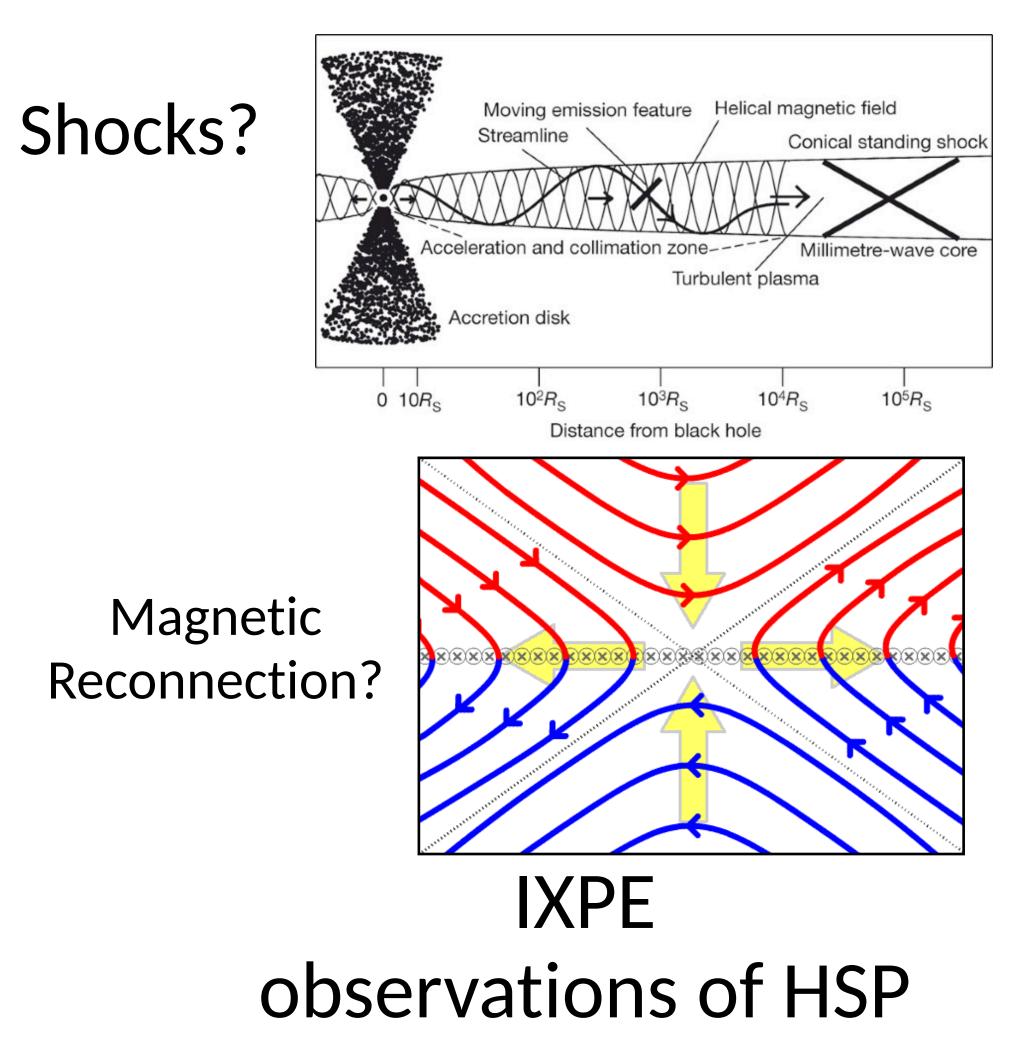




IXPE observations of LSP

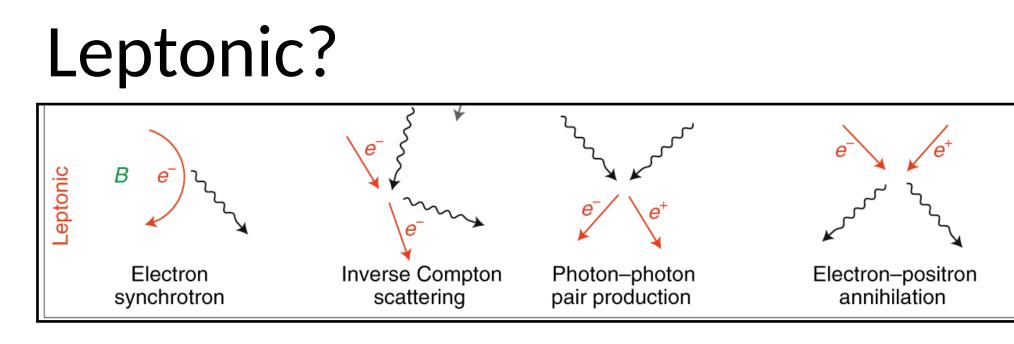


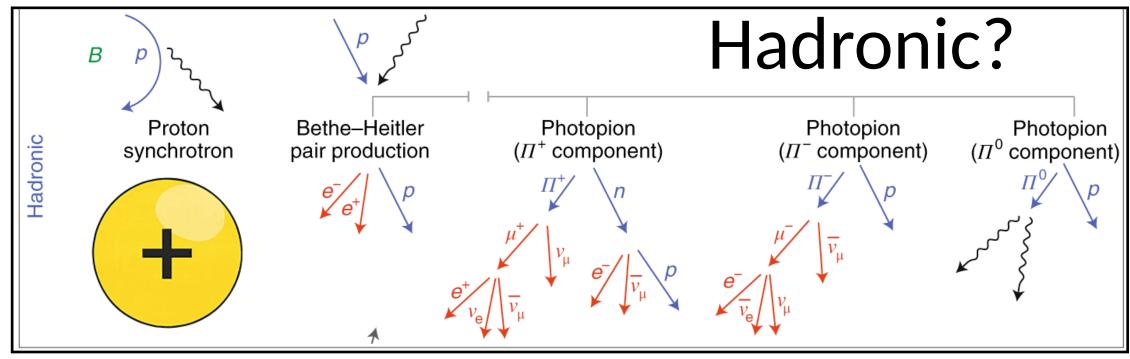




Blazars open questions

What is the origin of the 2nd hump?





IXPE observations of LSP





IXPE-Blazar Goal 1

IXPE observations revolutionize our knowledge



How are particles accelerated?





Solid picture of what we may expect

I				
	Model	Multiwavelength	X-ray polarization	X-ray polarization
l		polarization	variability [†]	angle
I	Single-zone	$constant^*$	slow	any
I	Multi-zone	mildly chromatic	high	any
I	Energy stratified	strongly chromatic	slow	along the
I	(shock)			jet axis
I	Magnetic reconnection	$\operatorname{constant}$	moderate	perpendicular
	(kink instability)			to jet axis

*There is a slight dependence on the slope of the emission spectrum. day.

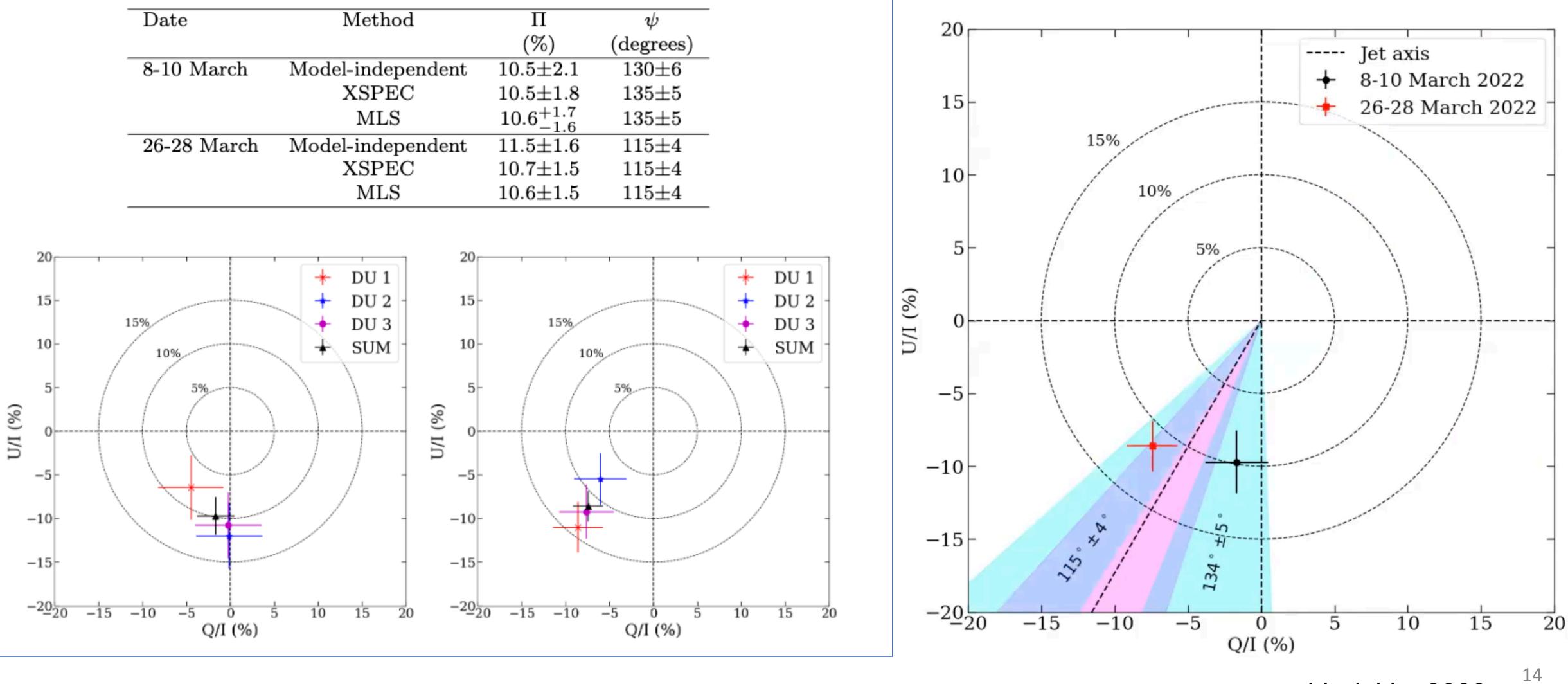
[†]Slow variability = a few days to week, moderate variability = days, high variability ≤ 1





Mrk 501: the first X-ray polarized light for a blazar

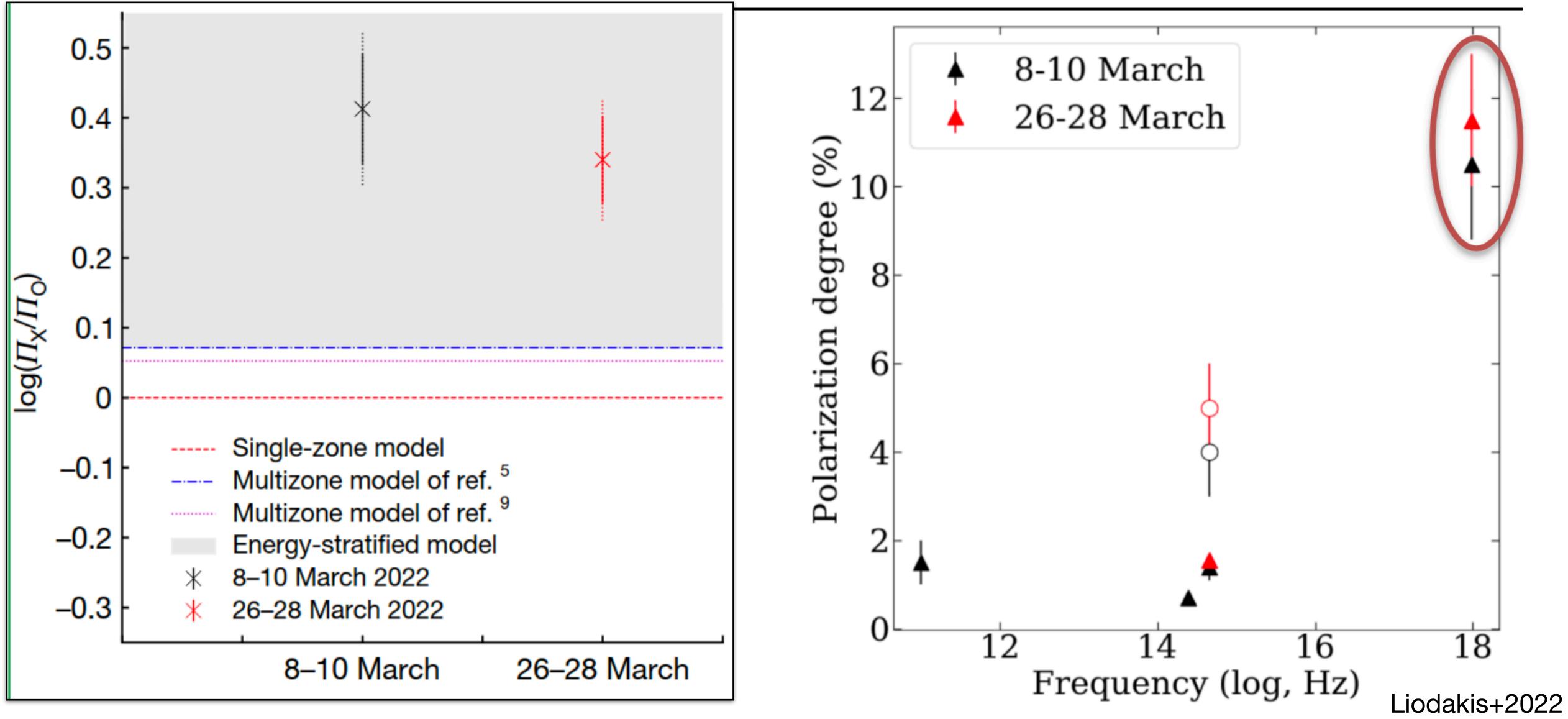
Date	Method	П	ψ
		(%)	(degrees)
8-10 March	Model-independent	10.5 ± 2.1	130 ± 6
	XSPEC	$10.5 {\pm} 1.8$	135 ± 5
	MLS	$10.6^{+1.7}_{-1.6}$	135 ± 5
26-28 March	Model-independent	$11.5 {\pm} 1.6$	115 ± 4
	XSPEC	$10.7 {\pm} 1.5$	115 ± 4
	MLS	$10.6{\pm}1.5$	115 ± 4



Liodakis+2022



Mrk 501: the first X-ray polarized light for a blazar





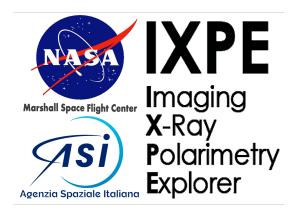
Mrk 501: the first X-ray polarized light for a blazar V

Liodakis+2022			
Model	Multiwavelength	X-ray polarization	X-ray polarization
	polarization	variability ^{\dagger}	angle
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Energy stratified	strongly chromatic	slow	along the
(shock)			jet axis
Magnetic reconnection	constant	moderate	perpendicular
(kink instability)			to jet axis

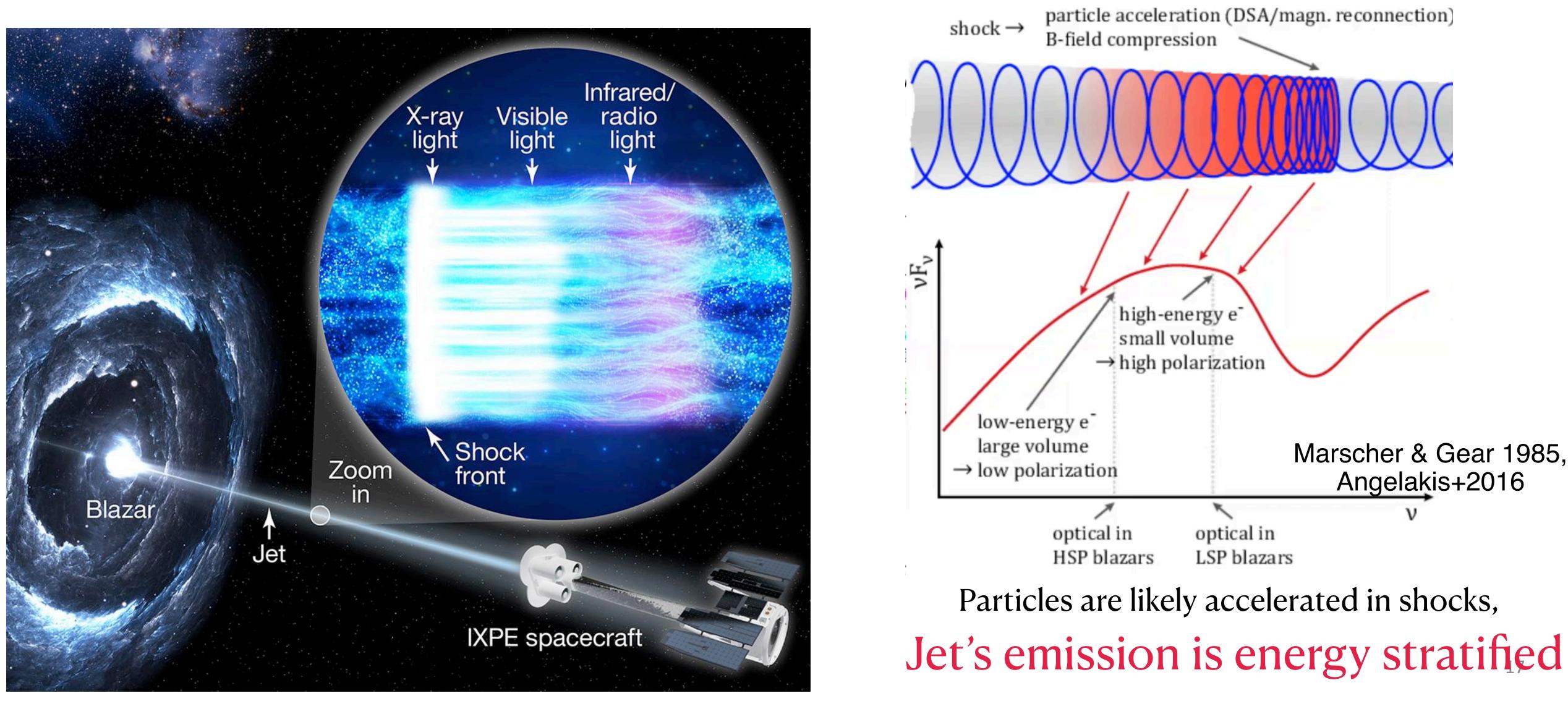
*There is a slight dependence on the slope of the emission spectrum. [†]Slow variability = a few days to week, moderate variability = days, high variability ≤ 1 day.

But see Zhang+2024 for a different perspective



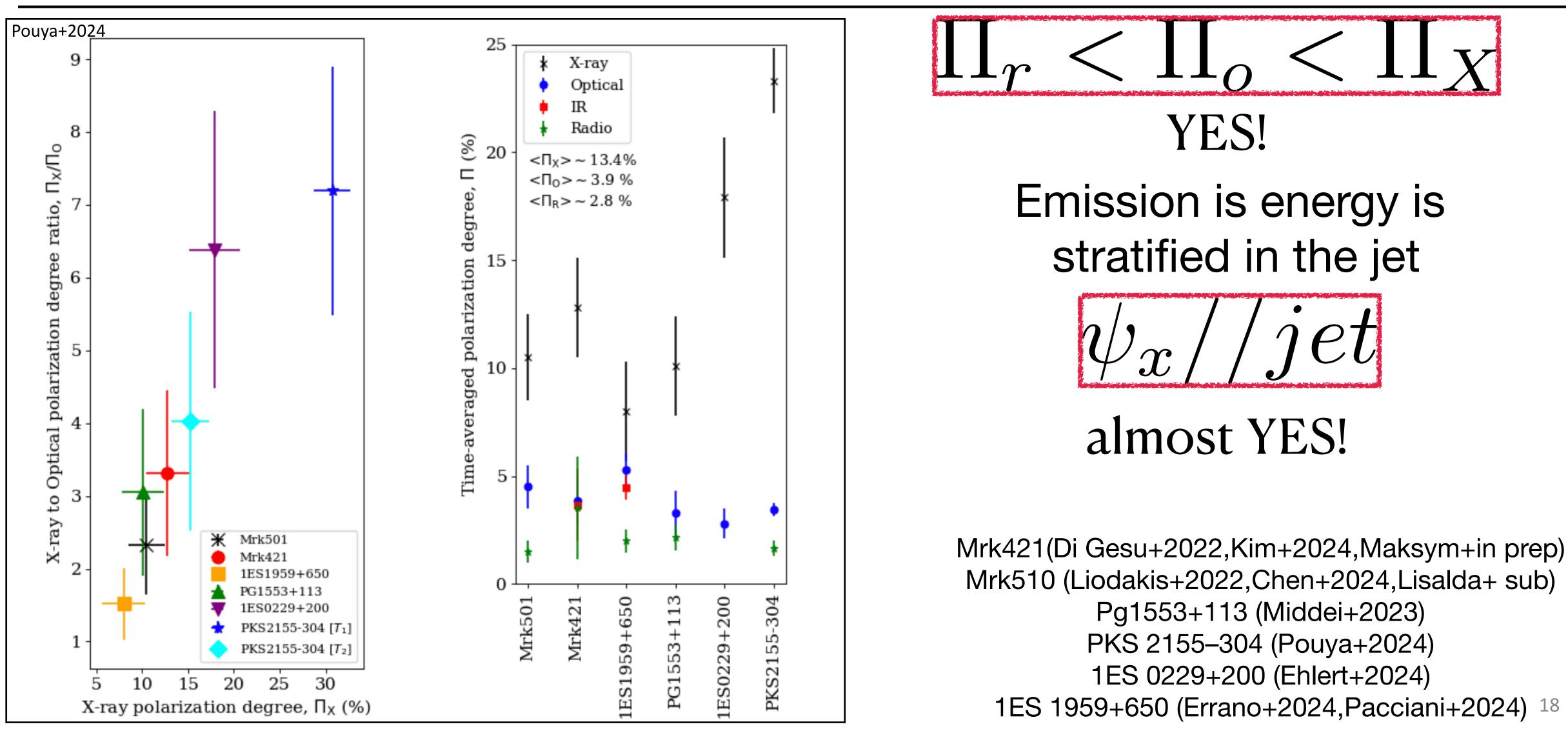


Mrk 501: the first X-ray polarized light for a blazar VI



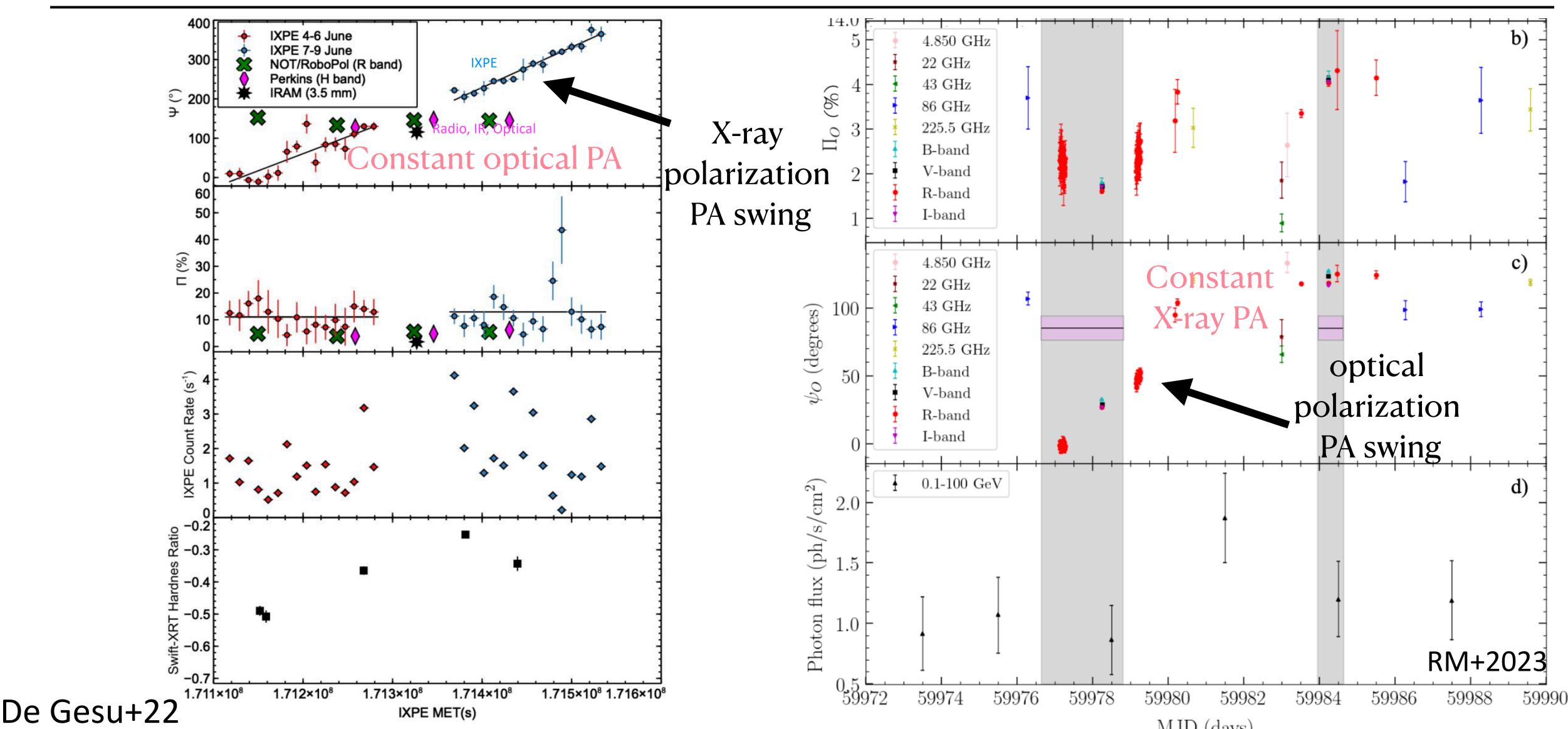


Do other Blazars behave the same?



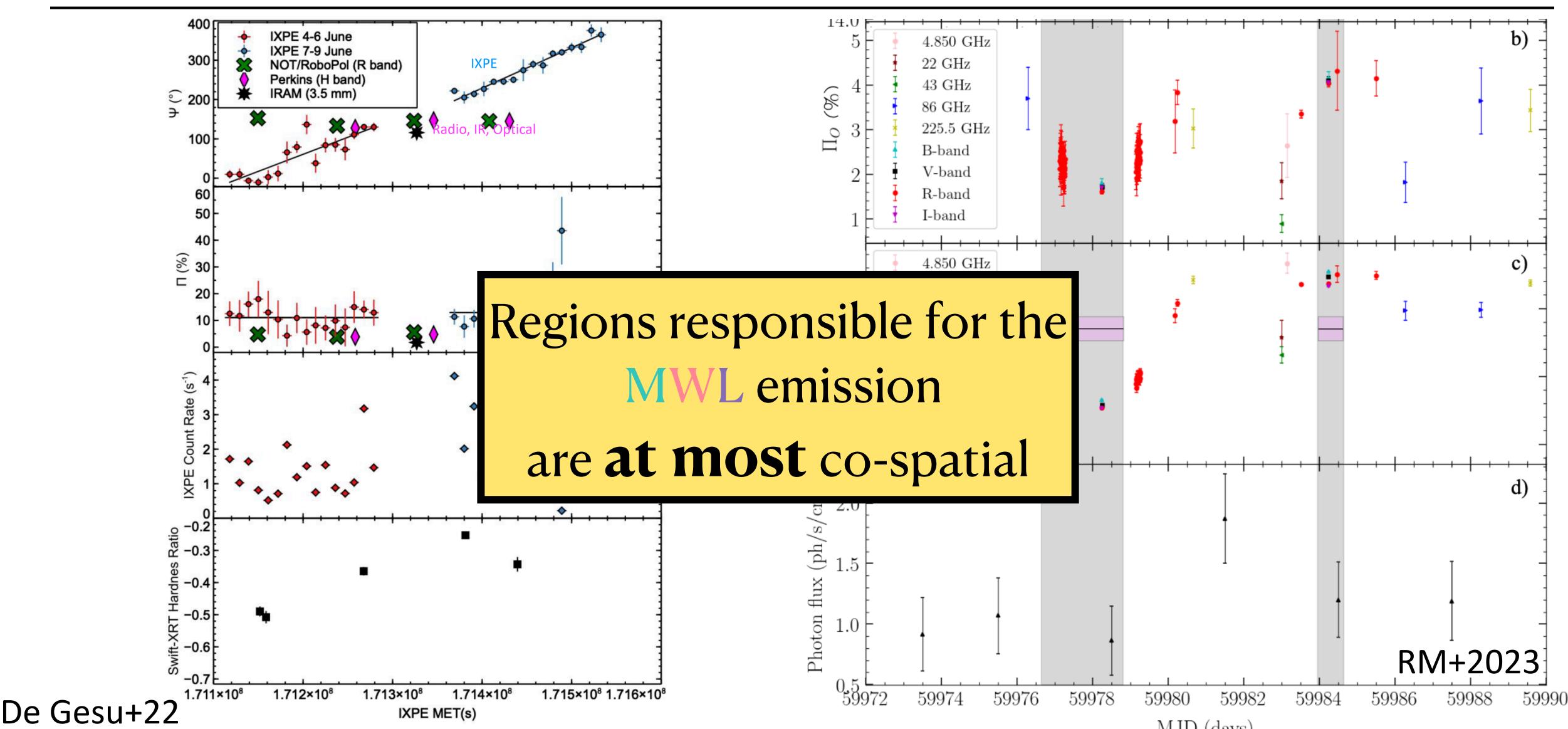


Mrk 421 X-ray & PG 1553+113 the first EVPA rotation observed at X-ray and optical WLs





Mrk 421 X-ray & PG 1553+113 the first EVPA rotation observed at X-ray and optical WLs





IXPE-Blazar Goal 2



IXPE observations revolutionize our knowledge



What's the origin of the second hump in the SED? (what's the jet content)

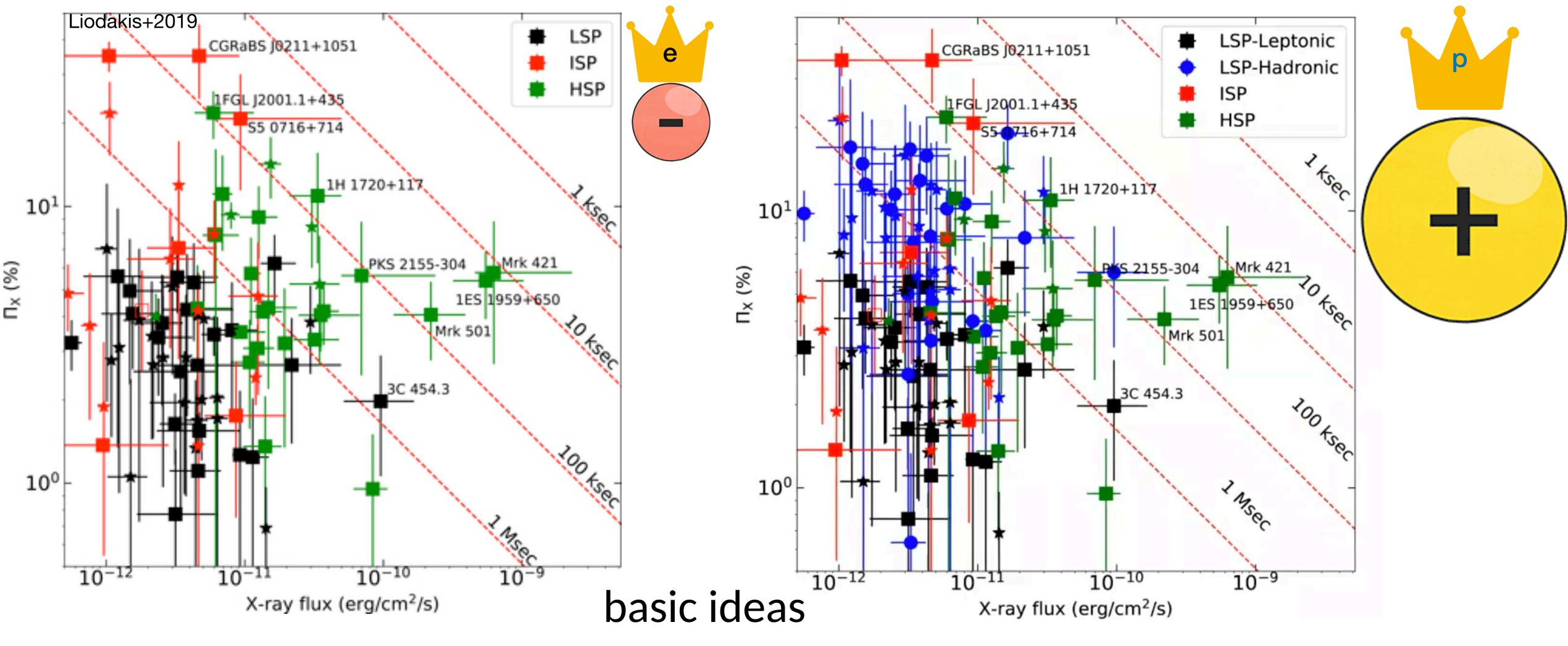








What's the origin of the second hump in the SED? (what's the jet content)

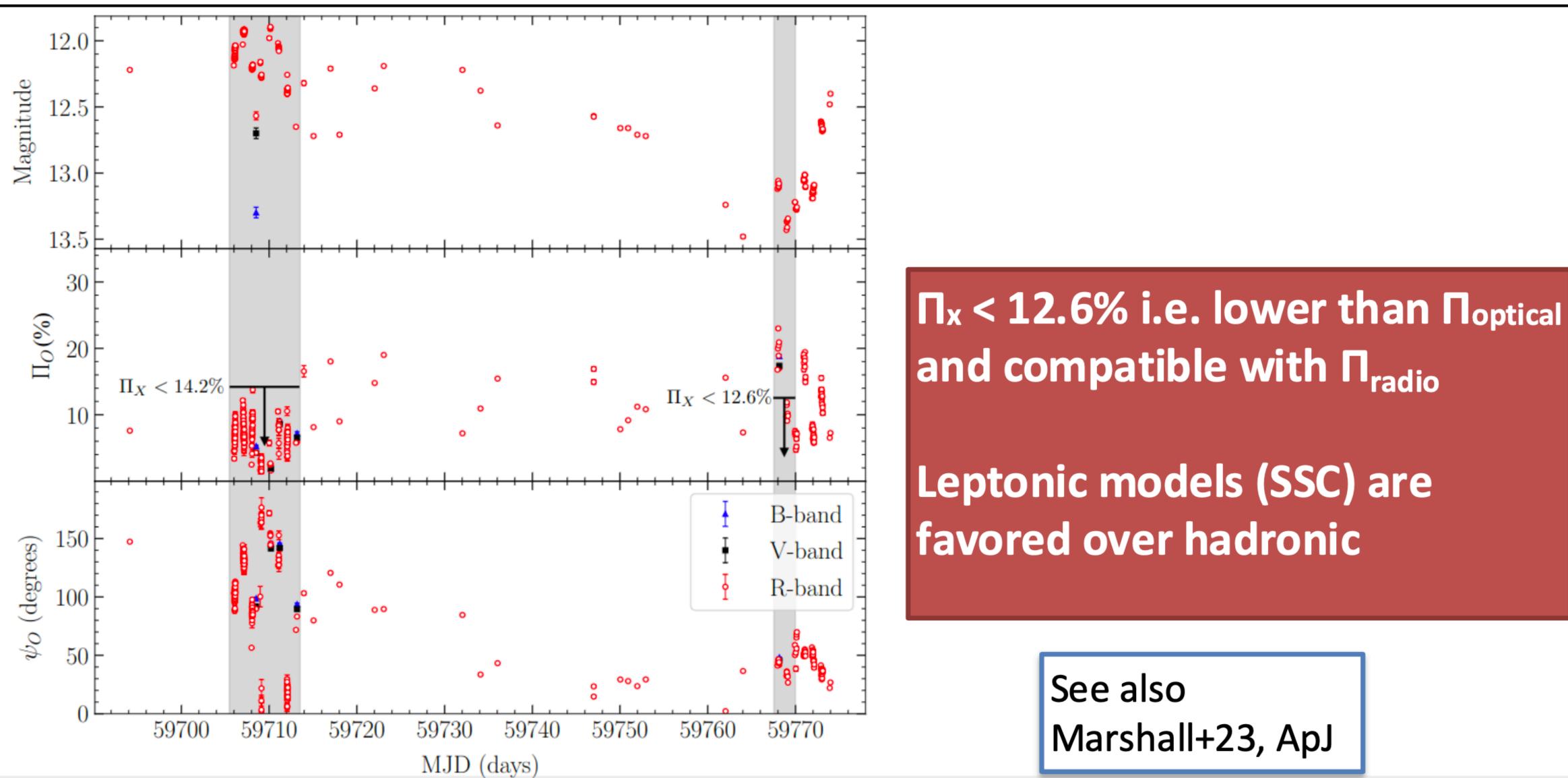


Predict high pol. $\Pi_x < \Pi_{optical}$

Predict high pol. $\Pi_x \ge \Pi_{optical}$





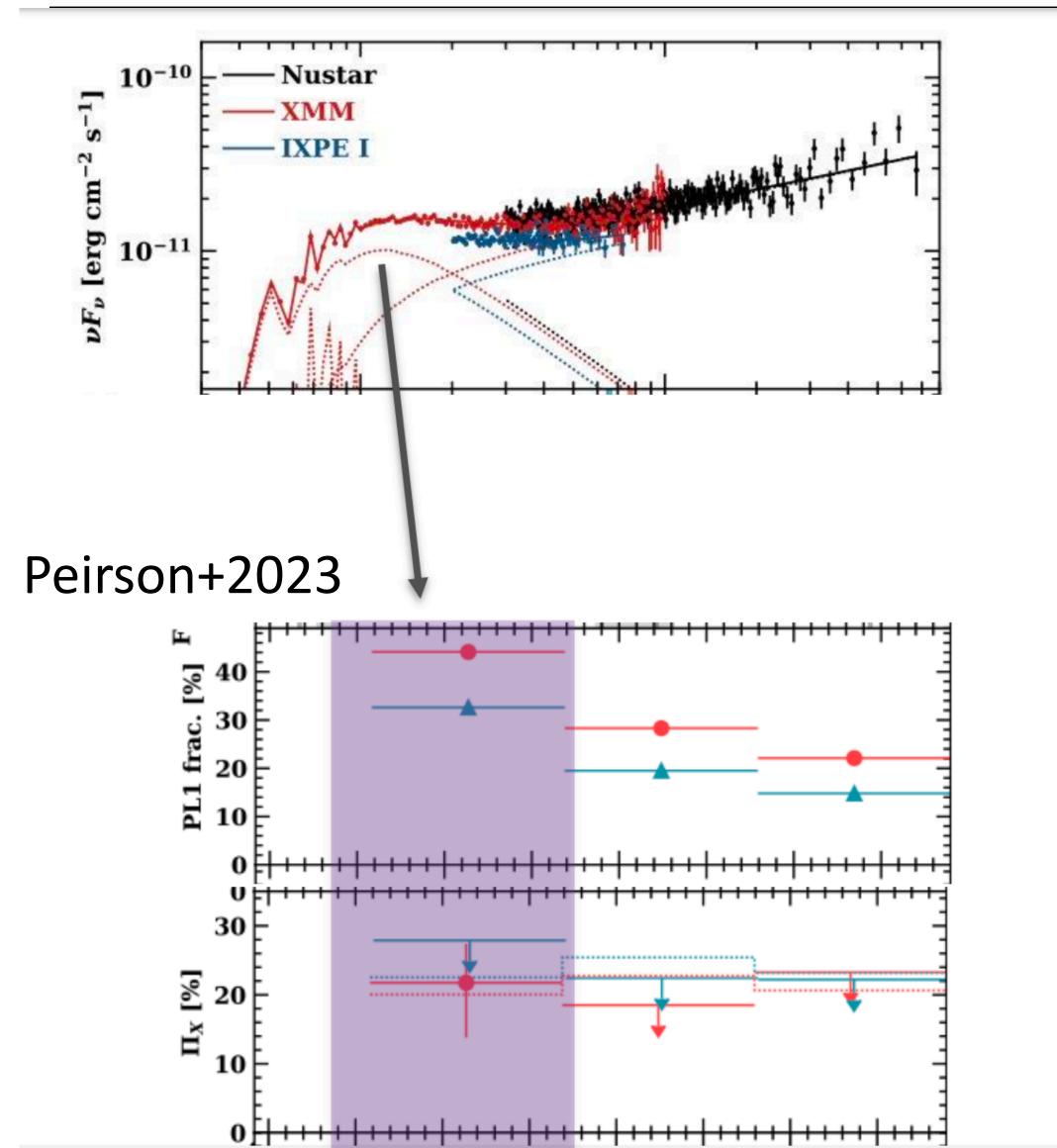


BL Lac observation back to 2022









BL Lac in Flare

Source seen in intermediate state (ISP) --> Mixture of synchrotron and Compton

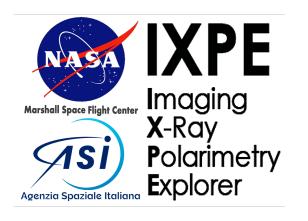
Significant detection of X-ray polarization when the synchrotron component is stronger: PD~20% (2-4keV)

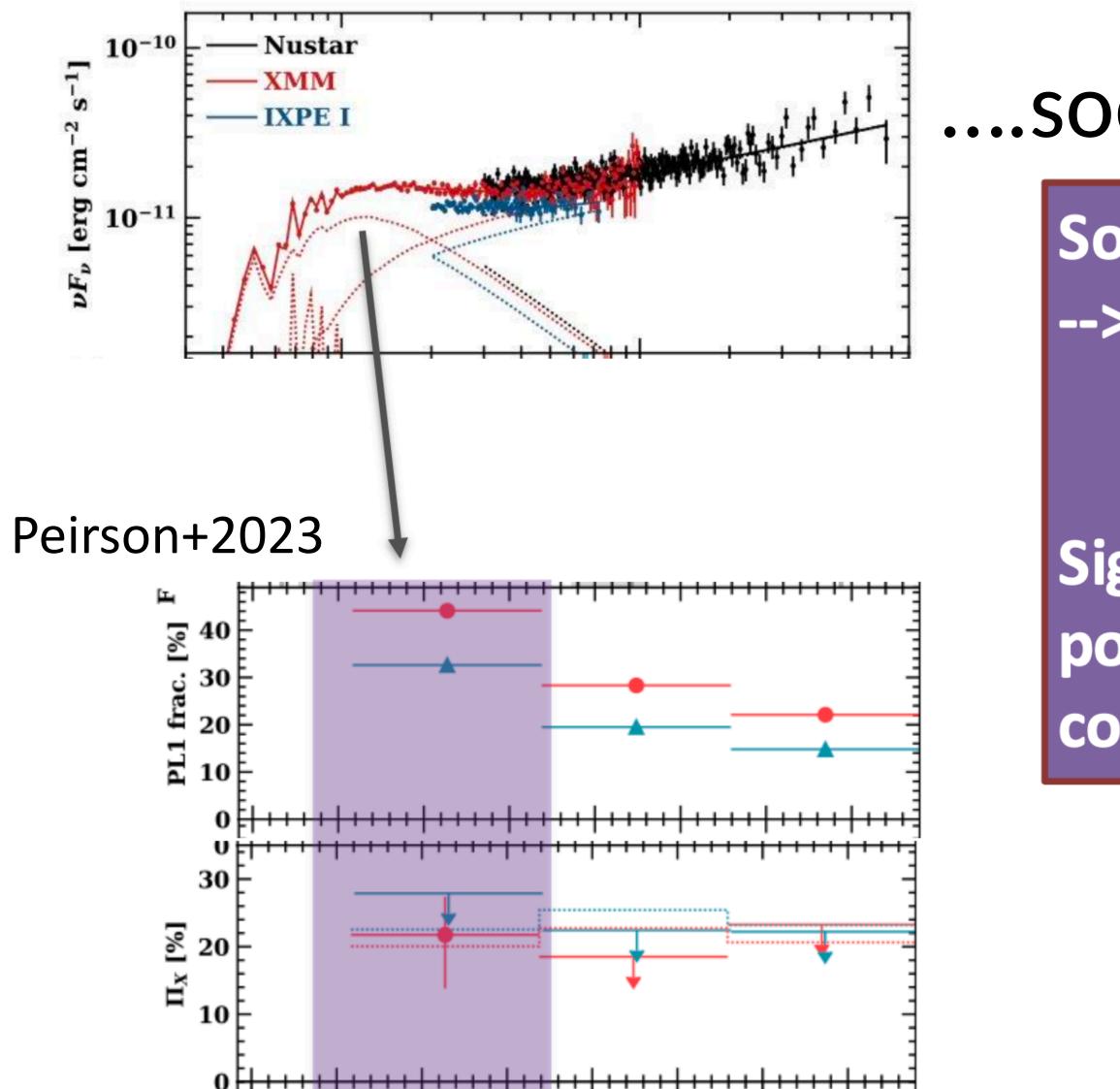
2-4 keV e- Synch

4-8 keV no p Synch

24







BL Lac in Flare and more...

...soon more thanks to a 4rd IXPE obs

Source seen in intermediate state (ISP) --> Mixture of synchrotron and Compton

Significant detection of X-ray polarization when the synchrotron component is stronger: PD~20% (2-4keV)

2-4 keV e- Synch

4-8 keV no p Synch







Take home 1/2

The high energy component in relativistic jets is likely dominated by a Compton (SSC) process involving electrons

- IXPE opened a new eye on the Universe Polarization gives us a unique view on the energetic processes in AGN
- The Synchrotron emission from blazars is likely due to particles accelerated in shocks and it is stratified in energy





And now, for something completely different...

Relativistic jet

Accretion disk

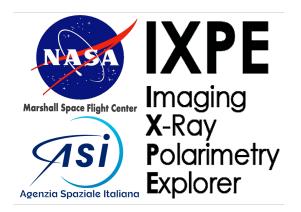
> Supermassive black hole

Accretion disk -

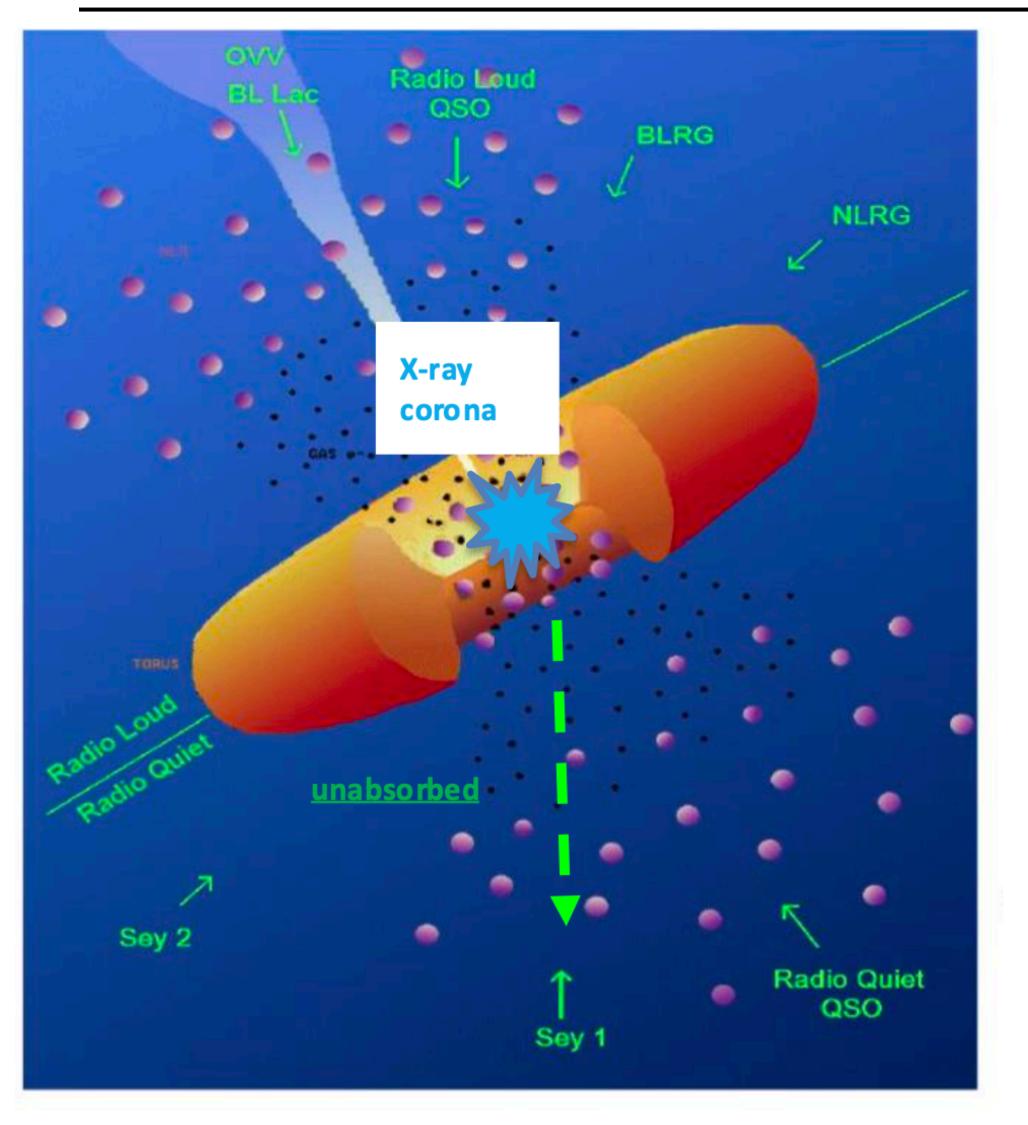
alativistic jet -

Credits:Roen Kelly

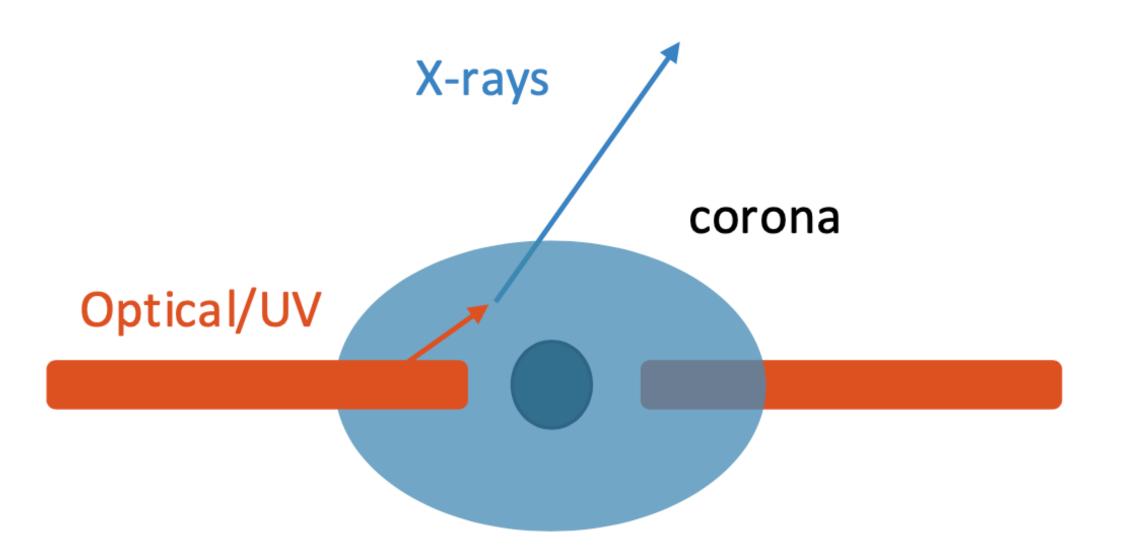


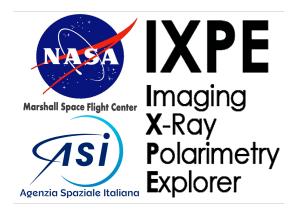


Radio quiet AGN 1/2

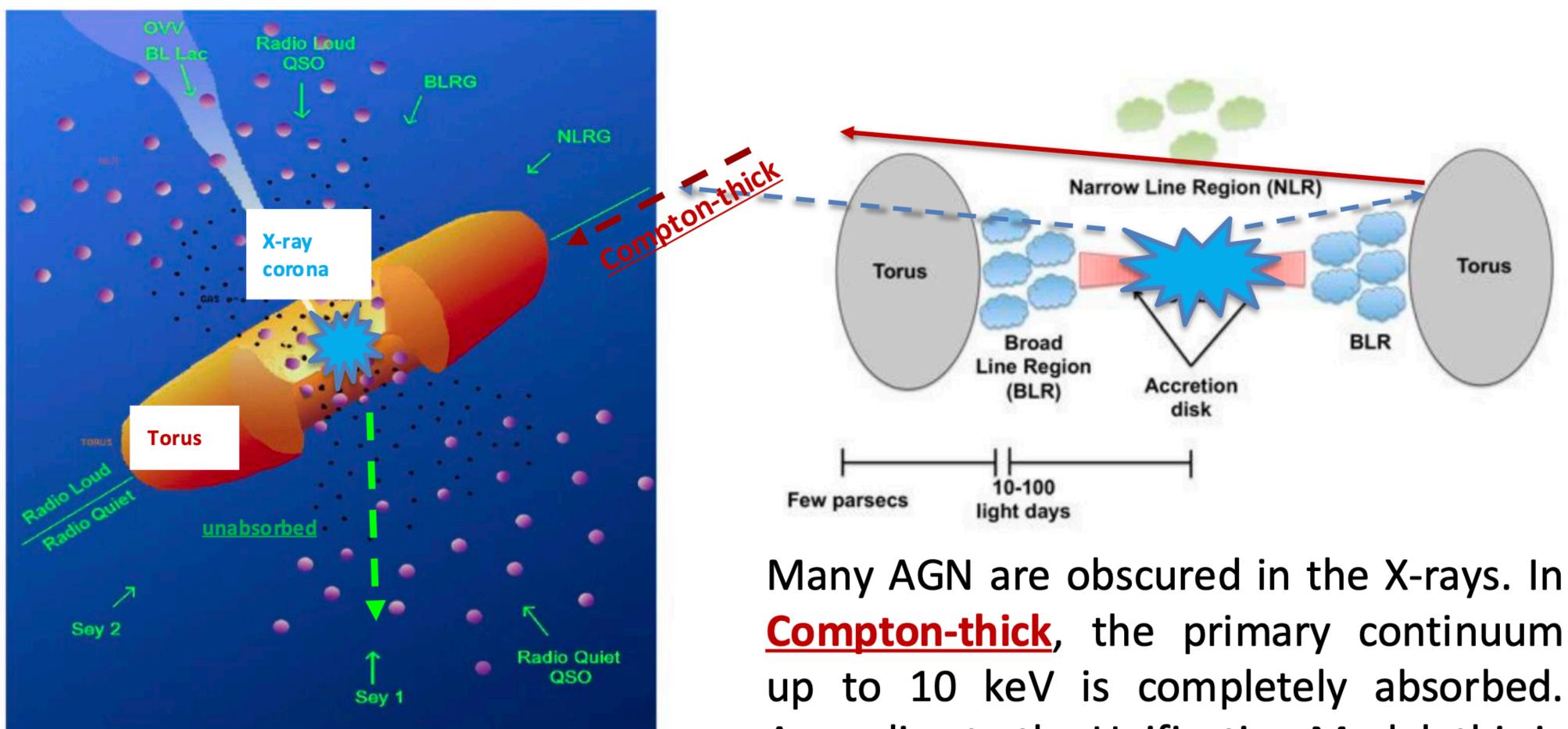


The primary X-ray emission of radio-quiet (non-jetted) AGN is due to thermal Comptonization in a hot corona with a temperature of ~10—100 keV.





Radio quiet AGN 2/2

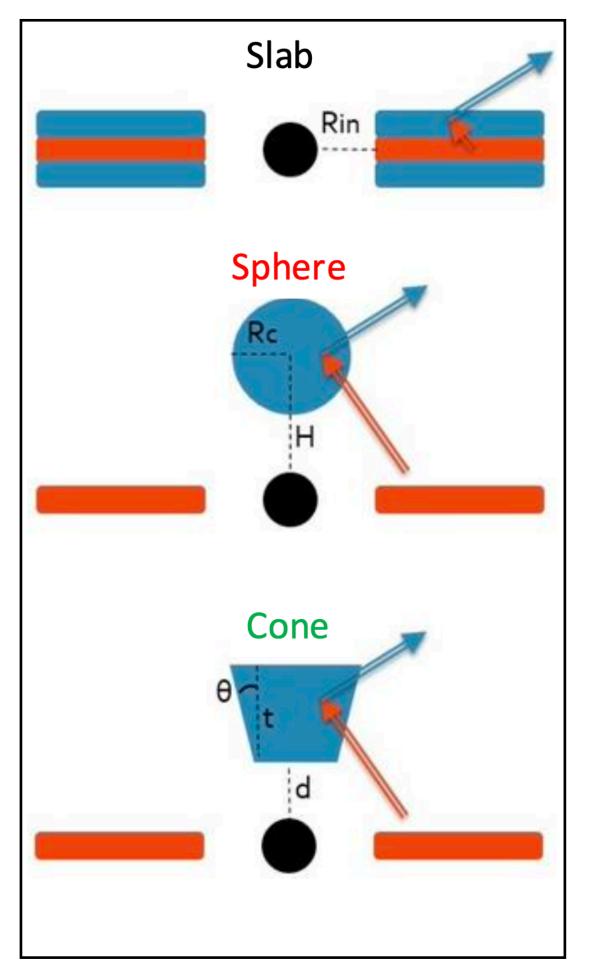


Many AGN are obscured in the X-rays. In According to the Unification Model, this is an orientation effect due to a pc-scale torus.



AGN radio quiet open questions

What's the geometry of the hot plasma



Different predictions In terms of PD and PA

Obscuring Torus shape?



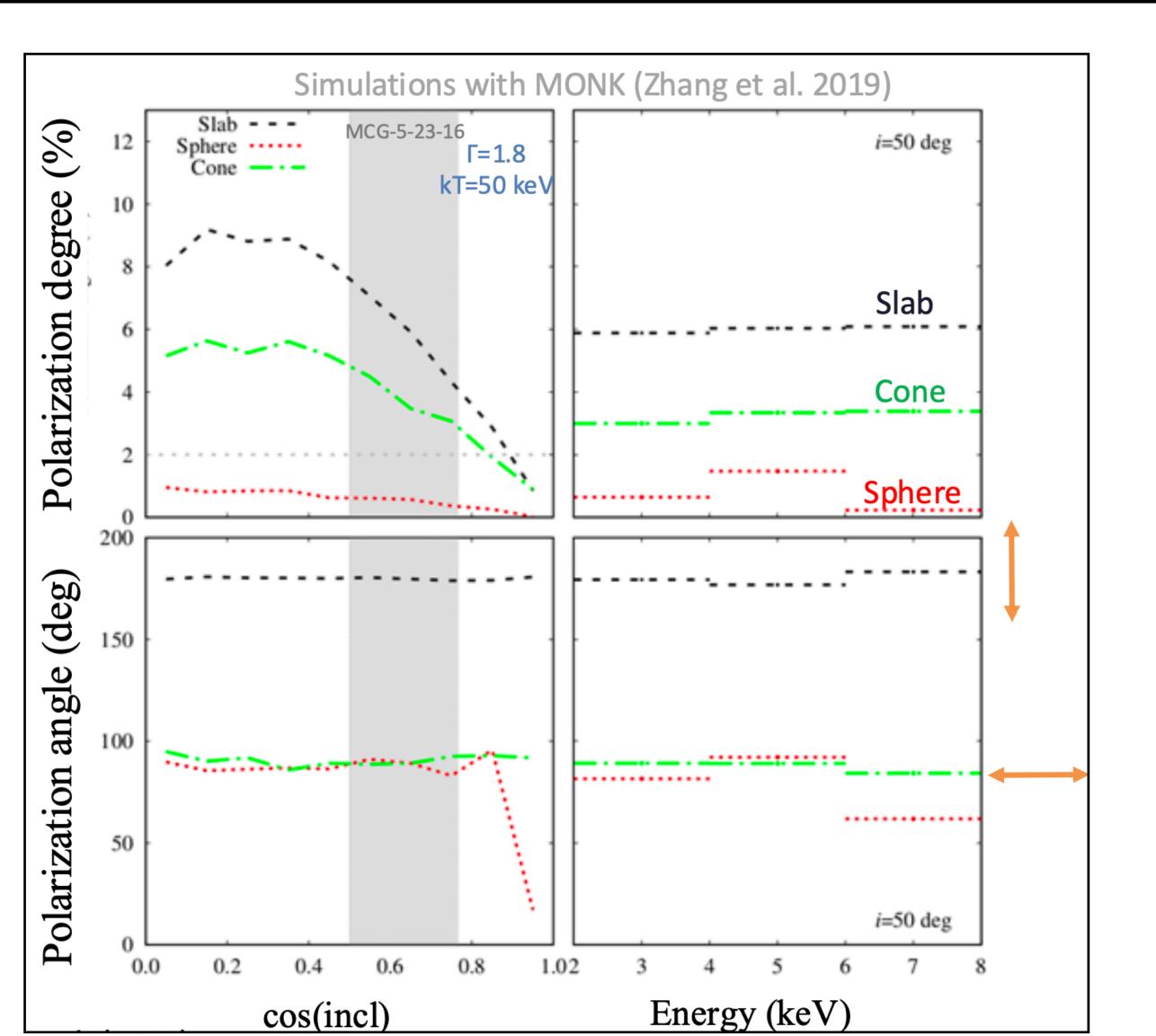


The radiation is polarized perpendicularly to the scattering plane

High degree of anisotropy high polarization expected (highly inclined systems)

High degree of symmetry low polarization expected (~face-on systems)

Basic ideas

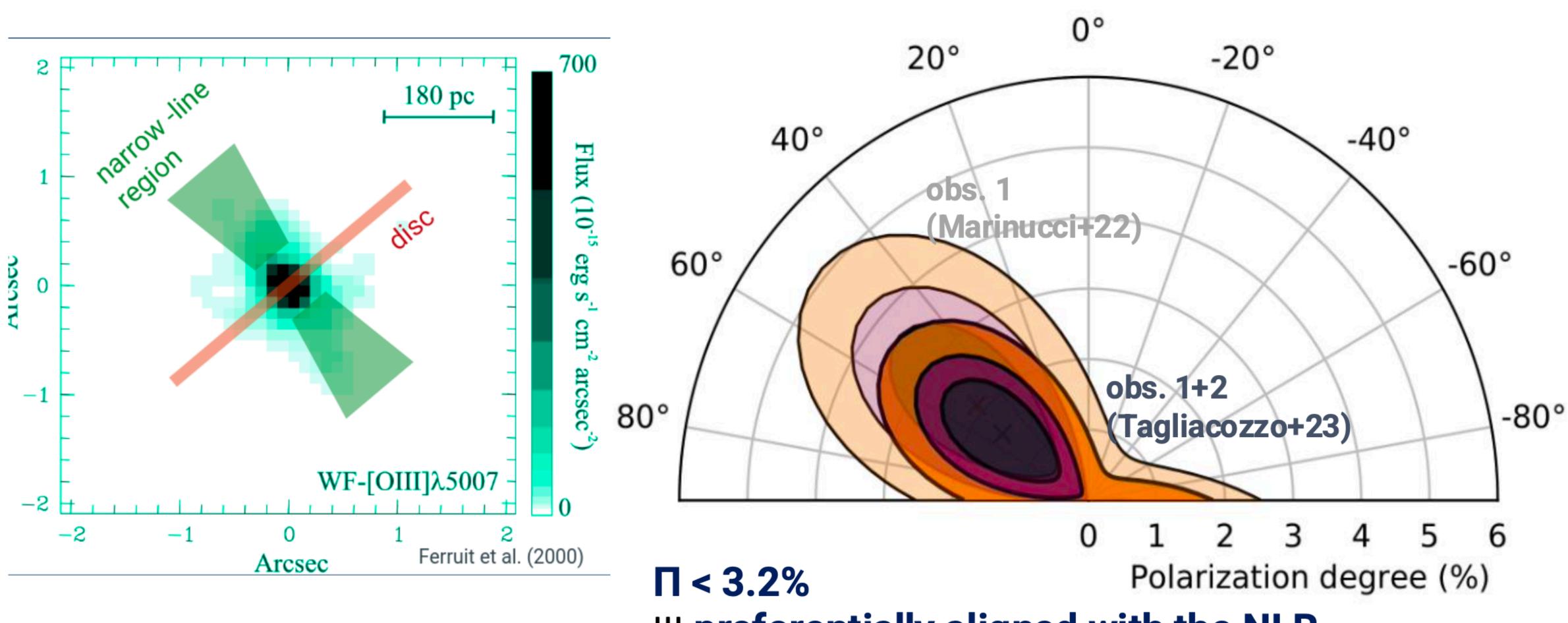


2	1
\mathbf{J}	цЦ,



Radio quiet AGN

1st hint



 Ψ preferentially aligned with the NLR

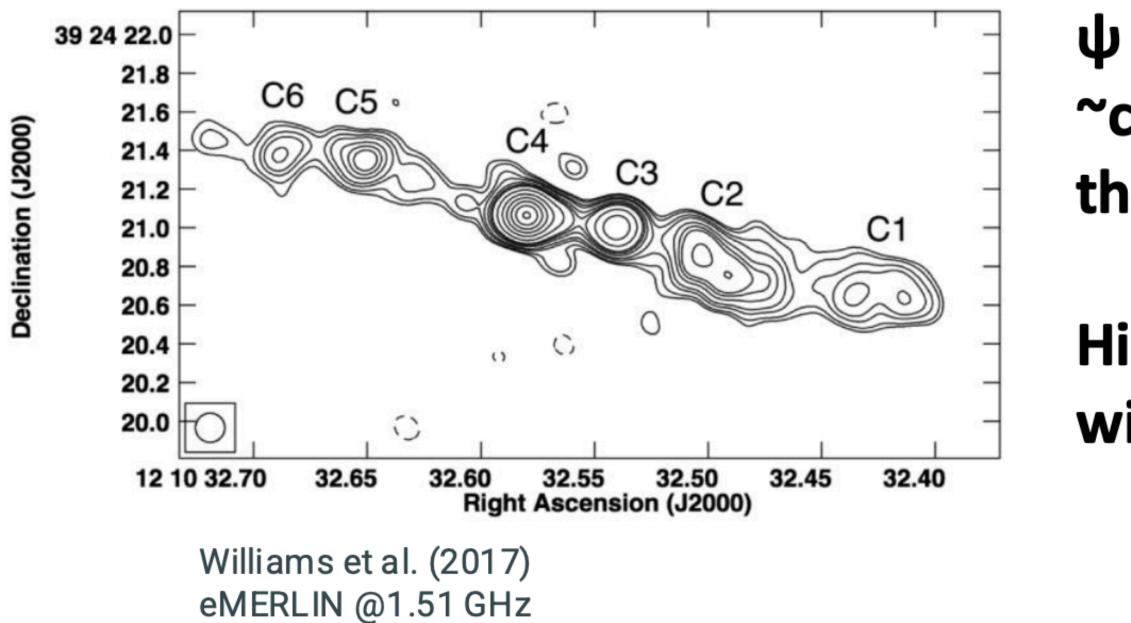




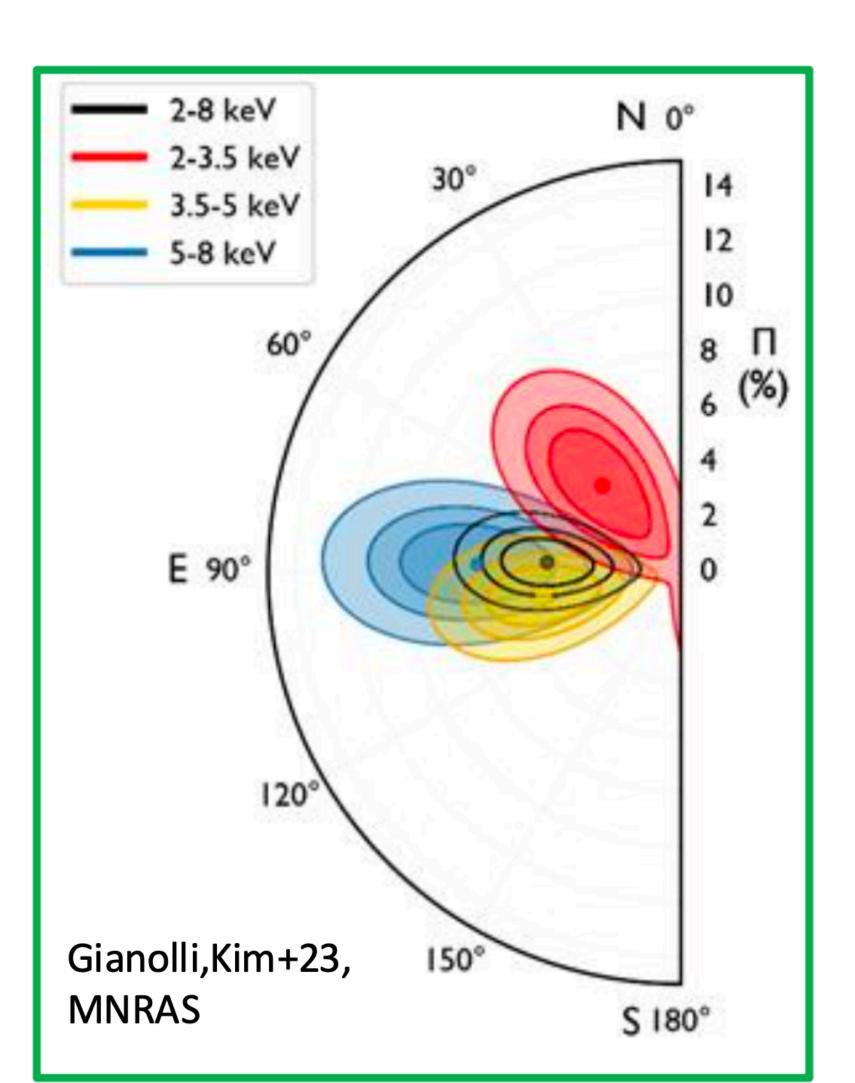
Radio quiet AGN

2nd hint

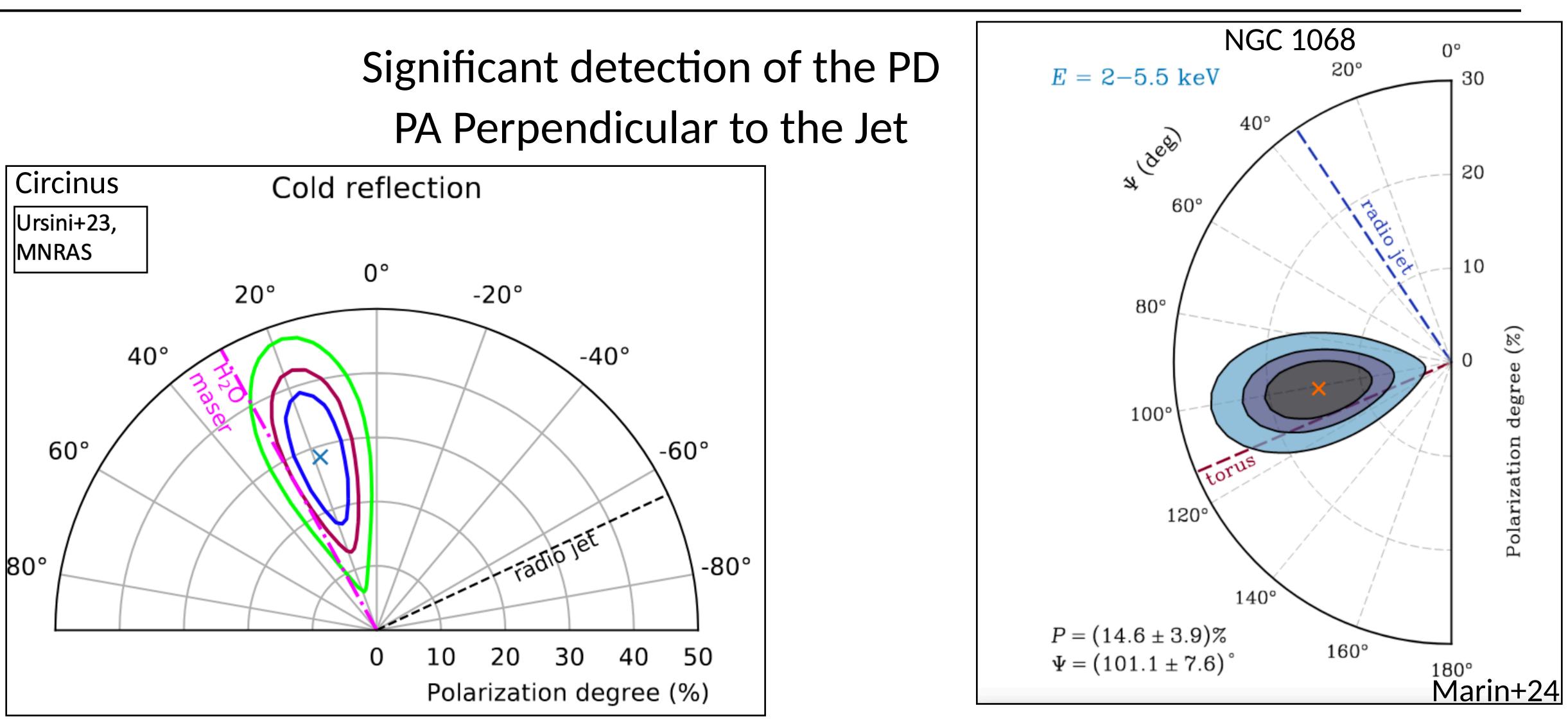
 $\Pi = (4.9 \pm 1.1)\% > 4\sigma \text{ detection}$



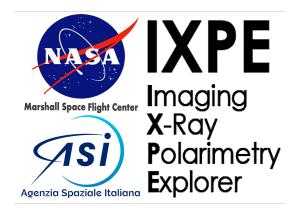
- ψ = 86°±7°
 ~consistent with
 the radio jet
- Hint of a rotation with energy





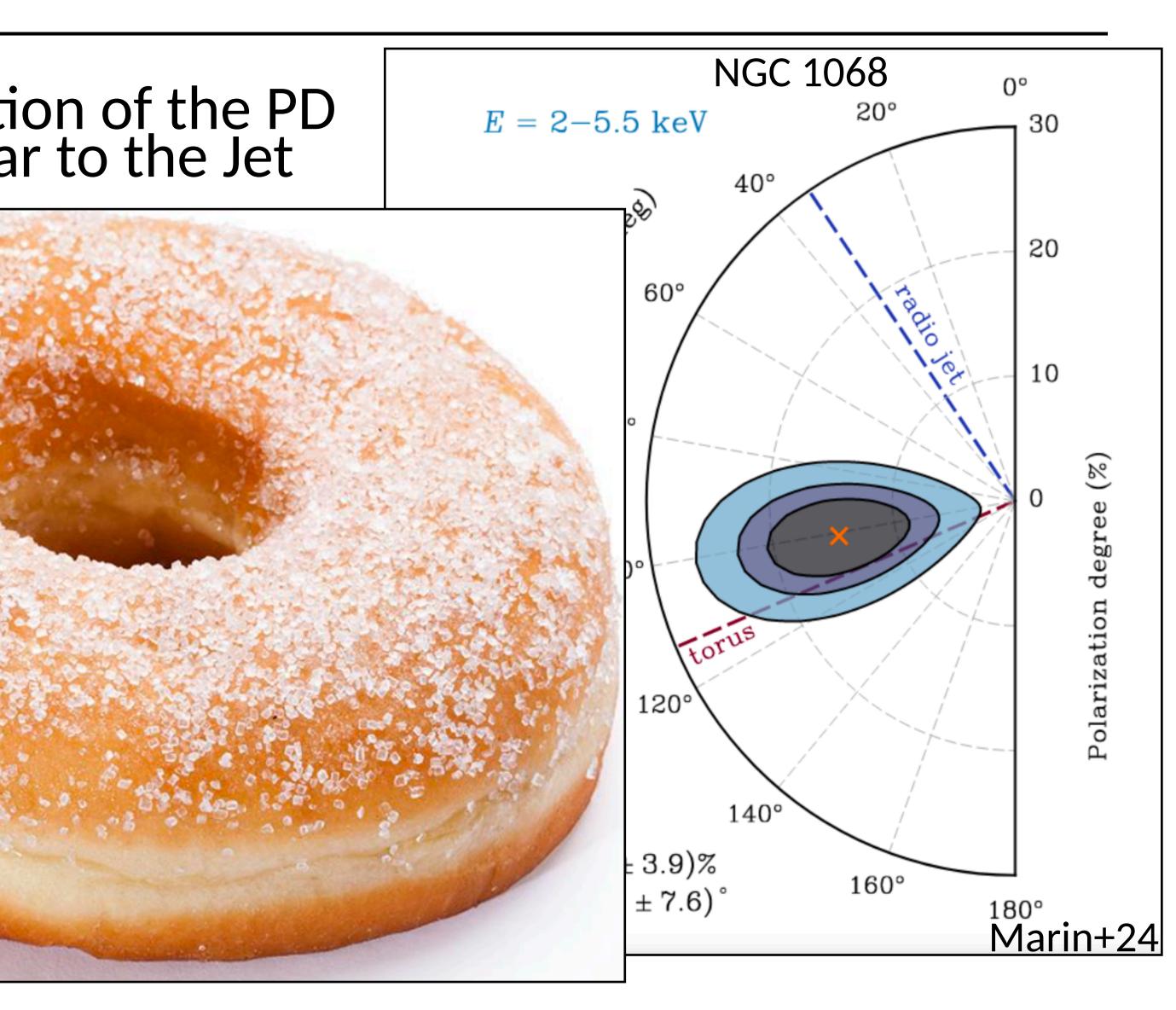


Radio quiet AGN (Compton-thick)



Radio quiet AGN (Compton-thick)

Significant detection of the PD PA Perpendicular to the Jet Circinus Cold refle Ursini+23, **MNRAS** 0° 20° 40° 60° 80° 0



Take home 2/2



IXPE opened a new eye on the Universe Polarization gives us a unique view on the energetic processes in AGN Radially extended X-ray corona (emphasize the disc-corona relation instead of the jet/corona)

Torus consistent with Unification Model





Thank you for your attention

