

Study of Carbon NanoTubes for Light Dark Matter Detection

Alice Apponi

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Advisors: Gianluca Cavoto, Francesco

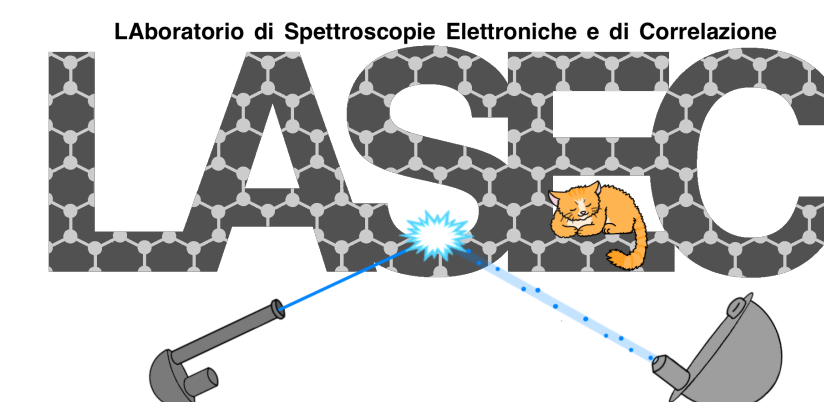
Pandolfi, Alessandro Ruocco



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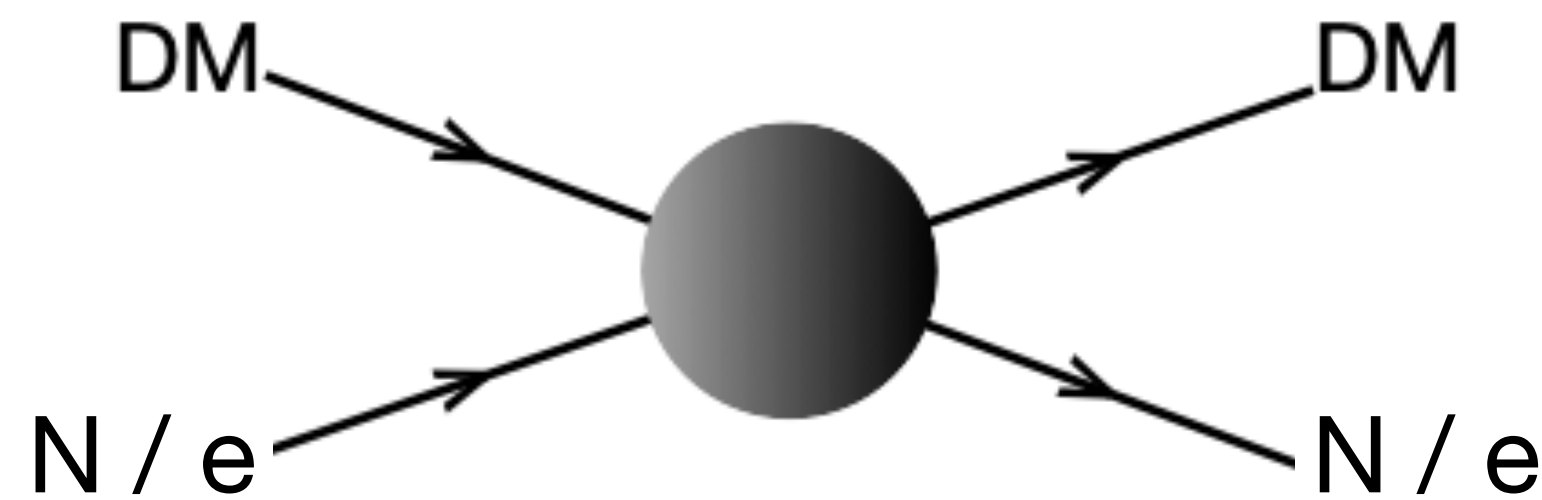


Laboratorio di Spettroscopie Elettroniche e di Correlazione



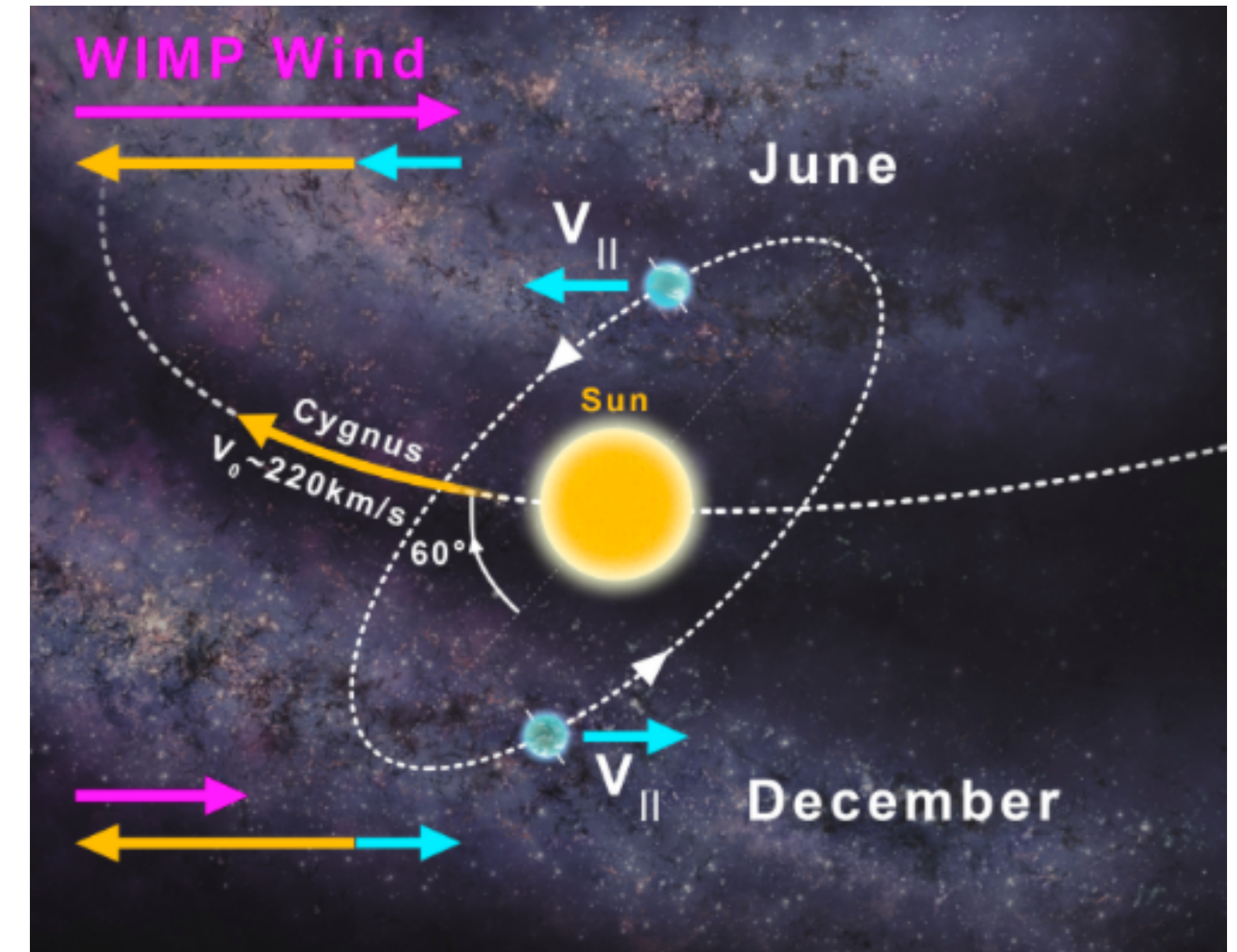
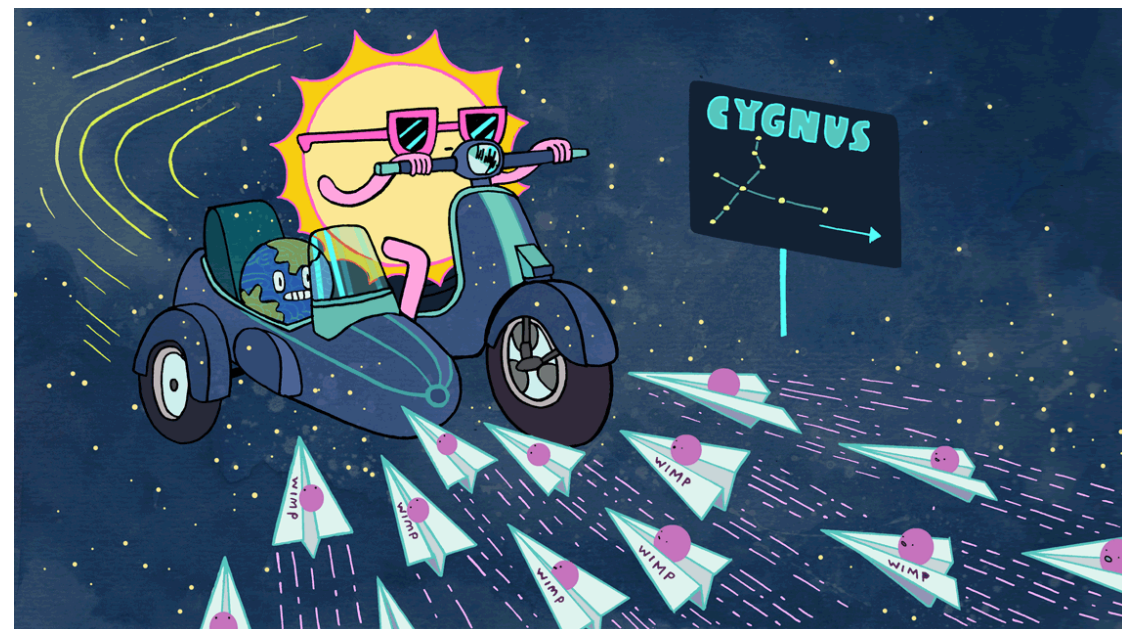
The Dark Matter Puzzle

- ❖ Many **evidences** of the dark matter presence:
 - **Gravitational** effects on ordinary matter
- ❖ Several **theories** to account dark matter:
 - Differ on dark matter **mass and coupling**
- ❖ Various efforts in dark matter **direct search**:
 - **No uncontroversial** sign found yet

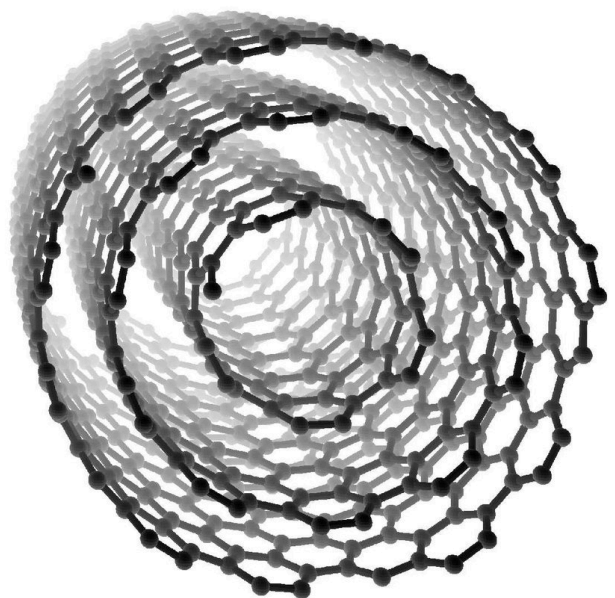
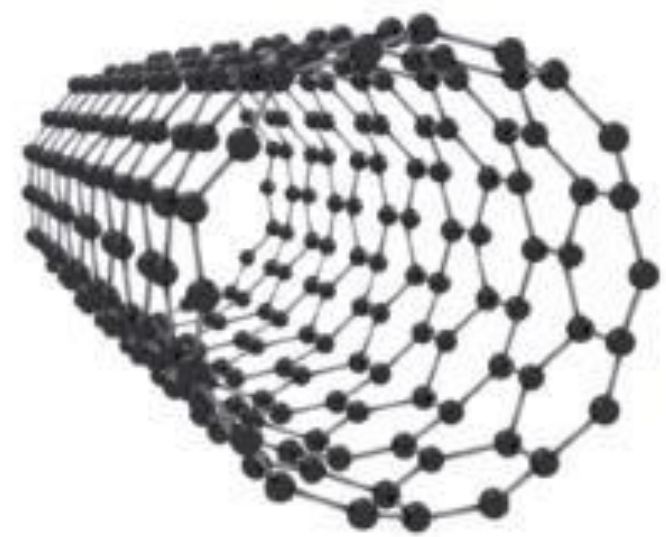
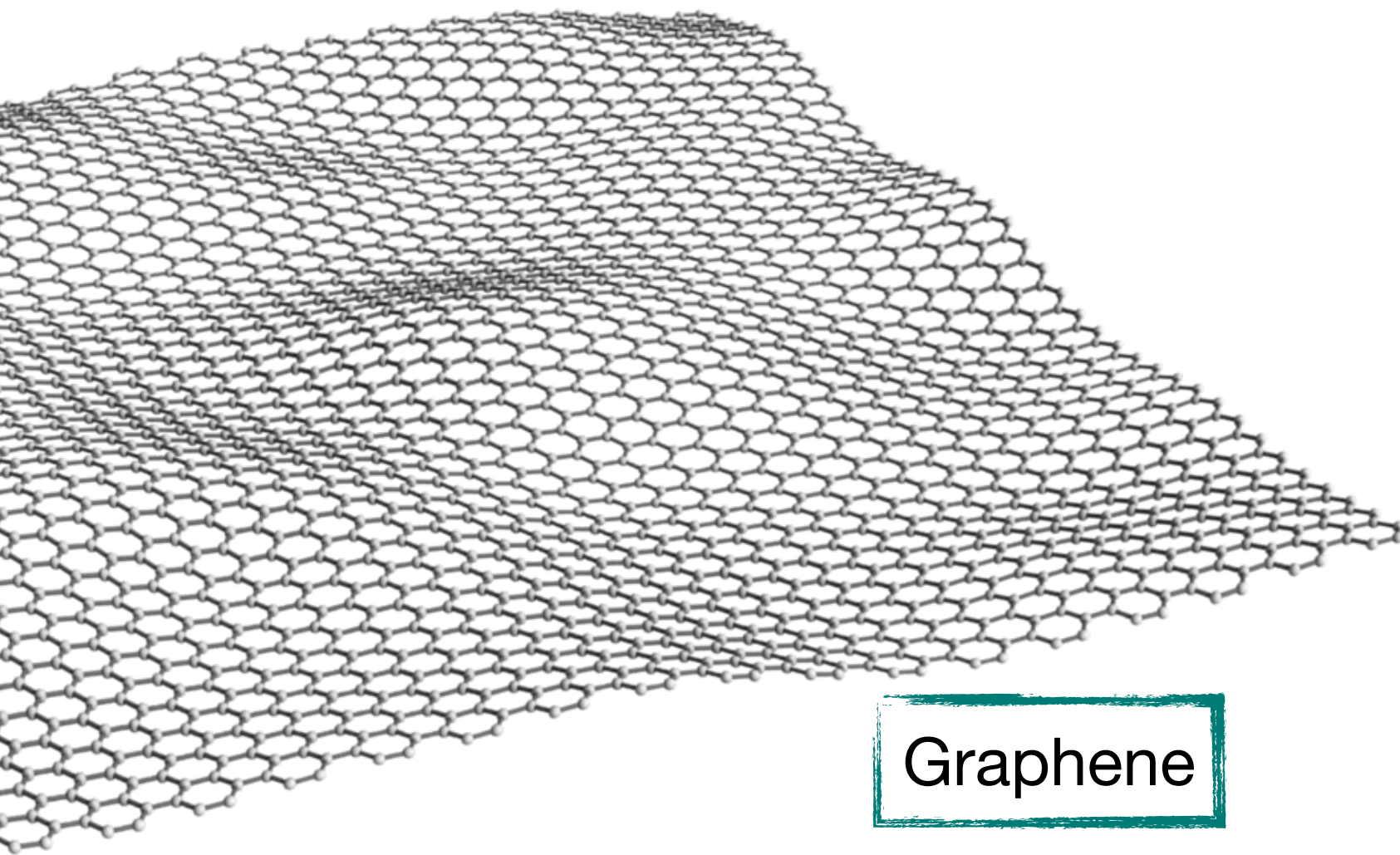


A Dark Matter Wind “Blows” from Cygnus

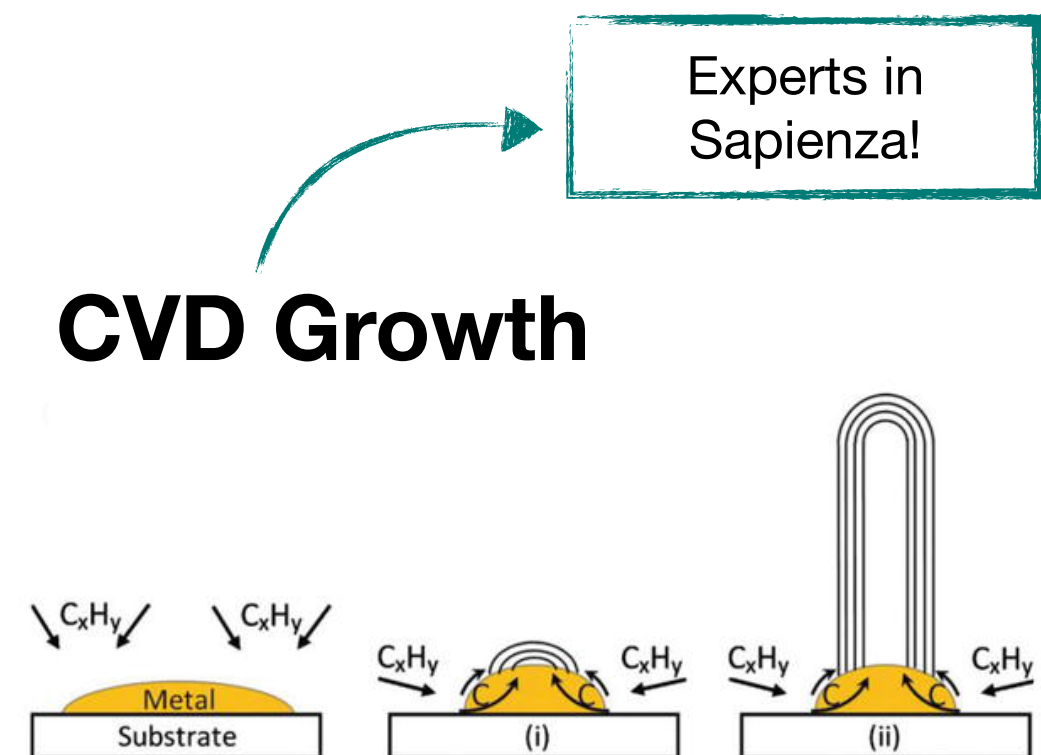
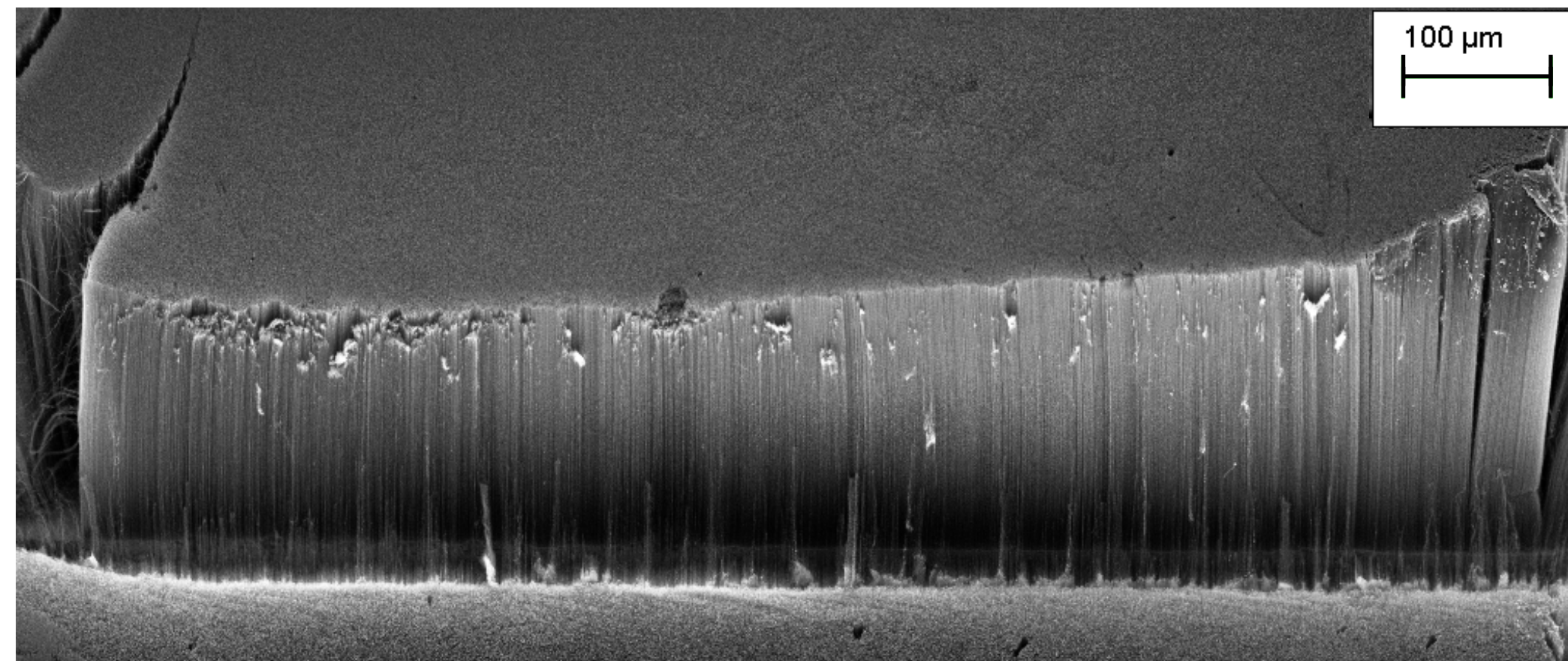
- ❖ Our galaxy is surrounded by a **dark matter halo**
- ❖ **Solar System** orbits with $v \sim 220$ km/s toward Cygnus
- ❖ “**Dark matter wind**” due to motion with respect to the dark matter halo rest frame
- ❖ Link scattering events with a **direction** in the sky map



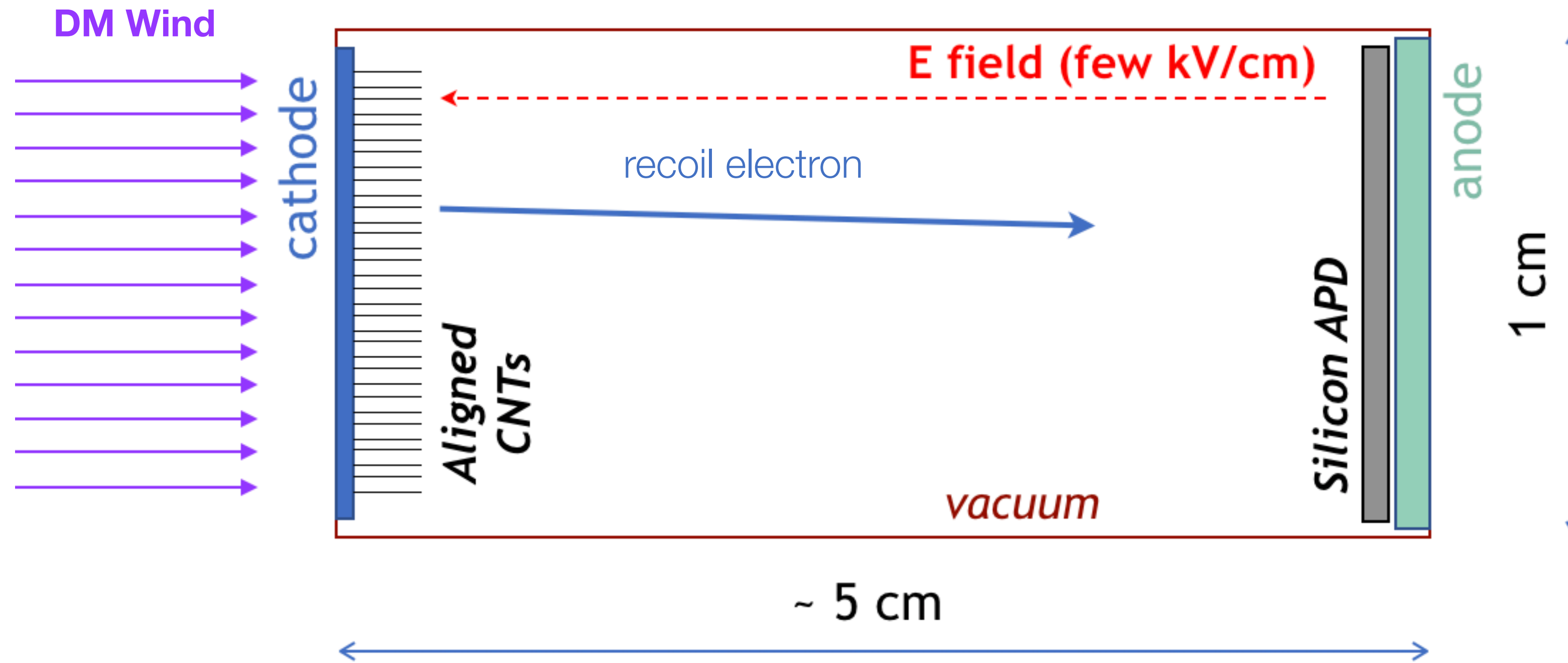
The Advantages of Vertically Aligned Carbon Nanotubes



- ❖ Vertically aligned carbon nanotubes (VA-CNTs)
 - Highly **anisotropic** density
 - **Directional sensitivity** by design
- ❖ Sensitivity to **sub-GeV** dark matter:
 - **Inelastic** scattering on **electrons**
 - $\Phi_e \sim 4.7 \text{ eV}$, so $K_e \sim 1 - 50 \text{ eV}$ ($m_{\text{DM}} = 10\text{-}100 \text{ MeV}$)



Novel Detector Concept: the “dark-PMT”



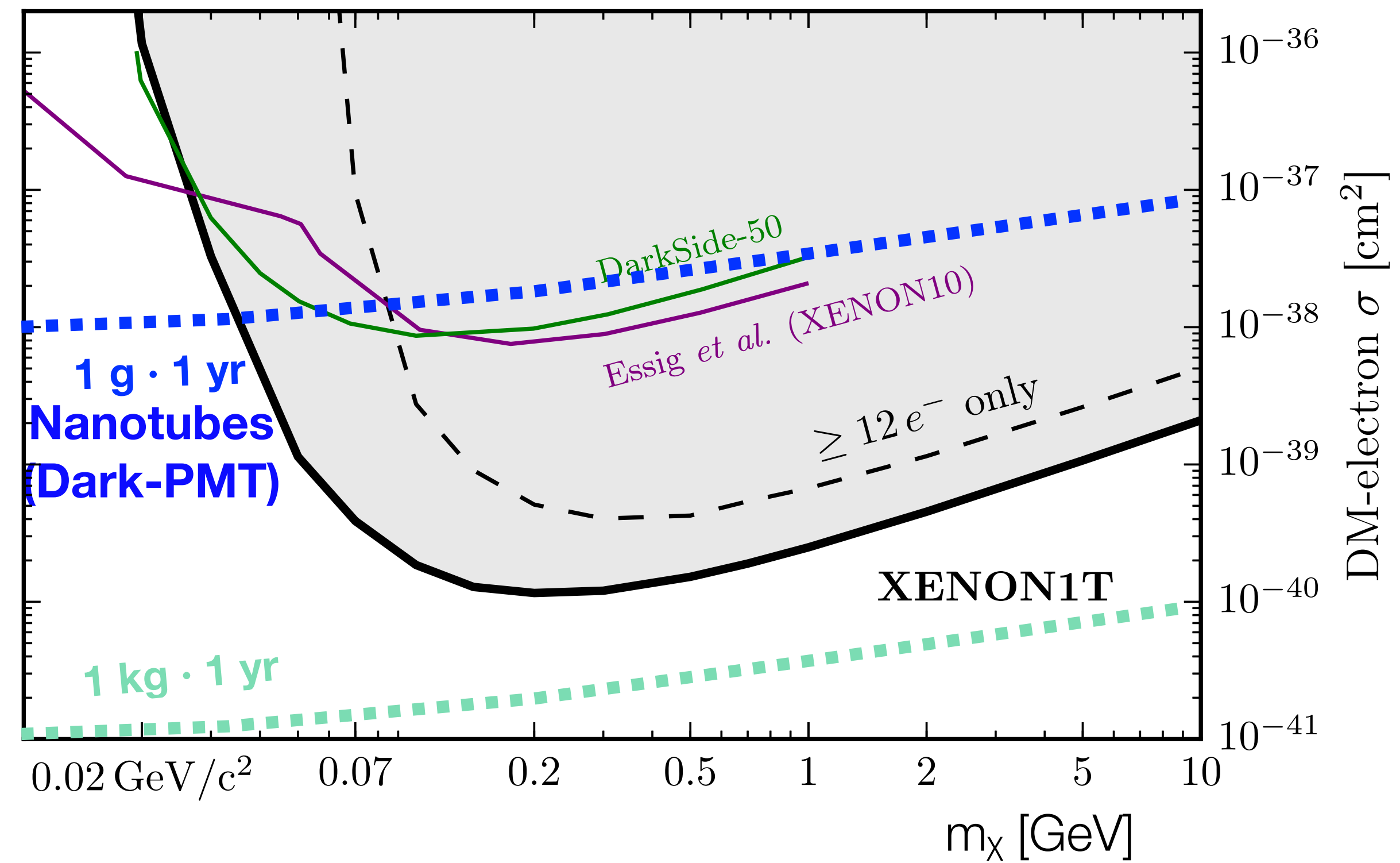
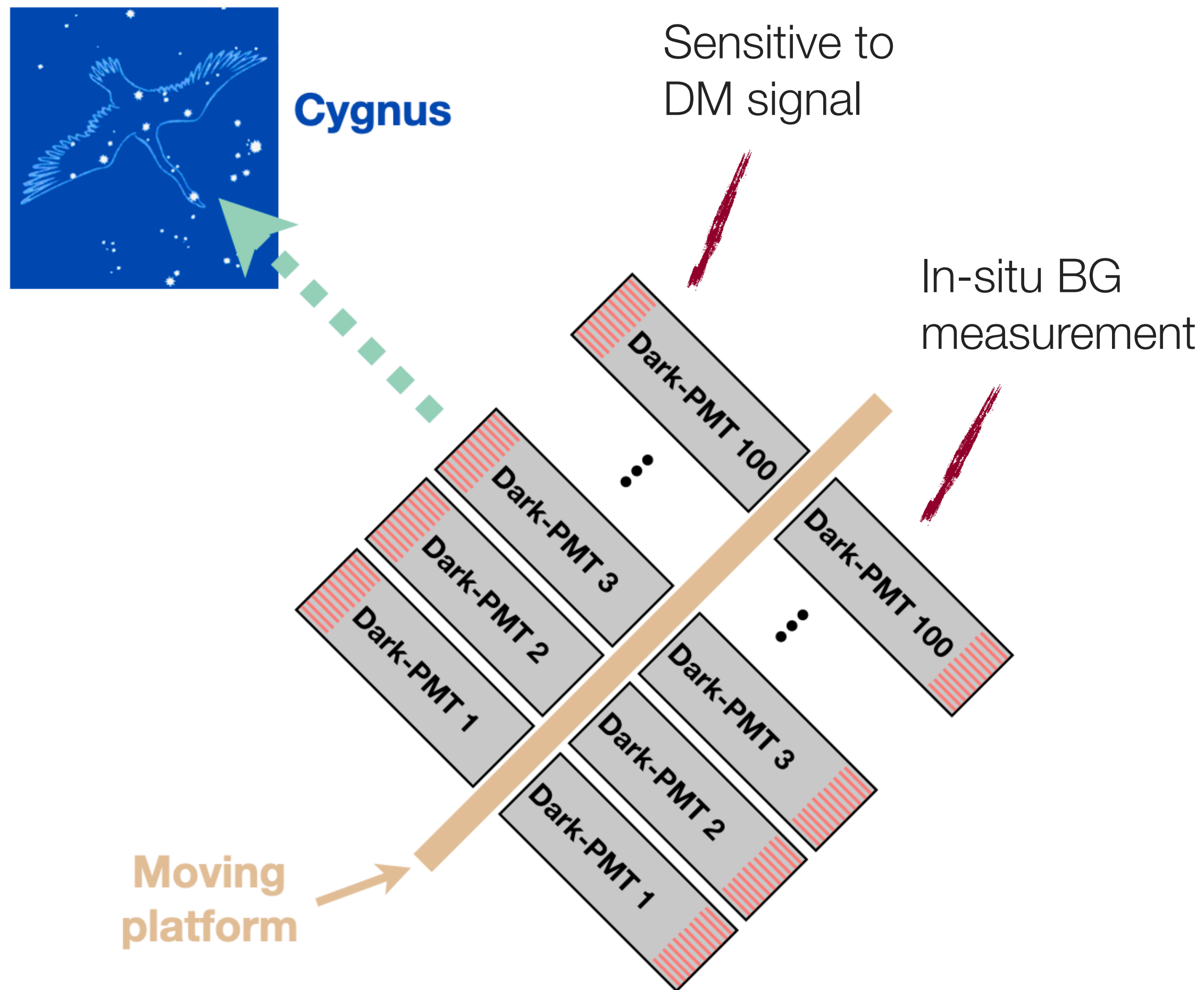
❖ ‘Dark-photocathode’ of **aligned nanotubes**

- Ejected e⁻ accelerated by electric field
- Detected by solid state **e⁻ counter**

Dark-PMT features:

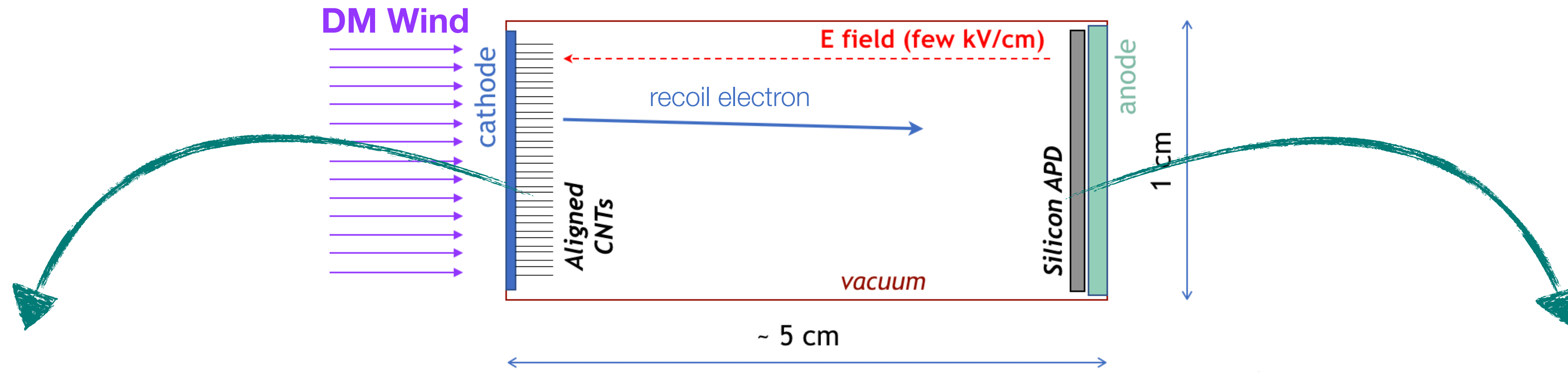
- Portable, cheap, and easy to produce
- Unaffected by thermal noise ($\Phi_e = 4.7$ eV)
- Directional sensitivity

Two Arrays of dark-PMTs to Search for a Dark Matter signal



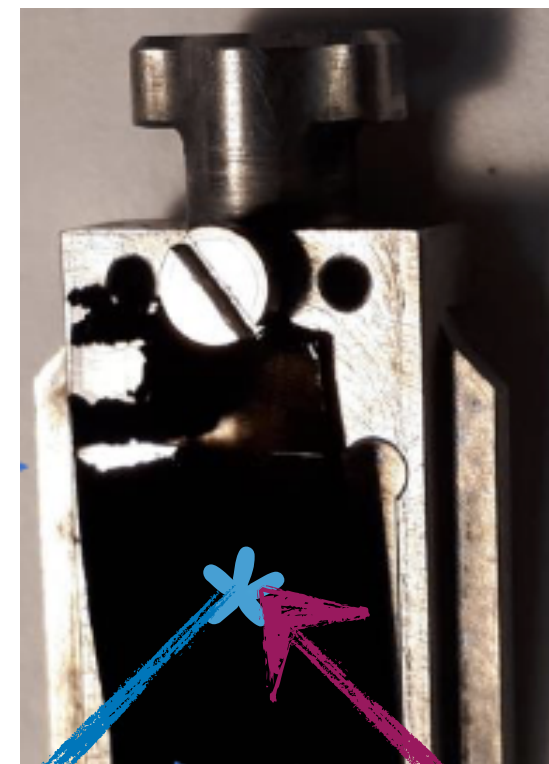
- ✿ Light dark matter direct detection
 - Cross-section range still relatively unexplored
 - ~grams targets are competitive

Challenges on Both Sides of the dark-PMT



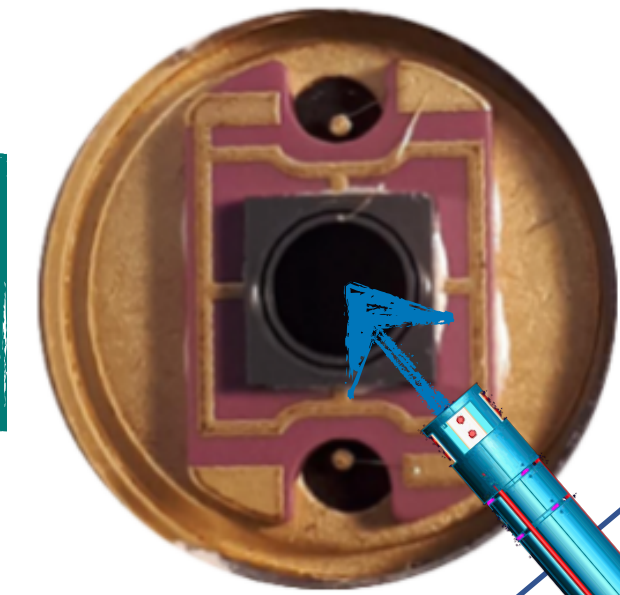
Test **Anisotropy** with UV-Photoemission Spectroscopy (**UPS**)

Characterise Avalanche PhotoDiode (**APD**) response to **low-energy electrons**



VA-CNTs sample

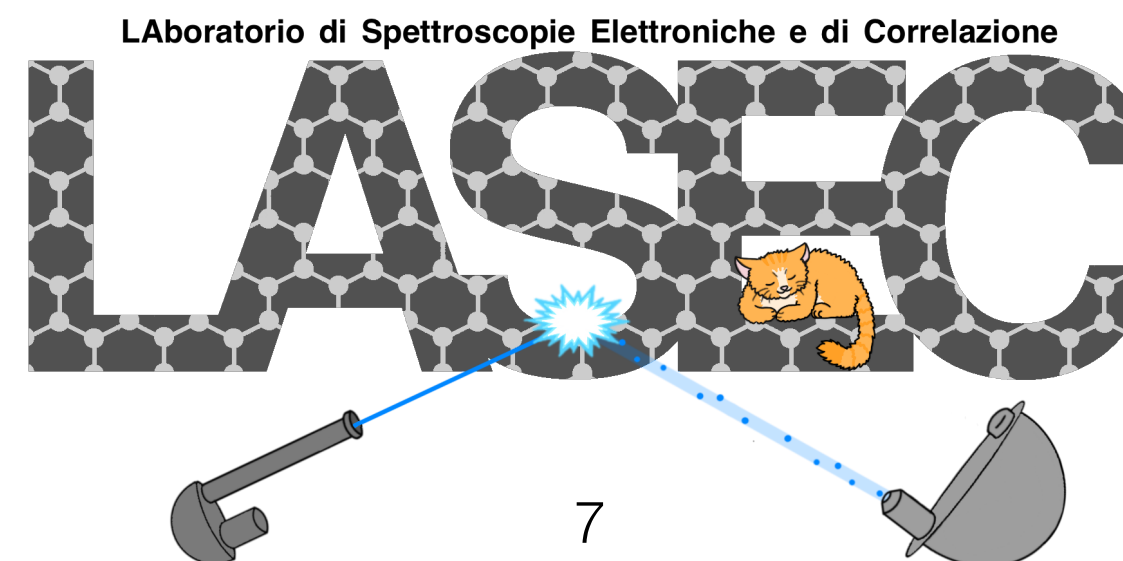
Windowless APD



Electron Analyser

UV Lamp

Monochromatic Electron Gun



VA-CNTs Anisotropy? - Complex Geometry

❖ UV-Photoemission Spectroscopy (UPS)

- ▶ Complex experimental geometry
- ▶ Geometric model built

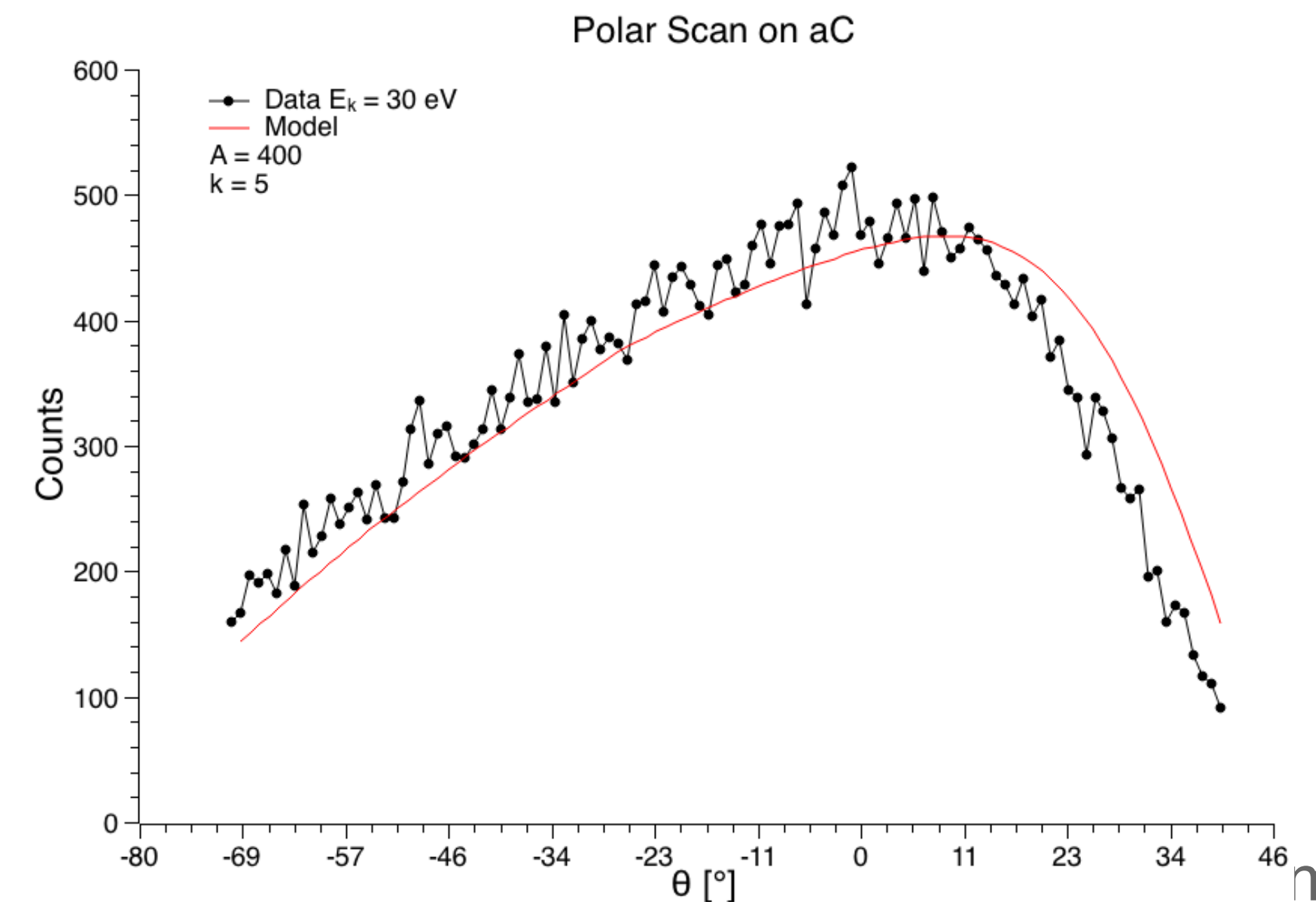
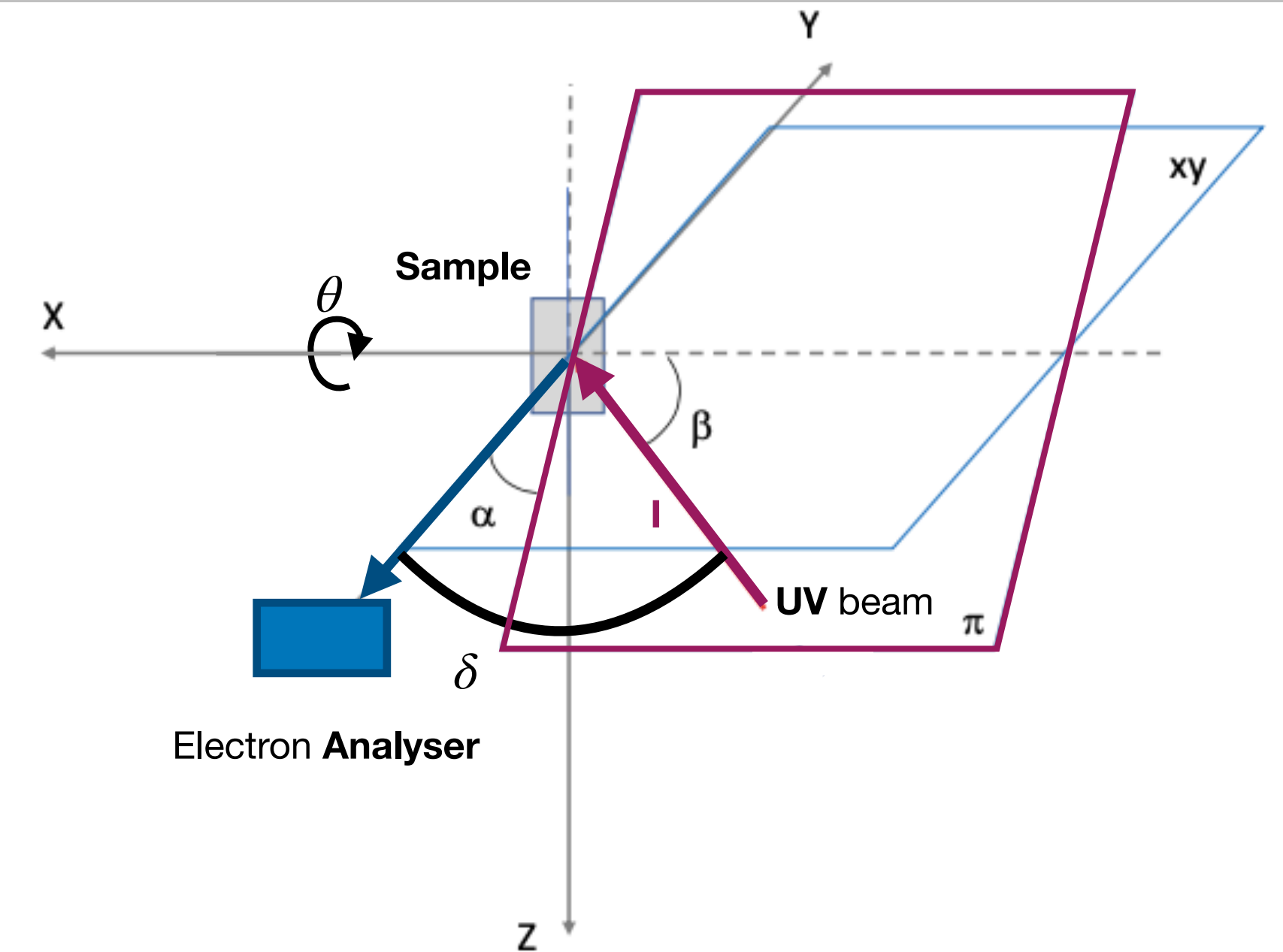
$$N(\theta) = A \left[\left(1 - \frac{1}{1 + e^{k(\theta - \theta_0)}} \right) \cos \theta + \frac{1}{1 + e^{k(\theta - \theta_0)}} \begin{cases} \frac{d_e^V \sin \beta \cos(\alpha + \theta)}{\sin(\text{tg}^{-1}(\text{tg} \beta \sin(\alpha + \theta))) d_{UV} \sin \beta \cos \alpha} & \theta > \theta_c \\ \frac{d_e^H \cos \theta}{\cos(\text{tg}^{-1}(\text{tg} \beta \sin(\alpha + \theta))) d_{UV} \sin \beta \cos \alpha} & \theta \leq \theta_c \end{cases} \right]$$

❖ Amorphous carbon (aC)

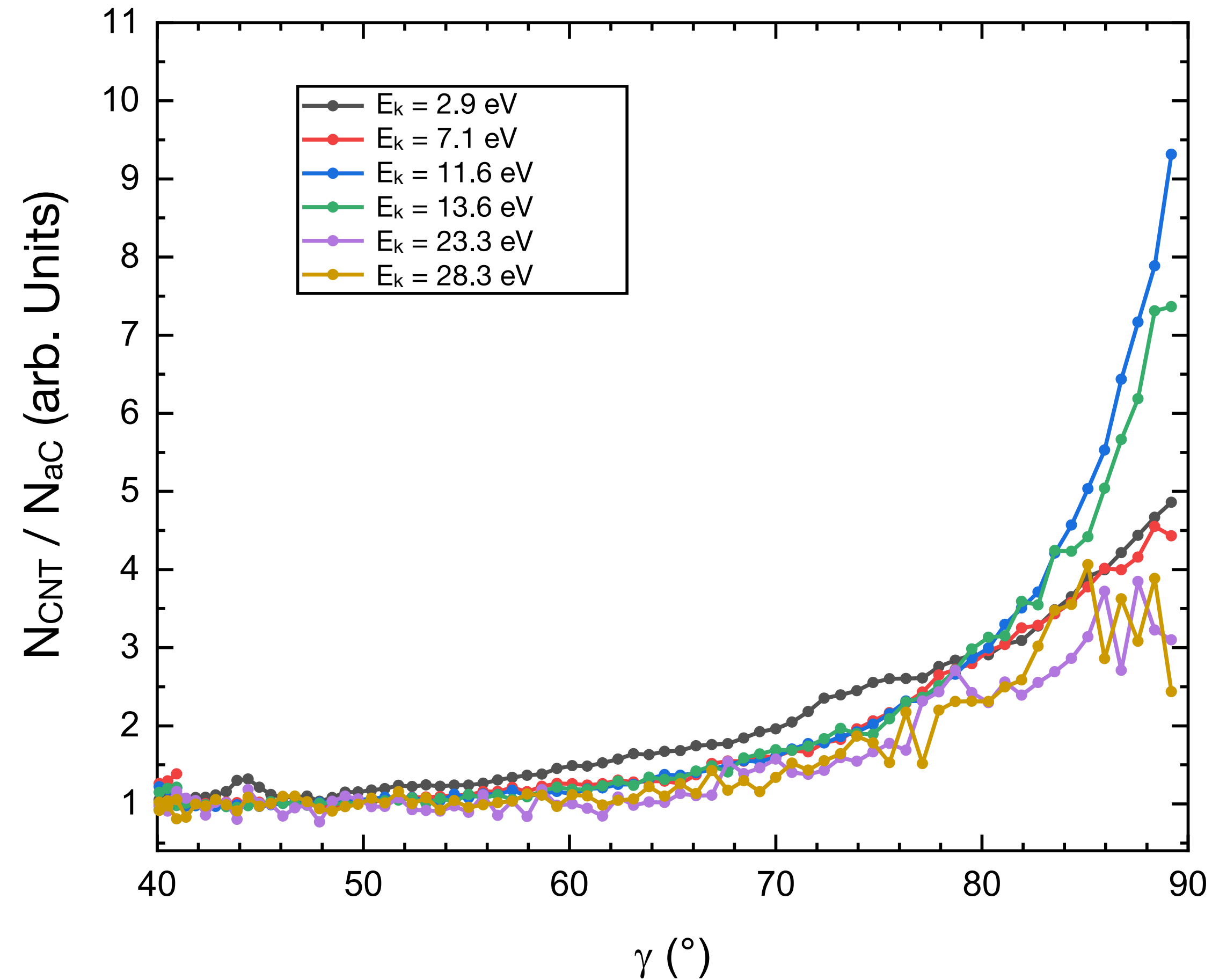
- ▶ Disordered system
- ▶ No preferential directions

❖ aC data represent experimental angular efficiency

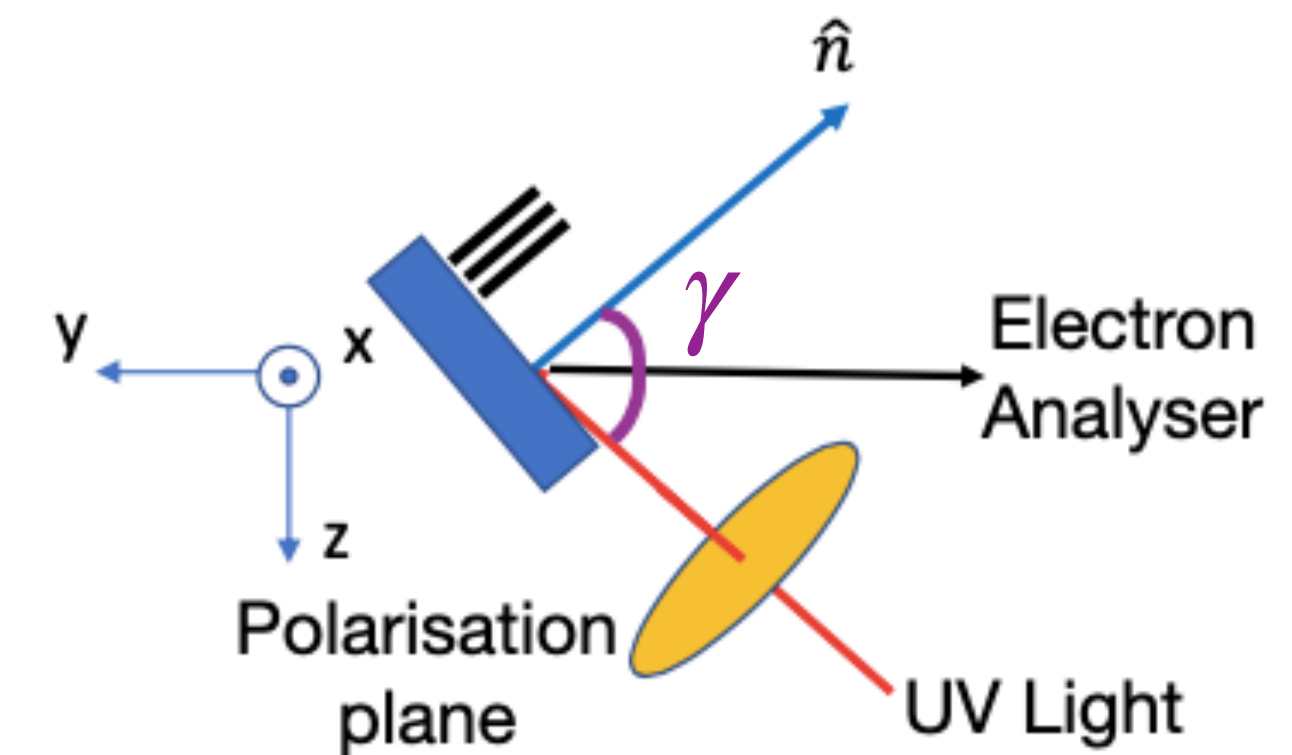
- ▶ Compare with VA-CNTs data
- ▶ Any anisotropy?



A First Sign of VA-CNTs Anisotropy

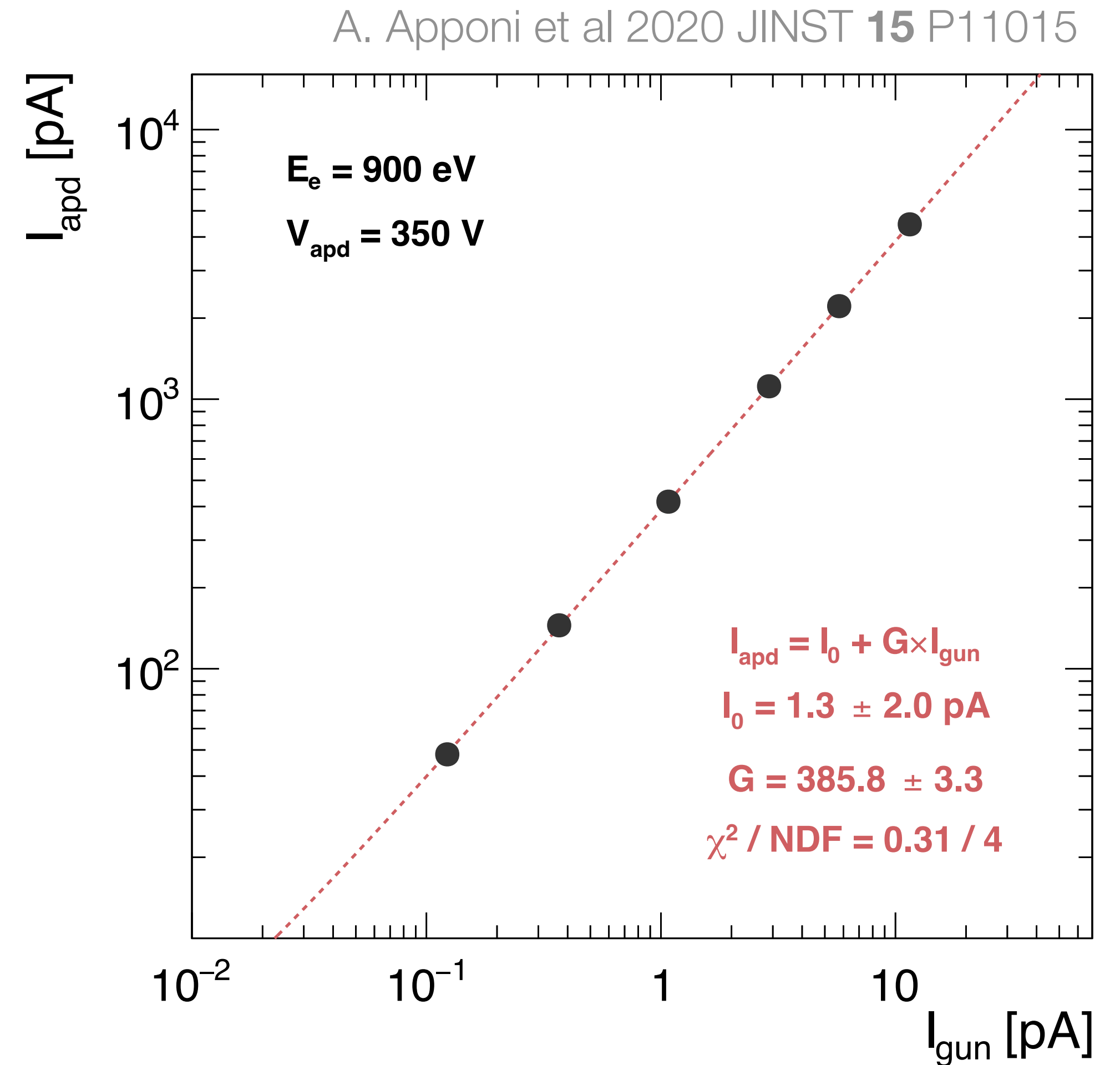


- ✿ VA-CNTs data over aC data ratio
 - Signal enhancement indicates anisotropy



Windowless APD Can Detect Low-Energy Electron Currents

- ❖ **Electron gun** in LASEC Lab @ Roma Tre
 - ▶ Electron energy: $30 < E < 1000$ eV
 - ▶ Energy resolution 45 meV
 - ▶ Beam spot ~ 0.5 mm
 - ▶ Stable continuous current down to a **few fA**
- ❖ Reading APD bias current when shooting gun on it
 - ▶ Clear **linear correlation** with gun current



This is not a conclusion

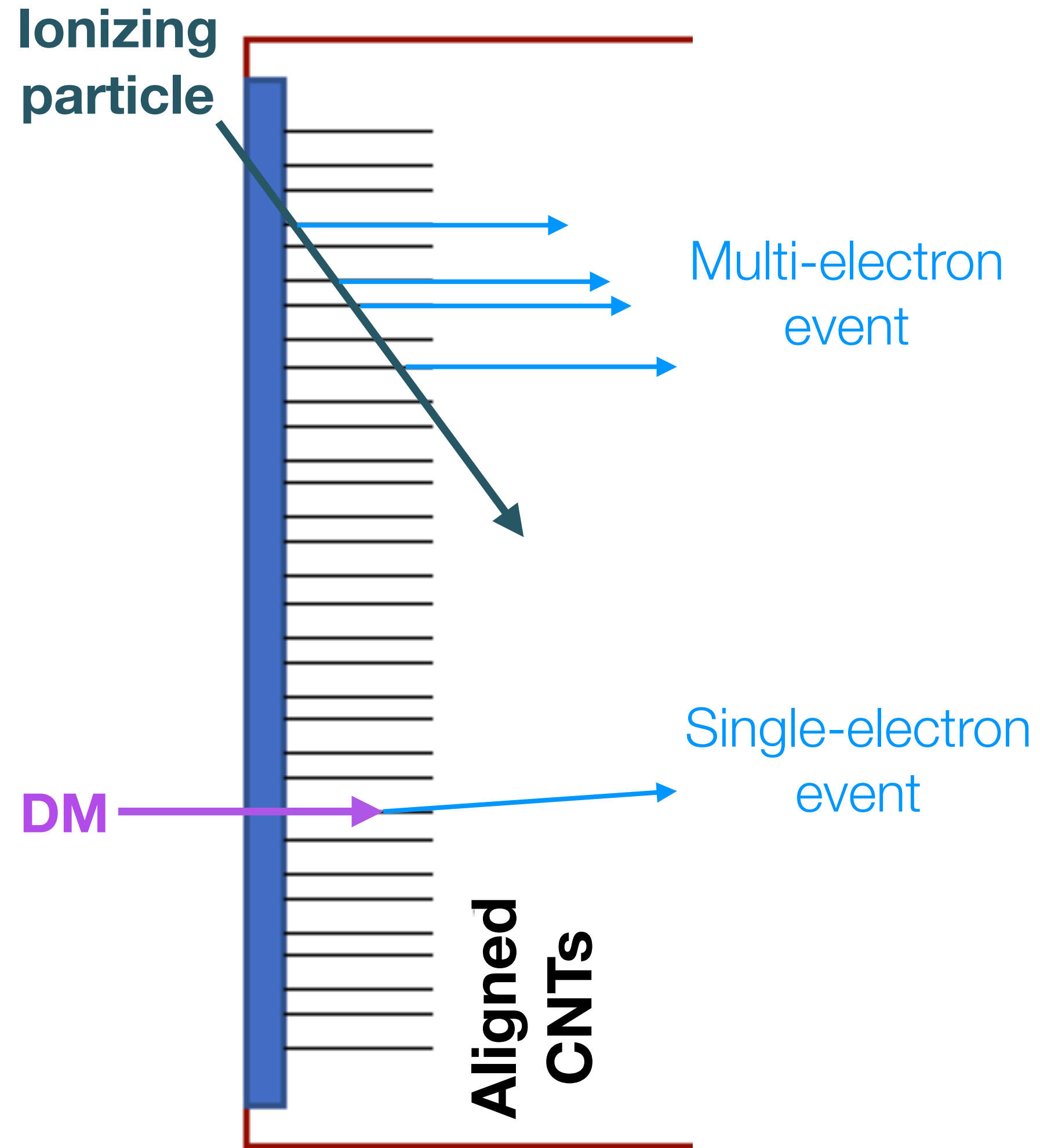
- ❖ 'Dark-PMT' dark matter detector concept
 - Portable, no thermal noise, directional sensitivity
 - In principle sensitive to electron recoils of a few eV
- ❖ Vertically-aligned carbon nanotubes
 - First sign of anisotropy
- ❖ Windowless APD characterisation
 - Low-energy electron current detected
- ❖ News from 2020
 - [ANDROMeDa](#): Awarded PRIN2020
 - 3-year project started in 2022
 - Aiming to build first working Dark-PMT prototype by 2025



ANDROMeDA
Aligned Nanotube Detector for Research On MeV Darkmatter

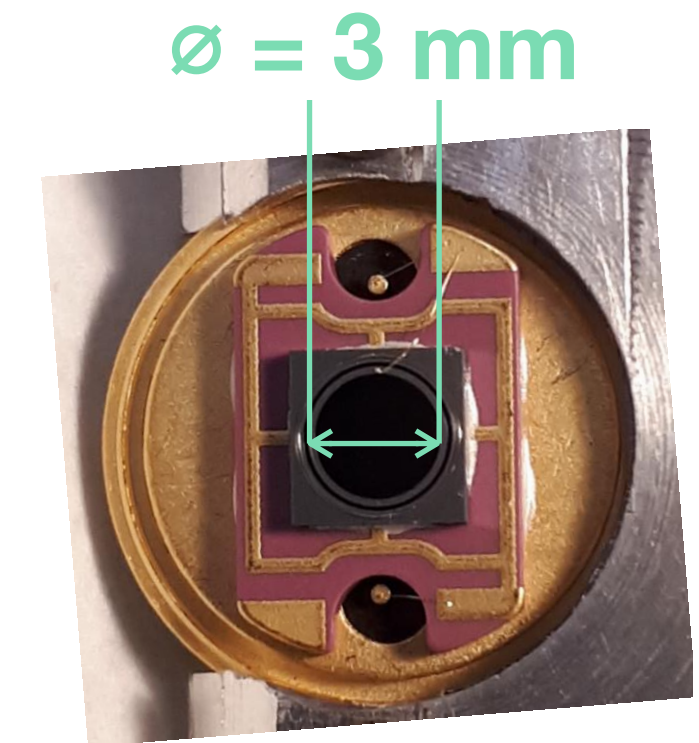
Backup

Detectors for keV Electrons



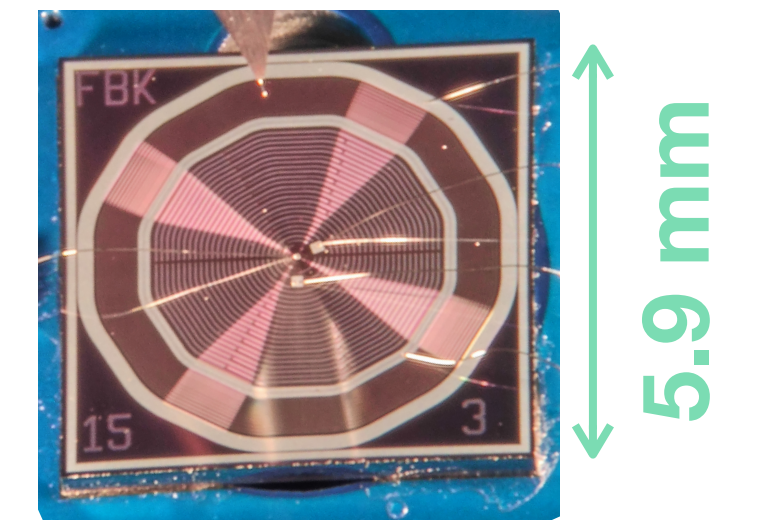
- ❖ Benchmark: **Avalanche Photo-Diodes**

- Simple, cost-effective
- Hamamatsu windowless APDs



- ❖ Possible upgrade: **Silicon Drift Detectors**

- Ultimate resolution
- FBK (SDD) + PoliMi (electronics)



APDs and SDDs 'born' as photon detectors