

# Resummation for Vector Boson production at the Tevatron energies

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- Introduction: DYRes and DYqT programs;
- $p_T$  distributions for W and Z bosons;
- The role of renormalization, factorization and resummation scaling;
- Parton Distributions impact on  $p_T$  spectra;
- Conclusions and future achievements.

- DYRes computes the transverse momentum ( $p_T$ ) distribution of Drell-Yan lepton pairs of high invariant mass;
- We include leptonic decay of vector bosons with spin correlations, finite width effects and dependence on lepton variables;
- Computation can be performed up to NNLO+NNLL (current QCD best accuracy).

- The DYqT calculation combines the fixed-order result at high values of  $p_T$  up to  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_S^2)$  with the resummation of the logarithmically enhanced contributions at small values of  $p_T$  up to NNLL;
- The program can be used at LO+NLL and NLO+NNLL;
- At NLO+NNLL (LO+NLL) the result reproduces the NNLO (NLO) after integration upon  $p_T$ .

Theoretical scaling provides a good estimation for  $p_T$  distributions uncertainties

- Non Dependent scaling:

$$(\mu_R, \mu_F, Q) = (M/2, M/4, M),$$

$$(\mu_R, \mu_F, Q) = (M/4, M/2, M)$$

- Dependent scaling:

$$(\mu_R, \mu_F, Q) = (M/4, M/4, M),$$

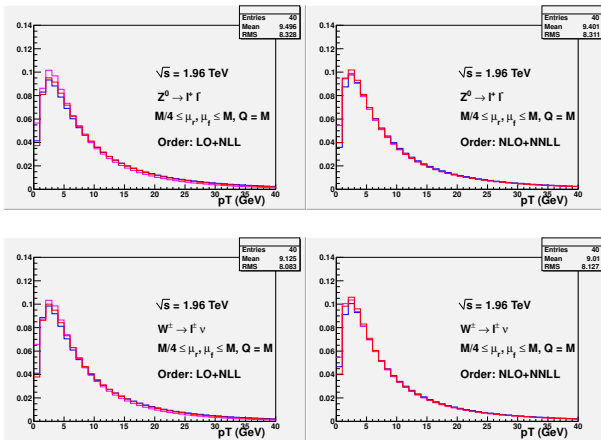
$$(\mu_R, \mu_F, Q) = (M/2, M/2, M)$$

Changing PDFs set allows accurate kinematical test in perturbation theory

- MSTW2008 : MSTW2008nlo68cl (nnlo);
- MSTW2004: MRST2004nlo (nnlo);
- NNPDF3.0: NNPDF30nloAs0118 (nnlo);
- NNPDF2.3: NNPDF23nloAs0118 (nnlo).

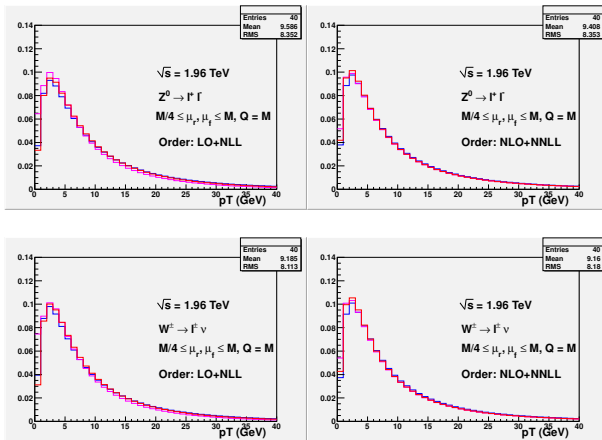
Keep the same order in calculation as well as PDF set.

- $p_T$  distributions: results for MSTW2008



- un-scaled  $\mu_R$  and  $\mu_F$ , ■ for  $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b/4$  and ■ for  $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b/2$ .

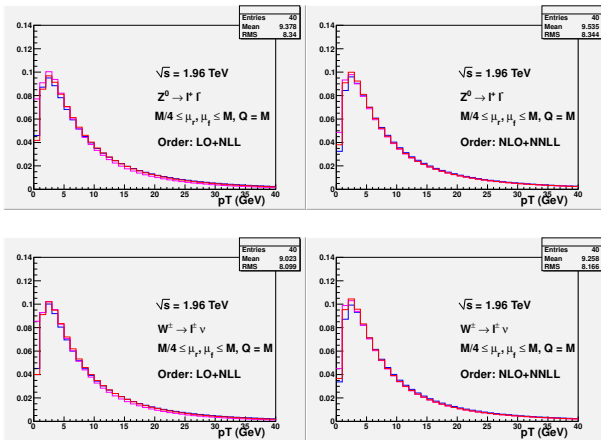
- $p_T$  distributions: results for MSTW2004



- un-scaled  $\mu_R$  and  $\mu_F$ , ■ for  $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b/4$  and ■ for  $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b/2$ .

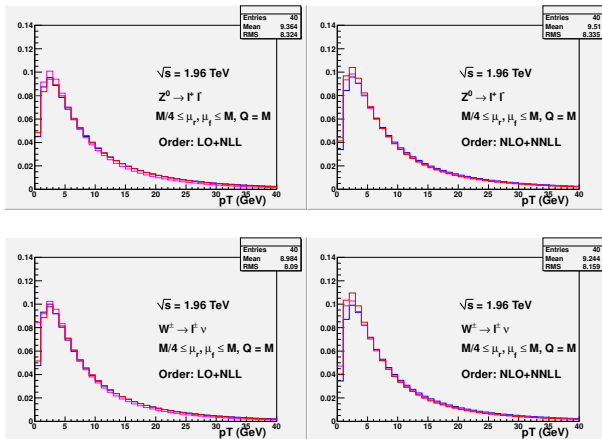


- $p_T$  distributions: results for NNPDF3.0



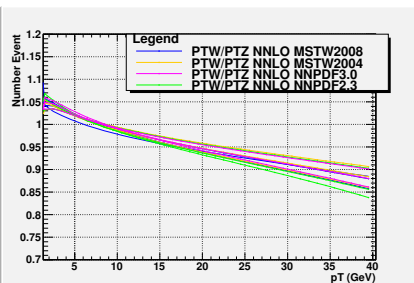
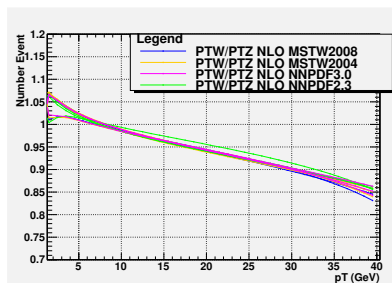
- un-scaled  $\mu_R$  and  $\mu_F$ , ■ for  $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b/4$  and ■ for  $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b/2$ .

- $p_T$  distributions: results for NNPDF2.3



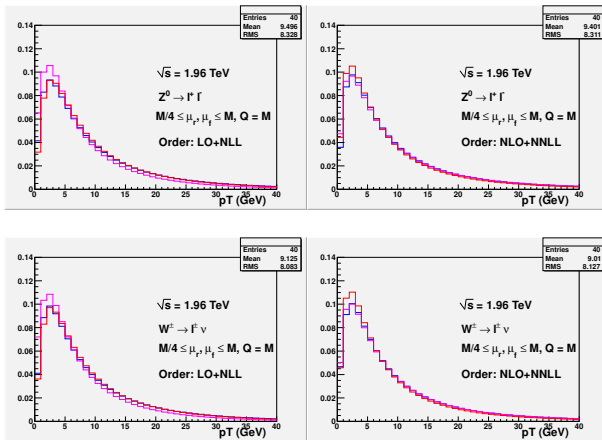
- un-scaled  $\mu_R$  and  $\mu_F$ , ■ for  $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b/4$  and ■ for  $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b/2$ .

- $p_T^W/p_T^Z$  distributions: MSTW2008, MSTW2004, NNPDF3.0 and NNPDF2.3



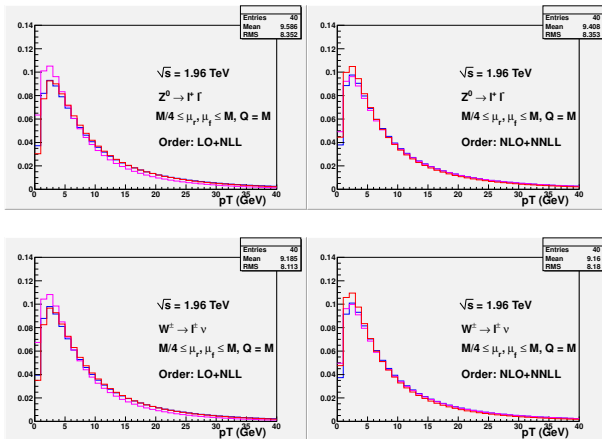
- LO+NLL 1 – 5% spread. NLO+NNLL 2 – 6% spread.

- $p_T$  distributions: results for MSTW2008



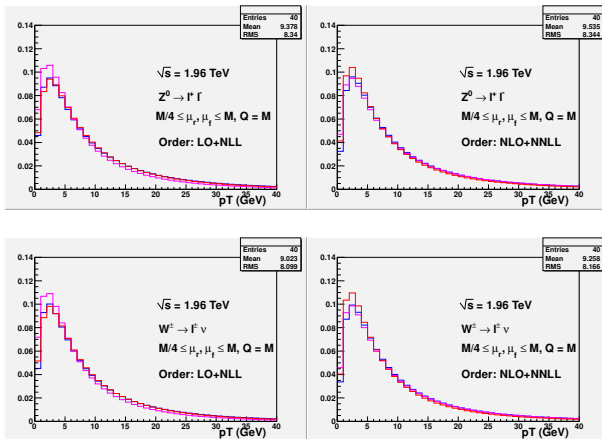
- $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b$ , 
 ■ for  $(\mu_R, \mu_F) = (M_b/2, M_b/4)$ ,  
■ for  $(\mu_R, \mu_F) = (M_b/4, M_b/2)$ .

- $p_T$  distributions: results for MSTW2004



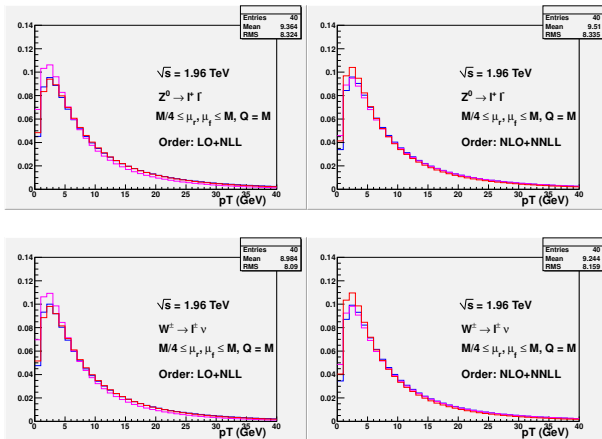
- $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b$ , 
 ■ for  $(\mu_R, \mu_F) = (M_b/2, M_b/4)$ ,  
■ for  $(\mu_R, \mu_F) = (M_b/4, M_b/2)$ .

- $p_T$  distributions: results for NNPDF3.0



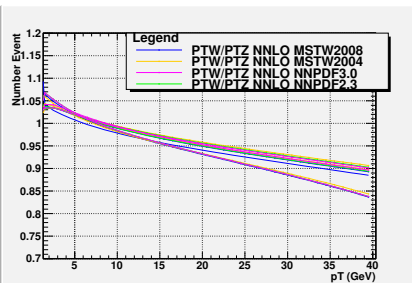
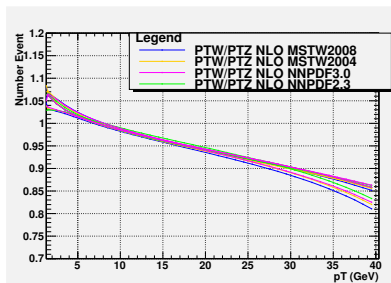
- $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b$ , 
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■ for  $(\mu_R, \mu_F) = (M_b/4, M_b/2)$ .

- $p_T$  distributions: results for NNPDF2.3



- $\mu_R, \mu_F = M_b$ ,
 ■ for  $(\mu_R, \mu_F) = (M_b/2, M_b/4)$ ,
 ■ for  $(\mu_R, \mu_F) = (M_b/4, M_b/2)$ .

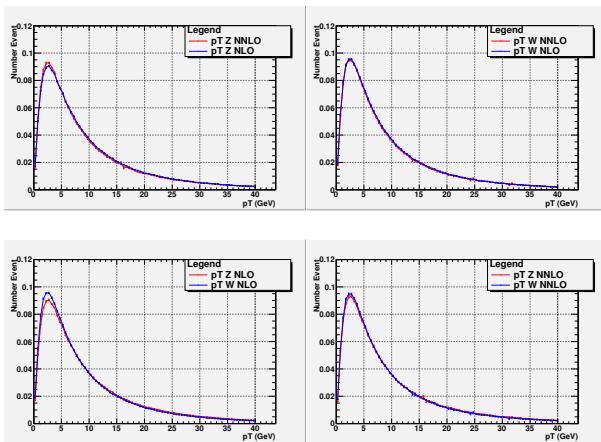
- $p_T^W/p_T^Z$  distributions: MSTW2008, MSTW2004, NNPDF3.0 and NNPDF2.3



- No band changing at LO+NLL. Good agreement at NLO+NNLL.

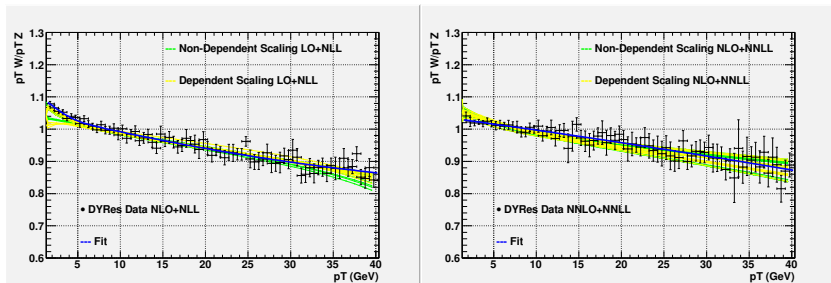


- $p_T$  distributions: MSTW2008



- Left-lower panel: 2% spread near peaks at NLO+NNLO.

- DYRes data: MSTW2008 results



- Data in good agreement at each order (NLO+NLL and NNLO+NNLL).
- NLO+NLL data slight overestimation (1.5%) in  $p_T \leq 5$  GeV. NNLO+NNLL data slight underestimation (1%) in  $p_T \leq 5$  GeV.

- LO+NLL  $\longrightarrow$  both for  $W$  and  $Z$  more affected by scales variations;
- NLO+NNLL  $\longrightarrow$  both  $W$  and  $Z$  less affected by scales variations;
- At each order, scaling+PDF set variation  $\longrightarrow$  1 – 6% band in  $p_T \in [0, 40]$  GeV;

- Understanding data over/under estimation at low- $p_T$ ;
- DYRes scaling and changing PDFs set  $\longrightarrow$  comparison between DYRes and DYqT bands;
- Possible way: development of theoretical models for non perturbative smearing at low- $p_T$ .