

# AsyInt for massive two-loop four-point integrals at high energies

**Hantian Zhang**

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Based on [2407.12107] (to appear in JHEP)

<https://gitlab.com/asyint/asyint-public>

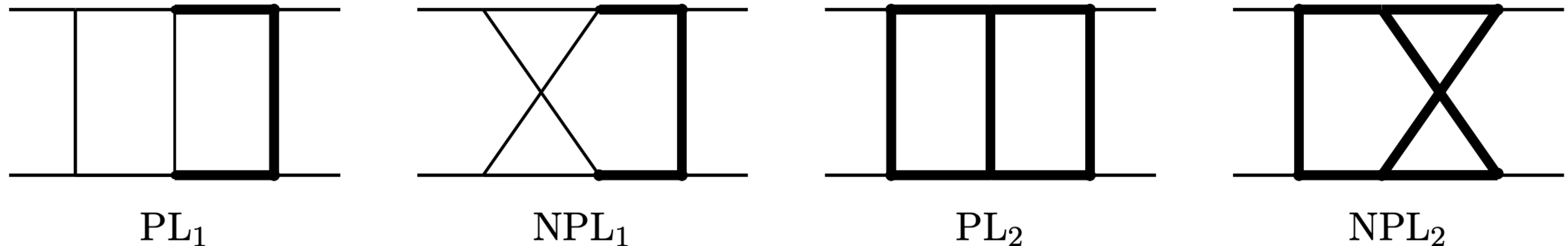
# AsyInt

by Hantian Zhang — *hep-ph [2407.12107]*

For analytic calculations of massive two-loop four-point integrals at high energies

Download at: <https://gitlab.com/asyint/asyint-public>

Sample Feynman diagrams calculated by AsyInt

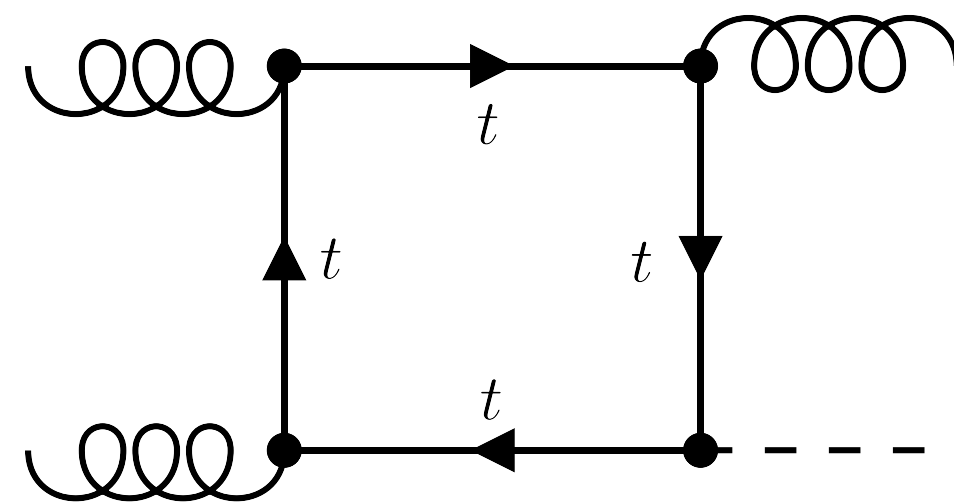
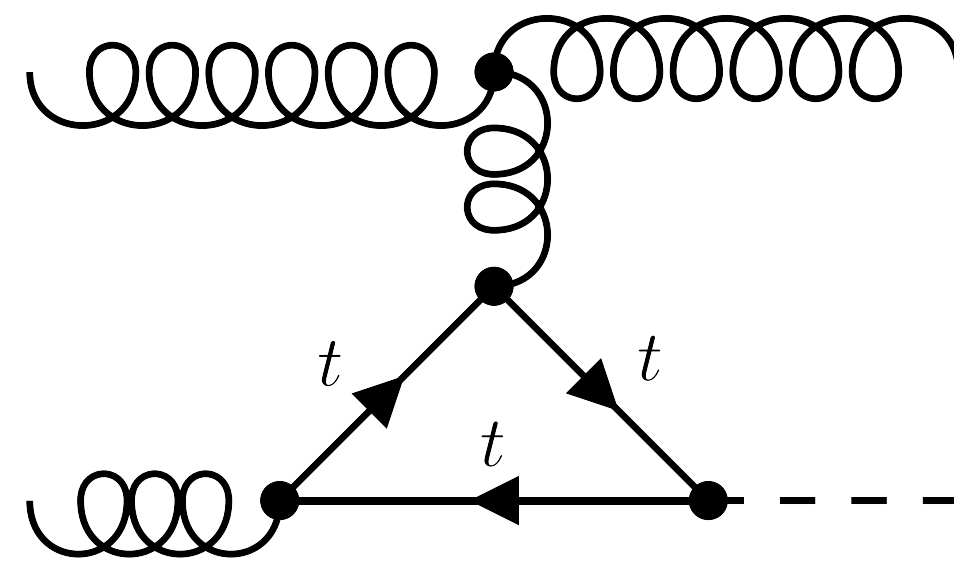


Sample planar and non-planar diagrams. Thick lines denote massive propagators

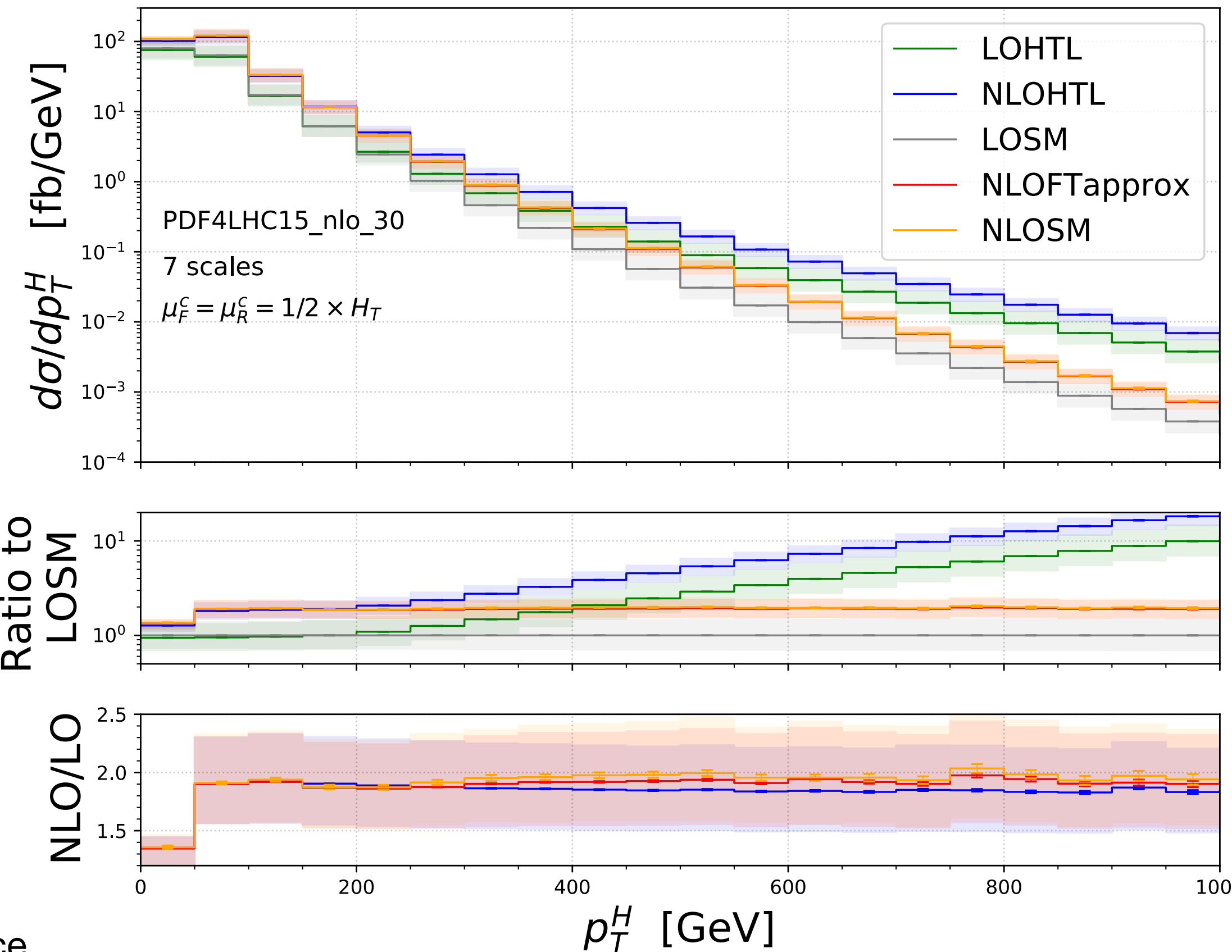
↑  
leading H.E. terms to  $\epsilon$ -finite part  
@  $\mathcal{O}(1/m)$  and  $\mathcal{O}(m^0)$

# Motivation: probe boosted Higgs boson with large $p_T^H$

- Higgs boson plus jet production with large transversal momentum  $p_T^H$  at LHC



NNLOJET+OPENLOOPS+SECDEC  $pp \rightarrow H+j$   $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV



NLOSM  $\Rightarrow$  NLO QCD with top-mass dependence

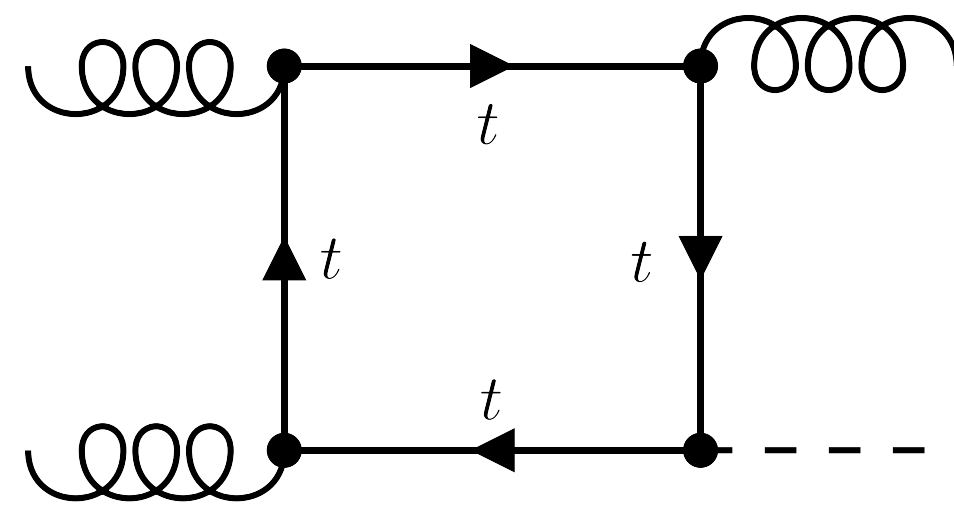
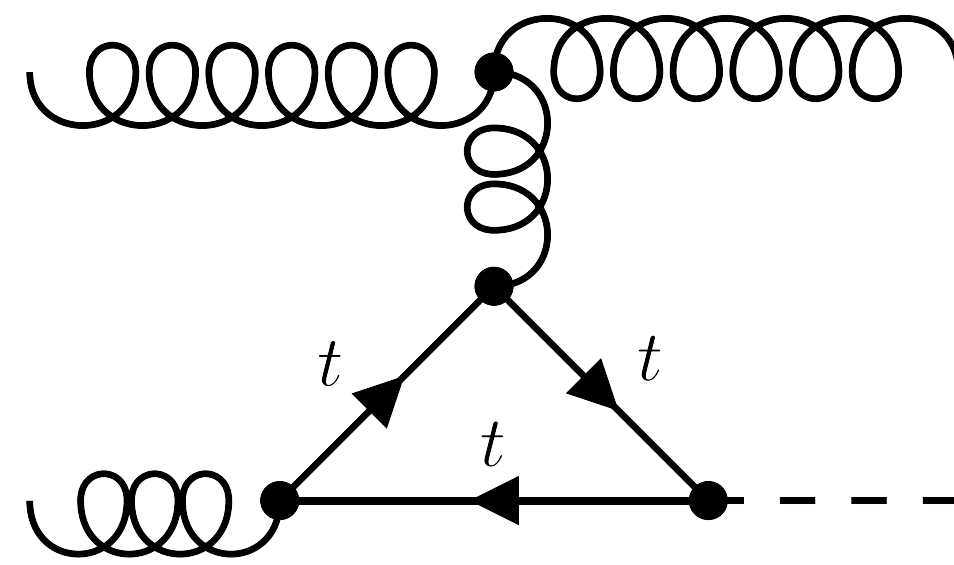
## High-energy region

- Sensitive to new physics
- Large QCD & EW corrections
- Massive Feynman integrals

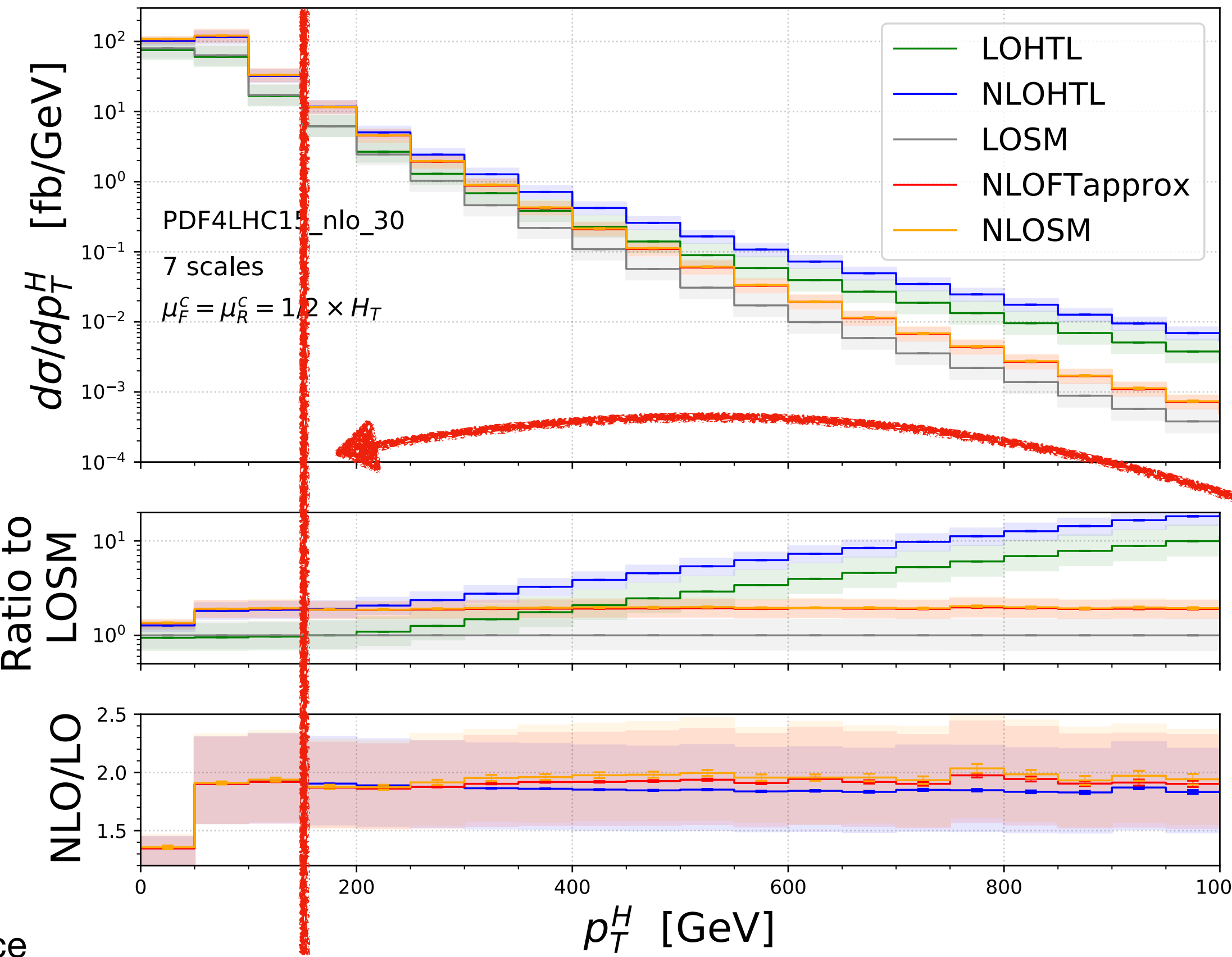
**Precise Higgs + 2 jets @ NLO QCD** also available in [Chen, Huss, Jones, Kerner, Lang, Lindert, Zhang, *JHEP 03 (2022) 096*]

# Motivation: probe boosted Higgs boson with large $p_T^H$

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## High-energy region

Sensitive to new physics  
Large QCD & EW corrections  
Massive Feynman integrals

High-energy expansion  
aims to cover  
 $p_T^H > 150$  GeV region

NLOSM  $\Rightarrow$  NLO QCD with top-mass dependence

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# Overview of analytic $2 \rightarrow 2$ high-energy calculations

## High-energy expansion

- QCD corrections for  $gg \rightarrow HH$  [Davies, Mishima, Steinhauser, Wellmann, 18']
- QCD corrections for  $gg \rightarrow ZH$  [Davies, Mishima, Steinhauser, 21']
- Yukawa-top corrections for  $gg \rightarrow HH$  [Davies, Mishima, Schönwald, Steinhauser, **Zhang**, 22']
- QCD master integrals in high-energy expansion [Mishima, 18']
- **AsyInt** and EW master integrals (partial results) in high-energy expansion [**Zhang**, 24']

## High-energy limit & QCD factorisation

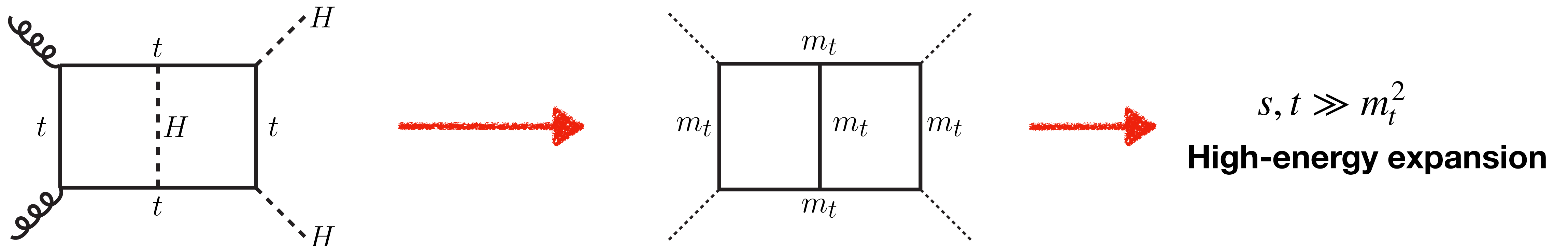
- QCD corrections for  $gg \rightarrow Hg$  with small bottom mass (no top quark) [Melnikov, Tancredi, Wever, 16']
- QED corrections for massive Bhabha scattering [Penin, 06', Becher, Melnikov, 07']
- Massive QCD factorisation [Mitov, Moch, 06', Wang, Xia, Yang, Ye, 24']

## **This talk:** AsyInt for analytic master integrals at high energies

Several talks at HP2 related to high energies or high  $p_T^H$  by K. Schönwald, B. Campillo, R. Groeber, F. Buccioni, G. Wang, Y. Mo, L. Mai

# Expansion strategies at high energies

- At high energies, SM masses are of a similar order:  $m_t \approx m_W, m_Z, m_H \ll \sqrt{s}$
- Two **fast convergent Taylor expansions**: equal-internal-mass and external-mass expansions  
e.g. convergent rates controlled by  $m_H^2/s < 0.06$  and  $(m_t^2 - m_H^2)/s < 0.01$  for  $\sqrt{s} > 500$  GeV





# High energy expansion of master integrals

1. **Asymptotic expansion:**  $s, t \gg m_t^2$

2. **System of differential equations for Master Integrals** from IBP reduction [[Kira](#)]

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial(m_t^2)} \mathbf{I} = M(s, t, m_t^2, \epsilon) \mathbf{I} \quad \text{with} \quad \mathbf{I} = (\mathcal{I}_1, \dots, \mathcal{I}_N)^T$$

3. Plug in **power-log ansatz** for each master integral

$$\mathcal{I}_n = \sum C_{(n)}^{ijk}(s, t) \epsilon^i [m_t^2]^j [\log(m_t^2)]^k$$

4. Solve **boundary master integrals** in  $m_t^2/s \rightarrow 0$  to higher orders in  $m_t^2$  and  $\epsilon$  using **AsyInt**

# AsyInt toolkit I: generate MB-integral representations

- Two-loop Feynman integral with  $n$  propagators and  $k$  numerators

$$\mathcal{I}_{n,k} = \int \prod_{j=1}^2 dl_j \frac{N_1^{\lambda_1} \dots N_k^{\lambda_k}}{D_1^{1+\delta_1} \dots D_n^{1+\delta_n}}$$

$\delta_i$ : additional **regulators** and **shifts** for dotted propagators (e.g.  $\delta_i \rightarrow \delta_i + 1$ )



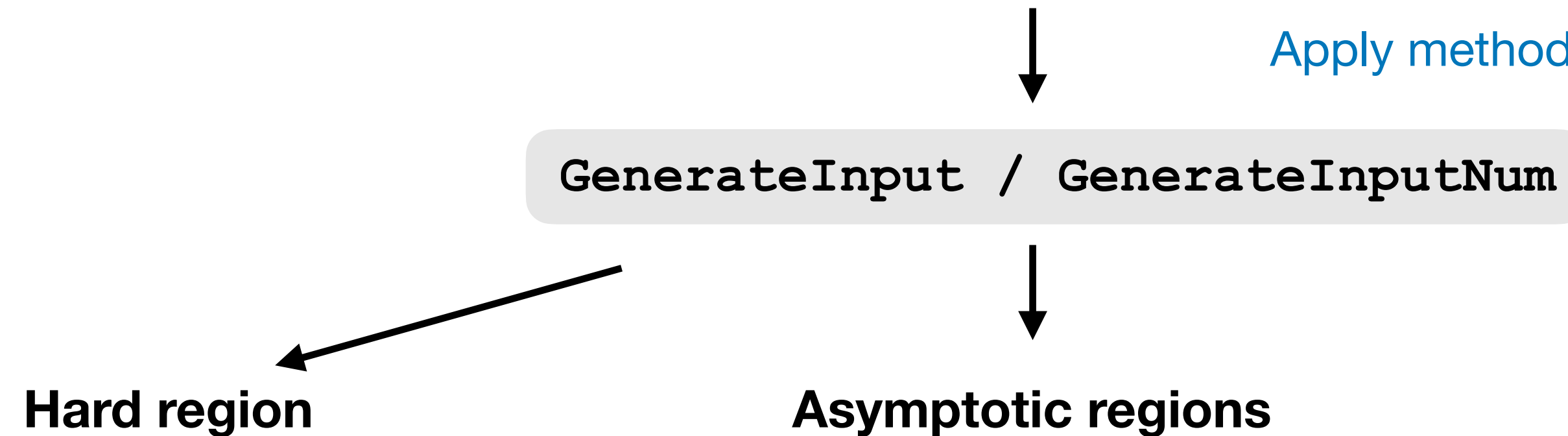
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Apply method-of-region ( $s, t \gg m_t^2$ ) with **asy2.1.m** [Smirnov]

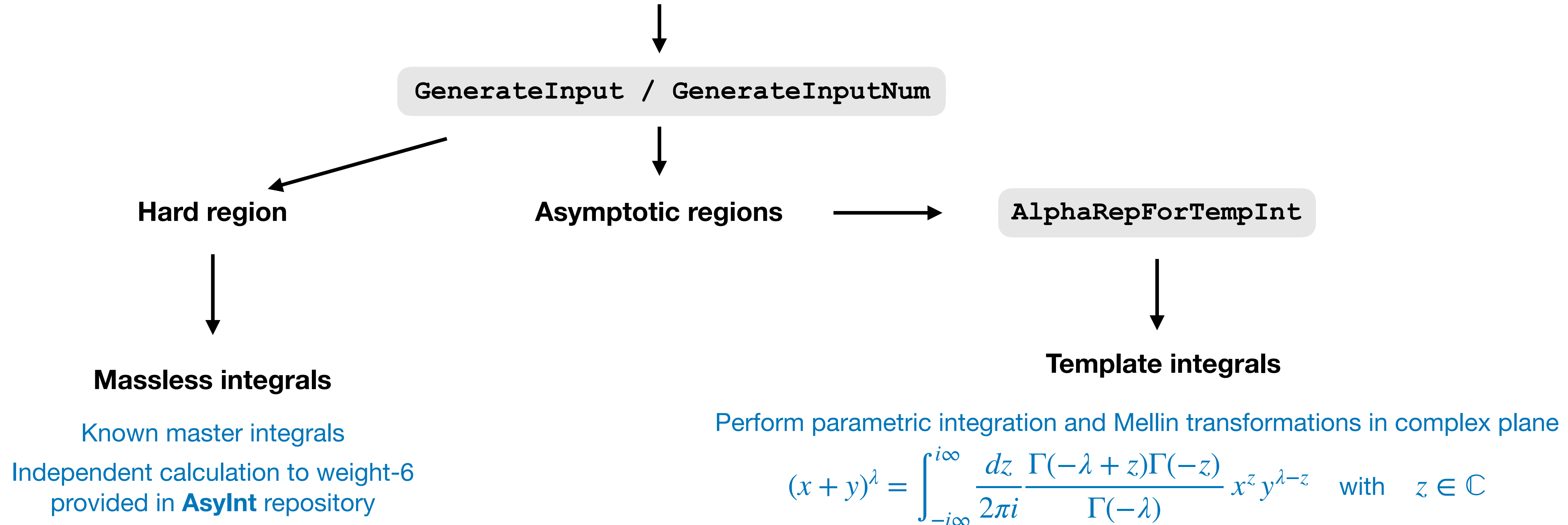


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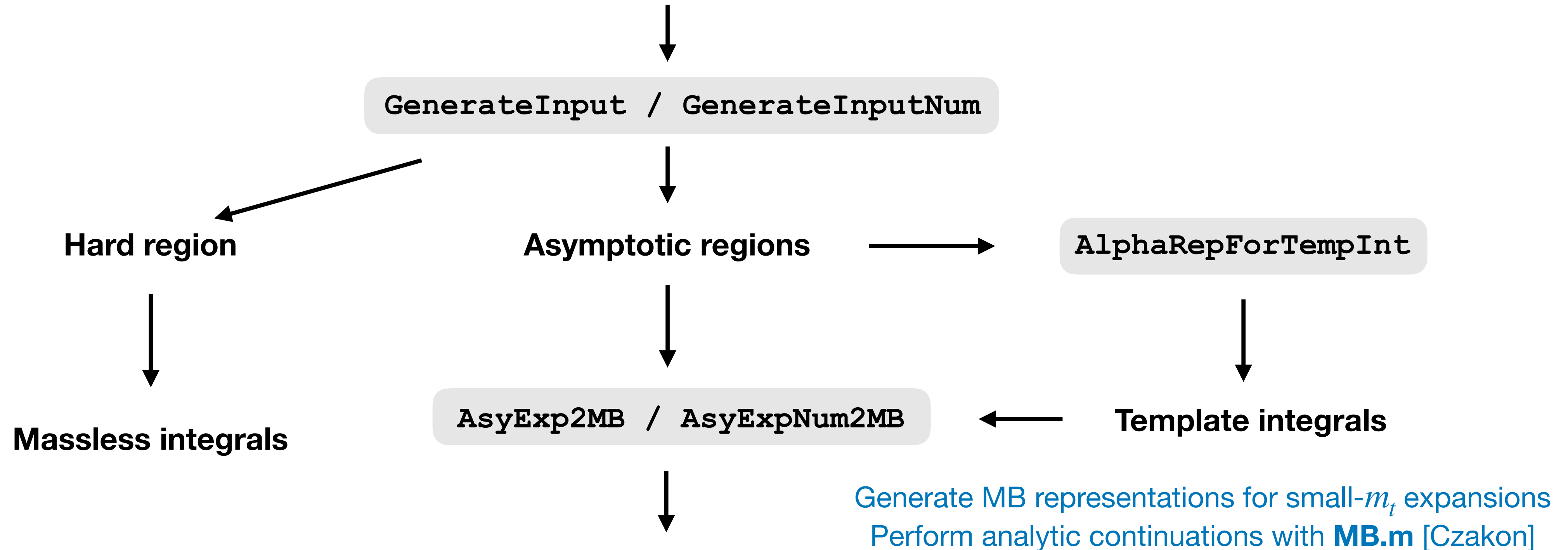


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**Asymptotic Mellin-Barnes integrals to higher orders in  $m_t$  and  $\epsilon$**

$\delta_i$  singularities cancel in sum of all asymptotic regions

# AsyInt toolkit II: solve MB integrals

↓ MB dimensions reduction

**Irreducible MB integrals**

**Numerical Reconstruction**



**AIRecNum1DMB**

**Analytic Summation**

**AI Sum1DMB  
&  
AI Sum2DMB**

Apply PSLQ algorithm given a basis of constants

New constant found in the fully-massive non-planar integral  $NPL_2$

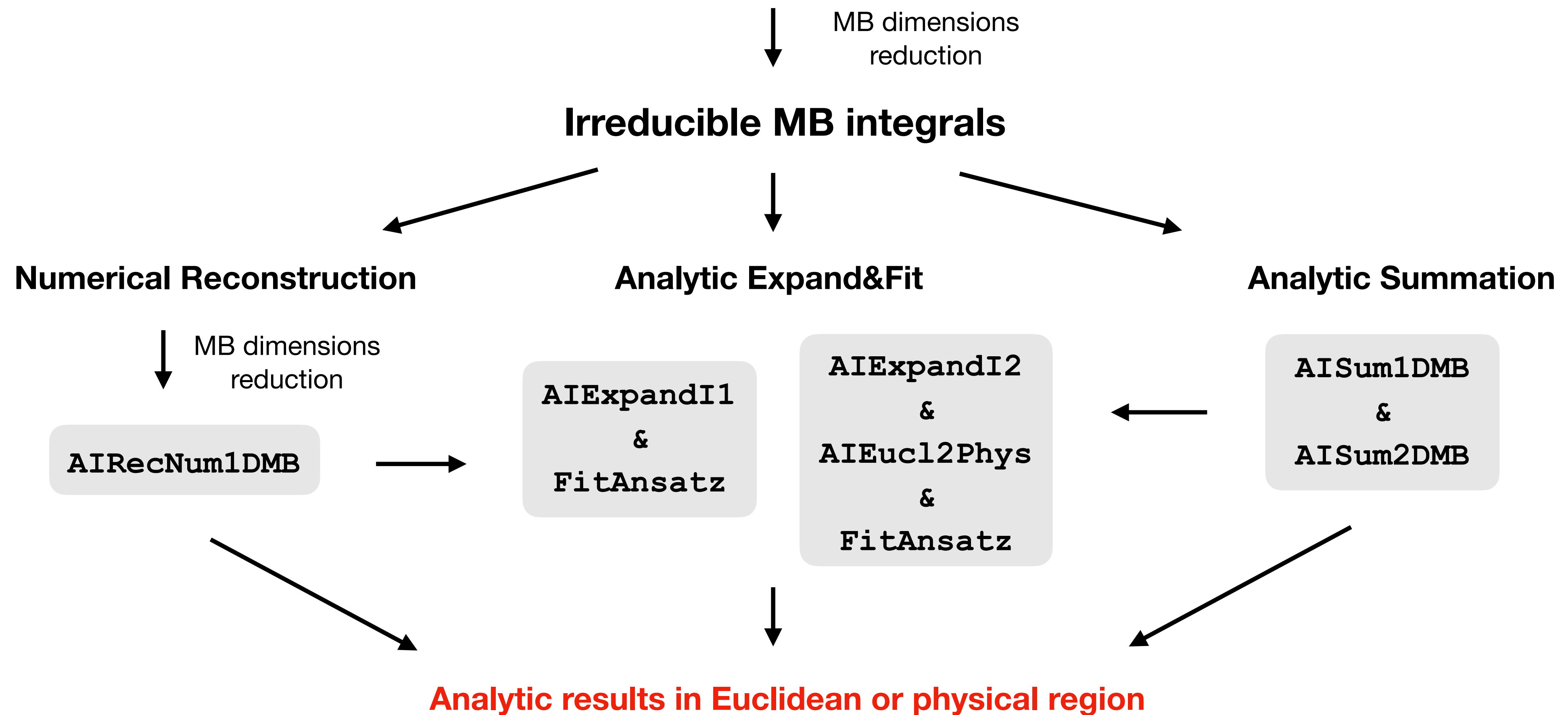
Apply Cauchy theorem and extract residues

If residue series converge and no arc contributions, sum with **HarmonicSums.m** and **Sigma.m** [Ablinger, Schneider]

Probably a weight-2 constant

$$c_Z = \int_0^\infty \frac{d\alpha_1 d\alpha_2}{\sqrt{\alpha_1 \alpha_2 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + 1) (\alpha_2 \alpha_1 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_2)}} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2\Gamma\left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right)^4 \left[ \psi^{(0)}(k+1) - 2\psi^{(0)}\left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \psi^{(0)}(2k+1) \right]}{\pi(k!)^2 \Gamma(2k+1)} = 17.695031908454309764234228747255\dots$$

# AsyInt toolkit II: solve MB integrals



Expand&Fit for complicated irreducible MB integrals

(type-1): 2-dim 1-scale MB integrals with non-vanishing arc contributions

(type-2): 2-dim 2-scale MB integrals

# Analytic Expand&Fit method

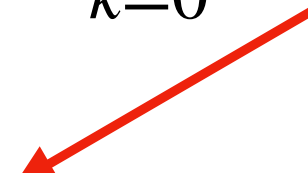
## Mellin-Barnes (MB) integrals with non-vanishing arc

[Davies, Mishima, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang, *JHEP* 08 (2022) 259]

- Close the contour to left or right semi-circle, and sum up residues, e.g.

$$\int_{-i\infty}^{+i\infty} \frac{dz_1}{2\pi i} f(z_1) = - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \text{Res}_{z_1=k} [f(z_1)] - \int_{\text{arc}} \frac{dz_1}{2\pi i} f(z_1) \quad \text{with} \quad f(z_1) = \frac{z_1^8 \Gamma(-z_1)^2 \Gamma(z_1)^2}{(z_1 + 1)^3 (z_1 + 2)^3}$$

$-18\zeta(3) - \frac{3\pi^2}{2} - \frac{21\pi^4}{10} + 240$





# Analytic Expand&Fit method

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$$-18\zeta(3) - \frac{3\pi^2}{2} - \frac{21\pi^4}{10} + 240$$

arc integral non-zero

solve arc contribution by adding auxiliary scale:

$$\int_{\text{arc}} \frac{dz_1}{2\pi i} \xi^{z_1} f(z_1) = - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{k^6}{(1+k)^3 (2+k)^3} \xi^k \log(\xi) \stackrel{\xi \rightarrow 1}{=} -1$$

# Analytic Expand&Fit method

## Mellin-Barnes (MB) integrals with non-vanishing arc

[Davies, Mishima, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang, *JHEP* 08 (2022) 259]

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## Expand&Fit method [Zhang, 2407.12107]

- for 2-dim 1-scale MB integral with nested non-vanishing arc contributions

$$\int \frac{dz_1}{2\pi i} \frac{dz_2}{2\pi i} \left( \frac{-t}{-s} \right)^{z_1} f(\Gamma, \psi^{(i)}; z_1, z_2) \Rightarrow \text{HPLs}$$

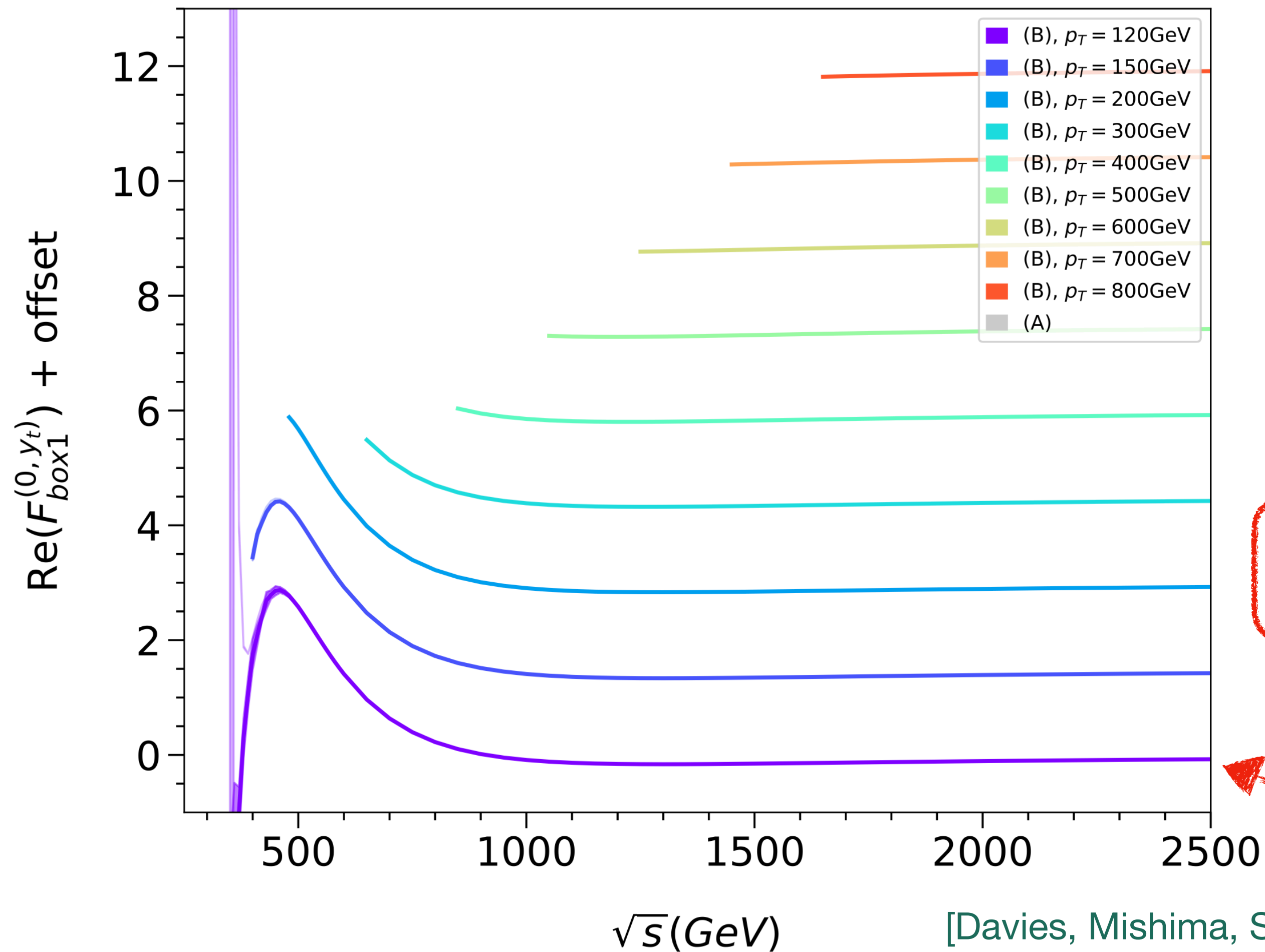
- for 2-dim 2-scale MB integral in non-planar diagrams

$$\int \frac{dz_1}{2\pi i} \frac{dz_2}{2\pi i} \left( \frac{-t}{-s} \right)^{z_1} \left( \frac{-u}{-s} \right)^{z_2} f(\Gamma, \psi^{(i)}; z_1, z_2) \Rightarrow \text{HPLs}$$

- (1). Expand in  $(-t) \rightarrow 0$  limit to more than a hundred terms
- (2). Solve expanded MB integrals exactly
- (3). Reconstruct analytic results with ansatz in Euclidean region (for planar integrals) or in physical region (with analytic continuation for non-planar integrals)

# A demanding scenario for high energy expansion

Two-loop Yukawa correction to  $gg \rightarrow HH$ : heavy three-particle cuts  $2m_t + m_H \approx 470$  GeV



$$\mathcal{A}^{\mu\nu} = T_1^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{F}_1 + T_2^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{F}_2$$

$$p_T^H = \sqrt{\frac{ut - m_H^4}{s}}$$

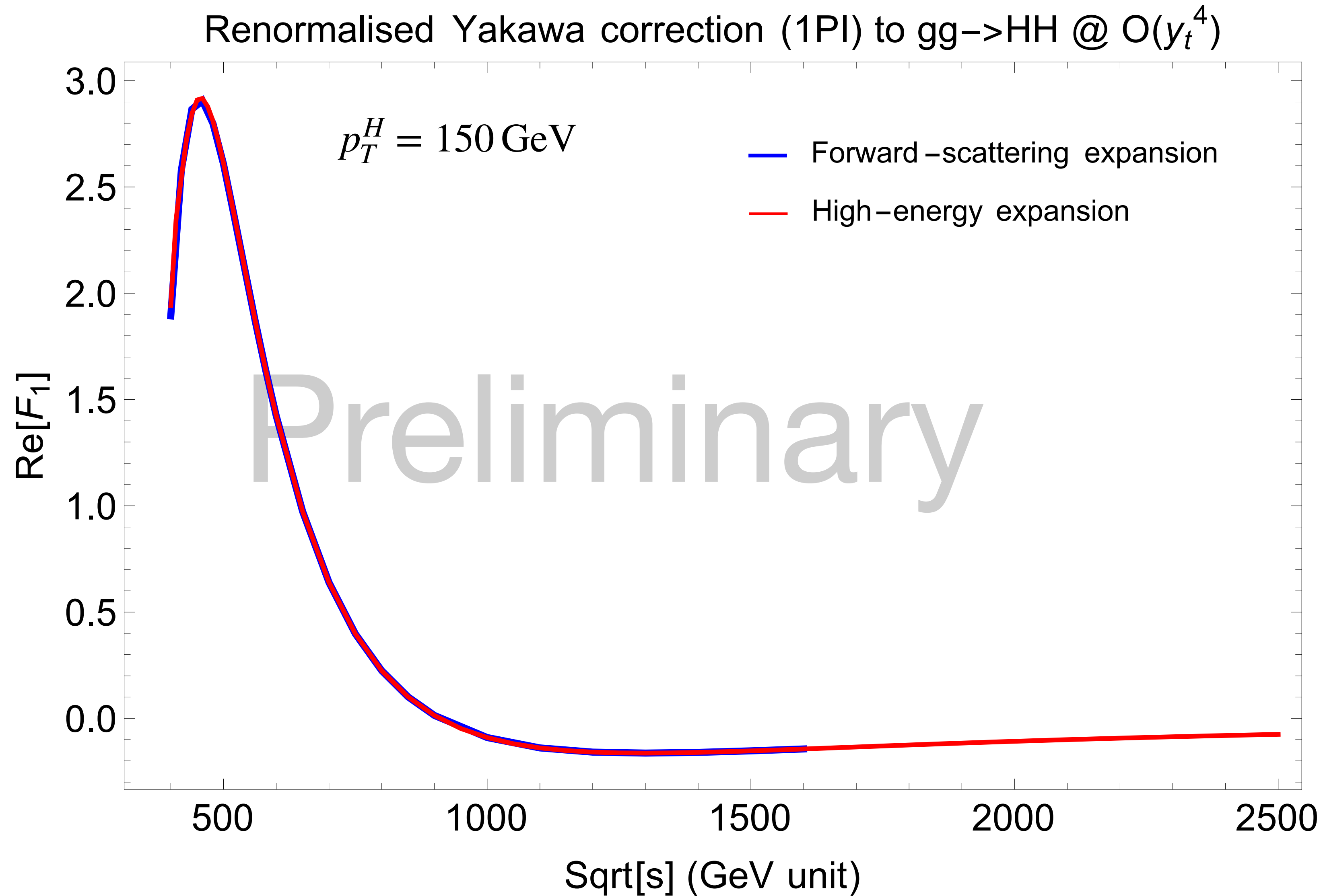
**Padé improved** high energy expansions converge even at  $p_T^H = 120$  GeV

[Davies, Mishima, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang, *JHEP* 08 (2022) 259]

Padé improved equal-mass  $\delta$  expansions in  $m_t^2 \approx (m_H^{\text{int}})^2$  using high-energy MIs expanded to  $\mathcal{O}(m_t^{116})$

# Combination of forward-scattering and H.E. expansions

Two-loop Yukawa correction to  $gg \rightarrow HH$



$$\mathcal{A}^{\mu\nu} = T_1^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{F}_1 + T_2^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{F}_2^{\mu\nu}$$

$$p_T^H = \sqrt{\frac{ut - m_H^4}{s}}$$

Highest available expansion terms are used

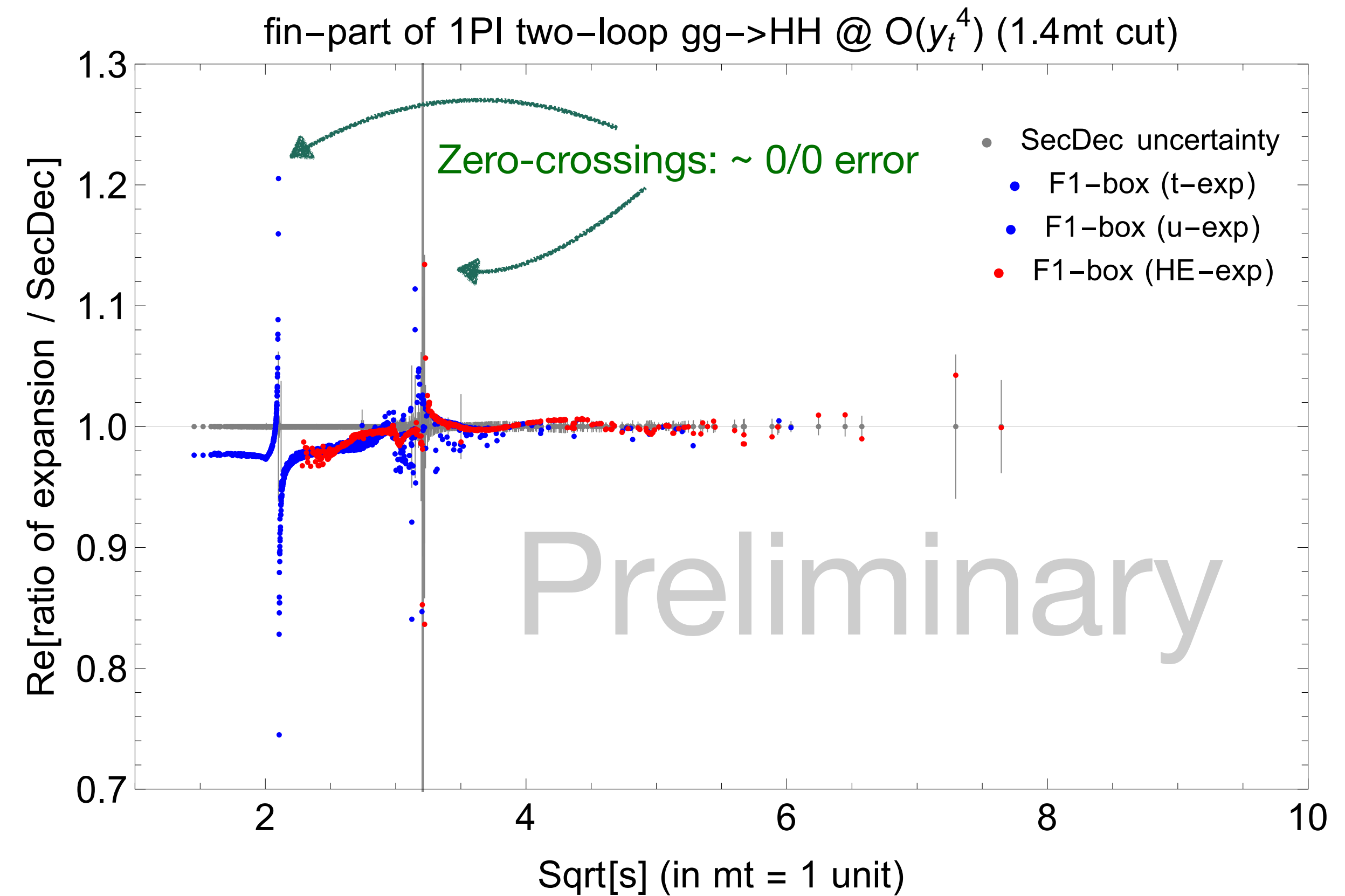
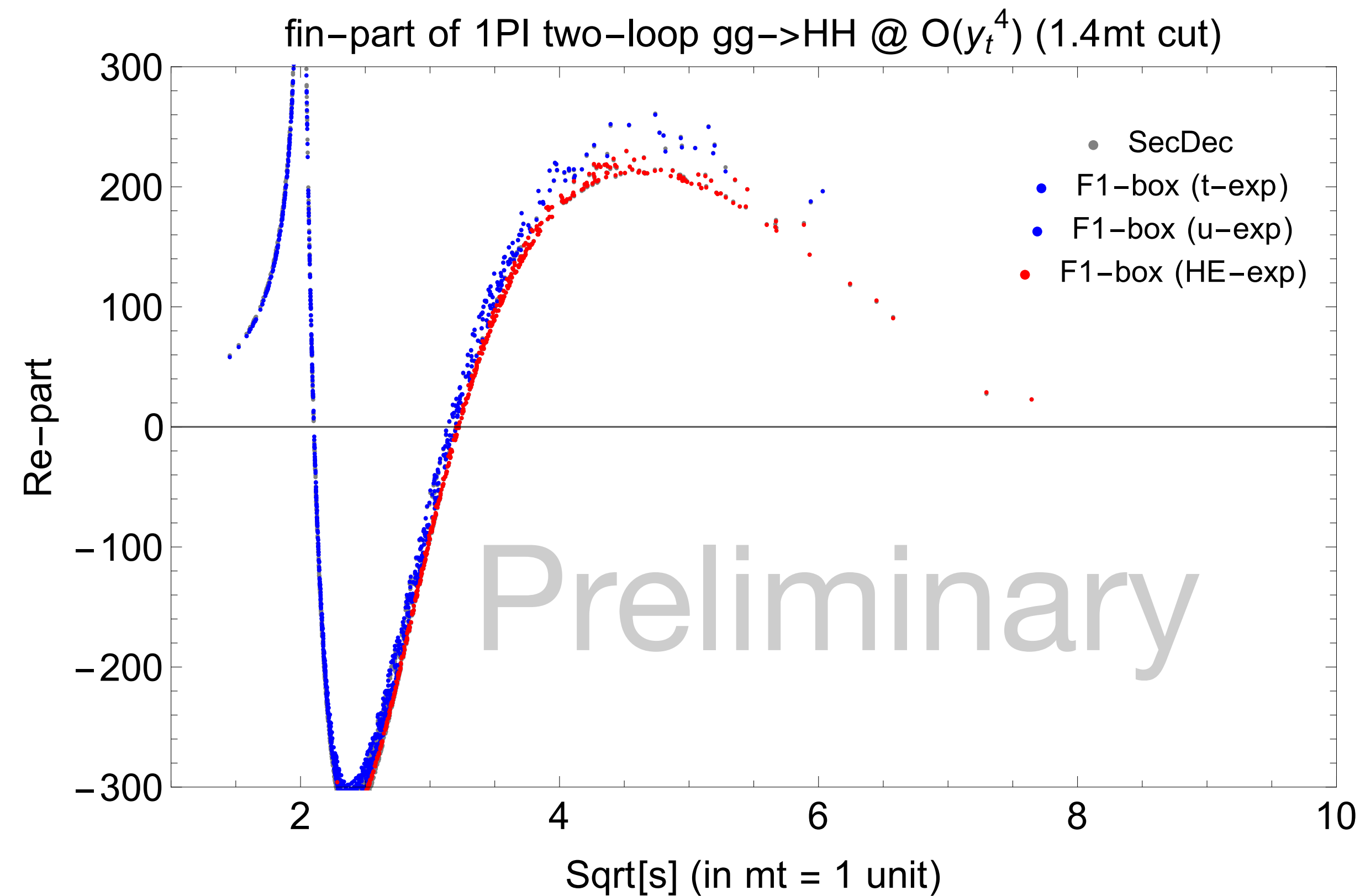
[On forward-scattering expansion, see talks by K. Schönwald and R. Groeber]

# Comparison to SecDec numerical results

## Two-loop Yukawa correction to $gg \rightarrow HH$

Finite part of bare two-loop form factor comparison to SecDec group

[Heinrich, Jones, Kerne, Stone, Vestner, 2407.04653]



**High-energy expansion agree perfectly with SecDec results**

Forward-scattering expansion under improvement



# Conclusions

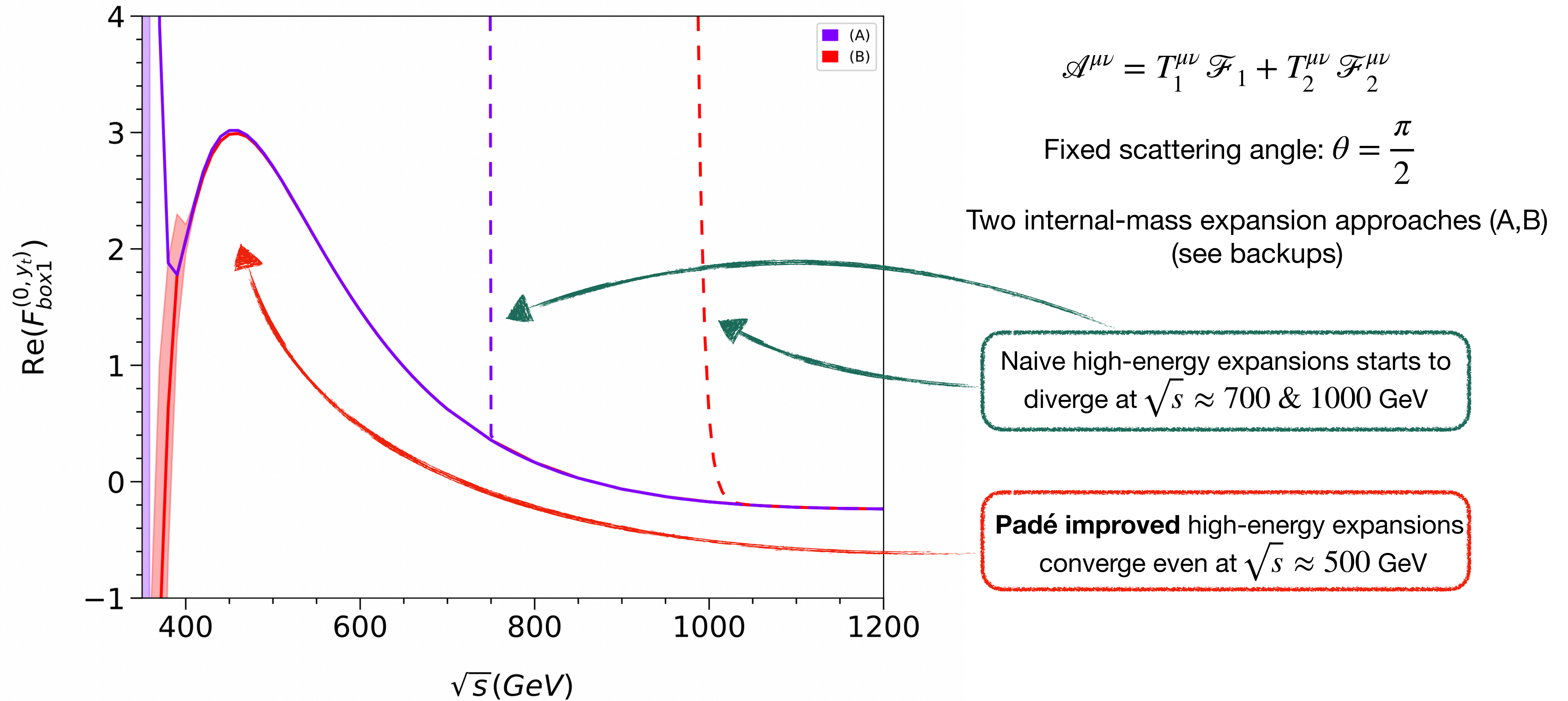
- **AsyInt** released in [\[2407.12107\]](#)
  - Toolbox for analytic massive two-loop four-point Feynman integrals at high energies
  - Download at: <https://gitlab.com/asyint/asyint-public>
- High-energy expansion works perfectly for a demanding scenario for two-loop leading Yukawa corrections to  $gg \rightarrow HH$  [\[JHEP 08 \(2022\) 259\]](#)
  - Matches forward-scattering expansion down to  $p_T = 150$  GeV
  - Matches SecDec group's numerical results



# Backup Slides

# High energy expansion @ NLO Yukawa

[Davies, Mishima, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang, *JHEP* 08 (2022) 259]

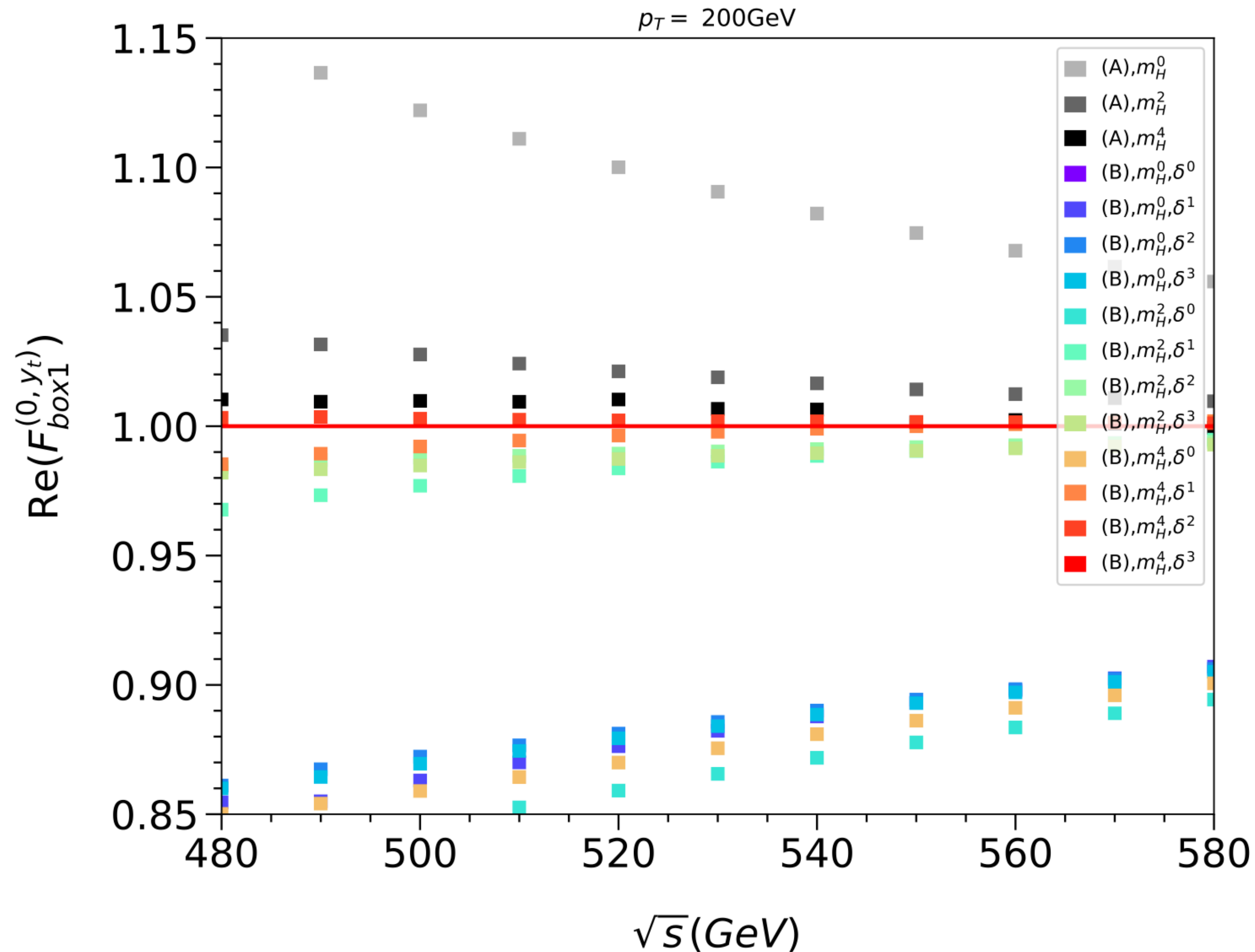


**Solid color lines:** Padé improved results using MIs from  $\mathcal{O}(m_t^{116})$  in two expansion approaches

**Dashed color lines:** Naive expansions at high energies to  $\mathcal{O}(m_t^{116})$

# Convergence of H.E. expansions for $gg \rightarrow HH$ form factors

[Davies, Mishima, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang, *JHEP* 08 (2022) 259]



$$\mathcal{A}^{\mu\nu} = T_1^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{F}_{\text{box1}} + T_2^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{F}_{\text{box2}}$$

The benchmark is expansion at  $\mathcal{O}\left(m_{H(\text{ext})}^4, \delta^3, m_t^{116}\right)$ .

$$\delta = 1 - \frac{m_H^{(\text{int})}}{m_t}$$

**Color points:** Convergence plot of different expansion orders by ratios to the benchmark at fixed  $p_T^H = 200$  GeV.