

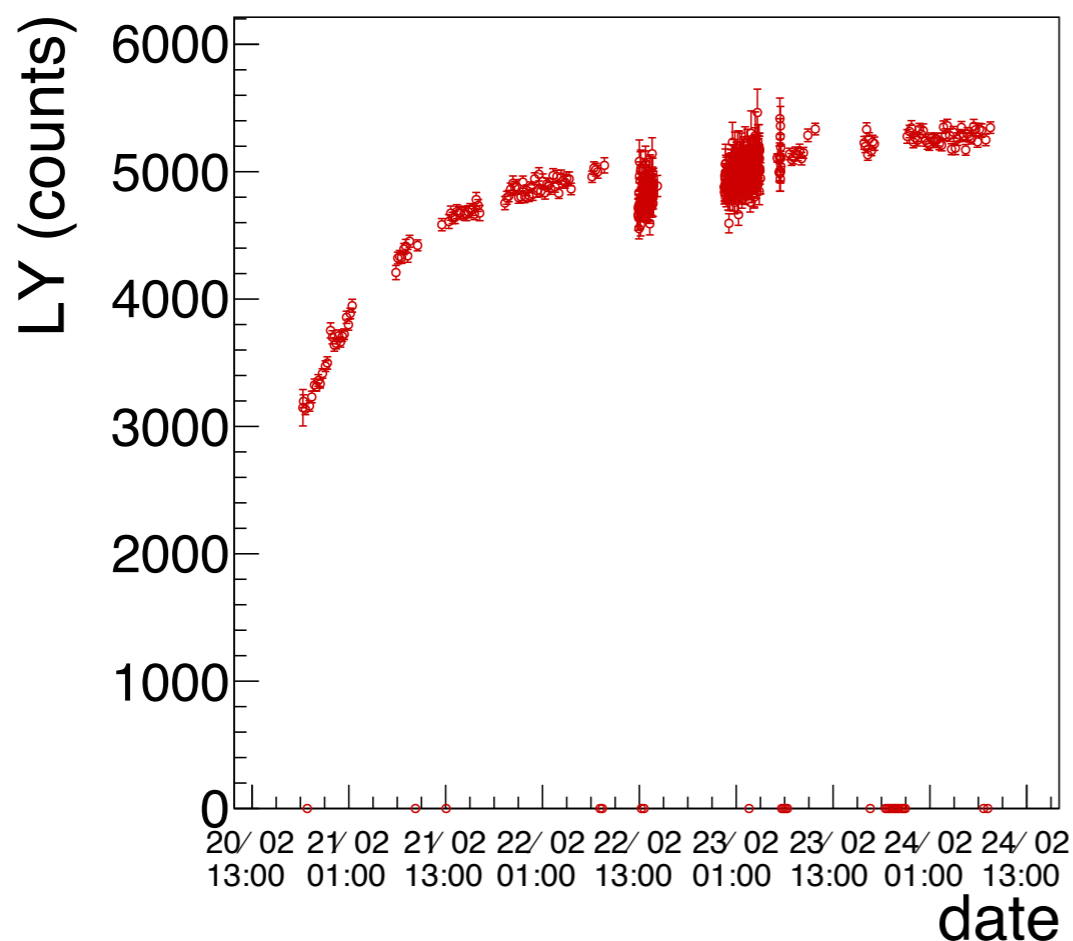


LIME light yield in Run2 using recent HV and z scans

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- During past week (Feb 20-24, 2023) data taking with increased gas flow (20 l/h)
 - during the low gas flow (2 l/h) period, observed a much reduced LY wrt Run1:
 - 0.55 ph/eV wrt the 1.3 ph/eV of end of Run1 at same $V_{GEM} = 420 V$ (see last week presentation)
- From the data with fixed HV after the increased gas flow a steady increase of the LY of a factor almost 2, approaching a plateau in ~4 days



$$V_{GEM1} = 420 V$$

$$V_{GEM2} = 420 V$$

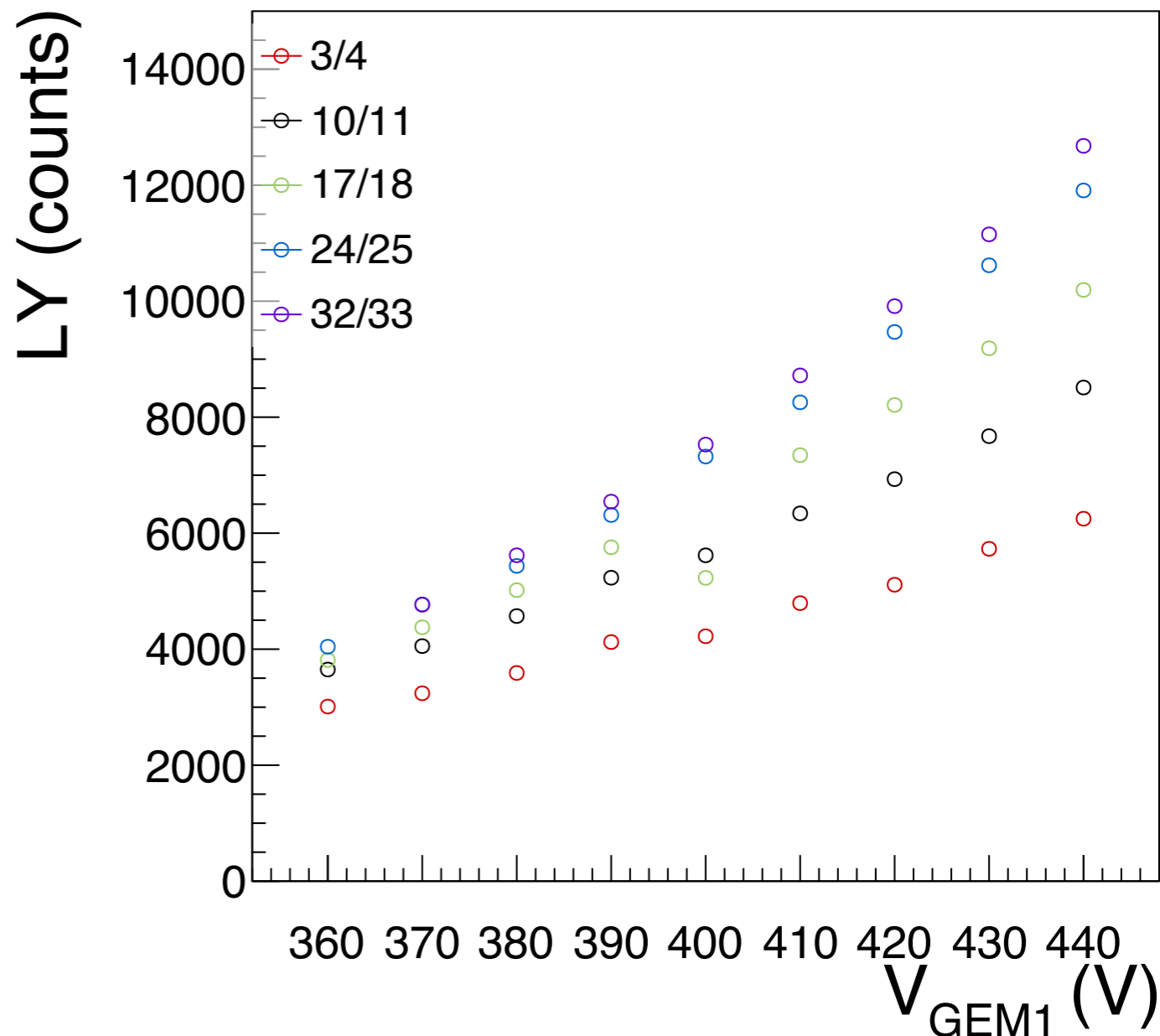
$$V_{GEM3} = 420 V$$

$$\text{flow} = 20 \text{ l/h}$$

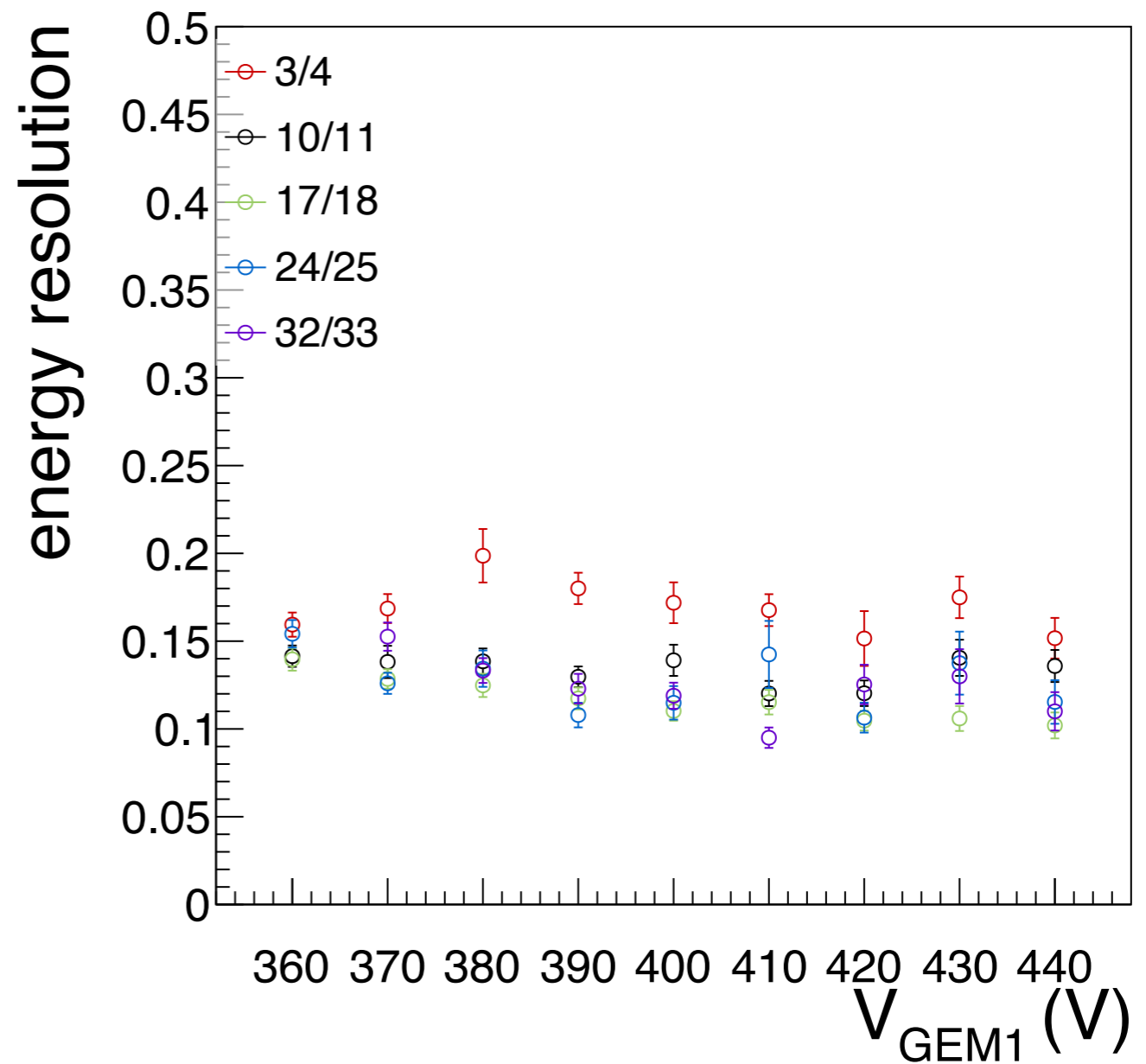
- “3/4” means z within 3th and 4th ring, etc. (3/4 ~ closest to the GEMs - most saturated point, 32/33 ~ farthest from the GEM)

At HV=440 V => $LY_{z-max} \approx 1.4 \times 10^4$

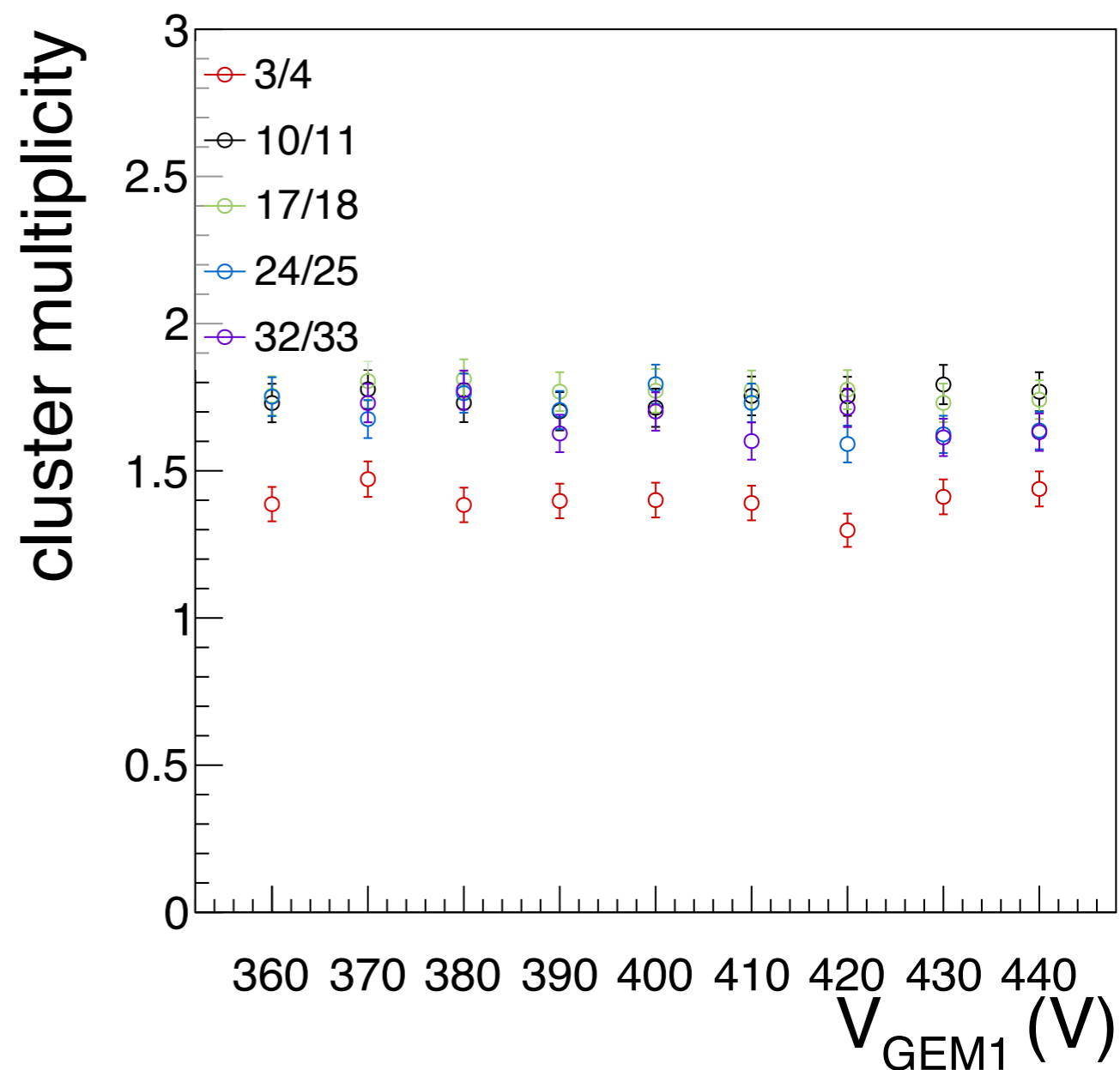
- higher than at LNF (was $\approx 8 \times 10^3$)
- no frequent discharges observed, so used this as golden condition:
 - flux = 20 l/h
 - HV(GEM) = 440 V



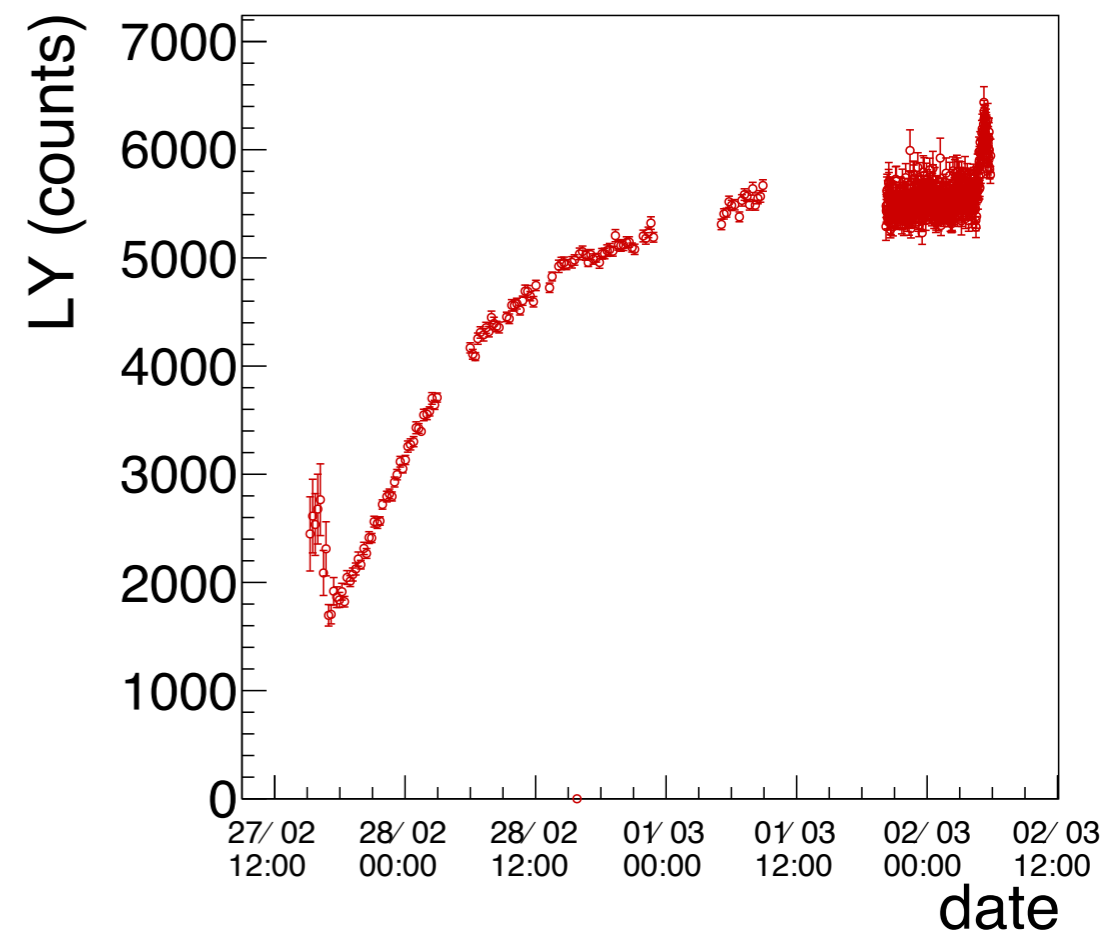
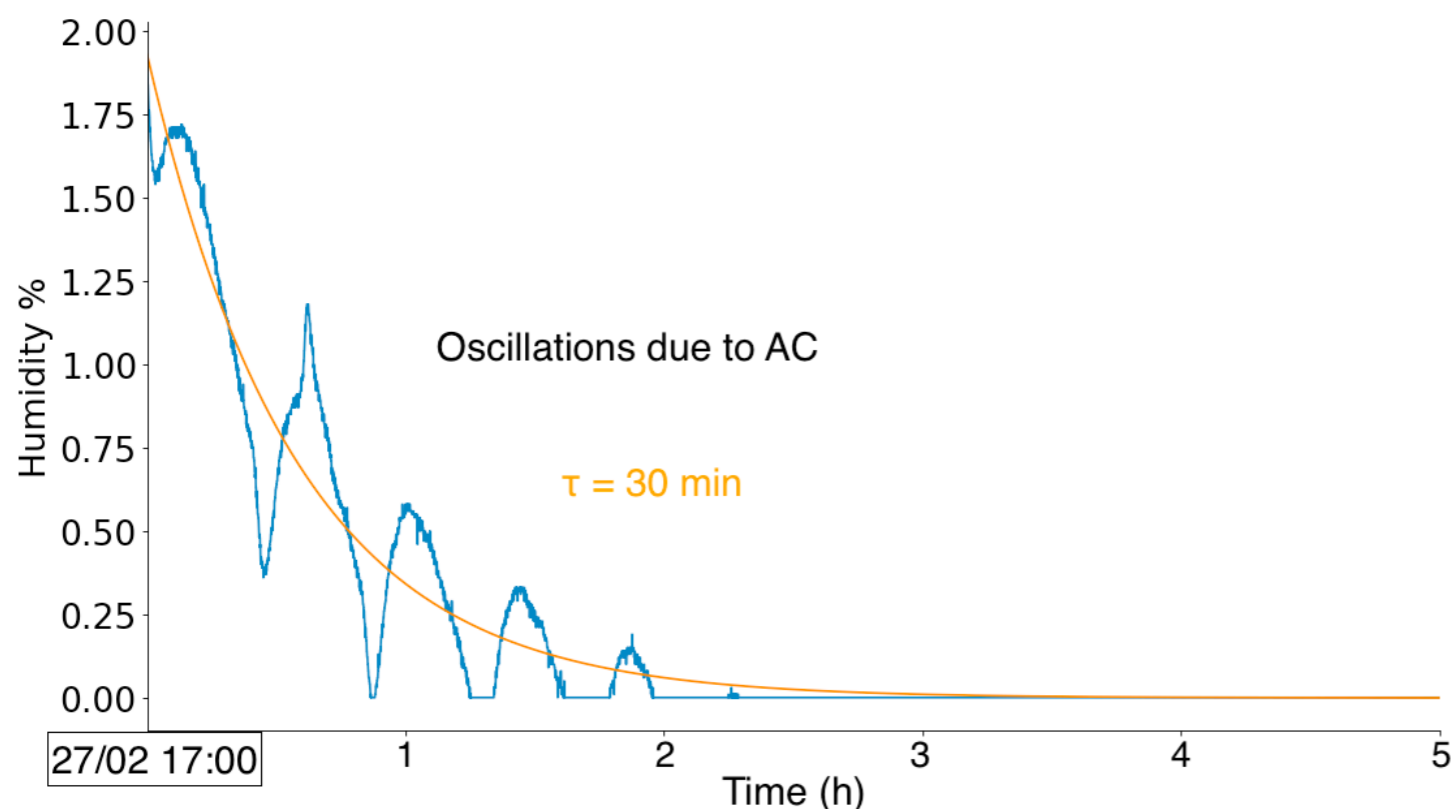
- Apart the highly saturated point, at any z the raw cluster energy resolution is between 12-15%
- I will try to use this data to train a new regression
 - different HV settings needed to different energy values)



- Average number / image of clusters within $R=800$ pixels from the center with $L < 5$ cm and loosely compatible with a round spot
 - average ~ 1.7 clusters / 300 ms ~ 5.7 Hz
 - efficiency constant down to low LY (i.e. down to low energy?)
- Worth investigating how low we can go before starting losing efficiency ?



- During weekend of Feb 26 there has been a gas problem, with pressure rapidly decreasing. On Monday, restored the 20 l/h gas flux and HV=420 V.
- LY started again low and steadily recovered with time



- The decrease in the humidity (which is negligible both in the measurement and from extrapolation when the measurement was significative) does not explain the LY increase
 - humidity is constantly 0 after 27/02 ~ 20:00, but LY increases smoothly afterwards