# FCC-ee Detector Full Simulation Implementation

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- Software ecosystem
- Status of detector implementation
- Detector studies
  - Status of full simulation
  - Status of reconstruction and Analysis
- Summary



• Key4hep software stack, see J. Carceller talk tomorrow

- Key4hep software stack
- Data format is EDM4hep
- Detector Geometry built by DD4hep
  - Central repository for geometry: k4geo
  - The geometry is always fed to the simulation as a DD4hep detector description
  - CAD designs are translated by DD4hep before running the simulation





Event data Detector Geometry

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Generator	Ž
	Event data Detector Geometr



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  - > Several repositories for reconstruction
- Dedicated framework for analysis





### Status of detector implementation



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  - IDEA and ALLEGRO share inner subdetectors
  - Beam pipe is common to all

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ALLEGRO

- Subdetectors can be interchanged, e. g.
  - IDEA and ALLEGRO share inner subdetectors
  - Beam pipe is common to all
- Many people behind each subdetector



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Beam pipe



A. Ciarma

- Beam pipe is common to all detectors
  - DD4hep implementation based on CAD design [link]
  - Study of shielding efficiency is ongoing

3D view screening solenoid QC1 Lumical QC1 100 mrad - 15 25 25

- Lumical is a W-Si detector coming from ILD
  - Upgrades are ongoing (J. Jallberg, M. Dam)
- See M. Boscolo talk for further details about the mechanical design



### CLIC Like Detector, CLD



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- The main components are:
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  - > Highly granular calorimeters
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  - Coil, surrounds calorimeter systems
- More details in A. Sailer presentation tomorrow





- There are plans to use CLD as a test bed for full simulation studies
  - Various tracking algorithms and layout studies (see L. Reichenbach presentation)
  - Optimization of the tracker geometry driven by the impact on tracking and vertexing resolution and flavor tagging (G. Sadowski, Z. El Bitar, J. Andrea)



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- Version of CLD with ALLEGRO ECAL, see S. Sasikumar presentation
  - Current aim is to study particle flow based on Marlin Pandora PFA
  - Pandora requires information about the material properties of the calorimeter, e.g., radiation length, interaction length, and dimension of the reconstruction algorithm
  - The end goal is to develop a native version of Pandora in key4hep

### CLD option with ARC



- New option of CLD to accommodate ARC subdetector (A. Tolosa-Delgado) [link]
- Array of RICH Cells (ARC) is a Cerenkov-based detector
- RICH detectors are suitable for particle identification at high momentum
- Work in geometry optimization, digitization and reconstruction algorithms is ongoing





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- A lot of activity ongoing, many subdetectors are ready or well advanced
  - Silicon-based vertex detector
  - Short-drift, ultra-light wire chamber
  - Dual-readout calorimeter
  - Thin and light solenoid coil inside the calorimeter system



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#### IDEA. Vertex Detector

- Detector description available from k4geo
- Realistic description of sensors
- Proxy volumes for complex structures (e.g. truss)
- Some support structures are built from CAD design directly
- Lower limit of material budget
- Details about the design will be given tomorrow by F. Palla
- Digitization algorithm in key4hep is ready, reconstruction is still based on Marlin & LCIO data format
- Silicon wrapper subdetector, between the ECAL and Drift chamber, is built by the same detector-type as the Vertex









#### IDEA. Drift Chamber

- Ultra-light Drift Chamber, 1-5% X<sub>0</sub>
- Tracking efficiency close to 100%
- Angular coverage of 97%  $4\pi$
- Geometry description in DD4hep is available, being fine-tuned
- Elemental volume results from intersection of a hyperboloid with rotated tube segment
- F. M. Procacci will overview the status of this subdetector on a dedicated talk later today, together with the last updates on mechanical simulation studies.











# IDEA. Drift Chamber. PID capabilities



- Smearing the hit positions in local coordinate is ready as part of the digitization process
- Reconstruction algorithm is under development
- Improved PID by cluster-counting technique [arXiv]
  - Energy loss, separation ~2.5%
  - Plus cluster counting ~4.2%
- See W. Elmetenawee presentation for further details about the cluster counting technique and the derived PID based on it





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### IDEA. Fiber-based Dual Readout Calorimeter

- Full-scale 4π projective geometry
- Detector description ready, PR292 in k4geo
- Dedicated fast simulation for optical photons transport
- External library that reproduce the SiPM sensor response already included in key4hep stack
- Preliminary results of the full workflow as standalone
- Work is ongoing
  - "Bucatini" module has been tested at SPS [arXiv], to be implemented in DD4hep
  - Advanced reconstruction using ML, see A. D'Onofrio presentation



#### S. H. Ko, S. Kim







#### IDEA. Crystal-based Dual Readout Calorimeter

- Crystal-based calorimeter would provide better EM resolution than fiberbased plus longitudinal segmentation [JINST 2020]
- Detector description ready in DD4hep
- Currently working on digitization and reconstruction
- R&D working on new materials [cds]

High granularity Fiber-based Hybrid crystal Si/W ECAL and dual-readout and dual-readout scintillator based HCAL calorimeter calorimeter N. of longitudinal layers > 405 1  $25-100 \text{ mm}^2$  $100 \, \text{mm}^2$ ECAL cell cross-section  $2-144 \text{ mm}^2$ 400-2500 mm<sup>2</sup>  $100-900 \text{ mm}^2$ HCAL cell cross-section  $10-15\%/\sqrt{E}$  $\approx 3\%/\sqrt{E}$  $15-25\%/\sqrt{E}$ EM energy resolution  $45-55\%/\sqrt{E}$  $25-30\%/\sqrt{E}$  $\approx 25-30\%/\sqrt{E}$ HAD energy resolution

From Geant4 standalone study [JINST 2022]



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W. Chung



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#### IDEA. Muon detectors

- Based on uRWELL, a novel single amplification stage Micro-Pattern Gas Detector
- Each uRWELL chamber is 50 x 50 cm<sup>2</sup>
- Chambers are grouped in 3 layers of barrel\* and endcap\*\*
- The layers are placed between layers of the iron yoke that closes the magnetic field
- Simple geometry ready, implementation based on single chambers it is on the way
- Current work focus on digitization, which simulates the efficiency, fake rate (noise) and resolution according to the R&D results









#### A Lepton coLlider Experiment with highly GRanular calorimetry Read-Out

- Vertex detector and drift chamber are adapted from IDEA ones
- Noble liquid-based ECAL
- TileCal as HCAL
- Solenoid between the ECAL and HCAL



# ALLEGRO. Noble liquid-based ECAL



- Implementation of the barrel is ready, and there is a new team working on the endcap implementation with a turbine-like geometry
- Optimization of granularity is ongoing
- New cell segmentation readout in theta is ready (G. Marchiori)
- TopoClustering algorithm [arXiv] is available for the new segmentation in theta
- Noise generation algorithms have to be updated for this new segmentation
- Performance studies to assess the position and energy resolution are being carried out



Endcap geometry, being implemented by E. Varnes and Prof. J. P. Rutherfoord (University of Arizona (US))



# ALLEGRO. TileCal



- Implementation of HCAL barrel is ready, endcap geometry is being optimized (J. Faltova)
- Combined ECAL+HCAL barrels now under study
  - Optimization of material/geometry
  - Implemented benchmark calibration to calibrate energy deposits to hadronic scale (at the cell level)
  - Sliding window (SW) clustering algorithm works for ECAL+HCAL
  - TopoClustering algorithm works for stand alone ECAL/HCAL, and it is being developed to work with the combination of both
- Ongoing effort for calibration based on MVA (NN) point to better performance (energy resolution and energy response)
- The next steps include as well performance studies, which measure the impact of electronics noise, jet energy scale and resolution, H/W/Z mass resolution

#### M. Mlynarikova



# Ancillary steps in the detector fullsim workflow



- In order to test robustness of the simulation studies and their conclusions, more realistic conditions have to be implemented:
  - Overlay of full simulation output with background from the machine, see
    D. Ntounis presentation about background production
    - Some subdetectors like the IDEA Drift Chamber require more advance studies than simple detector occupancy estimation
  - Regarding the interaction point,
    - some features like Lorentz boost due to the crossing angle and EM field map are already implemented,
    - other features like vertex position offset and its smearing and beam energy spread have to be implemented in key4hep
- We need to validate our simulation (detector description, physics, etc) with test beam data



- Detector description is centralized in k4geo repository [link]
- A lot of activity ongoing, from detector description to new algorithms for digitization, reconstruction and performance studies
- New software developments driven by detector requirements, like new detector segmentations or implementation of fast simulation for optical photon transport
- Contributions are warmly welcomed
- We are willing to provide support (FCC forum, github, mail)

#### Backup slides



- GDML is a file format intended for the interchange of geometries [link]
- Geant4, ROOT and DD4hep can read/write geometries in GDML formats
- DD4hep provides the tool geoConverted, which can convert DD4hep detector description to GDML

geoConverter -input mydetector.xml -o mydetector.gdml -compact2gdml

- Further details can be found in the section 2.15.2 of DD4hep the manual [link]
- That GDML file can be fed to a Geant4 stand alone application, as it is shown in a dedicated example [link] found under the directory

\$G4INSTALL/share/Geant4/examples/extended/geometry/vecGeomNavigation/