SECOND ECFA WORKSHOP on e+e-Higgs / Electroweak / Top Factories

FOCUS TOPIC "BSM TOP (DECAY)"

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Inputs: Kaustubh Agashe, Sagar Airen, Kevin Mota

OCT 11TH 2023, PAESTUM

ECFA-WG1-SRCH: ALEKSANDER FILIP ZARNECKI, REBECA GONZALEZ SUAREZ, ROBERTO FRANCESCHINI







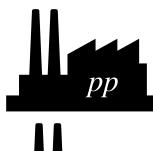
Top quark and BSM

why top is a necessary part of the future collider program(s)

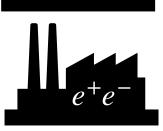
- the top quark plays a role in all scenarios of physics beyond the SM that try to dynamically explain the size of the EW scale
- the top quark is an "outstanding" flavor, being the only quark with "regular" size Yukawa in the SM (and larger than the rest by more than one order of magnitude)
- as an outstanding flavor it could even be a "portal" to new physics, e.g. "dark" may be a flavor after all

The most obvious way to study the top quark is to produce it in large numbers

⇒ Make a Top factory



 $\sigma_{pp o t \bar t} \simeq 1$ nb at 14 TeV means 10 9 top quarks per ab $^{-1}$ at HL-LHC



 $\sigma_{e^+e^- o t\bar t}\simeq 1$ pb at 0.365 TeV means 106 top quarks per ab $^{-1}$ at the top factory

obvious complementarities,

- where the HL-LHC suffers too busy events the top factory can shine
- where the top factory lacks statistics the HL-LHC can supply

also "single" production modes can bring very useful info

$$pp \rightarrow t + X$$
 e.g. can measure weak couplings $e^+e^- \rightarrow tq$ can probe top quark contact interactions (even at energies below the top quark pair threshold)

also "boosted" production modes can bring very useful info

$$pp o tt$$
 still O(pb) for $p_{T,top} \ge 500$ GeV at LHC14 $pp o ttj$ still O(pb) for $p_{T,iet} \ge 500$ GeV at LHC14

also "associated" production modes can bring very useful info $pp \to ttZ, tth$ unique routes to access couplings weak and Yukawa couplings

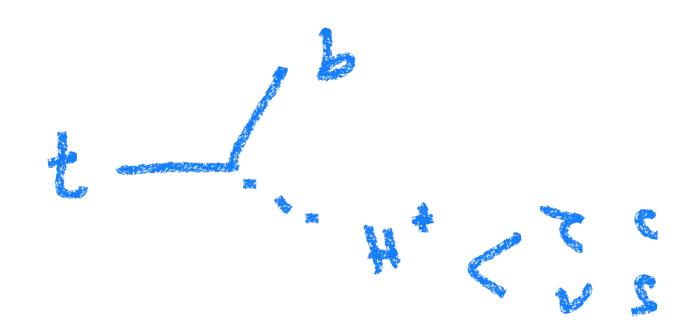
very articulated field with lots of cross-talk between pp and e^+e^-

Top quark decay

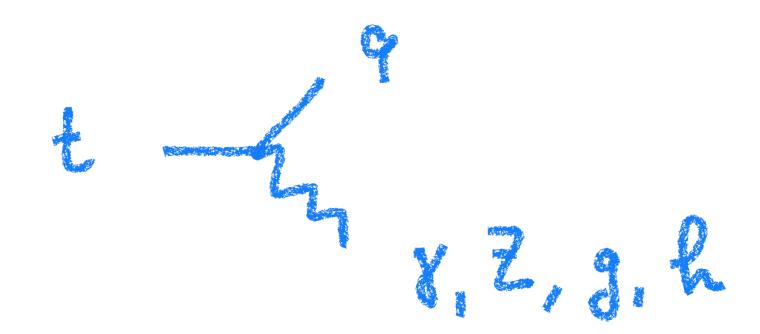
Traditional topic for top factories is the possibility of BSM decays

Especially when the direct reach was limited (e.g. LEP and TeVatron times) the top quark might have been our "window" to new physics

e.g. $t \to H^+ b$ in MSSM or general 2HDM



e.g. $t \rightarrow Vq$ in MSSM or general 2HDM and many other models



Such light H^+ is hardly tenable* these days. The possibility of flavor violation, instead, is more subtle.

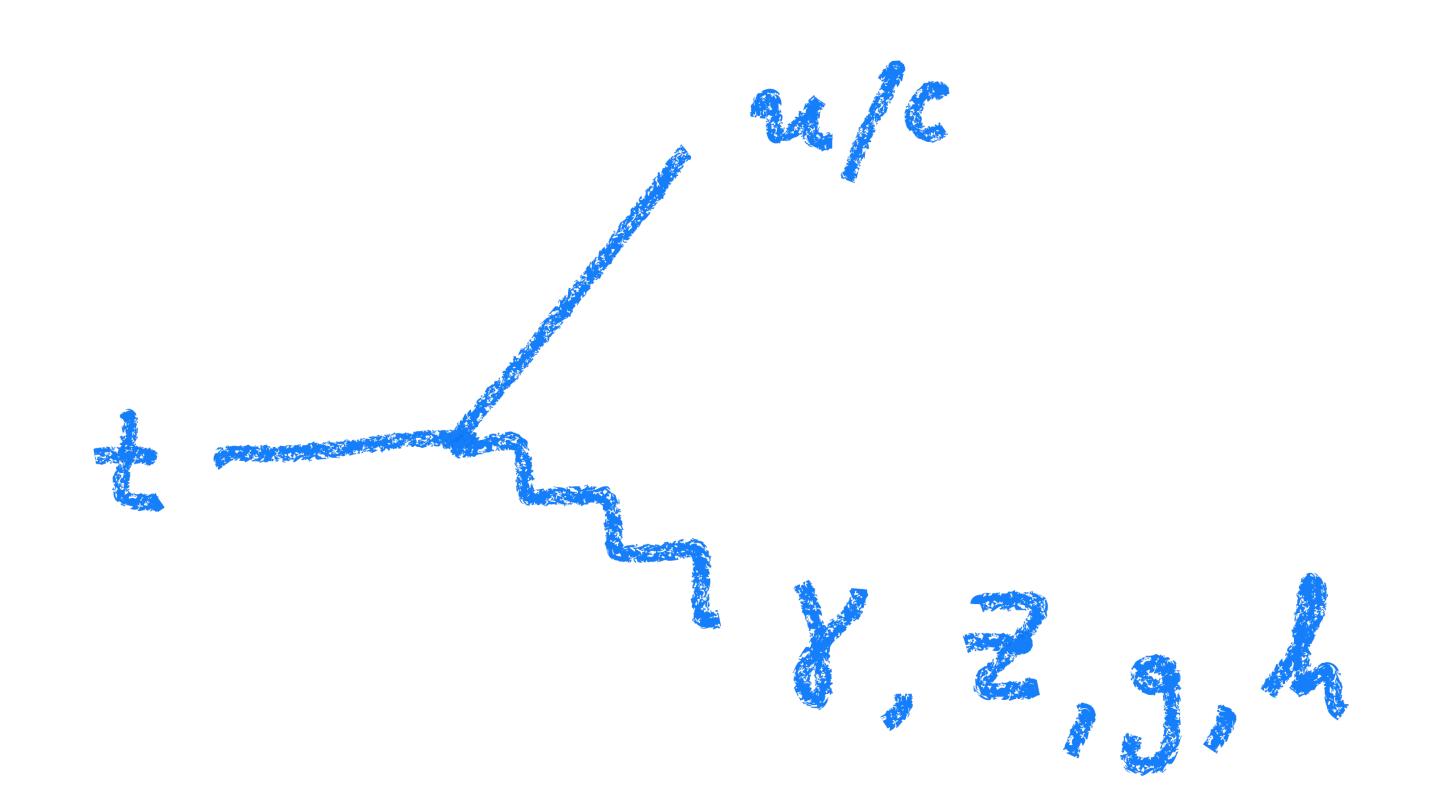
BSM decays of the top quark

Focus Topic "EXtt"

- Update of the tenable FCNC BR incorporating direct searches for the microscopic BSM states that mediate flavor changing transitions, e.g. squarks
- Identification of more general patterns of BSM decay of the top quark in light of recent model building and of the new constraints
- Identification of blindspots for the LHC, ideally pursuing both signature-driven and model-driven routes
- Establishing the sensitivity of experiments at the top factory with realistic detector treatment (Delphes via KEY4HEP)
- Establishing connection with other stages of the HET program (e.g. single top production at 240 GeV)

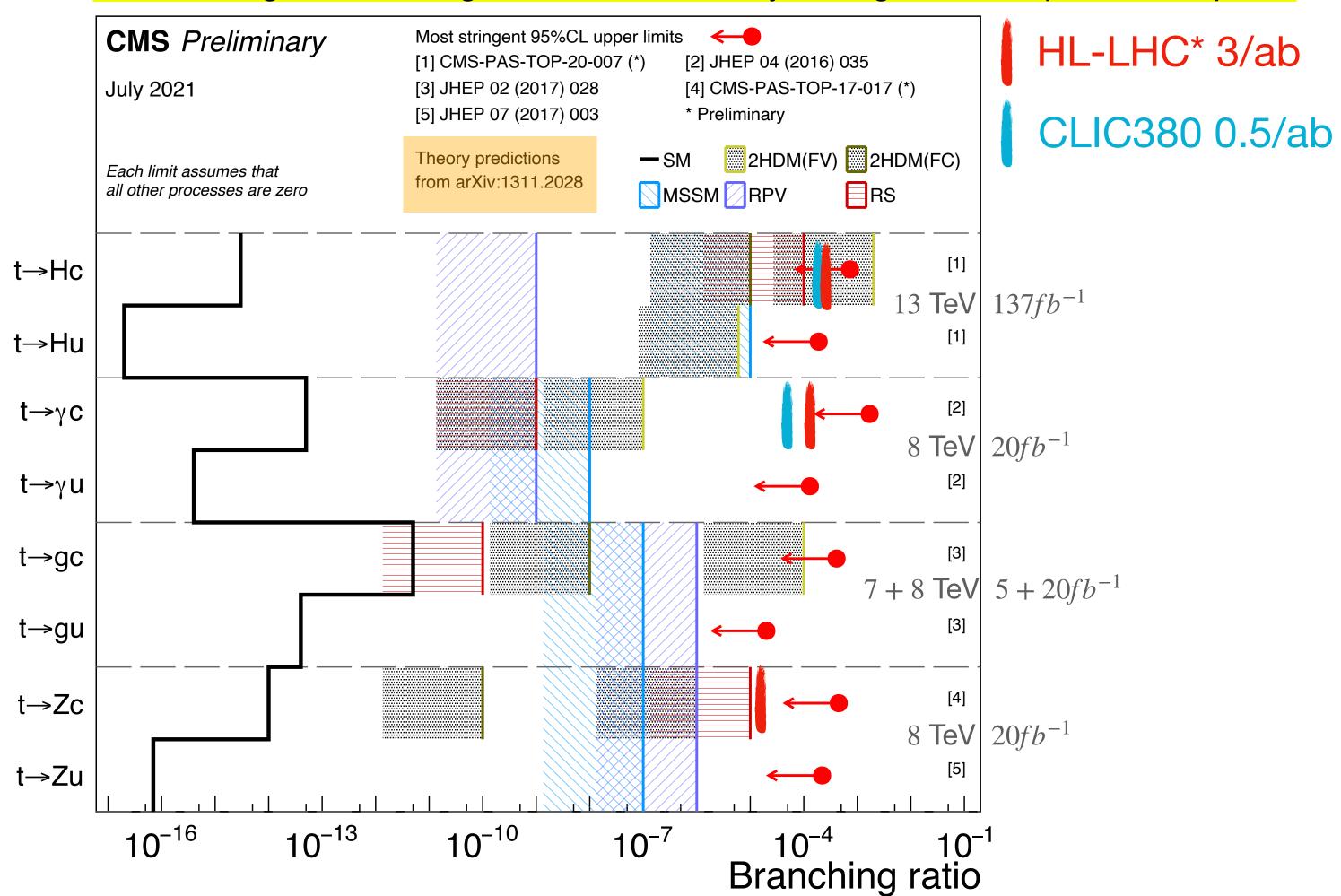
 $t \rightarrow BSM$

BSM means SM EW final states

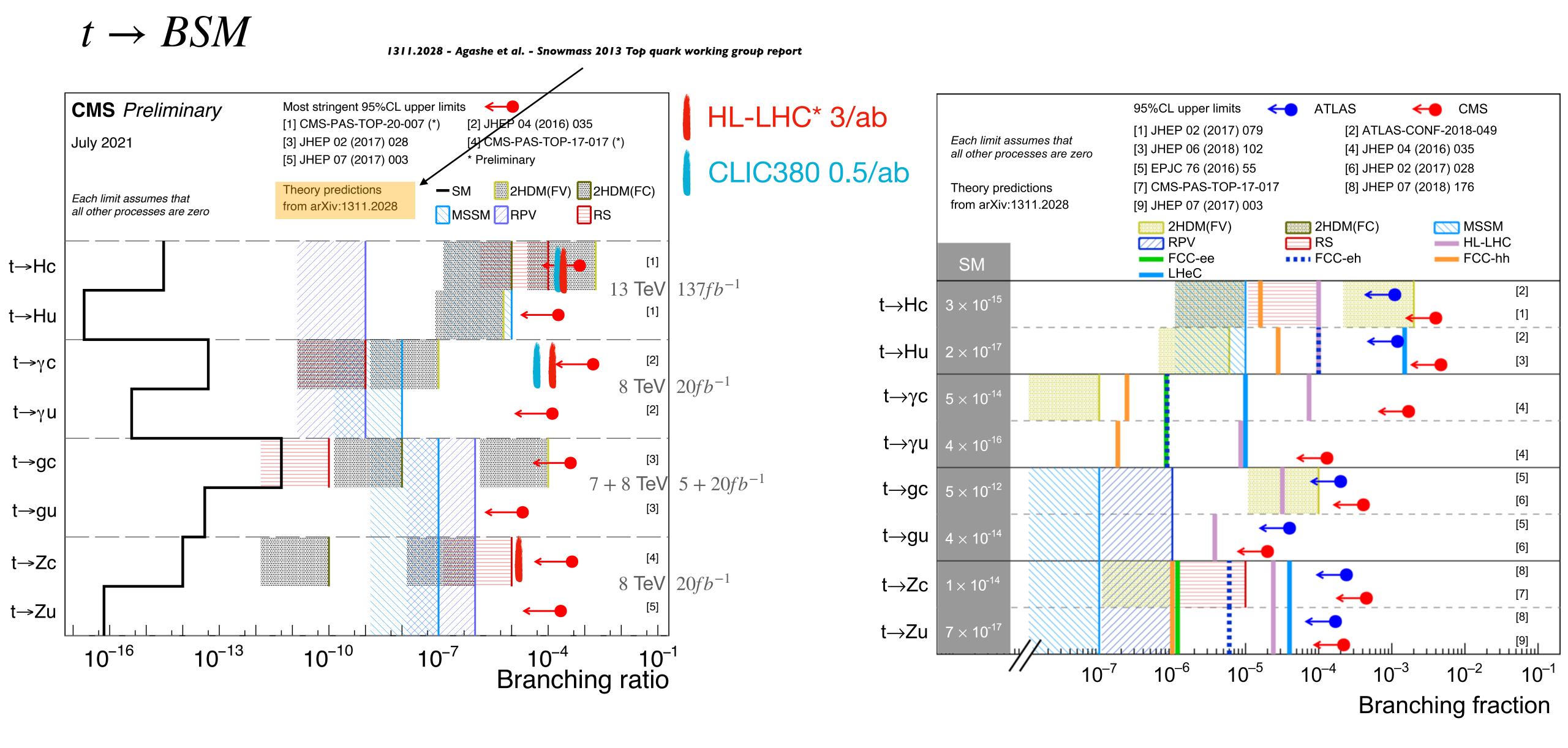


 $t \rightarrow BSM$

Kaustubh Agashe and Sagar Airen at U. of Maryland agreed to help with the update



- Last refresh of BSM benchmark is quite old (2013)
- Regardless of the focus topics a refresh seems needed for the final report
- Quick assessment concluded that most results may need a retouch
- Inquiry for update/revalidation of the BSM benchmarks has started
- Relation to EFT to be investigated further

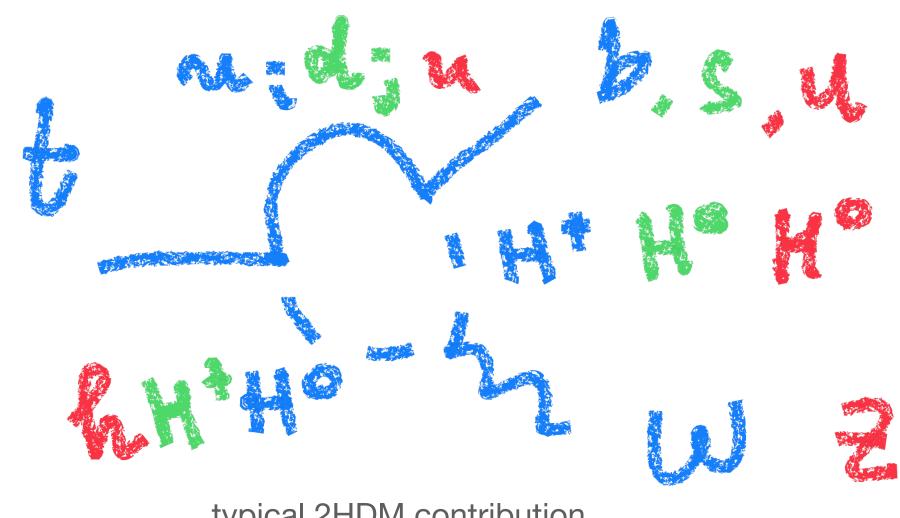


 $t \rightarrow BSM$

1311.2028 - Agashe et al. - Snowmass 2013 Top quark working group report

Table 1-7. SM and new physics model predictions for branching ratios of top FCNC decays. The SM predictions are taken from [119], on 2HDM with flavor violating Yukawa couplings [119, 120] (2HDM (FV) column), the 2HDM flavor conserving (FC) case from [121], the MSSM with 1TeV squarks and gluinos from [122], the MSSM for the R-parity violating case from [123, 124], and warped extra dimensions (RS) from [125, 126].

Process	SM	$2\mathrm{HDM}(\mathrm{FV})$	2HDM(FC)	MSSM	RPV	RS
$t \to Zu$	7×10^{-17}	_	_	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	_
$t\to Zc$	1×10^{-14}	$\leq 10^{-6}$	$\leq 10^{-10}$	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
$t \to gu$	4×10^{-14}	-	_	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	_
$t \to gc$	5×10^{-12}	$\leq 10^{-4}$	$\leq 10^{-8}$	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	$\leq 10^{-10}$
$t \to \gamma u$	4×10^{-16}	_	_	$\leq 10^{-8}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	_
$t \to \gamma c$	5×10^{-14}	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	$\leq 10^{-8}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$
$t \to hu$	2×10^{-17}	6×10^{-6}	7 –	$\leq 10^{-5}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	-
$t \to hc$	3×10^{-15}	2×10^{-3}	$\leq 10^{-5}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	$\leq 10^{-4}$
					†	
observable at top factory			observab op factor		Use M	

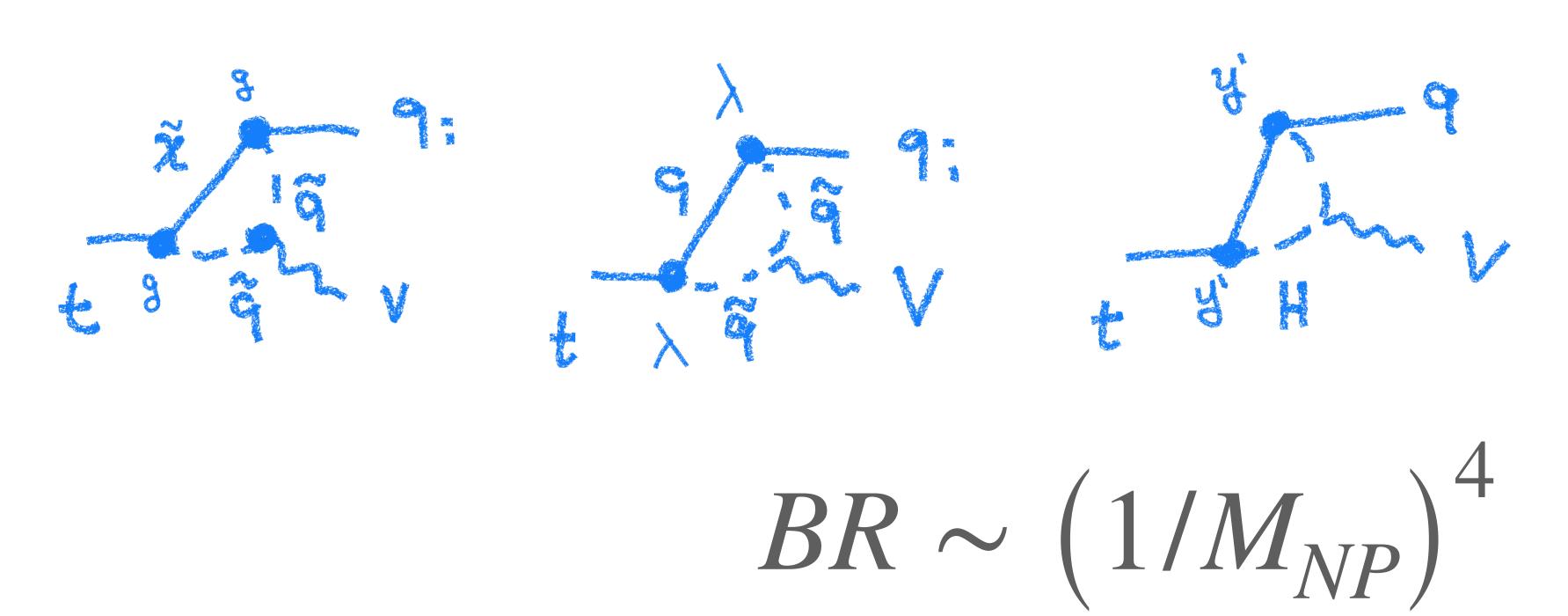


typical 2HDM contribution

$$BR \sim \left(1/M_{2HDM}\right)^4$$

Even a mere factor 2 stronger bounds on the particles originating flavor violation makes a factor 16 in the FCNC BR. This can take a "border-line observable at top factory" BR=10⁻⁵ down to 10⁻⁶ and ruin the party.

 $t \rightarrow BSM$



t ti

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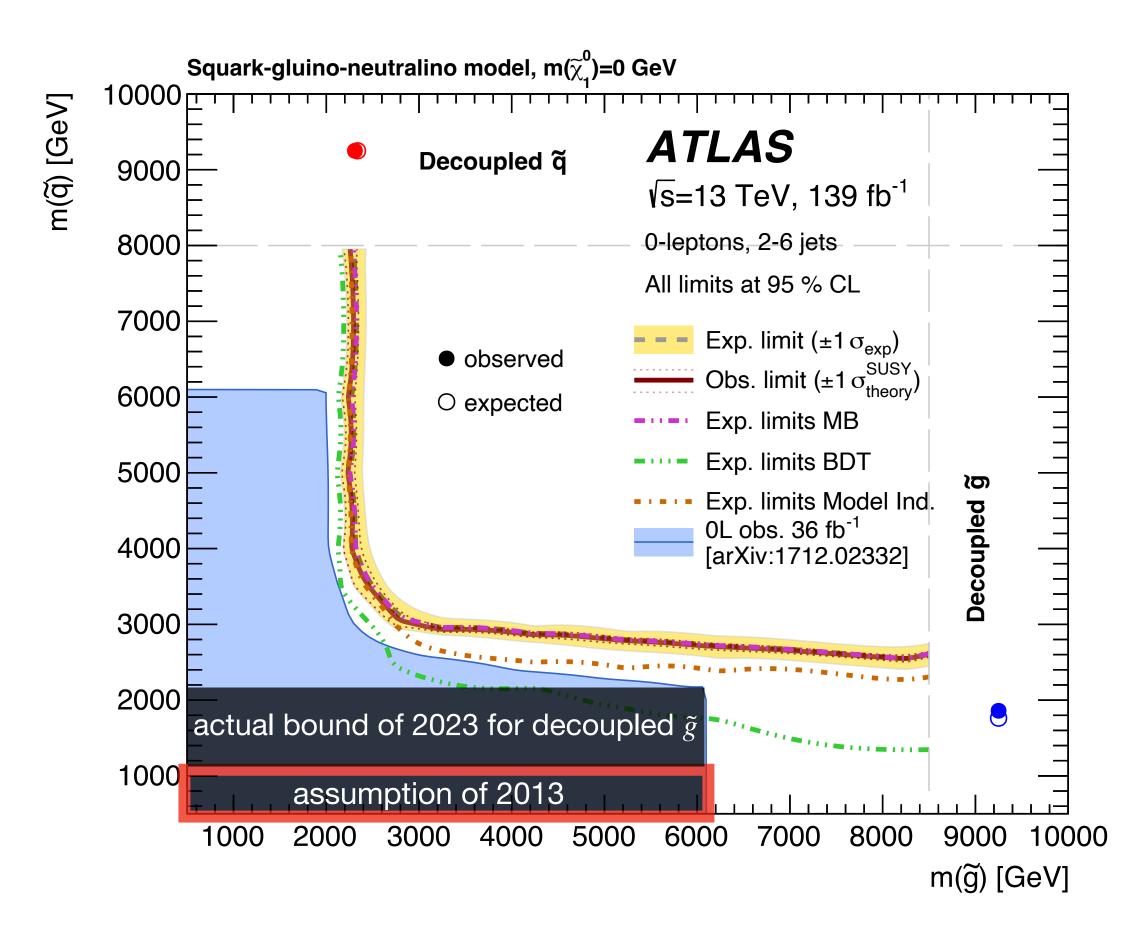
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					<i>†</i>	
observable at top factory			observab op factor		Use M inste	

- Most references are on complete models, some from 1990s
- Correct formulae do not expire.
- But phenomenological interpretations of correct formulae do expire when high energy (LHC) and high-intensity (flavor) experiments work hard to search NP!
- Most recent searches of NP express results in "simplified models", small brothers of the full microscopic models, used to can capture salient feature of a relatively broad class of models.
- Translation and merging of info is needed to really update these specific models

MSSM RPC squarks

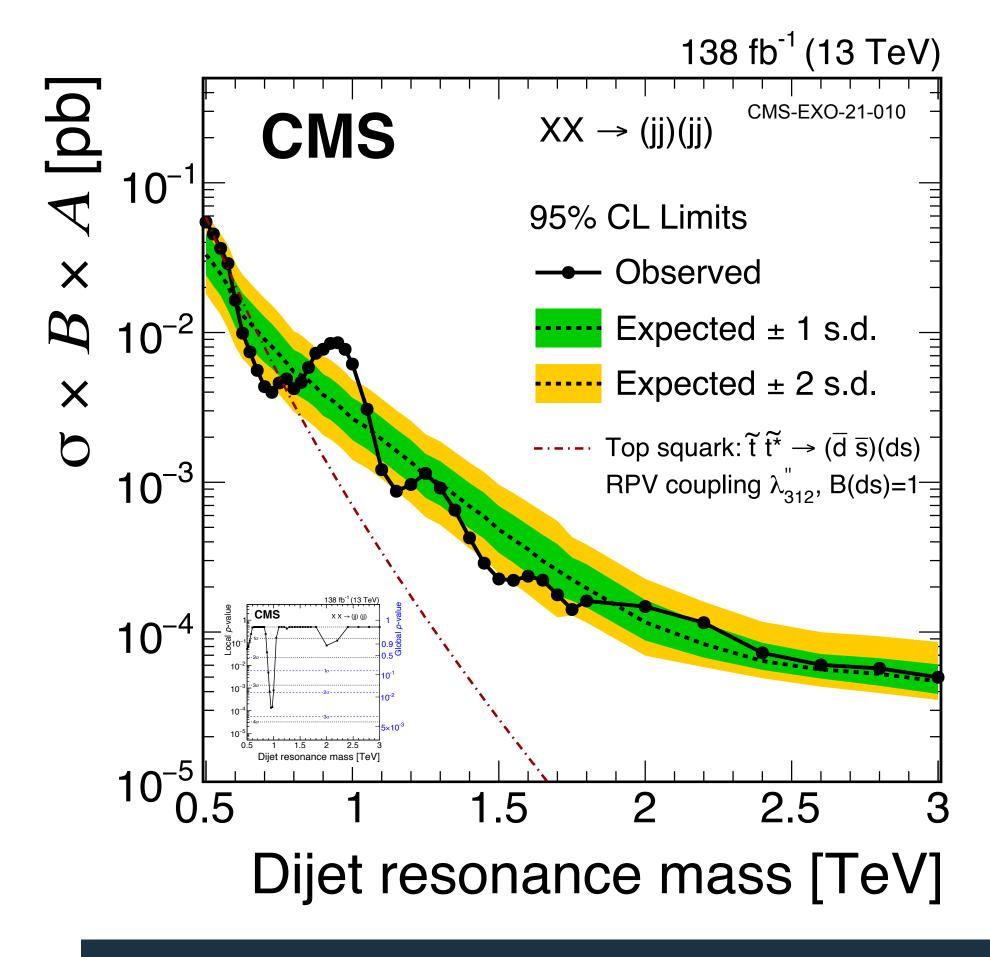
 $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \, \mathrm{mET}$



BRs in the MSSM may undergo a reduction due to squarks limits at 2+ TeV

MSSM-RPV squarks

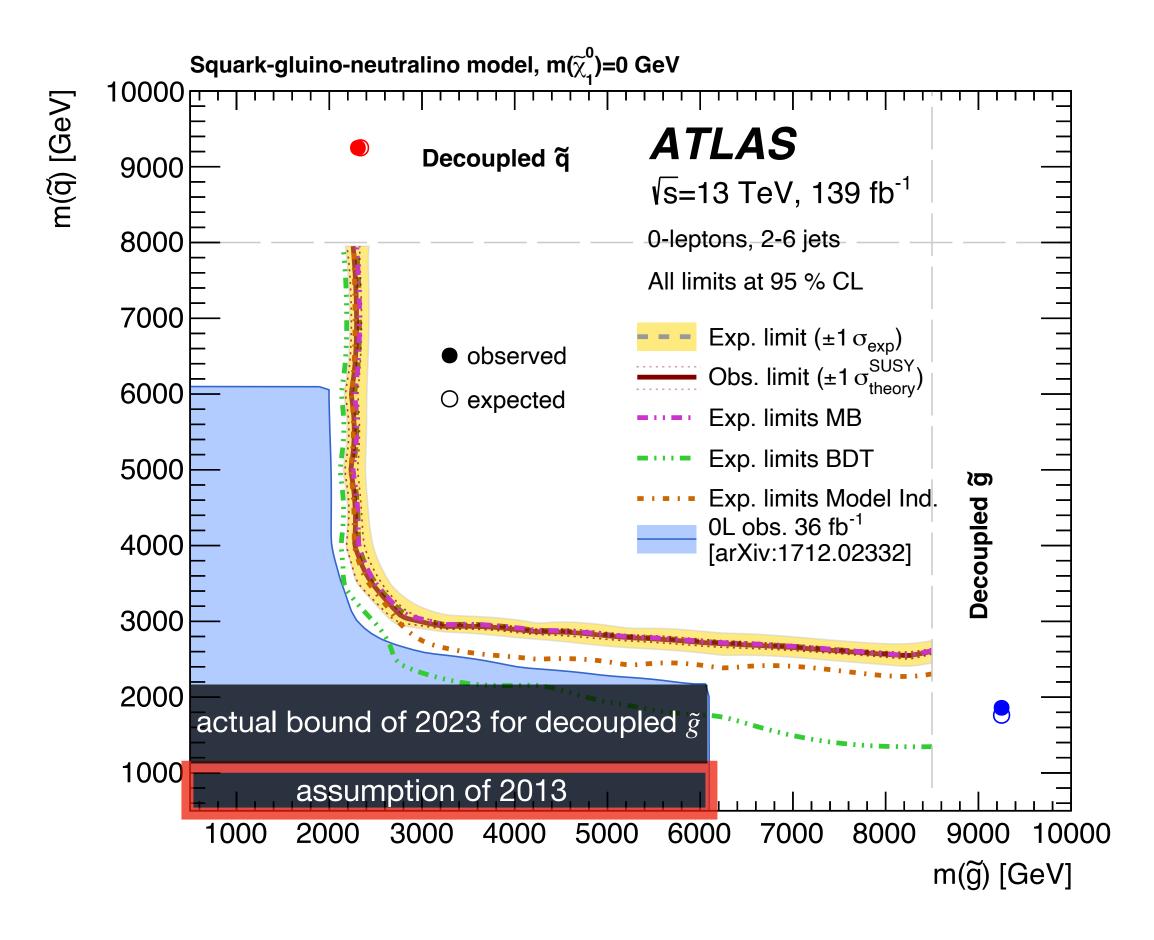
$$\tilde{q} \rightarrow qq$$



RPV MSSM seems to have less stringent bounds, so it might re-enable the MSSM (RPV columns untouched)

MSSM RPC squarks

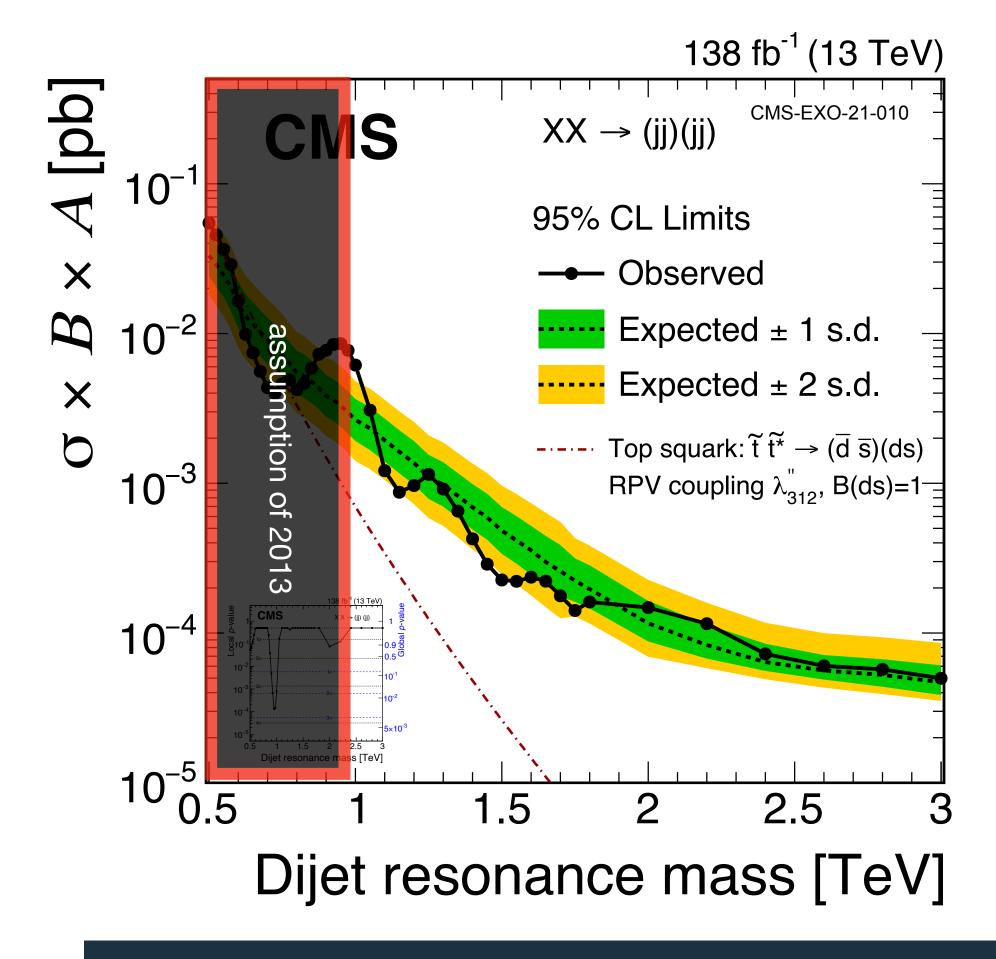
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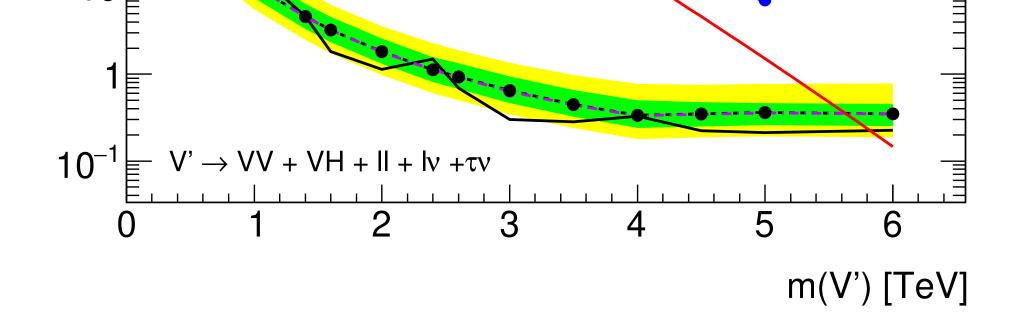
Randall-Sundrum Heavy

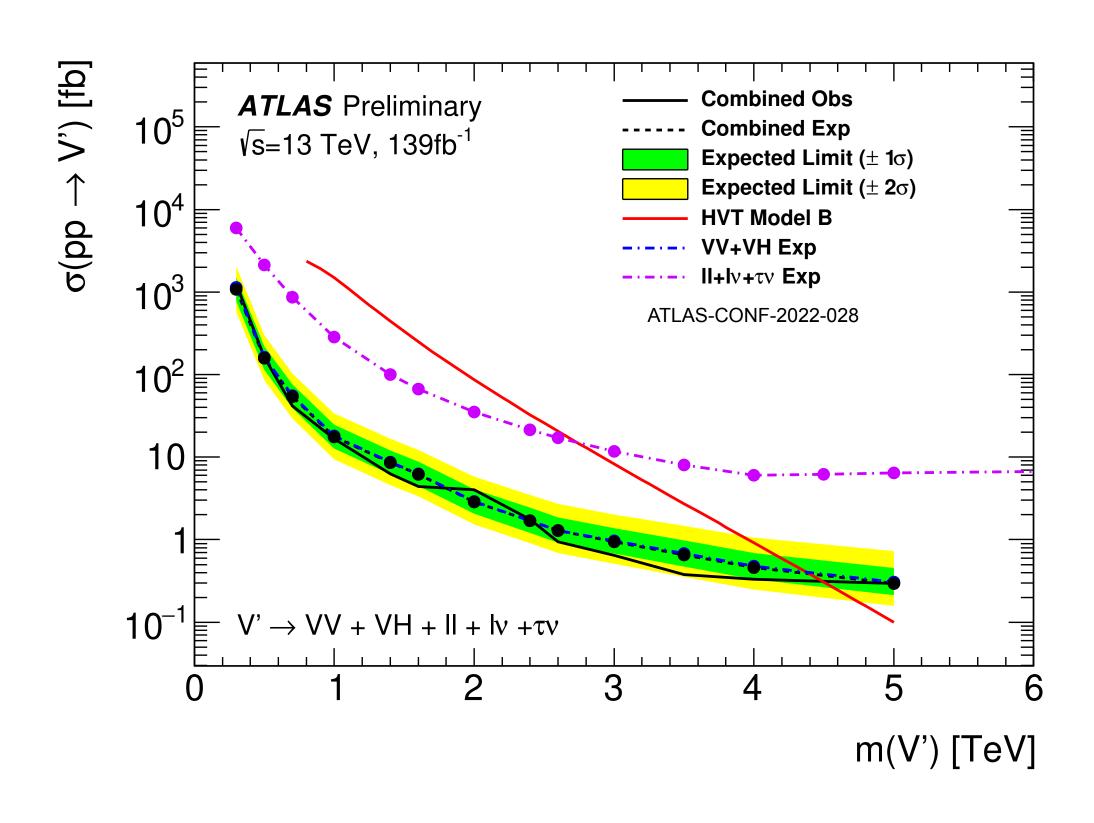
$$\rho \to VV$$

hep-ph/0709.0007

	A_1		$ ilde{Z}_1$		$ ilde{Z}_{X1}$	
	$\Gamma(\text{GeV})$	BR	$\Gamma({ m GeV})$	BR	$\Gamma(\text{GeV})$	BR
$ar{t}t$	55.8	0.54	18.3	0.16	55.6	0.41
$\overline{b}b$	0.9	8.7×10^{-3}	0.12	10^{-3}	28.5	0.21
$\bar{u}u$	0.28	2.7×10^{-3}	0.2	1.7×10^{-3}	0.05	4×10^{-4}
$\overline{d}d$	0.07	6.7×10^{-4}	0.25	2.2×10^{-3}	0.07	5.2×10^{-4}
$\ell^+\ell^-$	0.21	2×10^{-3}	0.06	5×10^{-4}	0.02	1.2×10^{-4}
$W_L^+W_L^-$	45.5	0.44	0.88	7.7×10^{-3}	50.2	0.37
$Z_L h$	-	-	94	0.82	2.7	0.02
Total	103.3		114.6		135.6	

- RS FCNC computed for 3 TeV new resonances in 2013
- Quite generous/safe assumption back then
- No specific RS searches found so far for the relevant color-singlet new resonances for the FCNC BR
- Closest searches expressed as "Heavy Vector Triplet" model B (established map between models and appropriate rescaling in progress)
- Limits potentially touching the 3+ TeV at 140/fb and may reach 6 TeV at HL-LHC (prelim. estimate)

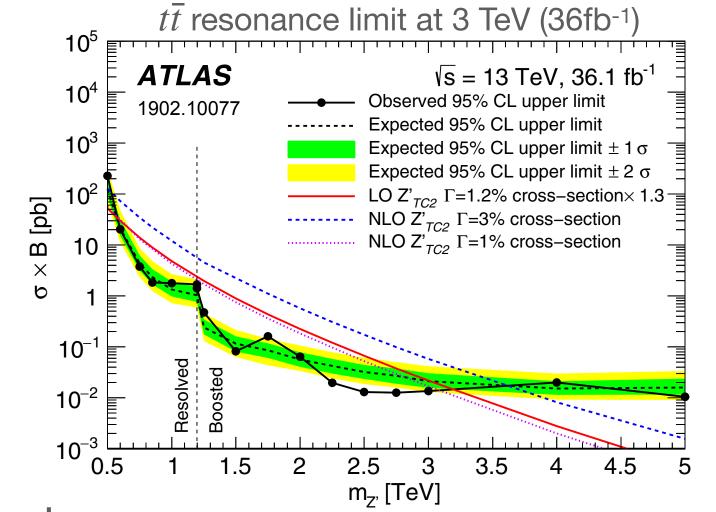


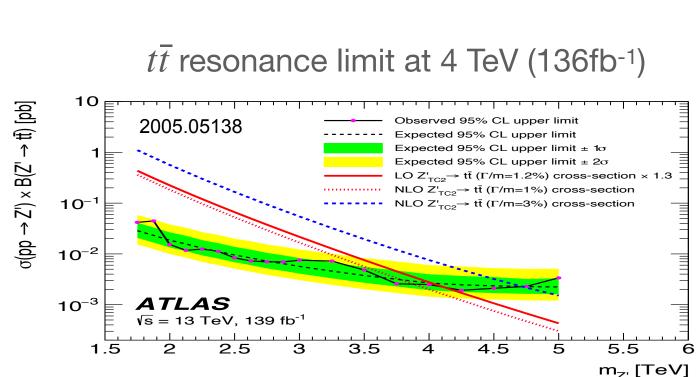


Randall-Sundrum →beyond Heavy Vector Triplet scenario

$$\rho \rightarrow t\bar{t}$$

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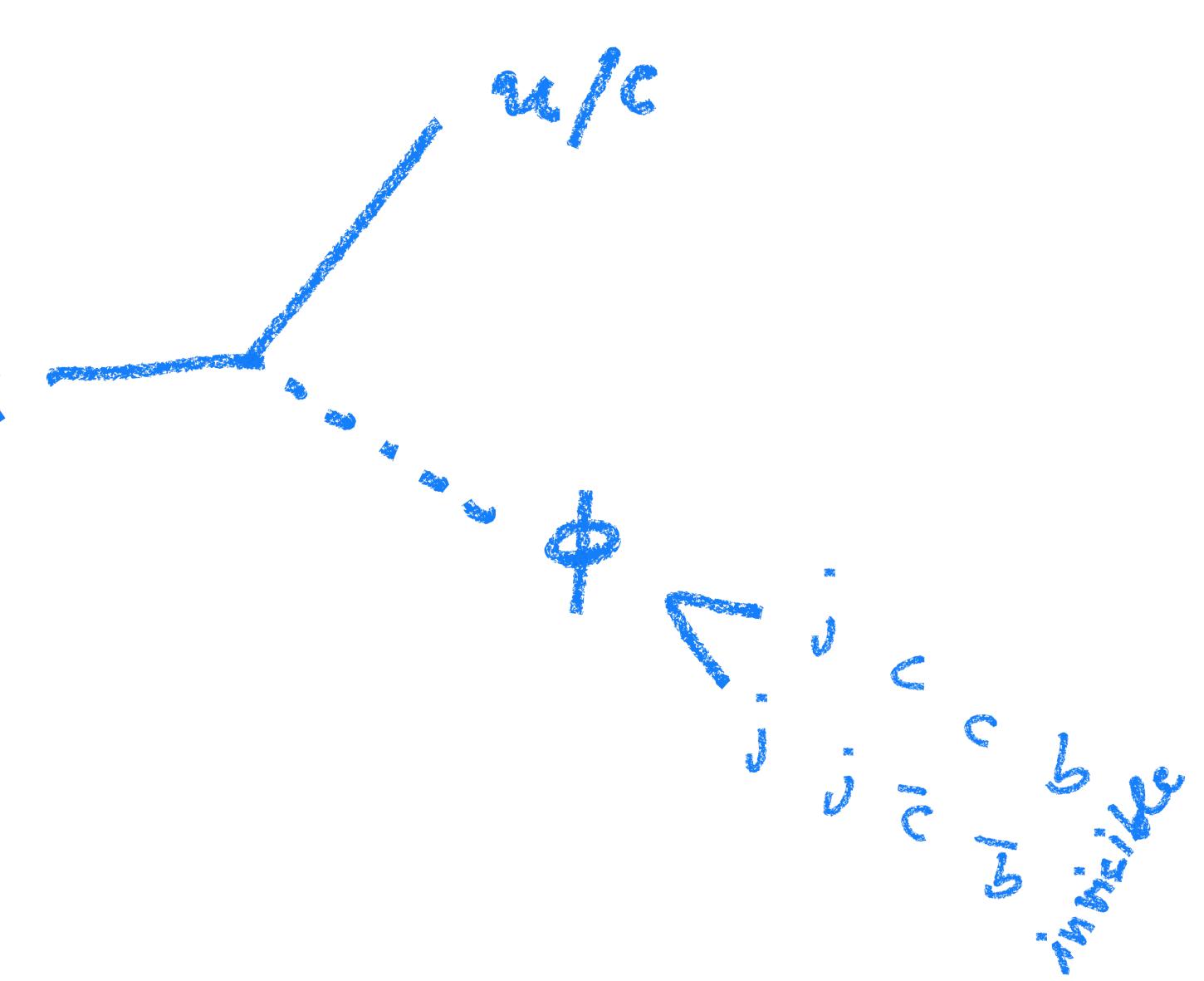


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appropriate rescaling of couplings necessary, in progress

 $t \rightarrow BSM$

- •can we find a (light) state in the <u>mass range</u> not currently investigated by the LHC?
- •can we find a new state in the <u>final states</u> not currently investigated by the LHC?

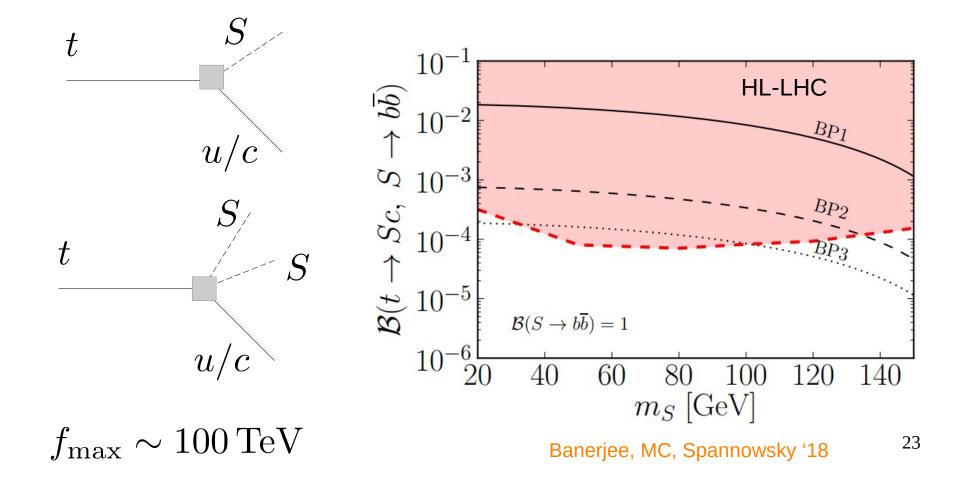


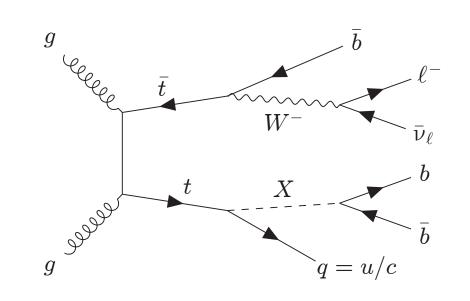
 $t \rightarrow \phi q, \phi \rightarrow bb$

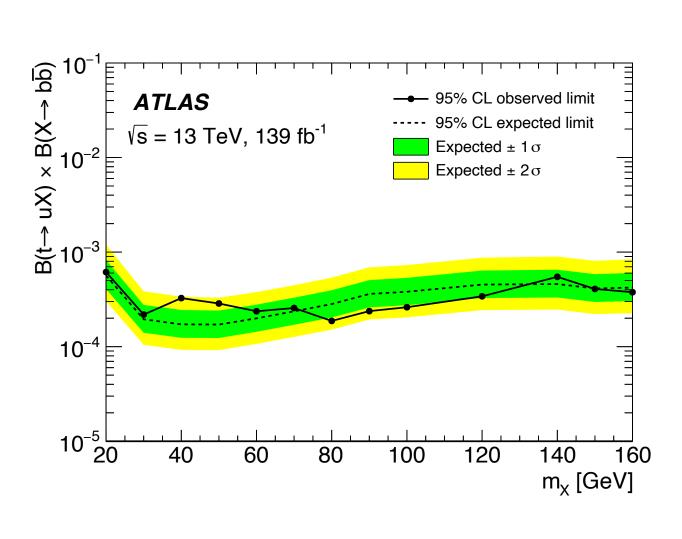
ATLAS 2301.03902, 1806.02836 Banerjee, Chala, Spannowsky,

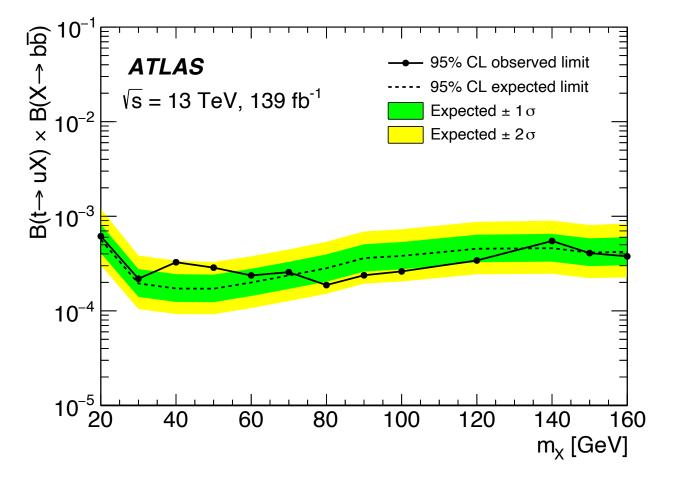
One extra singlet: $SO(6) \rightarrow SO(5)$

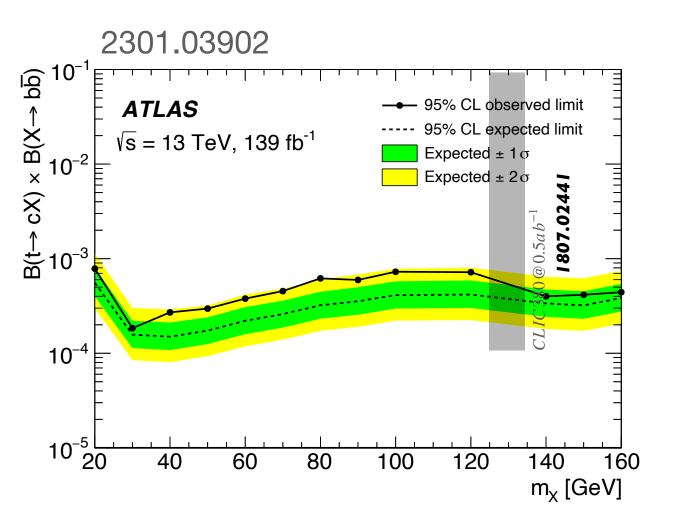
2. Rare top decays. About O(10⁶) ttbar events at 350 GeV FCC-ee, ILC, ...











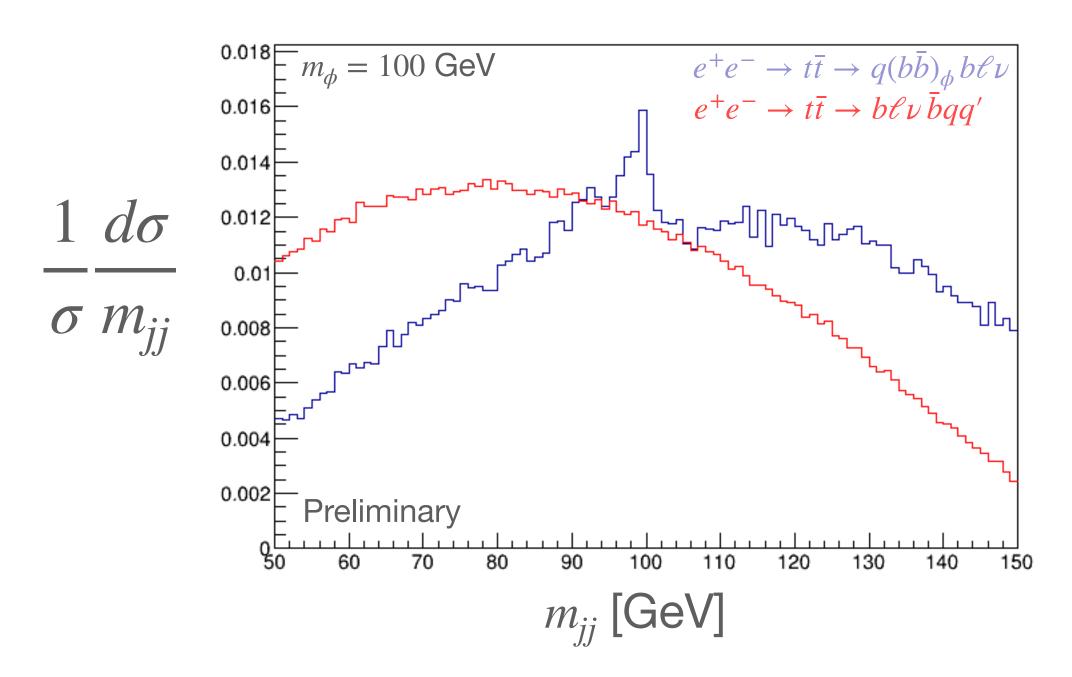
Ample room for improvement with top factory

New terrain of search for m_X outside the range studied by LHC (e.g. $m_X \in [10,20]$ GeV)

$$t \to \bar{\phi}q, \bar{\phi} \to b\bar{b}$$

Kevin Mota and Kirill Skovpen started to work on IDEA projections for this decay

- Delphes simulation using IDEA detector card
- First look at semi-leptonic final states
- So far simple analysis pipeline already shows potential for signal-vs-background discrimination
- N=4 Durham exclusive jet clustering so far, other possibilities to be investigated
- Still can exploit jet flavor tagging, angular variables, ...

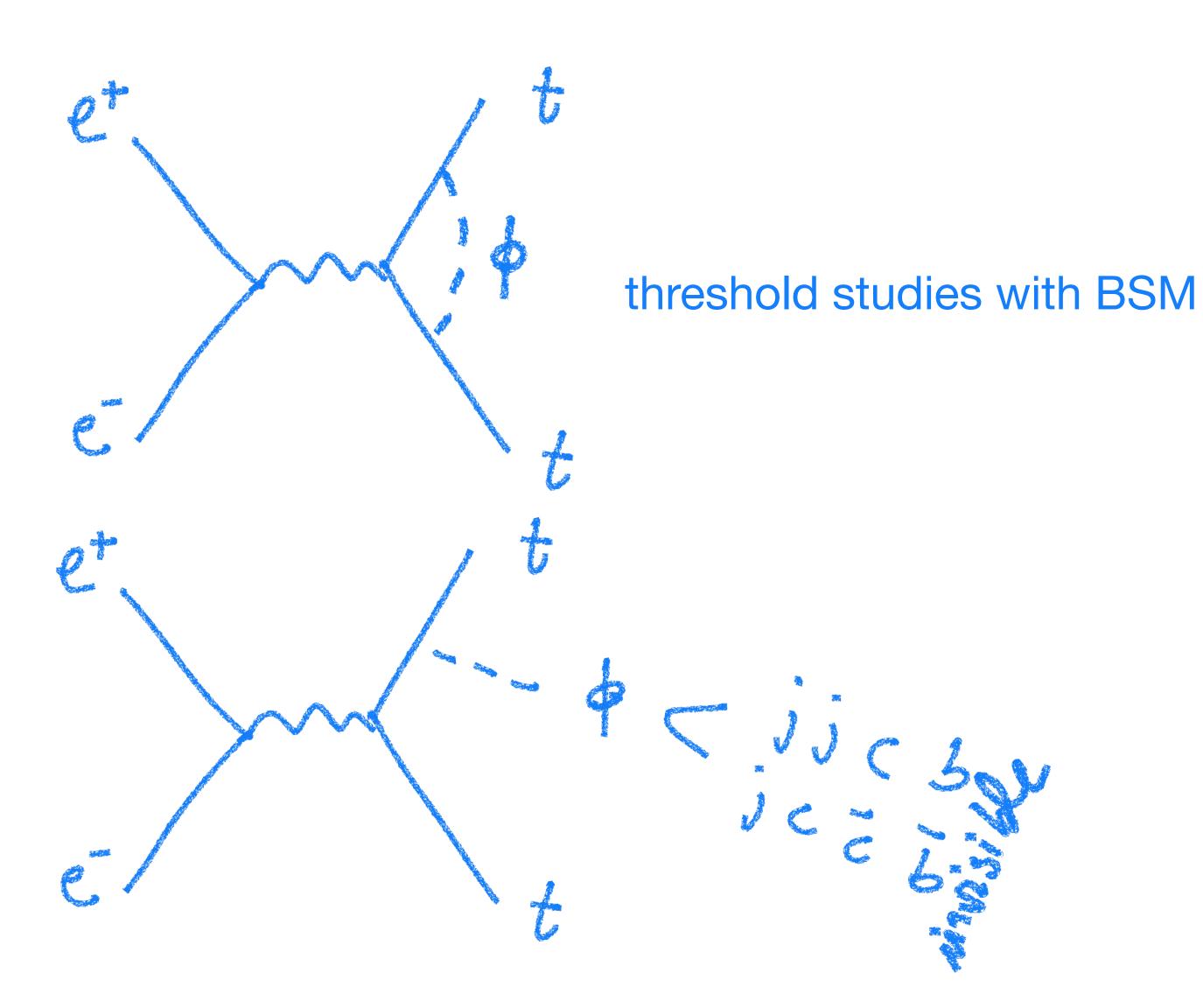


NP in top quark production

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow tt\phi$$

•can we find a light new state produced in association with $t\bar{t}$ during a **threshold scan** at $\sqrt{s} = 350$ GeV?

•can we find a a light new state in the "above" $t\bar{t}$ threshold operation of the top quark factory $\sqrt{s} = 365$ or 380 GeV ?



Conclusions and Outlook EXtt

- Top quark physics is a pillar of the future collider physics case
- Important interplay between pp and e^+e^- and between stages of HET
- Several possible contributions from Top Factory to aspects where HL-LHC cannot contribute easily or at all
 - we concentrated on exotic top quark hadronic final states mediated via new physics, which was studied very little at e^+e^- machines
 - first results on IDEA detector for $t \to \phi q \to (b \bar b)_\phi q$
 - update in progress for BR of FCNC SM final states ($Zq, hq, \gamma q, gq$)
 - exploration of other models that can give large enough BR for observation at HET
- keen to see more people joining on this and other topics that can branch off this first effort (other decay modes, associated productions, ...)

Thank you!

Decays

FCNC EW 2301.11605 - ATLAS

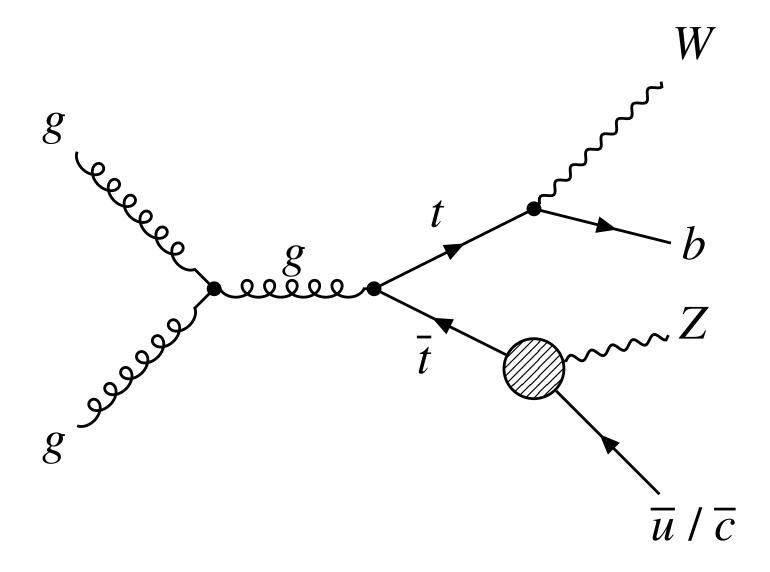


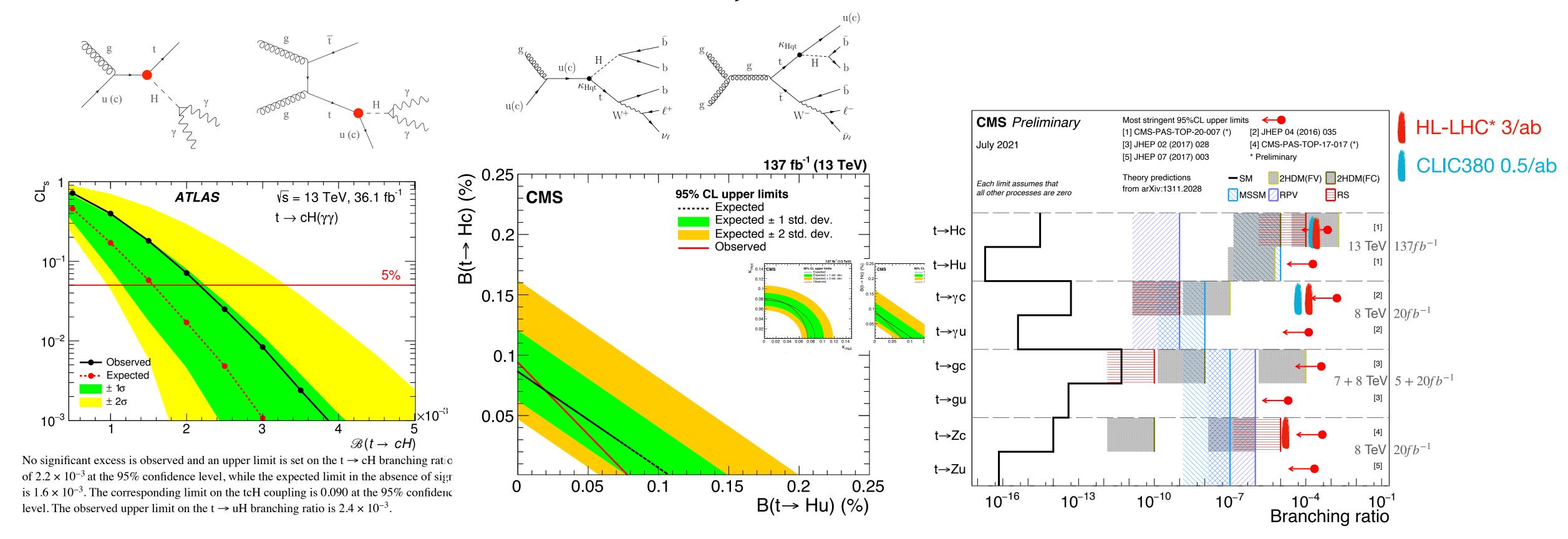
Table 8: Observed and expected 95% CL limits on the FCNC $t \to Zq$ branching ratios and the effective coupling strengths for different vertices and couplings (top eight rows). For the latter, the energy scale is assumed to be $\Lambda_{\rm NP} = 1$ TeV. The bottom rows show, for the case of the FCNC $t \to Zu$ branching ratio, the observed and expected 95% CL limits when only one of the two SRs, either SR1 or SR2, and all CRs are included in the likelihood.

	Observable	Vertex	Coupling	Observed	Expected
-		SRs+CRs			
•	$\mathcal{B}(t \to Zq)$	tZu	LH	6.2×10^{-5}	$4.9^{+2.1}_{-1.4} \times 10^{-5}$
	$\mathcal{B}(t \to Zq)$	tZu	RH	6.6×10^{-5}	$5.1^{+2.1}_{-1.4} \times 10^{-5}$
	$\mathcal{B}(t \to Zq)$	tZc	LH	13×10^{-5}	$11^{+5}_{-3} \times 10^{-5}$
	$\mathcal{B}(t \to Zq)$	tZc	RH	12×10^{-5}	$10^{+4}_{-3} \times 10^{-5}$
-	$ C_{uW}^{(13)*} $ and $ C_{uB}^{(13)*} $	tZu	LH	0.15	$0.13^{\ +0.03}_{\ -0.02}$
\mathcal{U}	$/ C_{uW}^{(31)} $ and $ C_{uR}^{(31)} $	tZu	RHZ	0.16	$0.14^{+0.03}_{-0.02}$
	$ C_{uW}^{(23)*} $ and $ C_{uB}^{(23)*} $	tZc	TH.	0.22	$0.20^{+0.04}_{-0.03}$
	$ C_{uW}^{(32)} $ and $ C_{uB}^{(32)} $	tZGrr	RH	0.21	$0.19^{+0.04}_{-0.03}$
•		R1+CRs	$\overline{}$		
-	$\mathcal{B}(t \to Zq)$ $\mathcal{B}(t \to Zq)$	tZu	LH	9.7×10^{-5}	$8.6^{+3.6}_{-2.4} \times 10^{-5}$ $8.2^{+3.4}_{-2.3} \times 10^{-5}$
	$\mathcal{B} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}} Zq$	tZu	THE III	9.5×10^{-5}	$8.2^{+3.4}_{-2.3} \times 10^{-5}$
,	8	SR2+CRs	VV		
•	$\mathcal{B}(t \to Zq)$	tZu	LH	7.8×10^{-5}	$6.1_{-1.7}^{+2.7} \times 10^{-5}$ $6.6_{-1.8}^{+2.9} \times 10^{-5}$
	$\mathcal{B}(t \to Zq)$	tZu	RH	9.0×10^{-5}	$6.6^{+2.9}_{-1.8} \times 10^{-5}$

Present $BR < 10^{-4}$, HL-LHC might leave little room to improve (projection for HL-LHC should be around few 10^{-5} for $Z \to \ell\ell$ according to ATL-PHYS-PUB-2019-001)

FCNC Higgs

1707.01404 - ATLAS 2112.09734, 2111.02219 CMS



Present $BR(t \to cH) < 2.2 \cdot 10^{-3} \ @ 36 \ {\rm fb^{-1}}, 9.4 \cdot 10^{-4} @ 137 {\rm fb^{-1}}, \text{ HL-LHC might go to } 3 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ (TBC), which leaves little room for the top factory, e.g. <math>500 fb^{-1}$ at CLIC380 gives is BR< $2 \cdot 10^{-4}$

[1810.05487] Expected 95% C.L. limits for 500 fb–1 collected at 380 GeV CLIC are: BR(t \rightarrow cy) < 4.7·10⁻⁵, BR(t \rightarrow cH)×BR(H \rightarrow bb) < 1.2·10⁻⁴ and BR(t \rightarrow cEmiss) < 1.2 – 4.1 · 10⁻⁴.

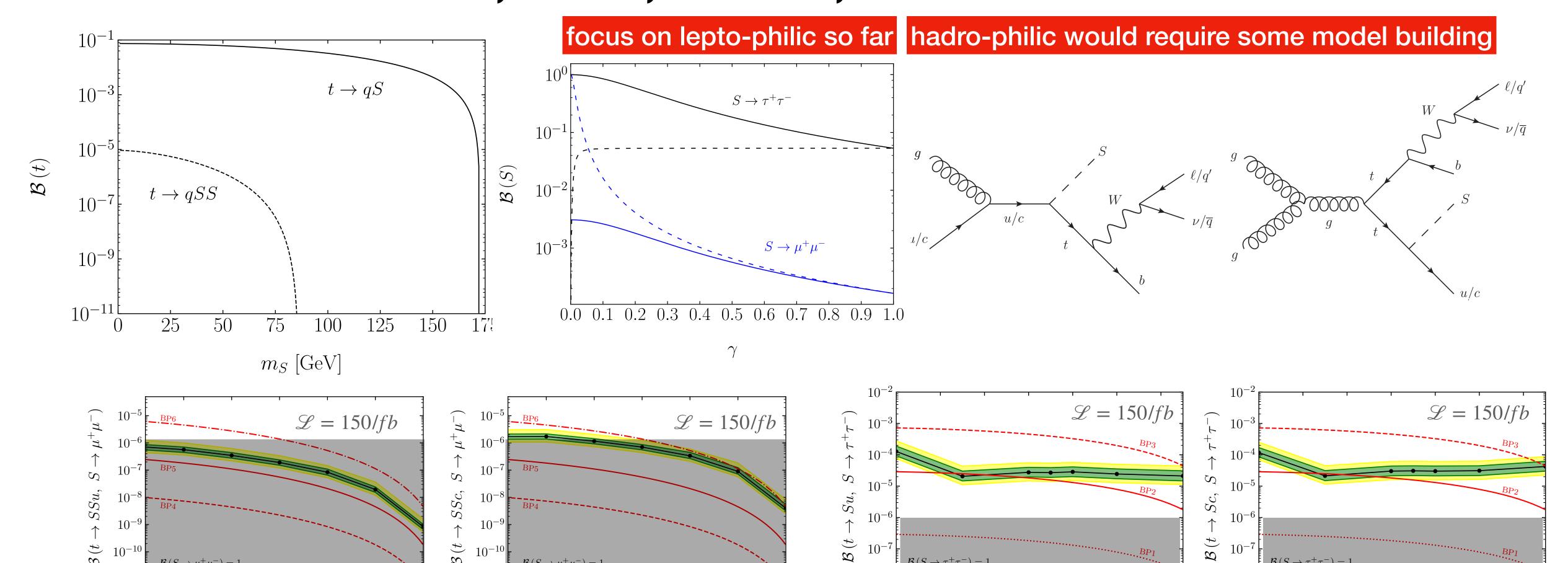
 $t \rightarrow au_i, a \rightarrow uu, cc, uc$ 2101.07803, 2202.09371 - Carmona, Elahi, Sche QQQ_Q 00000 u/c0.100 u/c $a \rightarrow uu, cc, uc$ $(c_{uR})_{ii} = (c_{uR})_{3q}$ 0.001 100 $m_a = 10 \text{ GeV}$ $(c_{uR})_{ii} = 0.1(c_{uR})_{3q}$ $(c_{uR})_{ii} = 10(c_{uR})_{3q}$ state) 001.0 0.01 $c au_{
m ALP}[m]$ C₹_{ALP} [m] $BR_{t\rightarrow aq} = 10$ 0.010 0.10 10^{-6} 0.001 $\mathcal{L} = 350 \mathrm{fb}$ μμ 10^{-8} 10^{-7} 0.001 0.100 10^{-4} $f_a = 10^6 \, \text{GeV}$ $Br(t \to aq)$ 10⁻¹⁰ 10 focus on displaced flavor-100 m_a [GeV] conserving decay so far m_a [GeV]

Ample room for improvement with top factory studies for prompt decays $a \rightarrow jj, uc, cc$ and invisible

$t \rightarrow \phi q, \phi \phi q, \phi \rightarrow \ell \ell$ 2005.09594 - Castro, Chala, Peixoto, Ramos

BP 1: $\mathbf{Y}^{\mathbf{q}}_{i3} = \mathbf{Y}^{\mathbf{q}}_{3i} = 0.01$, $\Lambda = 5 \text{ TeV} \implies \mathcal{B}(t \to Sq) \sim 10^{-8} - 10^{-7}$ BP 2: $\mathbf{Y}^{\mathbf{q}}_{i3} = \mathbf{Y}^{\mathbf{q}}_{3i} = 0.10$, $\Lambda = 5 \text{ TeV} \implies \mathcal{B}(t \to Sq) \sim 10^{-6} - 10^{-5}$ BP 3: $\mathbf{Y}^{\mathbf{q}}_{i3} = \mathbf{Y}^{\mathbf{q}}_{3i} = 0.10$, $\Lambda = 1 \text{ TeV} \implies \mathcal{B}(t \to Sq) \sim 10^{-4} - 10^{-3}$ BP 4: $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_{i3}^{\mathbf{q}} = \tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_{3i}^{\mathbf{q}} = 1.00$, $\Lambda = 5 \text{ TeV} \implies \mathcal{B}(t \to SSq) \sim 10^{-11} - 10^{-8}$, BP 5: $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_{i3}^{\mathbf{q}} = \tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_{3i}^{\mathbf{q}} = 0.20$, $\Lambda = 1 \text{ TeV} \implies \mathcal{B}(t \to SSq) \sim 10^{-10} - 10^{-7}$ BP 6: $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_{i3}^{\mathbf{q}} = \tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_{3i}^{\mathbf{q}} = 1.00$, $\Lambda = 1 \text{ TeV} \implies \mathcal{B}(t \to SSq) \sim 10^{-8} - 10^{-5}$,

 m_S [GeV]



 m_S [GeV]

 $m_S [{\rm GeV}]$

 10^{-7}

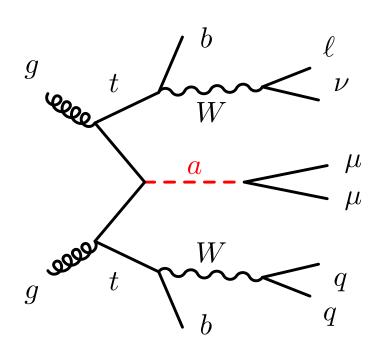
 $m_S [{\rm GeV}]$

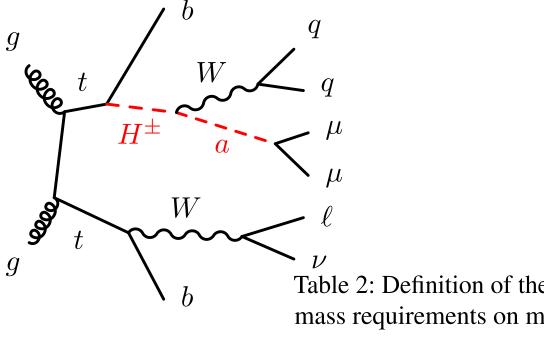
LHC

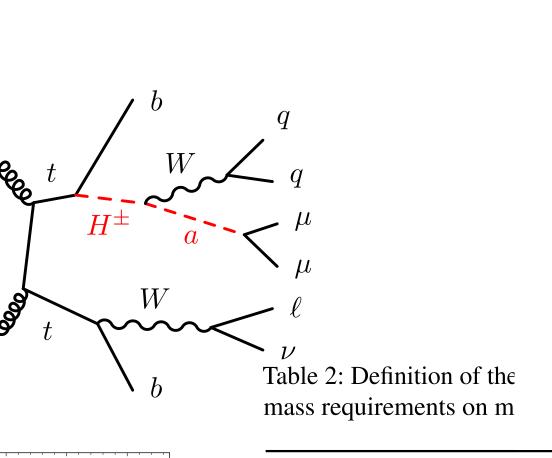
Associated productions

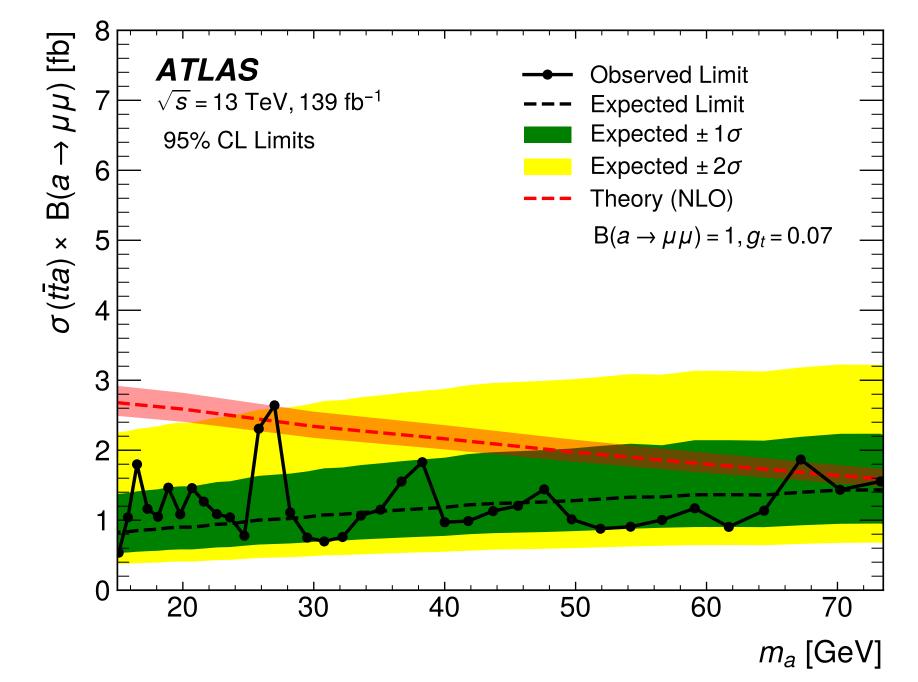
$$e^+e^-$$
 at $\sqrt{s} = 350,365,380$ GeV

Associated $tta, a \rightarrow \mu\mu$ 2304.14247 - ATLAS

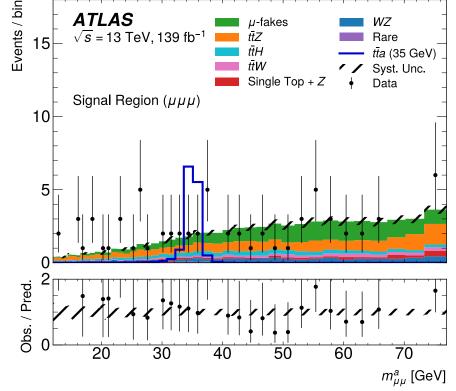






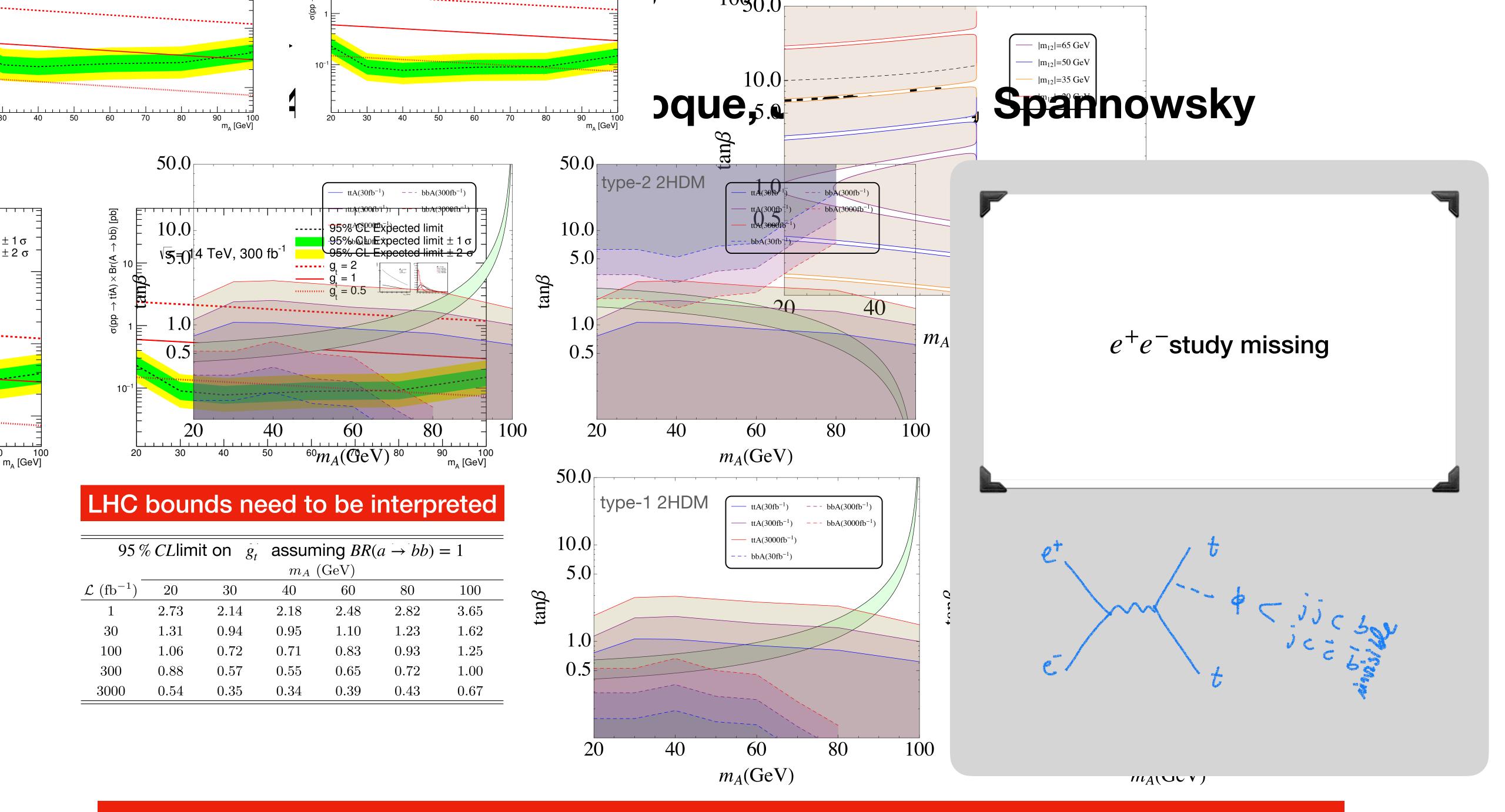


$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5
0 2 2 30 20 30 40 50 60 70 m ^a _{μμ} [GeV]



	Signa	al Regions	on-Z Con	tt Control Region	
Channel	$e\mu\mu$	μμμ	еμμ	μμμ	еµµ
Binning	$m^a_{\mu\mu}$	$m^a_{\mu\mu}$	$n_{\rm jets}, n_{b\text{-jets}}$	$n_{\rm jets}, n_{b-{ m jets}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mu,\mathrm{fake}}$
$n_{ m electrons}$	1	0	1	0	1
$n_{ m muons}$	2	3	2	3	2
	$12 < m_{\mu\mu}^a < 77$	$12 < m_{\mu\mu}^a < 77$	$77 < m_{\mu\mu}^a < 107$	$77 < m_{\mu\mu}^a < 107$	$12 < m_{\mu\mu}^a < 77$
$m_{\mu\mu}$ [GeV]		and		or	
	-	$m_{\mu\mu}^{\text{other}} < 77 \text{ or } > 107$	-	$77 < m_{\mu\mu}^{\text{other}} < 107$	_
$n_{ m jets}$		1 or 2			
$n_{b ext{-jets}}$		1			

so far limited to muon final states and moderate mass 12-77 GeV



Oct. 11 2023 ample room for improvement outside the probed mass range and in other a decay final states, e.g. hadrons