

WP4: Access to Research Infrastructures for Detectors

University of Ljubljana and Jožef Stefan Institute, Ljubljana, Slovenia



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon Europe Research and Innovation programme under Grant Agreement No 101057511.

Marko Mikuž



WP4: Access to RI for Detectors in EURO-LABS

Organigramme







Placing of WP4 in European HEP (present)

- Core HEP Detectors endeavour today construction of upgraded detectors for operation at the HL-LHC
 - In line with the stipulations of the 2013 European Strategy for Particle Physics (ESPP) report and their secondment in the 2020 ESPP update – "The successful completion of the high-luminosity" upgrade of the machine and detectors should remain the focal point of European particle physics, together with continued innovation in experimental techniques."
 - Associated detector R&D almost entirely finished, large orders placed, construction activities are well under way
 - Expected load on WP4 few remaining parts of late R&D, like LGAD and SiPM for the timing layers
 - Main load driven by sensor QA activities to monitor production quality not serviced by EURO-LABS
 - Production Readiness Review adopted as the dividing line allow QA of preproduction (~5%)
 - Exception to the grand picture inner tracker part of ATLAS and CMS
 - No solution found to survive the entire HL-LHC lifetime
 - Replace the inner pixel detector at mid-point after ~2/ab of integrated luminosity
 - Existing detector solution could serve as a viable replacement, but R&D for technologically more advanced detectors are being pursued vigorously
 - LHCb major upgrade in LS4
 - Radiation load to detectors close to the inner parts of ATLAS&CMS trackers; their R&D in obvious need of EURO-LABS WP4 RI's.







Integrated 3000 fb⁻¹ umnosity 4000 fb⁻¹ PHYSICS





Placing of WP4 in European HEP (future)

• The 2020 ESPP establishes two project initiatives as high-priority

- "the highest-priority next collider": "an electron-positron Higgs factory"
- for the longer term: "a proton-proton collider at the highest achievable energy", dubbed as the FCC-hh project.
- Detector R&D for these two goals: supported by AIDAinnova EC project Other focal points: CERN DRD collaborations, developments within (big)
- experiments
- Development cycle towards the use of a new technology in detectors spans over 10 to 20 years.
 - prospective detector R&D ("Blue Sky" research) TRL 1

 - guided detector R&D, according to known needs of future projects TRL 2-5 • focussed detector R&D of approved experiments – TRL 5-7
- These detector development phases supplemented by providing access to the RI's of EURO-LABS WP4







Placing of WP4 in European HEP (future)

- Major support of EURO-LABS WP4 for Higgs factory detectors
 - Test Beams (WP4.1) and Detector Characterization (WP4.2) tasks
 - Radiation load is relatively small
 - Still testing at low levels of radiation & checking for single event effects
- Detector studies aimed at FCC-hh
 - Detectors at FCC-hh highest radiation levels (after 30/ab)
 - forward calorimeters : 5000 MGy and 5x10¹⁸ n_{eq}/cm²
 - innermost layer of the barrel vertex detectors ~1x10¹⁸ n_{eq}/cm²
 - Need fluences in excess of at least 1x10¹⁷ n_{eq}/cm²
 - benchmark for a yearly exchange of inner layers
- EURO-LABS WP4 intends to provide access to these conditions, even up to $1 \times 10^{18} n_{ea}/cm^2$
 - RI's in the Irradiations task WP4.3
- End of 2021 the ECFA Detector R&D Roadmap was approved by the **CERN** Council
 - Long term HEP Detector R&D goals defined
 - Implementation strategy approved in September 2022









ECFA Detector Roadmap Implementation

- Detector R&D Themes to be tackled by DRD **Collaborations being formed now**
 - **DRD1 Gaseous Detectors**
 - DRD2 Liquid Detectors
 - **DRD3 Solid State Detectors**
 - DRD4 Particle ID and Photon Detectors
 - DRD5 Quantum and Emerging Technologies
 - DRD6 Calorimetry
 - DRD7 Electronics
- Process overseen by CERN's DRD Committee
 - Evaluating submitted proposals
- Collaborations start on Jan 1st 2024

			EUJJ
	DRDT 1.1	Improve time and spatial resolution for gaseous detectors with long-term stability	
Gaseous	DRDT 1.2	Achieve tracking in gaseous detectors with dE/dx and dN/dx capability in large volumes with very low material budget and different read-out	
	DRDT 1.3	schemes Develop environmentally friendly gaseous detectors for very large areas with high-rate capability	
	DRDT 1.4	Achieve high sensitivity in both low and high-pressure TPCs	
	DRDT 2.1	Develop readout technology to increase spatial and energy resolution for liquid detectors	
Liquid	DRDT 2.2	Advance noise reduction in liquid detectors to lower signal energy thresholds	
Liquid	DRDT 2.3	Improve the material properties of target and detector components in liquid detectors	
	DRDT 2.4	Realise liquid detector technologies scalable for integration in large systems	
	DRDT 3.1	Achieve full integration of sensing and microelectronics in monolithic CMOS pixel sensors	
Solid	DRDT 3.2	Develop solid state sensors with 4D-capabilities for tracking and calorimetry	
state	DRDT 3.3	Extend capabilities of solid state sensors to operate at extreme	-
	DRDT 3.4	Develop full 3D-interconnection technologies for solid state devices in particle physics	
PID and	DRDT 4.1	Enhance the timing resolution and spectral range of photon detectors	
Photon	DRDT 4.2	Develop photosensors for extreme environments	
	DRDT 4.3	Develop RICH and imaging detectors with low mass and high resolution timing	
	DRDT 5.1	Promote the development of advanced quantum sensing technologies	
Juantum	DRDT 5.2	Investigate and adapt state-of-the-art developments in quantum technologies to particle physics	
, a chi c chin	DRDT 5.3	Establish the necessary frameworks and mechanisms to allow exploration of emerging technologies	
	DRDT 5.4	Develop and provide advanced enabling capabilities and infrastructure	
	DRDT 6.1	Develop radiation-hard calorimeters with enhanced electromagnetic energy and timing resolution	
lorimetry	DRDT 6.2	Develop high-granular calorimeters with multi-dimensional readout for optimised use of particle flow methods	
	DRDT 6.3	Develop calorimeters for extreme radiation, rate and pile-up environments	-
	DRDT 7.1	Advance technologies to deal with greatly increased data density	
	DRDT 7.2	Develop technologies for increased intelligence on the detector	
ectronics	DRDT 7.3	Develop technologies in support of 4D- and 5D-techniques	
	DRDT 7.4	Develop novel technologies to cope with extreme environments and required longevity	
	DRDT 7.5	Evaluate and adapt to emerging electronics and data processing	

More by **DRDC Chair Thomas Bergauer** on Wednesday morning

040- 045	> 204
-	
•	
-	
•	
•	
•	\rightarrow
•	
•	
•	





WP4 Budget

Task name	WP label
Test Beams	WP4.1
Detector Characterization	WP4.2
Irradiations	WP4.3
Service Improvements	WP4.4
Total Budget	WP4

EC allocation 2.6 MEUR

About 40 % more TA funding than in AIDA2020

1.074.713	908263
740 675	508203
740,675	606,800

\checkmark Supplemented by CH and UK contributions from their national funds





WP4.1-3 Deliverables



- Each RI delivers Access Units (~beam hours) to Projects with Users
- Two access modalities: physical/remote access
 - Physical: users at RI (user support)
 - Remote: users send samples to RI (handling, shipment)

Task	WP name	Institute	Facility	Access Units	Users	Projects	User support
Ĕ	WP4.1.1	CERN	PS & SPS	8736	504	56	yes
t Bea	WP4.1.2	DESY	TESTBEAM	8640	120	30	yes
Tes	WP4.1.3	PSI	PIM1/UCN	5376	136	32	yes
Detector	WP4.2.1	RBI	RBI-AF	504	24	12	yes
Characterization	WP4.2.2	ITAINNOVA	EMCLab	800	56	14	yes
	WP4.3.1	CERN	IRRAD	4000	65	16	yes/remote
	WP4.3.2	CERN	GIF++	4060	74	14	yes
tions	WP4.3.3	JSI	TRIGA	700	150	50	remote
rradia	WP4.3.4	IFJ-PAN	AIC-144	800	140	28	yes/remote
-	WP4.3.5	UCL	HIF/LIF/NIF	100	20	10	yes
	WP4.3.6	UoB	MC40	300	36	12	remote

cat ach edic K S Ο

M.Mikuž: WP4





WP4.4 Service Improvements

- Aimed at improving access to RI for LABS
 - Each RI proposed improvements maximize impact on user access
 - Improvements have to be ready in the project
 - First three milestones delivered
 - Two more follow end October
 - EC contributions are matched by own funding, typically exceeding
 - Budget adjustment of EC part: equipment -> consumables, manpower

r EURO-	
to	rvice
n Y2 of	on Se
	d talk
RI's EC	Dedicate
npower	

≥0

>0

npr

CERN TB, IRRAD & GIF++	Data base handling of beam til irradiation requests
DESY Test Beams	Precision motion stages for lar detector setups
PSI Test Beams	Beam monitor
RBI-AF	Ion beam focusing lens
ITAINNOVA	Cooling System and Graphical Interface for EMC test station
CERN IRRAD	Beam profile monitor
JSI TRIGA	Cadmium shielding in the tang channel
IFJ PAN AIC-144	2-D scanning table for irradiat
UCL CRC	Test chamber for the heavy io irradiation facility
UoB MC40	Scanning system upgrade for h fluence delivery





Proccessing of WP4 Applications

- Single entry point through the EURO-LABS web page
- Generic review procedure in WP4:
 - The scientific RI coordinator ("Facility Coordinator") checks the technical requirements and eligibility of applications. Then the EURO-LABS WP4 User resources.
- USP composition: WP4 & WP4.1-3 lea representatives of LHC experiments a 1,3,7 (4), awaiting assignment from DF
- Some facilities require pre-approval b Scientific Committees (CERN, PSI...)
- USP receives the proposal from the F member can request discussion within weeks, otherwise the project can go a

Selection Panel gets notified of the application and decides on the allocation of

ders (4) &	WP4 USP
nd DRD	DRD1 (Gas): Eraldo Oliveri (CERN)
RD6	DRD3 (Solid): Gianluigi Casse (Univ. Liverpool) DRD6(Calorimetry): to be nominated
y their	DRD7 (Electronics): Mohsine MENOUNI (CPPM Marseille)
C, any n two ahead	LHC experiments: Anna Macchiolo (Univ. Zurich) WP4.1: Eva Barbara Holzer (CERN) WP4.2: Fernando Arteche (Itainnova) WP4.3: Michael Moll (CERN) WP4: Marko Mikuz (Univ. Ljubljana & JSI) (Chair)





- Taking overall number of AU (the only deliverable!) granted to users in P1 WP4 is doing very well with 42% of total delivered
- In fact, performance must be improved
 - Overall figure dominated by CERN (and DESY)
 - Even troublesome, if no extra resources found for user support
 - No CERN beams in 2026 though
 - Four Ris with no AU delivered at all

Facility	AU	AU	Nominal
Facility	Total	P1	P1
CERN TB	8736	9072	2184
DESY TB	8400	3360	2100
PSI TB	5376	0	1344
ITAINNOVA	800	0	200
RBI	640	280	160
IRRAD	4000	1348	1000
GIF++	4000	0	1000
JSI	700	78	175
IFJ-PAN	800	80	200
UCL	100	0	25
UoB	300	12.5	75



M.Mikuž:WP4







Have we miscalculated ?

- ECFA and LDG have conducted a survey among DRD collaborations of their need of resources for the coming years and beyond
- All WP4 facilities in high demand including the ones with no AU in P1
- Possible reasons for under-performance
 - Period of 12 months to short to draw (hard) conclusions
 - Formation of DRD collaborations poses heavy load on the users
 - Facilities with few expected projects large fluctuations
 - Is excluding all HL-LHC production QA to be revised?
- Expect more comments in task leader talks tomorrow
- Certainly, development needs to be followed up closely, efforts made to actively solicit users, eventually also move resources



Answer Choices	Responses	Ratio
• None	0	0.0%
• CERN IRRAD	5	100.0%
CERN GIF++	4	80.0%
JSI TRIGA Reactor	4	80.0%
IFJ PAN AIC-144	2	40.0%
• UV Louvain CRC	3	60.0%
UoB MC40 Cyclotron	5	60.0%
• Other	4	80.0%
0%		
5 (1009	%)	
4 (80%)		
4 (60%) 2 (40%)		
3 (60%)		
3 (60%)		
4 (900/)		

	Ratio
	20.0%
	80.0%
	80.0%
	60.0%
	60.0%
	80.0%
-	





WP4 Summary

- **Research Infrastructures for R&D on HEP detectors**
 - TA complement to AIDAinnova
- Acess to RI's free of charge
 - Tailored to detector R&D where dedicated funding is often a problem
- Covers 3 types of research infrastructures, grouped into tasks
 - Test Beams (3 facilities)
 - Detector Characterization (2 facilities)
 - Irradiations (6 facilities)
- Service Improvements at each RI to improve access
- Large fluctuations between Rls observed in P1 to be watched
- EURO-LABS WP4 RIs in high demand for future DRD collaborations



With WP4 EURO-LABS is providing transnational access to top level European



