





15th February 2023

Setareh Fatemi

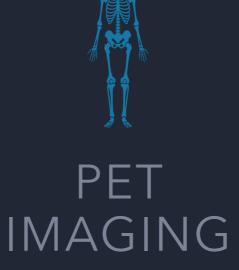
AI_MIGHT AND COMPUTING RESOURCES

Artificial Intelligence methods applied to Medical ImaGes to enHance and personalize BNCT Treatment planning

CLINICAL BNCT



18F-BPA









BPA



IRRADIATION

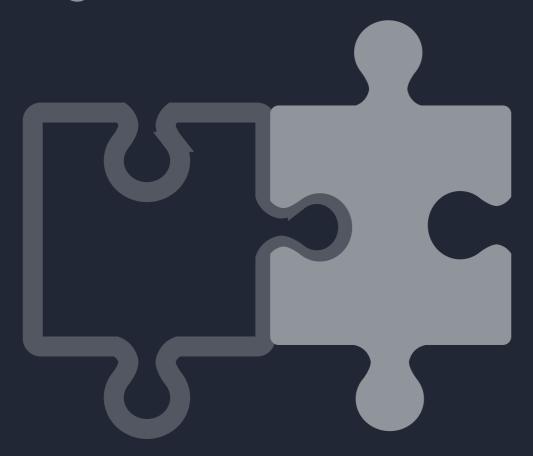


TREATMENT PLANNING SYSTEM

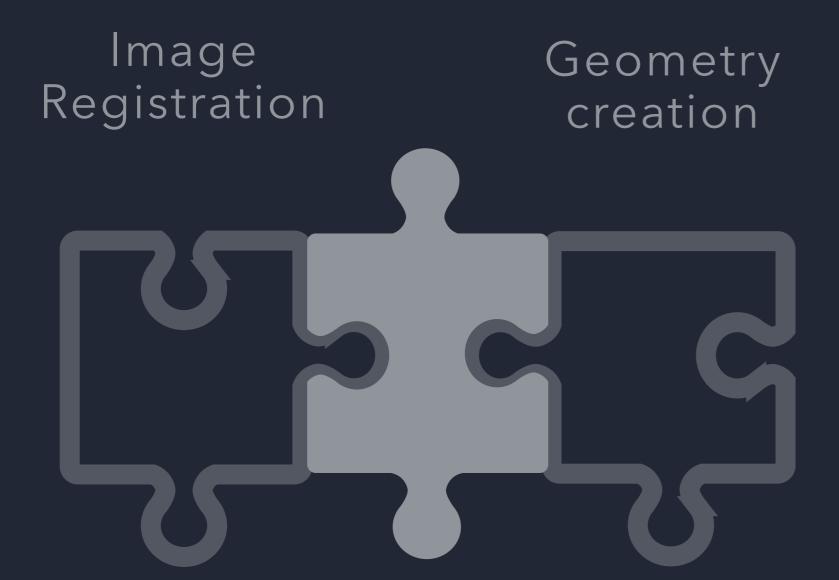
Image Registration



Image Registration



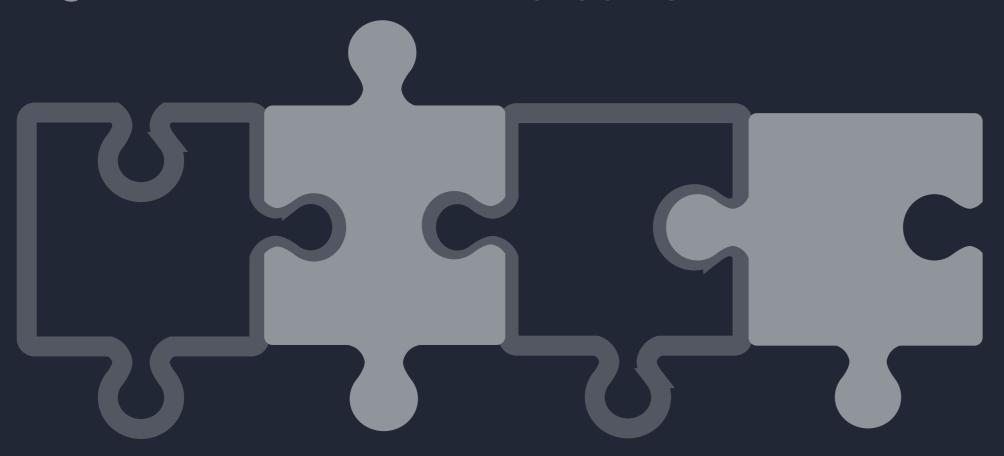
ROI upload



ROI upload

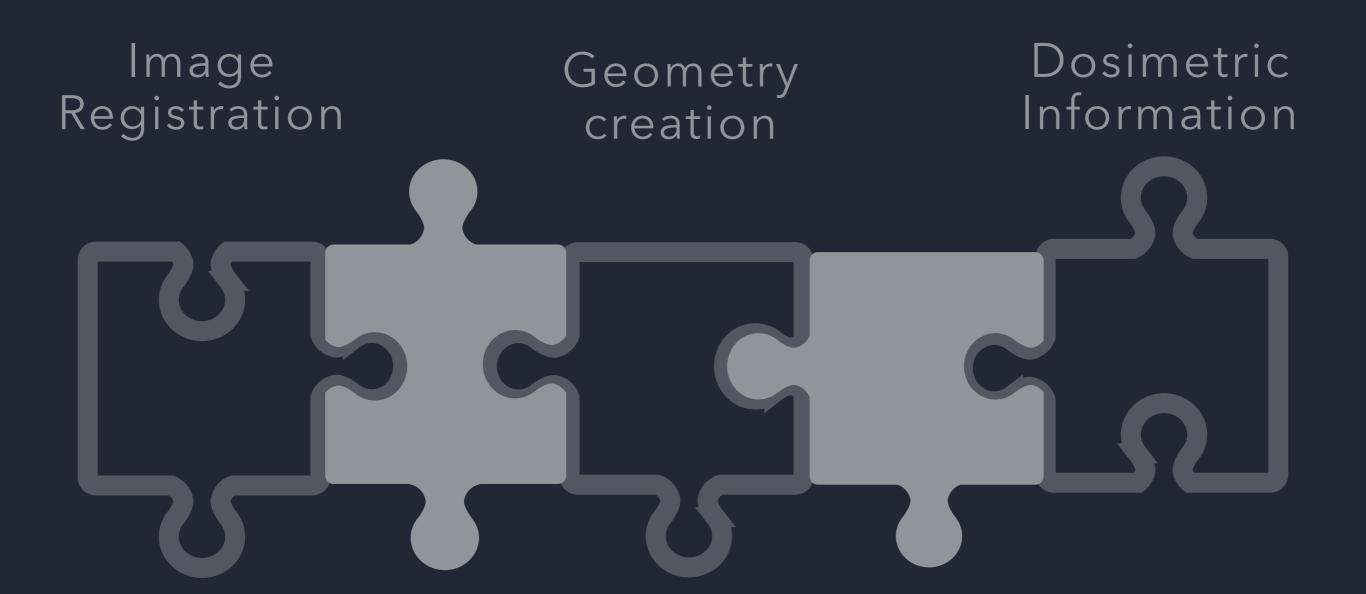
Image Registration

Geometry creation



ROI upload

Monte Carlo Simulation

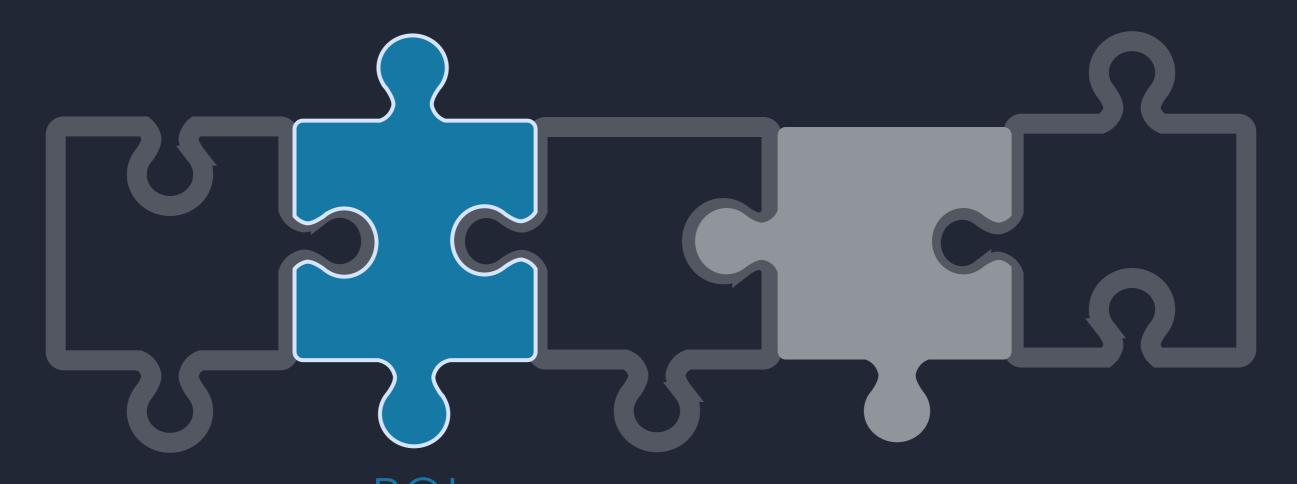


ROI upload

Monte Carlo Simulation

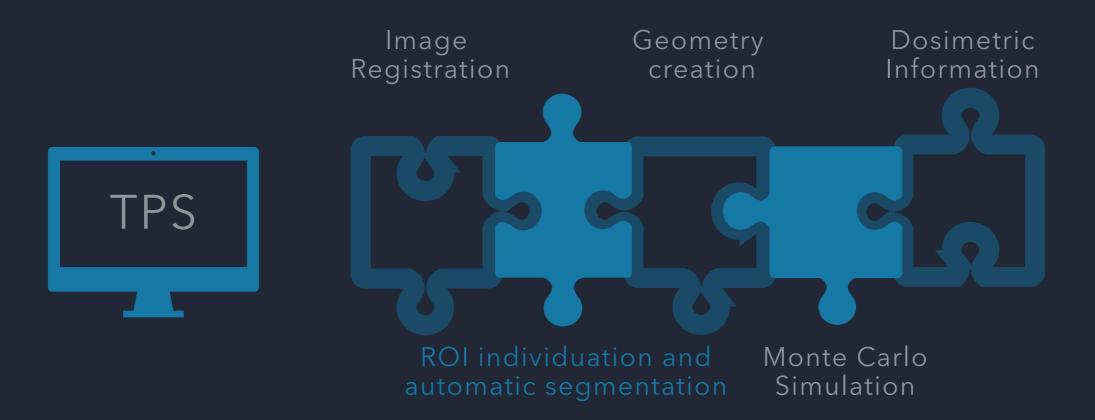
Image Registration Geometry creation

Dosimetric Information



ROI individuation and automatic segmentation

Monte Carlo Simulation







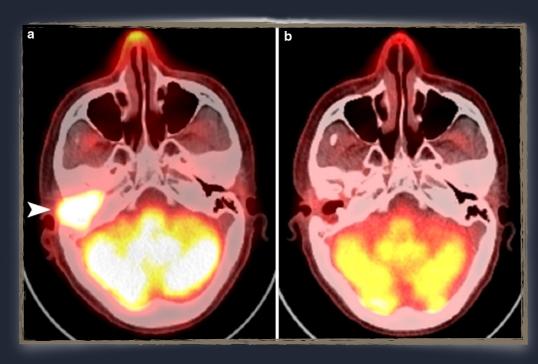
HEAD & NECK CANCER



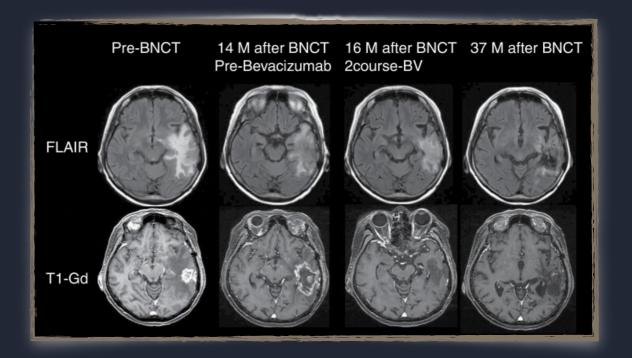
CT & MRI

GLIOBLASTOMA MULTIFORME





Wang LW, Liu YH, Chou FI, Jiang SH. Clinical trials for treating recurrent head and neck cancer with boron neutron capture therapy using the Tsing-Hua Open Pool Reactor. Cancer Commun (Lond). 2018 Jun 19;38(1):37. doi: 10.1186/s40880-018-0295-y. PMID: 29914577; PMCID: PMC6006853.



Kawabata S, Suzuki M, Hirose K, et al. Accelerator-based BNCT for patients with recurrent glioblastoma: a multicenter phase II study. Neurooncol Adv. 2021;3(1):vdab067. Published 2021 May 20. doi:10.1093/noajnl/vdab067

TREATMENT PLANNING SYSTEM

INPUT: SEGMENTED ROIS



OUTPUT:
DOSIMETRIC
CALCULATION

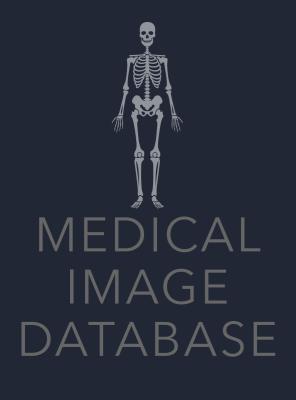
HEAD & NECK CANCER



BNCT PATIENTS

GLIOBLASTOMA MULTIFORME











MONTE CARLO SIMULATIONS



GPU WITH LARGE VRAM MANY CPUs
WITH
PARALLELIZATION

HDD/SDD WITH FAST ACCESS

THE CANCER IMAGING ARCHIVE

We acquired a special license to use the data since the face of the patients could be reconstructed form the data

H&N data

Here is the full list of the H&N data chosen on TCIA and the checklist of what has already been downloaded:

- 1. AAMP 55 patients MR, RTSTRUCT
- 2. PET-CT-v2 ~300 patients PT, CT, RTSTRUCT, RTPLAN, RTDOSE
- 3. RadiomicsHN1 137 patients CT, PT, RTSTRUCT, SEG
- HNSCC 627 patients CT, PT, MR, RTSTRUCT, RTDOSE, RTPLAN
- MRI-DIR 9 patients MR, CT, RTSTRUCT
- OPC-Radiomics 606 patients CT. RTSTRUCT
- QIN 279 patients PT, CT, SR, SEG, RWV
- HNSC 227 patients CT, MR, PT, RTSTRUCT, RTDOSE, RTPLAN, Pathology
- Cetuximab 111 patients CT, PT, RTSTRUCT, RTPLAN, RTDOSE
- 10. HNSCC_3DCT 31 patients -CT, RTSTRUCT, RTDOSE
- 11. CPTAC-HNSCC_V9 64 patients CT, MR, SC, Pathology





GBM data

Here is the full list of the gbm data chosen on TCIA and the checklist of what has already been downloaded:

- 1. ACRIN-DSC 123 patients MR, CT
- 2. ACRIN-FMIS 45 patients CT, MR, PT
- IvyGAP 39 patients MR, Pathology
- GLIS-RT 230 patients CT, MR, REG, RTSTRUCT
- TCGA 262 patients MR, CT, DX, Pathology
- 6. CPTAC 66 patients- CT, CR, SC, MR, Pathology

IMAGE ANALYSIS

HEAD & NECK CANCER

GLIOBLASTOMA MULTIFORME



MRI and CT images



We considered various image parameters to select our images

Image type: CT, MRI, PET, RTSTRUCT etc

Image dimensions

Convolution kernel used

Filter Type

FOV dimensions and FOV shape

Number of slices

Reconstruction method

Slice thickness

Spacing between slices

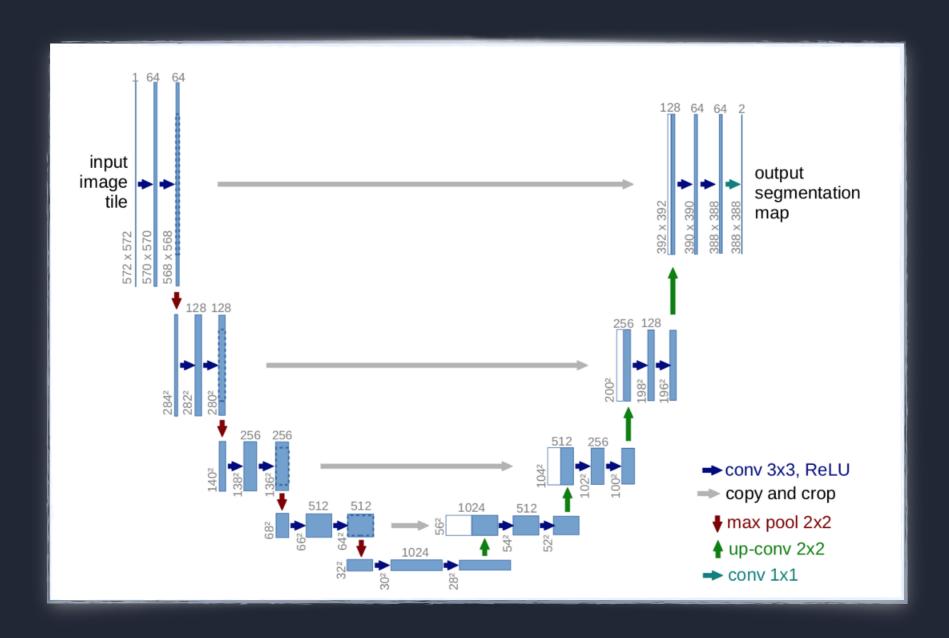
We chose for a first analysis to take into account the CT images with a corresponding RTSTRUCT

IMAGE DATABASE

| | H&N | GBM |
|-----|------|------|
| CT | 1934 | 230 |
| MRI | 171 | >103 |

Francesco Morosato - Master Thesis @ UNIPV

DEEP LEARNING



nnUNET



COMPUTATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

AVAILABLE FACILITIES

AI_MIGHT @
INFN
UNIT OF PAVIA

EOS @ UNIPV DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

RECAS @
INFN
UNIT OF BARI

RTX 3060 12 GB V100 32 GB A100 40 GB

TEST DATA



64x64x64



128x128x128



256x256x256



512X512X512

OTHER PARAMETERS

DEPTH OF STANDARD NET



EPOCHS:

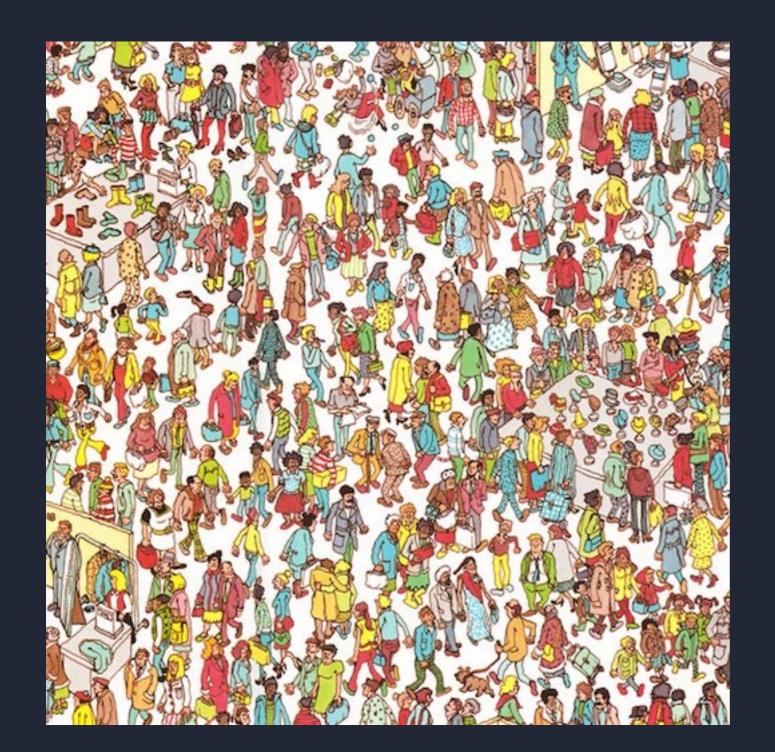
BATCH: 1

OUTPUT:COMPLETED OR
MEMORY FAULT

GB USED

DEPTH: 7

| | RTX 3060 | | | | V100 | | | | A100 | | | |
|---------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|
| | 64 | 128 | 256 | 512 | 64 | 128 | 256 | 512 | 64 | 128 | 256 | 512 |
| IMAGE LOAD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NN LOAD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FIT | | | | | | | | | | | | |



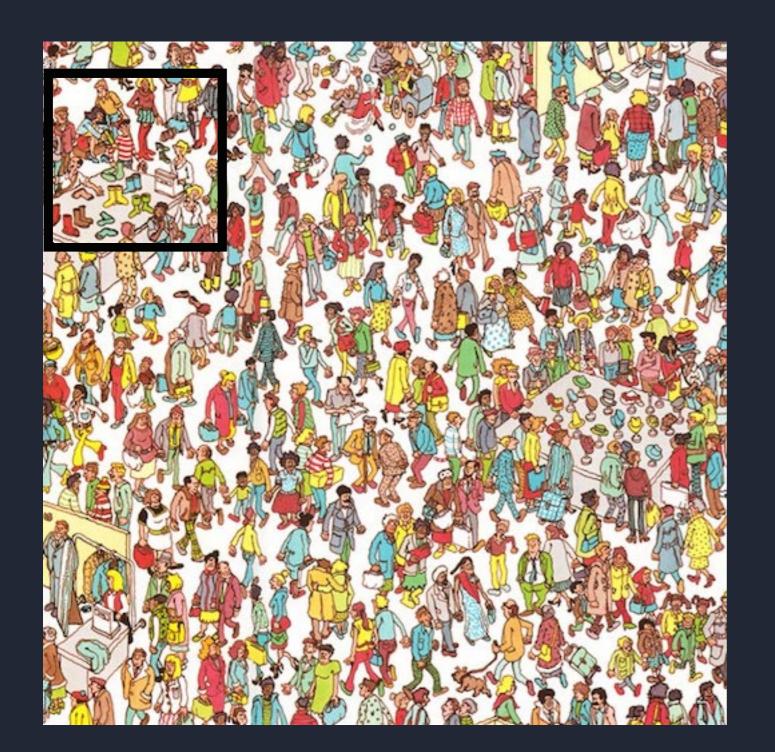
We can use a Boundary Box

We will still have big images

We would prefer to a have a patchless approach

Training on 100 epochs the computational time gets higher

We are now using the resources of recas@ba.infn that fulfill our needs



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THANK YOU!

