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## Searching for photon-ALPs mixing effects in AGN gamma-ray energy spectra

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High energy gamma-rays propagating in external magnetic fields may convert into axion-like particles (ALPs). In this case, the observed gamma-ray spectra are modified by the resulting energy-dependent conversion probability. In this study, we use the energy spectra of 20 extra-galactic gamma-ray sources recorded during 10 years of *Fermi*-LAT observations. We define a test statistics based upon the likelihood ratio to test the hypothesis for a spectral model without vs. a model with photon-ALPs coupling. The conversion probability is calculated for fixed values of the mass and two-photon coupling of the pseudo-scalar particle while the external magnetic field is characterized by the additional free parameters length scale  $s$  and average field strength  $B$ . As a consistency check and in order to extend the analysis to include very high energy gamma-ray data, another test statistics is defined with the  $\chi^2$  method. We find for 18 of the 20 sources a favorable fit, particularly for Markarian-421 and NGC-1275 a significant improvement, with the hypothesis of photon-ALPs coupling in likelihood analysis. The test statistics of the sources are combined and the significance has been estimated  $5.3 \sigma$  (test statistics summed in local maxima of all sources) and  $6.0 \sigma$  (global maxima). The significance is estimated from dedicated simulations under the null hypotheses. The locally best-fitting values of  $B$  and  $s$  fall into the range that is expected for large scale magnetic fields present in relevant astrophysical environments.

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