

PMT Signal Simulation

Presented by: *Rafael A. Nóbrega*

Universidade Federal de Juiz de Fora (UFJF)

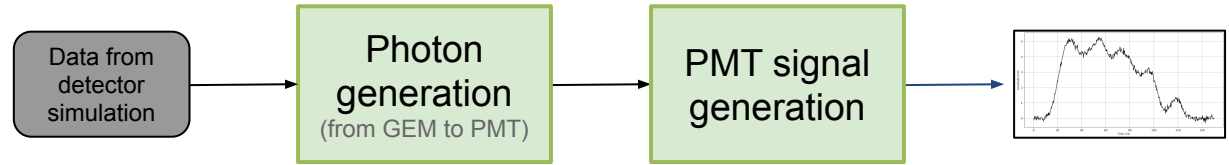
with Davide Pinci (INFN-Roma I), Luan Gomes and Mariana Migliorini (UFJF)



January 30, 2023



Summary

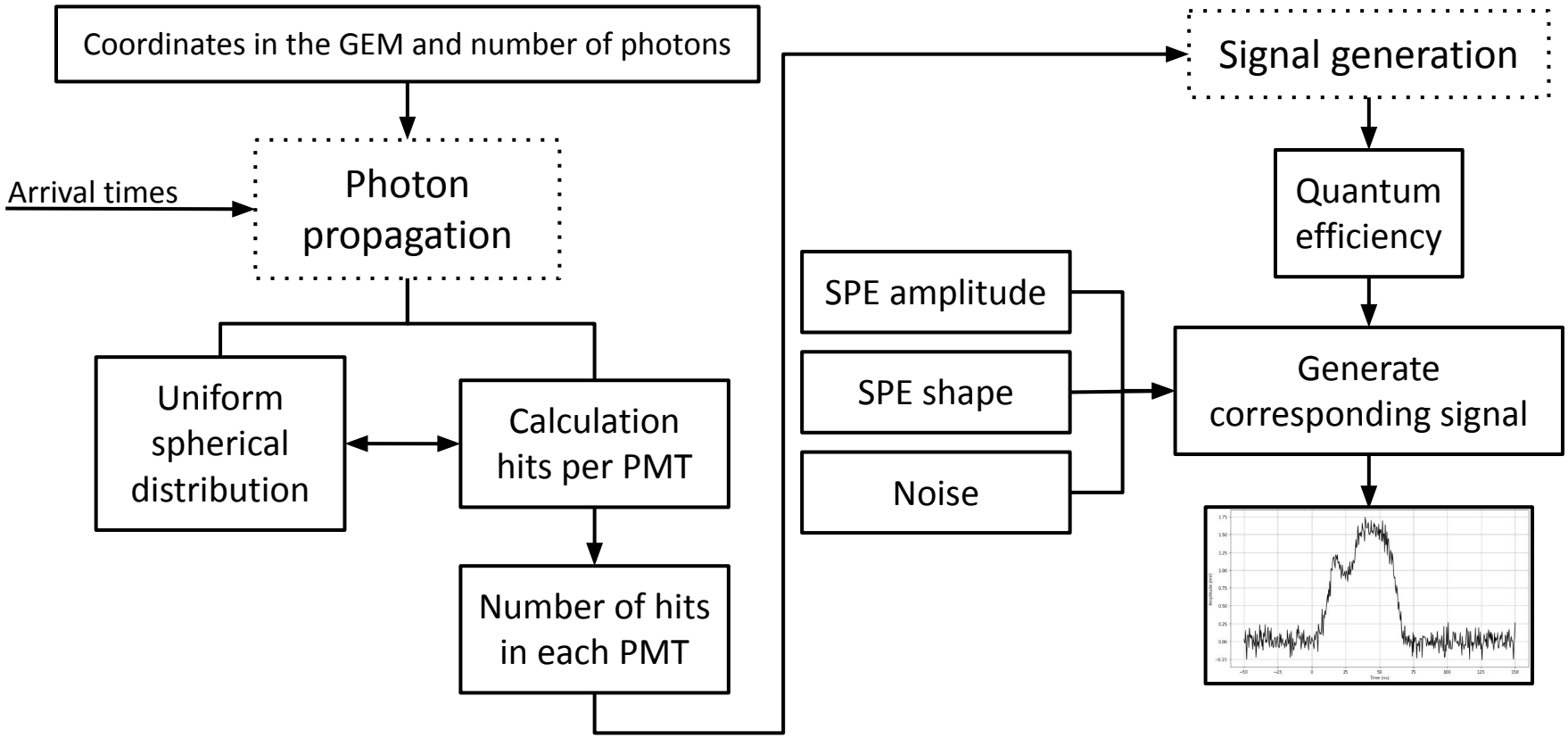


PMT Signal Simulation

- General Description
- Simulation Functions
- Next Steps

General Description

Modular implementation



Simulation functions

Example

- ❑ A particle with 3 clusters and 1000 photons each, was simulated in the following GEM positions:
 - ❑ Cluster 1: $x = z = 50$
 - ❑ Cluster 2: $x = z = 100$
 - ❑ Cluster 3: $x = z = 150$
- ❑ The PMTs are in a distance $y = 134$ from the GEM
- ❑ Each cluster arrives 10 ns after the other.

```
# Input parameters:
```

```
x0 = np.array([50, 100, 150])
```

```
z0 = np.array([50, 100, 150])
```

```
n_fotons = np.array([1000, 1000, 1000])
```

```
arr_times = np.array([0, 10, 10])
```

```
ptc_object = PhotonPropagation(x0, z0, n_fotons, arr_times)
```

```
pmt_hits = ptc_object.pmt_hits()
```

```
pmt_hits = {'cluster_0': {'pmt1': 0, 'pmt2': 0, 'pmt3': 2,  
                          'pmt4': 1, 'arrival_time': 0},  
            'cluster_1': {'pmt1': 0, 'pmt2': 0, 'pmt3': 1,  
                          'pmt4': 0, 'arrival_time': 10},  
            'cluster_2': {'pmt1': 0, 'pmt2': 0, 'pmt3': 0,  
                          'pmt4': 1, 'arrival_time': 10}}
```

Example

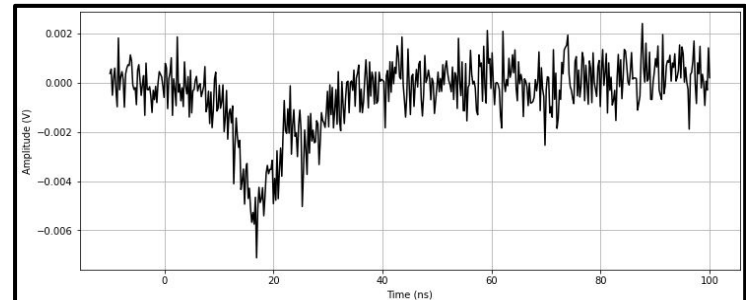
- Using a PMT quantum efficiency of 95%, the particle previously simulated in the photon generation part produced the following signal in PMT 3:

```
pmt_hits = {'cluster_0': {'pmt1': 0, 'pmt2': 0, 'pmt3': 2,
                          'pmt4': 1, 'arrival_time': 0},
            'cluster_1': {'pmt1': 0, 'pmt2': 0, 'pmt3': 1,
                          'pmt4': 0, 'arrival_time': 10},
            'cluster_2': {'pmt1': 0, 'pmt2': 0, 'pmt3': 0,
                          'pmt4': 1, 'arrival_time': 10}}
```

```
ptc_simulation = SignalSimulation(pmt_hits)
pmts_signal = ptc_simulation.particle_signal()
```

```
pmt3_signal = pmts_signal['cluster_0']['pmt3'] + \
              pmts_signal['cluster_1']['pmt3'] + \
              pmts_signal['cluster_2']['pmt3']
```

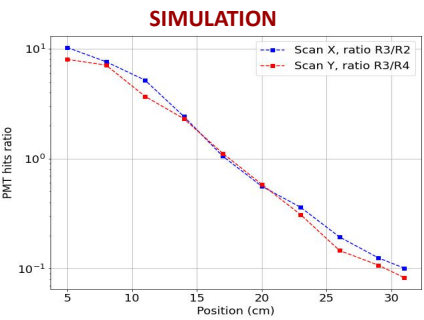
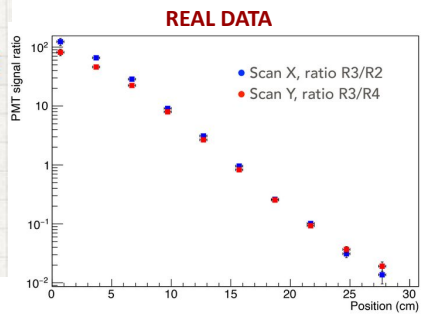
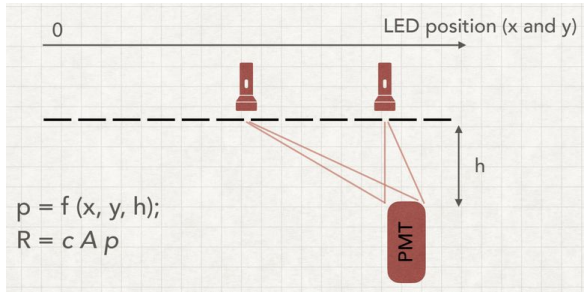
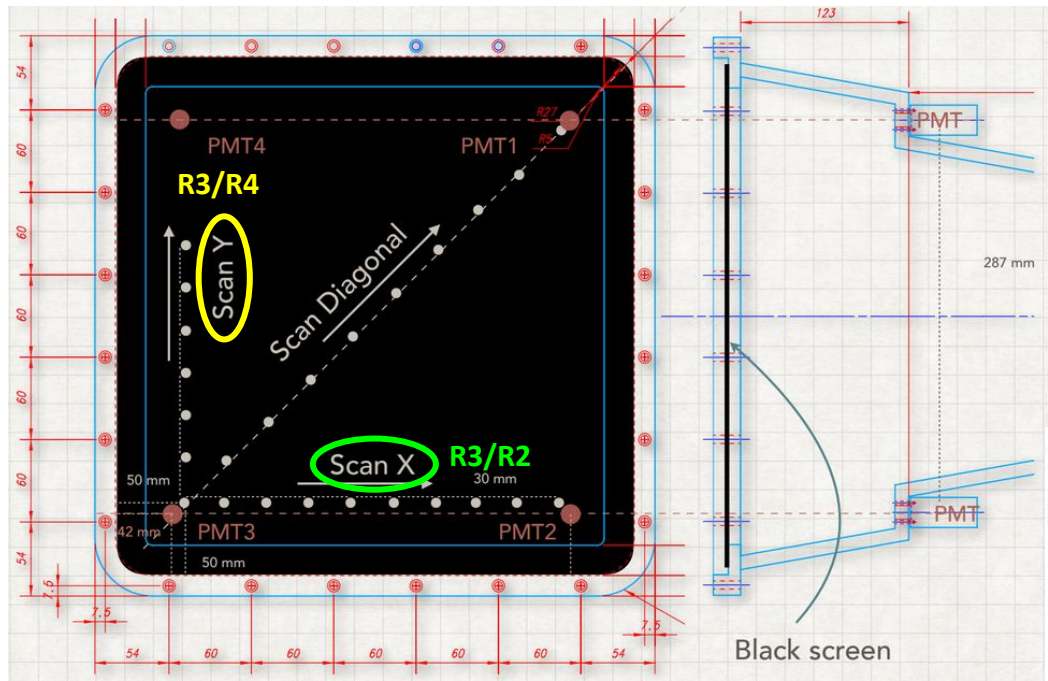
```
plt.figure()
plt.plot(pmts_signal['time'], pmt3_signal, 'k')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude (V)')
plt.xlabel('Time (ns)')
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



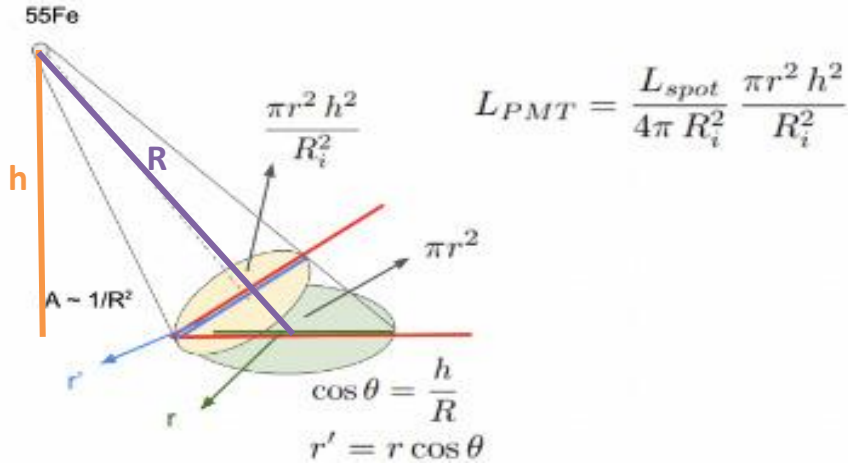
Next Step

Photon Propagation Test

Preliminary tests



PMT hits



PMTs positions

$$Y_{PMT} = 134$$

$$PMT_1 : X_1 = 312, Z_1 = 312$$

$$PMT_2 : X_2 = 312, Z_2 = 42$$

$$PMT_3 : X_3 = 42, Z_3 = 42$$

$$PMT_4 : X_4 = 42, Z_4 = 312$$

Equation variables

$$h = Y_{PMT} = 134$$

$$r = 11$$

$$L_{spot} = 5 \times 10^5$$

Next Steps

- ❑ Test the photon propagation code;
- ❑ Add the noise characteristics to the signal generation module;
- ❑ Make the simulation algorithm available in the CYGNO repository.

Thank you!