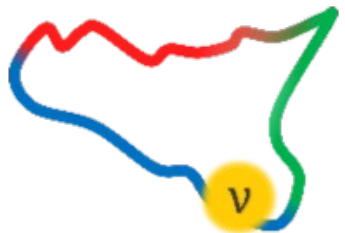
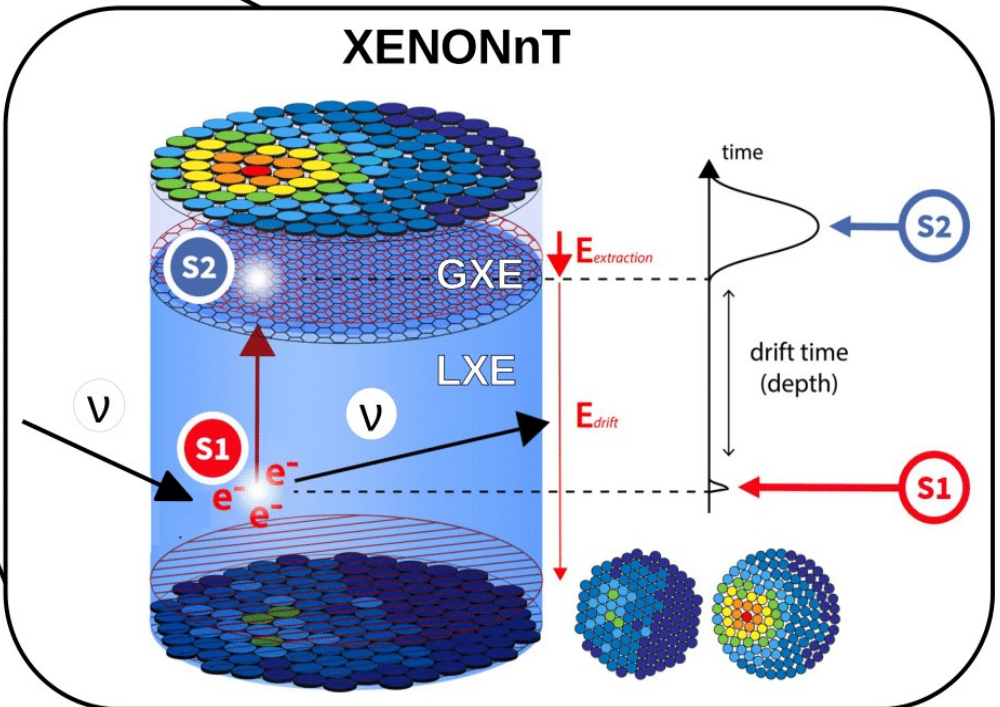
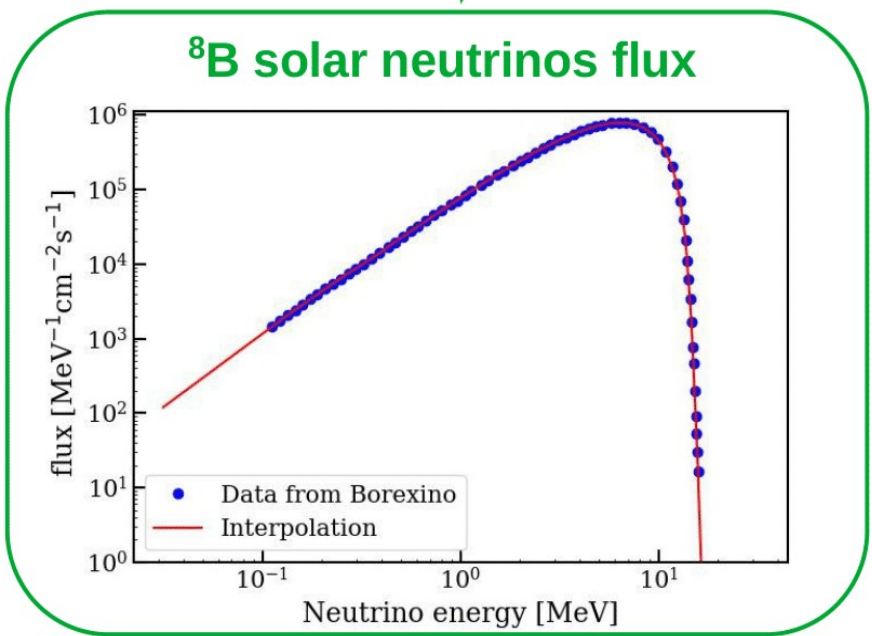
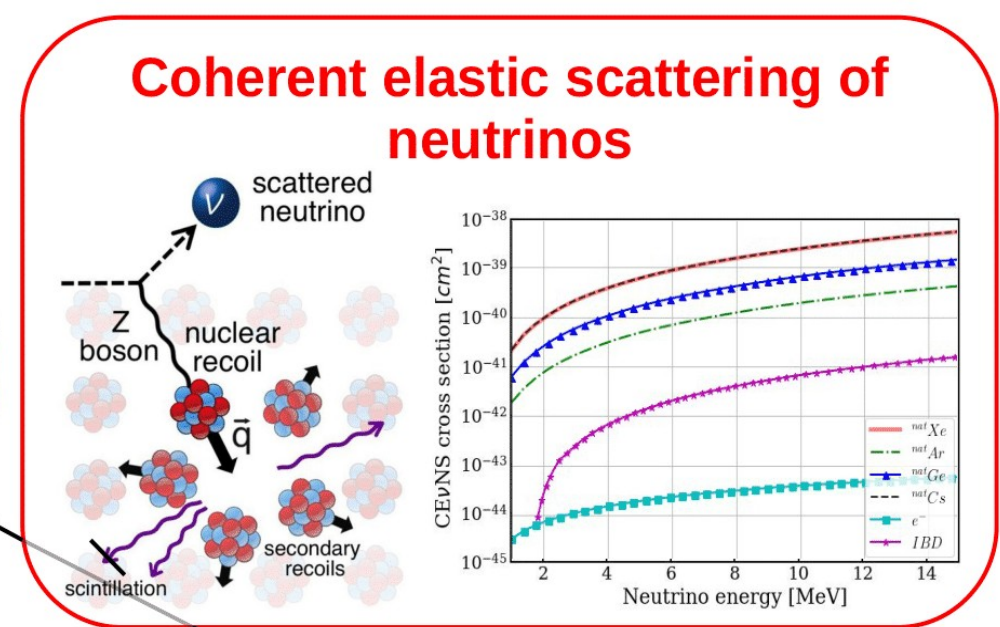
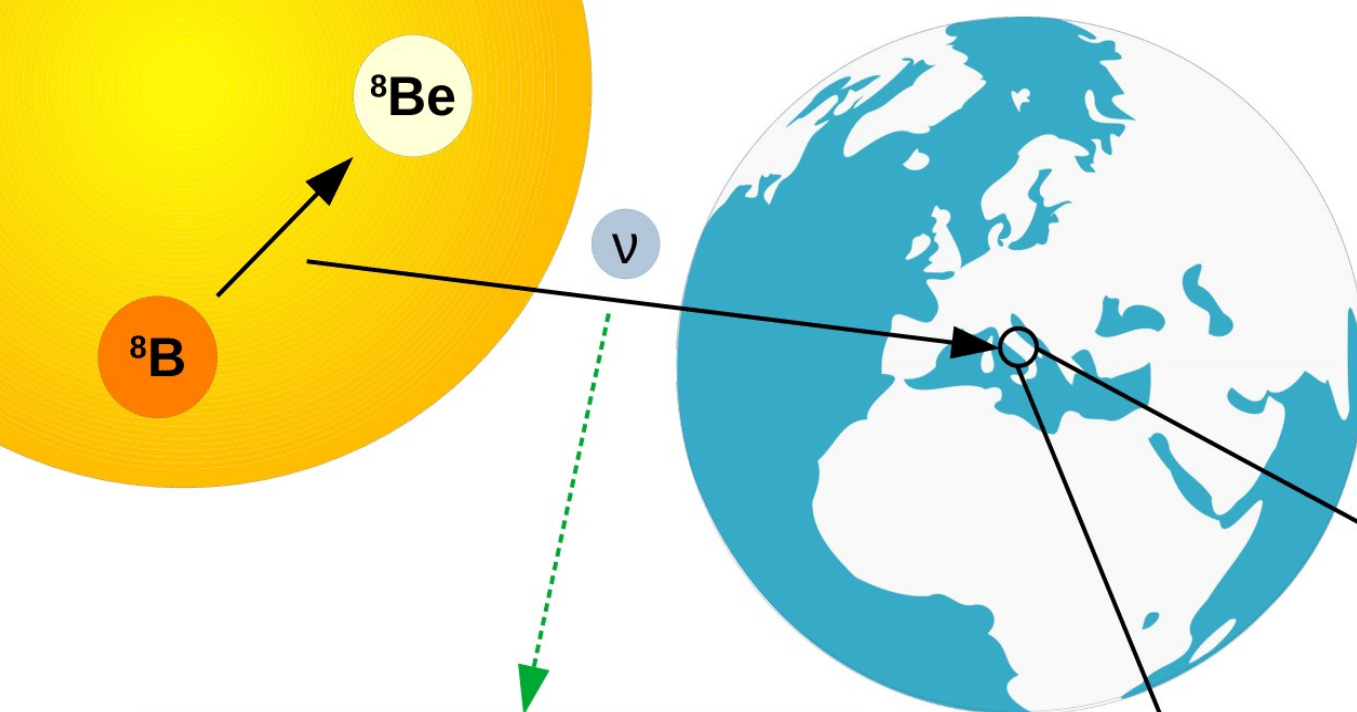


Search for Coherent Elastic Solar Neutrino-Nucleus Scattering in XENONnT

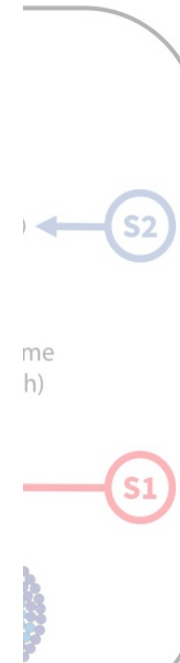
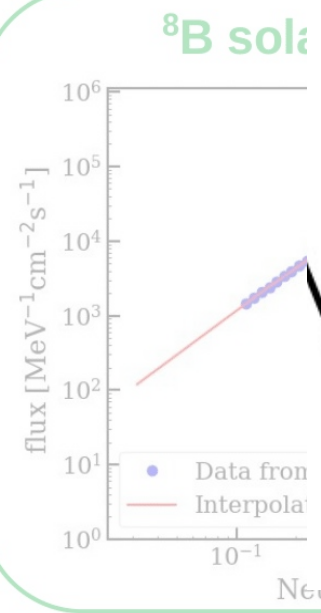
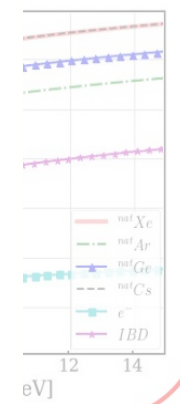
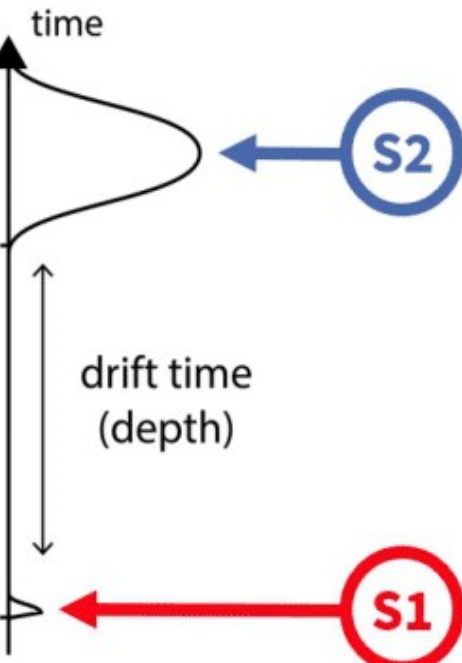
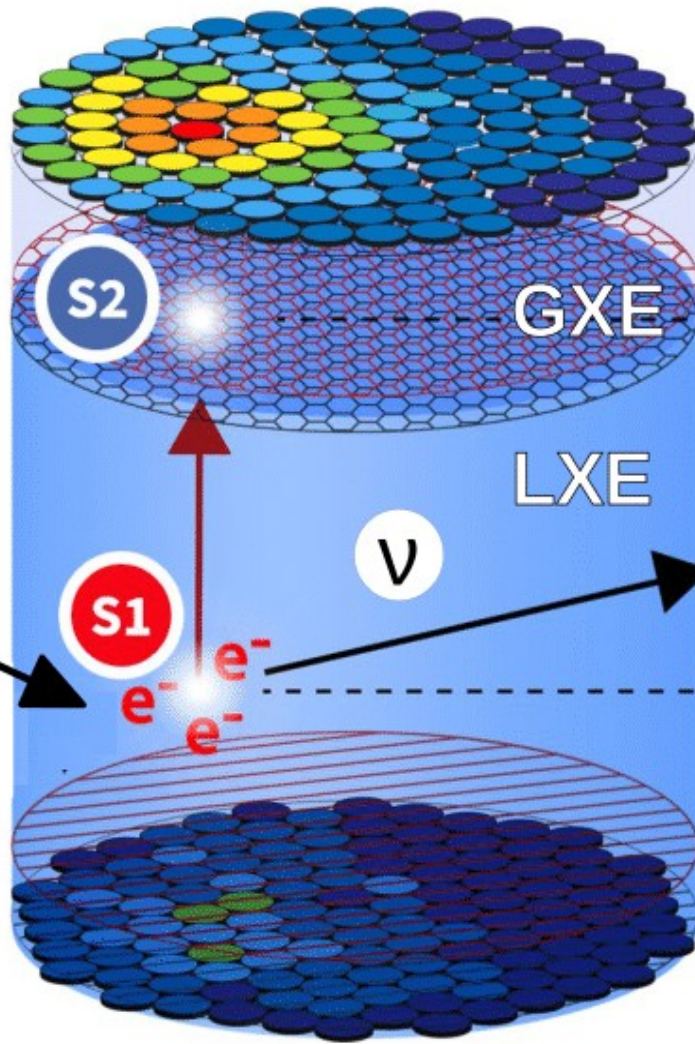
8 July 2023

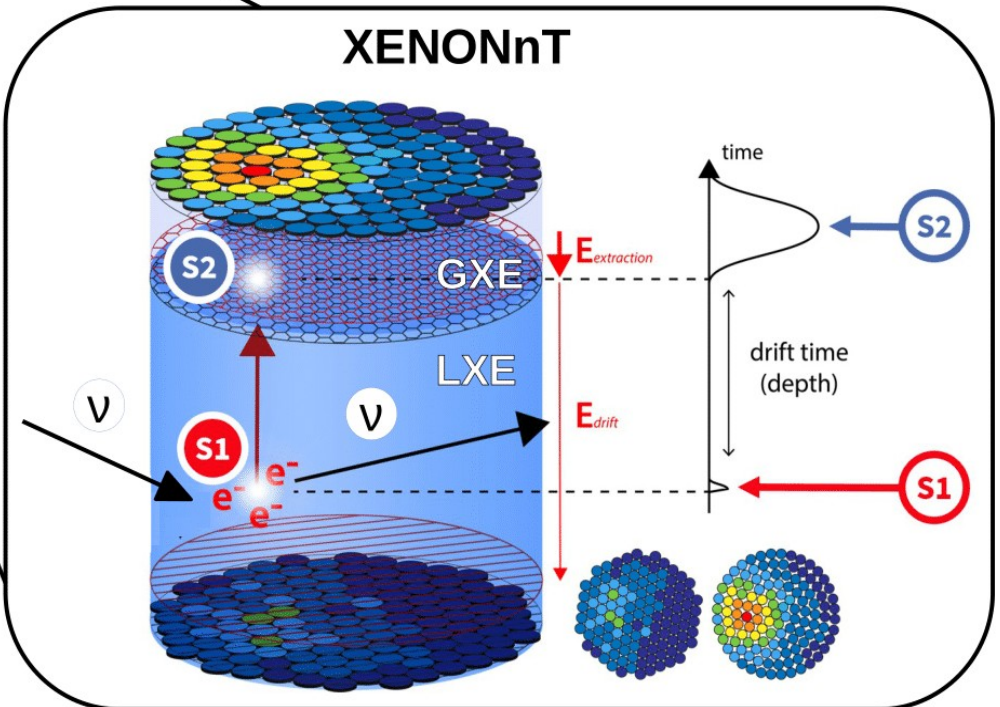
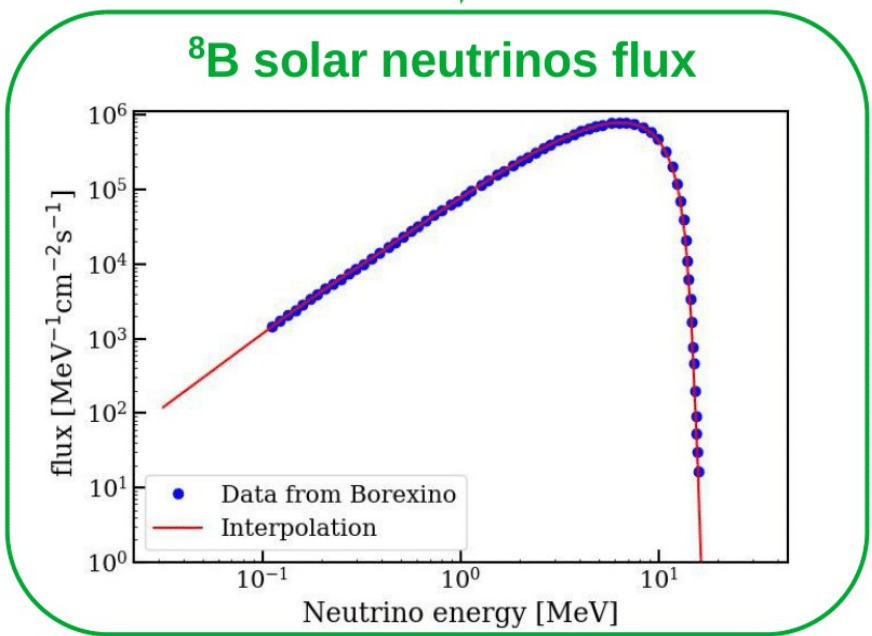
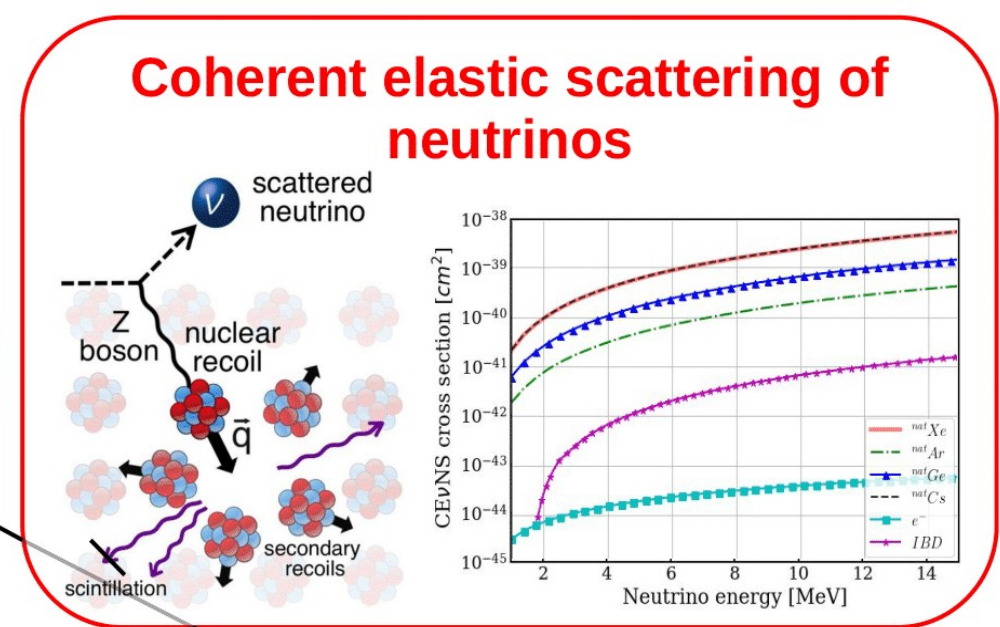
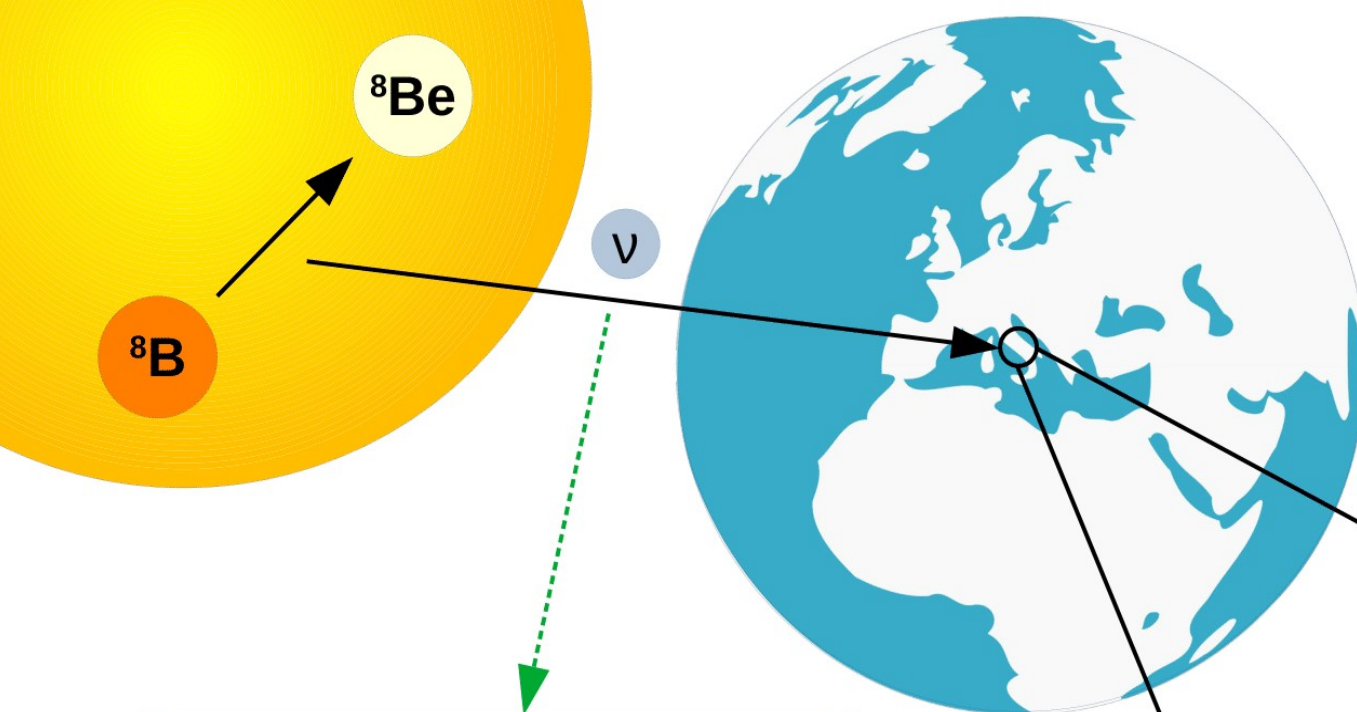
Quentin Pellegrini, LPNHE



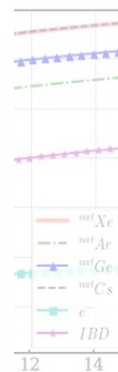
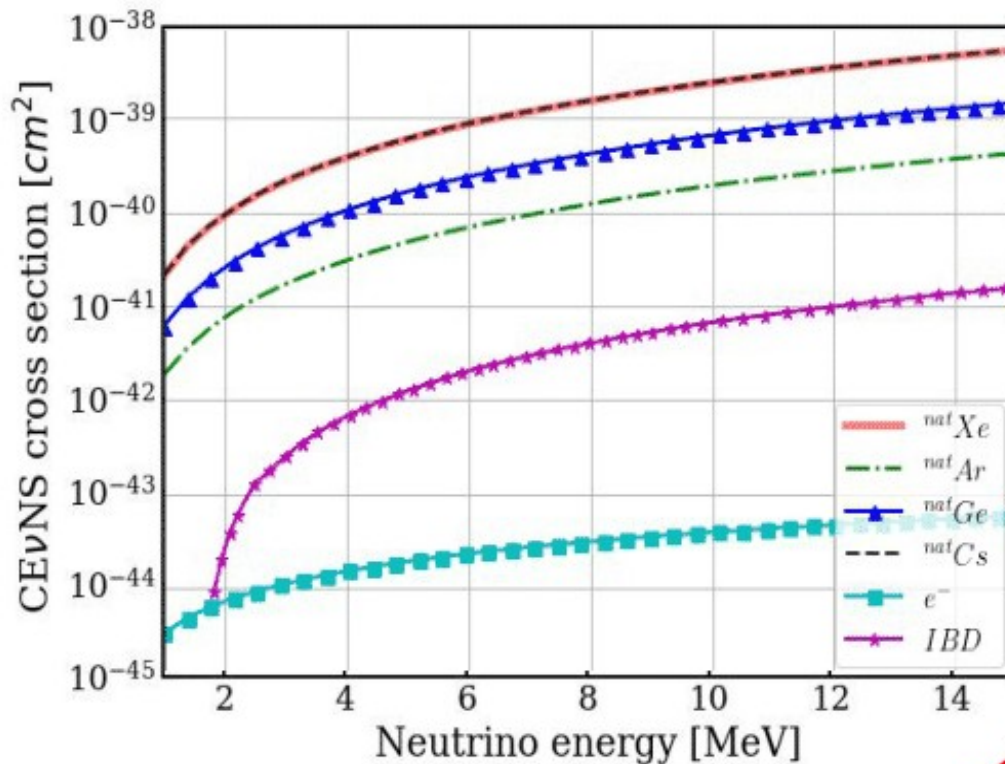
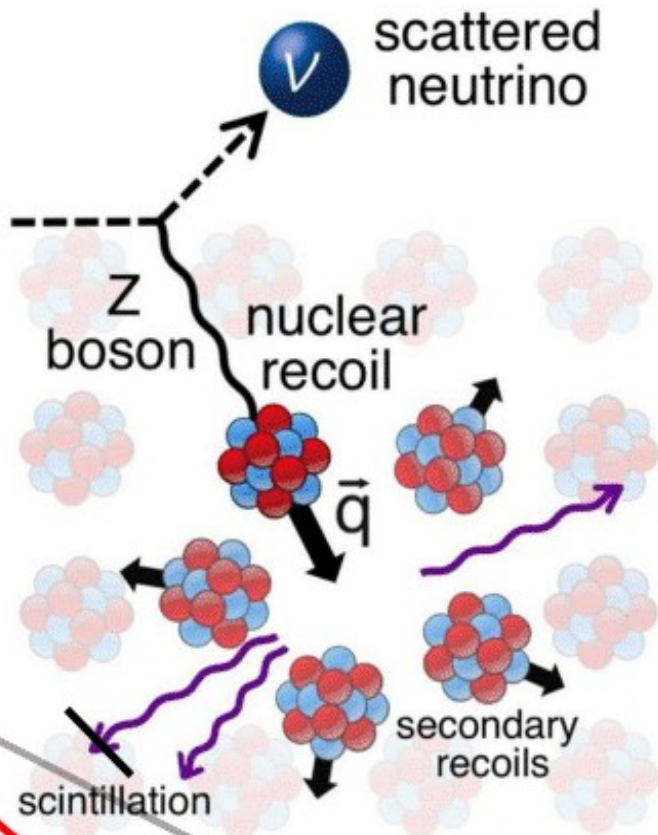


XENONnT



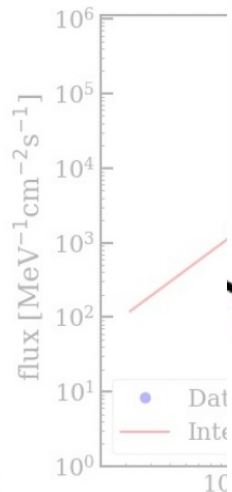


Coherent elastic scattering of neutrinos



^8B

^8B

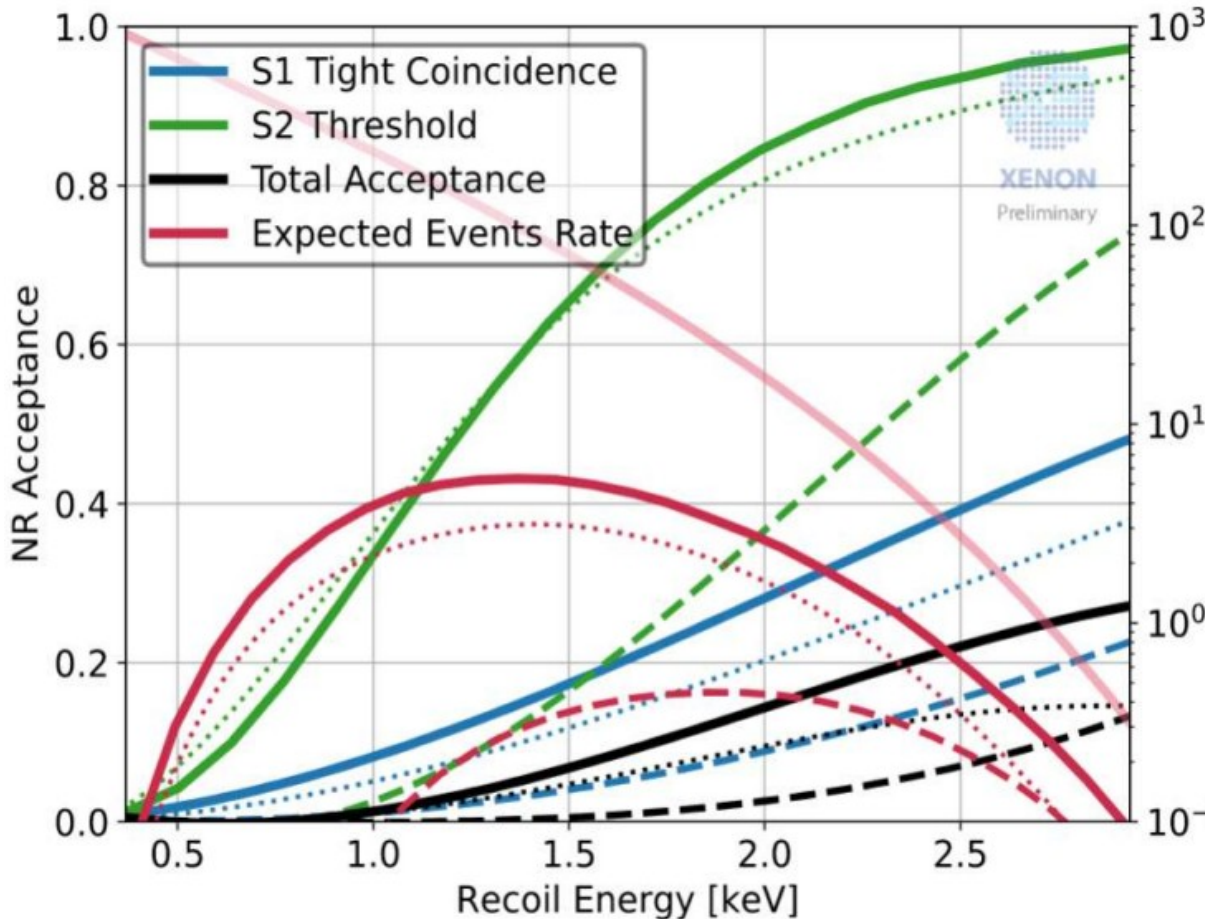


S2

S1

Detection efficiency

- ▶ Driven by **2-fold PMT coincidence for S1 (2 photons) & S2 threshold (100 PE)**
- ▶ **Emission models** for low nuclear recoils (Light Yield & Charge Yield) from data fitting with NESTv2 parametrisation & morph parameters for yield fluctuation quantification



Expected Differential Rate

$$\frac{dR}{dE_r} = \underbrace{\mathcal{N}}_{\text{Target density}} \int_{E_\nu^{\min}} \underbrace{\Phi(E_\nu)}_{\text{8B flux}} \underbrace{\left[\frac{d\sigma(E_r E_\nu)}{dE_r} \right]}_{\text{SM CEvNS Cross section}} dE_\nu$$

Target density ⁸B flux SM CEvNS Cross section

$$E_\nu^{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{m_N E_r}{2}}$$

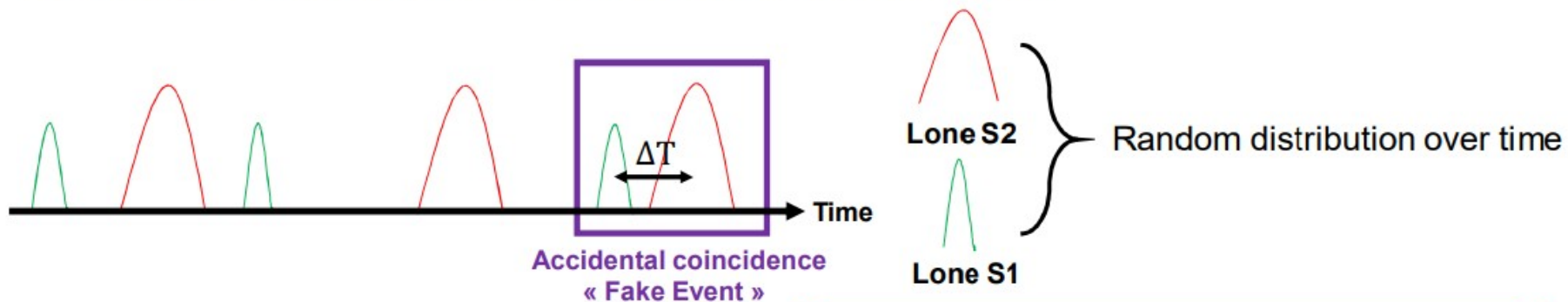
Minimal neutrino energy to induce a specific nuclear recoil energy

Detection efficiency plot

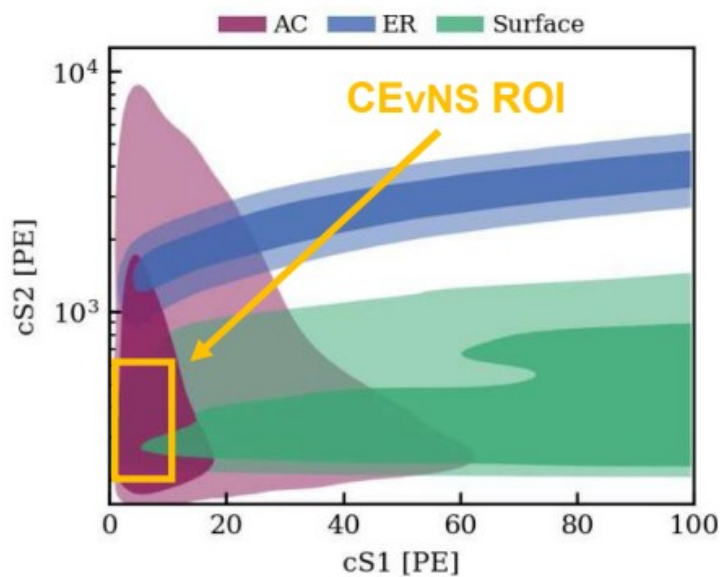
- Full line → CEvNS (nT)
- Dashed line → Standard (nT)
- Dotted line → CEvNS (1T)

Accidental coincidences (AC)

- ▶ Random pairing of lone S1 & S2 signals by the Event Builder



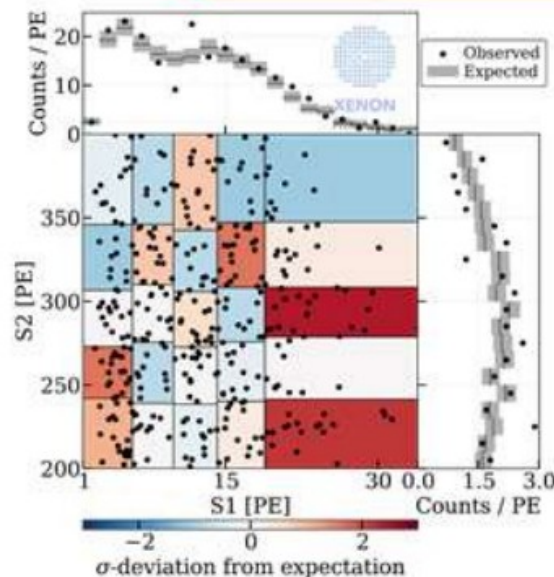
- ▶ Main background for CEvNS searches



Area of main backgrounds in S2 vs S1 space

$$N_{AC} = \int R_{S1}(t) \times R_{S2}(t) \times \Delta T \times dt$$

AC rate
 Lone S1 rate
 Lone S2 rate
 Max electron drift time



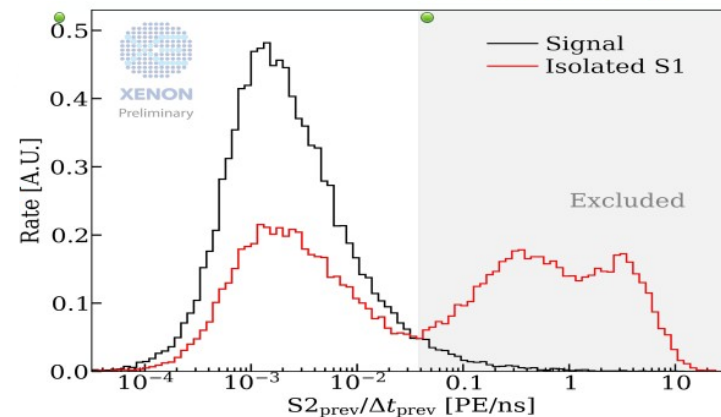
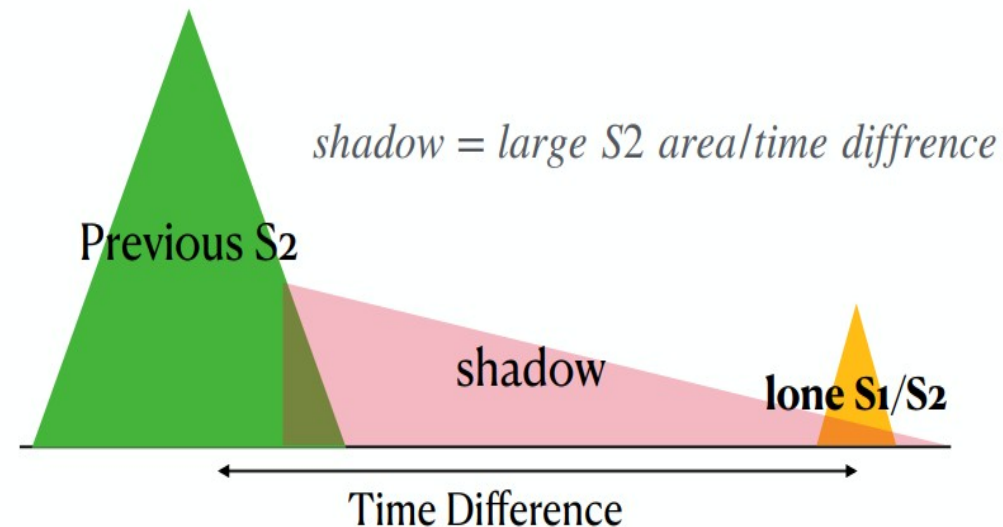
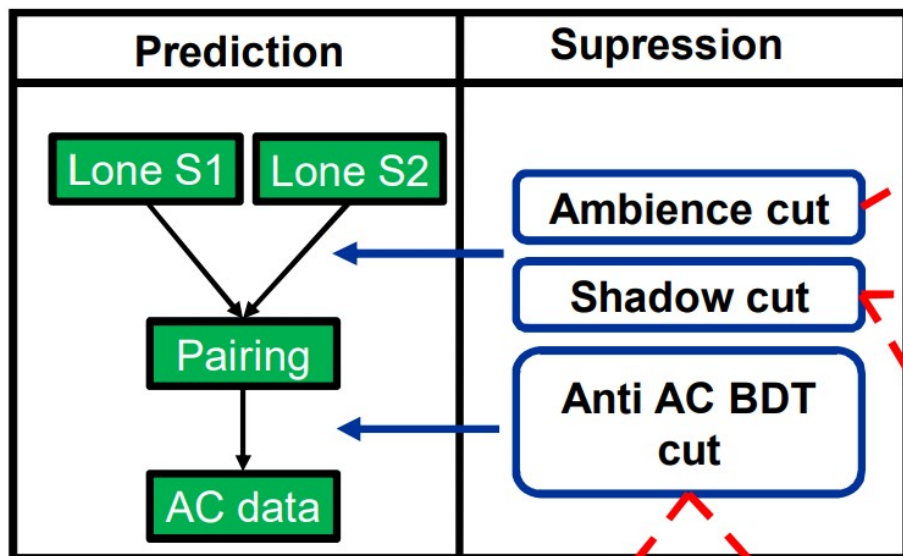
AC background is nicely understood in first science run of XENONnT

5% precision

Expected AC data vs true data (Ar37)

Data selection

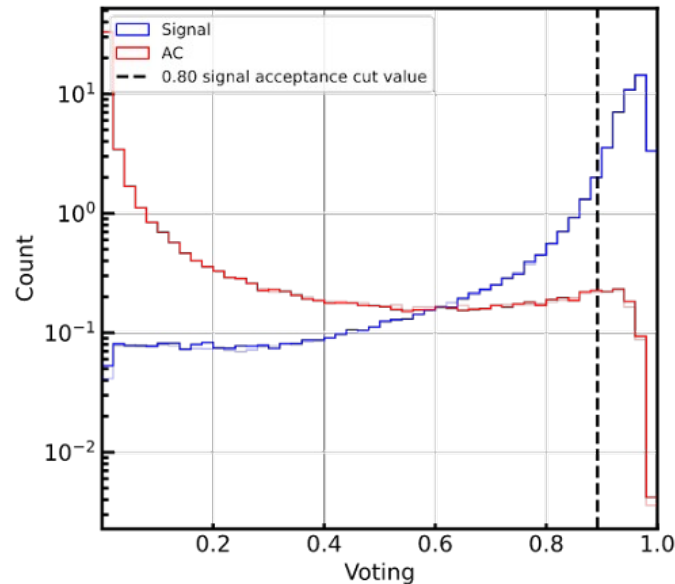
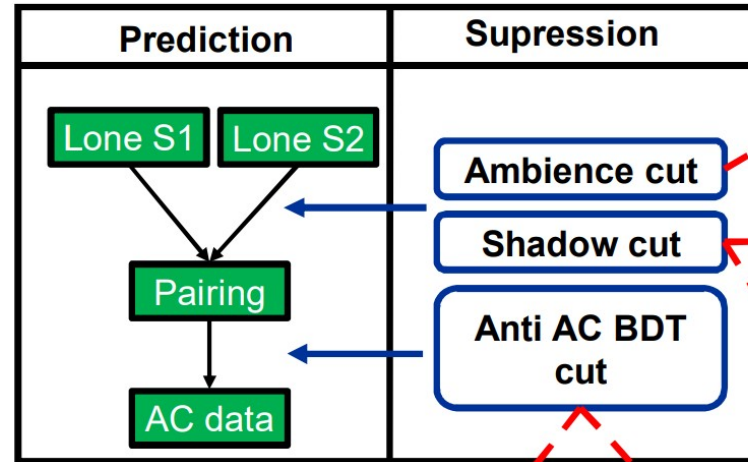
- ▶ Minimum cutlist: Muon & Neutron Veto, ...
- ▶ ROI cuts: Two fold coincidence & S2 Threshold
- ▶ Anti AC cuts: Data-driven method
- ▶ Wall background: Fiducial cut
- ▶ S1 & S2 quality cuts



Shadow cut efficiency

Data selection

► Anti AC cuts: Data-driven method



Trained IA with simulated CEvNS & AC data
(5 parameters of events)

BDT cut suppress the AC background by **two orders of magnitude**, signal acceptance at ~ 80%

Conclusions & Outlook

- ▶ Current estimation of signal and backgrounds (Detector efficiency & Cuts) in [ty]

^8B CEvNS	AC	NR	ER
4.84	10.6	0.01	0.04

- ▶ XENONnT CEvNS study is very advanced on first science run (SR0) but still a lot of work to do on the current science run (SR1)
- ▶ XENONnT CEvNS analysis will be more sensitive and with more exposure than XENON1T

STAY TUNED !