



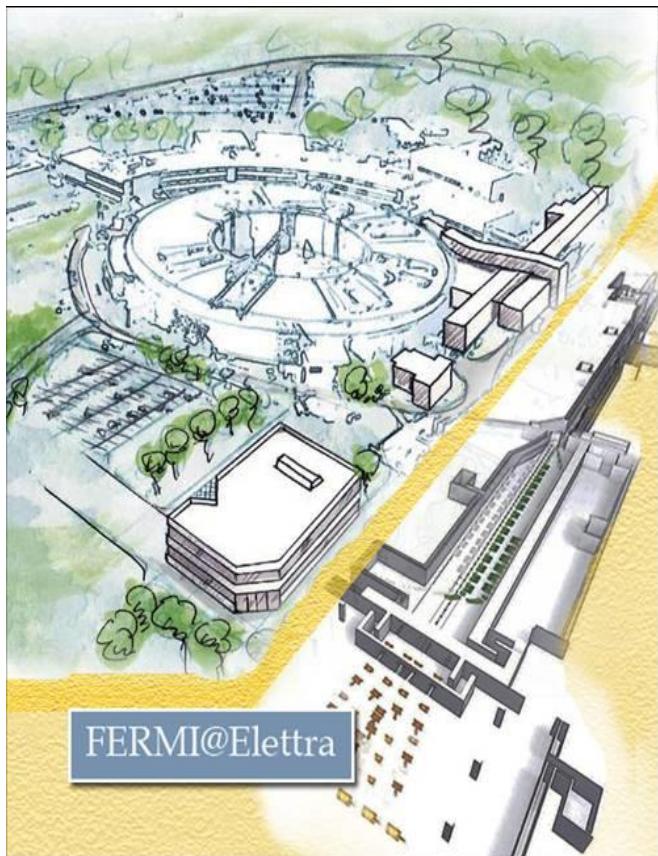
Elettra Sincrotrone Trieste



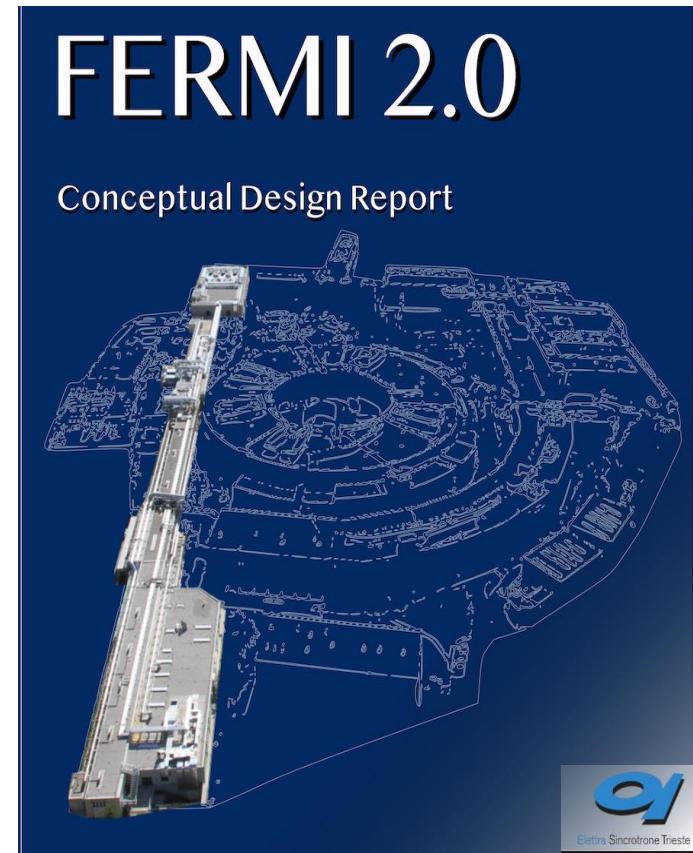
Elettra
Sincrotrone
Trieste



Fabrication & Commissioning of 1st HG Module



Nuaman Shafqat
on behalf of
FERMI Team





LAYOUT



❑ FERMI Upgrade

- ❑ Beam energy upgrade
- ❑ Beam quality upgrade

❑ FERMI linac

❑ High Gradient module

- ❑ RF design
- ❑ Fabrication & testing of short prototype
- ❑ Fabrication & testing of full HG module
- ❑ Installation of the HG module at FERMI linac

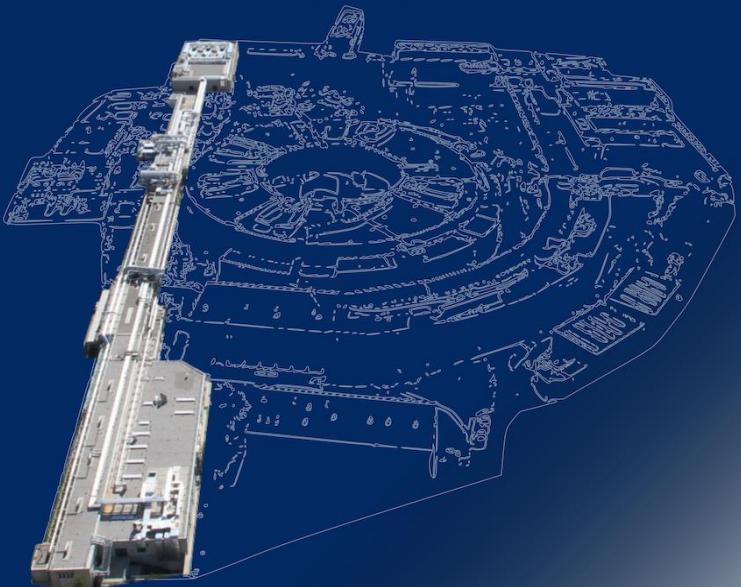
❑ Spherical Pulse Compressor

- ❑ RF design
- ❑ Fabrication and testing

❑ Summary and conclusions

FERMI 2.0

Conceptual Design Report

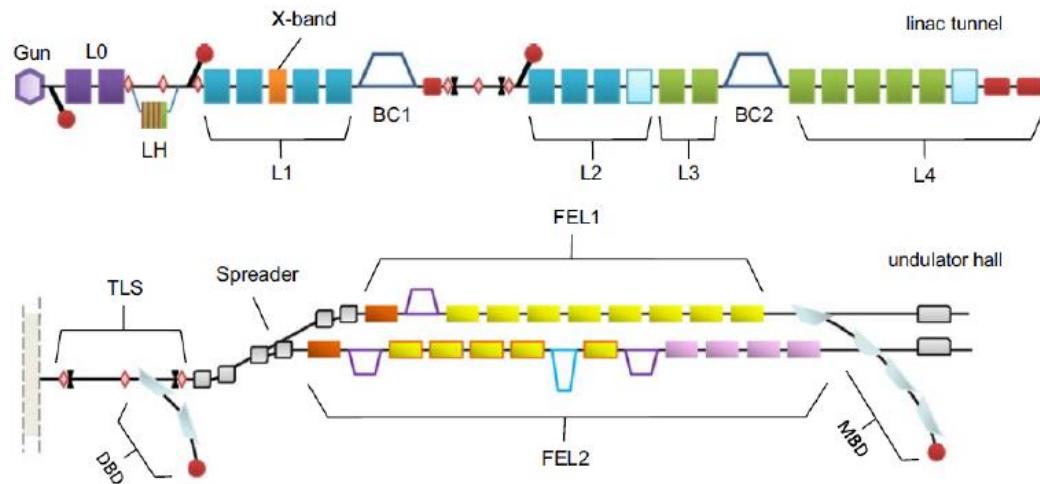


THE FERMI FEL



The **FERMI** linac-based FEL at the Elettra Laboratory (Trieste, IT) is an international user facility for scientific investigations in material science.

The electron bunches are produced in a laser-driven photo-injector and accelerated, with a **3-GHz, normal conducting Linac**, to energies up to **1.5 GeV**,



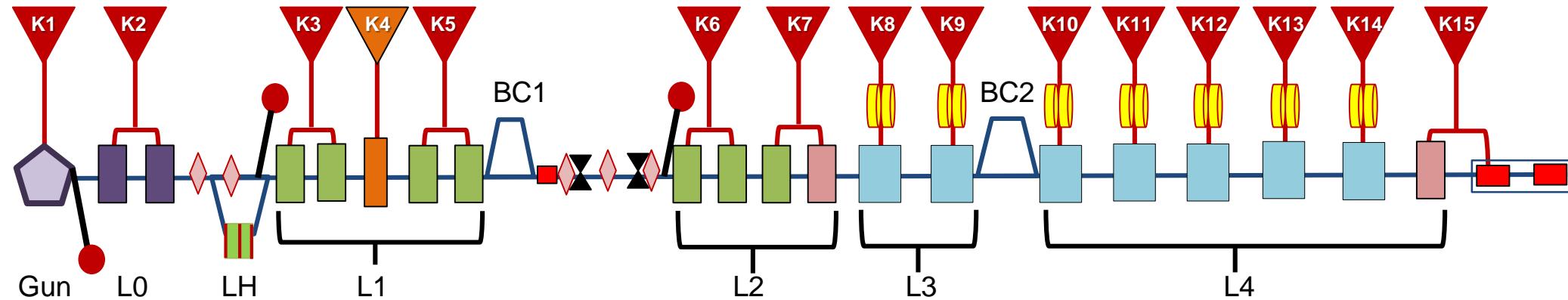
The FERMI facility comprises two separate coherent radiation sources, **FEL-1** and **FEL-2**.

FEL-1 operates in the wavelength range between **100 and 20 nm** via a single cascade harmonic generation, while the **FEL-2** is designed to operate at shorter wavelengths (**20-4 nm**) via a double cascade mechanism.

THE FERMI LINAC (PRESENT)



The **FERMI Linac** is a S-Band (3 GHz), **1.5 GeV** normal conducting, linear accelerator.



Injector:

- 1 S-Band, RF Gun
- 2 S-Band, Forward TW structures

Linac 1 & Linac 2

- 8 S-Band, Forward TW Structures
- 1 X-Band, Linearizer

Linac 3 & Linac 4

- 7 S-Band, Backward TW Structures
- 1 S-Band, Forward TW structure

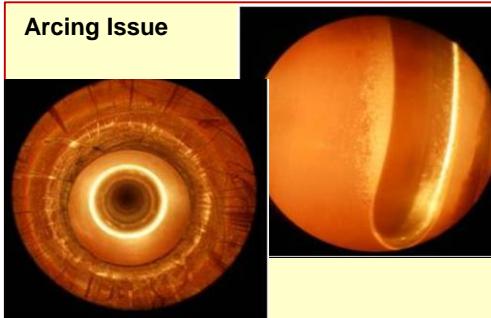
- **Power Sources:** 45 MW peak power, 4.5 μ s pulse width, Klystron
- **Linac 1 & Linac 2:** one klystron feeds two FTW accelerating structures
- **Linac 3 & Linac 4:** one klystron feed one BTW accelerating structure

THE FERMI LINAC (PRESENT) ACC. SECTIONS TYPE



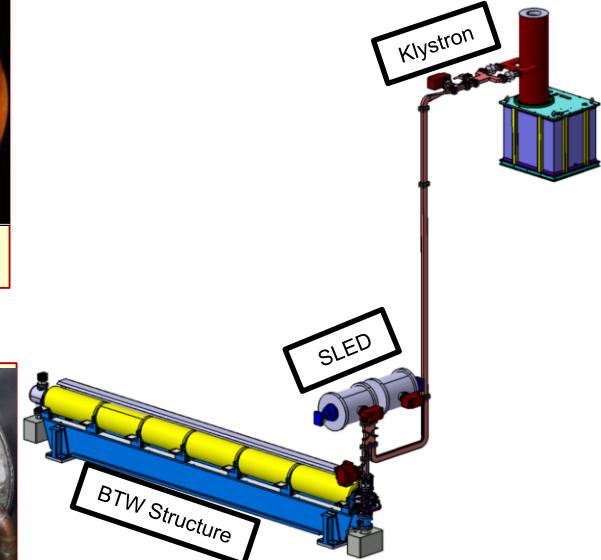
CERN Sections

- ❑ Developed as injector of LEP Injector Linac (LIL) in **1984**
- ❑ One **45 MW** klystron feeds two 4,5 m CERN sections.
- ❑ Accelerating gradient is **12,6 MV/m**.



S0a and S0b Sections

- ❑ Came from the old Elettra injector.
- ❑ One **45 MW** klystron feeds two 3,2 m S sections.
- ❑ Accelerating gradient is **15,0 MV/m**.



BTW Sections

- ❑ Came from old Elettra injector
- ❑ Each BTW section is fed by **45 MW** klystron followed by **SLED**.
- ❑ Limited to **18,0 MV/m at 50 Hz** due to breakdowns

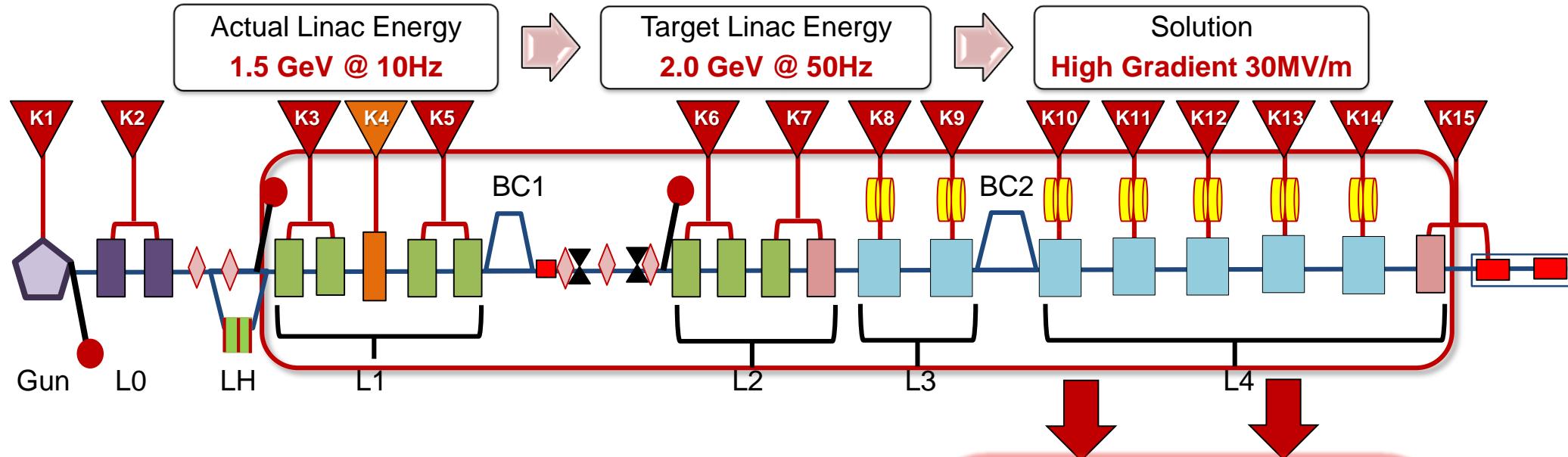
	CERN sections	S0A-S0B	BTW sections
Mode	TW $2\pi/3$	TW $2\pi/3$	TW $2\pi/3$
Frequency (MHz)	2998,01	2998,01	2998,01
Length (m)	4,5	3,2	6,15
Filling time (μ s)	1,5	0,903	0,757
Attenuation (Np)	0,7	0,603	0,611
Acc. Gradient (MV/m)	12,6	15,0	18,0
Energy gain (MeV)	56,7	48	120

In order to reach a beam energy of **2.0 GeV**, all the BTW structures and the CERN sections will be pushed to higher gradient of **30 MV/m**

THE FERMI UPGRADE PROPOSAL



TO EXTEND THE RANGE TO SHORTHER WAVELENGTH UP TO 2 nm



Energy budget of the upgraded linac

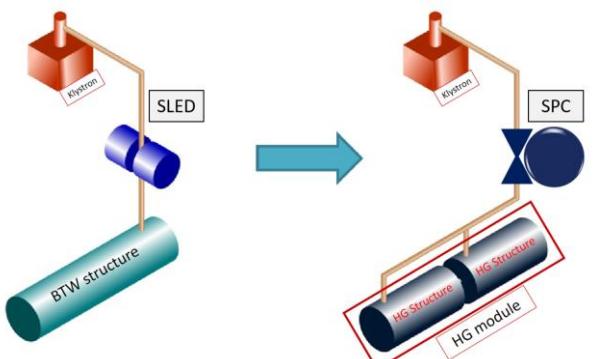
$$\text{Total Energy (MeV)} = 2 \times \text{RI} + 4 \times \text{CERN} + 20 \times \text{HG}$$

$$\text{Total Energy (MeV)} = 2 \times 50 \text{ MeV} + 4 \times 57 \text{ MeV} + 20 \times 90 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Total Energy (MeV)} = 2128$$

It means we can operate HG sections at 28 MV/m

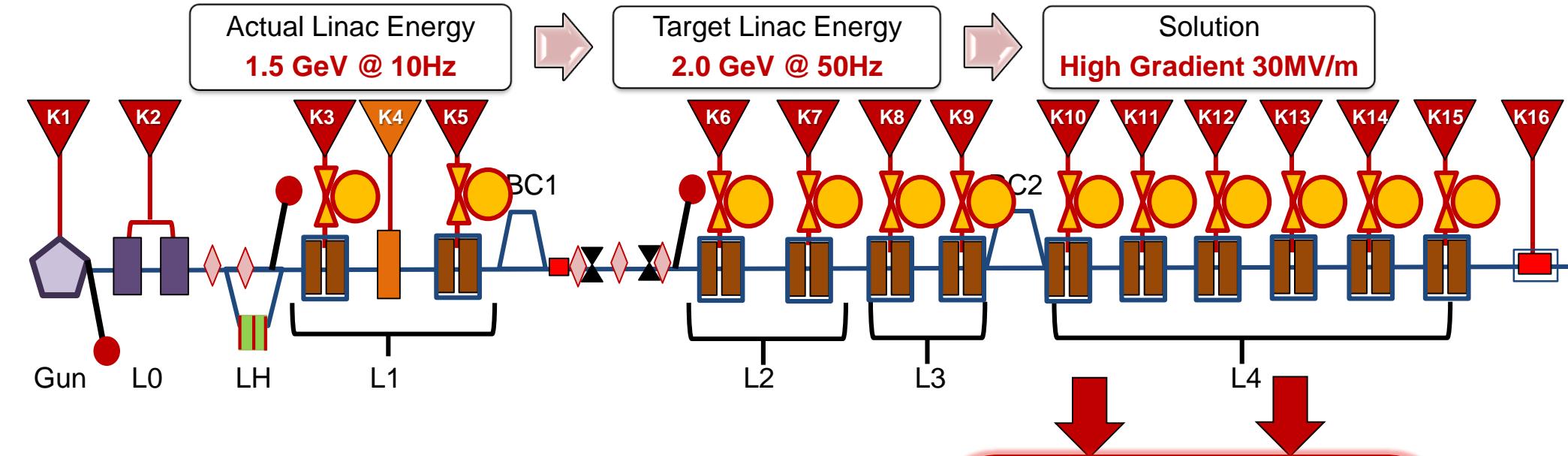
Replace 12 acc. sections + one deflector with 10 HG modules





THE FERMI UPGRADE PROPOSAL

TO EXTEND THE RANGE TO SHORTHER WAVELENGTH UP TO 2 nm



Energy budget of the upgraded linac

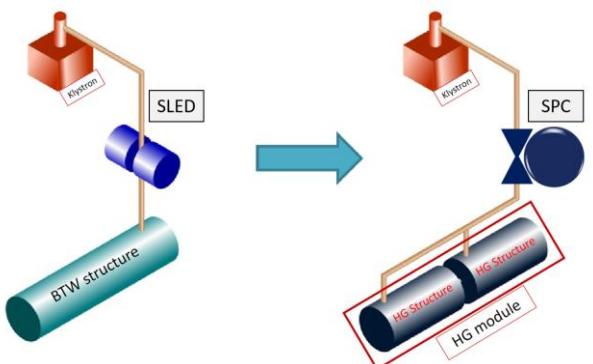
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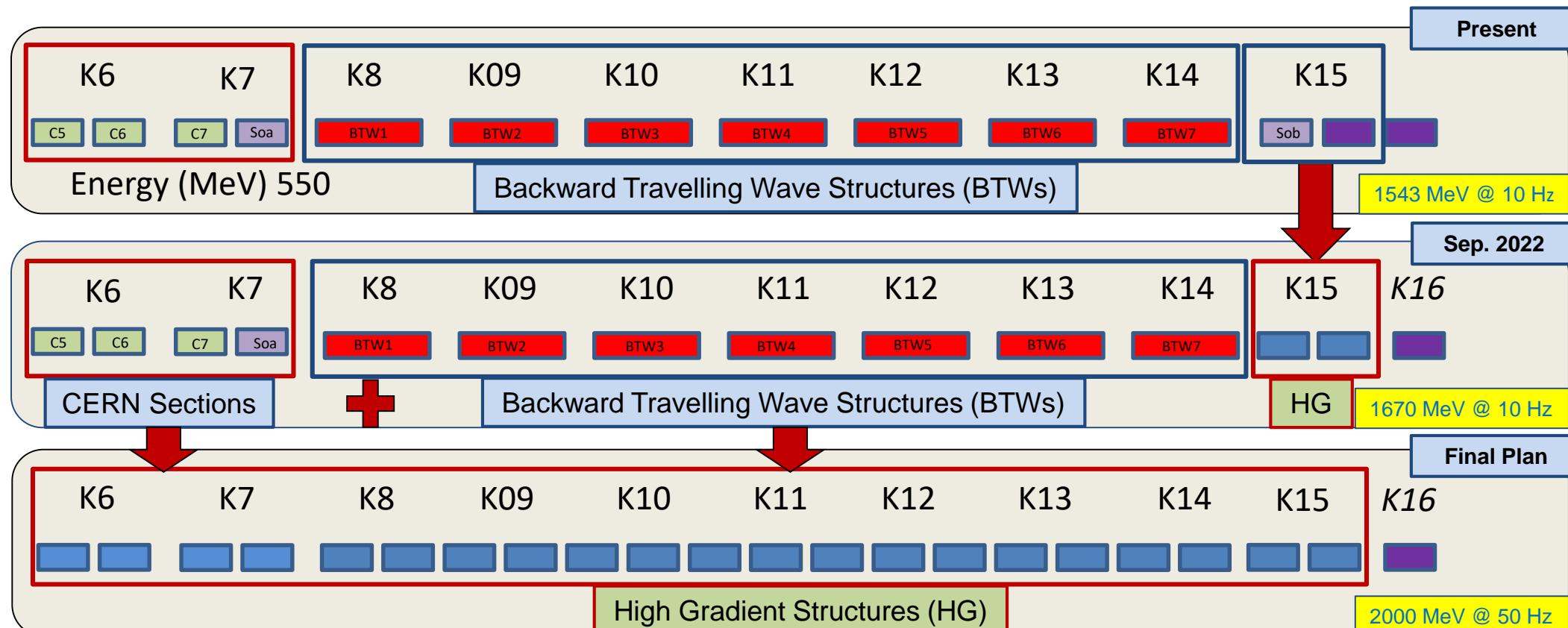
Replace 12 acc. sections + one deflector with 10 HG modules



THE FERMI FEL UPGRADE PLAN BEAM ENERGY UPGRADE



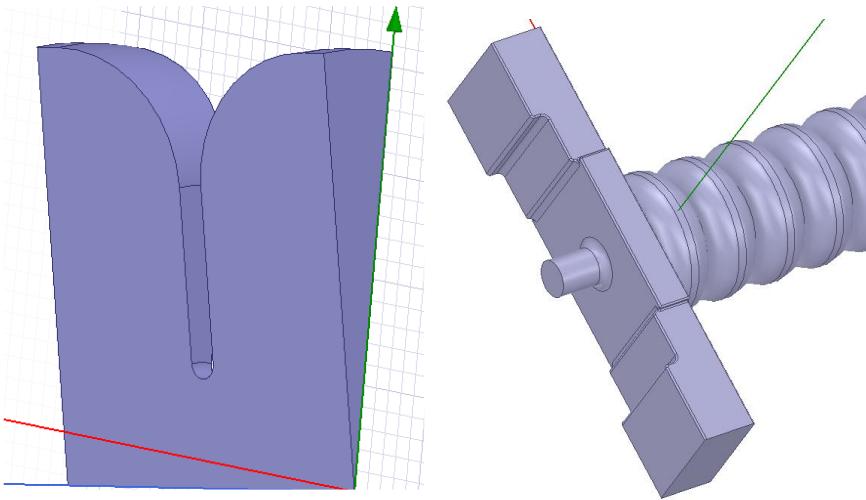
- To reduce pulse duration to the sub-10 fs range to resolve charge transfer processes, bond dynamics, vibrational dynamics
- To extend photon energy range to N (410 eV), O (543 eV) which translates to the extension of operating of FERMI to ~2 nm.



NEW ACCELERATING MODULE RF DESIGN

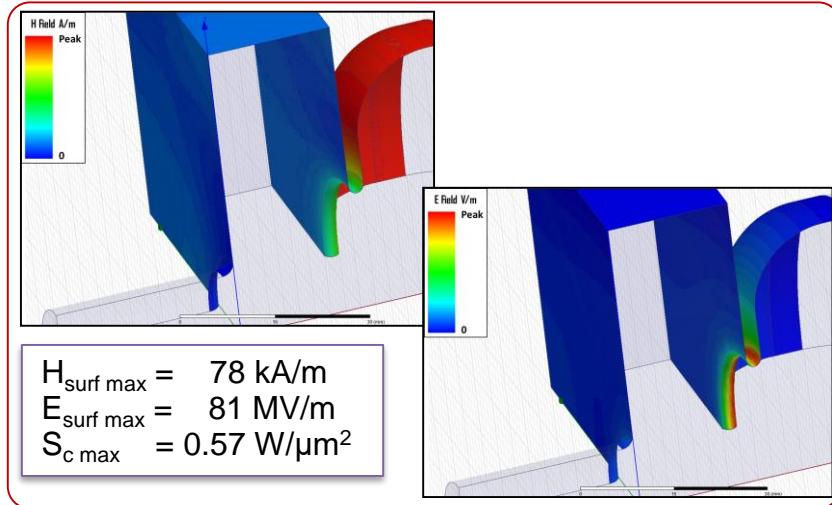


- The new accelerating module will be comprised of 3.0 m long, **constant gradient type** structures. **Double rounding** is introduced to reduce Ohmic losses and increase Q
- A customized version of **dual-fed-electric coupled (EC) coupler** is chosen for the new high gradient (HG) structures
 - Very low surface magnetic field
 - Easy to machine
 - Reduced cost of fabrication



Structure RF Parameters		
L	2988.3	mm
N _{cell}	84	
a	11.13 → 8.8	mm
R _{sh}	72.07 → 80.70	MΩ/m
Q ₀	15850	
Filling Time	644.8	ns
Attenuation	0.383	Neper

Coupler RF Parameters		
	Input Coupler	Output Coupler
E _{surf} [MV/m]	78	82
H _{surf} [kA/m]	69	71
S _c [MW/mm ²]	0,47	0,39
k _q [V/ms]	1956	1319



RF design was concluded in August 2019

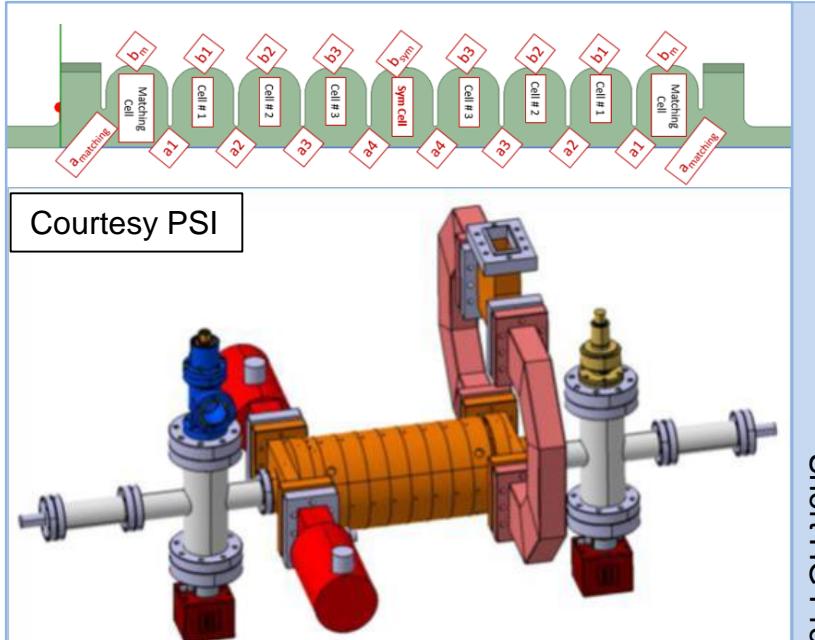
nuaman.shafqat@elettra.eu

THE SHORT PROTOTYPE LOW POWER MEASUREMENTS



- To prove the reliability and feasibility of the upgrade plan, a short prototype was built in collaboration with Paul Scherrer Institute (PSI).
- The prototype is realized using the same structure technology as developed for SwissFEL.
- The prototype is made by 7 regular cells & 2 EC-couplers.

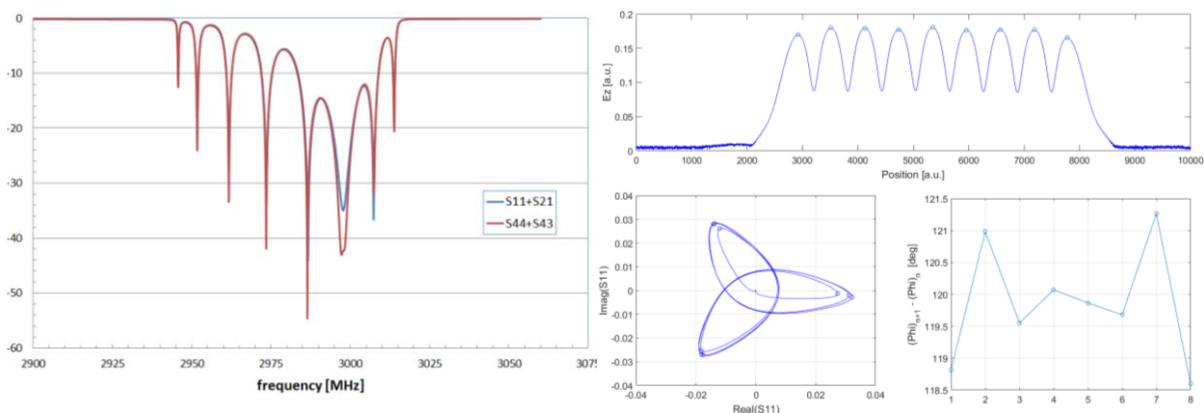
Structure RF Parameters		
L	353.332	mm
N _{cell(regular)}	7	
N _{cell(coupler)}	2	
a	11.13 → 8.8	mm
b	41.61 → 41.60	
R _{sh}	71.14 → 71.38	MΩ/m
Q ₀	≈15850	
Filling Time	≈50	ns
E _s	81 → 85	MV/m
H _s	71 → 74	kA/m



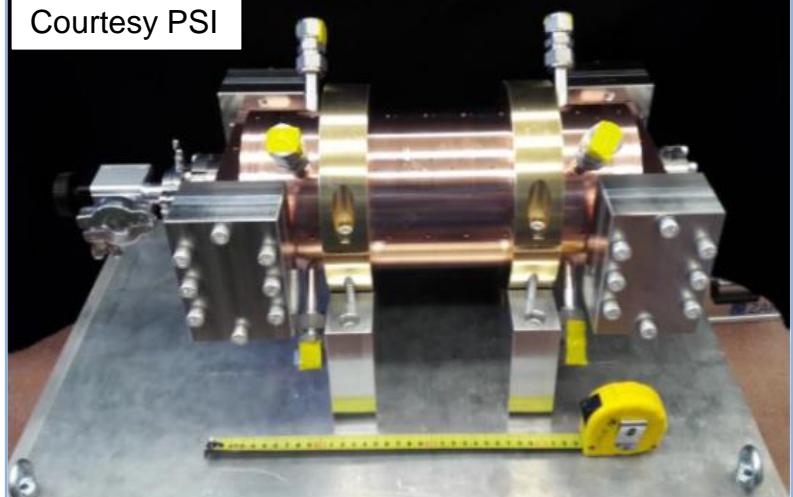
Short HG Prototype

RF measurements and bead-pull test

Courtesy PSI



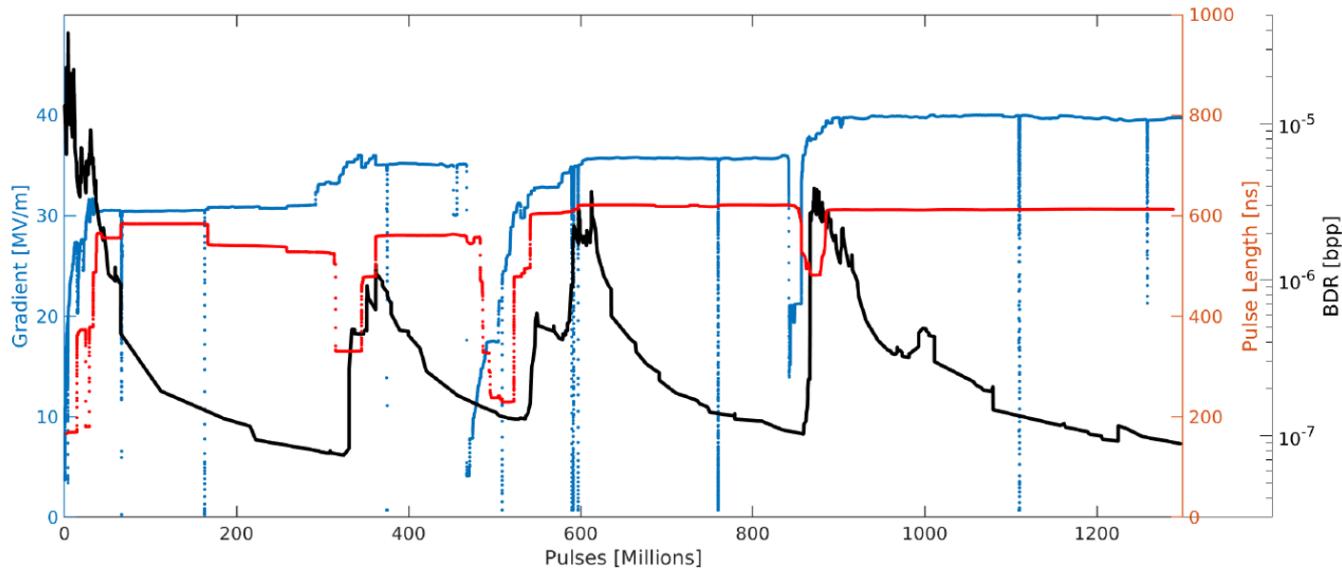
Courtesy PSI



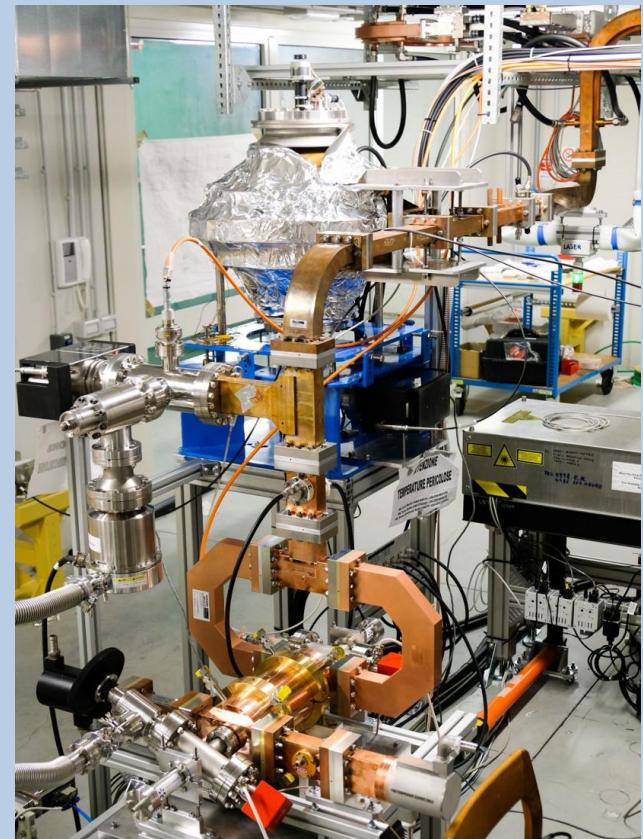
THE SHORT PROTOTYPE COMPLETE CONDITIONING HISTORY



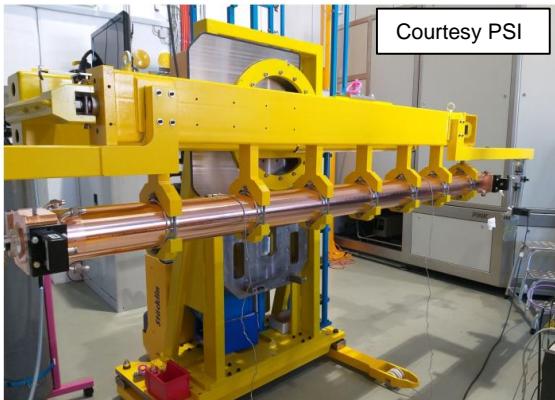
Acc. Gradient (MV/m)	PWR @ Ptype (MW)	Start Date	End Date	# of Pulses (Million)	BDR (bpp)
30	72	01-06-2018	07-11-2018	225	2.0×10^{-8}
35	98	30-01-2019	21-05-2019	229	7.3×10^{-8}
39	122	31-08-2019	19-12-2019	400	7.9×10^{-8}



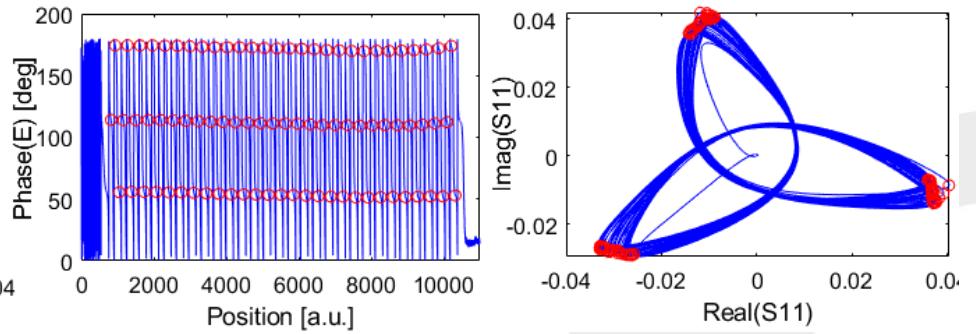
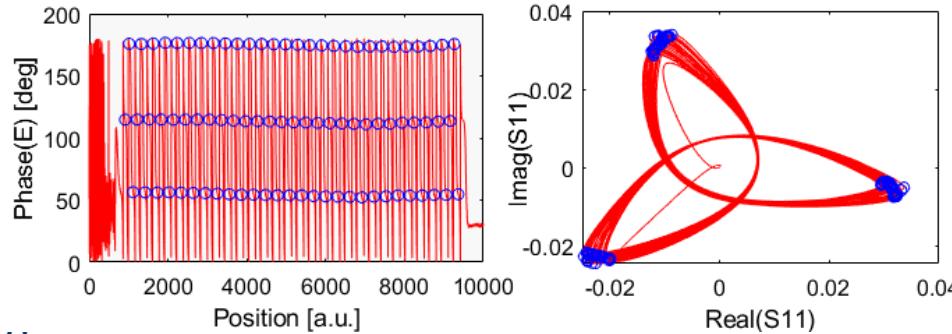
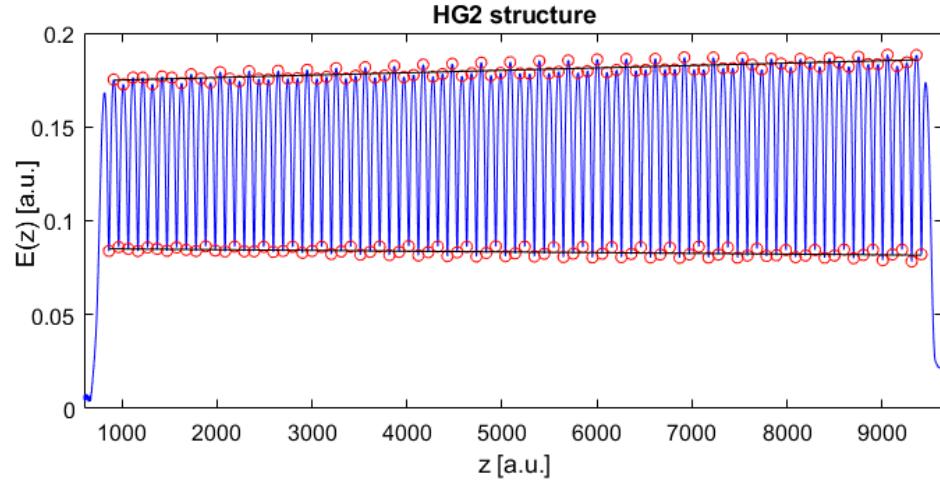
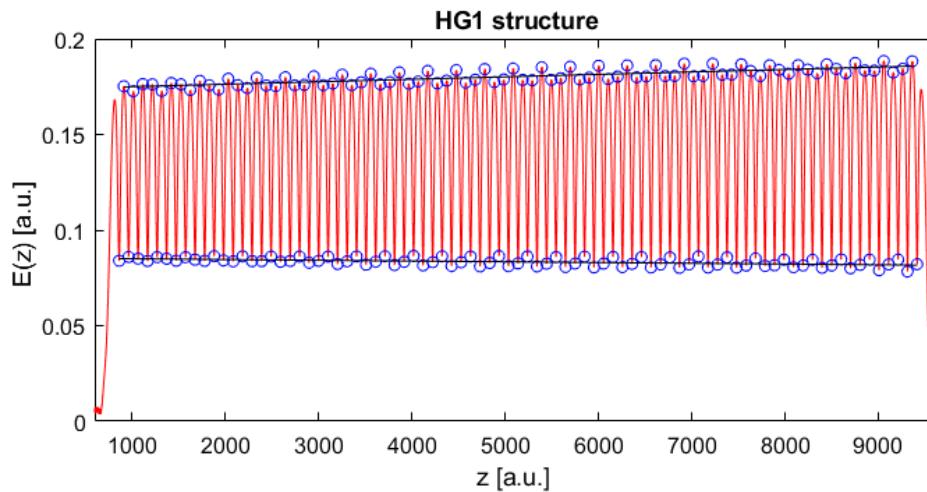
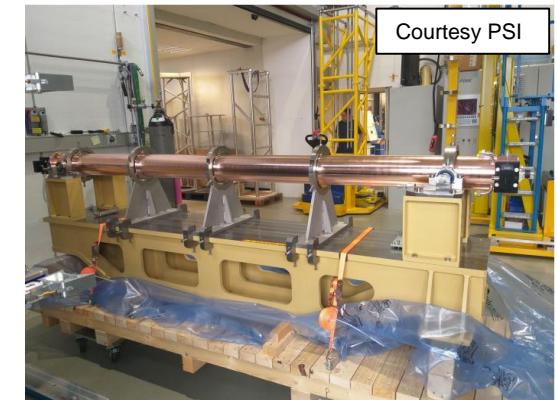
During the **Spring Shutdown (April 2018)** the prototype was installed in FERMI Test Facility.



THE FIRST HG MODULE LOW POWER MEASUREMENTS



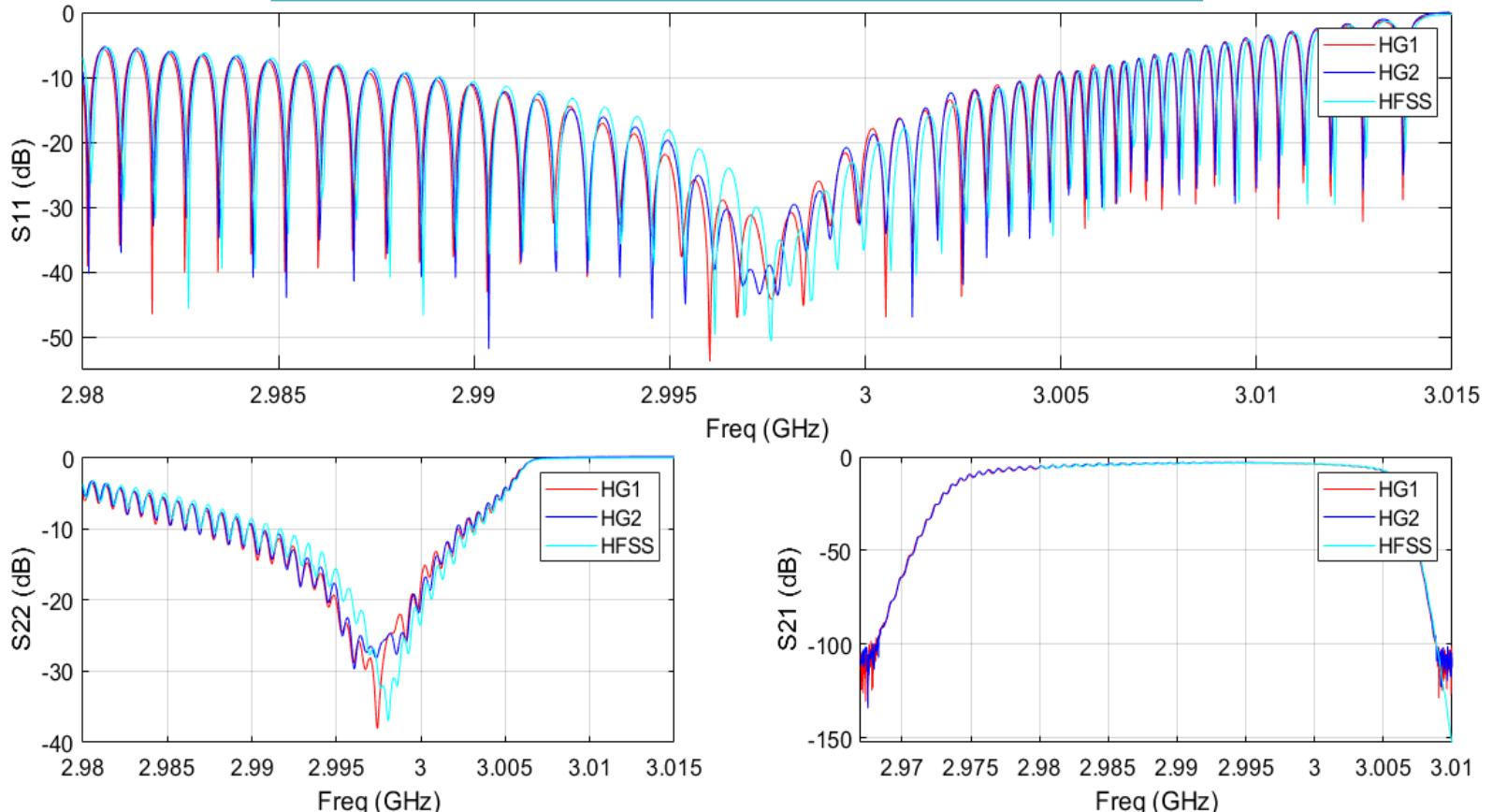
- ❑ Low power measurements of the HG module were performed at PSI.
- ❑ Operating temperatures were
 - ❑ HG1 34.6 °C
 - ❑ HG2 33.8 °C



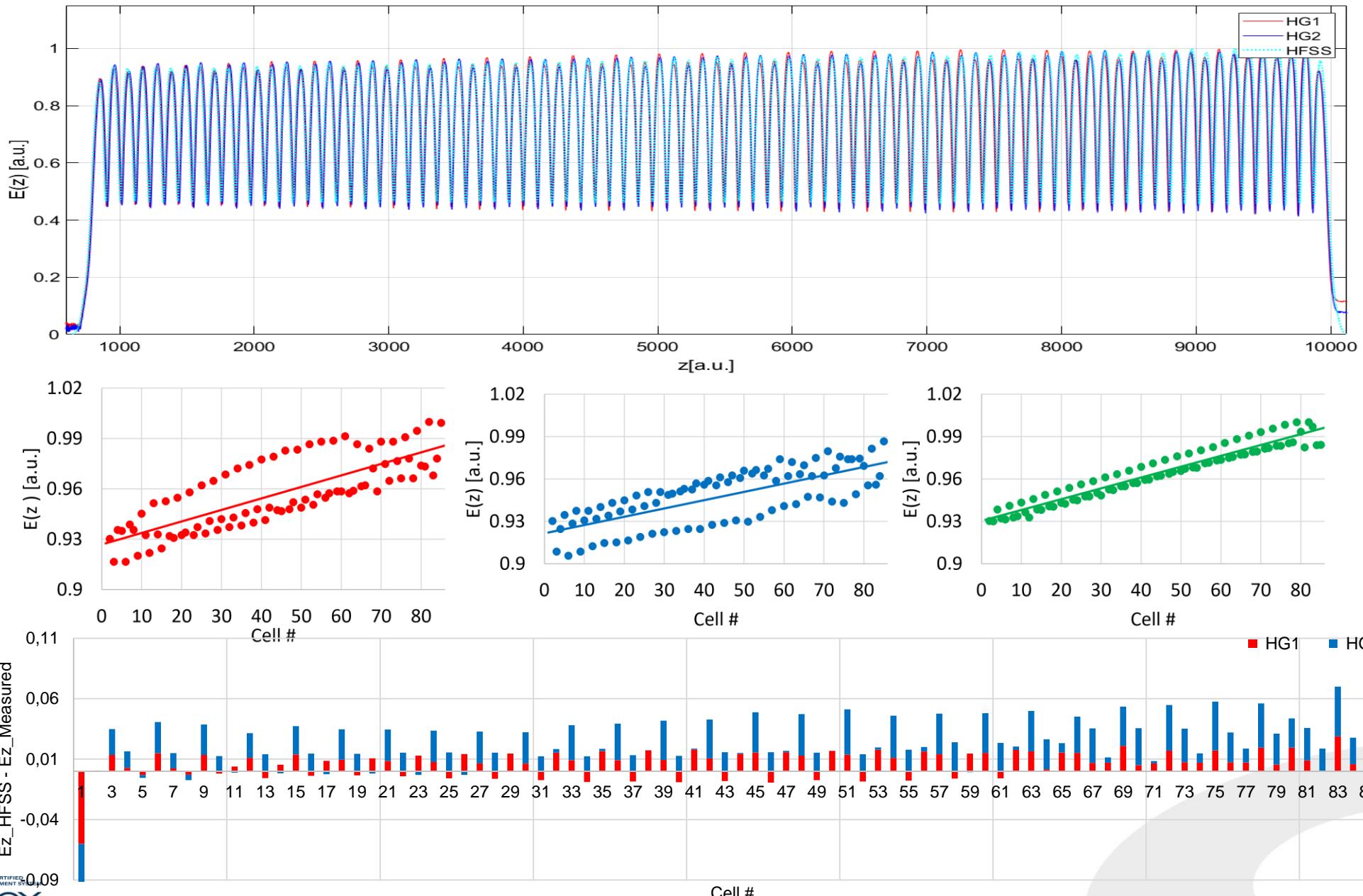


THE FIRST HG MODULE LOW POWER MEASUREMENTS

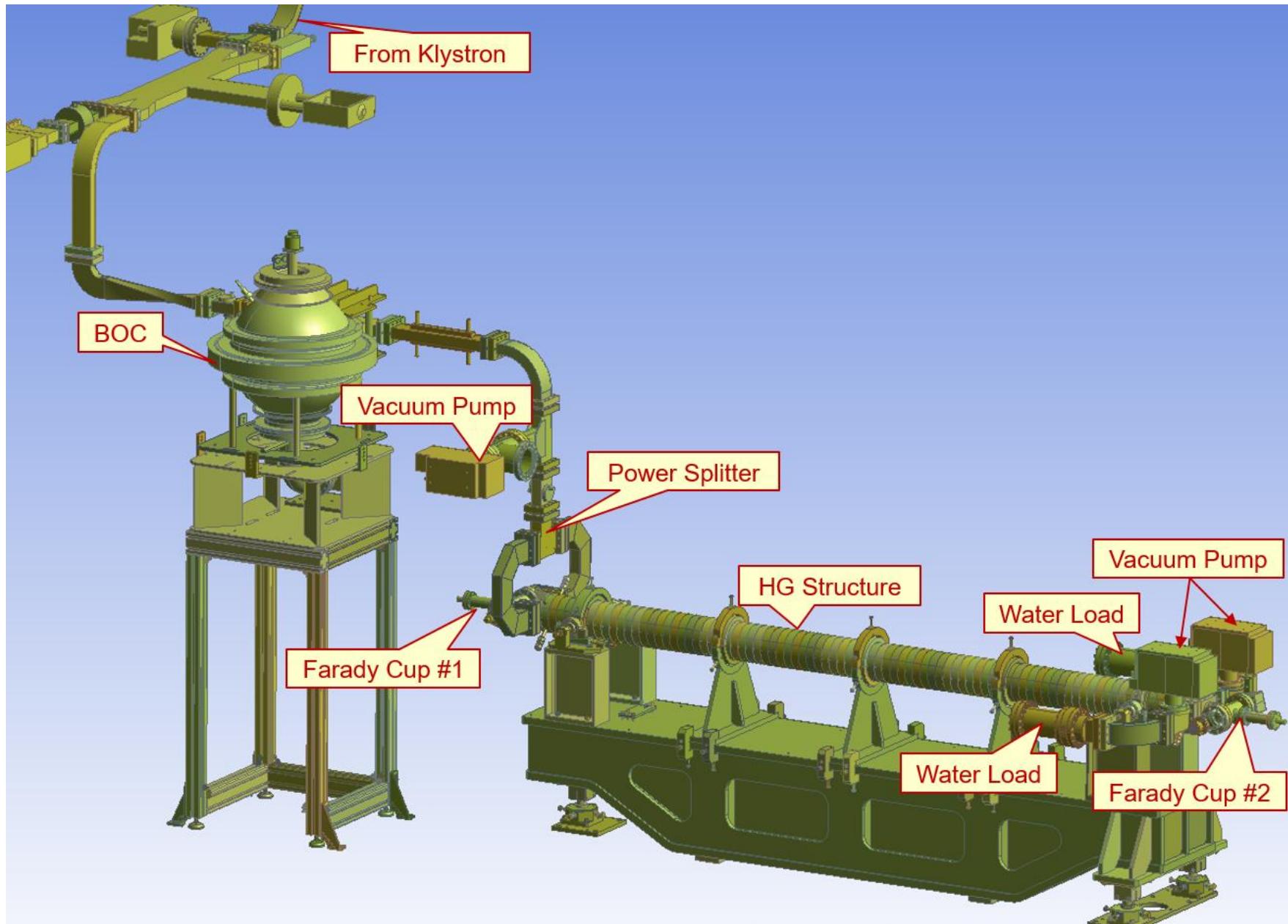
	HFSS	HG1	HG2
Operating temperature	35 °C	34.6 °C	33.8 °C
S11 (dB)	-38	-32	-33
S21 (dB)	-3.44	-3.55	-3.37
S22 (dB)	-35	-25.7	-25.3



THE FIRST HG MODULE LOW POWER MEASUREMENTS



THE FIRST HG MODULE CONDITIONING (HG1)



THE FIRST HG MODULE CONDITIONING SETUP (HG1)



Phase I (conditioning)

- Rep. Rate: 50 Hz
- Start Date: 28-04-2022
- End Date: 17-05-2022
- Level Achieved:
 - Pulse Width: 350 ns
 - Power Level: 72 MW
 - # of pulses [million]: 80

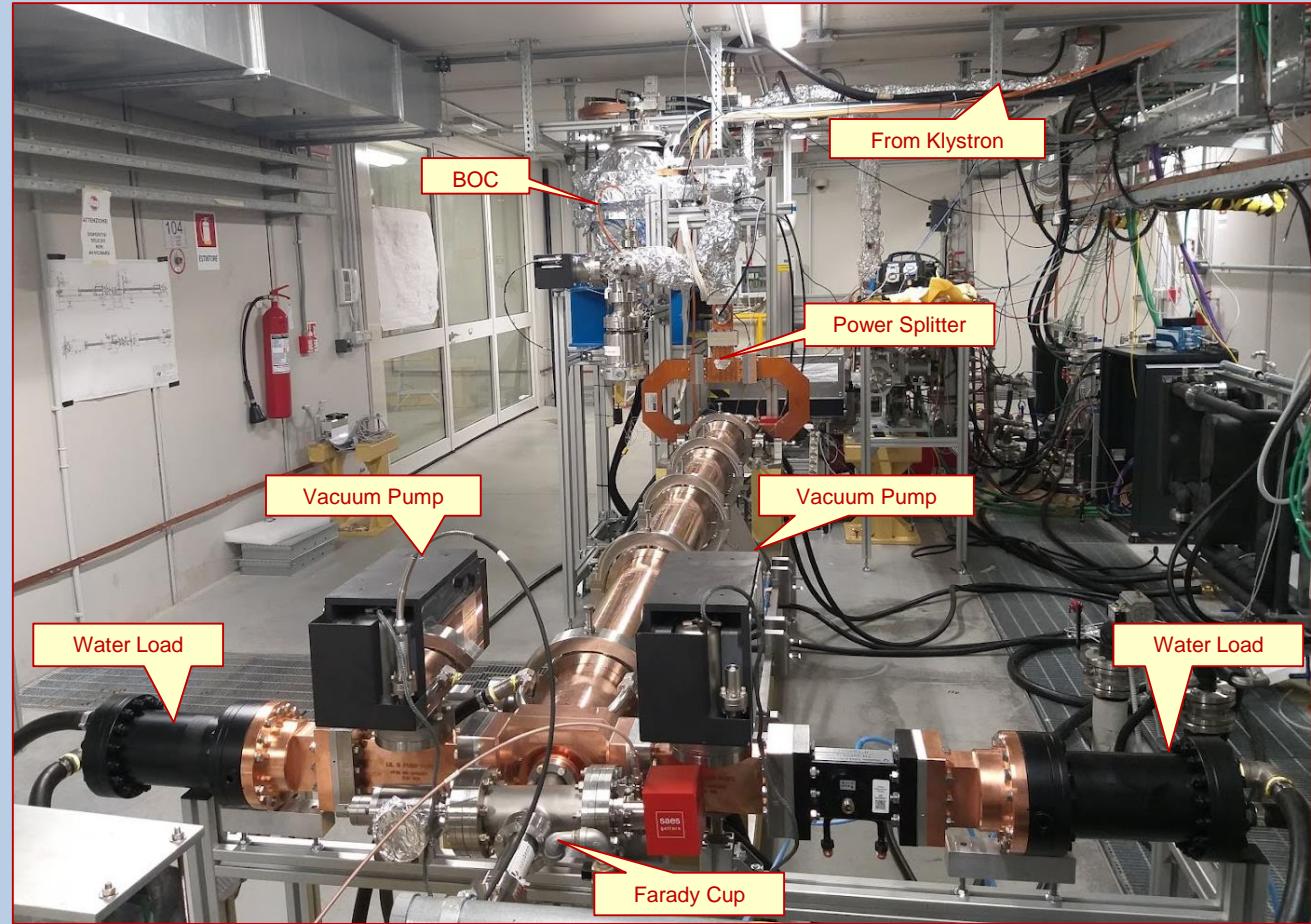
Phase II (conditioning)

- Rep. Rate: 50 Hz
- Start Date: 17-05-2022
- End Date: 11-06-2022
- Level Achieved:
 - Pulse Width: 700 ns
 - Power Level: 72 MW
 - # of pulses [million]: 100

Phase III (constant power op.)

- Rep. Rate: 50 Hz
- Start Date: 11-06-2022
- End Date: 25-07-2022
- Operating level:
 - Pulse Width: 700 ns
 - Power Level: 75 MW
 - # of pulses [million]: 180

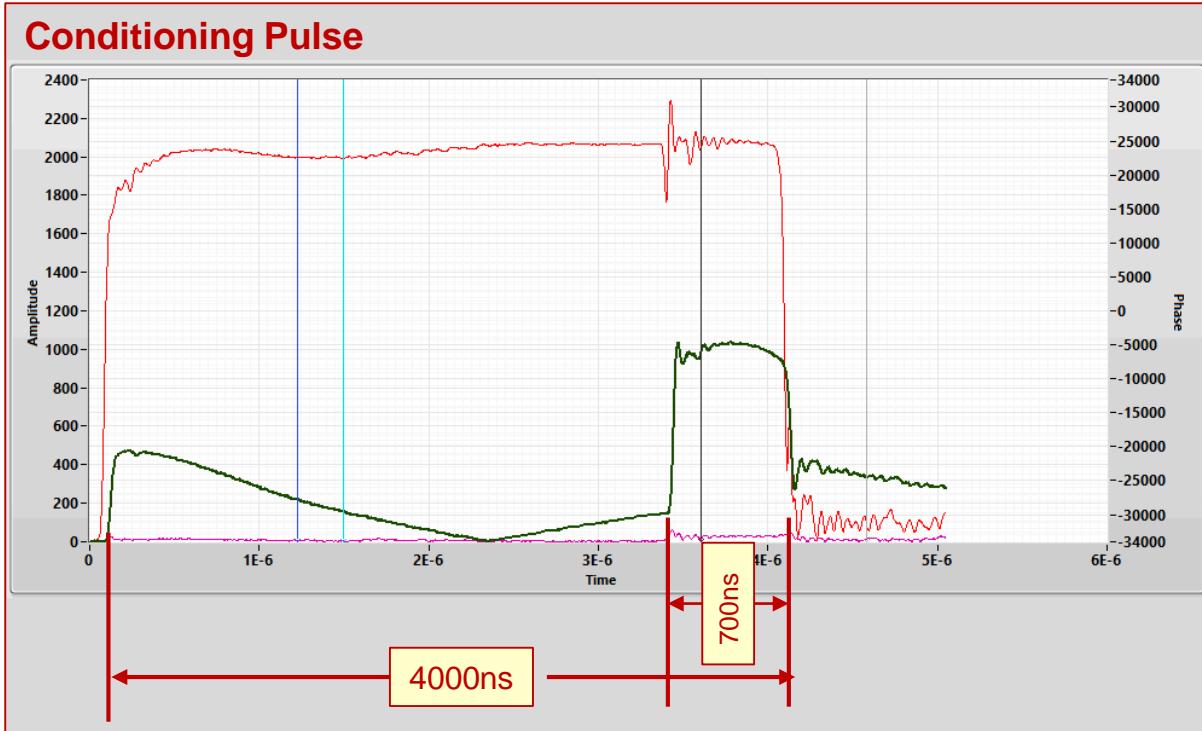
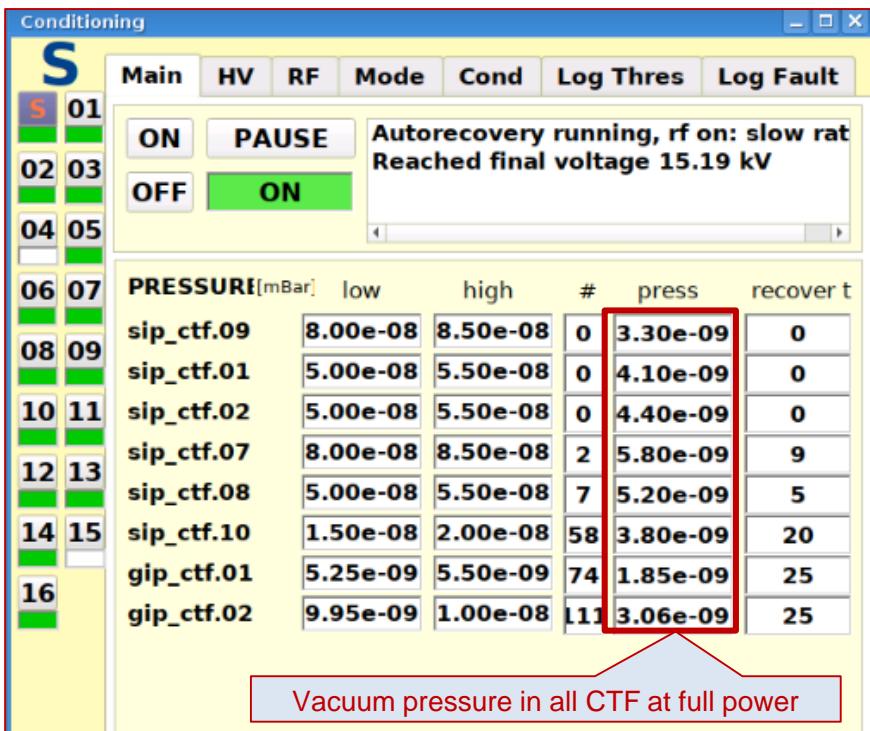
During the **Spring Shutdown (April 2022)** the HG structure was installed in FERMI Test Facility.





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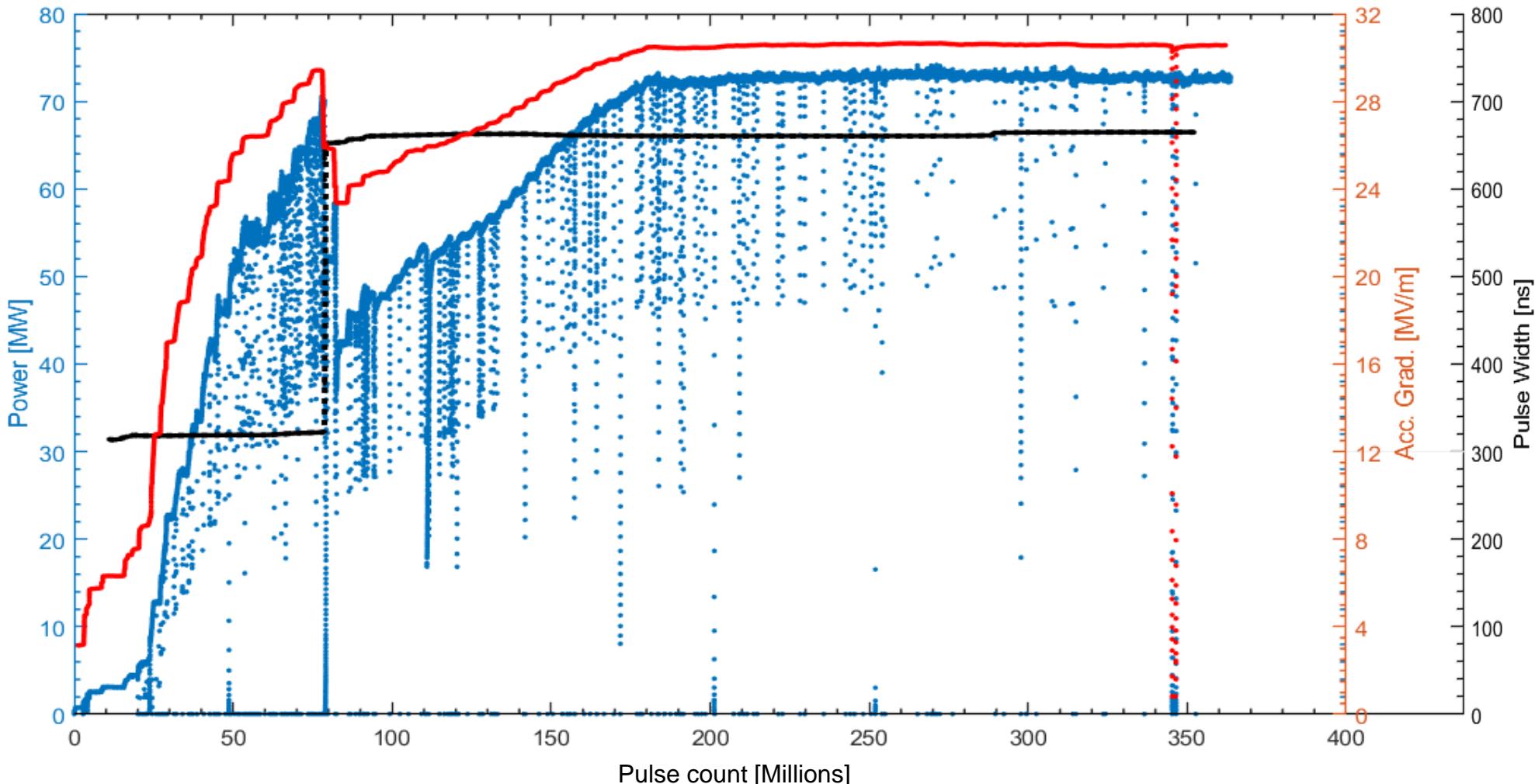
THE FIRST HG MODULE CONDITIONING (HG1)





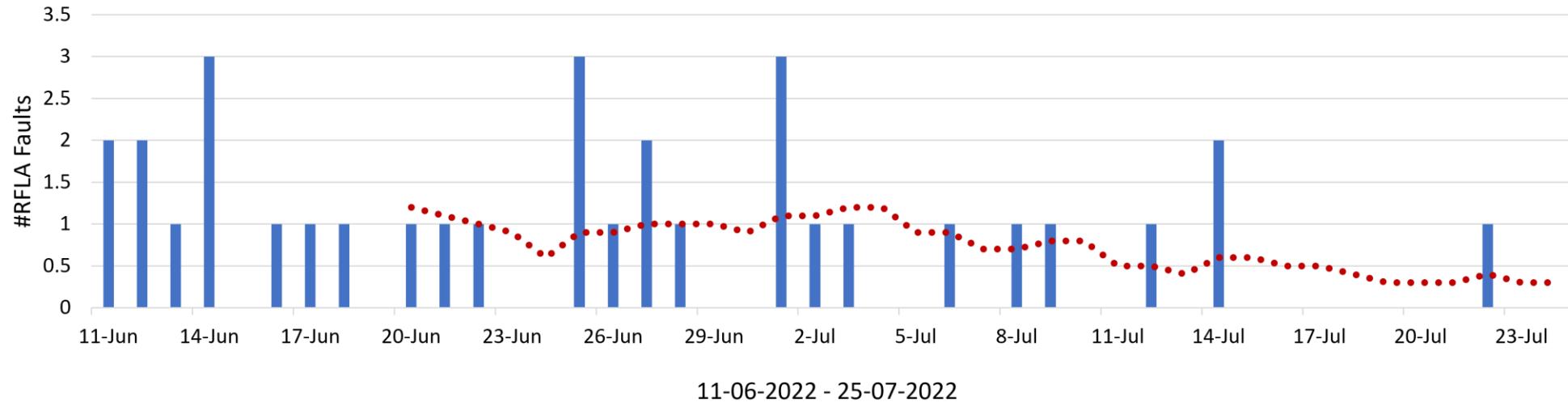
Elettra
Sincrotrone
Trieste

THE FIRST HG STRUCTURE HISTORY PLOT (HG1)

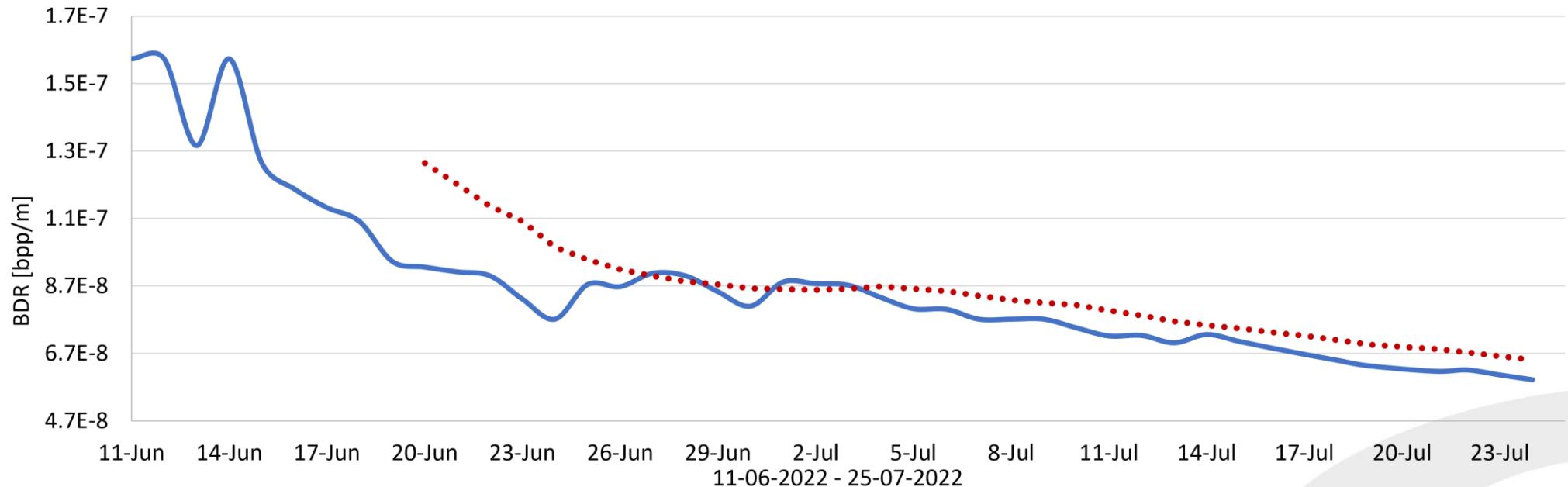




THE FIRST HG STRUCTURE ESTIMATED BDR (HG1)

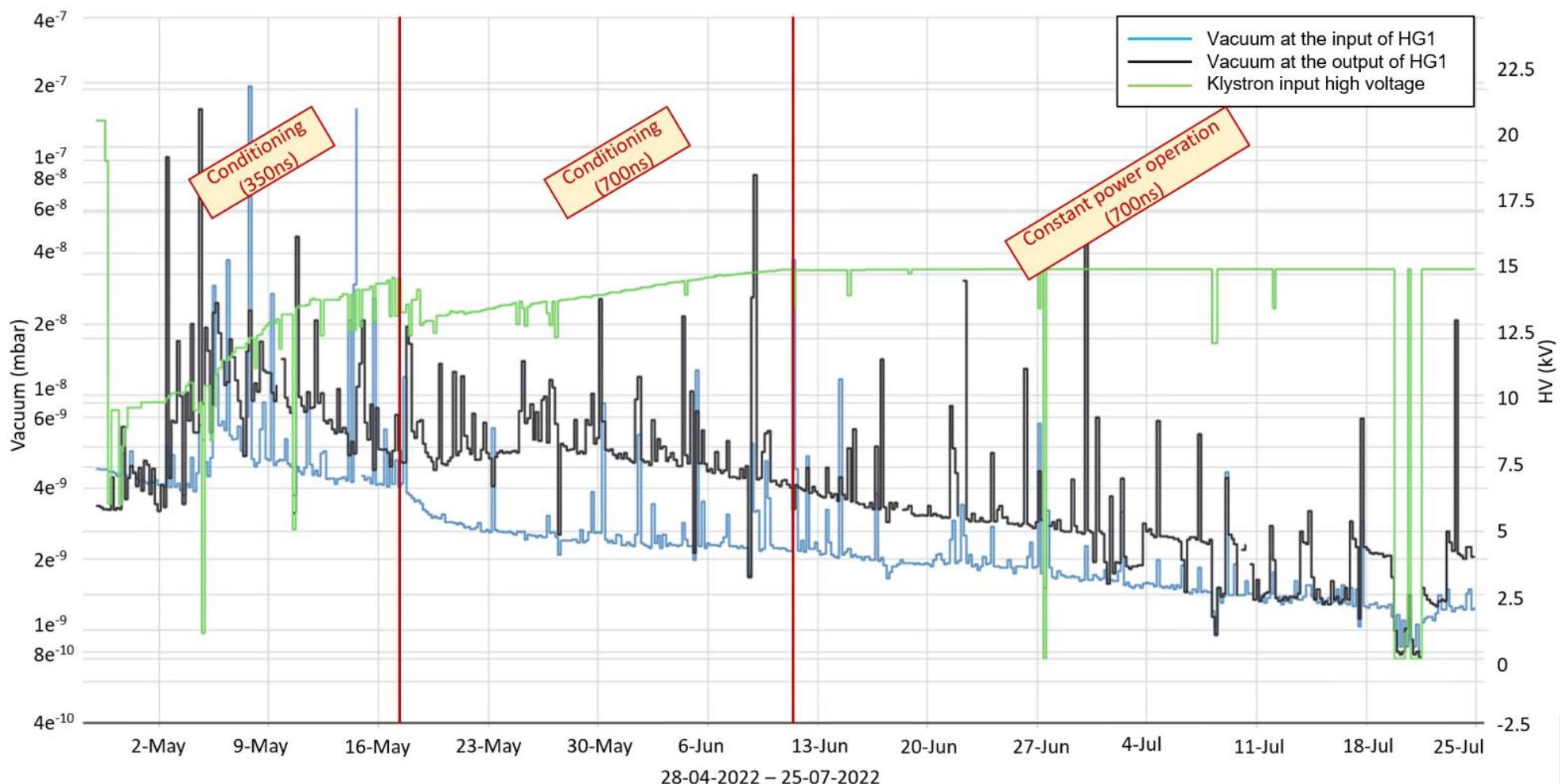


11-06-2022 - 25-07-2022



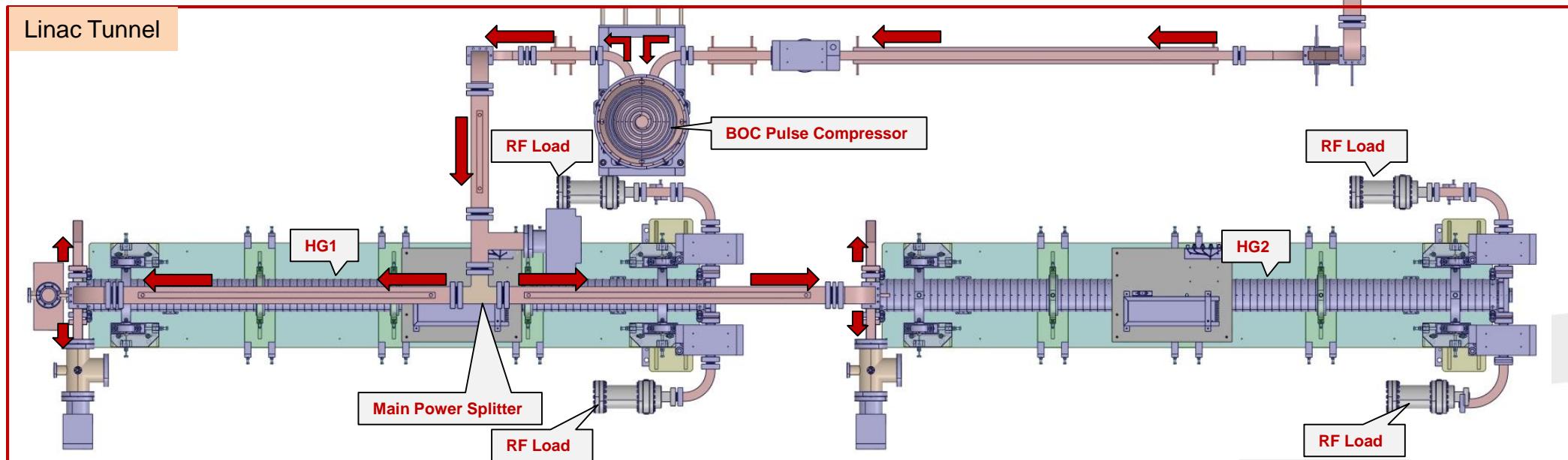
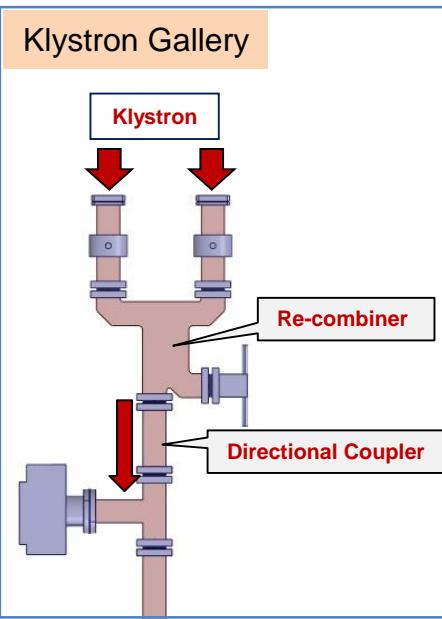
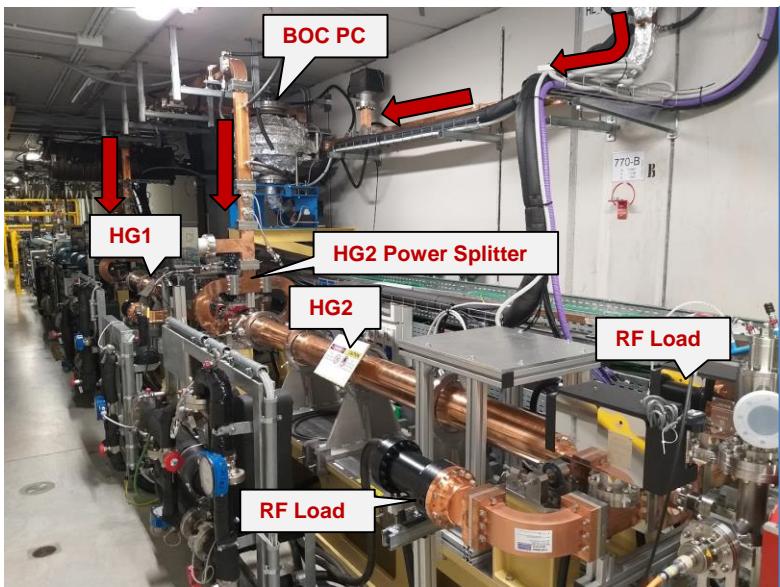
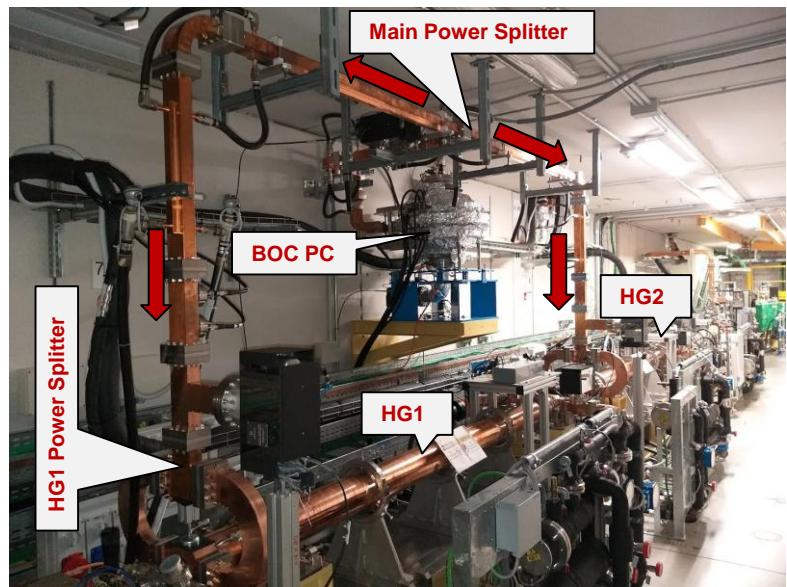
11-06-2022 - 25-07-2022

THE FIRST HG MODULE VACUUM (HG1)

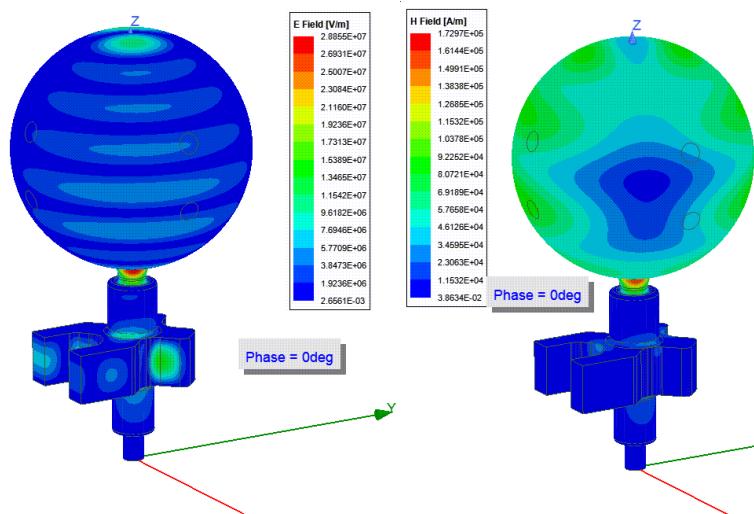
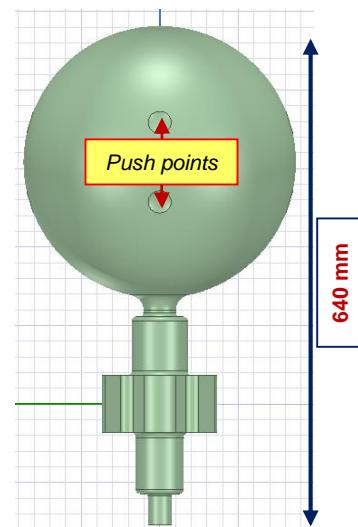
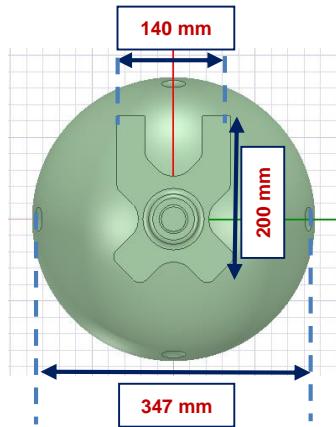




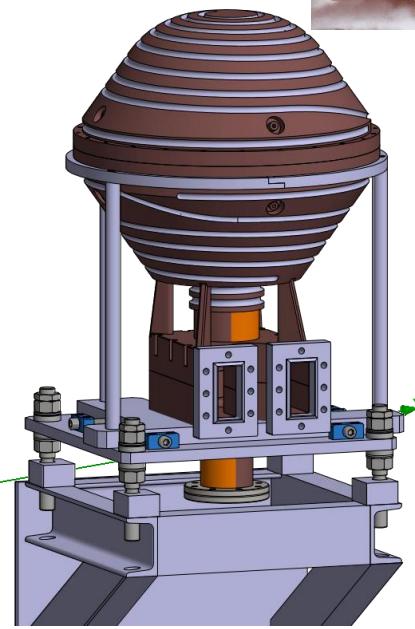
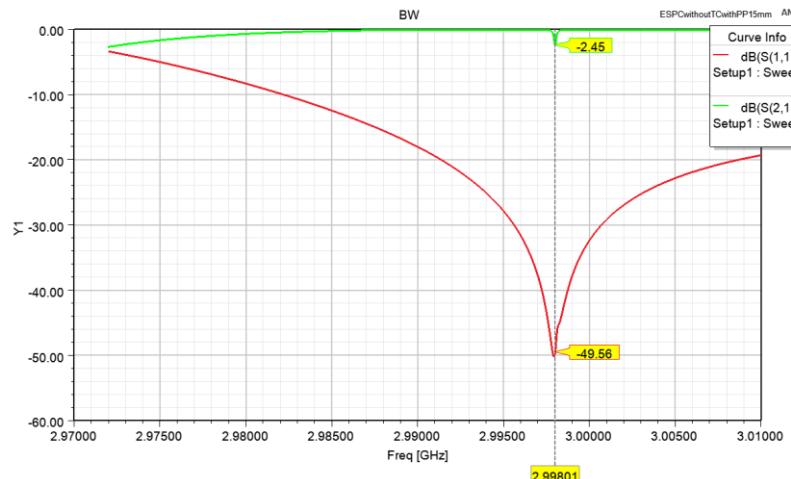
THE FIRST HG MODULE INSTALLATION IN THE FERMI TUNNEL



THE SPHERICAL PULSE COMPRESSOR RF DESIGN



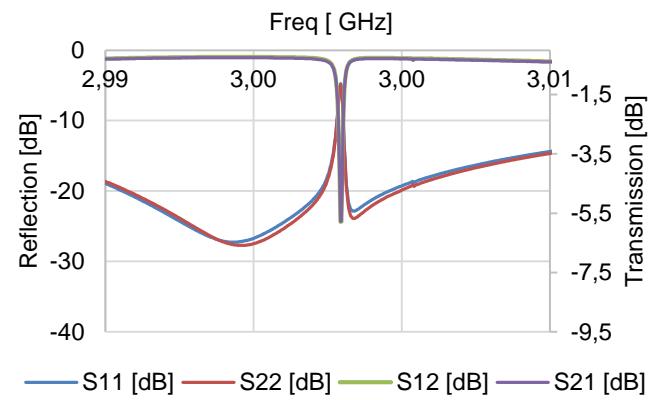
RF Parameters		
f_0	2.99801	GHz
Nominal Temperature	35	°C
Mode	TM13	
Q0	≈ 140000	
Coupling Coefficient	7.2 ± 0.1	
E @ 45 MW	28.16	MV/m
H @ 45 MW	169.75	kA/m





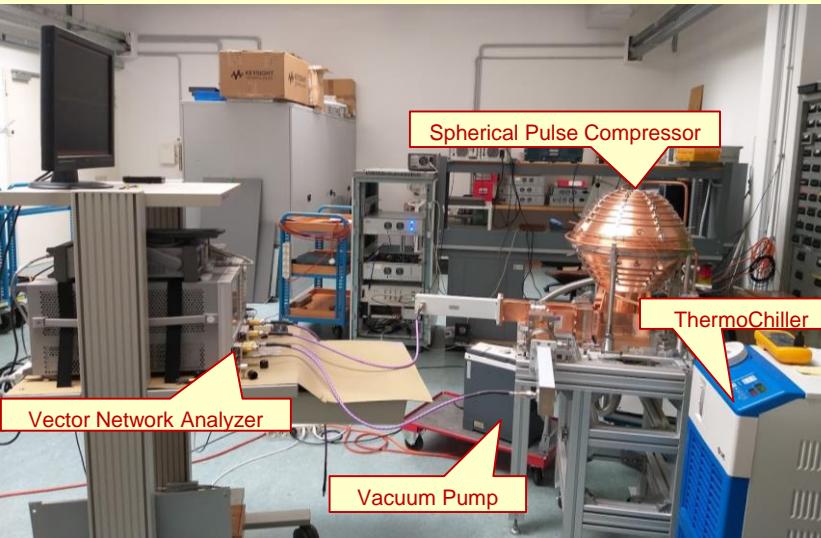
THE SPHERICAL PULSE COMPRESSOR LOW POWER MEASUREMENTS

Before Tuning



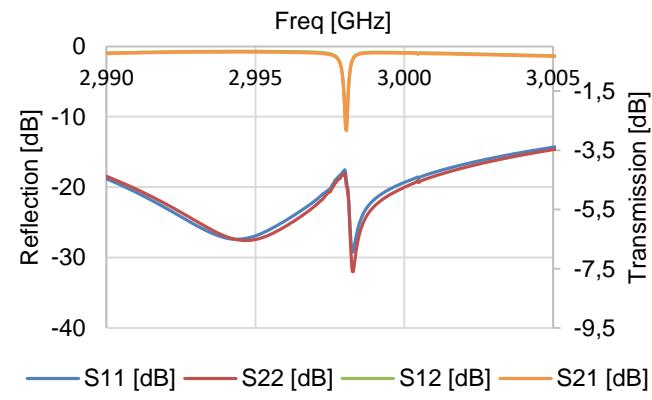
Measurement Setup

- Water Temperature: 33,4 C
- Coupling frequency: 2998,01 MHz

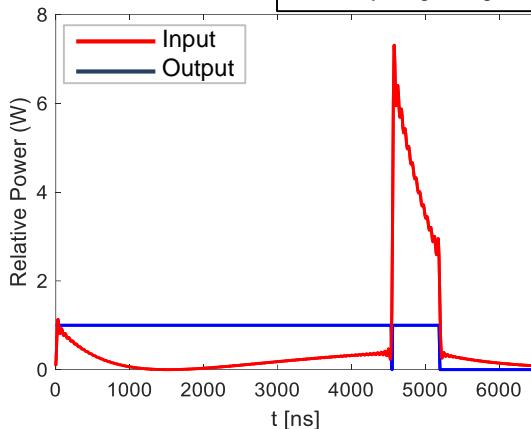


The frequency difference of **15 KHz** in the two polarizations would reduce the PAF of SPC by **2%**

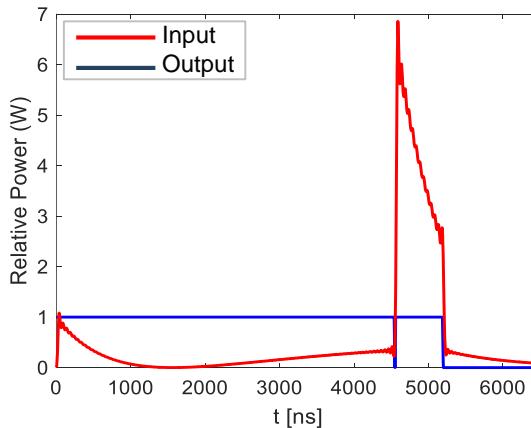
After Tuning



HFSS



Fabricated



THE SPHERICAL PULSE COMPRESSOR CONDITIONING-HIGH POWER OPR.

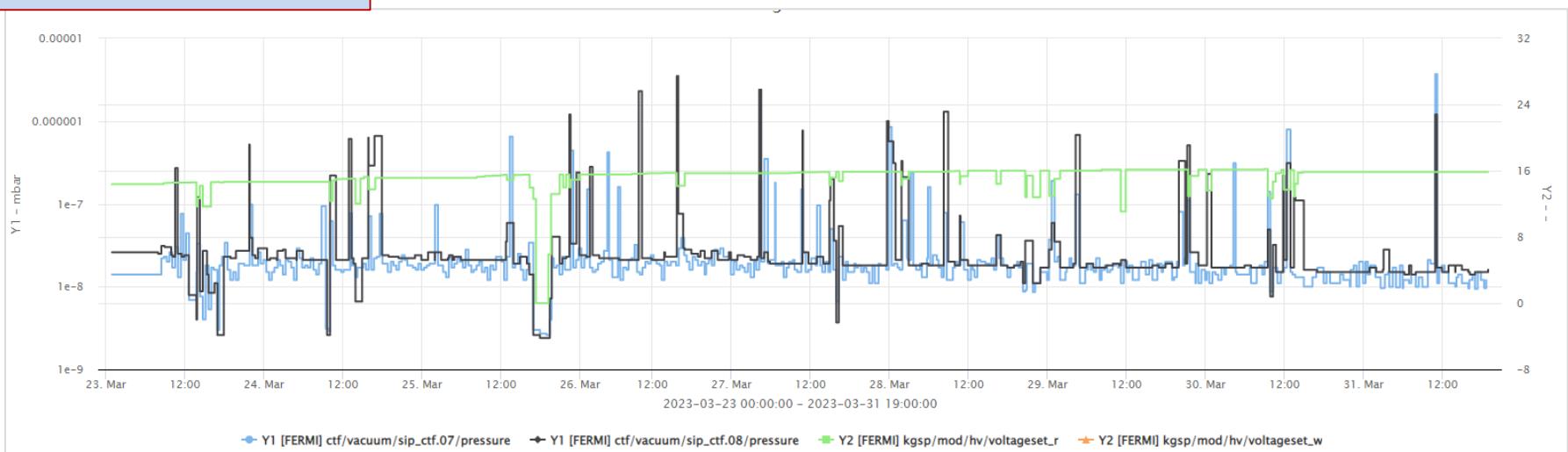
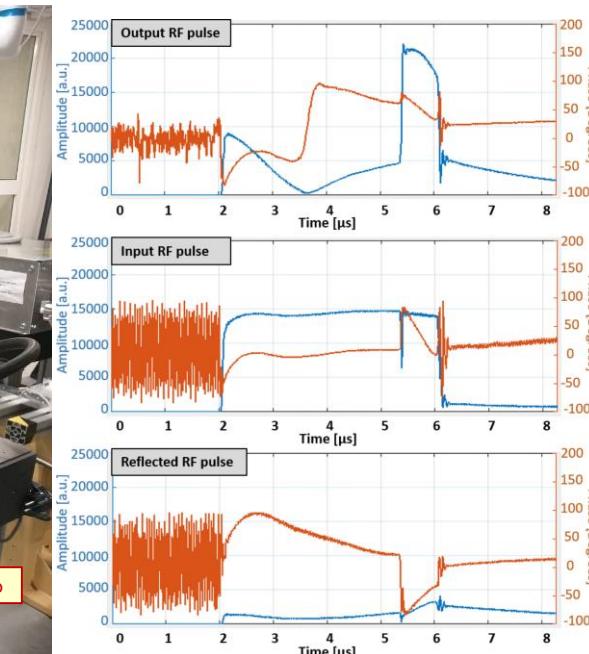
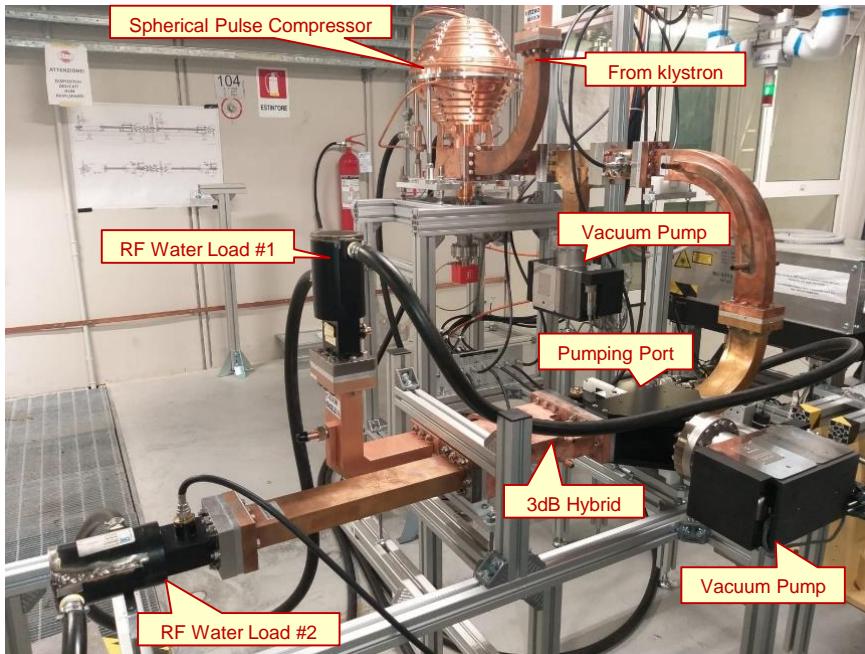


Phase I (90 MW)

- ❑ Rep. Rate: 50 Hz
- ❑ Start Date: 06-12-2022
- ❑ End Date: 21-12-2022
- ❑ Output power: 90MW, 700 ns
- ❑ Input power: 26 MW, 4000 ns
- ❑ Operating temperature: 32.25 °C

Phase II (100 MW)

- ❑ Rep. Rate: 50 Hz
- ❑ Start Date: 23-03-2023
- ❑ End Date: 31-03-2023
- ❑ Output power: 100 MW, 700 ns
- ❑ Input power: 29 MW, 4000 ns
- ❑ Operating temperature: 31.47 °C

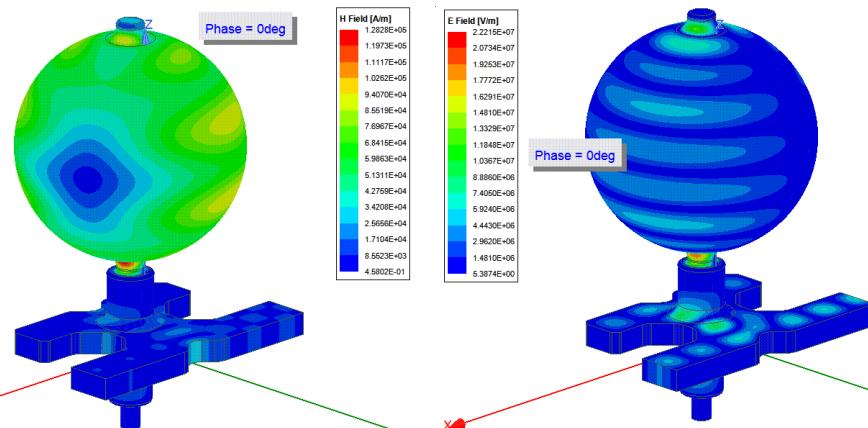
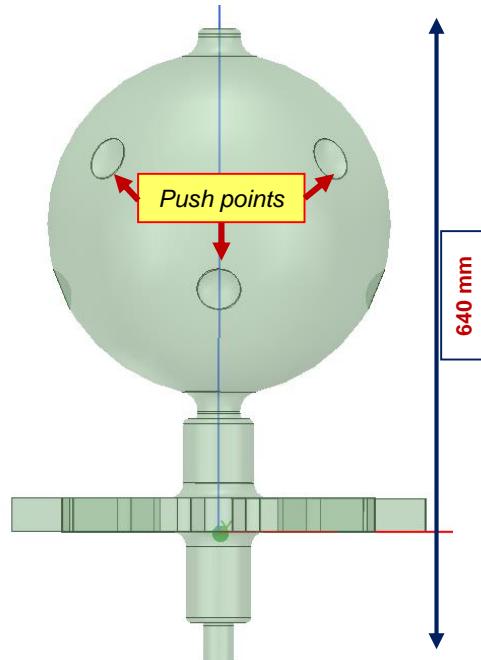
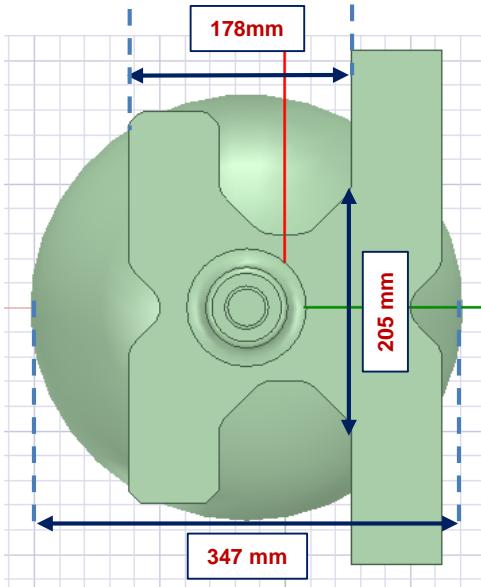




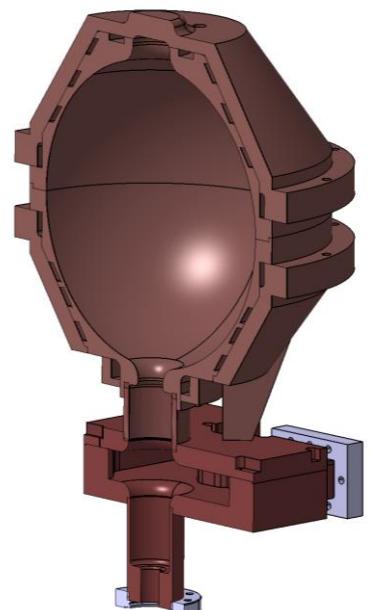
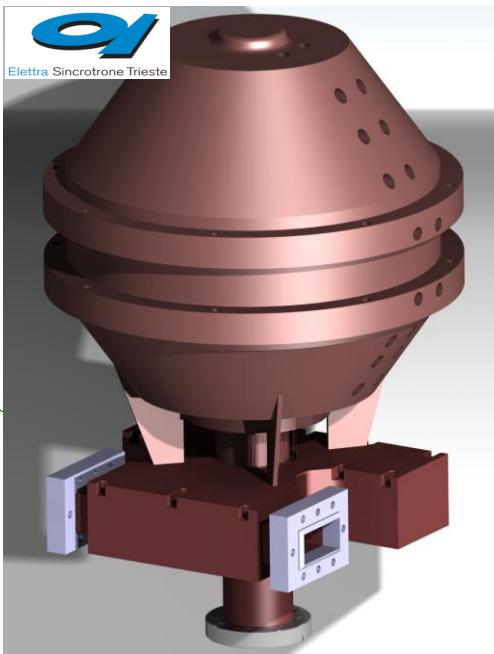
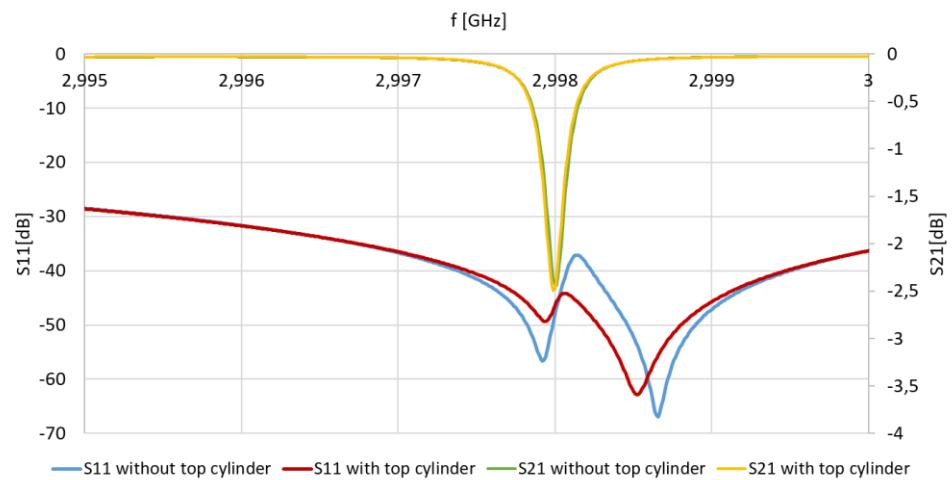
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THE SPHERICAL PULSE COMPRESSOR VERSION 2.0



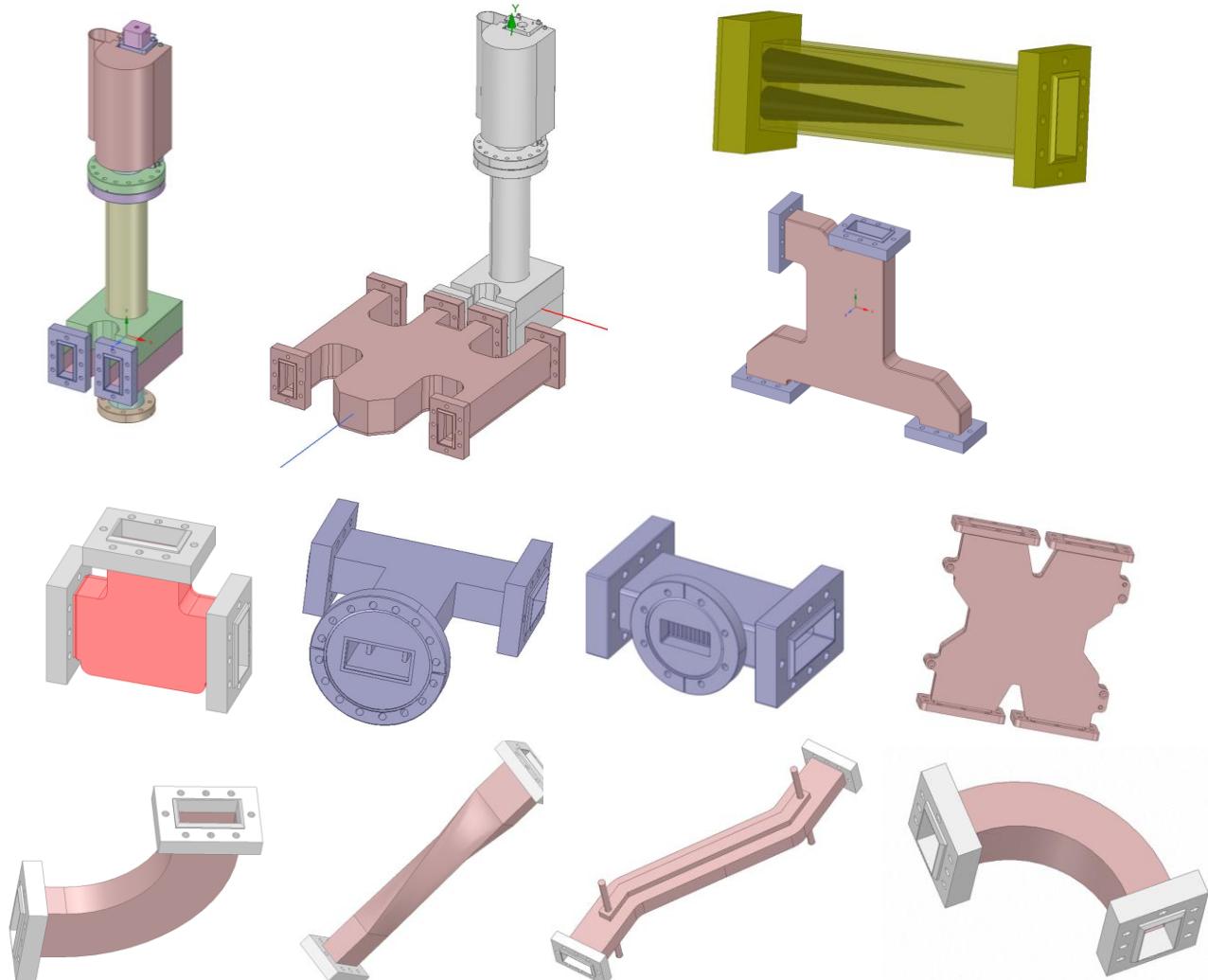
RF Parameters		
f_0	2.99801	GHz
Nominal Temperature	35	°C
Mode	TM13	
Q0	≈140000	
Coupling Coefficient	7.1 ± 0.1	
E @ 45 MW	29.79	MV/m
H @ 45 MW	130	kA/m



Elettra for Industry



High Power Waveguide Components





CONCLUSIONS

Conditioning of 1st 3.0m HG structure

- First 3.0m HG structure is successfully conditioned at the cavity test facility of Elettra up to an acc. gradient of **30 MV/m** with the BDR of **$6 \times 10^{-8} \text{ bpp/m}$** .

Installation of HG structures at FERMI linac

- One HG module consisting of two HG structures is installed at the FERMI linac in **September 2022** and 2nd HG structure is under conditioning.

S-Band Spherical Pulse Compressor

- The first prototype of S-band spherical pulse compressor has been successfully conditioned up to **100 MW** output RF power with the pulse length of **700 ns** at the cavity test facility of Elettra.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

FERMI RF Team!!!



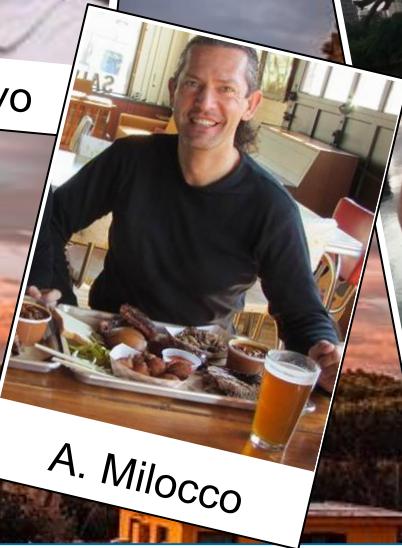
F. Gelmetti



M. Trovo



M. Milloch



A. Milocco



M. Predonzani



I. Cudin



L. Rumiz

Special thanks to...

- Luca Giannessi, Claudio Masciovecchio, Michele Svandrlik - FERMI, Elettra
- Walter Wuensch, Alexej Grudiev, Ping Wang - CERN
- M. Pedrosi, P. Craievich, R. Fortunati, F. Marcellini, R. Zennaro- Paul Scherrer Institute (PSI)



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Thank you!



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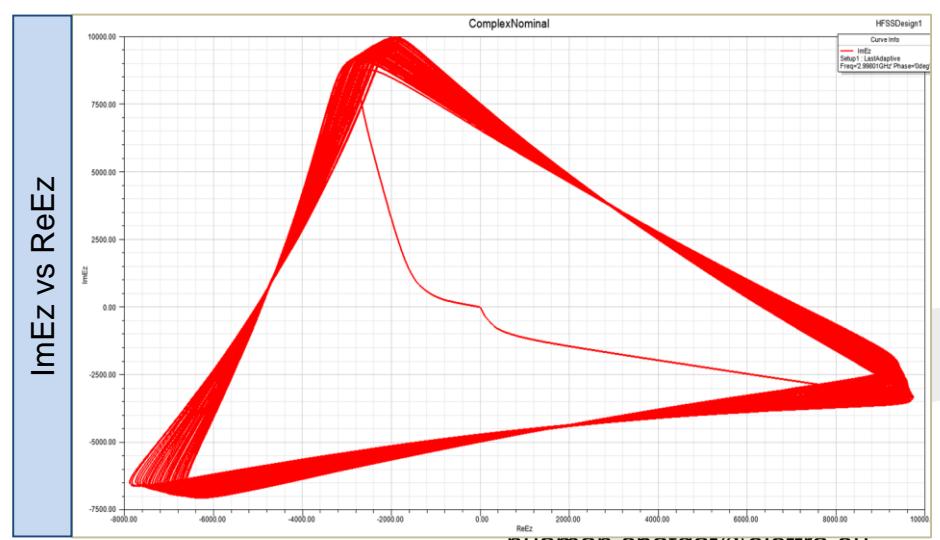
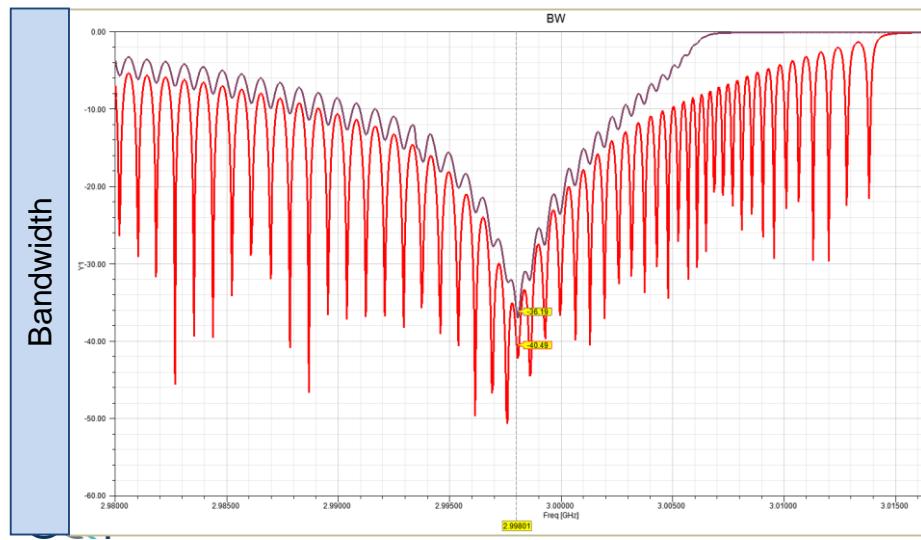
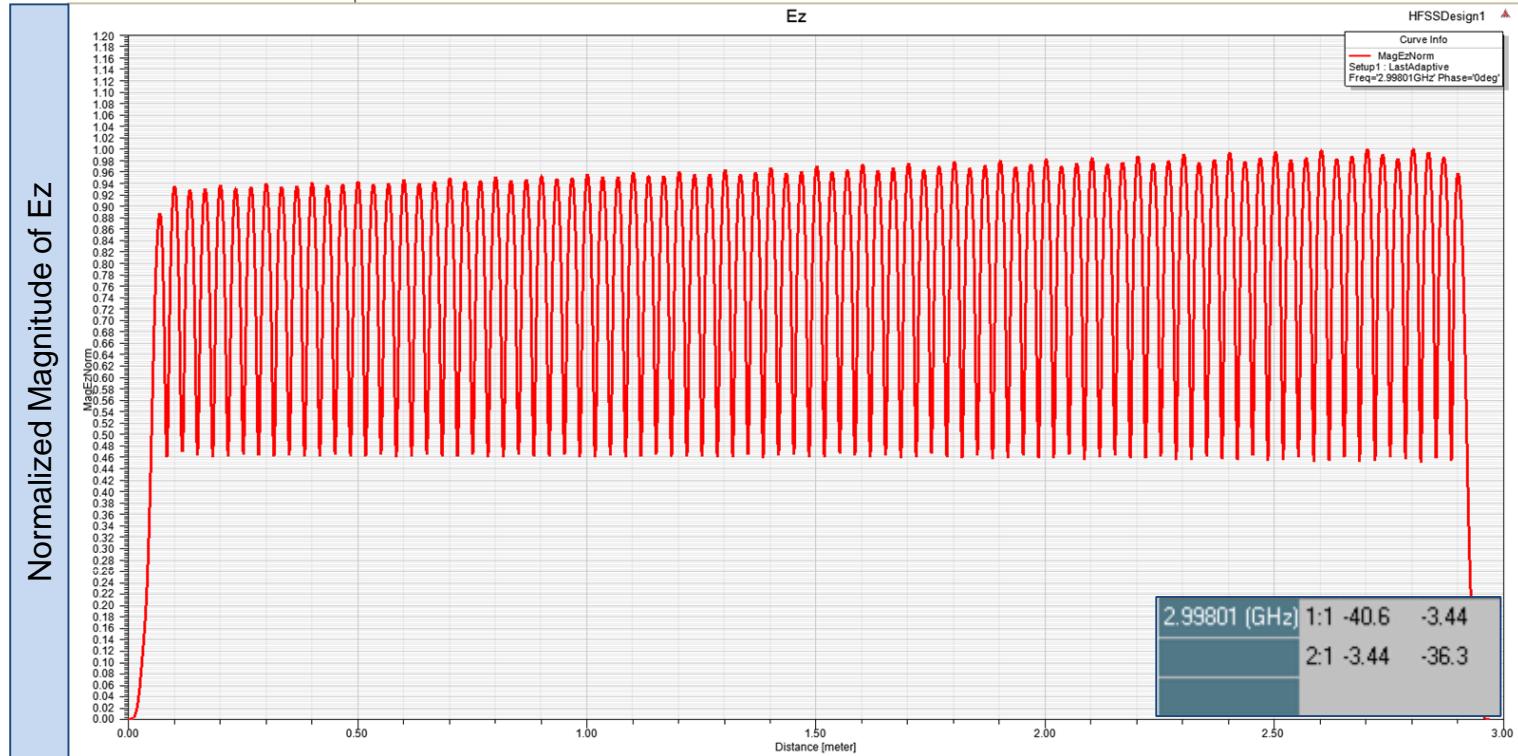


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Backup Slides

RF ANALYSIS OF FULL HG STRUCTURE (3.0 METER)

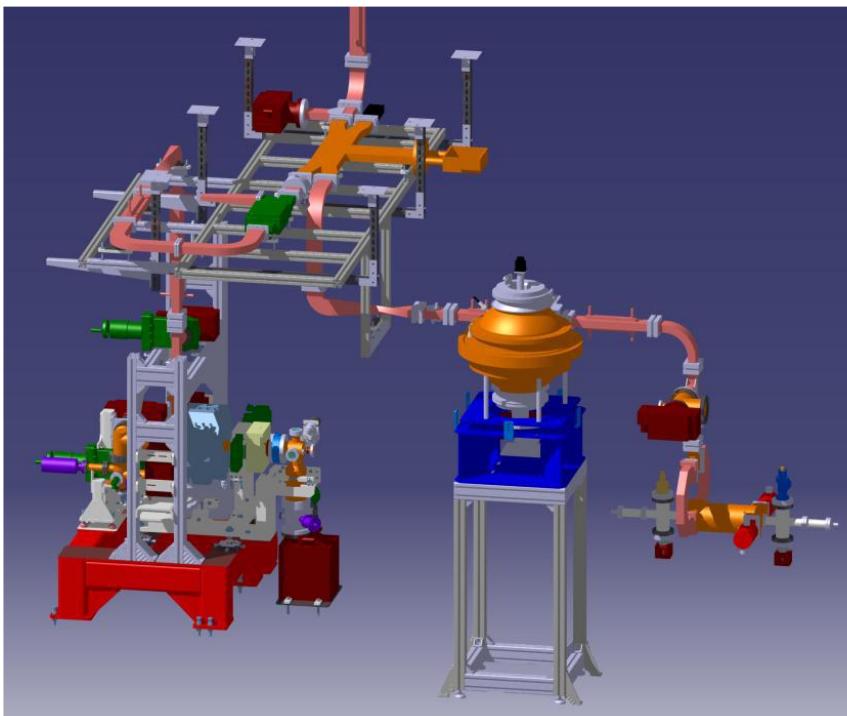




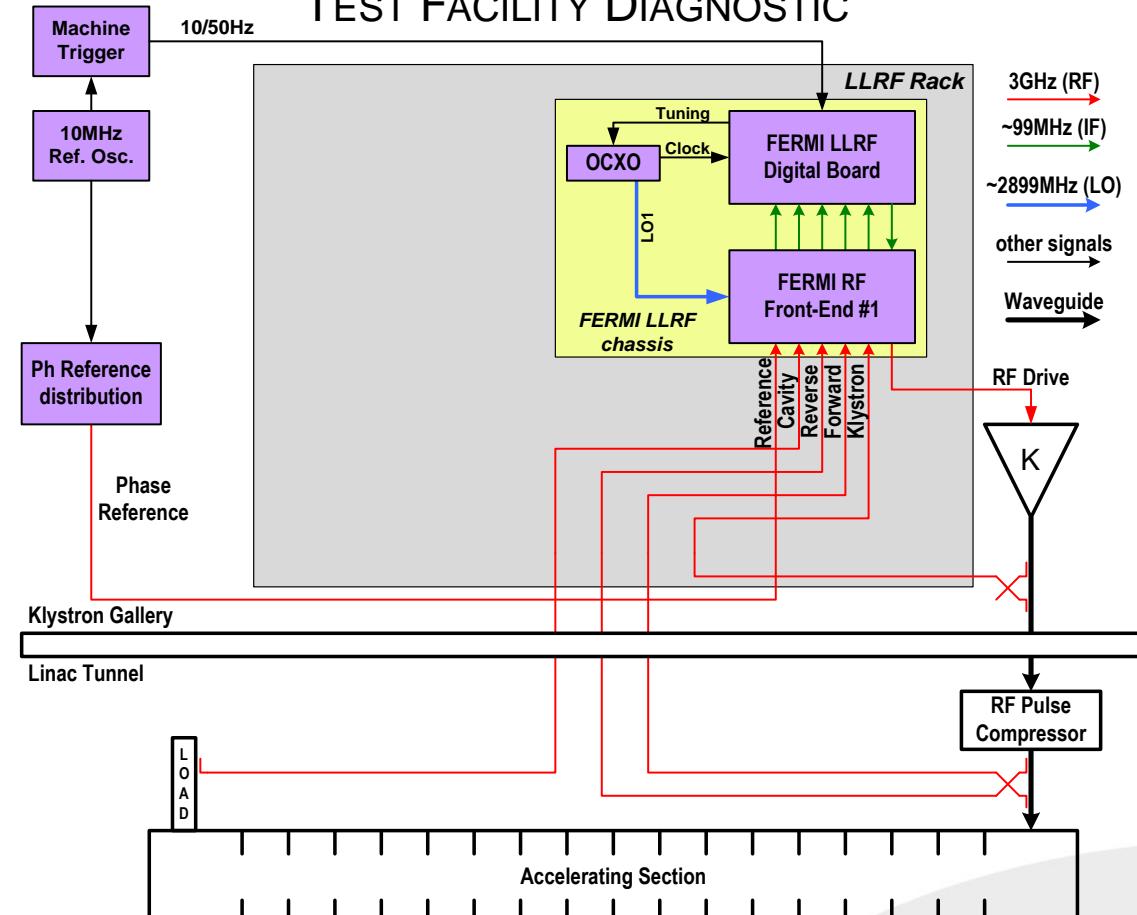
FERMI CAVITY TEST FACILITY

FERMI linac stations hot spare, has been upgraded to act also as a complete S-Band RF Cavity Test Facility (CTF)

TEST FACILITY @ ELETTRA



TEST FACILITY DIAGNOSTIC



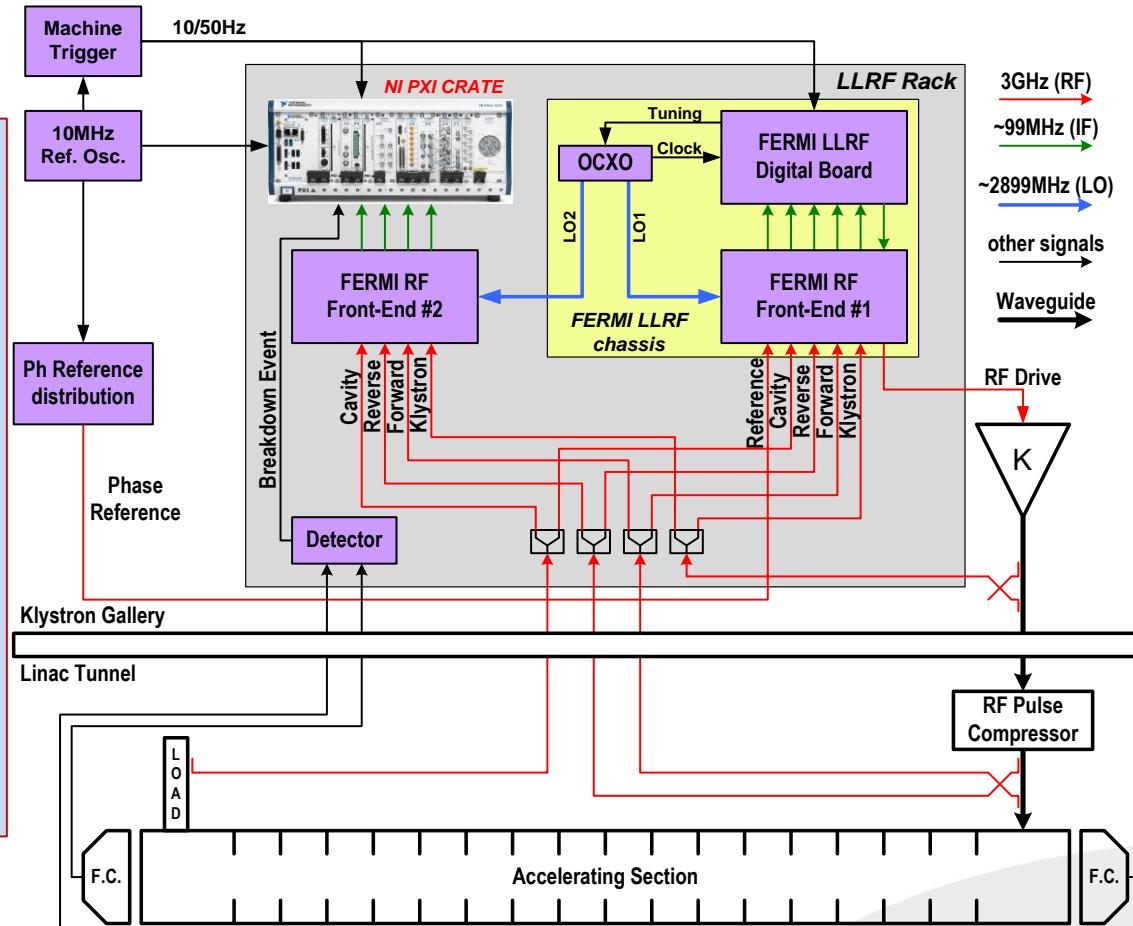


FERMI CAVITY TEST FACILITY

FERMI linac stations hot spare, has been upgraded to act also as a complete S-Band RF Cavity Test Facility (CTF)

TEST FACILITY @ ELETTRA

- Test of Standing Wave structures/RF Guns to 25MW peak power.
- Test of Travelling Wave structures & RF components up to 150 MW peak power.
- Hardware for breakdown diagnostic is subset of CERN breakdown diagnostic
- National Instrument (NI) hardware is integrated with FERMI LLRF for breakdown rate measurements and localization





COMPLETE CONDITIONING BREAKDOWN LOCATIONS

