

Light Dark Matter search with the NA64 Experiment and POKER at Cern SPS

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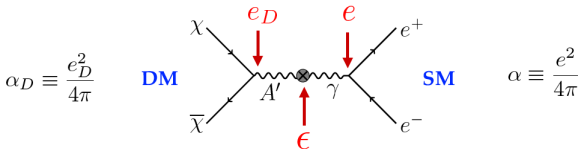
September 7th 2023, Bari -1st General Meeting of COSMIC
WISPers COST Action



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No. 947715 (ERC Starting Grant POKER, 2020).

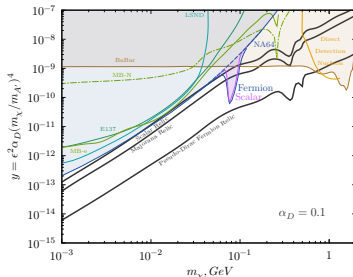
NA64 main physics case: the Dark Sector

"Light Dark Matter" hypothesis: DM made of sub-GeV particles χ , part of a new "dark sector". LDM-SM interaction mediated by a new massive U(1) gauge boson, the dark photon



- "Dark Photon" (A') portal, parameters:
 - A' and LDM masses
 - Coupling $A' - \chi$: $e_D \simeq 1$
 - Coupling $A' - SM$ via kinetic mixing, $\epsilon \ll 1$
- Annihilation cross section:

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \propto \frac{\epsilon^2 \alpha_D m_\chi^2}{m_{A'}^4} = \frac{\epsilon^2 \alpha_D m_\chi^4}{m_{A'}^4} \frac{1}{m_\chi^2} \equiv \frac{y}{m_\chi^2}$$



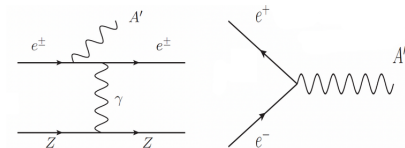
For a given m_χ value, y value is fixed by cosmology - $\mathcal{O}(1)$ variations depending on the fine details of the model.

The *missing energy* technique

Missing energy approach - the *active thick target* is the detector

- 1 High intensity e^+/e^- beam impinging on thick active target \rightarrow EM shower is initiated
- 2 A' are produced from e^+/e^- in the shower and promptly decay to χ particles - "**invisible decay**"
- 3 χ s escape the detector without interacting

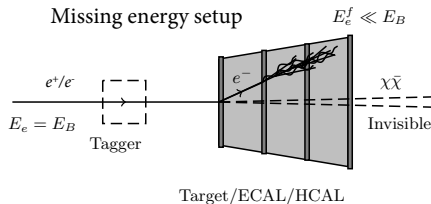
Main A' production mechanisms:



Missing Energy Signature

- Specific beam structure: particles impinging "one at a time" on the active target
- Deposited energy E_{dep} measured event-by-event
- Signal: events with large $E_{miss} = E_B - E_{dep}$
- Backgrounds: events with ν / long-lived (K_L) / highly penetrating (μ) escaping the detector

Missing energy setup



NA64 Experiment

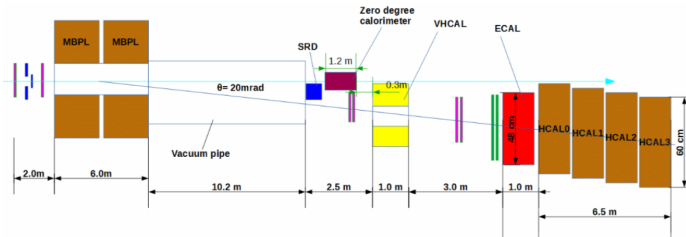
Missing energy experiment at CERN North Area H4 line - 100 GeV e^- beam

H4 line: few 10^7 e^- /spill with energy resolution $< 1\%$ and hadron contamination

$\sim 0.5\%$

Experiment Setup

- Beam identification system: magnetic spectrometer and SRD tagging (MBPL magnets)
- EM-Calorimeter: $40X_0$, Pb/Sc Shashlik
- Plastic scintillator VETO
- Hadron calorimeter: 4 m, $30 \lambda_I$

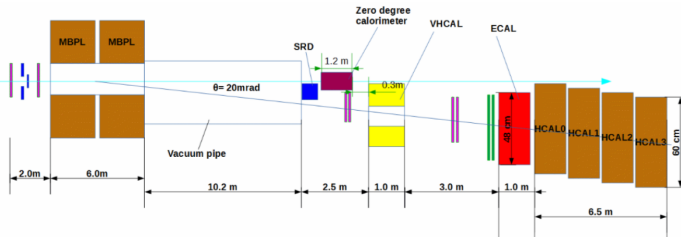
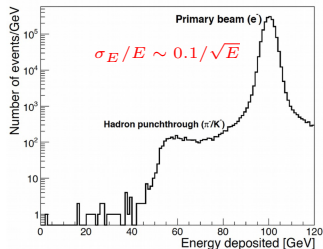


NA64 Experiment

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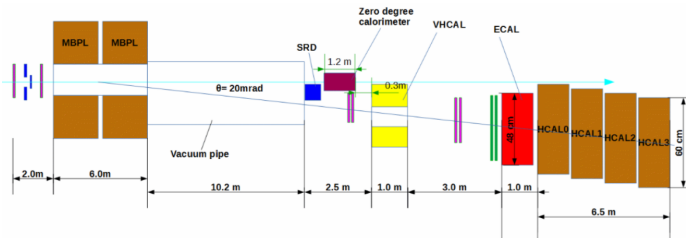
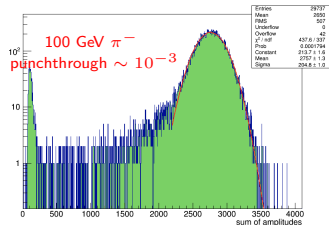
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Data analysis of 2021-2022 runs

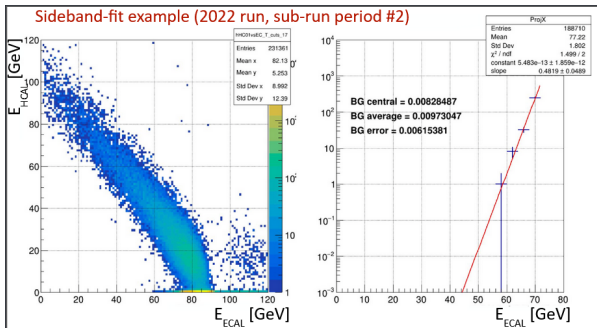
Accumulated statistics: 6×10^{10} (2021) + 6.3×10^{11} (2022) $\rightarrow 9.37 \times 10^{11} e^-$ on target (EOT) in total (2016-2022).

Selection cuts:

- Clean impinging 100 GeV e^- , no activity in VETO/HCAL,
- shower-shape compatible with e^- -induced one (data-driven shower shape χ^2 distribution)

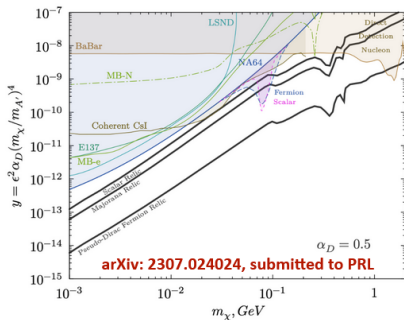
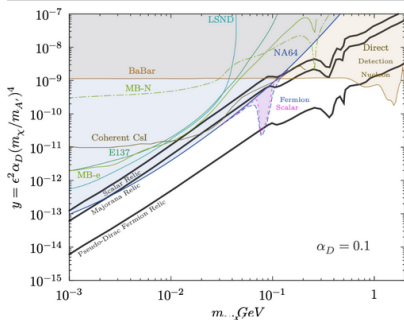
Signal window: $E_{ECAL} < 47-50$ GeV, $E_{HCAL} < 1$ GeV, depending on the run conditions and detector performances

Expected background yield: ~ 0.5 events (contribution of upstream electro-nuclear reactions extrapolated from data via sideband fit)



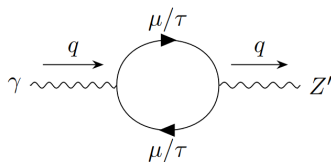
NA64 results from all runs ($\sim 10^{12}$ EOT)

- No signal observed in $\sim 10^{12}$ EOT collected
- For $\alpha_D = 0.1$, NA64 excludes the Scalar and Majorana scenarios in a large m_χ interval.
- Thanks to e^+e^- resonant enhancement, the Pseudo-Dirac Fermion scenario is touched in a narrow m_χ region.

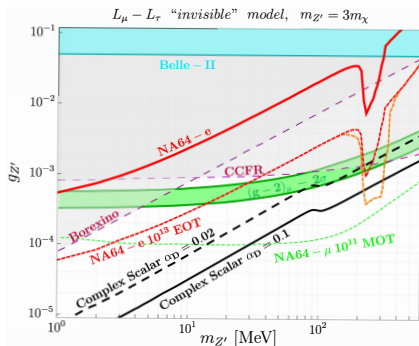


Search for Z' with NA64

- Dark Sector - SM interaction mediated by a light Z' boson with dominant coupling to μ and τ
- Data collected in 2016-2018 re-analyzed for the Z' search ($\sim 3 \times 10^{11}$ EOT)
- Loop-induced mixing between the SM photon and Z' - effective coupling implemented in signal simulation (MadGraph5)
- Resulting limits touch the preferred $g - 2$ region for $m_{Z'}$ 1 MeV. Collecting 10^{13} EOT would allow to explore a significant part of the $g - 2$ band.

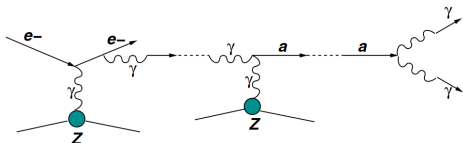
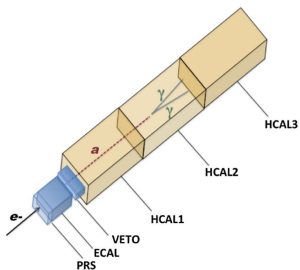


The NA64 Collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 106, 032015

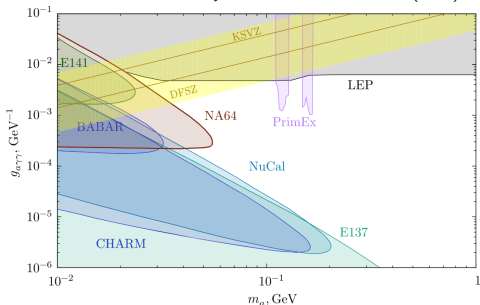


Search for ALPs and scalars

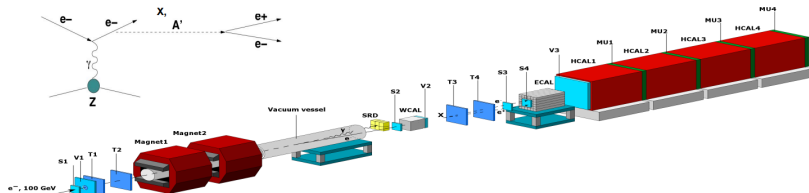
- ALPs produced via Primakoff effect from hard bremsstrahlung photons in the ECAL
- **HCAL fist module used as a veto**
- signal defined as: 1) $E_{ECAL} < 85$ GeV, $E_{HCAL23} > 15$ GeV or 2) $E_{ECAL} < 50$ GeV, $E_{HCAL23} \simeq 0$ GeV
- NO events observed in 2016-2018 data (compatible with expected background $B \simeq 0.17$)



The NA64 collaboration Phys. Rev. Lett. 125, 081801 (2020)

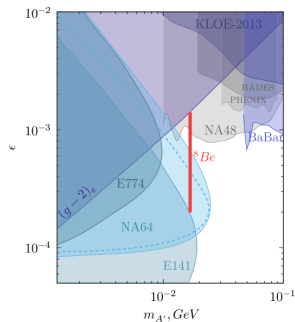


NA64 - visible mode



NA64 collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 101 (2020) no.11, 071101(R)

- Interest has recently grown towards A' **visible decay** $A' \rightarrow e^+e^-$ in the ~ 17 MeV mass region (**X17 anomaly**)
- **NA64 visible mode**: A' produced in **WCAL** detector (plastic and tungsten calorimeter). Search for decay products in **ECAL**
- 8.4×10^{10} EOT collected in visible mode: **ruled out part of the available X17 parameter space**
- **WCAL** detector upgrade necessary to improve reach

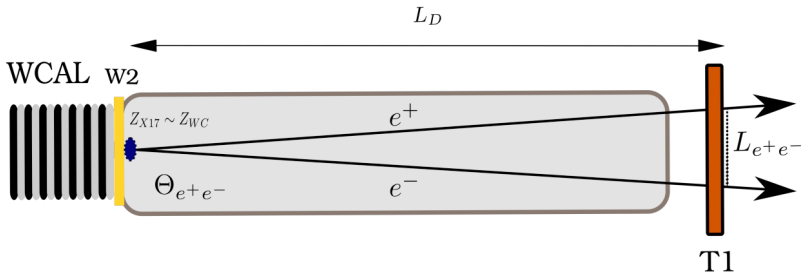


NA64 visible - future upgrade

The sensitivity to the X17 in the NA64 visible mode is limited by the WCAL length ($\gamma c\tau_{X17} \sim 30$ mm) and the capability to separate the very close tracks of the $X17 \rightarrow e^+e^-$ decay

→ **new setup under consideration**

- New WCAL geometry for improved signal efficiency
- Dipole magnet + ~ 18 m vacuum pipe for tracks separation
- GEM trackers + ECAL for invariant mass measurement (10% invariant mass resolution)
- **Possible to probe significant part of the X17 parameter space in a ~ 20 days run**



POKER: POsitron resonant annihilation into darK mattER

An optimized light dark matter search with positrons in the NA64 framework

Exploit the LDM production process:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow A' \rightarrow \chi\bar{\chi}^1$$

- Large event yield:

$$N_s^{annihil} \propto Z\alpha_{EM} \text{ vs}$$

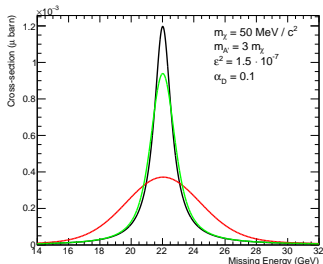
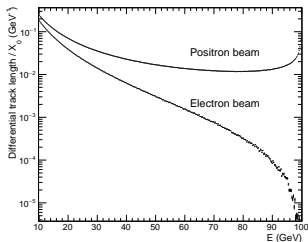
$$N_s^{brem} \propto Z^2\alpha_{EM}^3$$

- Missing energy distribution shows a peak

around $E_R = \frac{M_{A'}^2}{2m_e} \rightarrow$ **clear signal signature**

Project goal

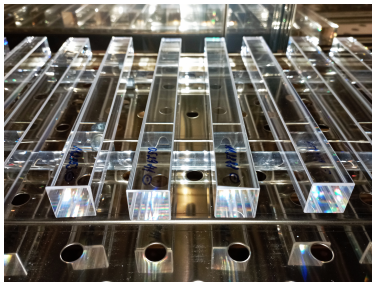
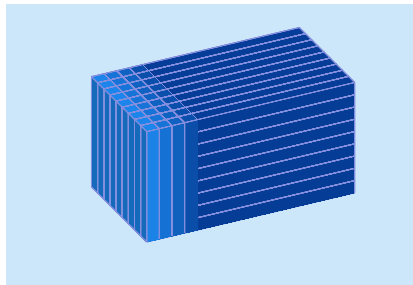
- Perform a dedicated missing energy measurement in NA64 with the SPS positron beam, replacing the existing NA64 ECAL with a new **high resolution detector** ($PbWO_4$ calorimeter)



¹L. Marsicano, E. Nardi et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 121, 041802

The PKR-Cal Detector

- **Electromagnetic calorimeter:** 9×9 matrix of $2 \times 2 \times 20 \text{ cm}^3$ PbWO_4 crystals + 4-layers pre-shower (total ~ 120 crystals)
- **SiPM-based readout:** $4 \times 6 \times 6 \text{ mm}^2$ Hamamatsu S14160-6010 SiPM per crystal ($10 \mu\text{m}$ cell size)
- Expected resolution from MC simulations:
 $\sigma_E/E \sim 2.5\%/\sqrt{E} \oplus (0.5 \div 1)\%$



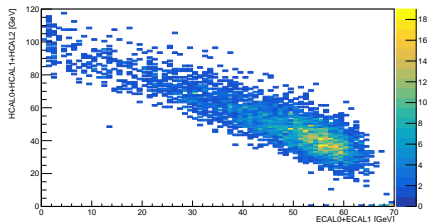
PKR-Cal R&D status:

- Crystals characterization (**light yield, light transmission, radiation hardness**) performed
- small-size (3X3 crystals) **prototype** built and tested at H8 line @CERN, to validate technical choices (data analysis ongoing)
- PKR-Cal mechanical structure design ongoing

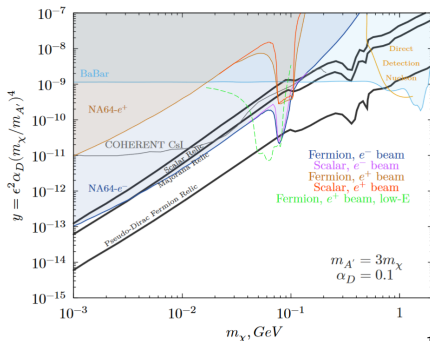
First e^+ measurement at NA64

While the POKER active target is being built, a preliminary measurement with a 100 GeV e^+ beam, using the current NA64 setup has been performed in 2022

- **Goals:** background studies, first upper limit optimized for resonant A' production
- $\sim 10^{10}$ e^+ OT collected
- **Blind-analysis approach:** signal region $E_{ECAL} < 50$ GeV, $E_{HCAL} < 1$ GeV
- **Main expected background source:** decay of misidentified K and π contaminants in the beam
- **No events in the signal region after data unblinding**



arXiv:2308.15612 - submitted to PRL



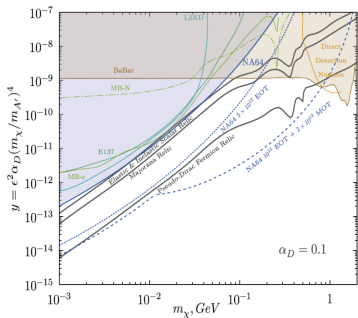
NA64 future prospects

Electron Beam:

- High statistic run in 2022 collected $\sim 10^{12}$ EOT; analysis results submitted to PRL
- Up to $\sim 3 \times 10^{12}$ EOT collected by LS3: **probe significant part of the A' invisible parameter space and many BSM extensions such as ALPs, Z' in Lmu-Ltau, B-L models**
- Possibility to upgrade the detector "visible mode" to enhance the sensitivity in the X17 parameter space is currently being discussed

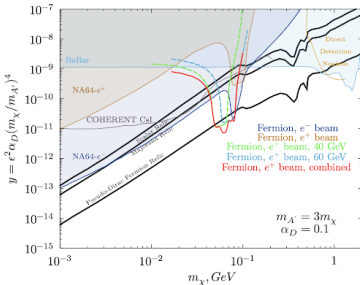
Muon Beam:

- NA64- μ : missing momentum and energy experiment with a muon beam
- Ongoing parallel effort of the NA64 collaboration



Positron Beam:

- First dedicated e^+ run performed in Fall 2022: $\sim 10^{10}$ e^+ OT collected
- Possibility of a future **multi-energy measurement program** is being investigated (POKER project)



Conclusions

- NA64 is an electron-beam missing-energy experiment at CERN searching for Dark Sector particles in the Dark Photon paradigm
 - The high-statistics 2022 run allowed to set stringent limits in the “invisible decay” dark photon parameter space ($A' \rightarrow \chi\bar{\chi}$)
 - In addition to the A' “invisible decay” scenario, NA64 set limits on ALPs, Z' , visible A' decay (X17) and B-L.
- POKER is an ERC funded project, aiming to perform an optimized missing energy measurement with a positron beam
 - The project includes the realization of a high-resolution active target to be implemented in the NA64 setup
 - First test run with a positron beam performed in 2022, with the original NA64 setup
 - Studies on hadron contamination and detector R&D currently ongoing - possibility to run the pilot measurement in 2024 currently discussed

thanks for the attention!