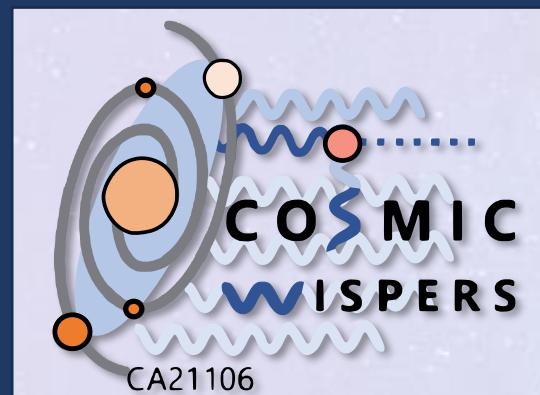


Low-scale Leptogenesis with Dirac CP-Violation



Speaker: **Alessandro Granelli**
Post-doc at University of
Bologna (Italy)



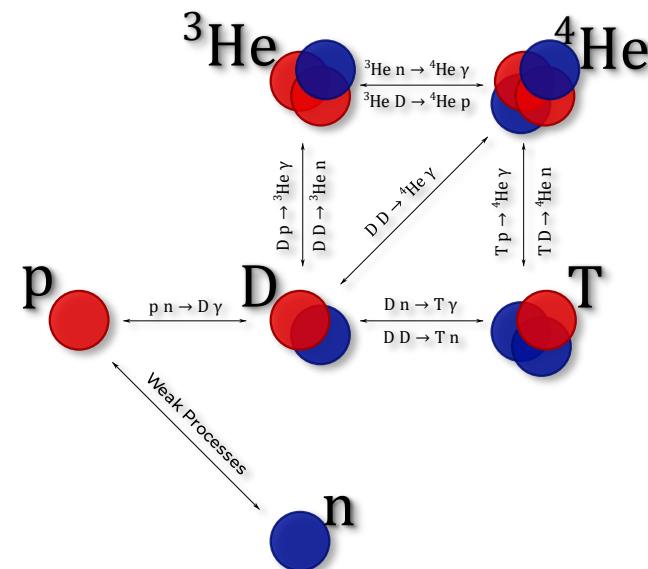
The Baryon Asymmetry of the Universe

In the present Universe we observe an **overabundance of matter** over antimatter. In terms of baryons: the **Baryon Asymmetry of the Universe (BAU)**.

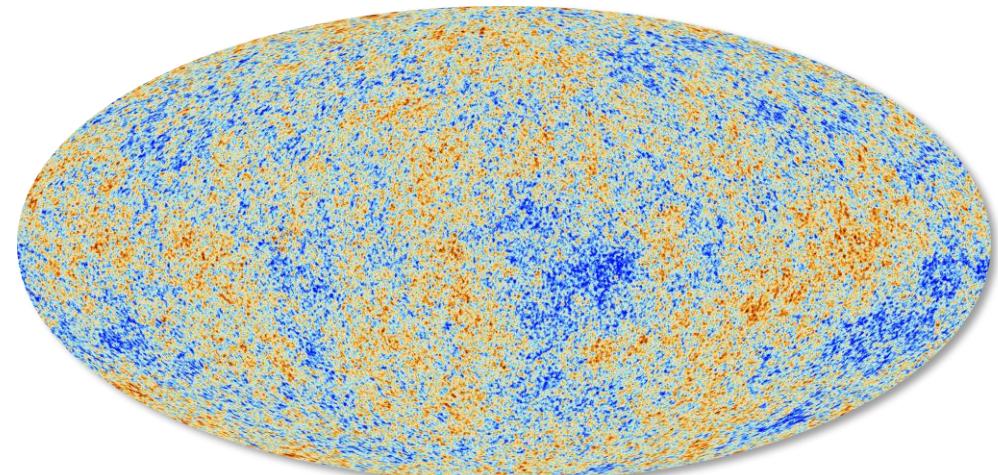
$$\eta_B = \frac{(n_B - n_{\bar{B}})}{n_\gamma} \simeq 6.1 \times 10^{-10}$$

$\sim 2 \times 10^9 + 1$ baryons every 2×10^9 of antibaryons!

Big Bang Nucleosynthesis (BBN)



Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB)

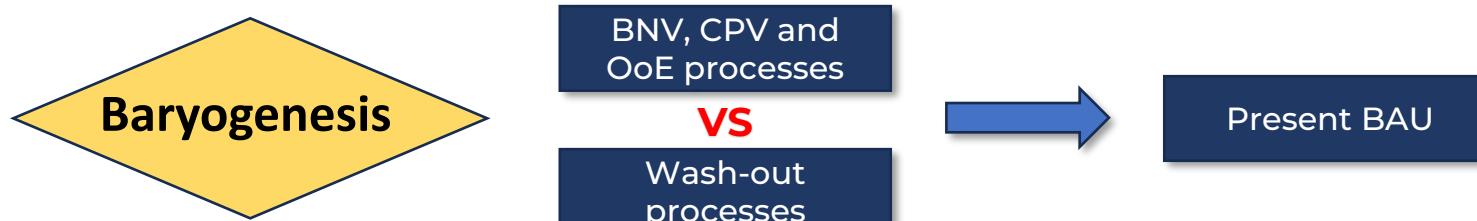


Sakharov's conditions and Baryo/Leptogenesis

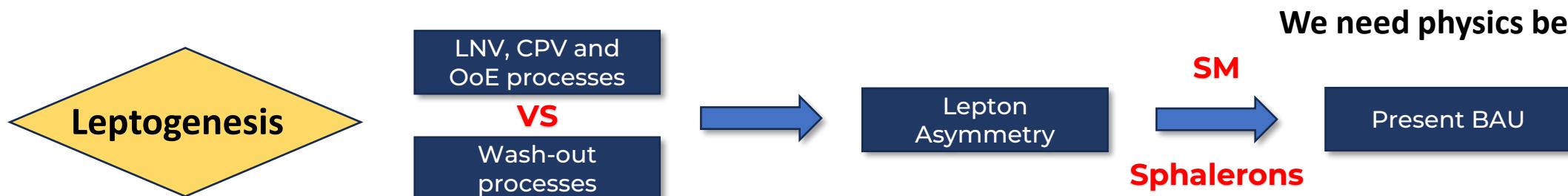
The three **Sakharov's conditions** for a dynamical generation of a baryon (B) or lepton (L) asymmetry:

- B (L) violation (BNV or LNV)
- C and CP violation (CPV)
- Out-of-equilibrium dynamics (OoE)

A. D. Sakharov (1967)



Recent Review: D. Bodeker, W. Buchmuller, 2009.07294



Fukugita & Yanagida (1986)

Neutrino masses and mixing

Neutrinos have non-zero masses and mix: $v_{\alpha L}(x) = \sum_{a=1}^3 U_{\alpha a} v_{aL}(x)$

Pontecorvo-Maki-Nakagawa-Sakata (**PMNS**) neutrino mixing matrix

$$U = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13}^{-i\delta}e \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13}^{i\delta}e & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13}^{i\delta}e & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13}^{i\delta}e & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13}^{i\delta}e & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{\frac{i\alpha_{21}}{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{\frac{i\alpha_{31}}{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

Summary of neutrinos observations:

- **Normal Ordering (NO):** $m_1 < m_2 < m_3$
- **Inverted Ordering (IO):** $m_3 < m_1 < m_2$

- **Normal Hierarchical (NH):** $0 \simeq m_1 < m_2 < m_3$
- **Inverted Hierarchical (IH):** $0 \simeq m_3 < m_1 < m_2$
- **Quasi Degenerate:** $m_1 \simeq m_2 \simeq m_3$

Ordering	θ_{12} (°)	θ_{13} (°)	θ_{23} (°, 3 σ)	δ (°, 3 σ)	Δm_{21}^2 (10^{-5} eV 2)	$\Delta m_{31(32)}^2$ (10^{-3} eV 2)
NO	33.41	8.58	39.7 – 51.0	154 – 350	7.41	2.507
IO	33.41	8.57	39.9 – 51.5	194 – 344	7.41	-2.486

I. Esteban, M.C. Gonzalez-Garcia, M. Maltoni, T. Schwetz and A. Zhou (2020), [NuFIT 5.2 \(2022\), www.nu-fit.org](https://nu-fit.org)

Type-I seesaw mechanism

Seesaw lagrangian



Yukawa and mass terms

$$\mathcal{L}_{Y,M}(x) = - \left(Y_{\alpha j} \overline{\Psi_{\alpha L}}(x) i\sigma_2 \Phi^*(x) N_{jR}(x) + h.c. \right) - \frac{1}{2} M_j \overline{N_j}(x) N_j(x)$$

Right-handed neutrinos/sterile neutrinos/ heavy Majorana neutrinos

Electroweak Symmetry Breaking

Neutrino mass generation



Neutrino mass matrix

$$m_\nu \simeq -(\nu^2/2) Y \widehat{M}^{-1} Y^T$$

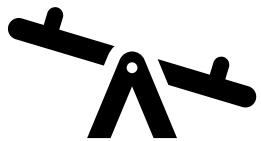
Neutrino mixing

$$\nu_{\alpha L} \simeq U_{\alpha a} \nu_{aL} + \Theta_{\alpha j} N_{jR}^c$$

$$\Theta_{\alpha j} \simeq (\nu/\sqrt{2}) Y_{\alpha j} / M_j$$

Mixing angle/Coupling

Model Parameters



Casas-Ibarra Parameterisation

$$Y = \pm i(\sqrt{2}/\nu) U \sqrt{\hat{m}} O^T \sqrt{\hat{M}}$$

Casas-Ibarra matrix
 $O O^T = \mathbf{1}_{2 \times 2}$

With 2 heavy Majorana neutrinos

$$O^{(NH)} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \cos \theta & \varphi \sin \theta \\ 0 & -\sin \theta & \varphi \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

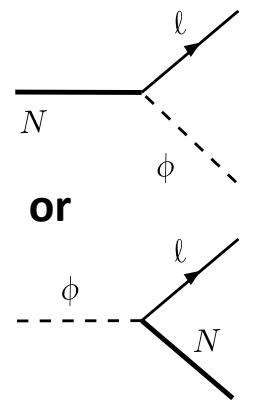
$$O^{(IH)} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \varphi \sin \theta & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & \varphi \cos \theta & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\theta = \omega + i \xi$$
$$\varphi = \pm 1$$

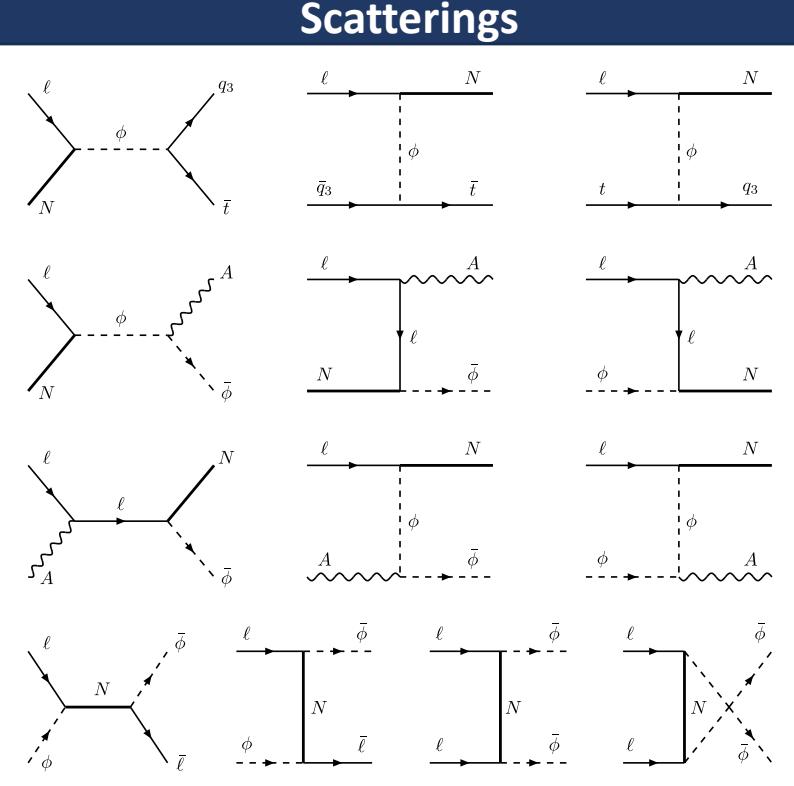
Leptogenesis within the type-I seesaw mechanism

Lepton Number violating processes via Yukawa coupling

Decays



or

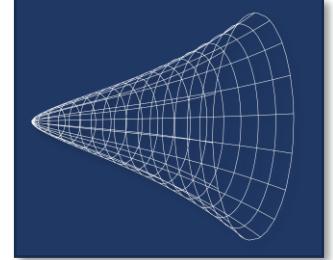


Scatterings

CP-violation

$$\epsilon^{\text{CP}} = \frac{\Gamma(N \rightarrow l \dots) - \Gamma(N \rightarrow \bar{l} \dots)}{\Gamma(N \rightarrow \text{anything})}$$

Expansion of
the Universe



L. Covi, E. Roulet, F. Vissani
hep-ph/9605319,
W. Buchmuller, M. Plumacher
hep-ph/9710460,
A. Pilaftsis hep-ph/9702393,

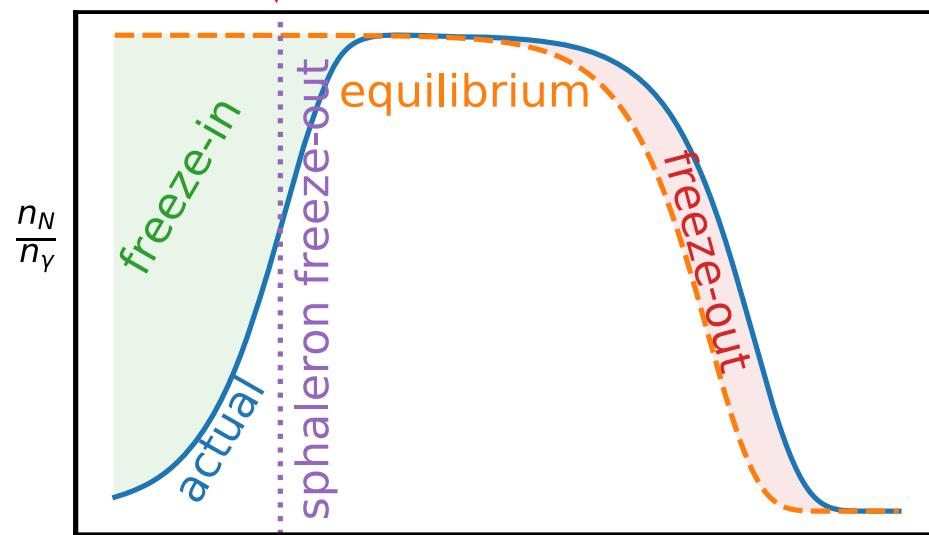
...

G. F. Giudice, A. Notari, M. Raidal, A. Riotto, A. Strumia hep-ph/0310123
S. Davidson, E. Nardi, Y. Nir arXiv:0802.2962

Leptogenesis within the type-I seesaw mechanism

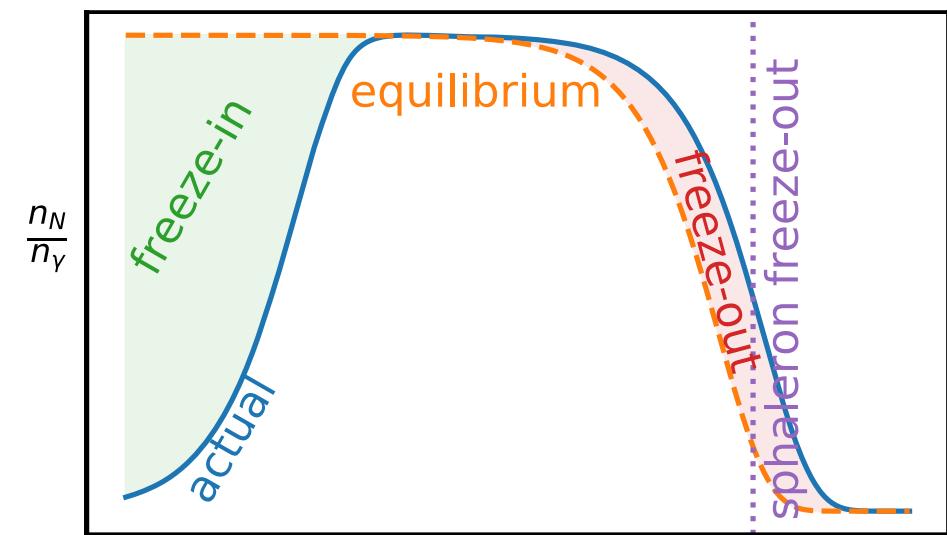
Freeze-in Leptogenesis

$T \sim 130 \text{ GeV}$



Freeze-out Leptogenesis

$T \sim 130 \text{ GeV}$

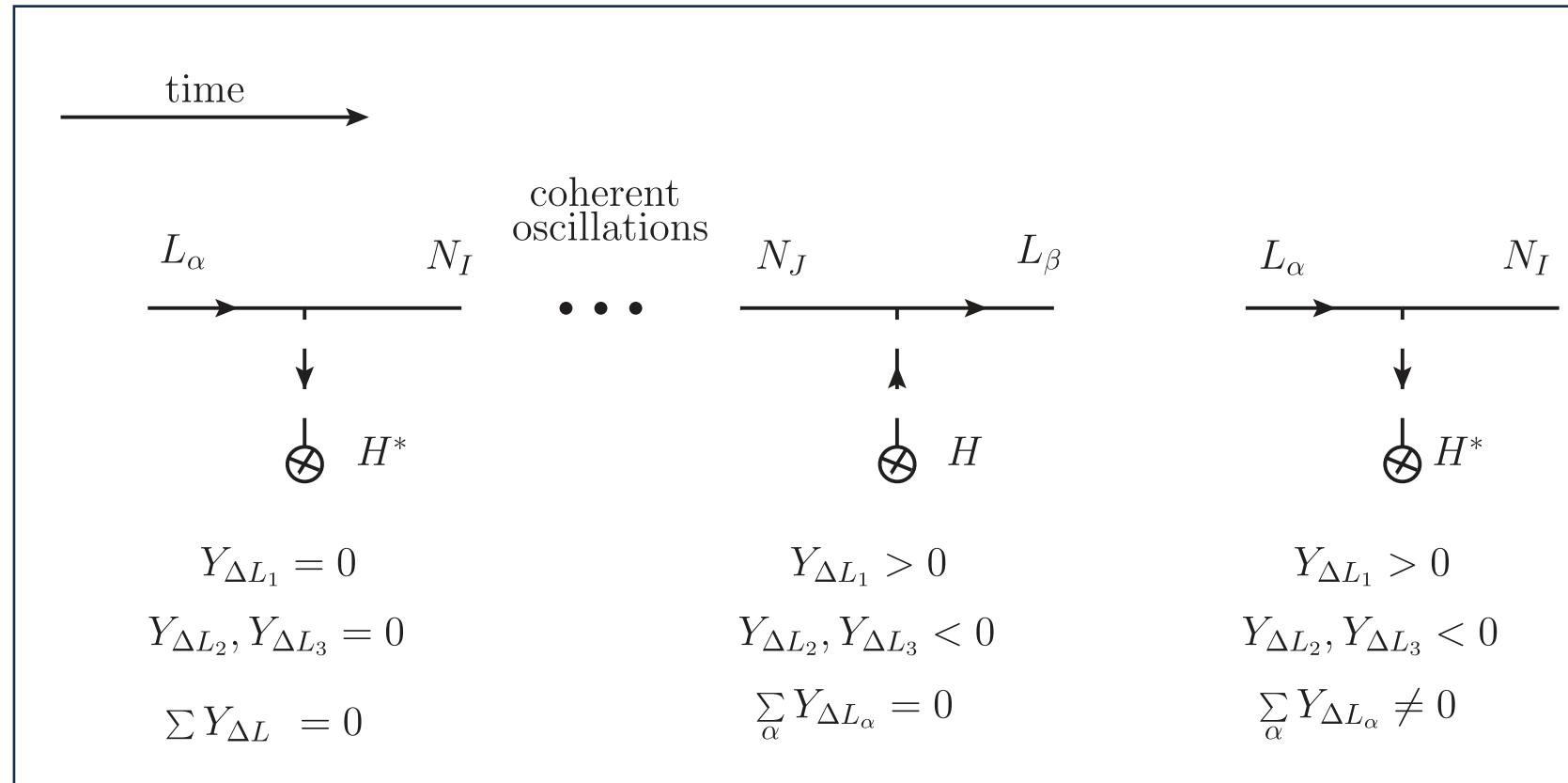


J. Klarić, M. Shaposhnikov, I. Timiryasov, PRL.127.111802 and PRD.104.055010
A. G., K. Moffat, S. T. Petcov, arXiv:2009.03166

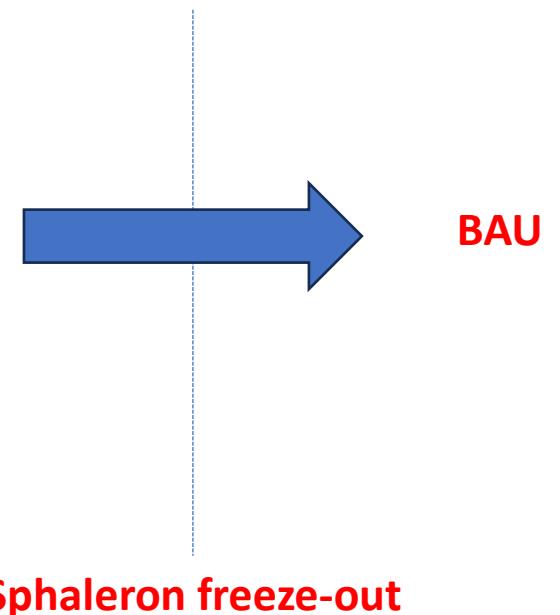
Leptogenesis via oscillations

Freeze-in Leptogenesis

Fig. from B. Shuve, I. Yavin arXiv:1401.2459



$T \sim 130 \text{ GeV}$



+ thermal effects (thermal masses and soft emission of gauge bosons)

+ helicity states behave differently

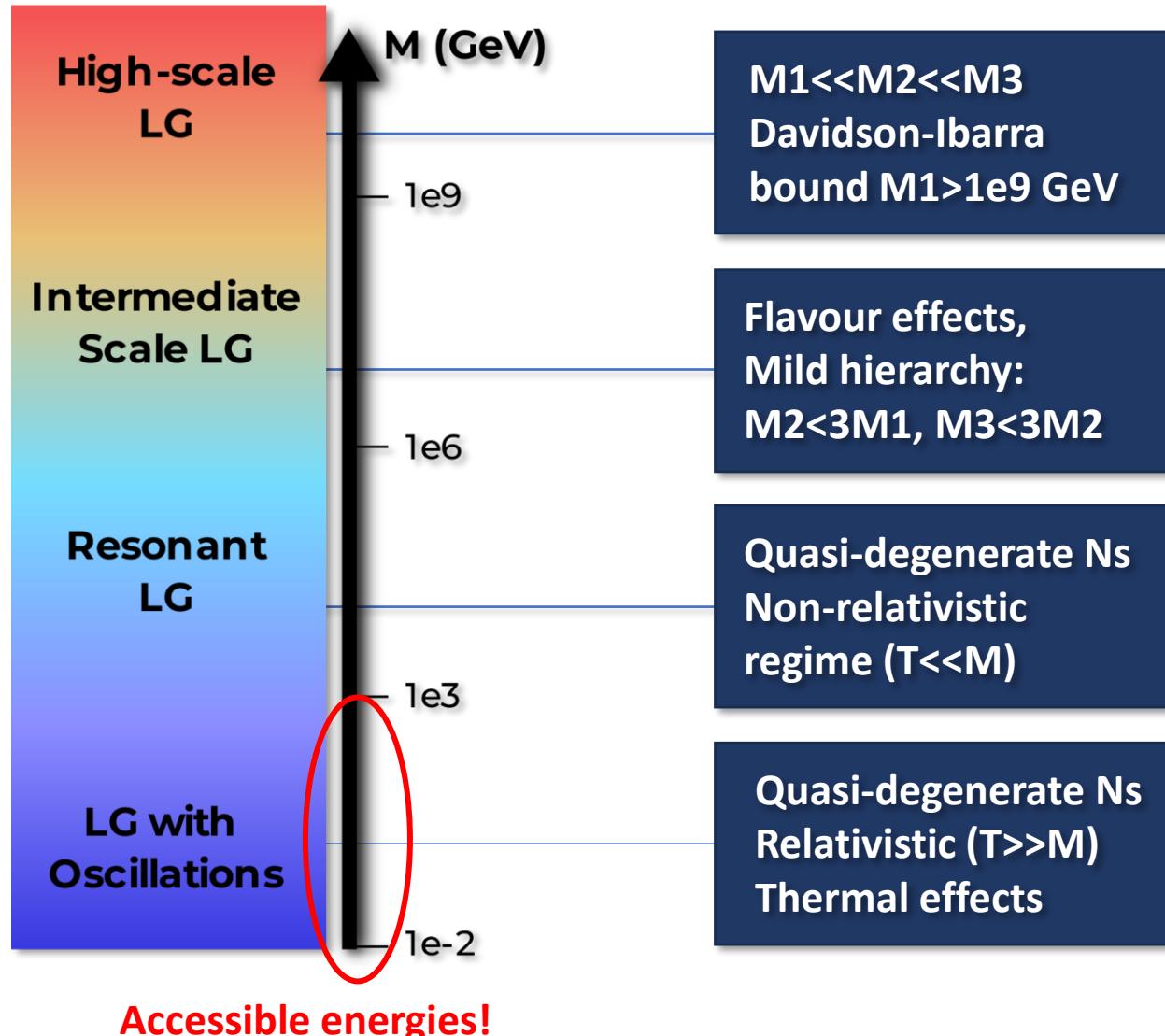
Leptogenesis scales

Fukugita &
Yanagida
(1986)

Racker, Rius &
Pena (2012)

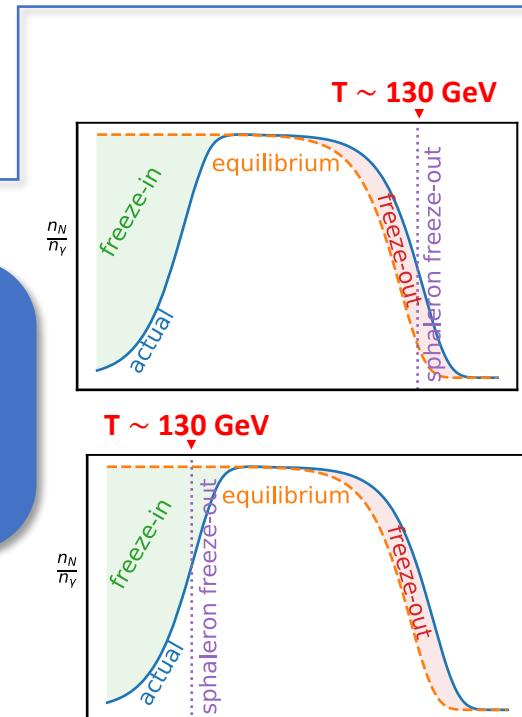
Pilaftsis &
Underwood
(2003)

Ahmedov,
Rubakov &
Smirnov (1998)



Low-energy CP-violation

S. Pascoli, S. T. Petcov, A. Riotto (2007),
S. Blanchet, P. Di Bari (2007),
...,
K. Moffat, S. Pascoli, S. T. Petcov, J. Turner (2018),
A.G., K. Moffat, S. T. Petcov (2022)



J. Klarić, M. Shaposhnikov, I. Timiryasov, PRL.127.111802 and PRD.104.055010

Density Matrix Equations

$$Hx \frac{dr_N}{dx} = -i [\langle \mathcal{H} \rangle, r_N] - Hx \frac{r_N}{N_N^{\text{eq}}} \frac{dN_N^{\text{eq}}}{dx} - \frac{\langle \gamma_N^{(0)} \rangle}{2} \{ Y^\dagger Y, r_N - 1 \} + \langle \gamma_N^{(1)} \rangle Y^\dagger \mu Y - \frac{\langle \gamma_N^{(2)} \rangle}{2} \{ Y^\dagger \mu Y, r_N \} +$$

$$- \frac{\langle S_N^{(0)} \rangle}{2T^2} \{ M Y^T Y^* M, r_N - 1 \} - \frac{\langle S_N^{(1)} \rangle}{T^2} M Y^T \mu Y^* M + \frac{\langle S_N^{(2)} \rangle}{2T^2} \{ M Y^T \mu Y^* M, r_N \},$$

$$\kappa Hx \frac{d\mu_{\Delta_\alpha}}{dx} = - \frac{\langle \gamma_N^{(0)} \rangle}{2} (Y r_N Y^\dagger - Y^* r_{\bar{N}} Y^T)_{\alpha\alpha} + \langle \gamma_N^{(1)} \rangle (Y Y^\dagger)_{\alpha\alpha} \mu_\alpha - \frac{\langle \gamma_N^{(2)} \rangle}{2} (Y r_N Y^\dagger + Y^* r_{\bar{N}} Y^T)_{\alpha\alpha} \mu_\alpha +$$

$$+ \frac{\langle S_N^{(0)} \rangle}{2T^2} (Y^* M r_N M Y^T - Y M r_{\bar{N}} M Y^\dagger)_{\alpha\alpha} + \frac{\langle S_N^{(1)} \rangle}{T^2} (Y M^2 Y^\dagger)_{\alpha\alpha} \mu_\alpha +$$

$$- \frac{\langle S_N^{(2)} \rangle}{2T^2} (Y M r_{\bar{N}} M Y^\dagger + Y^* M r_N M Y^T)_{\alpha\alpha} \mu_\alpha,$$

Computationally very demanding!

$$Hx \frac{dr_{\bar{N}}}{dx} = r_N \rightarrow r_{\bar{N}}, \mu \rightarrow -\mu, Y \rightarrow Y^*$$

Thermal averaged rates

J. Ghiglieri, M. Laine arXiv:1703.06087 and 1711.08469
<http://www.laine.itp.unibe.ch/leptogenesis/>

Freely available codes!

Python: A. G., C. Leslie, Y. F. Perez-Gonzalez, H. Schulz, B. Shuve, J. Turner, R. Walker, ULYSSESv2, arXiv:2301.05722

C++: P. Hernández, J. López-Pávón, N. Rius and S. Sandner, amiqs, arXiv:2207.01651

Parameter Space of low-scale LG

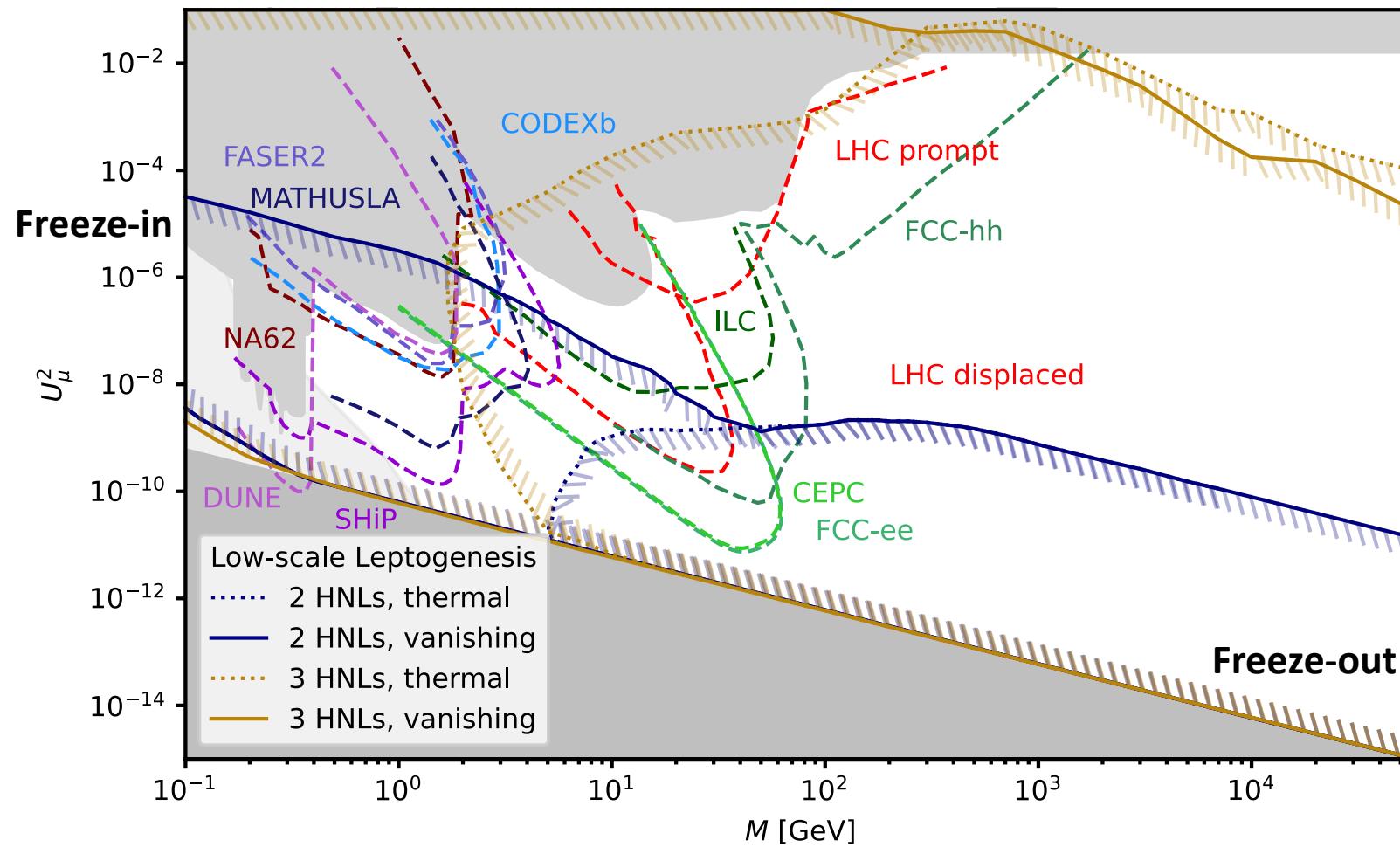


Fig. from A. M. Abdullahi et al., *The Present and Future Status of Heavy Neutral Leptons*, arXiv:2203.08039

CP-violation in the Seesaw model

Casas-Ibarra Parameterisation

$$Y = \pm i(\sqrt{2}/\nu)U\sqrt{\tilde{m}}O^T\sqrt{\hat{M}}$$

Dirac phase δ
Majorana phases α_{21}, α_{31}

Low-energy CP-violation

Direct connection with
low-energy experiments on
neutrino oscillations and
 $0\nu\beta\beta$ -decay

Dirac CP-violation:

the **Dirac phase** may very well be
the only CP-violating phase in the neutrino sector.

Is the Dirac CP-violation enough for LG?

Casas-Ibarra CP-violating
phases

CP-conserving Casas-Ibarra matrix

Casas-Ibarra angle real or
purely imaginary:
Real $\xi = 0, \omega \neq 0$
Imaginary $\omega = 0, \xi \neq 0$

S. Pascoli, S. T. Petcov, A. Riotto hep-ph/0611338
Model: P. Chen, G.-J. Ding, S. F. King arXiv:1402.03873

Large couplings!

Parameter space of viable LG with Dirac CP-violation

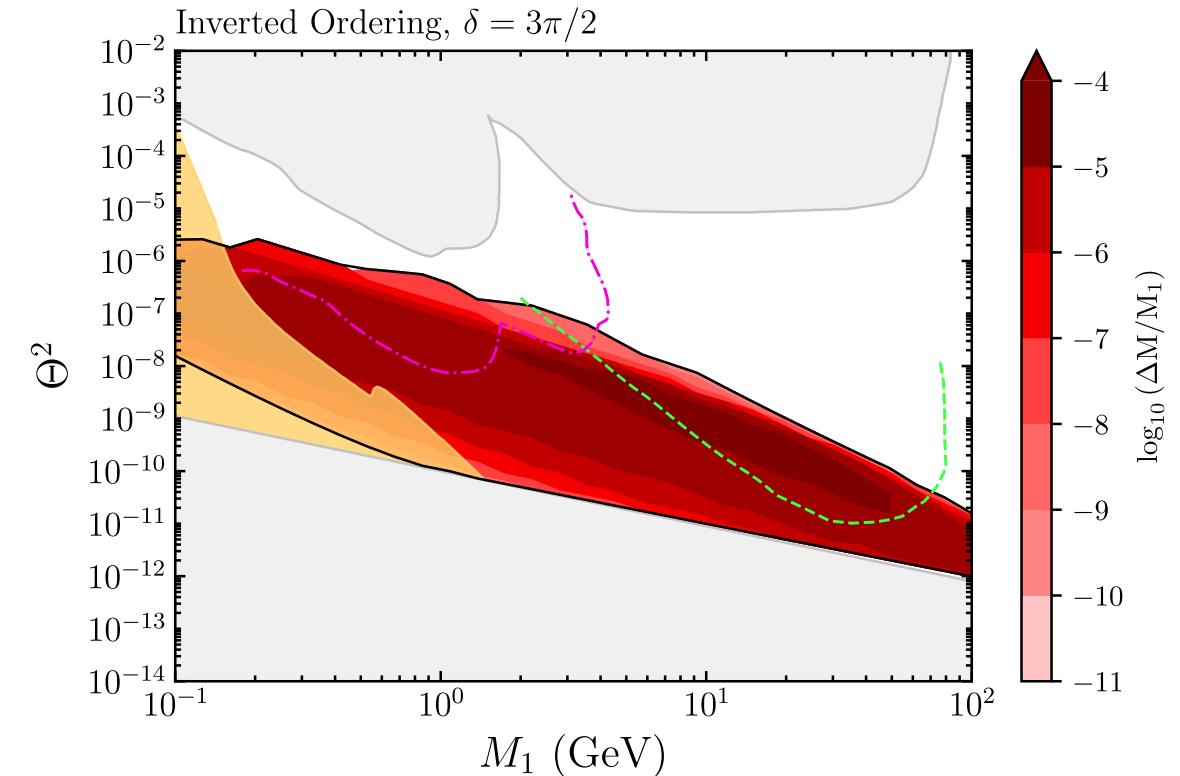
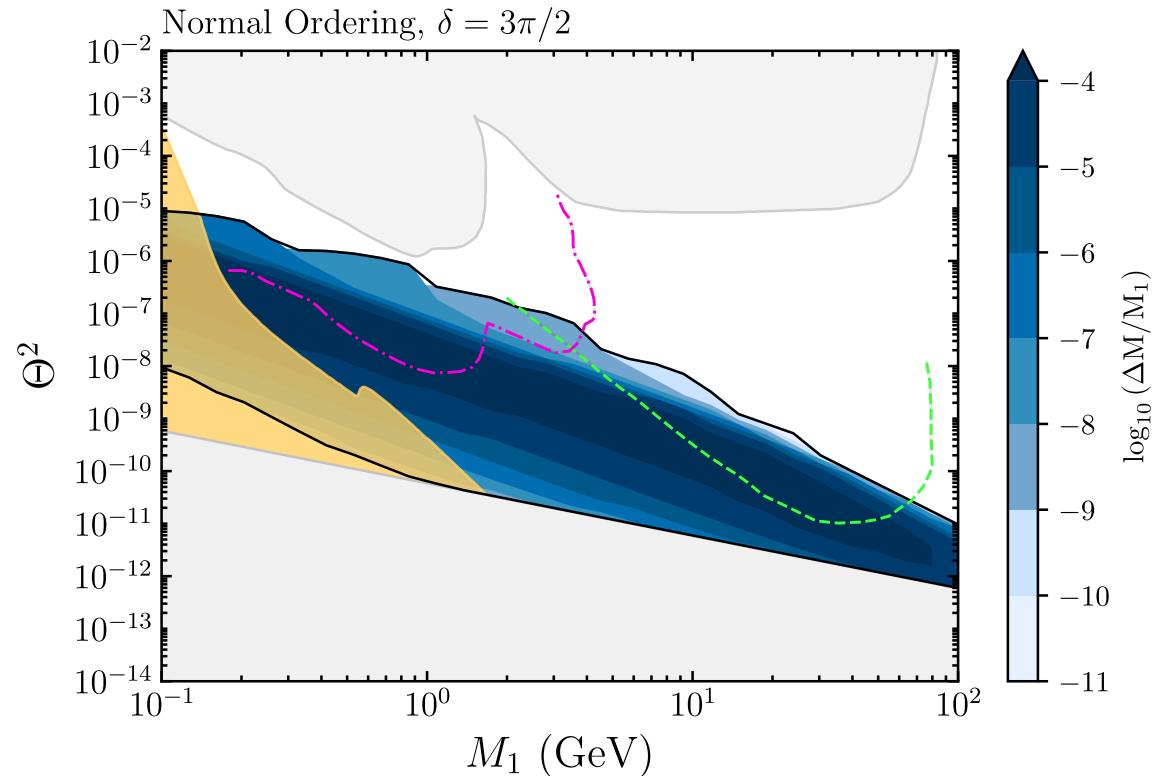
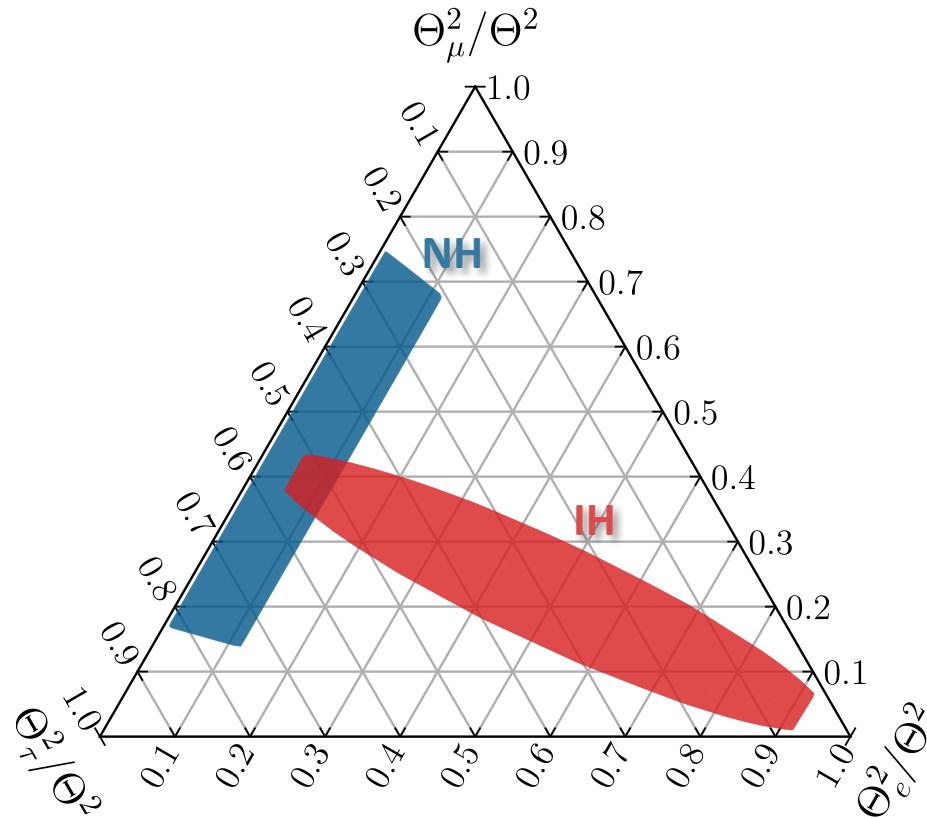


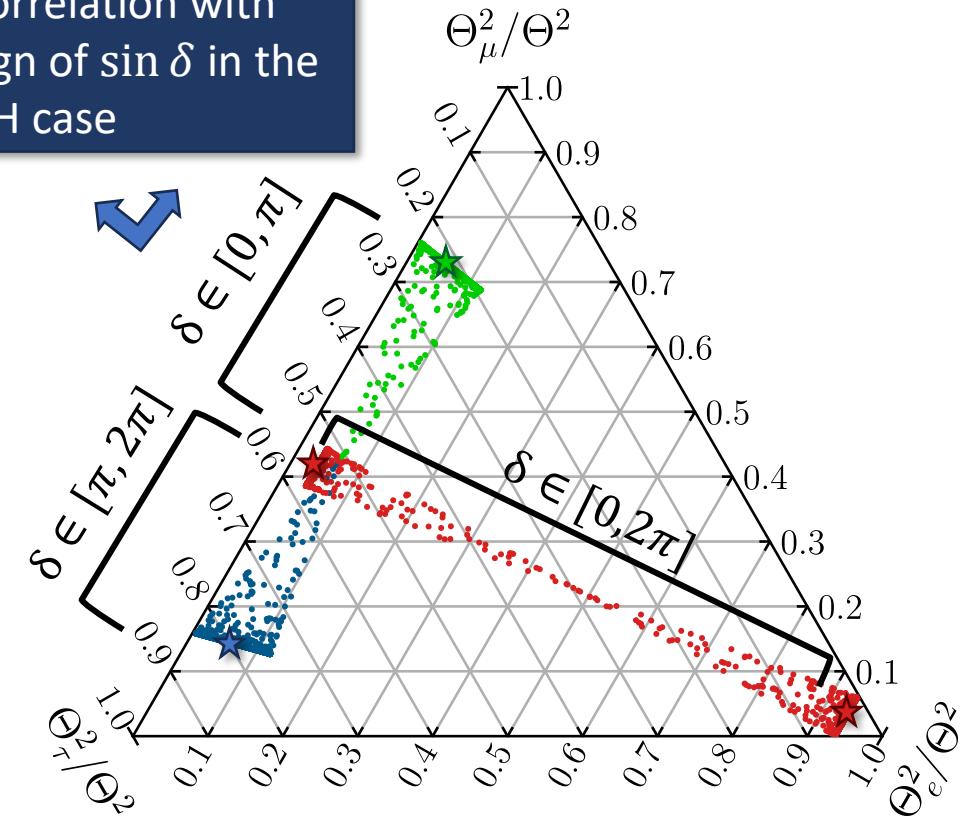
Fig. from A. G., S. Pascoli, S. T. Petcov, *Low-Scale LG with Low-Energy Dirac CPV*, arXiv:2307.07476 and follow-up in preparation.

Flavour ratios compatible with viable LG



LG with low- or high-energy CP-violation

Correlation with sign of $\sin \delta$ in the NH case



Low-energy Dirac CP-violation

★ Large mixings $\xi > 1$, Θ^2 in the experimental region

A. G., S. Pascoli, S. T. Petcov arXiv:2307.07476 and follow-up in preparation.

Summary and conclusions

- The parameter space of **low-scale LG via oscillations with two quasi degenerate heavy Majorana neutrinos** can be **probed by future experimental searches** of heavy neutral leptons in the mass range **[100 MeV, 100 GeV]**.
- The **Dirac CP-violating phase** can **alone** provide the requisite **CP-violation** necessary **for successful LG**;
- Low-scale **LG with low-energy Dirac CP-violation** is compatible with **mixing squared** that are within the **reach of future experiments**;
- The required parameter space differs from that associated with additional Casas-Ibarra sources of CP-violation. The difference depends on the value of the Dirac phase.
- LG with low-energy Dirac CP-violation is compatible with **precise flavour structures** that could be tested at future searches.

Thanks for your attention!

Back-up

The CP-asymmetry in high-scale unflavoured leptogenesis

$$\epsilon^{(i)} = \frac{3}{16\pi(Y^\dagger Y)_{ii}} \sum_{j \neq i} \text{Im} \left[(Y^\dagger Y)_{ij}^2 \right] \frac{\xi(x_{ij})}{\sqrt{x_{ij}}} \quad x_{ij} \equiv M_j^2/M_i^2 \quad \xi(x) \equiv \frac{2}{3}x \left[(1+x) \log \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right) - \frac{2-x}{1-x} \right]$$

The CP-asymmetry in flavoured leptogenesis

$$\epsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{(i)} = \frac{3}{16\pi(Y^\dagger Y)_{ii}} \sum_{j \neq i} \left\{ \text{Im} \left[Y_{\alpha i}^* Y_{\alpha j} (Y^\dagger Y)_{ij} \right] f_1(x_{ij}) + \text{Im} \left[Y_{\alpha i}^* Y_{\alpha j} (Y^\dagger Y)_{ji} \right] f_2(x_{ij}) \right\}, \quad f_1(x) \equiv \frac{\xi(x)}{\sqrt{x}}, \quad f_2(x) \equiv \frac{2}{3(x-1)}$$

Leading order CP-invariants relevant also to low-scale leptogenesis

$$\text{Im} \left[Y_{\alpha i}^* Y_{\alpha j} (Y^\dagger Y)_{ij} \right] \quad \text{Im} \left[Y_{\alpha i}^* Y_{\alpha j} (Y^\dagger Y)_{ji} \right]$$

L. Covi, E. Roulet, F. Vissani
hep-ph/9605319,

W. Buchmuller, M. Plumacher
hep-ph/9710460,
A. Pilaftsis hep-ph/9702393,

P. Hernández, J. López-Pávón, N. Rius and S. Sandner arXiv:2207.01651

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