

**Backward EMC for  $B \rightarrow \tau \nu_\tau$  Decay  
With Hadronic Tag  $B$**

A. Rakitin

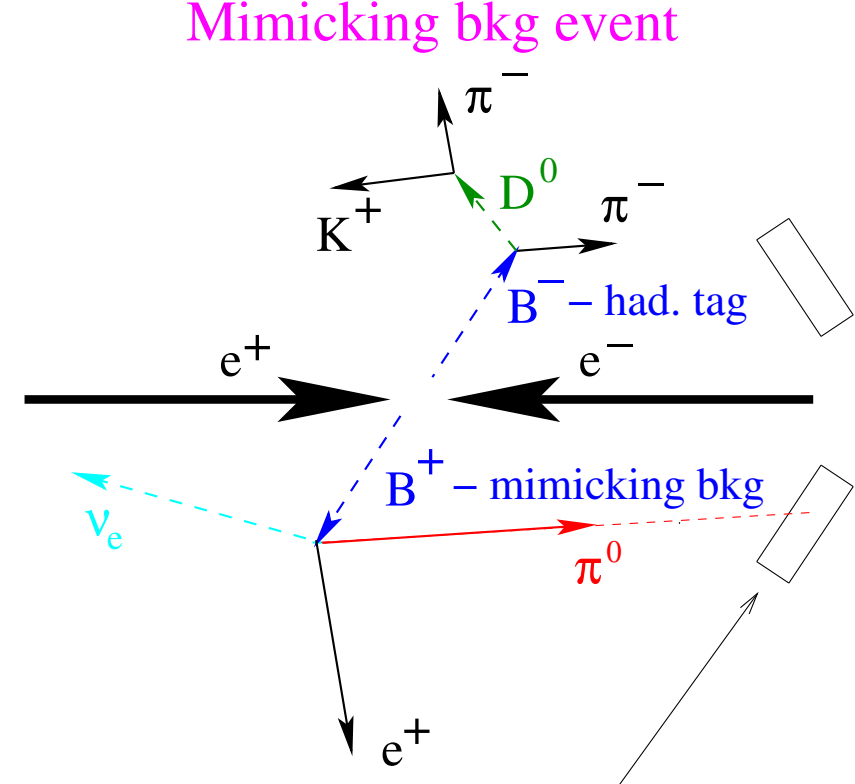
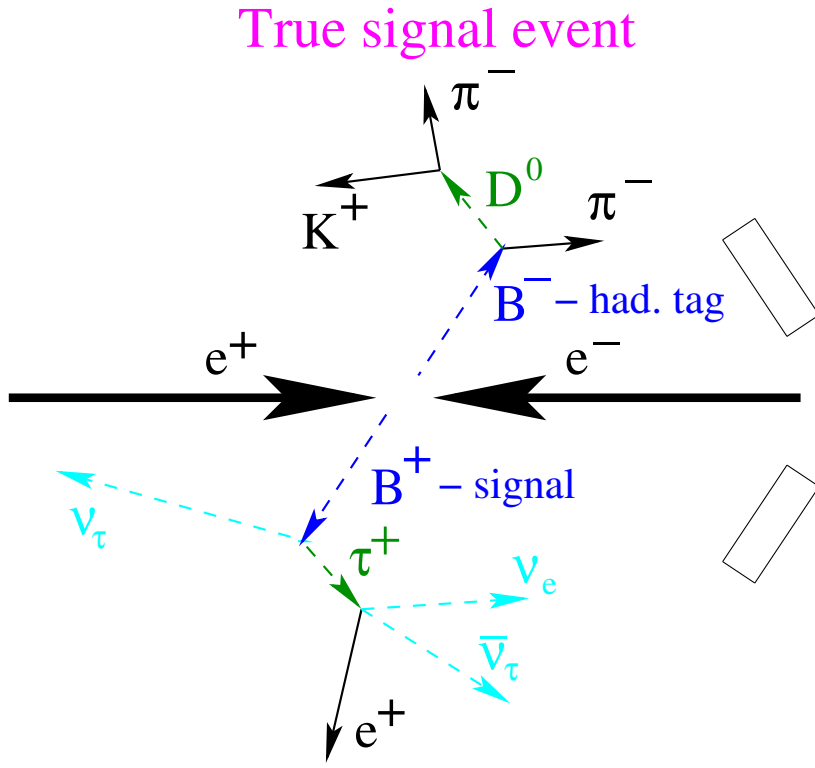
Caltech

April 4, 2011

XVI SuperB General Meeting

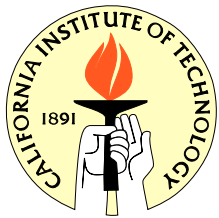


# $B \rightarrow \tau \nu_\tau$ Event



Without Backward EMC  
 $\pi^0$  may escape detection

The purpose of Backward EMC is to help better distinguish between signal and background by detecting (otherwise lost) photons



# Analysis Strategy



- Generate  $B^+B^-$  Monte Carlo with FastSim V0.2.6 (BAD energy smearing) and V0.2.7 (BETTER energy smearing) for DG\_4 and MixSuperbBkg\_NoPair for different decays of  $B_{tag}$  and  $B_{recoil}$
- Reconstruct  $B_{tag}$  and  $B_{recoil}$  with PacHadRecoilUser package
- Ensure that  $B_{tag}$  reconstruction does not include bwd photons with  $\cos\theta < -0.8$
- Select only  $B_{tag}$  with minimum  $\Delta E$  (one or more per event)
- Plot  $m_{ES}(B_{tag})$  and fit it to get the yield
- Obtain yields for signal ( $S$ ) and mimicking background ( $B$ ) decays of  $B_{recoil}$
- Calculate  $S/B$  ratio and  $S/\sqrt{S+B}$  at  $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$  **without using Backward EMC info (reference values)**



# Analysis Strategy - cont'd



- Ensure that  $B_{recoil}$  reconstruction does not include bwd photons with  $\cos \theta < -0.8$
- Calculate  $E_{extra}$  in Bwd EMC for 6 different thresholds: none, 20, 30, 50, 70, 100 MeV  
➡ Thus every plot comes in 6 copies
- Obtain reconstruction efficiencies for signal and mimicking background decays of  $B_{recoil}$ , as well as  $S/B$  ratio and  $S/\sqrt{S+B}$  at  $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$  as **functions of cut on  $E_{extra}$**
- Compare to reference values from previous page, obtain 6 rel. differences in  $S/B$  and  $S/\sqrt{S+B}$
- Quote maximum of these 6 numbers as final result for this combination of signal and mimicking background decays of  $B_{recoil}$  (for given decay of  $B_{tag}$ )
- Repeat for different signal and mimicking background decays of  $B_{recoil}$ , present results as a table
- Repeat for different  $B_{tag}$  decays
- Repeat for V0.2.6 and V0.2.7 to see energy smearing effects



# $\tau$ reconstruction



Signal $B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu$ decay	$\tau$ BF from PDG	Mimicking bkg	Mimicking $\tau$ bkg
$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	17.36%	$B \rightarrow e\nu + X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$
$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	17.85%	$B \rightarrow \mu\nu + X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$
$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$	10.91%	$B \rightarrow \pi + X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$
$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu$	25.51%	$B \rightarrow \rho + X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu$
$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu$	9.32%	$B \rightarrow a_1 + X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu$
$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$	9.29%	$B \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0 + X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$
$\tau \rightarrow$ all 6	90.24%	$B \rightarrow$ anything	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow$ all 6

- $X$  - any lost particle(s). Rare loss of particles compensated by large relative BF
- Last column: Special sub-class of the mimicking bkg – bkg having real  $\tau$

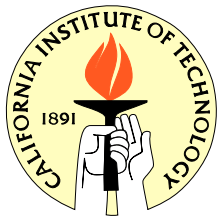


# Analysis Outline



Tag	Signal	Mimicking bkg		
		Simplest	Generic	Tauonic
$B_{tag} \rightarrow \pi D^0(K\pi)$	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	$B \rightarrow \pi^0\mu\nu$	$B \rightarrow \mu\nu X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	$B \rightarrow \pi^0e\nu$	$B \rightarrow e\nu X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$		$B \rightarrow X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu, \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$		$B \rightarrow X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu, a_1 \rightarrow 3\pi$		$B \rightarrow X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$		$B \rightarrow X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$		$B \rightarrow X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$
$B_{tag} \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	$B \rightarrow \pi^0\mu\nu$	$B \rightarrow \mu\nu X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	$B \rightarrow \pi^0e\nu$	$B \rightarrow e\nu X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$		$B \rightarrow X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu, \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$		$B \rightarrow X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu, a_1 \rightarrow 3\pi$		$B \rightarrow X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$		$B \rightarrow X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$		$B \rightarrow X$	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$

I use two kinds of MC samples for generic hadronic bkg: Caltech-generated (V0.2.6 and V0.2.7) and official CNAF-generated hadronic cocktail (September 2010 production, V0.2.4)



# Simplest Hadronic Tag

$$B_{tag} \rightarrow \pi D^0, D^0 \rightarrow K \pi$$



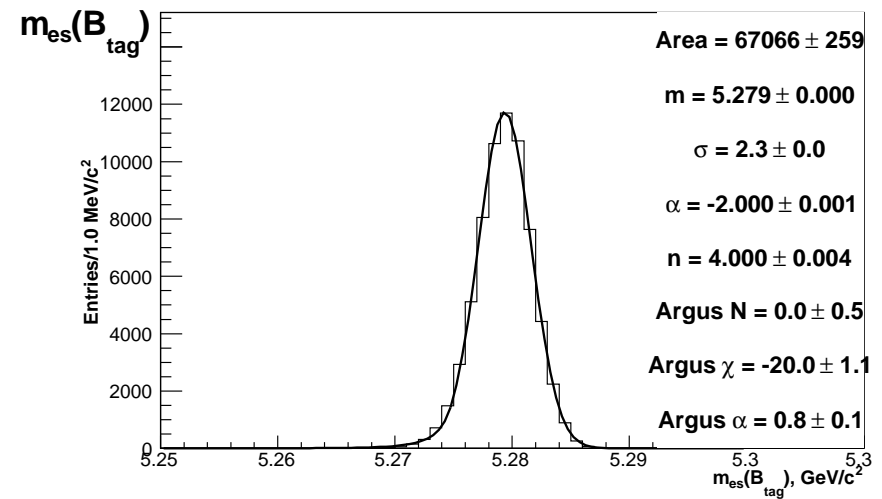
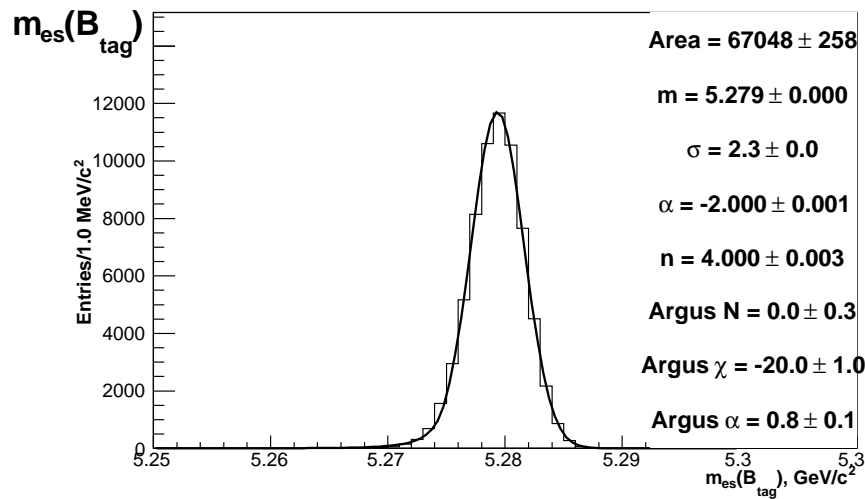
**Sig:**  $B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$

**Bkg:**  $B \rightarrow \pi^0\mu\nu$

Bkg: very special case with almost the same branching and only two extra photons

$m_{es}$  in signal sample

$m_{es}$  in bkg sample

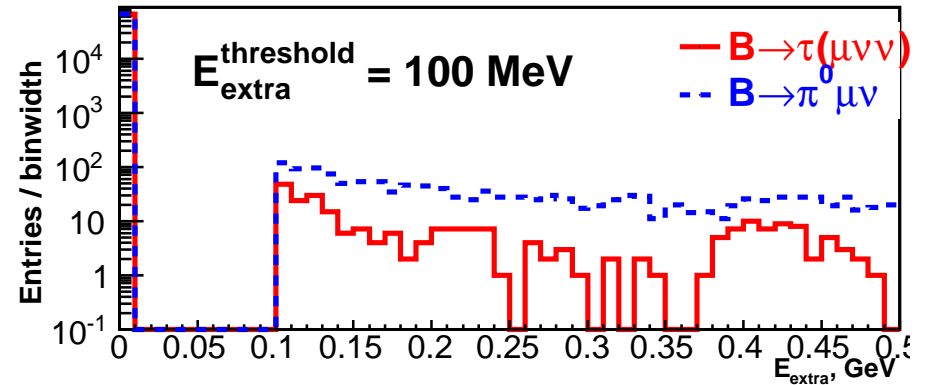
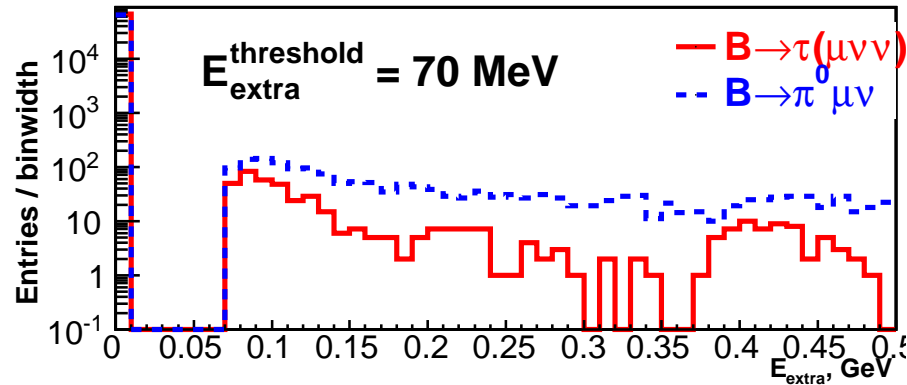
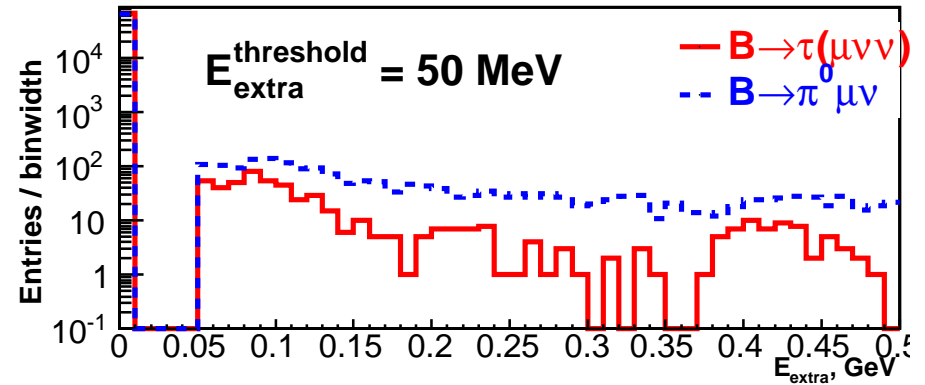
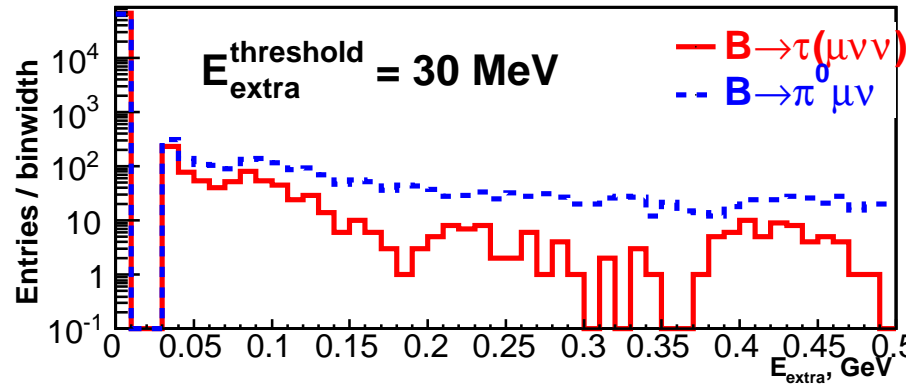
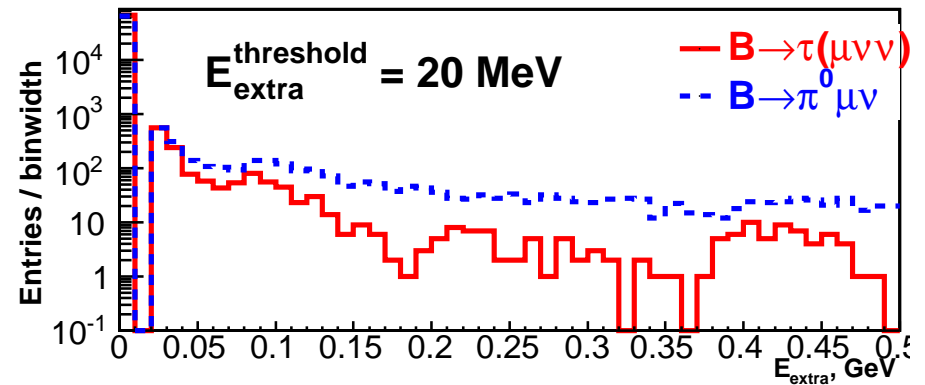
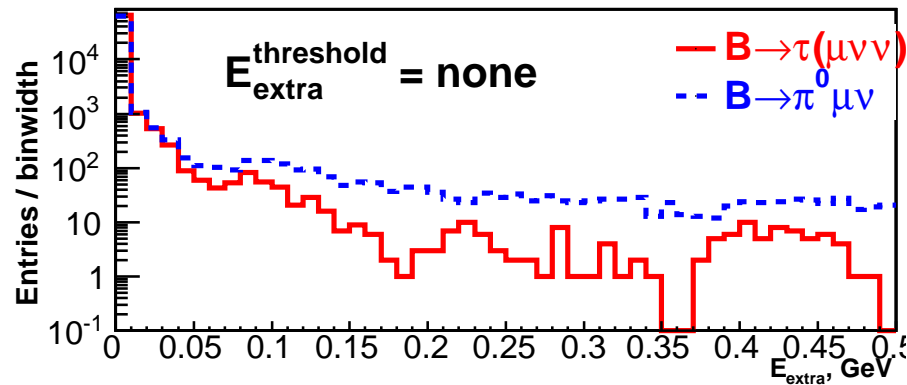


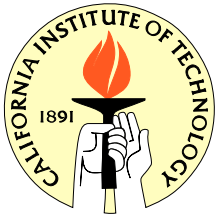
- Cut on different values of  $E_{extra}$  in Backward EMC
- Fit for the peak yield after each cut
- Plot peak yields vs. cut values



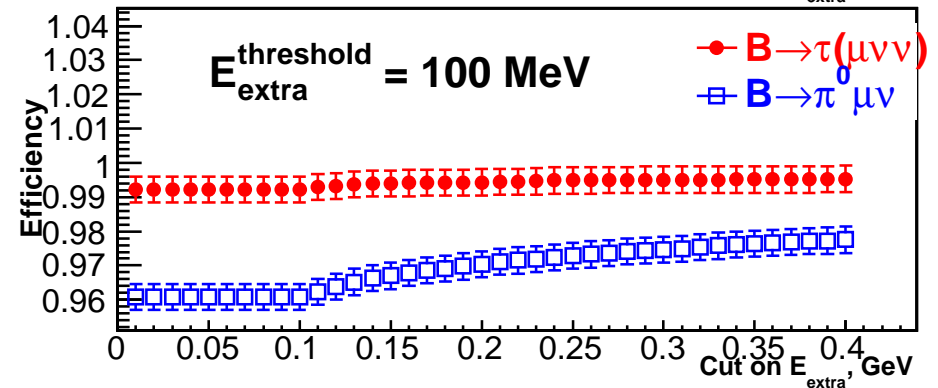
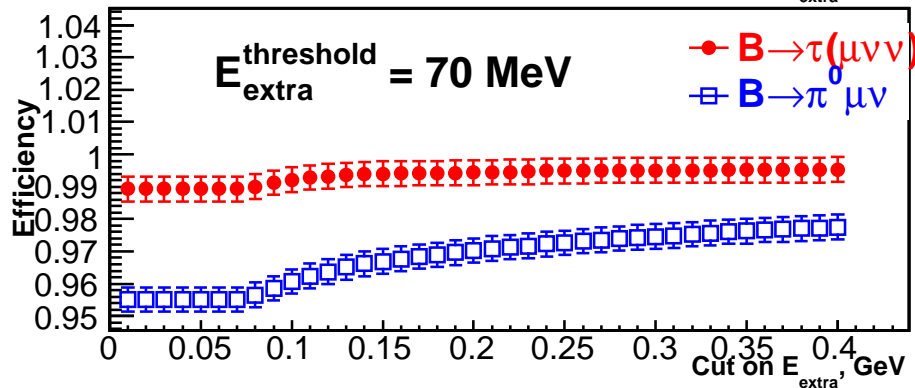
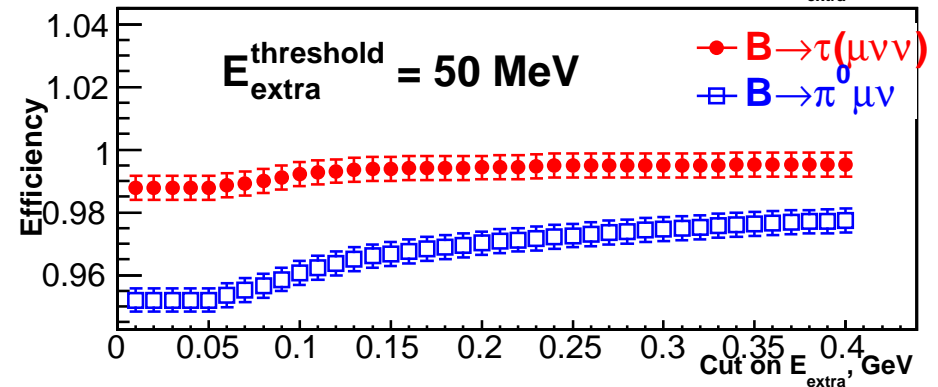
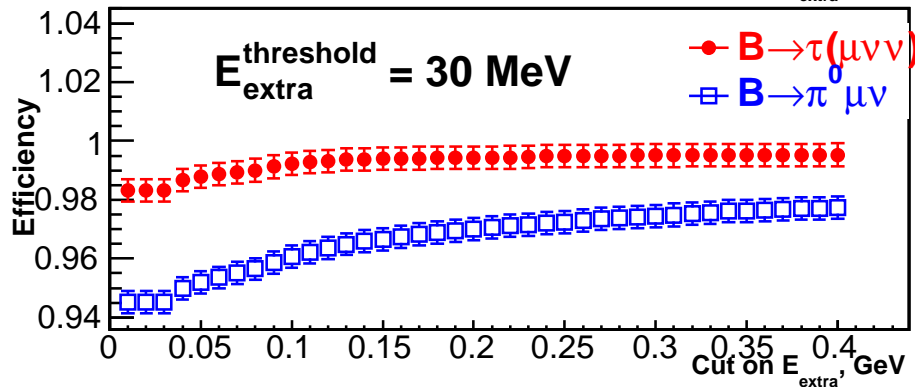
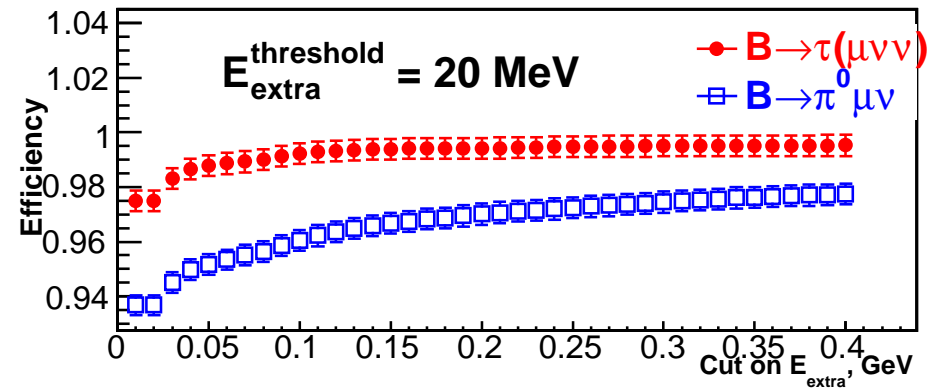
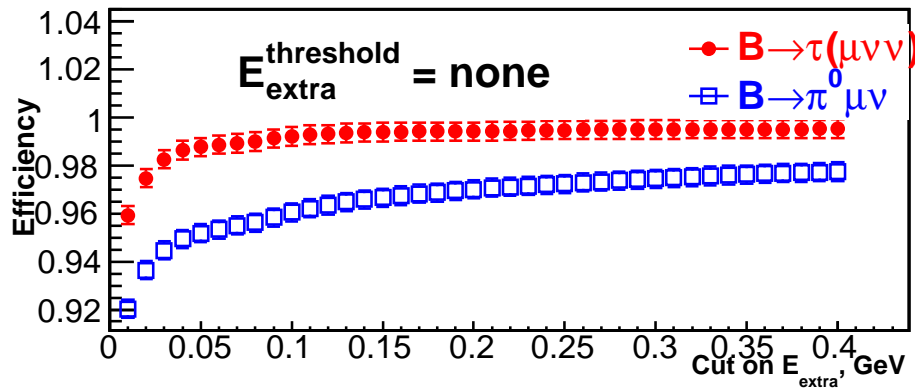


# $E_{extra}$





# $E_{extra}$ cut efficiency

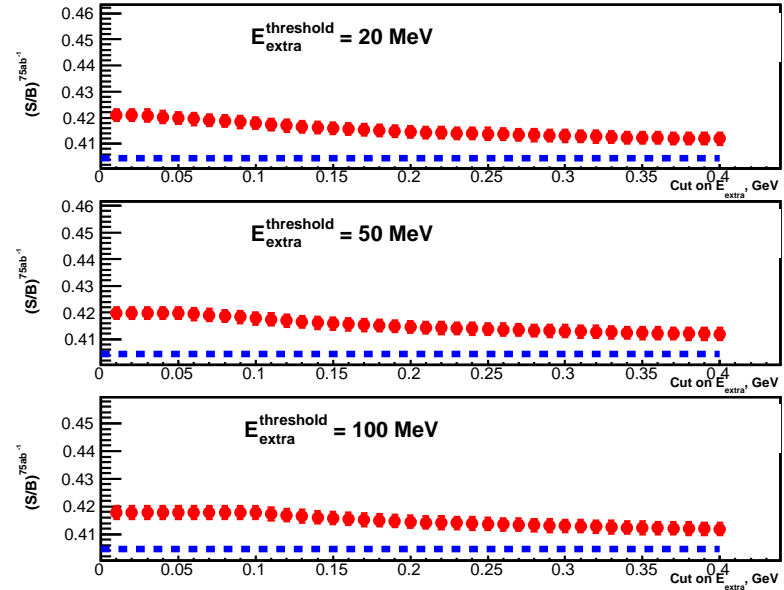
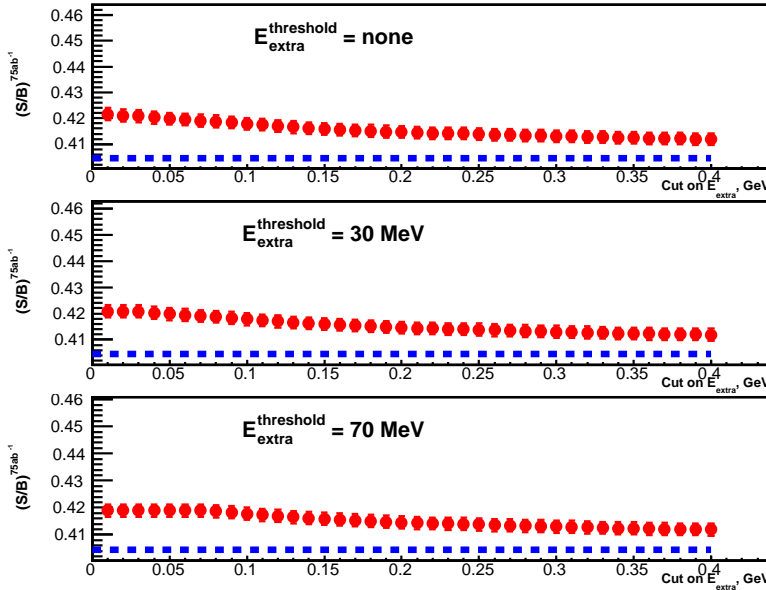




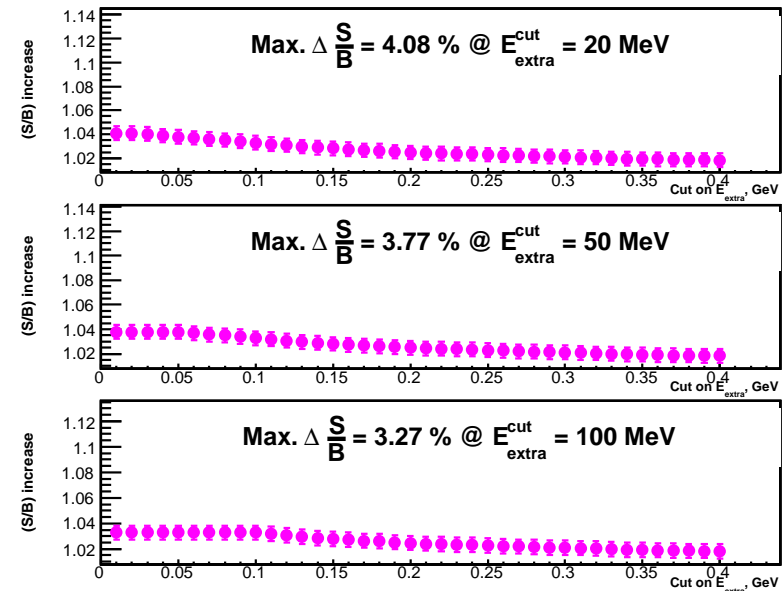
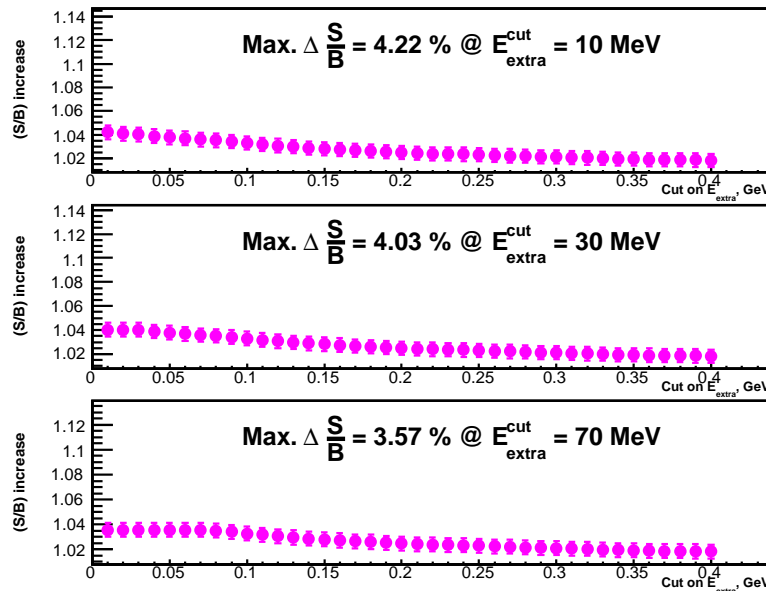
# $S/B$ ratio at $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$



Absolute value



Relative increase

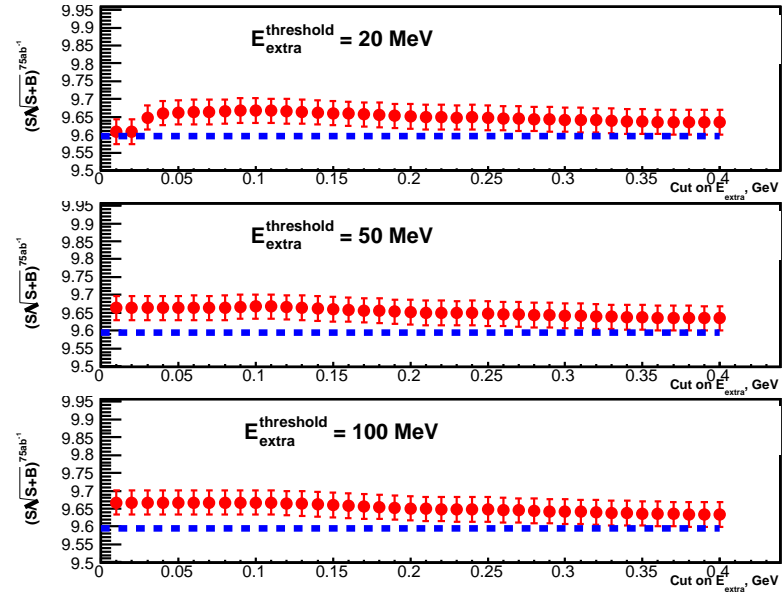
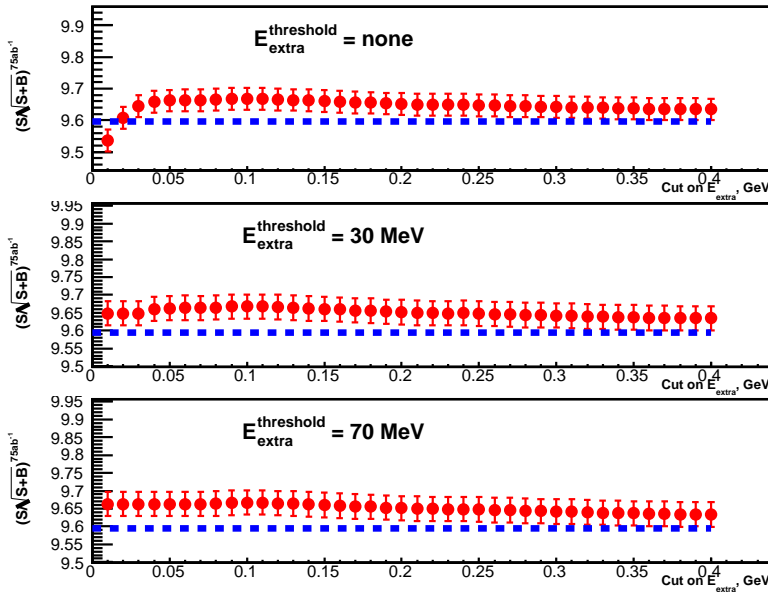




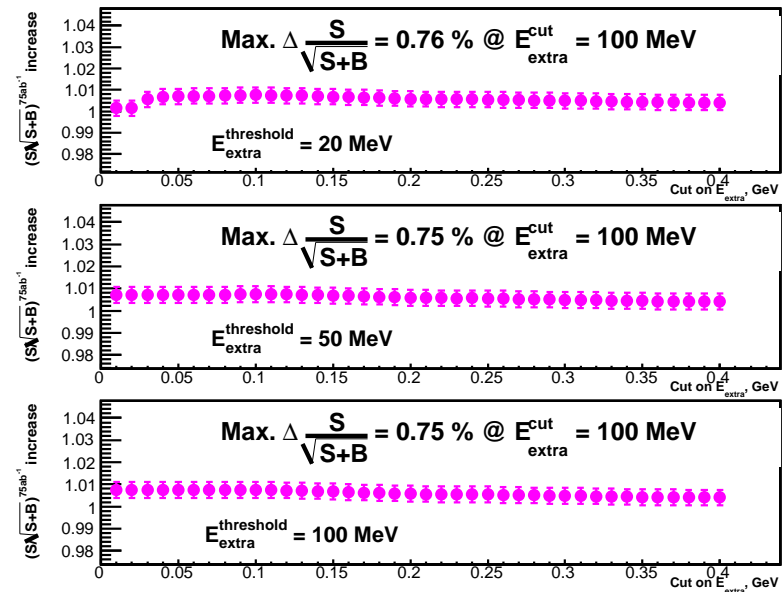
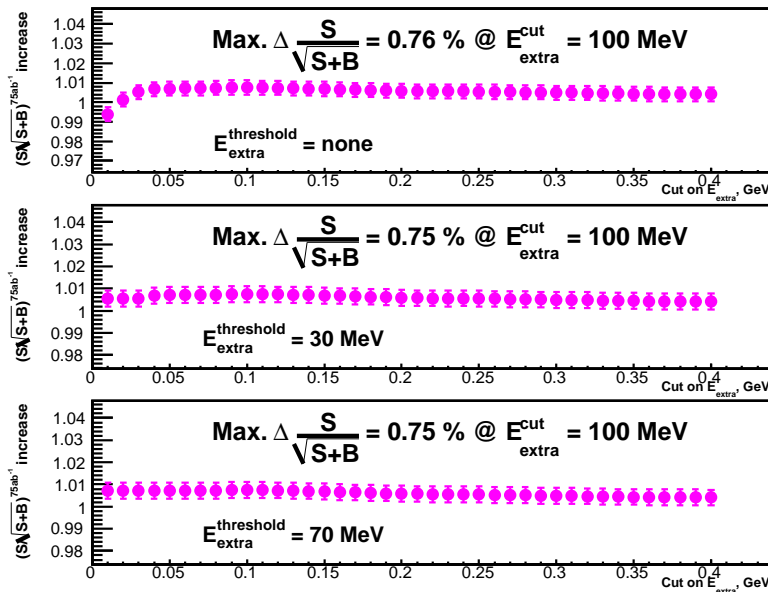
# $S/\sqrt{S+B}$ at $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

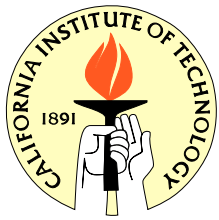


Absolute value



Relative increase



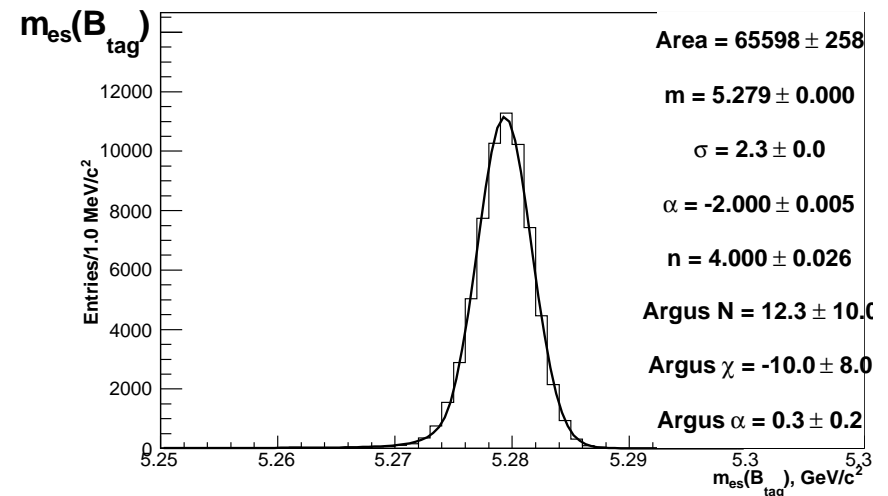
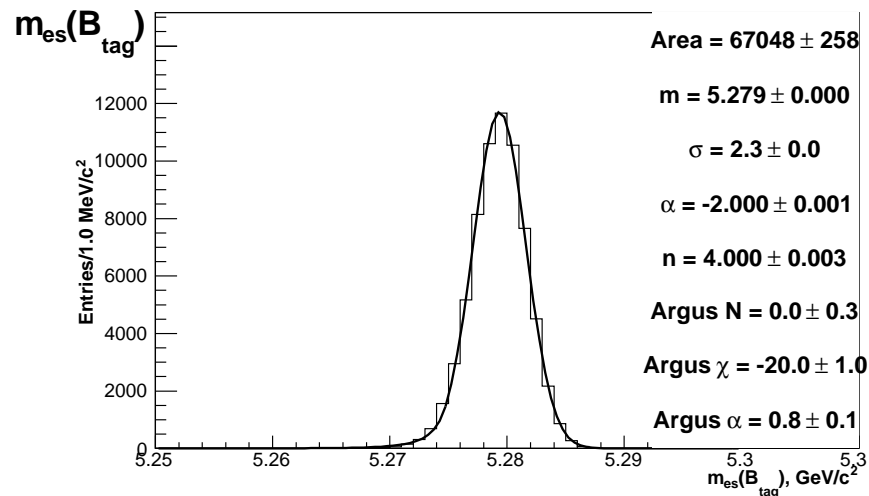


**Sig:**  $B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$

**Generic  $\mu$  bkg:**  $B \rightarrow \mu\nu X$

$m_{es}$  in signal sample

$m_{es}$  in bkg sample



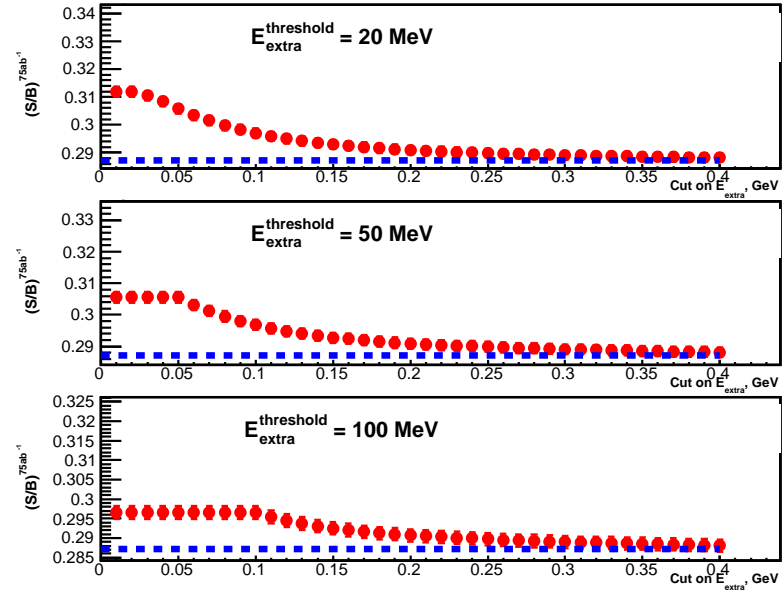
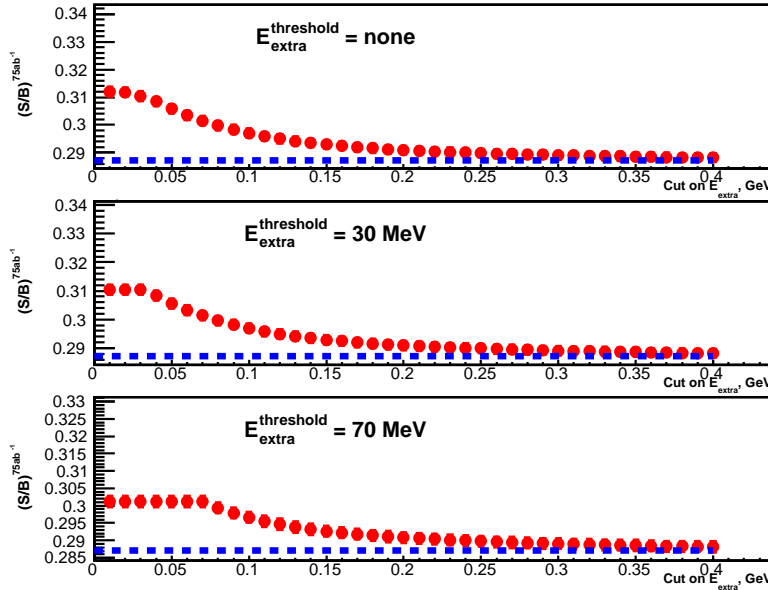
- Cut on different values of  $E_{extra}$  in Backward EMC
- Fit for the peak yield after each cut
- Plot peak yields vs. cut values



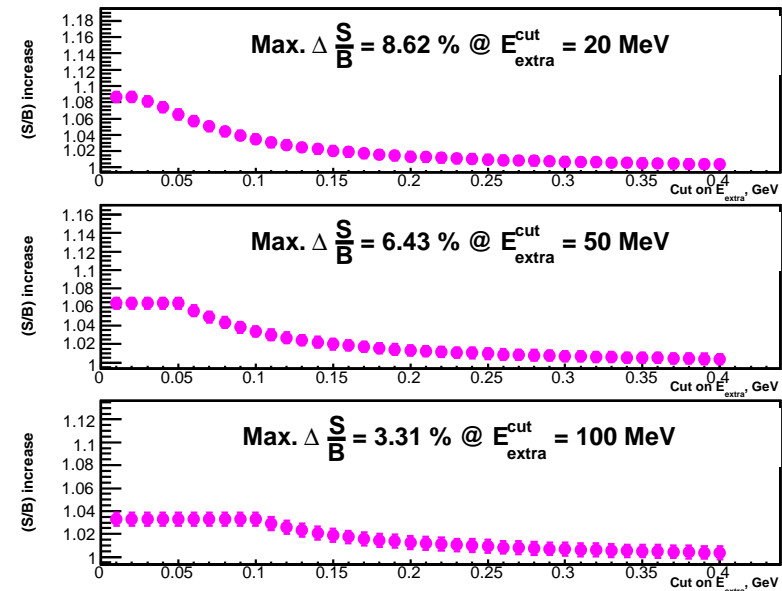
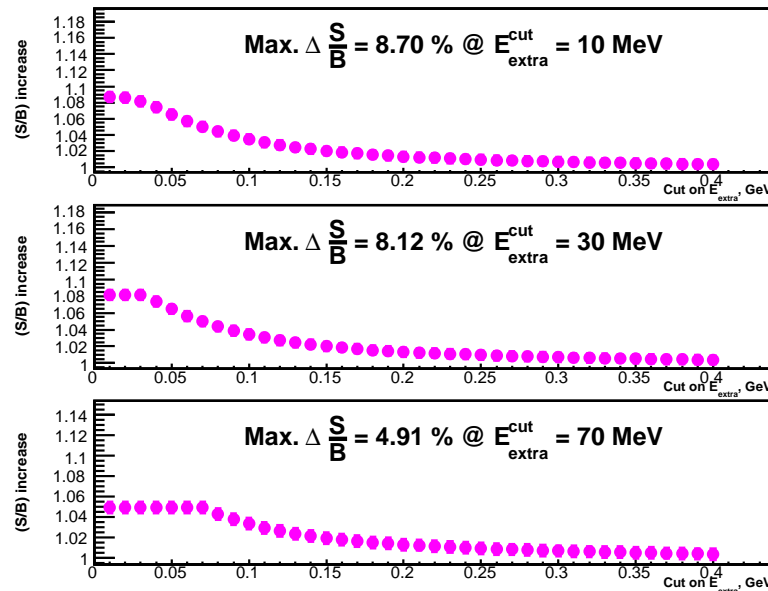
# $S/B$ ratio at $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

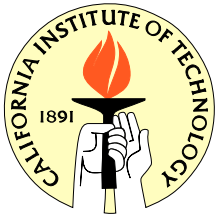


Absolute value



Relative increase

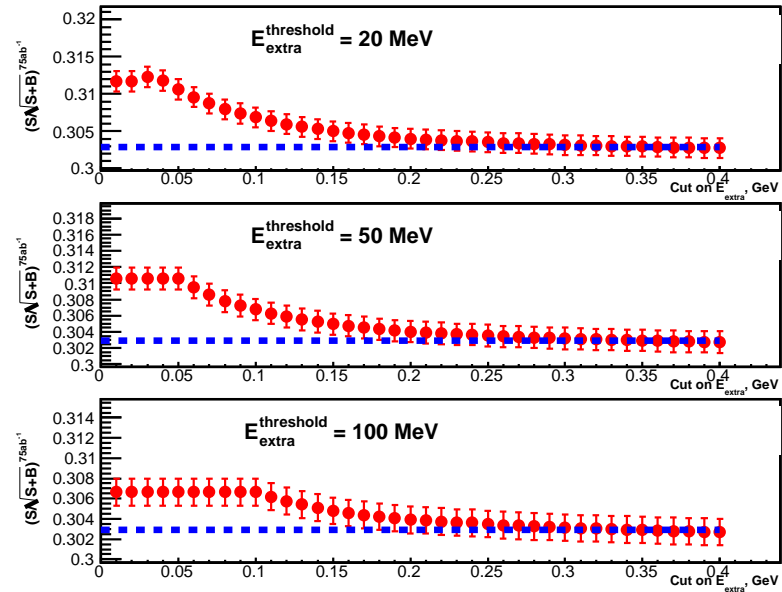
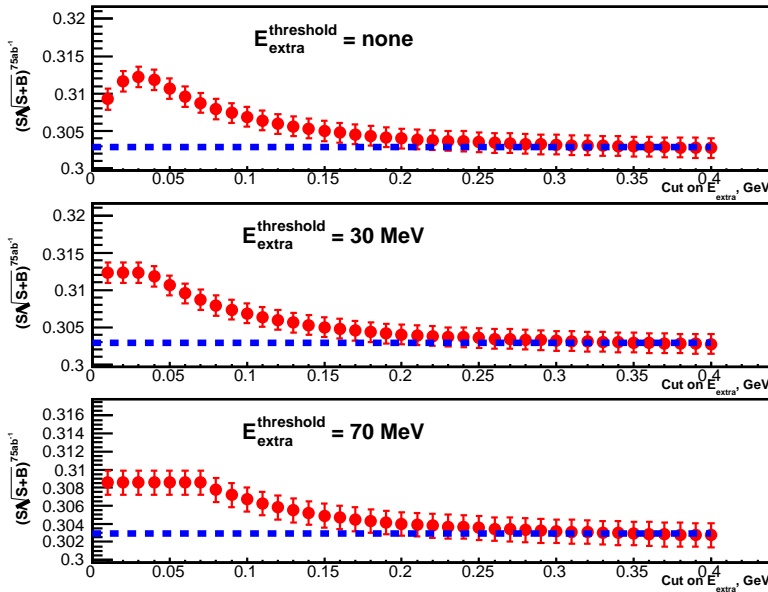




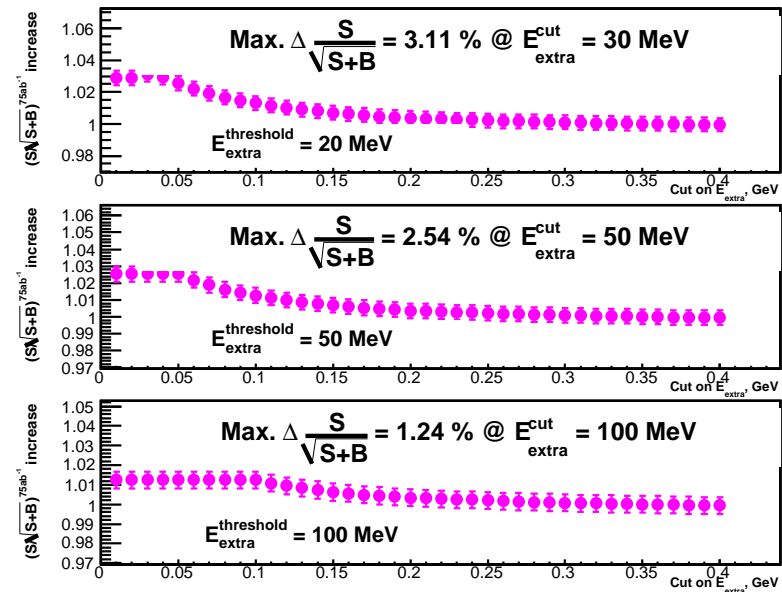
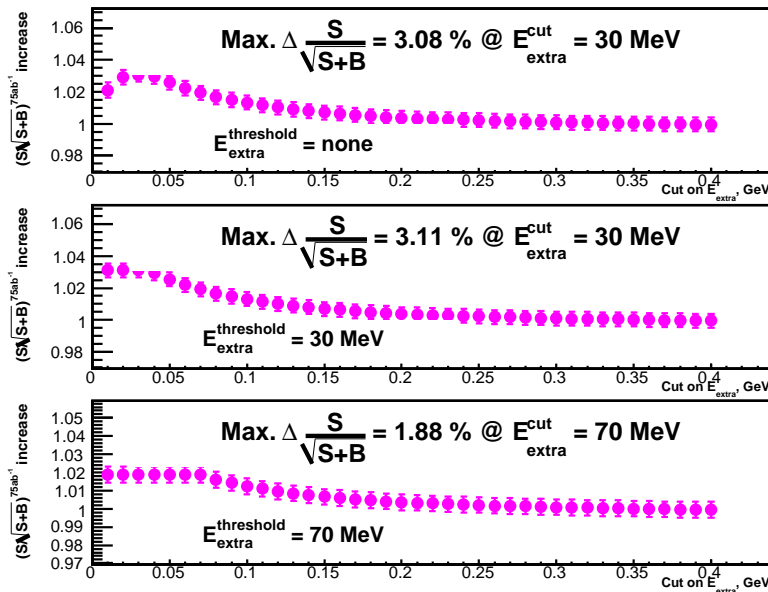
# $S/\sqrt{S+B}$ at $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

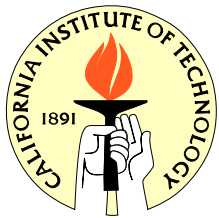


Absolute value



Relative increase





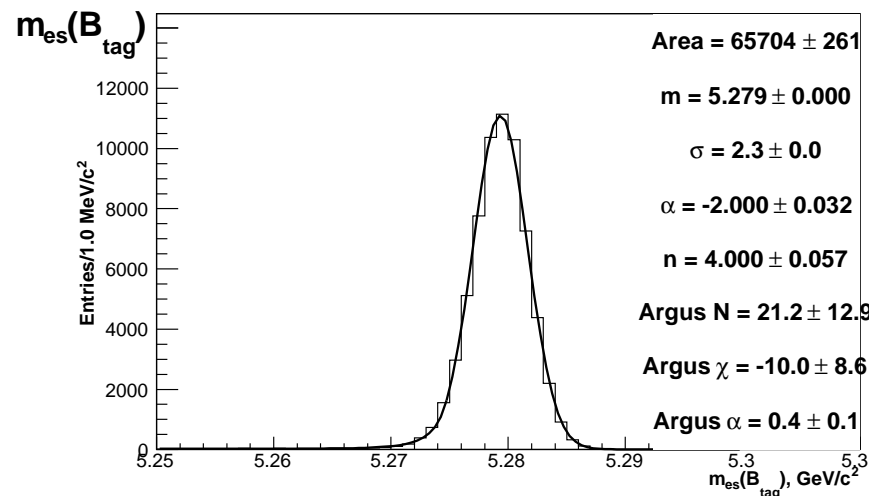
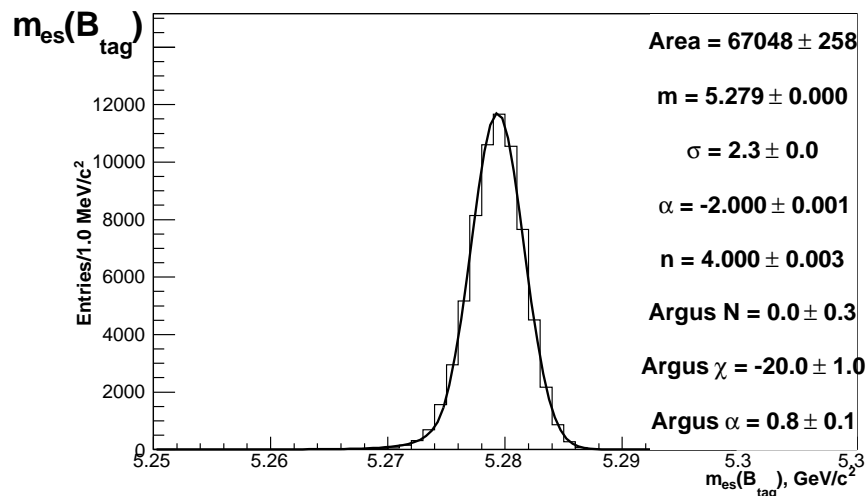
**Sig:**  $B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$

**Generic  $\tau(\mu\nu\nu)$  bkg:**

$B \rightarrow \tau\nu X, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$

$m_{es}$  in signal sample

$m_{es}$  in bkg sample



- Cut on different values of  $E_{extra}$  in Backward EMC
- Fit for the peak yield after each cut
- Plot peak yields vs. cut values

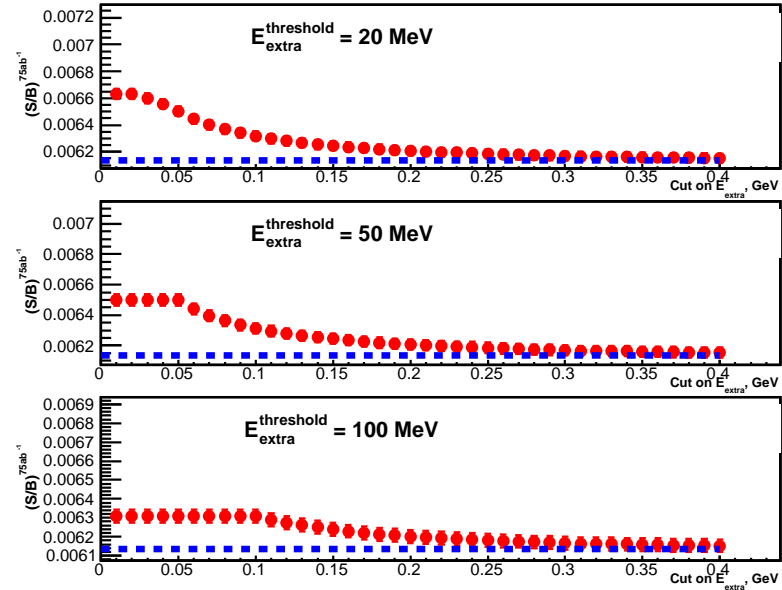
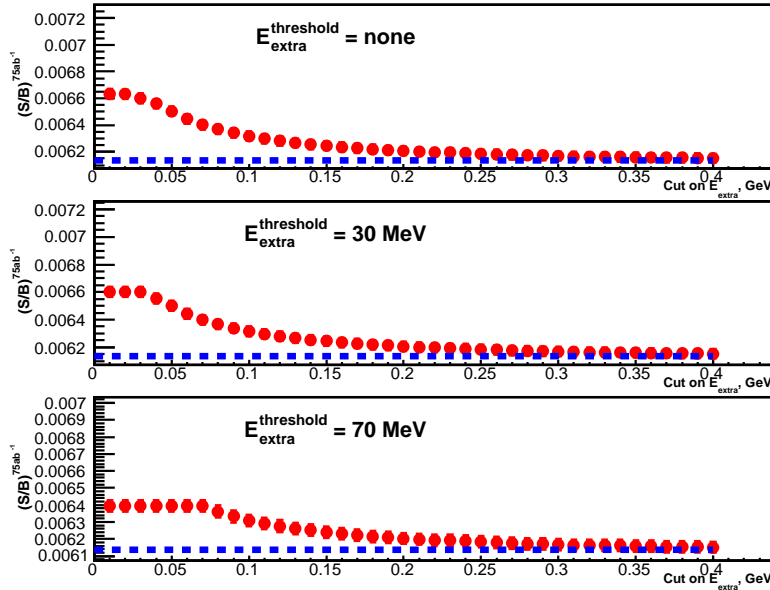




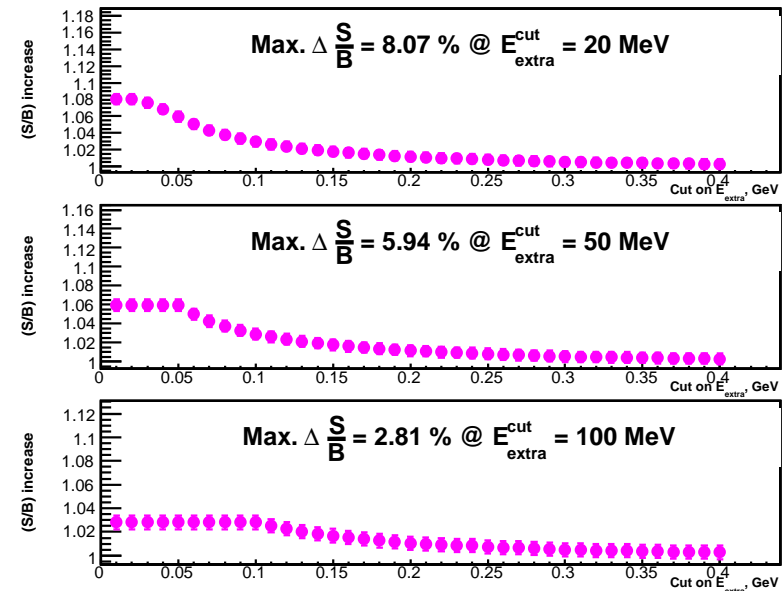
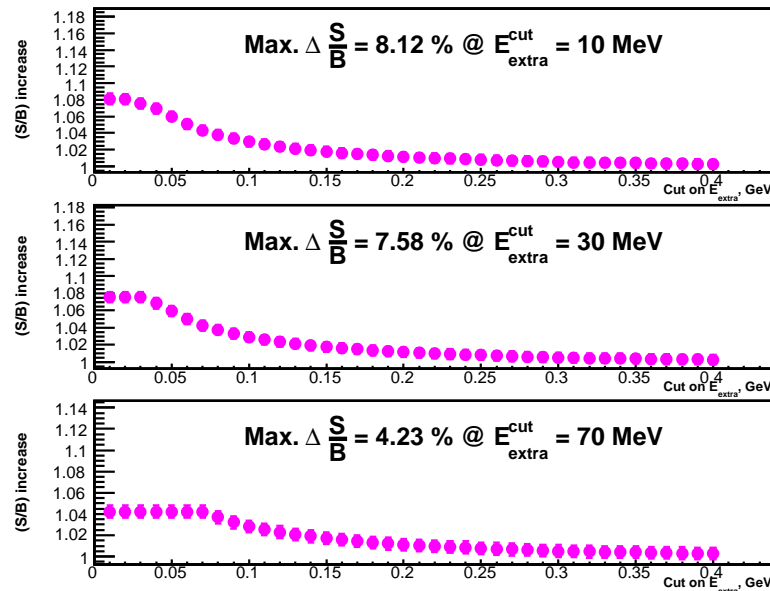
# $S/B$ ratio at $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$



Absolute value



Relative increase

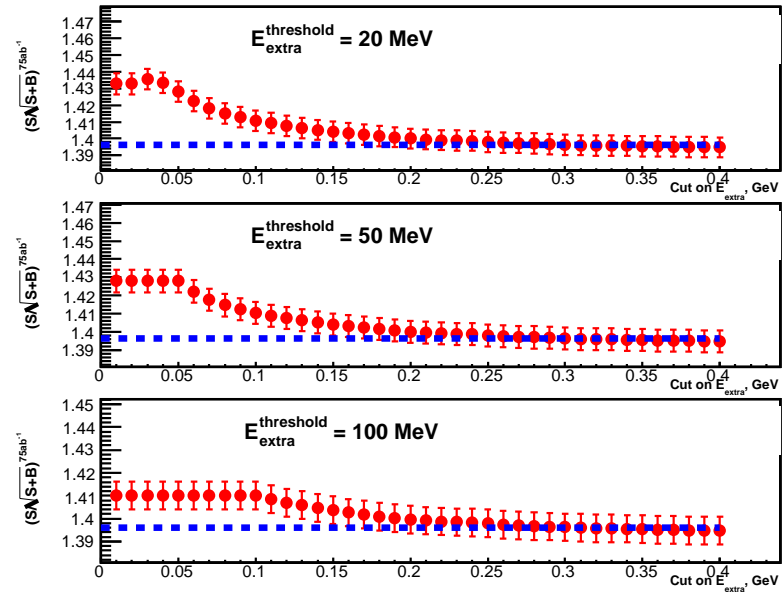
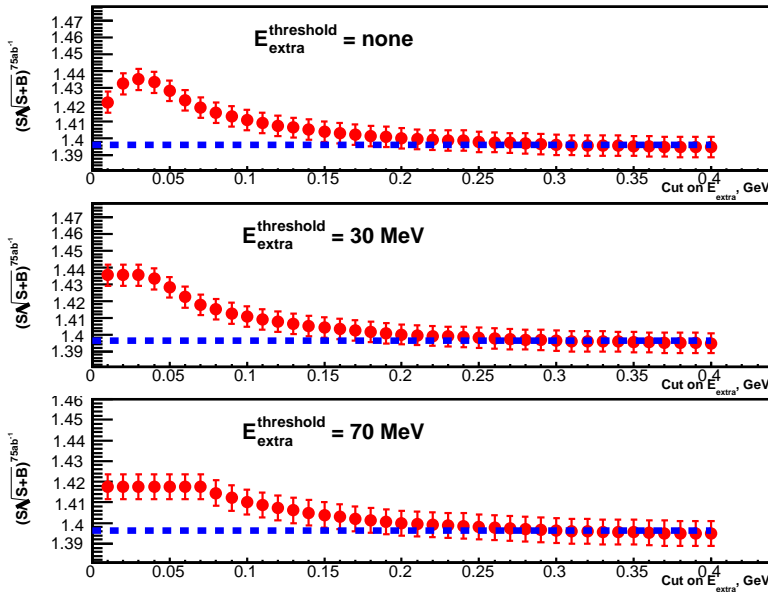




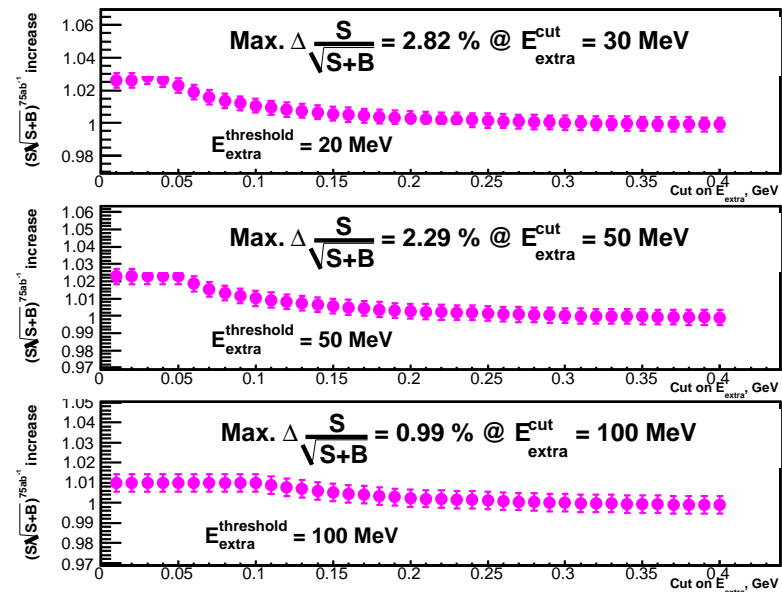
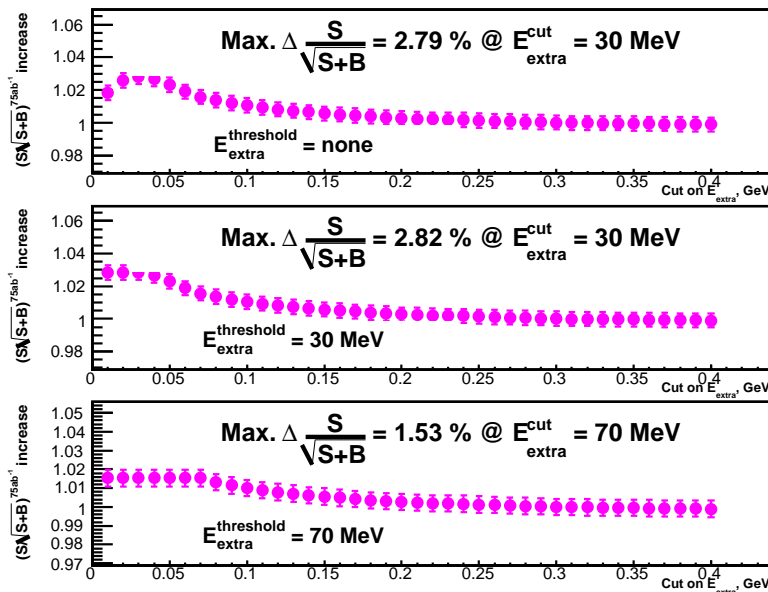
# $S/\sqrt{S+B}$ at $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

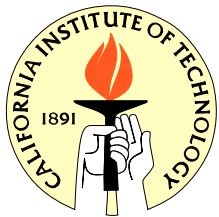


Absolute value



Relative increase





# Generic Hadronic Tag

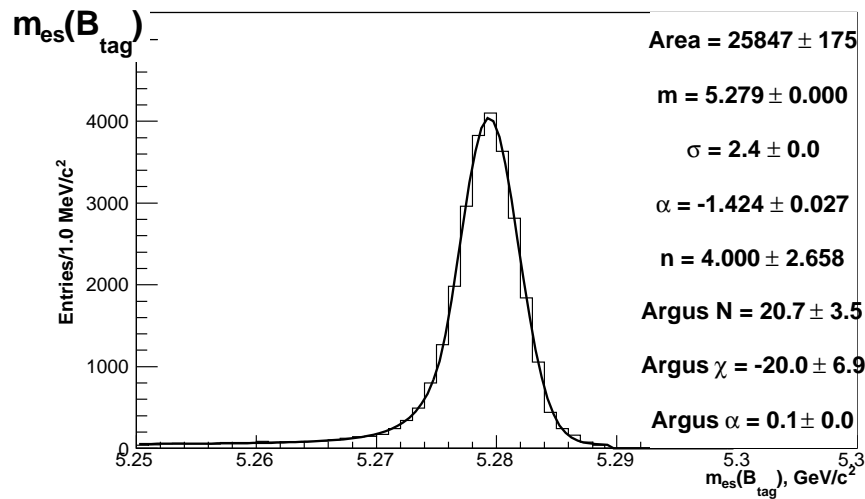


**Sig:**  $B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$

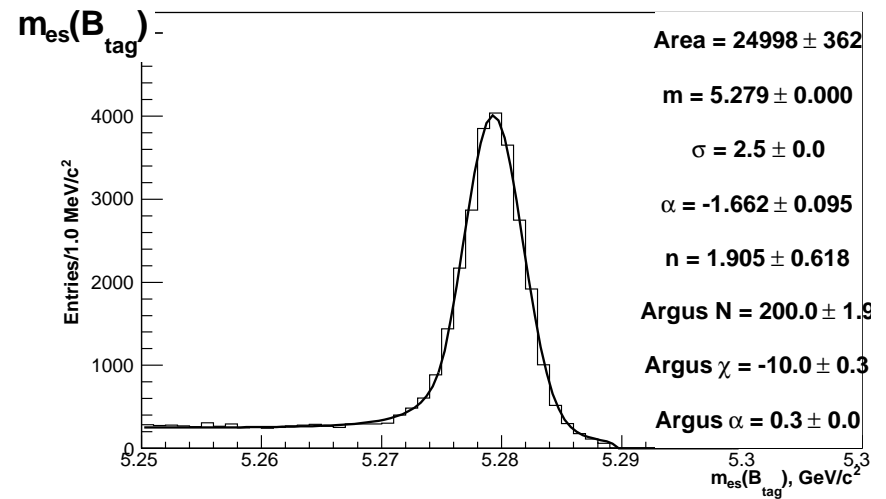
**Bkg:**  $B \rightarrow \pi^0\mu\nu$

Bkg: very special case with almost the same branching and only two extra photons

$m_{ES}$  in signal sample



$m_{ES}$  in bkg sample



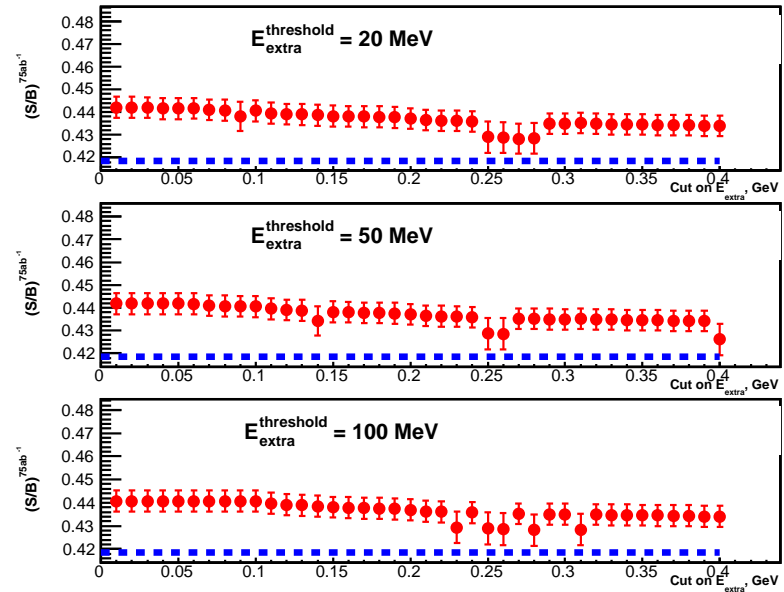
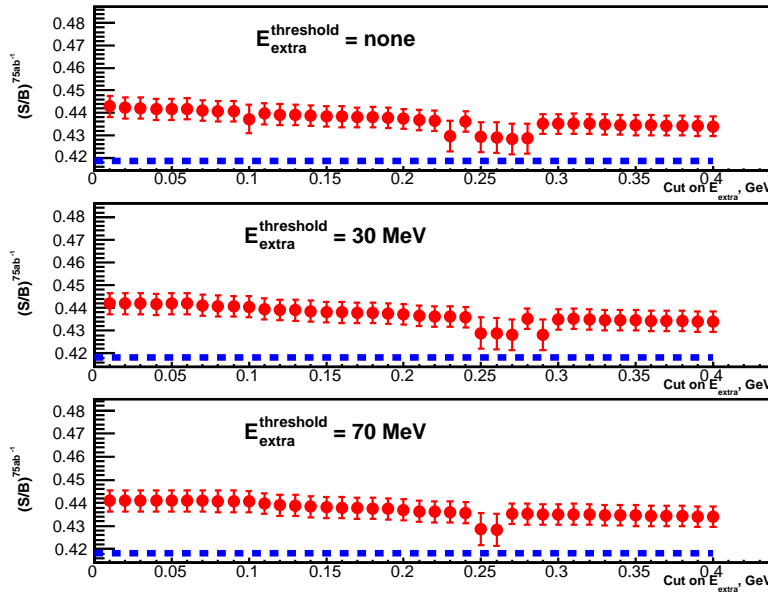
- Cut on different values of  $E_{extra}$  in Backward EMC
- Fit for the peak yield after each cut
- Plot peak yields vs. cut values



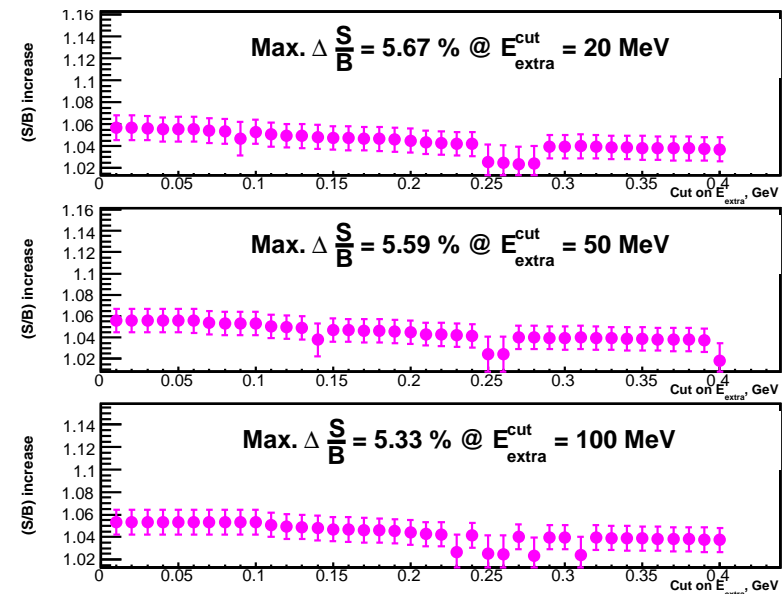
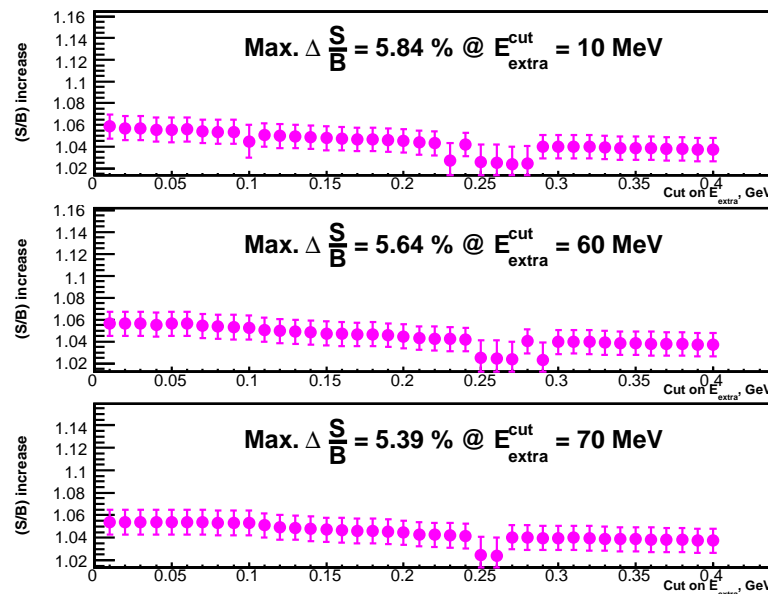
# $S/B$ ratio at $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$



Absolute value



Relative increase

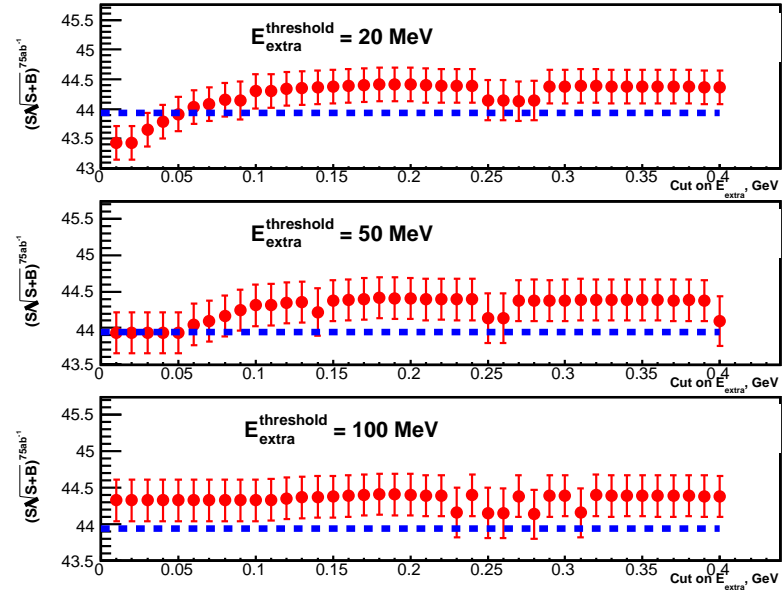
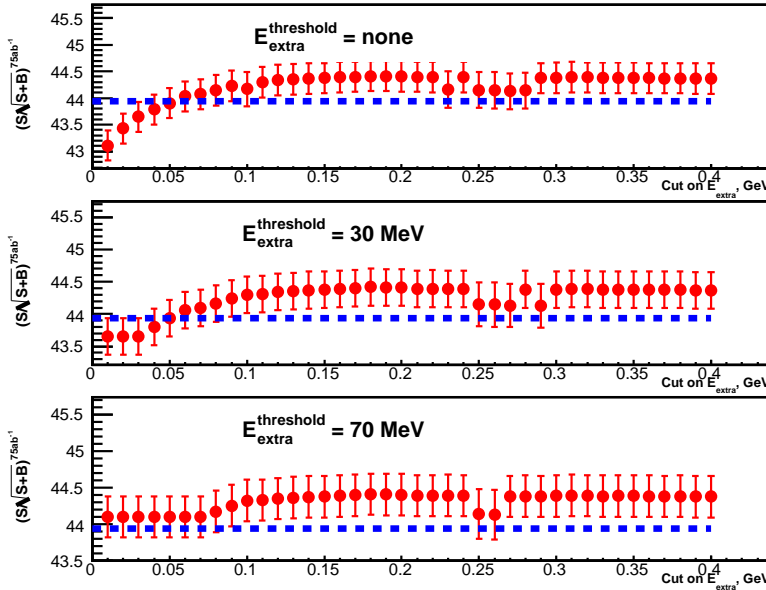




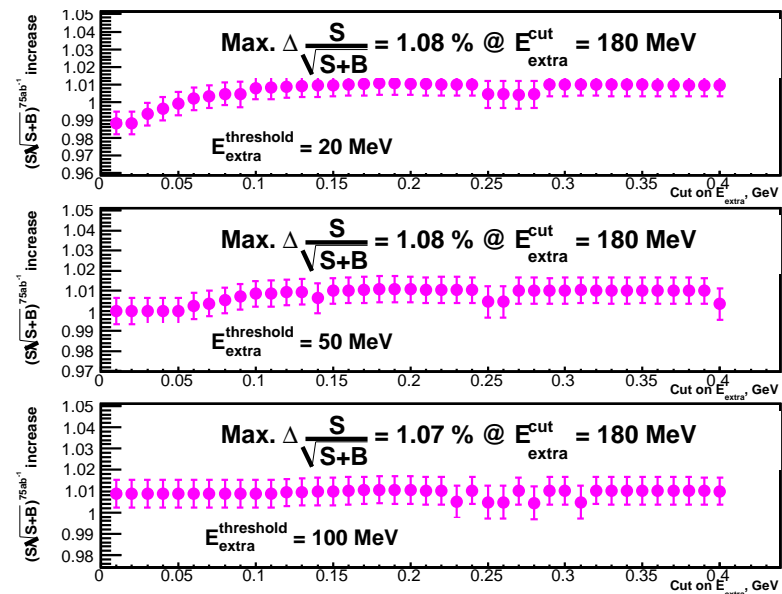
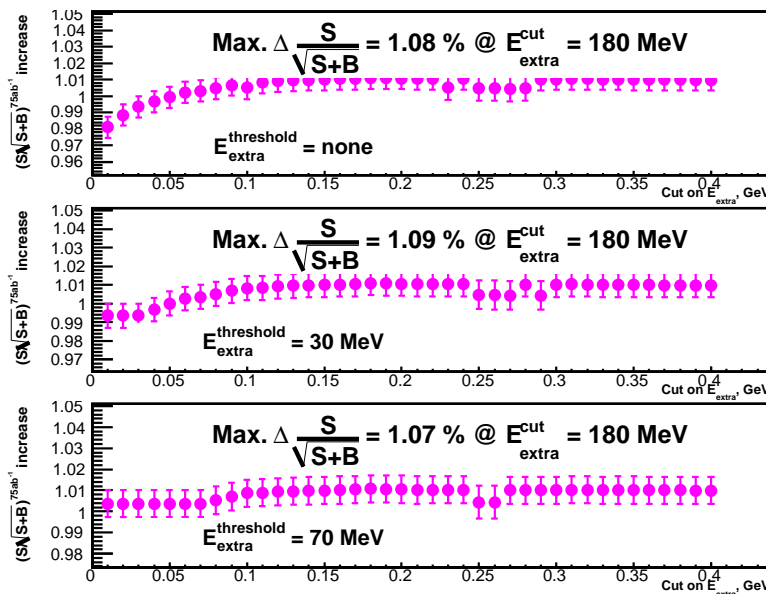
# $S/\sqrt{S+B}$ at $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

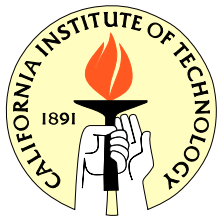


Absolute value



Relative increase



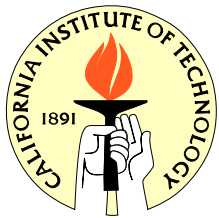


# V0.2.6 Analysis Results



Maximum relative increase in  $S/B$  (in percent):

Tag	Signal	Mimicking bkg			
		Simplest	Caltech Generic	Tauonic	CNAF Cocktail (V0.2.4)
$B_{tag} \rightarrow \pi D^0(K\pi)$	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	$4.22 \pm 0.59$	$8.70 \pm 0.65$	$8.12 \pm 0.62$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	$4.09 \pm 0.58$	$8.52 \pm 0.63$	$8.02 \pm 0.62$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$	–	$11.68 \pm 0.66$	$7.88 \pm 0.61$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu, \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$	–	$7.67 \pm 0.64$	$8.51 \pm 0.64$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu, a_1 \rightarrow 3\pi$	–	$11.51 \pm 0.66$	$7.99 \pm 0.64$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$	–	$3.23 \pm 0.62$	$8.77 \pm 0.67$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$	–	$8.79 \pm 1.08$	$7.45 \pm 1.06$	–
$B_{tag} \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	$5.84 \pm 1.13$	$15.14 \pm 1.83$	$12.26 \pm 1.94$	$16.75 \pm 0.81$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	$4.97 \pm 1.35$	$14.21 \pm 1.88$	$12.39 \pm 1.98$	$16.66 \pm 0.81$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$	–	$21.71 \pm 0.97$	$12.08 \pm 1.85$	$16.95 \pm 0.81$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu, \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$	–	$16.61 \pm 1.26$	$13.05 \pm 2.18$	$12.10 \pm 1.12$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu, a_1 \rightarrow 3\pi$	–	$21.10 \pm 1.10$	$15.91 \pm 2.62$	$16.30 \pm 0.95$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$	–	$12.84 \pm 1.53$	$17.19 \pm 2.57$	$8.67 \pm 1.41$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$	–	<b><math>18.99 \pm 1.01</math></b>	$12.87 \pm 2.00$	<b><math>14.63 \pm 0.86</math></b>



# V0.2.6 Analysis Results

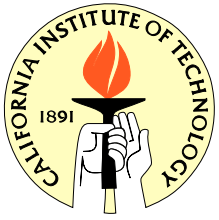


Maximum relative increase in  $S/\sqrt{S+B}$  (in percent):

Tag	Signal	Mimicking bkg			
		Simplest	Caltech Generic	Tauonic	CNAF Cocktail (V0.2.4)
$B_{tag} \rightarrow \pi D^0(K\pi)$	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	$0.76 \pm 0.36$	$3.11 \pm 0.45$	$2.82 \pm 0.45$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	$0.57 \pm 0.36$	$2.94 \pm 0.45$	$2.65 \pm 0.45$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$	–	$4.26 \pm 0.46$	$2.50 \pm 0.45$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu, \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$	–	$0.78 \pm 0.45$	$1.13 \pm 0.45$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu, a_1 \rightarrow 3\pi$	–	$4.22 \pm 0.47$	$2.58 \pm 0.46$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$	–	$-0.90 \pm 0.43$	$-0.81 \pm 0.45$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$	–	$1.73 \pm 0.92$	$1.12 \pm 0.91$	–
$B_{tag} \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	$1.09 \pm 0.65$	$3.97 \pm 1.02$	$2.34 \pm 1.03$	$4.76 \pm 0.73$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	$0.53 \pm 0.73$	$3.47 \pm 1.04$	$2.47 \pm 1.07$	$4.68 \pm 0.73$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$	–	$6.69 \pm 0.77$	$2.82 \pm 1.04$	$4.94 \pm 0.73$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu, \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$	–	$2.31 \pm 1.03$	$0.98 \pm 1.29$	$0.59 \pm 1.00$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu, a_1 \rightarrow 3\pi$	–	$6.10 \pm 0.89$	$3.98 \pm 1.37$	$4.35 \pm 0.86$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$	–	$-0.72 \pm 1.20$	$1.10 \pm 1.53$	$-1.37 \pm 1.18$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$	–	<b><math>4.57 \pm 0.81</math></b>	$1.74 \pm 1.10$	<b><math>2.86 \pm 0.77</math></b>

Let me remind you that  $B_{recoil}$  reconstruction does not include bwd photons with  $\cos\theta < -0.8$



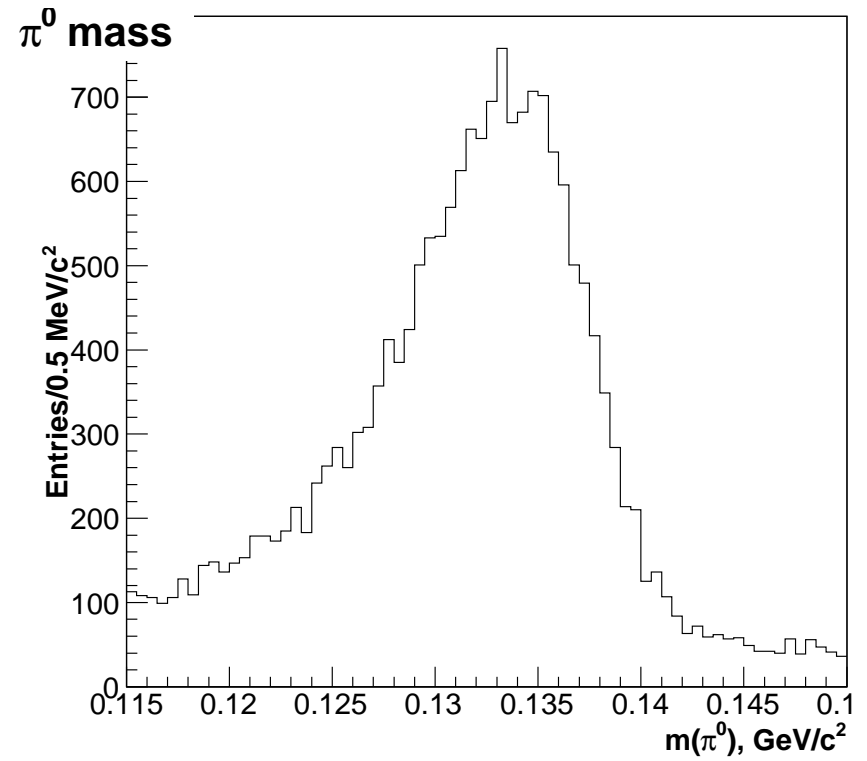
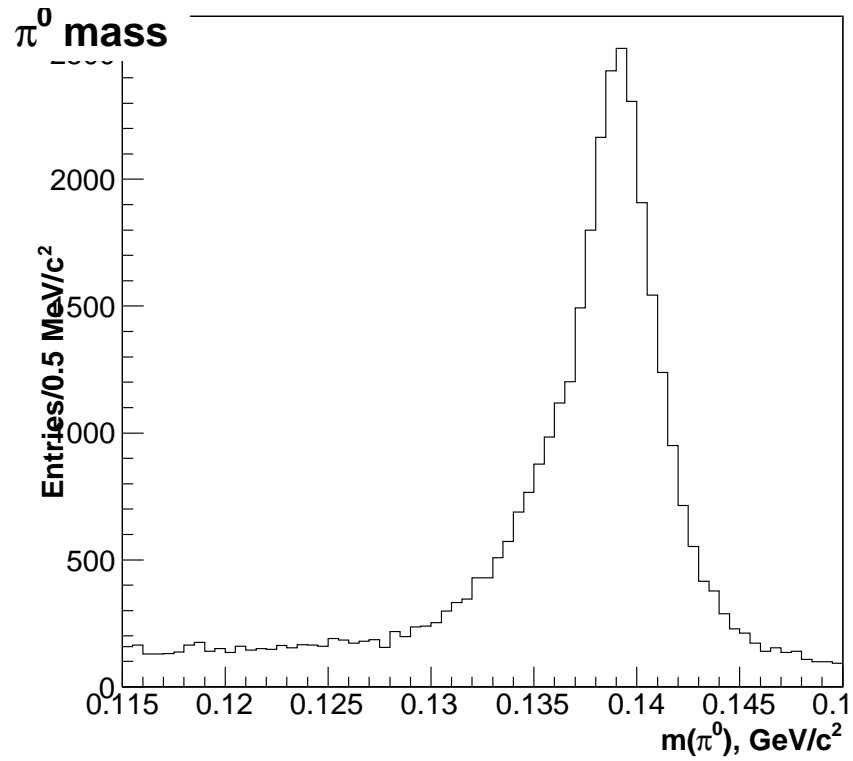


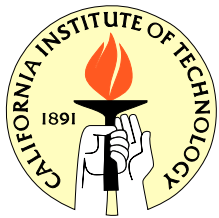
# $\pi^0$ Mass



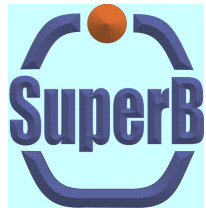
V0.2.6

V0.2.7





# V0.2.7 Analysis Results



Maximum relative increase in  $S/B$  (in percent):

Tag	Signal	Mimicking bkg			
		Simplest	Caltech Generic	Tauonic	CNAF Cocktail (V0.2.4)
$B_{tag} \rightarrow \pi D^0(K\pi)$	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	$4.02 \pm 0.57$	$7.81 \pm 0.59$	$7.29 \pm 0.60$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	$3.77 \pm 0.57$	$7.62 \pm 0.60$	$7.08 \pm 0.59$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$	–	$10.82 \pm 0.63$	$7.12 \pm 0.61$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu, \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$	–	$6.71 \pm 0.61$	$7.60 \pm 0.61$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu, a_1 \rightarrow 3\pi$	–	$10.42 \pm 0.63$	$7.00 \pm 0.60$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$	–	$2.67 \pm 0.59$	$7.67 \pm 0.63$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$	–	$7.93 \pm 1.06$	$6.45 \pm 1.04$	–
$B_{tag} \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	$4.04 \pm 1.49$	$15.31 \pm 3.15$		$16.61 \pm 1.05$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	$3.79 \pm 1.94$			$15.92 \pm 1.06$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$	–	$21.01 \pm 1.06$		$16.50 \pm 0.92$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu, \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$	–	$16.96 \pm 1.24$		$12.60 \pm 1.11$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu, a_1 \rightarrow 3\pi$	–	$20.43 \pm 1.48$		$15.95 \pm 1.35$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$	–	$11.57 \pm 1.81$		$7.42 \pm 1.69$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$	–	<b><math>18.25 \pm 1.04</math></b>	$12.65 \pm 2.05$	<b><math>13.85 \pm 0.90</math></b>

Comparison to non-energy-smearred CNAF Monte Carlo is not entirely legitimate...



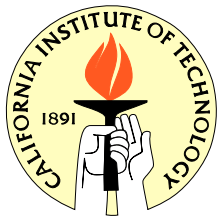
# V0.2.7 Analysis Results



Maximum relative increase in  $S/\sqrt{S+B}$  (in percent):

Tag	Signal	Mimicking bkg			
		Simplest	Caltech Generic	Tauonic	CNAF Cocktail (V0.2.4)
$B_{tag} \rightarrow \pi D^0(K\pi)$	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	$0.79 \pm 0.35$	$2.28 \pm 0.44$	$2.05 \pm 0.44$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	$0.51 \pm 0.35$	$1.96 \pm 0.44$	$1.72 \pm 0.43$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$	–	$3.50 \pm 0.44$	$1.89 \pm 0.43$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu, \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$	–	$0.10 \pm 0.44$	$0.42 \pm 0.43$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu, a_1 \rightarrow 3\pi$	–	$3.27 \pm 0.44$	$1.82 \pm 0.43$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$	–	$-0.94 \pm 0.42$	$-0.98 \pm 0.42$	–
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$	–	$1.39 \pm 0.93$	$0.82 \pm 0.94$	–
$B_{tag} \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$	$0.62 \pm 0.84$	$4.27 \pm 1.62$		$5.11 \pm 0.94$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$	$0.09 \pm 0.87$			$4.22 \pm 0.93$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi\nu$	–	$6.61 \pm 0.85$		$5.10 \pm 0.82$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \rho\nu, \rho \rightarrow \pi\pi^0$	–	$3.26 \pm 1.07$		$1.95 \pm 1.03$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow a_1\nu, a_1 \rightarrow 3\pi$	–	$6.15 \pm 1.24$		$4.53 \pm 1.18$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow \pi 2\pi^0\nu$	–	$-0.89 \pm 1.50$		$-1.61 \pm 1.48$
	$B_{sig} \rightarrow \tau\nu, \tau \rightarrow 6 \text{ modes}$	–	<b><math>4.33 \pm 0.84</math></b>	$2.08 \pm 1.14$	<b><math>2.81 \pm 0.80</math></b>

Comparison to non-energy-smearred CNAF Monte Carlo is not entirely legitimate...



# Conclusion



- Cutting on  $E_{extra}$  in Backward EMC for V0.2.6 increases:
  - ➔  $S/B$  by  $\sim 15-20\%$  depending on  $\tau$  decay mode
  - ➔  $S/\sqrt{S+B}$  by  $\sim 3-5\%$
- Proper energy smearing (V0.2.7) lowers these numbers insignificantly