Neutrinoless double beta decay

Christoph Wiesinger (11), NNN23, 12.10.2023

Double beta decay



- SM-allowed two-neutrino double beta $(2\nu\beta\beta)$ decay
- observed in 11 out of 35 naturally abundant even-even nuclei [Tretyak, Zdesenko, Nucl.Data Tabl. 80 (2002) 83-116]

$$T_{1/2} \approx 10^{18} - 10^{21} yr$$



- neutrinoless double beta $(0\nu\beta\beta)$ decay
- beyond-SM physics, **lepton number violation**

$$T_{1/2} \gtrsim 10^{26} \, yr$$

$0\nu\beta\beta$ decay

- neutrino could be its **own antiparticle** ($\nu \longrightarrow \overline{\nu}$)
- observation of **0vββ decay** would ..
 - a. .. prove lepton number violation (LNV)
 - b. .. identify neutrino as Majorana particle [Schechter, Valle, PRD 25 (1982) 2951]
 - c. .. determine effective Majorana mass

$$m_{\beta\beta} = |\sum_{i} U_{ei}^2 m_i|$$



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mass mechanism

Effective Majorana mass



• **coherent sum** of mass eigenstates

 m_{etaeta}

$$m_{\beta\beta} = |\sum_{i} U_{ei}^2 m_i|$$

• sensitive to **complex Majorana phases**

 $m_3 |U_{e3}|^2$

minimum value in inverted ordering scenario [NuFIT 5.2, nu-fit.org]

 $\min(m_{\beta\beta}^{io}) = (19 \pm 1) \,\mathrm{meV}$

potential cancellation in normal ordering scenario

Decay rate

• interplay of LNV physics and isotope properties



accurate **phase space factor,** large Q-value favorable [Kotila, Iachello, PRC 85 (2012) 034316]

 different nuclear matrix elements using various many-body methods, significant spread

[Agostini et al., Rev.Mod.Phys. 95 (2023) 2, 025002]

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Decay rate

• interplay of LNV physics and isotope properties



- probing **inverted ordering scenario** requires **tone-year exposure**
- isotope differences do not outweigh experimental considerations

there is no super-isotope

Nuclear matrix elements

• first **ab initio calculations** available, could resolve **quenching issue**

[Yao et al., PRL 124 (2020) 23, 232501; Belley et al., PRL 126 (2021) 4, 042502; Novario et al., PRL 126 (2021) 18, 182502]

- **short-range operator** under investigation [Cirigliano et al., PRL 120 (2018) 20, 202001; Belley et al., arXiv:2307.15156; Belley et al., arXiv:2308.15634]
- experimental input by ..
 - .. precision 2νββ decay measurements
 [Gando et al., PRL 122 (2019) 19, 192501]
 - .. heavy-ion **double charge exchange** reactions [Cappuzzello et al., EPJ A 54 (2018) 5, 72]
 - .. ordinary muon capture [Zinatulina et al., PRC 99 (2019) 2, 024327]



Decay signature

• unaccompanied emission of **two electrons** from isotope ${}^{A}X$

necessary

- two-electron / single-site **topology**
- **daughter isotope** production





e - AY

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Background importance

- signal counts $n_s \propto m \cdot t \ / \ T_{1/2}$
- background counts $n_b \propto b \cdot \Delta E \cdot m \cdot t$

·--→ background index in e.g. [cts / keV / kg / yr]

sensitivity **scaling**:

- a. background-limited ($n_s \propto \sqrt{n_b}$): $T_{1/2} \propto \sqrt{rac{m \cdot t}{b \cdot \Delta E}}$
- b. background-free ($n_b \ll 1$): $T_{1/2} \propto m \cdot t$

only a background-free experiment makes efficient use of the precious isotope material



Current status



- ongoing / completed **sub-tone scale projects** probe **degenerate regime**
 - ⁷⁶Ge, GERDA, HPGe detectors
 m_{ββ} < [79, 180]meV (90% CL)
 [Agostini et al., PRL 125 (2020) 25, 252502]
 - ¹³⁰Te, CUORE, cryogenic bolometers
 m_{ββ} < [75, 255]meV (90% CI)
 <p>[Alfonso, TAUP 2023]
 - ¹³⁶Xe, KamLAND-Zen, liquid scintillator
 m_{ββ} < [36, 156]meV (90% CL) [Abe et al., PRL 130 (2023) 5, 051801]
- planned tone-scale projects will probe
 inverted ordering scenario



KamLAND-Zen

- high-mass, **O(100) kg**
- low-resolution, **O(100) keV**
- background-limited
- $T_{1/2}^{(136}Xe) > 2.3 \cdot 10^{26}
 m yr (90\%
 m CL)$

GERDA -----

- low-mass, **O(10) kg**
- high-resolution, **O(1) keV**
- background-free
- $T_{1/2}^{(76}Ge) > 1.8 \cdot 10^{26}
 m yr (90\%
 m CL)$

Comparison

[Agostini et al., PRL 125 (2020) 25, 252502]





KamLAND-Zen

- high-mass, **O(100) kg**
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Comparison



Experimental approaches

source = detector concepts



monolithic **scintillation** / **ionization** detectors

AXEL, DARWIN, **EXO**, JUNO, **KamLAND-Zen**, LiquidO, LZ, **nEXO**, **NEXT**, NvDEx, R2D2, THEIA, Panda-X, **SNO+**, XENON, ZICOS, ..



granular **semiconductor** / **cryogenic** detectors

AMORE, BINGO, CANDLES, CEDEX, COBRA, CUORE, CUPID, CROSS, GERDA, LEGEND, MAJORANA, SELENA, ..



tracking calorimeters

NEMO3, SuperNEMO, ..

KamLAND-Zen

• 1000-t liquid scintillator detector, rich non-ββ decay physics program [Abe et al., PRL 100 (2008) 221803]

nylon

balloon

• ultra-clean **nylon balloon** filled with enrXe-loaded liquid scintillator

KamLAND-Zen 800

• **best half-life limit**, measurement **ongoing** [Abe et al., PRL 130 (2023) 5, 051801]

KamLAND2-Zen

• **detector upgrade**, better light collection, **improved resolution**

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NEXT

- high-pressure gaseous enrXe • time projection chamber with electro-luminescence region
- best **energy resolution** among monolithic detectors
- topological separation of $\beta\beta$ decay events
- development of **Ba tagging**, single molecule fluorescent imaging [McDonald et al., PRL 120 (2018) 13, 132504]

[Alvarez et al., [INST 7 (2012) T06001]

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tracking calorimeters

NEMO3, SuperNEMO, ..



LEGEND (see talk by **R. Brugnera**)

• builds on GERDA and MAJORANA, **staged approach**

LEGEND-200

- upgraded **GERDA-infrastructure** with
 - new large volume detectors
 - reduced inactive materials
 - $\circ \quad \text{improved light read-out} \\$
- first 140 kg in operation

LEGEND-1000

• improved background mitigation, **underground-sourced argon**

⁷⁶Ge LEGEND-200 HPGe detectors in LAr mass 200 kg (90% ⁷⁶Ge) resolution 2.5 keV (FWHM), 0.05% (σ / E) background $< 2 \cdot 10^{-4}$ cts / keV / kg / yr sensitivity T_{1/2} > 1.5 · 10²⁷ yr (3σ) m_{bb} < [27, 63] meV (3σ) location LNGS (IT), 3500 m.w.e. status ongoing

[Abgrall et al	., arXiv:2107.11462]
⁷⁶ Ge	LEGEND-1000 HPGe detectors in LAr
mass	1000 kg (90% ⁷⁶ Ge)
resolution	2.5 keV (FWHM), 0.05% (07 E)
background	< 10 ⁻⁵ cts / keV / kg / yr
sensitivity	T _{1/2} > 1.3 · 10 ²⁸ yr (3σ) m _{bb} < [9, 21] meV (3σ)
location	LNGS (IT), 3500 m.w.e.
status	planned

CUORE



- cryogenic ^{nat}TeO2 bolometers, dilution refrigerator
- archeological lead shielding [Alessandrello et al., NIM B142 (1998) 163-172]
- most recent result
- measurement ongoing

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light **absorber**

CUPID (see talk by M. Girola)

- builds on CUPID-Mo and CUPID-0, **scintillating bolometers**
- **particle discrimination**, background rejection
- reuse existing **CUORE infrastructure**

[Armstrong et al., arXiv:1907.09376]

[Adams et al., Nature 604 (2022) 7904, 53-58; Alfonso, TAUP2023]



mass	472 kg (253 kg ¹⁰⁰ Mo)
resolution	5 keV (FWHM), 0.1% (σ / E)
background	10 ⁻⁴ cts / keV / kg / yr
sensitivity	$T_{1/2}$ > 1.1 · 10 ²⁷ yr (3σ) m_{bb} < [12, 20] meV (3σ)
location	LNGS (IT), 3500 m.w.e.
status	planned

Experimental approaches

source = detector concepts



monolithic **scintillation** / **ionization** detectors

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granular **semiconductor** / **cryogenic** detectors

AMORE, BINGO, CANDLES, CEDEX, COBRA, CUORE, CUPID, CROSS, GERDA, LEGEND, MAJORANA, SELENA, ..



tracking calorimeters

NEMO3, SuperNEMO, ..

SuperNEMO

- builds on NEMO3 [Arnold et al., EPJ C 79 (2019) 5, 440]
- tracking calorimeter
- almost **isotope-agnostic**, solid source material
- full topological reconstruction
 - unique $2\nu\beta\beta$ decay measurements
 - probe $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay mechanism
- **demonstrator** in operation



Complementarity

- 0νββ decay constraints complement cosmology and β decay bounds
- **test underlying models** (ΛCDM, light Majorana neutrino exchange, ..), counter measurements
- future observatories / missions (DESI, EUCLID, ..) [Brinckmann et al., JCAP 01 (2019) 059, ..]

 $\sigma_{\Sigma} = O(10) \text{ meV}$

standard scenario predicts discovery



(see talk by **T. Lasserre**)

Conclusions

• **vibrant field**, different technologies and isotopes



- several **sub-tone scale** searches ongoing
 - ⁷⁶Ge, **LEGEND-200** (140 kg)
 - ¹³⁰Te, **CUORE** (206 kg)
 - ¹³⁶Xe, **KamLAND-Zen** (745 kg)
- tone-scale era about to start (see talks by R. Brugnera, R. Tsang, M. Girola)
 - probe full inverted ordering scenario
 - test significant normal ordering space

