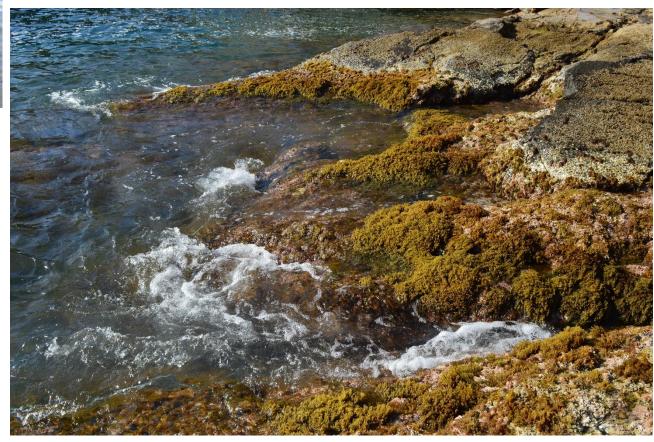


Natural rocky shore where *Cystoseira* lives





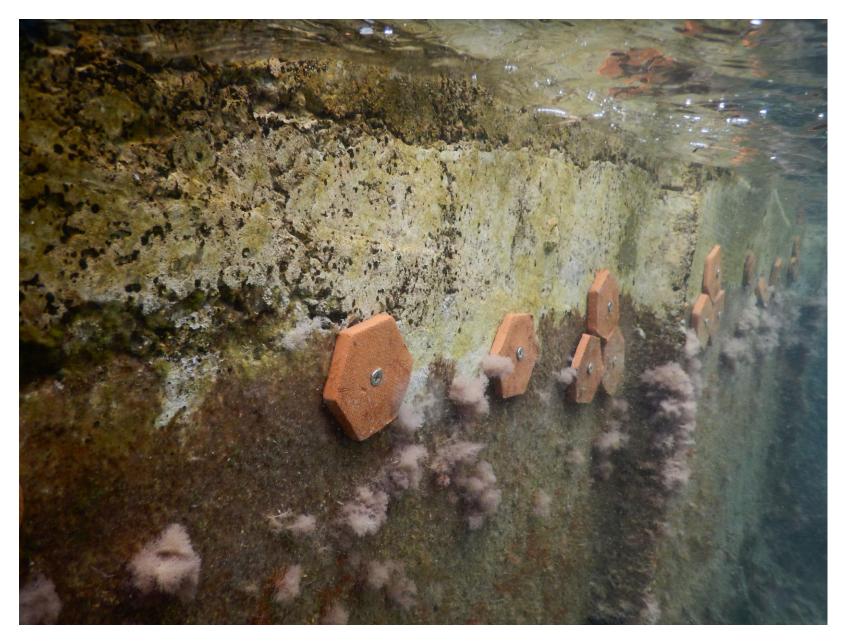
Natural reef with *Cystoseira* 



Detail of apical parts of *Cystoseira amentacea* 

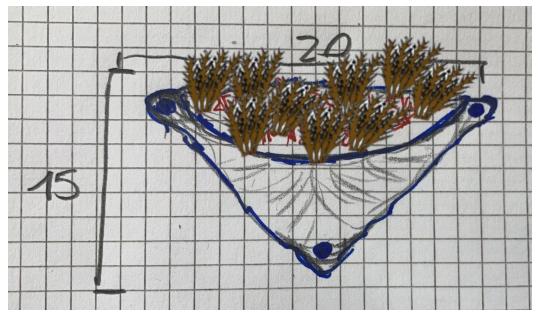


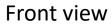




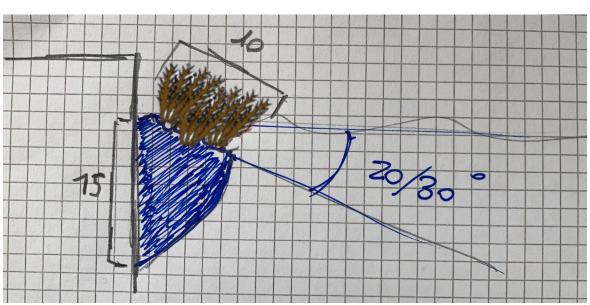
Artificial reef with clay tiles, after last summer's deployment

Our idea for the development of the holders for algae





Thickness: 10 cm Width: 20 cm Lenght: 15 cm



Top view

Wave incidence angle

## Software di disegno in 3D

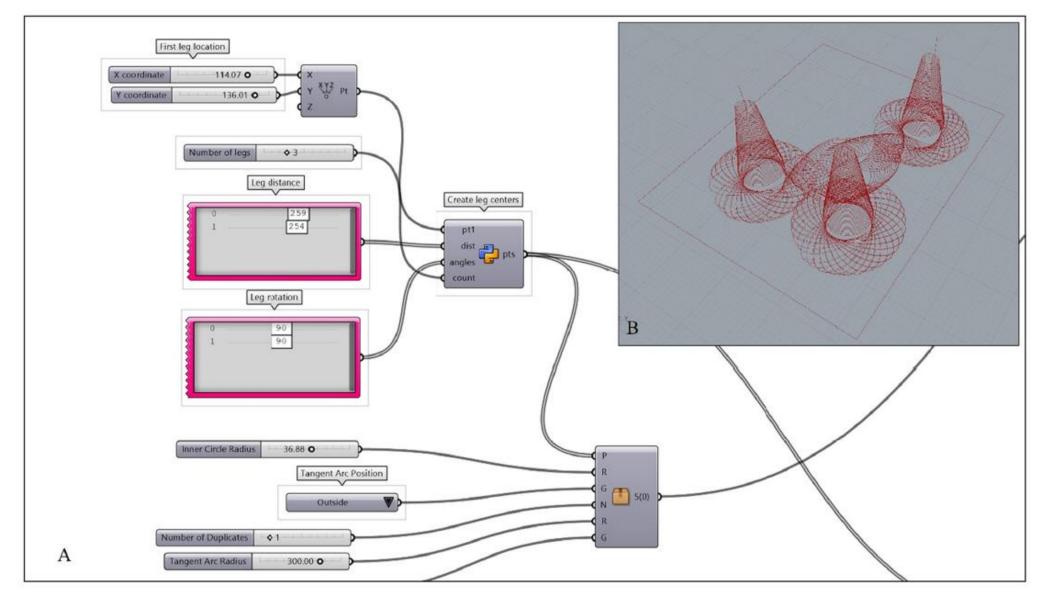
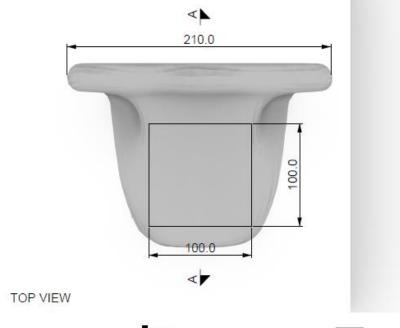
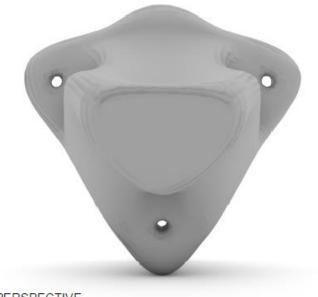


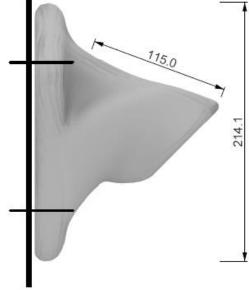
Fig. 1. A) GSPD design-tool canvas in Grasshopper3D, B) The toolpath outcome after parameter selection as appear in Rhino.

# Primo prototipo

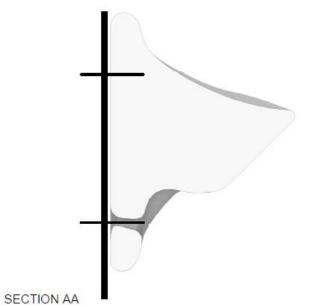












DETAIL.

Hole size for approx 5mm diameter screw. Might vary based on 3dprint technique and resolution

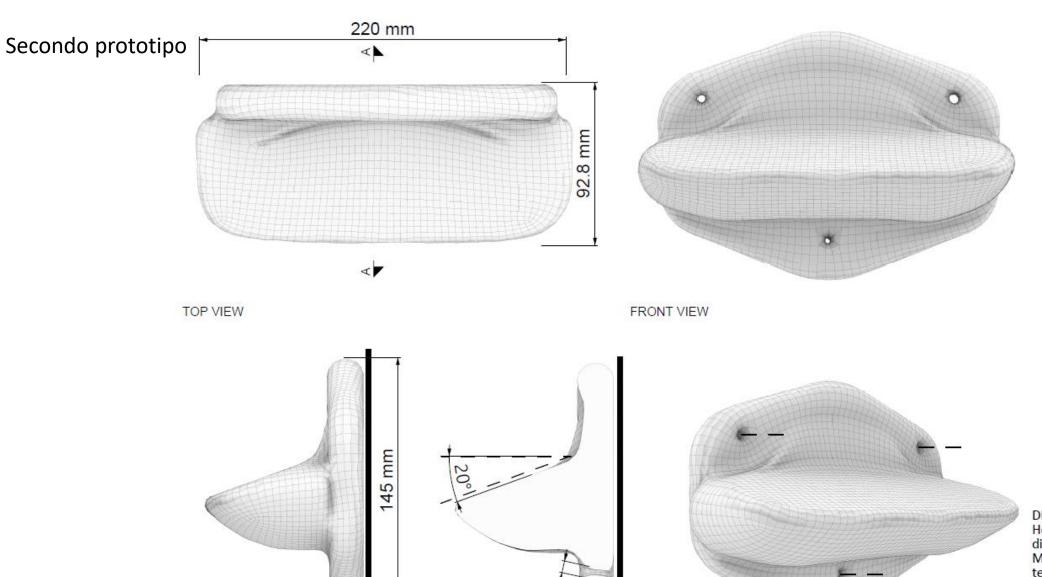
#### DESIGN OPTION

Volume: 0,0017 m³ approx. Weight: 4.08 kgs approx.

All Dimensions in mm



SIDE VIEW



SECTION AA

PERSPECTIVE

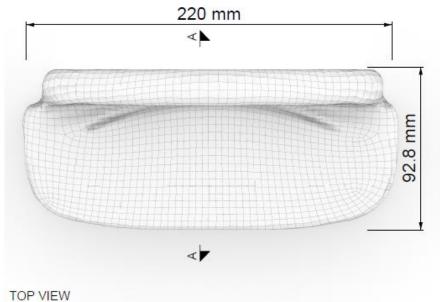
DESIGN OPTION
Hole size for approx 5mm
diameter screw.
Might vary based on 3dprint
technique and
resolution

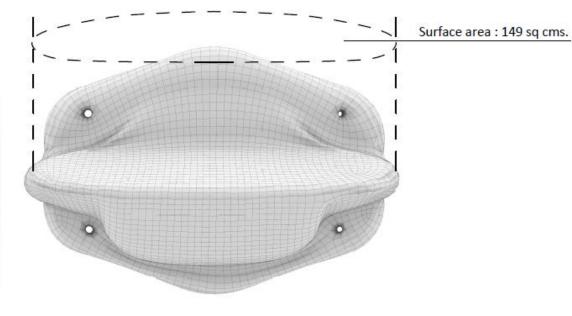
Volume : 0.00095 m³ approx. Weight : 2.3 kgs approx.



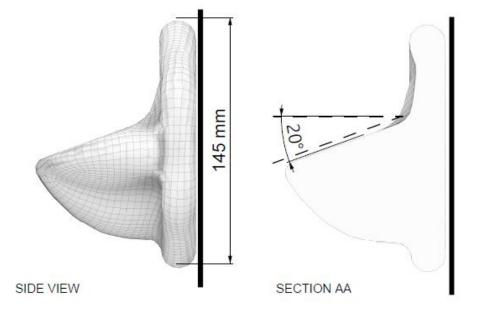
SIDE VIEW

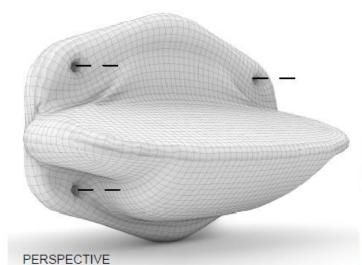
## Terzo prototipo





FRONT VIEW



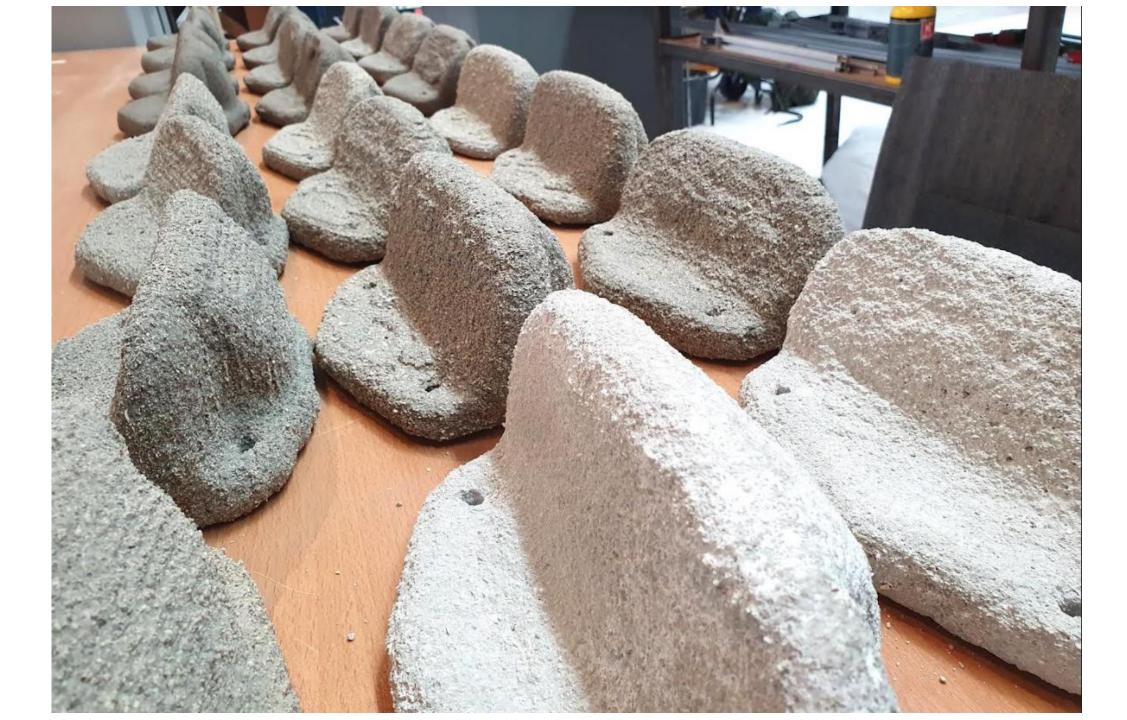


DESIGN OPTION Hole size for approx 5mm diameter screw. Might vary based on 3dprint technique and resolution

Volume: 0.001011 m³ approx. Weight: 2.429 kgs approx.







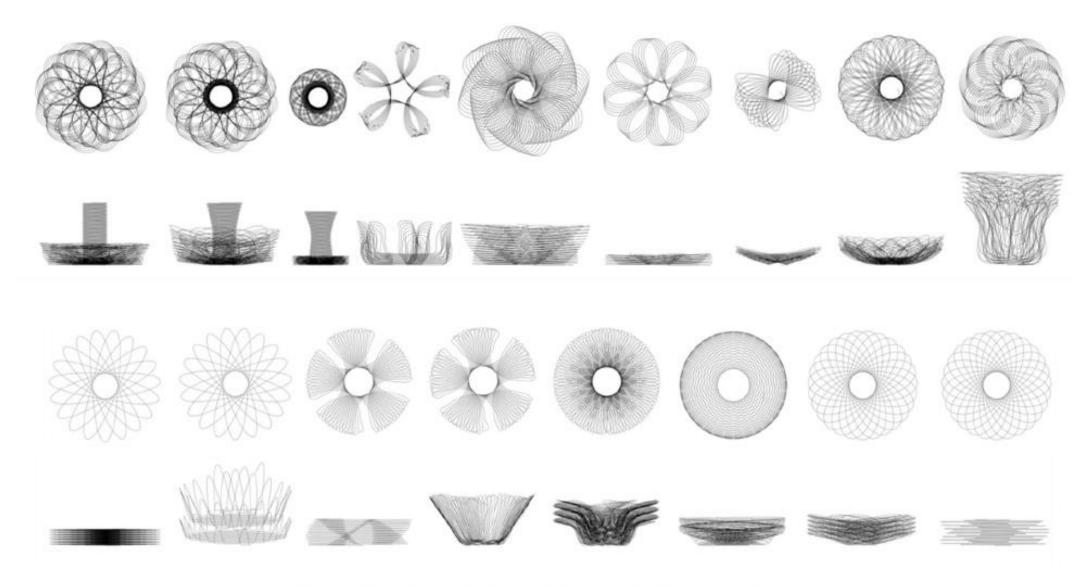


Fig. 2. Views of some tabular tool-paths generated with the GSPD design tool.

# Fase di stampa mediante stampante 3D



Fig. 3. Repeating pattern design with different climbing angle parameters. Leftmost- the most moderate climb with  $0.01^{\circ}$  constant climbing angle. Rightmost - the steepest climb with an angle of  $2^{\circ}$ . During the printing the machine tool head is way up and the clay just pulled along.



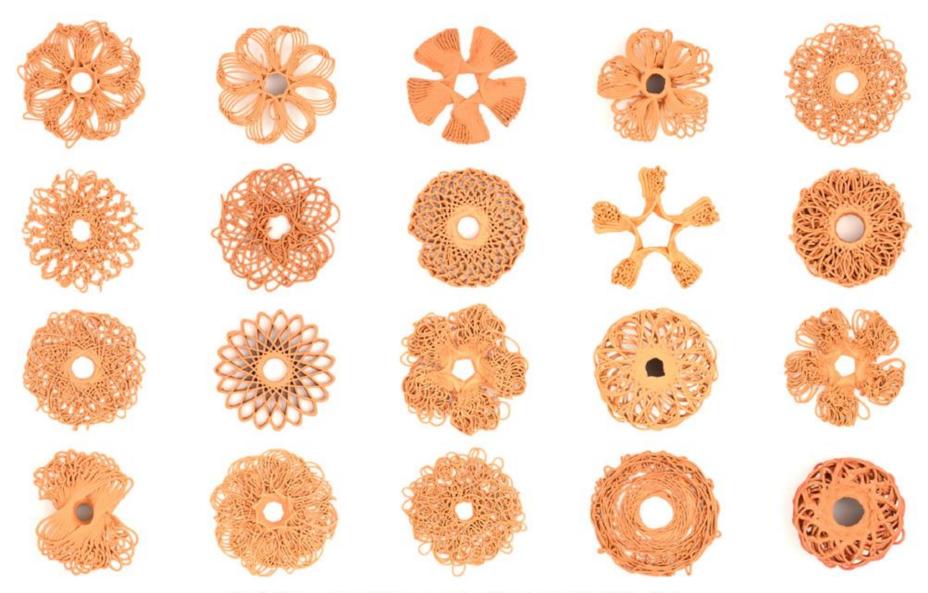


Fig. 6. Birds eye view of different varieties of Gravity-Stimulated Printed Designs.

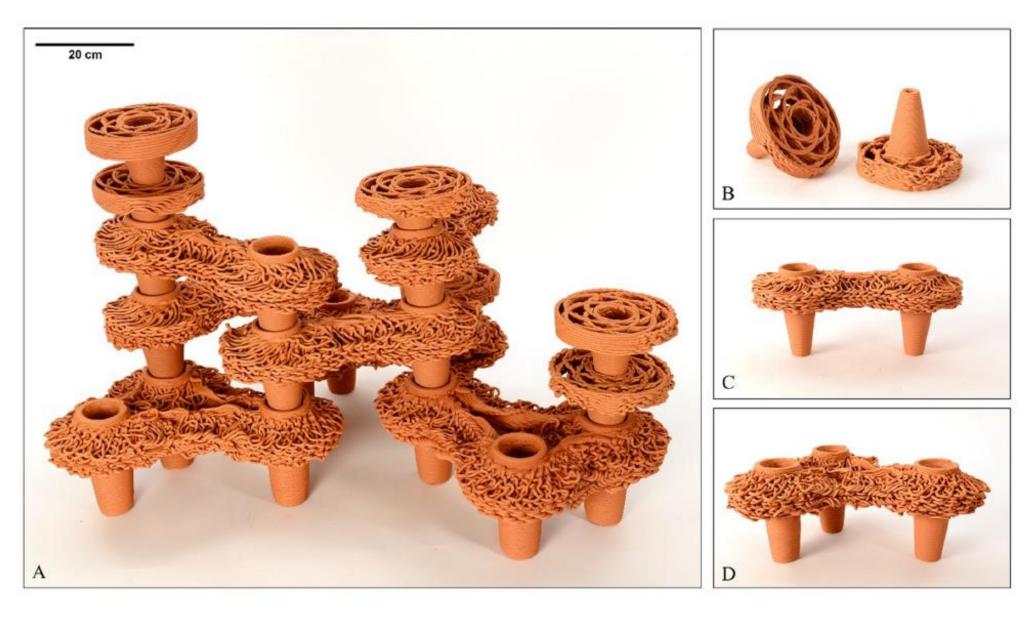


Fig. 5. Self-locking system design of the bio-inspired tabular units. A) constructed reef; B) one-leg unit; C) two-leg unit, which is made from two parts; and D) three-leg unit, also made from two parts.

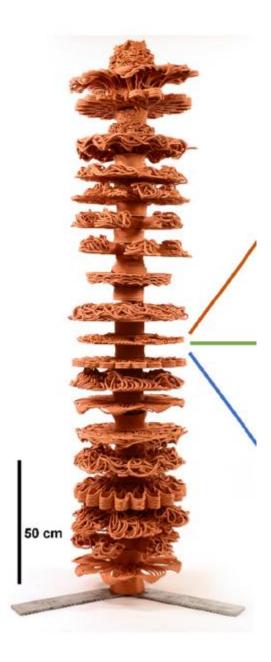




Fig. 7. Underwater views of the tabular designed ARs that were developed using the GSPD method.