



# Jet Production in Polarized Deep Inelastic Scattering

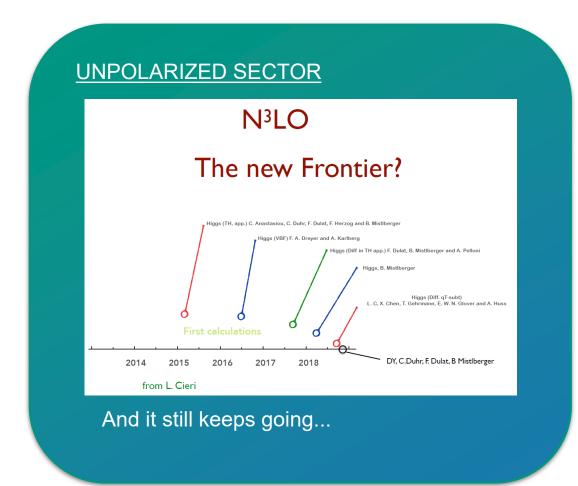
#### Ivan Pedron

in collaboration with Ignacio Borsa and Daniel de Florian



## The status of precision QCD (not so long ago)







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#### **POLARIZED SECTOR**

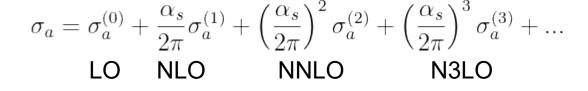
- g1 NNLO van Neerven, Zijlstra ('94)
- NNLO splittings Moch, Vermaseren, Vogt ('14)
- NNLO singlejet DIS Borsa, de Florian, IP ('20)
- NNLO W production Boughezal, Li, Petriello ('21)
- NNLO+ SIDIS (approx.) Abele, de Florian, Vogelsang ('22)
- N3LO g1 Blumlein, Marquard, Schneider, Schönwald ('22)

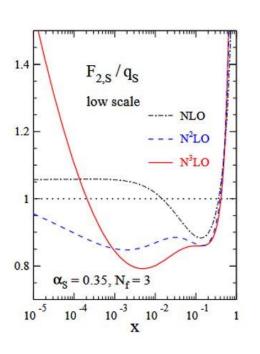
#### The need of higher order corrections

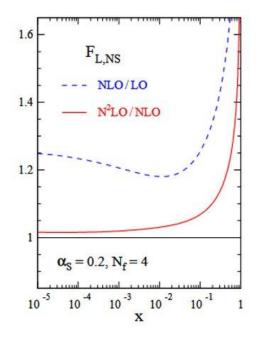


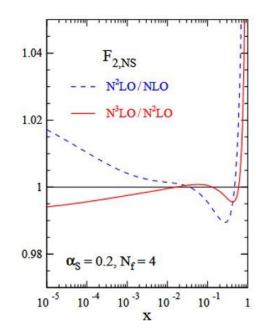
Significant correctios even in inclusive observables!!!

Vermaseren, Vogt, Moch ('05)







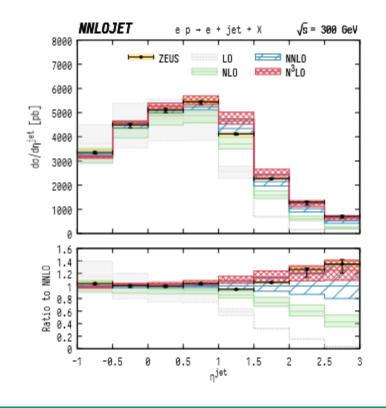


#### DIS structure functions

$$\begin{split} W^{i}_{\mu\nu} &= \left( -g_{\mu\nu} + \frac{q_{\mu}q_{\nu}}{q^{2}} \right) \left[ F^{i}_{1}(x,Q^{2}) - \frac{h}{2} \ g^{i}_{5}(x,Q^{2}) \right] \\ &+ \frac{\left( p_{\mu} - \frac{p \cdot q}{q^{2}} q_{\mu} \right) \left( p_{\nu} - \frac{p \cdot q}{q^{2}} q_{\nu} \right)}{p \cdot q} \left[ F^{i}_{2}(x,Q^{2}) - \frac{h}{2} \ g^{i}_{4}(x,Q^{2}) \right] \\ &- i \epsilon_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} \frac{q^{\alpha}p^{\beta}}{2p \cdot q} \left[ F^{i}_{3}(x,Q^{2}) + h \ g^{i}_{1}(x,Q^{2}) \right], \end{split}$$

### The need of higher order corrections





- New partonic channels at higher orders (e.g. gluons in DIS)
- Parton luminosities can produce sizable corrections (interrelation with PDFs)
- QCD jets acquiree internal structure
- Better matching of jets with experiments



Currie, Gehrmann, Glover, Huss, Niehues, Vogt ('18)

#### **Current status of jets in polarized DIS**



#### Status on jet production in polarized DIS:

- Not much interest in fixed-target
- 1jet at NLO (N-jetiness) Boughezal, Petriello, Xing ('18)
- 2jets at NLO (dipoles)

Photon - Borsa, de Florian, IP ('20) NC & CC - Borsa, de Florian, IP ('21)

1jet at NNLO (dipoles + P2B)

Photon - Borsa, de Florian, IP ('20) NC & CC - Borsa, de Florian, IP ('23) Status on polarized inclusive DIS:

Structure function coefficients available at

- NNLO (photon g1)
  - van Neerven, Zijlstra ('94)
- NNLO (NC & CC g1, g4, g5) Borsa, de Florian, IP ('22)
- N3LO (photon g1)\*
- Blumlein, Marquard, Schneider, Schönwald ('22)

### **Dipole subtraction (NLO)**



As in any subtraction method, we build a counterterm **A** that

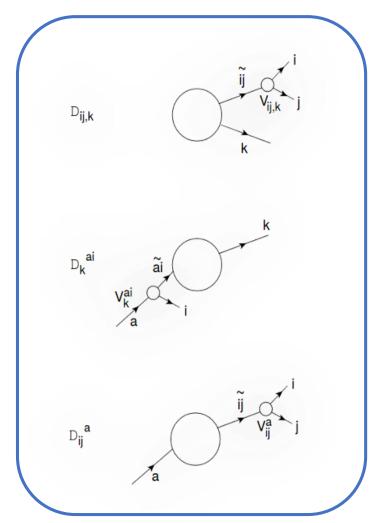
- Matches the IR behavior of real emission
- Is easily integrated to cancel IR divergences of virtual piece

$$\sigma^{NLO} = \int_{m+1} \left[ \left( d\sigma^R \right)_{\epsilon=0} - \left( d\sigma^A \right)_{\epsilon=0} \right] + \int_m \left[ d\sigma^V + \int_1 d\sigma^A \right]_{\epsilon=0}$$

They are **process independent**, and they are based on the factorization formula:

$$d\sigma^A = \sum_{\text{dipoles}} d\sigma^B \otimes dV_{\text{dipole}}$$

Catani, Seymour ('96)



## Polarized dipole subtraction (NLO)



$$d\Delta\sigma \equiv \frac{1}{4} \left( d\sigma^{++} - d\sigma^{+-} - d\sigma^{-+} + d\sigma^{--} \right)$$

As in any subtraction method, we build a countenerm A that

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$$\sigma^{NLO} = \int_{m+1} \left[ \left( d\sigma^R \right)_{\epsilon=0} - \left( d\sigma^A \right)_{\epsilon=0} \right] + \int_m \left[ d\sigma^V + \int_{-d\sigma^A} \right]$$
 Differences only in

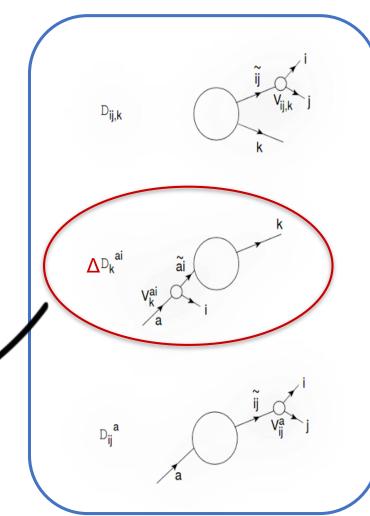
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Catani, Seymour ('96) - Borsa, de Florian, IP ('20)

initial state

dipoles!!



### NNLO – Projection-to-Born method (P2B)



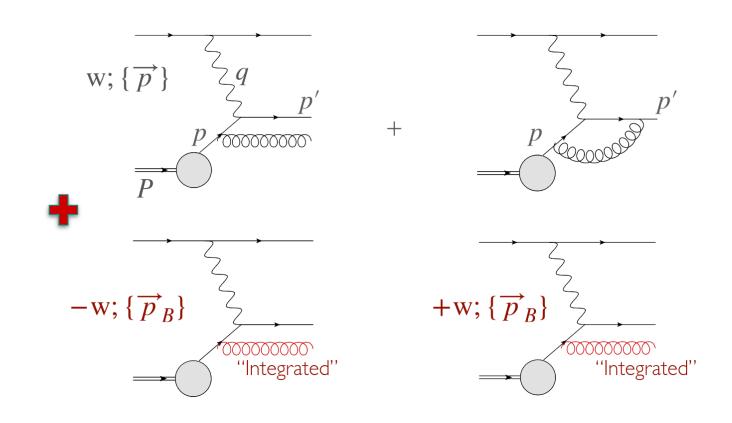
#### Obtain the fully differential cross section from

- The **inclusive** cross section at the desired order
- The exclusive cross section of the observable + 1 jet at one lower order

#### Born kinematics mapping:

$$p_B = xP$$
$$p'_B = p_B + q$$

Not possible in the Breit-frame!!



$$d\sigma_{\mathcal{O}}^{\text{NLO}} = d\sigma_{\mathcal{O}+jet}^{\text{LO}} - d\sigma_{\mathcal{O}+jet,\text{P2B}}^{\text{LO}} + d\sigma_{\mathcal{O}}^{\text{NLO, incl}}$$

#### NNLO – Projection-to-Born method (P2B)



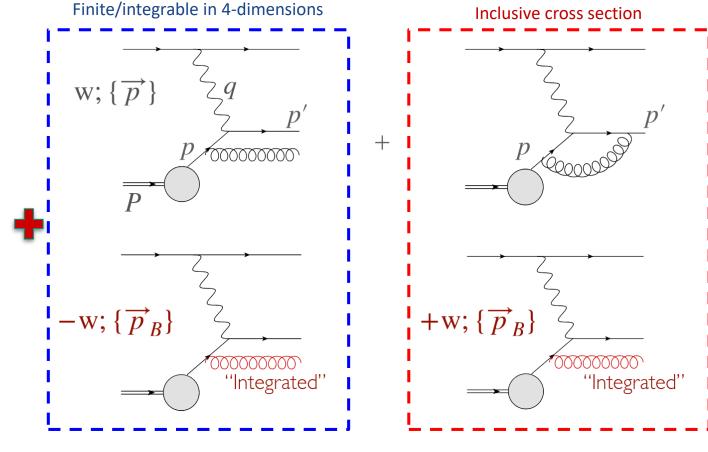
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## NNLO – Projection-to-Born method (P2B)



# Obtain the **fully differential** cross section from

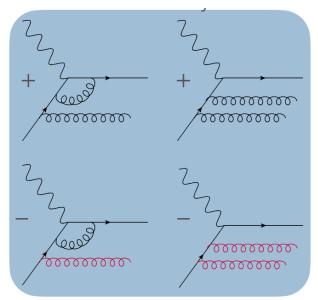
- The inclusive cross section at the desired order
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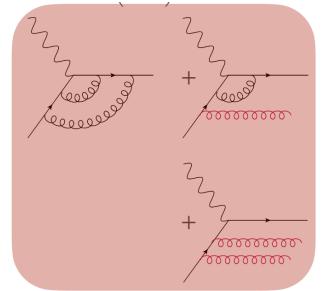
In our case...

Born kinematics mapping:

$$p_B = xP$$
$$p'_B = p_B + q$$

Not possible in the Breit-frame!!





$$d\sigma_{1jet}^{\rm NNLO} = d\sigma_{2jet}^{\rm NLO} - d\sigma_{2jet,\rm P2B}^{\rm NLO} + d\sigma_{1jet}^{\rm NNLO,\ incl}$$
 Dipoles Structure Functions

### Parity violating (PV) contributions to DIS



Links between polarized and parity violating

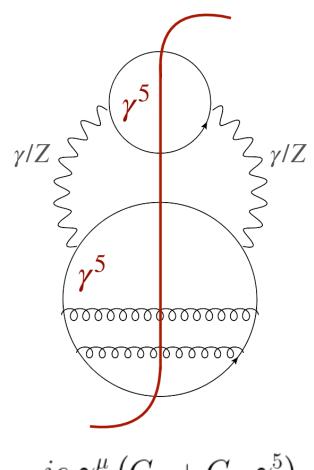
processes

$$\sigma^{\text{PV}} \longleftrightarrow \Delta \sigma^{\text{NPV}}$$
$$\Delta \sigma^{\text{PV}} \longleftrightarrow \sigma^{\text{NPV}}$$

- Trivial in **real contributions** (4-dimensional)
- Only valid in virtual ones after vertex simmetrization and finite renormalization (d-dimensional)

$$-ie\left(C_V + C_A \gamma^5\right) \to -ie\left(C_V \gamma^{\mu} + C_A \tilde{\gamma}^{\mu} \gamma^5\right)$$
$$(\Delta)C_T = \alpha_s \ 4C_F \ d(\Delta)\hat{\sigma}_{\text{axial}}^{\text{LO}}$$

(restauration of axial Ward identity)



$$-ie \gamma^{\mu} \left( C_V + C_A \gamma^5 \right)$$

### Parity violating (PV) contributions to DIS



#### Quark channel

# $\gamma^5$ EVEN

- **Unpolarized NPV**
- Polarized PV

$${''}\Delta \hat{\sigma}_q^{PV} = \hat{\sigma}_q^{NPV} \, {''}$$



- **Unpolarized PV**
- Polarized NPV

"
$$\hat{\sigma}_q^{PV} = \Delta \hat{\sigma}_q^{NPV}$$
"

$$\hat{\sigma}_q = \hat{\sigma}_q^{PV} + \hat{\sigma}_q^{NPV}$$

**VALID FOR** 

13

$$q+W/Z \rightarrow q, \ q+W/Z \rightarrow q+g \text{ and } q+W/Z \rightarrow q+g+g$$

#### Gluon channel



$$\gamma^5$$
 odd

- **Unpolarized PV**
- Polarized NPV

$$\hat{\sigma}_g^{PV} = -\Delta \hat{\sigma}_q^{NPV}$$

However, PV contributions with initial gluons cancel due to charge conjugation arguments!

#### Parity violating (PV) Structure Functions



The unpolarized F<sub>3</sub> was known at NNLO (van Neerven, Zijlstra ('92)), but it's polarized equivalents g<sub>4</sub> y g<sub>5</sub> not



We get g<sub>4</sub> & g<sub>5</sub> at NNLO out of F<sub>2</sub> y F<sub>1</sub> by the axial Ward identities since

- Initial gluon contributions vanish
- Ignore triangle terms in NC

$$\begin{split} W^i_{\mu\nu} &= \left( -g_{\mu\nu} + \frac{q_{\mu}q_{\nu}}{q^2} \right) \left[ F^i_1(x,Q^2) - \frac{h}{2} \ g^i_5(x,Q^2) \right] \\ &+ \frac{\left( p_{\mu} - \frac{p \cdot q}{q^2} q_{\mu} \right) \left( p_{\nu} - \frac{p \cdot q}{q^2} q_{\nu} \right)}{p \cdot q} \left[ F^i_2(x,Q^2) - \frac{h}{2} \ g^i_4(x,Q^2) \right] \\ &- i \epsilon_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} \frac{q^{\alpha}p^{\beta}}{2p \cdot q} \left[ F^i_3(x,Q^2) + h \ g^i_1(x,Q^2) \right], \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} L_{\gamma}^{\mu\nu} &= 2 \left( -k \cdot k' g^{\mu\nu} + k^{\mu} k'^{\nu} + k'^{\mu} k^{\nu} - i \lambda \epsilon^{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} k_{\alpha} k'_{\beta} \right), \\ L_{z}^{\mu\nu} &= \left( g_{V}^{e} + e \lambda g_{A}^{e} \right)^{2} L_{\gamma}^{\mu\nu}, \\ L_{\gamma/z}^{\mu\nu} &= \left( g_{V}^{e} + e \lambda g_{A}^{e} \right) L_{\gamma}^{\mu\nu}, \\ L_{W}^{\mu\nu} &= \left( 1 + e \lambda \right)^{2} L_{\gamma}^{\mu\nu}, \end{split}$$

Borsa, de Florian, IP ('22)

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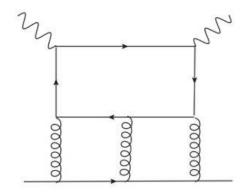


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- Initial gluon contributions vanish
- Ignore triangle terms in NC

$$\begin{split} \Delta C_4^{j,g,(2)} &= \Delta C_L^{j,g,(2)} = 0, \\ \Delta C_4^{j,\mathrm{NS},(2)} &= \Delta C_4^{j,\mathrm{S},(2)} = C_2^{j,\mathrm{NS},(2)}, \\ \Delta C_L^{j,\mathrm{NS},(2)} &= \Delta C_L^{j,\mathrm{S},(2)} = C_L^{j,\mathrm{NS},(2)}. \end{split}$$

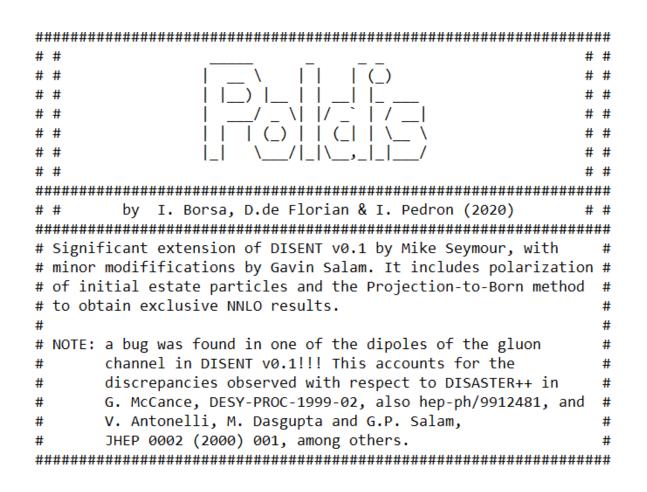
(Pure-singlet PV cancels at NNLO)



No longer valid at N3LO!

#### **POLDIS**





#### Calculation implemented in our Monte Carlo code POLDIS

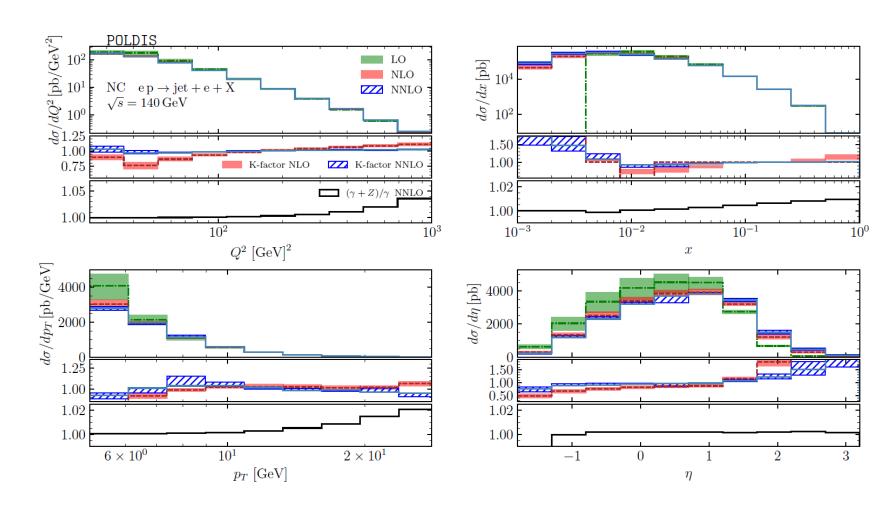
- (un)polarized NNLO singlejet in lab frame, for NC and CC
- (un)polarized dijets at NLO in lab frame or Breit frame, for NC and CC



#### **UNPOLARIZED NEUTRAL CURRENTS**

- Small Z contribution (photon interference mostly)
- Good perturbative convergence

Borsa, de Florian, IP ('23)

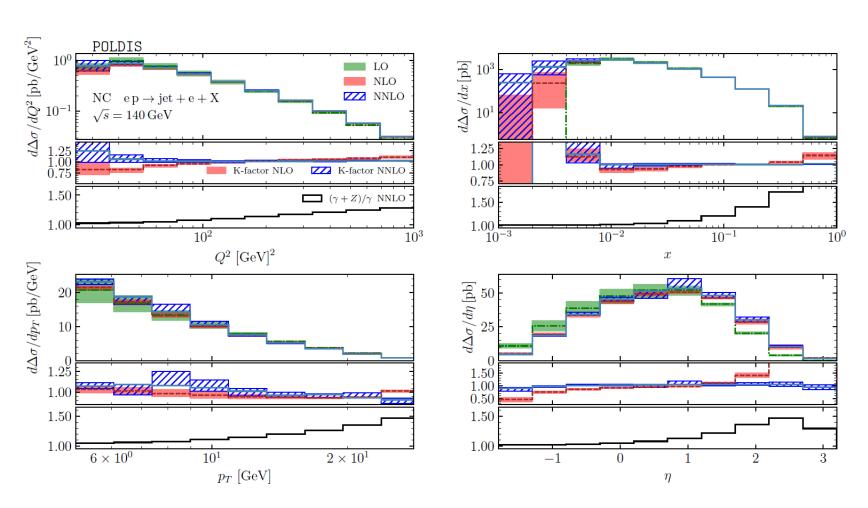




#### **POLARIZED NEUTRAL CURRENTS**

- **Enhanced contribution** at high Q2, x and pt (PV terms and cancelations)
- Sizable effect on spin asymmetries!

Borsa, de Florian, IP ('23)

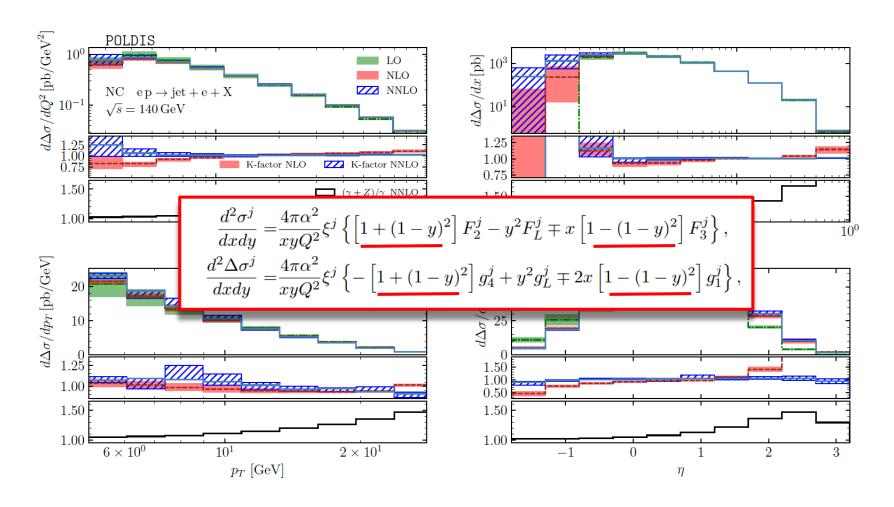




# POLARIZED NEUTRAL CURRENTS

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Borsa, de Florian, IP ('23)

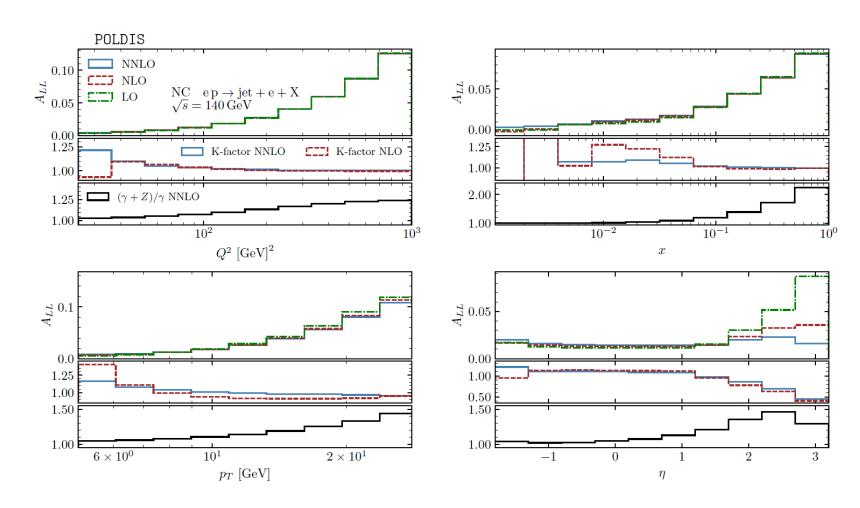




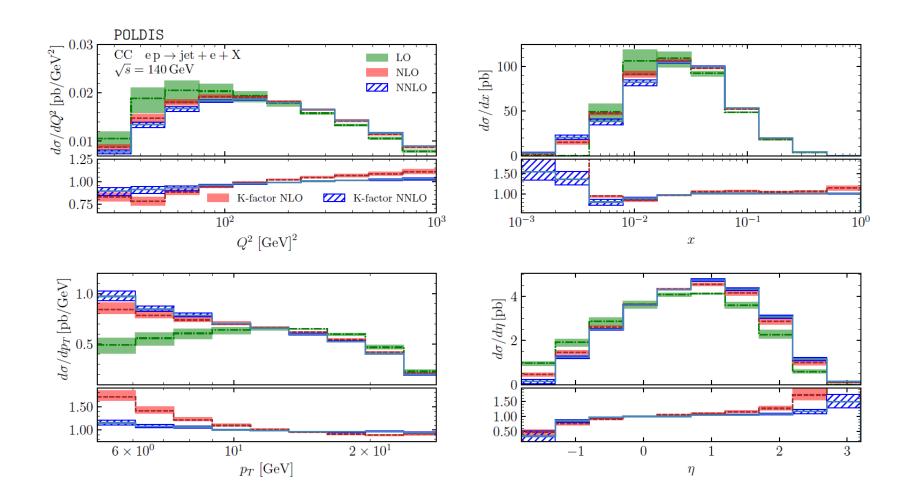
# SPIN ASYMMETRIES NEUTRAL CURRENTS

- Enhanced contribution at high Q2, x and pt (PV terms and cancelations)
- Sizable effect on spin asymmetries!

Borsa, de Florian, IP ('23)





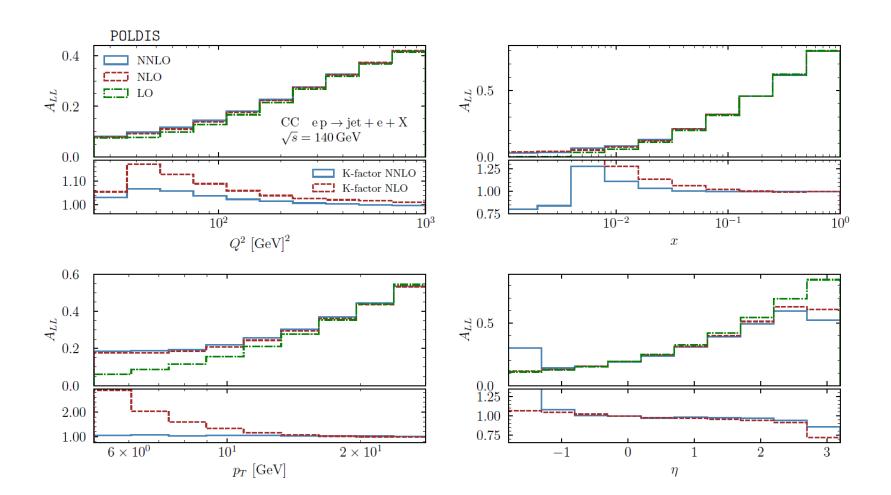


#### UNPOLARIZED **CHARGED CURRENTS**

- Greatly suppressed by W mass
- At LO pt and Q2 are related, leading to large corrections

Borsa, de Florian, IP ('23)





#### **ASYMMETRIES CHARGED CURRENTS**

- Higher than NCs
- At LO pt and Q2 are related, leading to large corrections

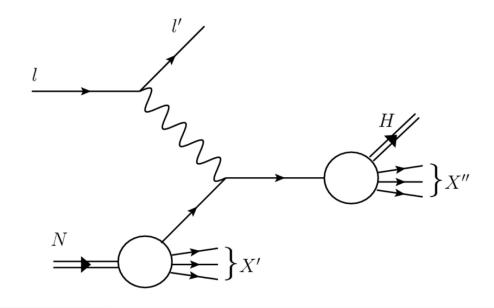
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#### What's next?



#### Possibilities:

- **Extend code to calculate SIDIS**
- Add quark mass effects





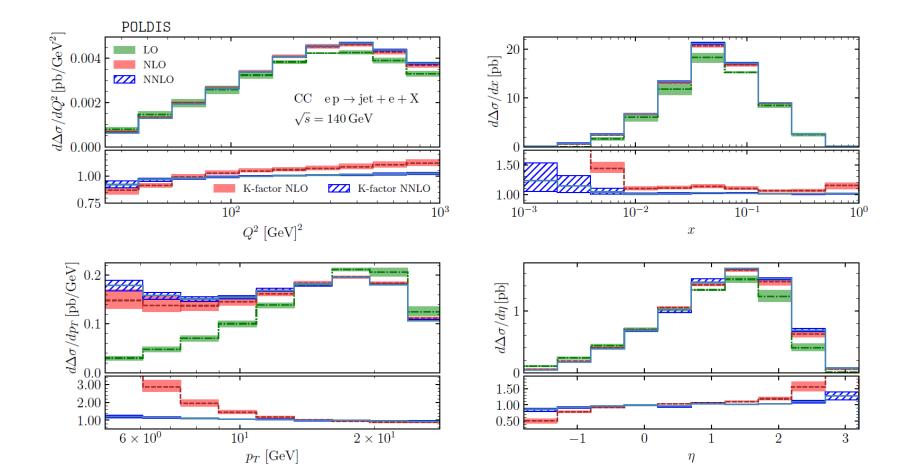
#### In conclusion...



- Higher order QCD corrections are fundamental for the precise description of observables, and they will be instrumental in the description of the proton's spin (EIC underway!)
- We presented Polarized NNLO 1-jet production for neutral & charged current DIS
- Better perturbative convergence, but still with sizable corrections
- Significant corrections to double spin asymmetries







#### **POLARIZED CHARGED CURRENTS**

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- At LO pt and Q2 are related, leading to large corrections

Borsa, de Florian, IP ('23)