

# X-ray binaries as cosmic ray and $\gamma$ -ray sources

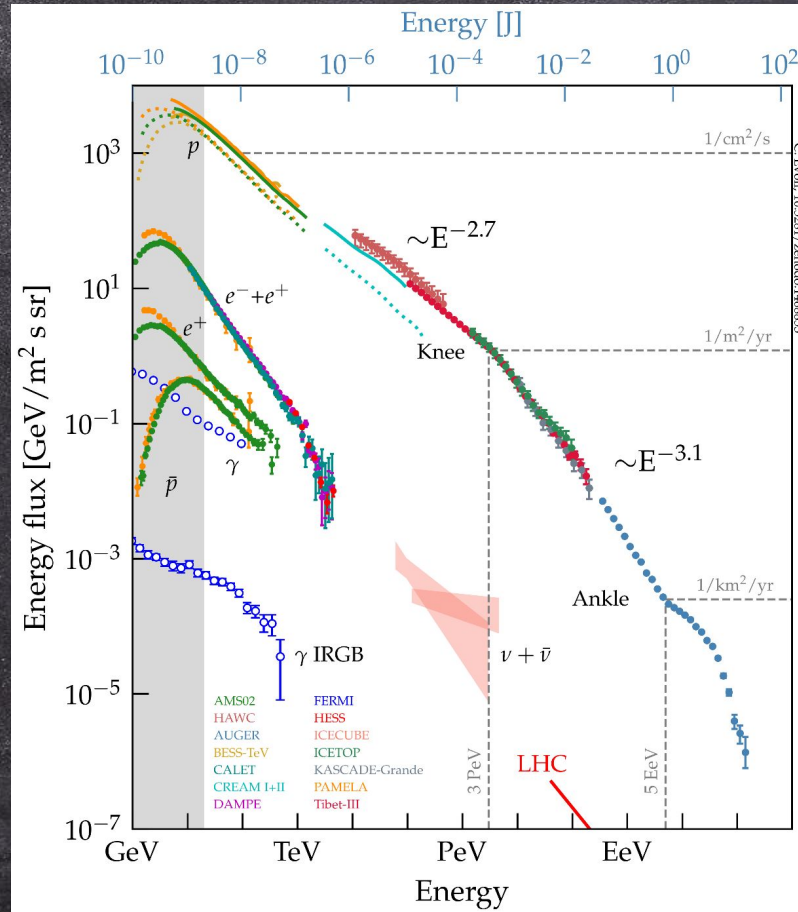
Dimitris Kantzas

LAPTh/CNRS (France)

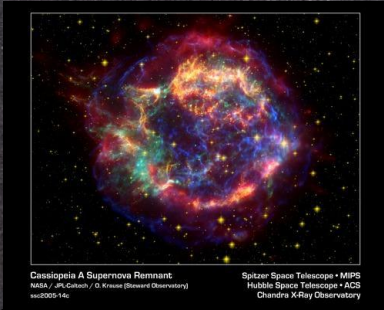
with F. Calore, S. Markoff, A. Cooper, D. Gaggero, P. De La Torre Luque and M. Petropoulou



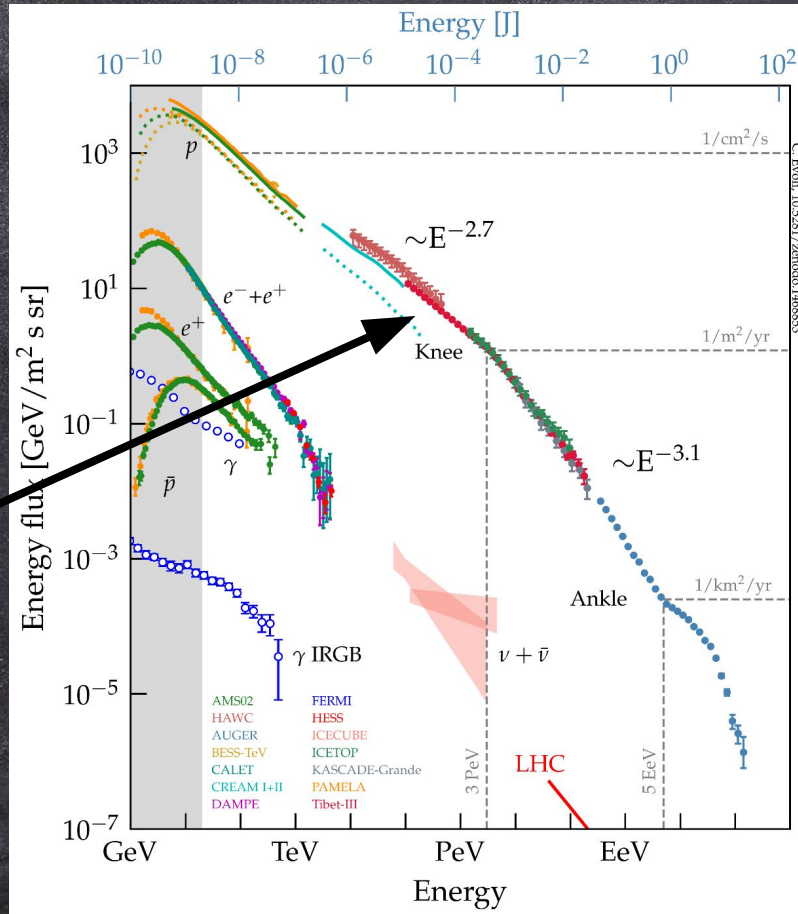
# Cosmic-ray sources?



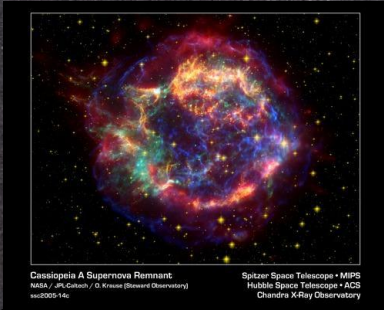
# Cosmic-ray sources?



Galactic: SNe/SNRs?

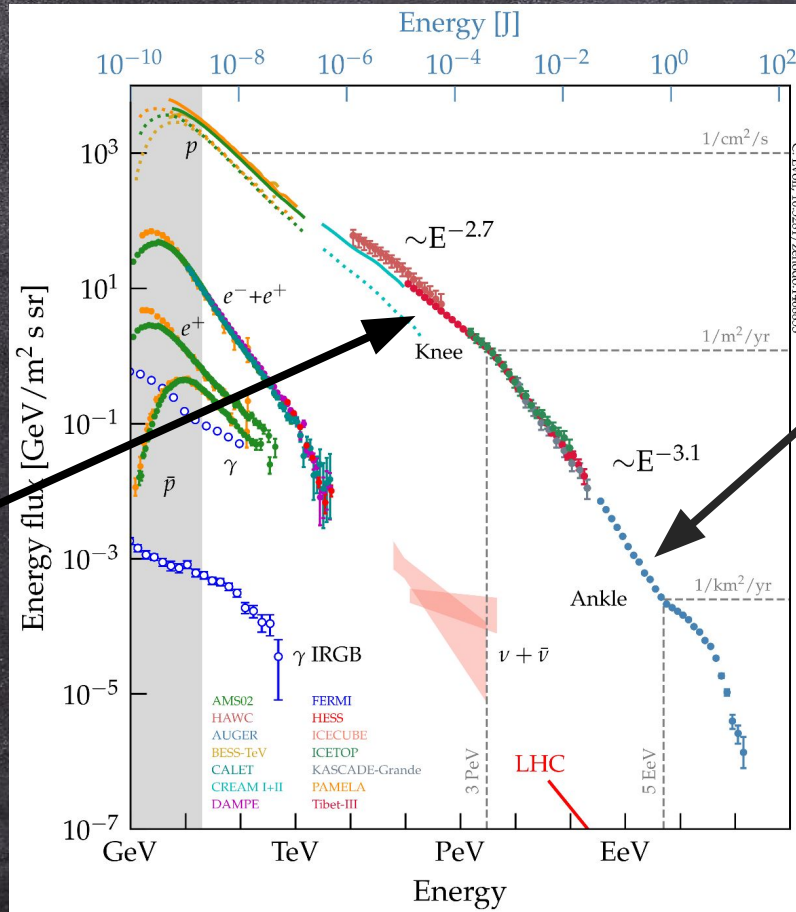


# Cosmic-ray sources?



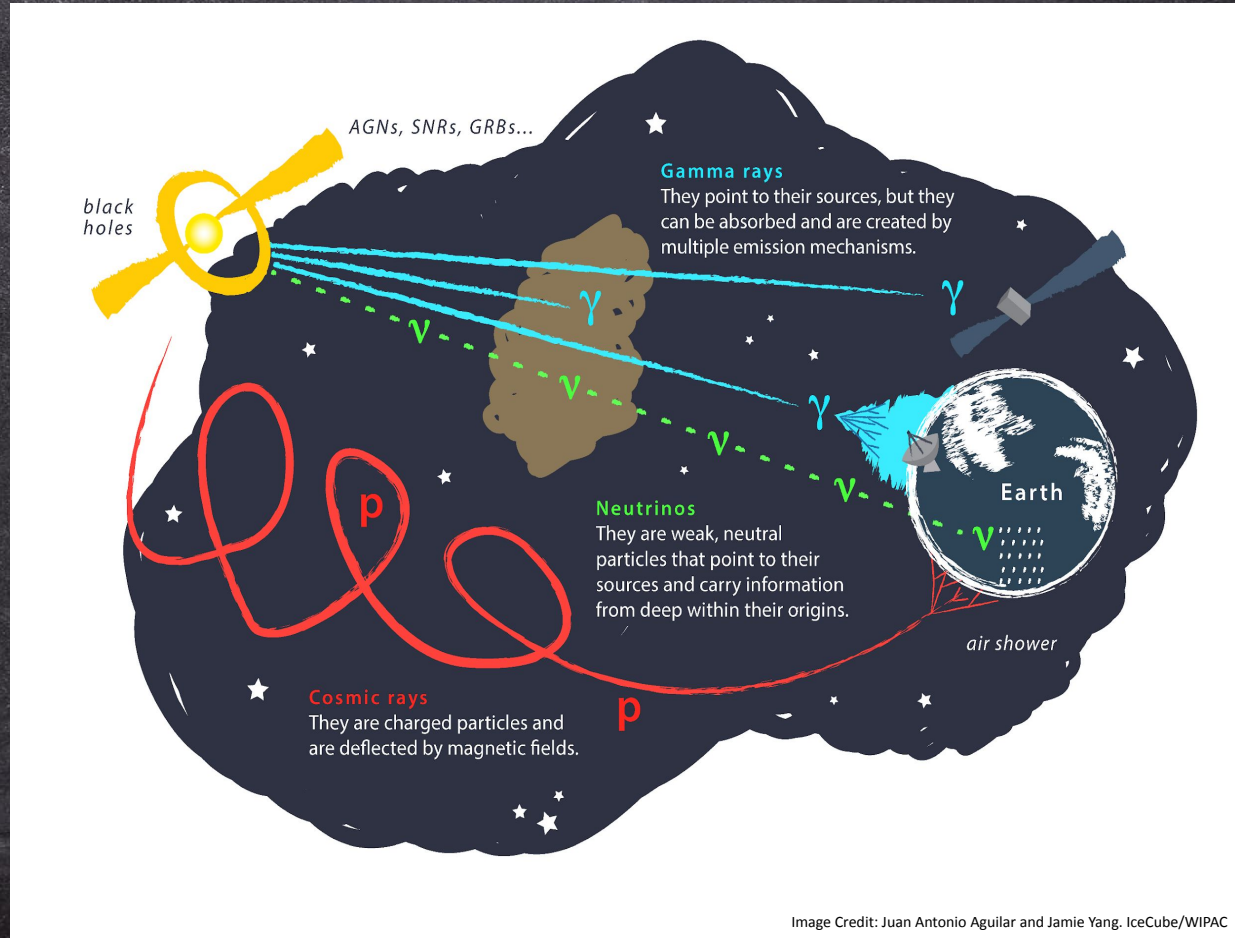
Cassiopeia A Supernova Remnant  
 NASA / JPL-Caltech / G. Krauss (Stanford Observatory)  
 Spitzer Space Telescope • MIPS  
 Hubble Space Telescope • ACS  
 Chandra X-Ray Observatory  
 ©2005-14c

Galactic: SNe/SNRs?

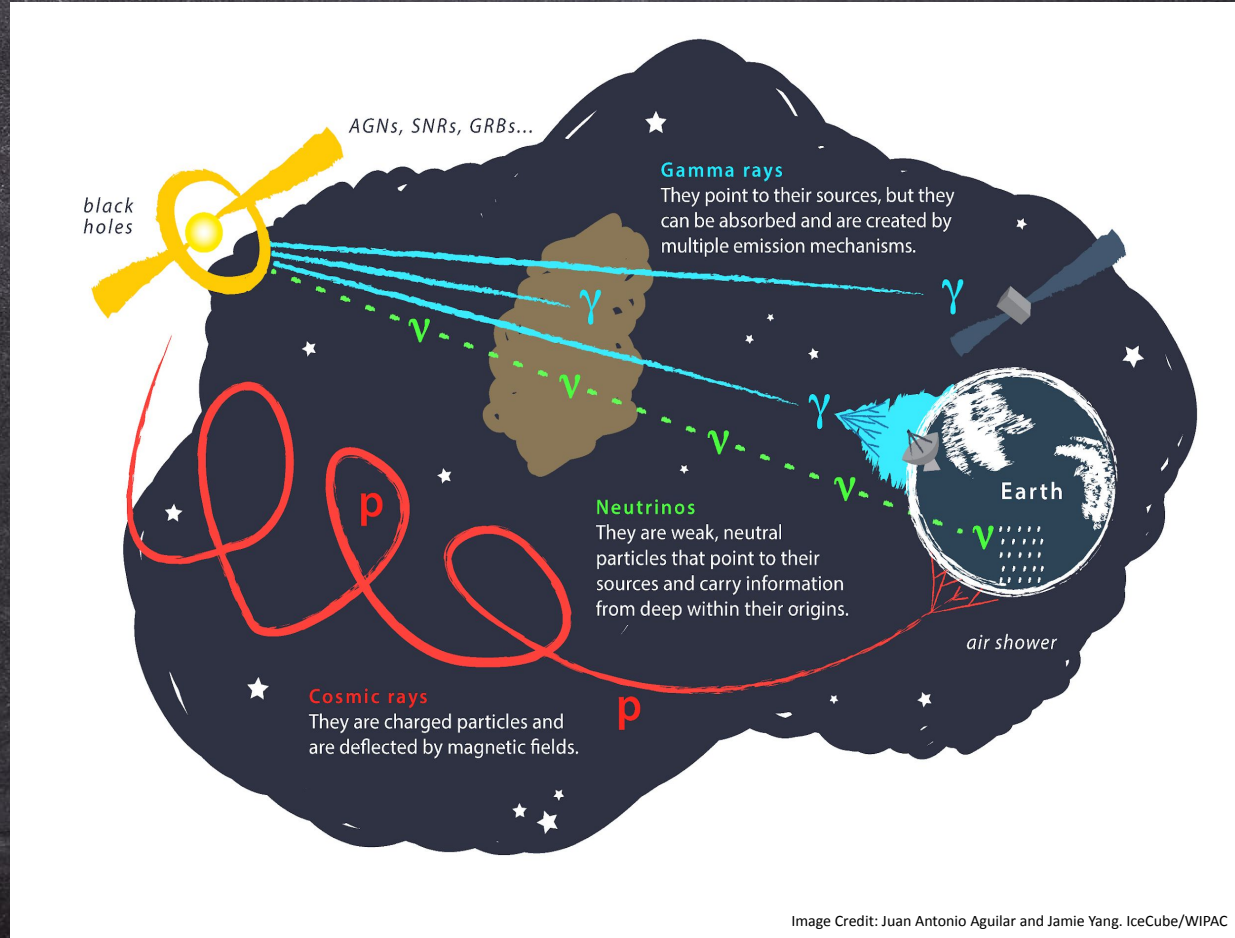
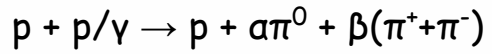


Extragalactic: AGN, star-forming galaxies?

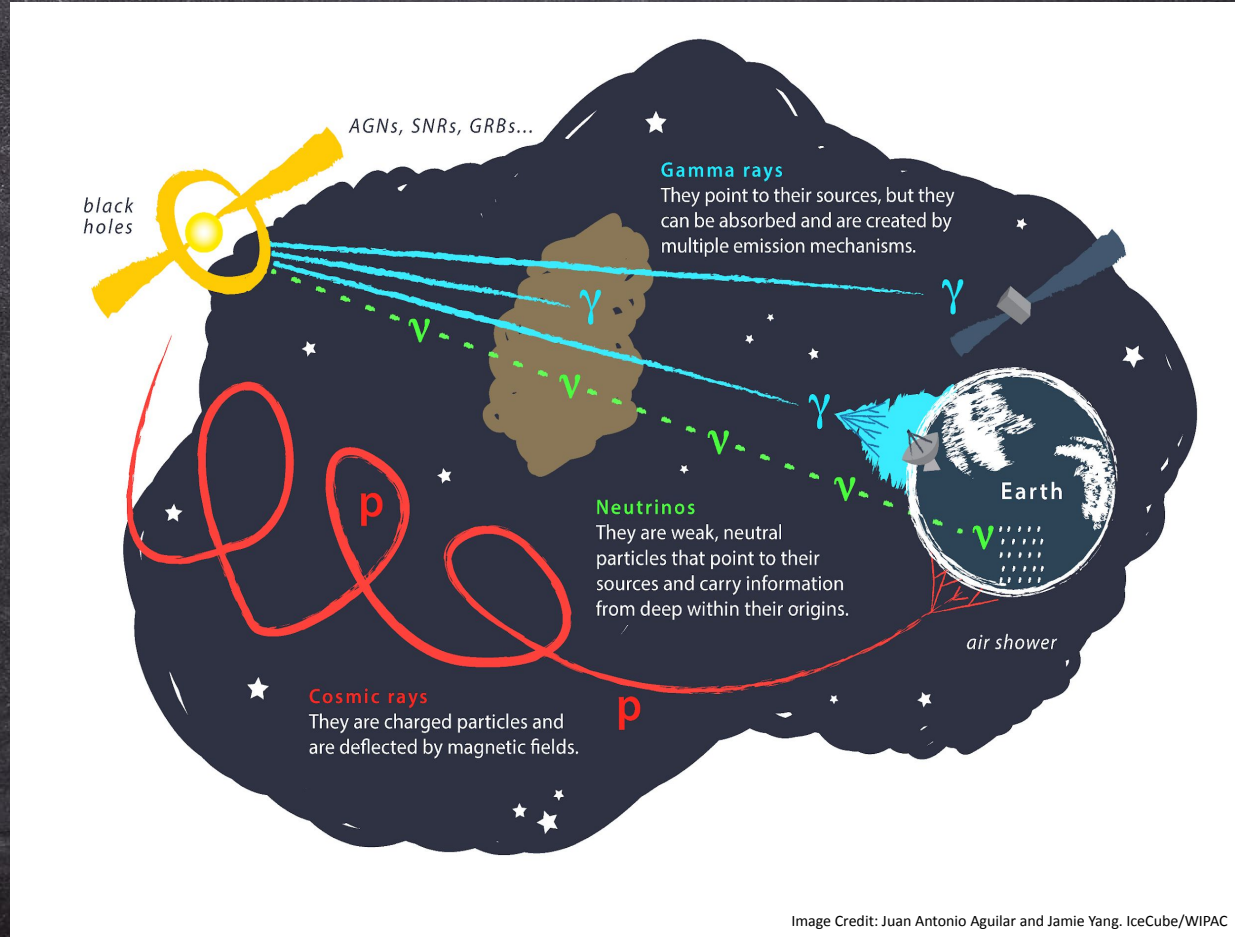
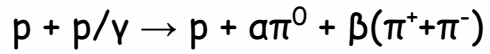
# Indirect cosmic-ray detection



# Indirect cosmic-ray detection

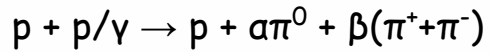


# Indirect cosmic-ray detection



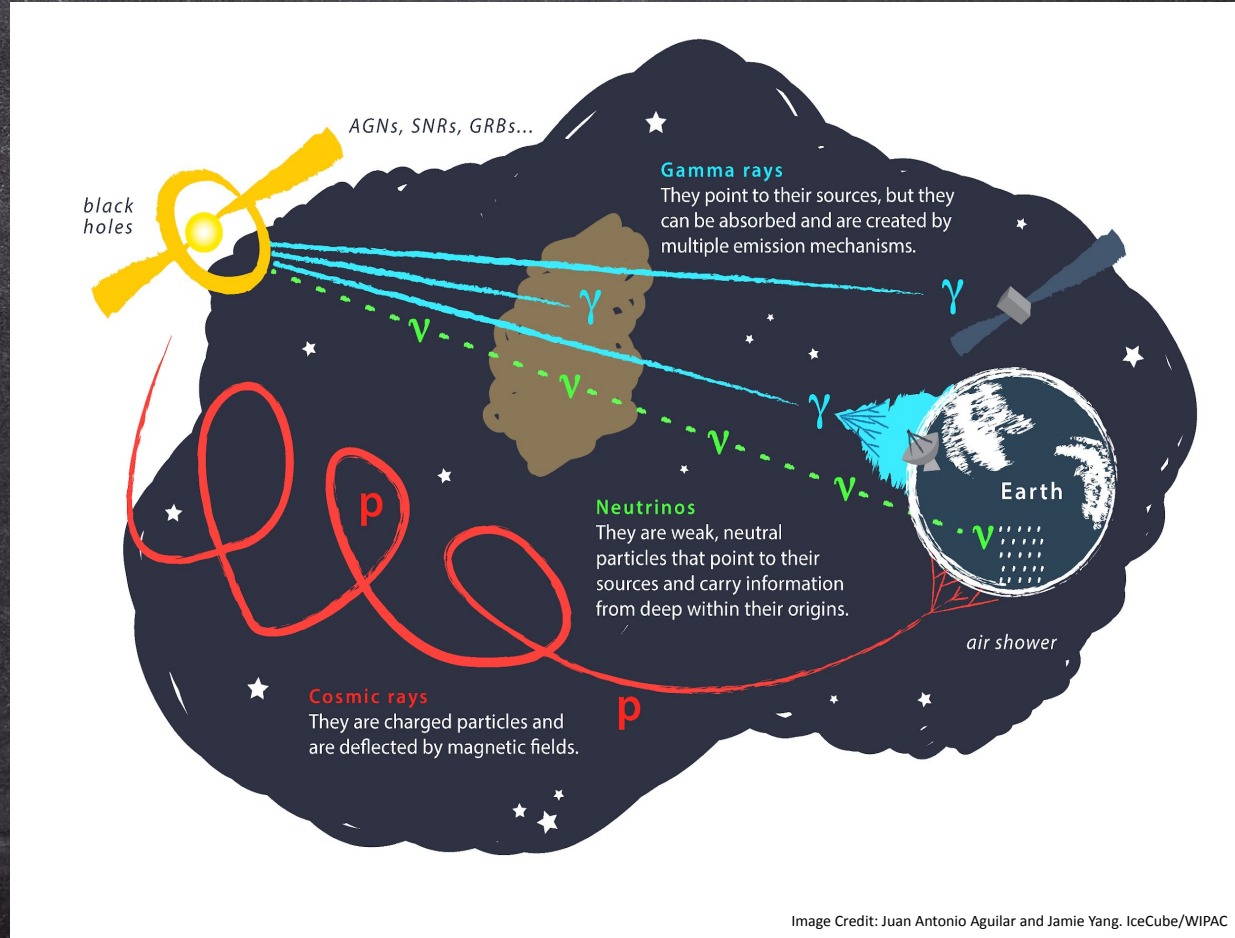
# Indirect cosmic-ray detection

$$\pi^0 \rightarrow 2\gamma$$



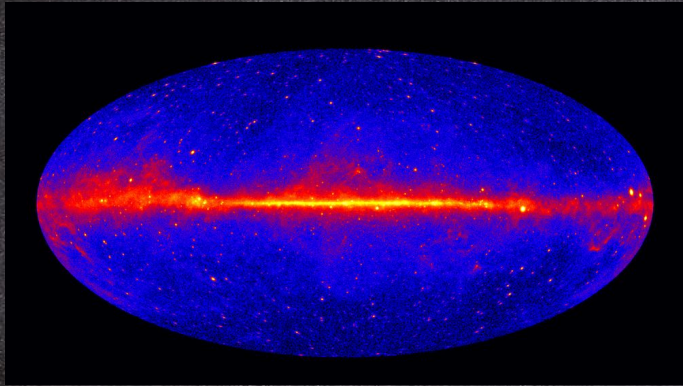
$$\pi^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm + \nu_\mu$$

$$\mu^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm + \nu_e + \nu_\mu$$



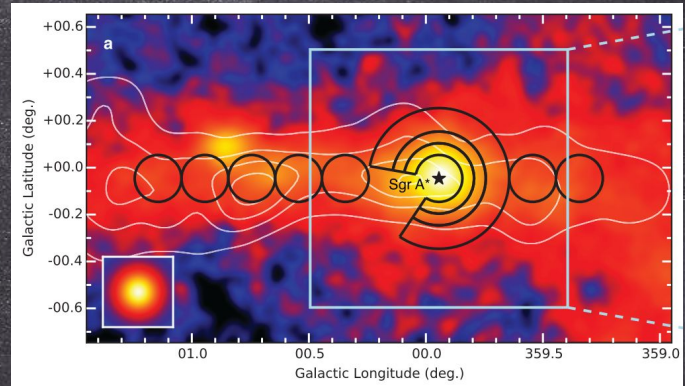


# $\gamma$ -ray emission ...



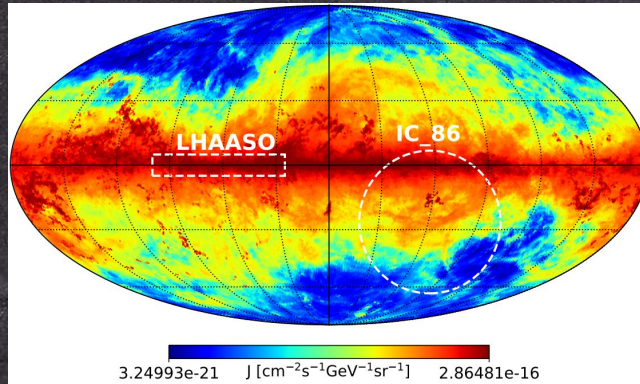
from Fermi/LAT (GeV) ...

Ackermann et al. 2012



... to HESS (TeV) ...

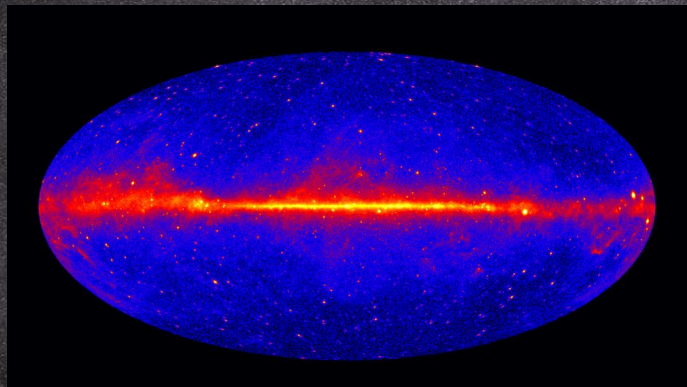
Aharonian et al. 2016



and recently by Tibet AS $\gamma$  & LHAASO (PeV)

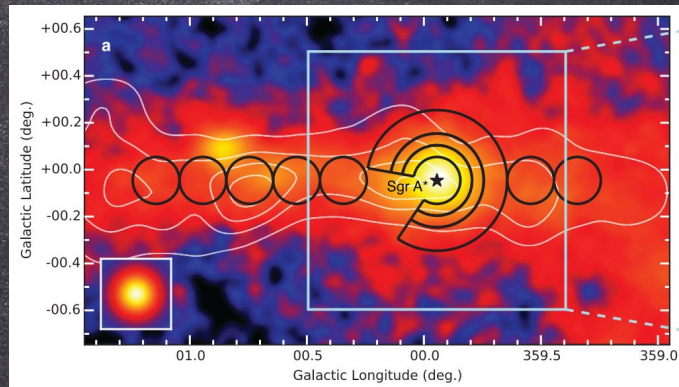
Amenomori et al. 2021, De La Torre Luque et al. 2022

# $\gamma$ -ray emission ...



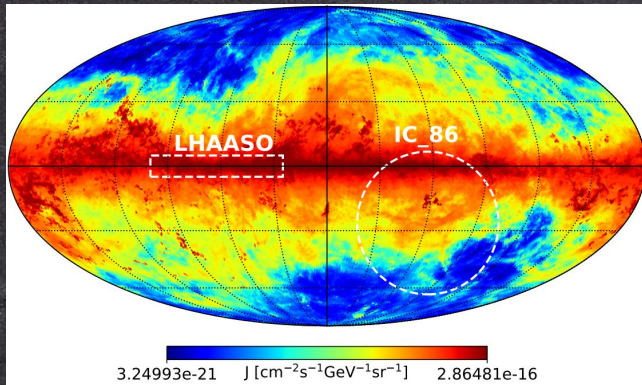
from Fermi/LAT (GeV) ...

Ackermann et al. 2012



... to HESS (TeV) ...

Aharonian et al. 2016



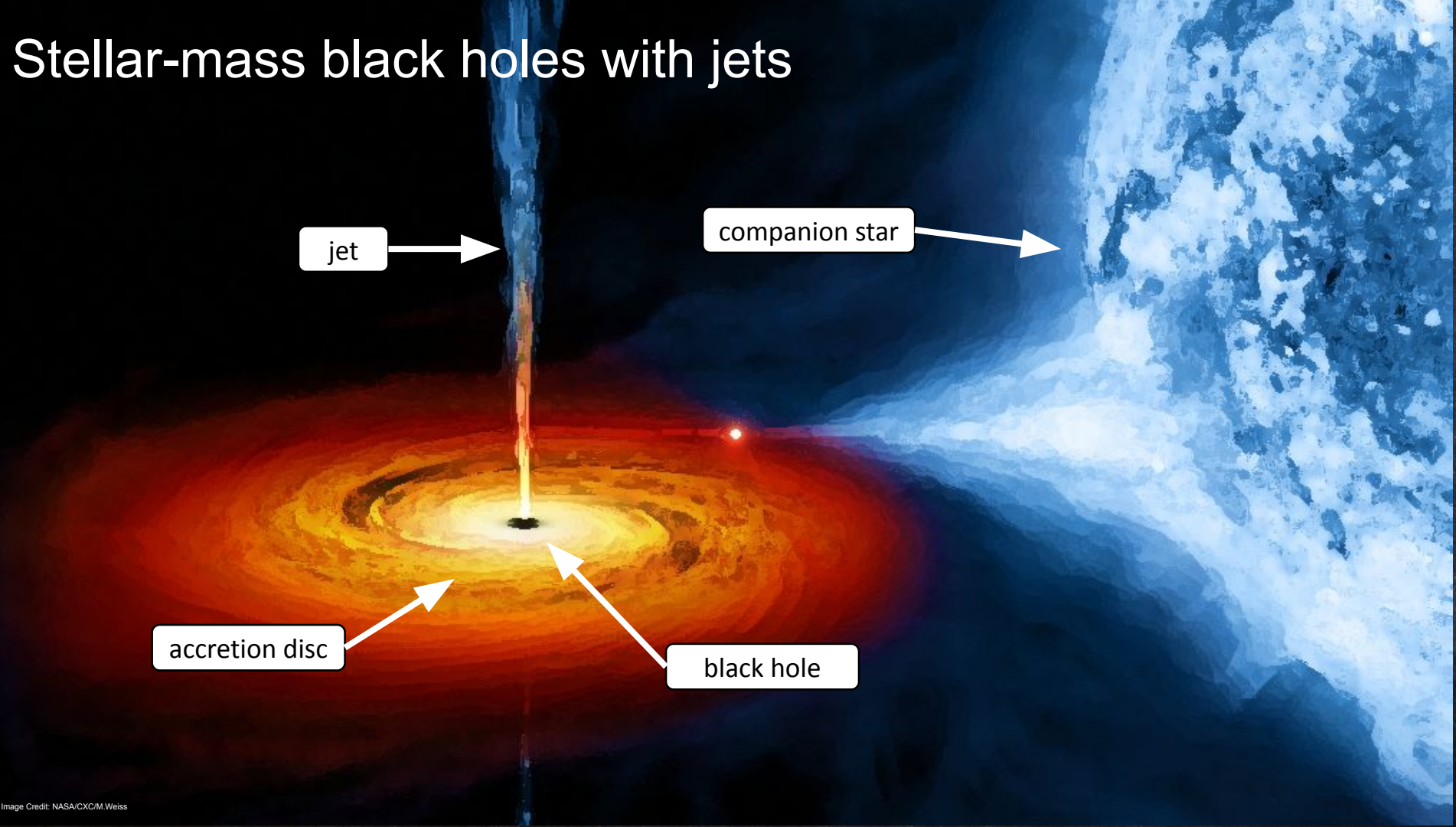
and recently by Tibet AS $\gamma$  & LHAASO (PeV)

Amenomori et al. 2021, De La Torre Luque et al. 2022

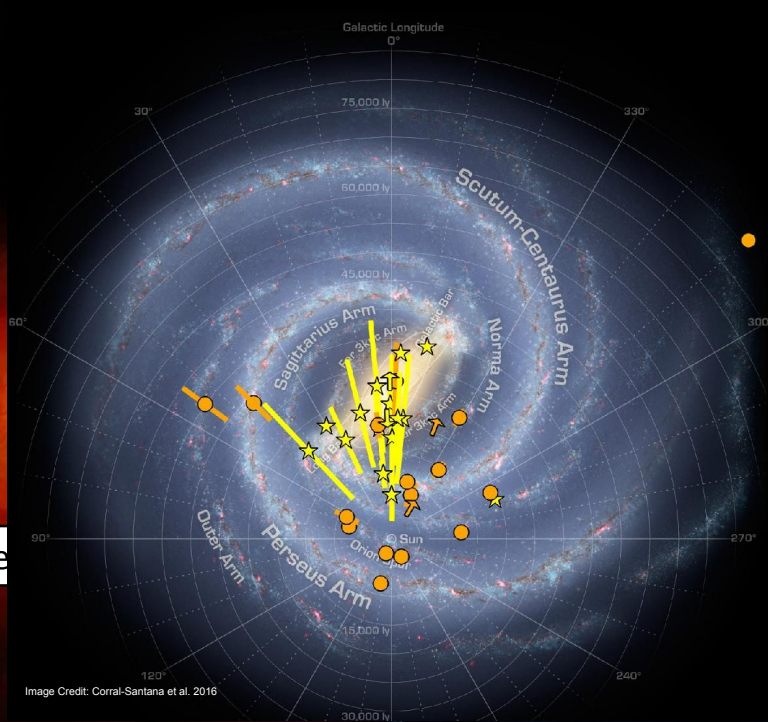
Diffuse emission or point sources?

Astrophysical origin or beyond the Standard Model physics?

# Stellar-mass black holes with jets

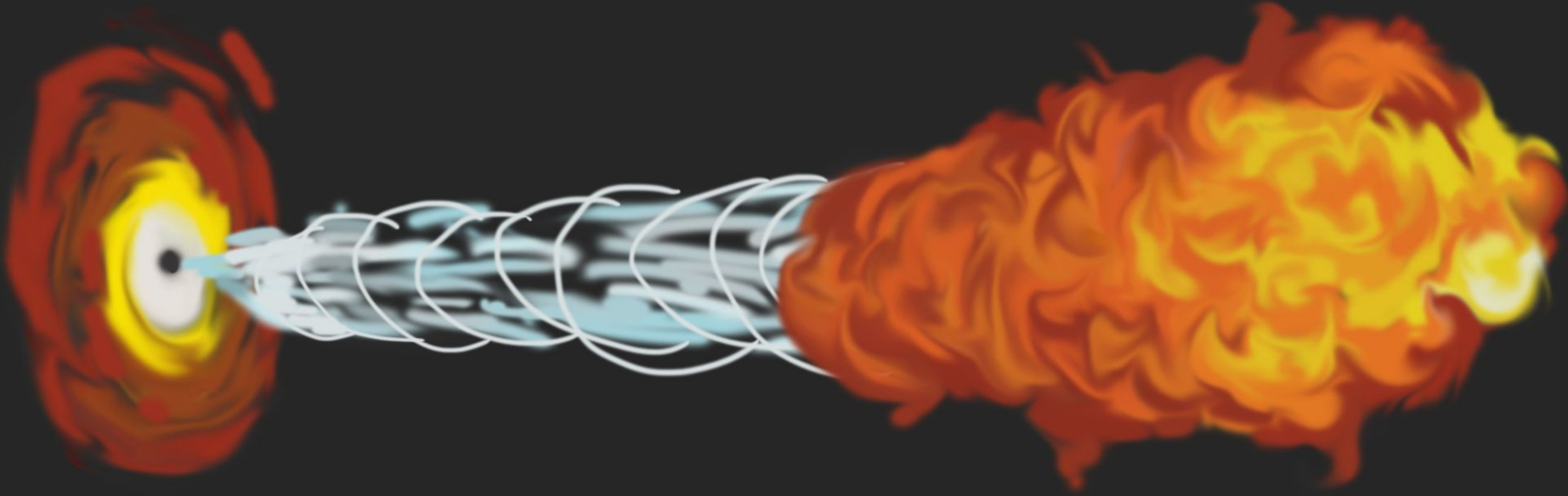


# Stellar-mass black holes with jets

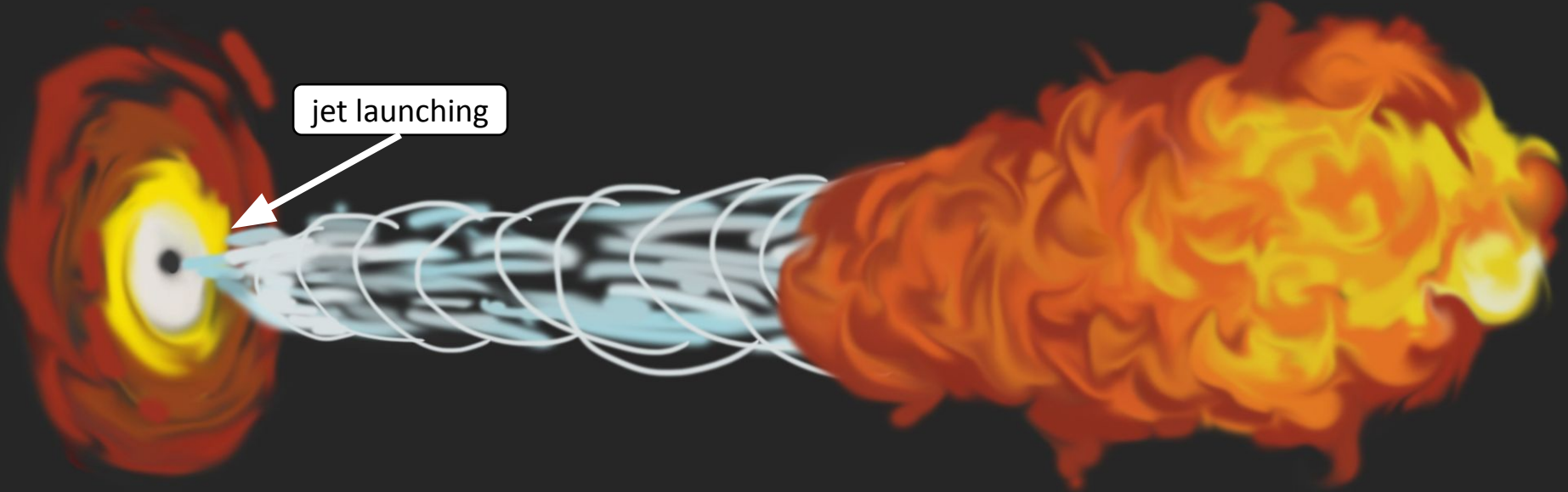


- distributed in the Milky Way (~50 detected)
- both persistent and transient
- strong magnetic fields
- accelerate particles to high energies
- emit in  $\gamma$ -rays

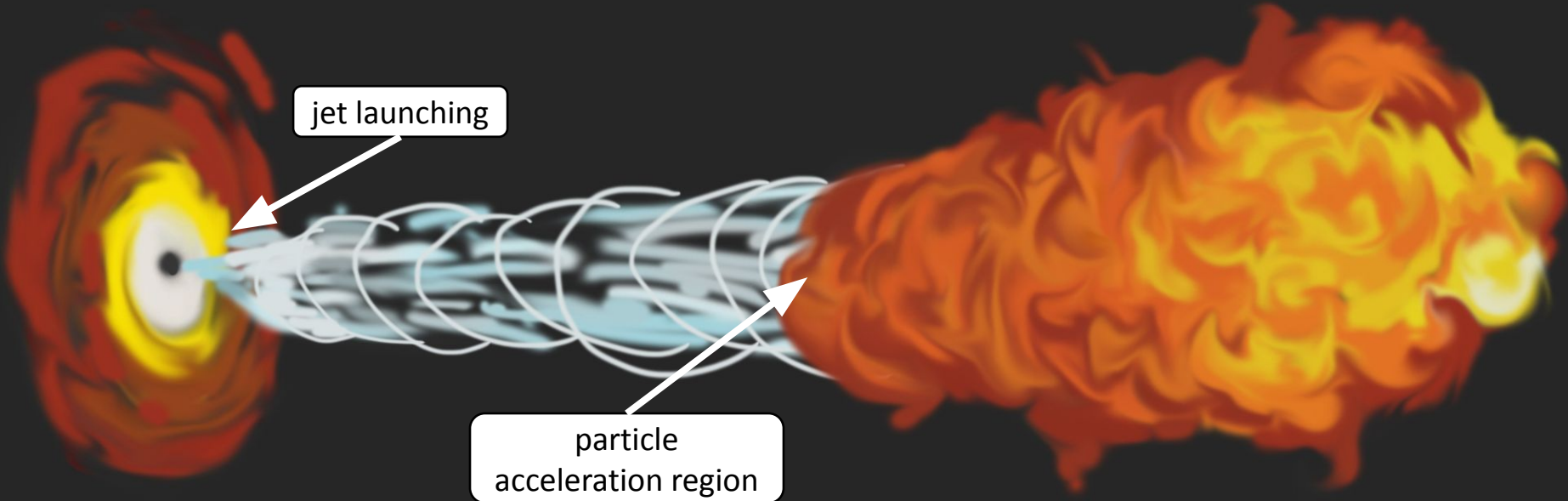
# A multi-zone, *jet model* with hadronic interactions



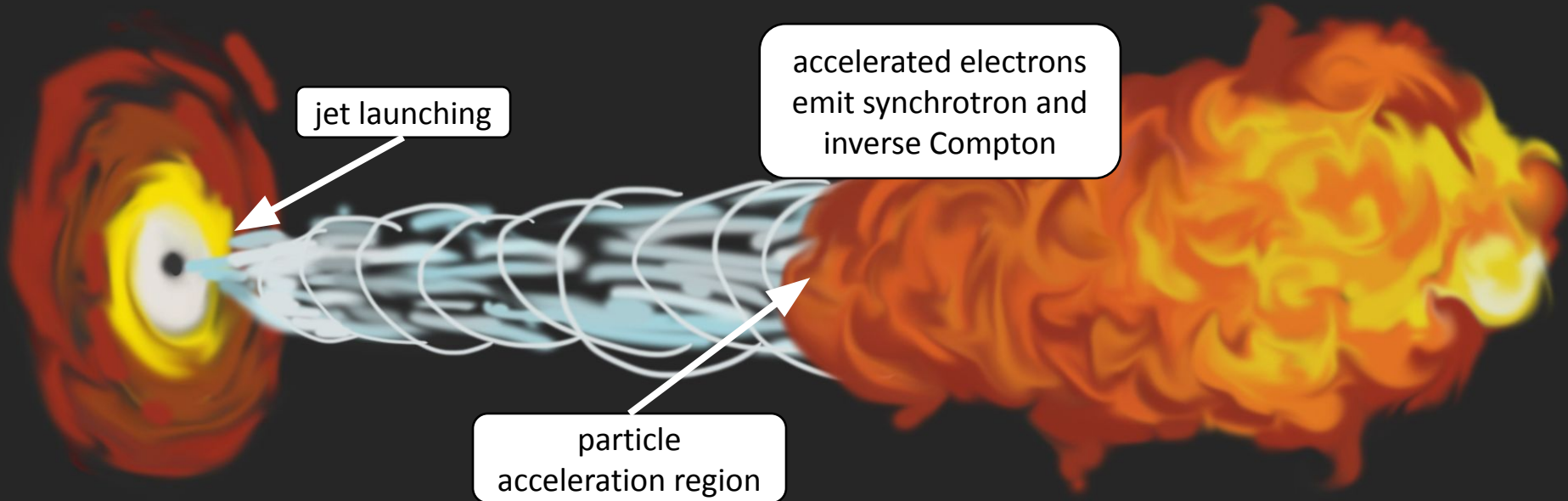
# A multi-zone, *jet model* with hadronic interactions



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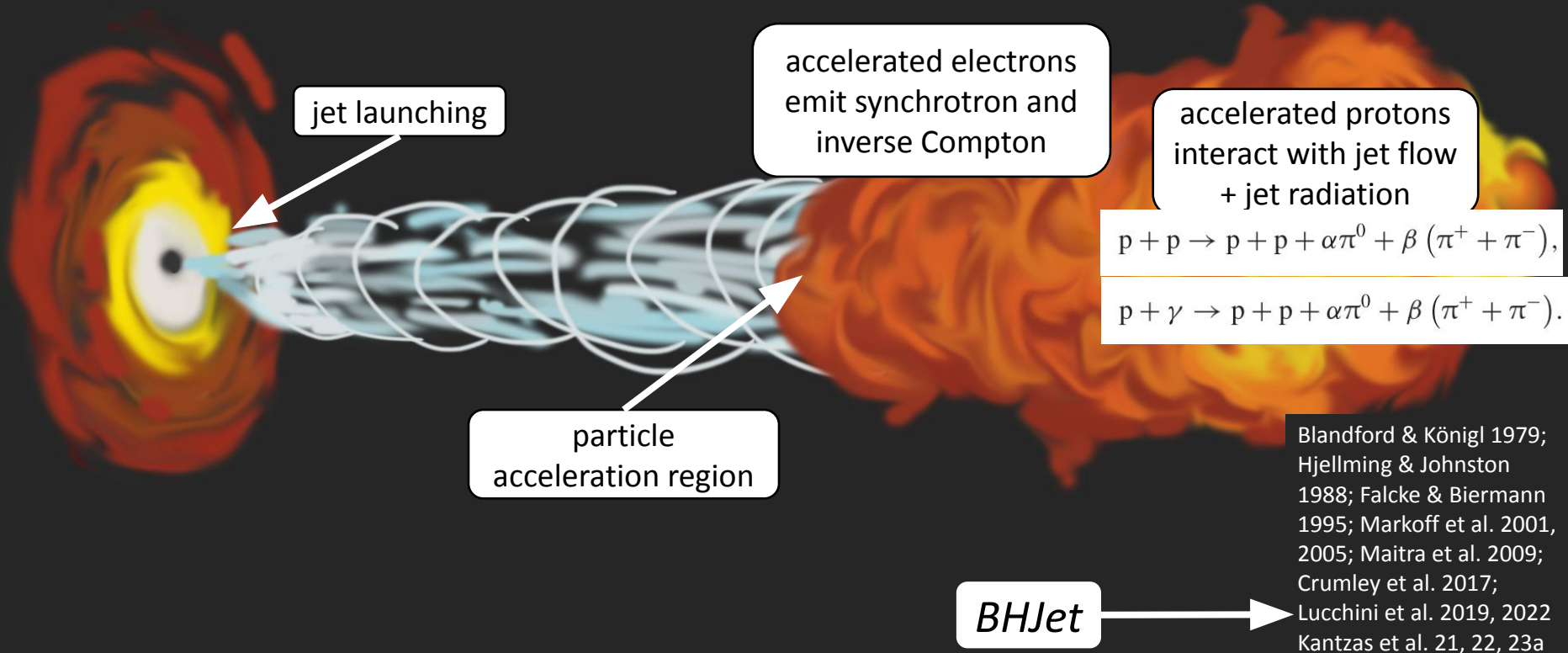


# A multi-zone, *jet model* with hadronic interactions

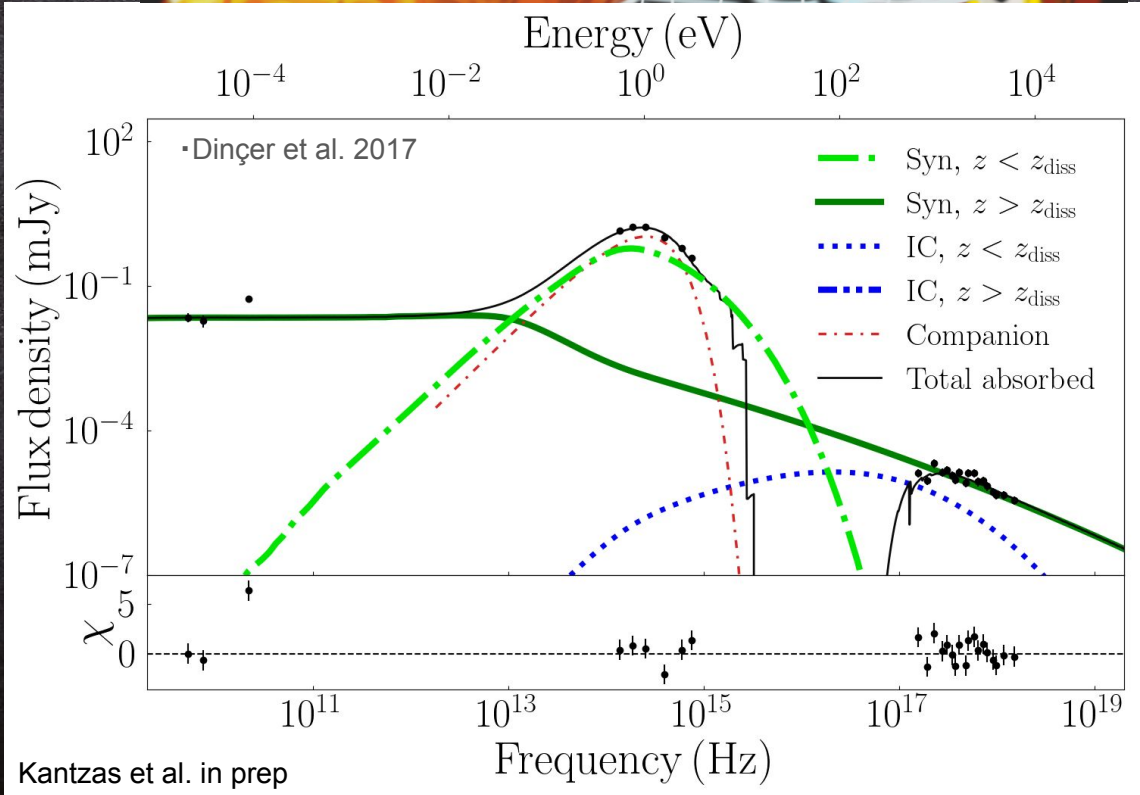
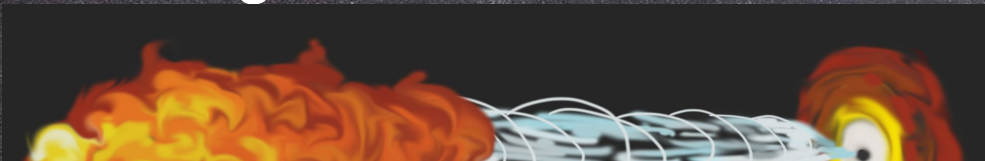




# A multi-zone, *jet model* with hadronic interactions



# Multiwavelength constraints from A0620–00



quiescent  
black-hole  
X-ray binary  
(qBH-XRB)



$M_{\text{bh}}: 6.61 M_{\odot}$

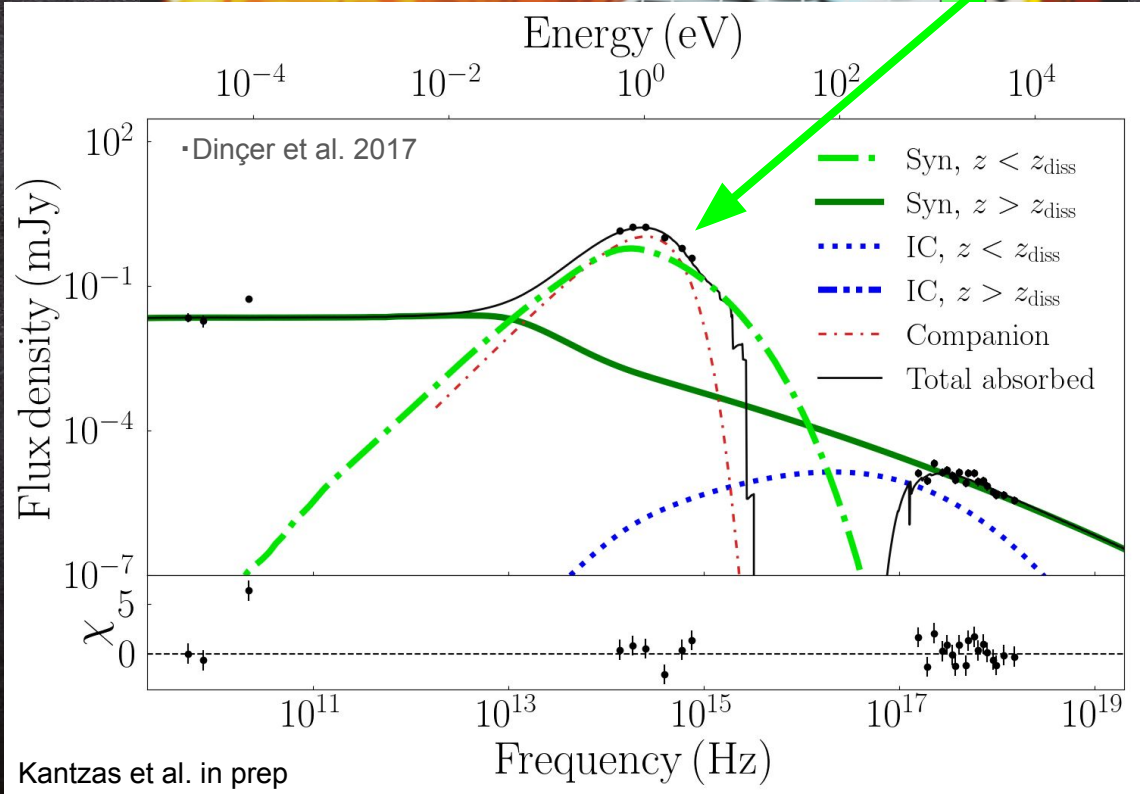
distance: 1.1 kpc

inclination: 51 deg

jet power:  $10^{-5} \text{ Edd}^*$

\*Eddington luminosity:  $\sim 10^{38} \text{ erg/s } (M_{\text{bh}}/M_{\odot})$

# Multiwavelength constraints from A0620–00

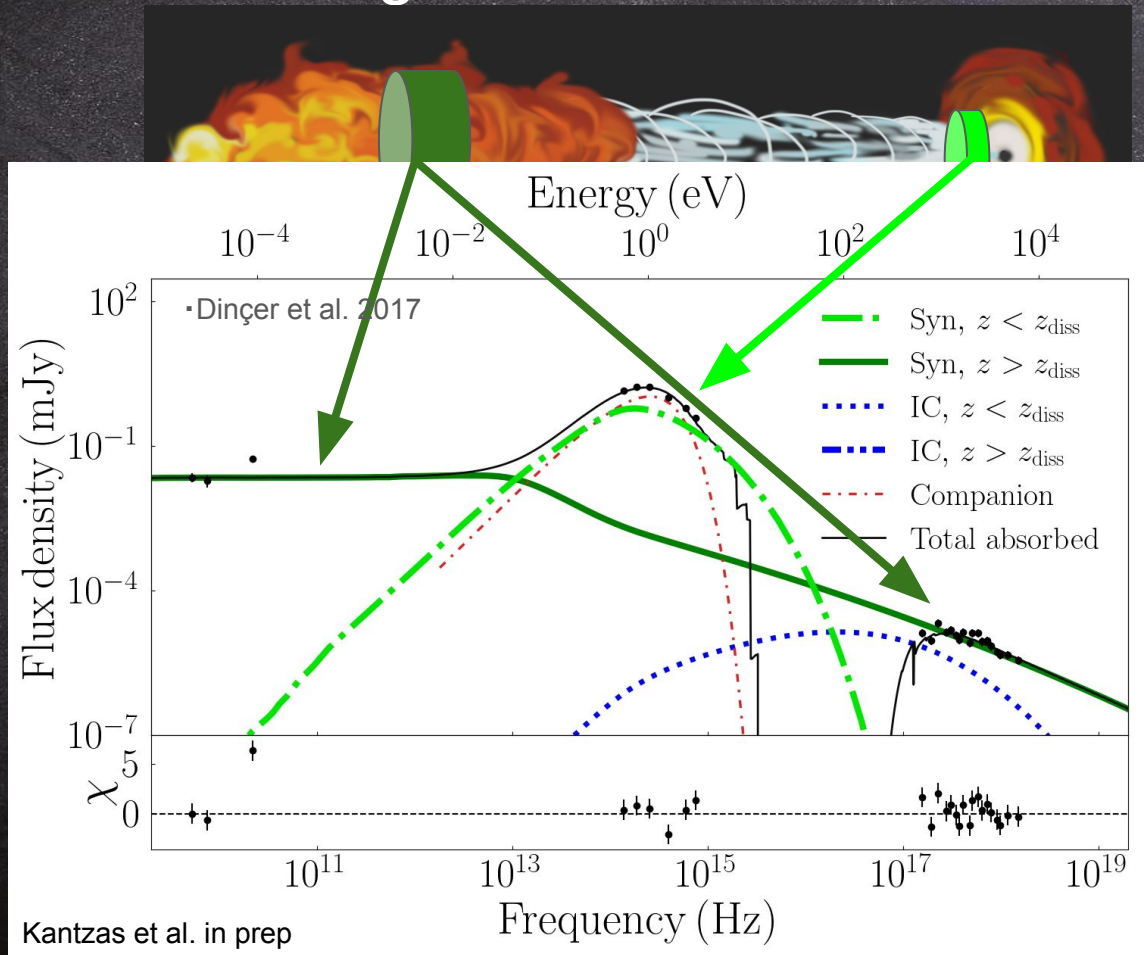


quiescent  
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$M_{\text{bh}}: 6.61 M_{\odot}$   
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# Multiwavelength constraints from A0620–00

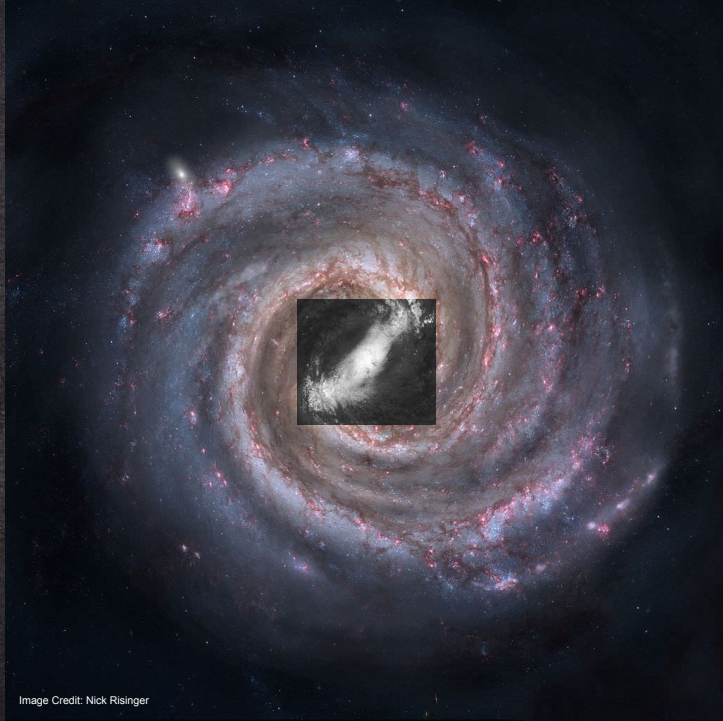


quiescent  
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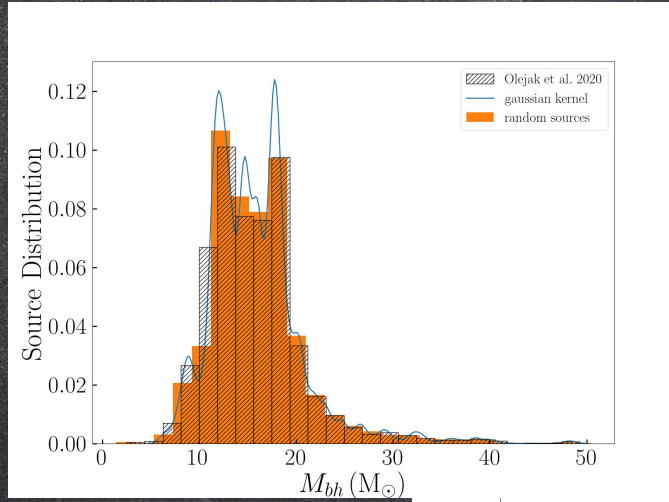


$M_{\text{bh}}: 6.61 M_{\odot}$   
distance: 1.1 kpc  
inclination: 51 deg  
jet power:  $10^{-5}$  Edd

# Population of qBH-XRBs: disc

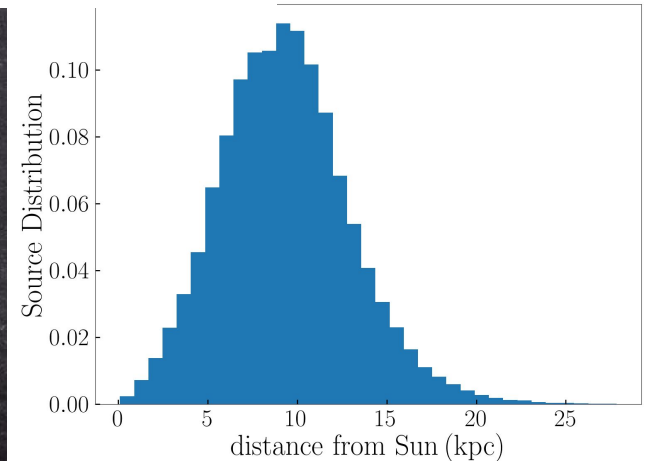


100.000 sources following a 2D Lorimer distribution (Lorimer et al. 2006)



Black hole masses  
based on Olejak et al. 2020

Black hole distances



# Population of qBH-XRBs: diffuse and prompt emission



Image Credit: Nick Risinger

- CR propagation
  - contribution to the CR spectrum
  - contribution to the  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum
  - contribution to the neutrino spectrum

# Population of qBH-XRBs: diffuse and prompt emission

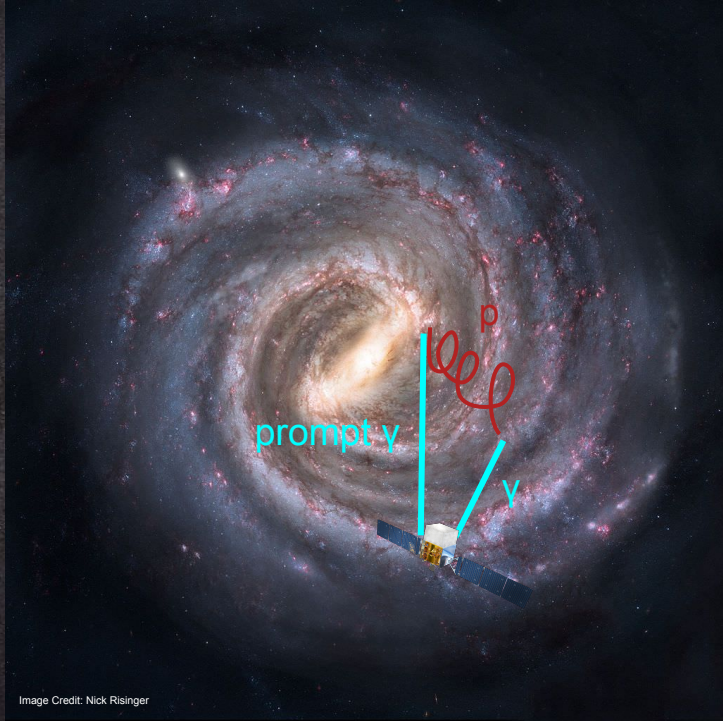


Image Credit: Nick Risinger

- CR propagation
  - contribution to the CR spectrum
  - contribution to the  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum
  - contribution to the neutrino spectrum
- prompt (intrinsic) emission
  - contribution to the  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum
  - contribution to the neutrino spectrum

# Population of qBH-XRBs: diffuse and prompt emission

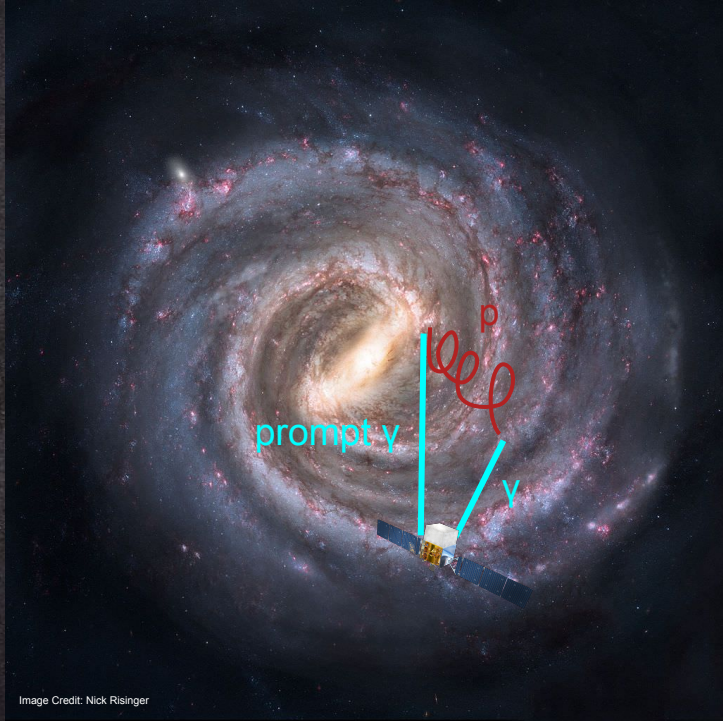
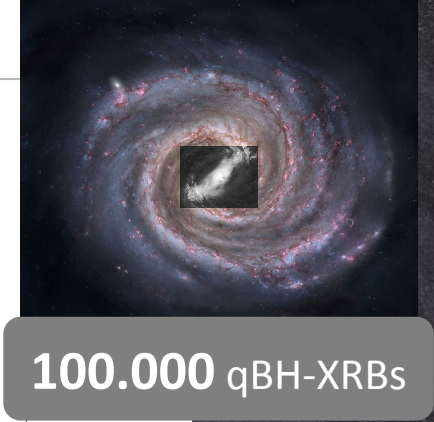
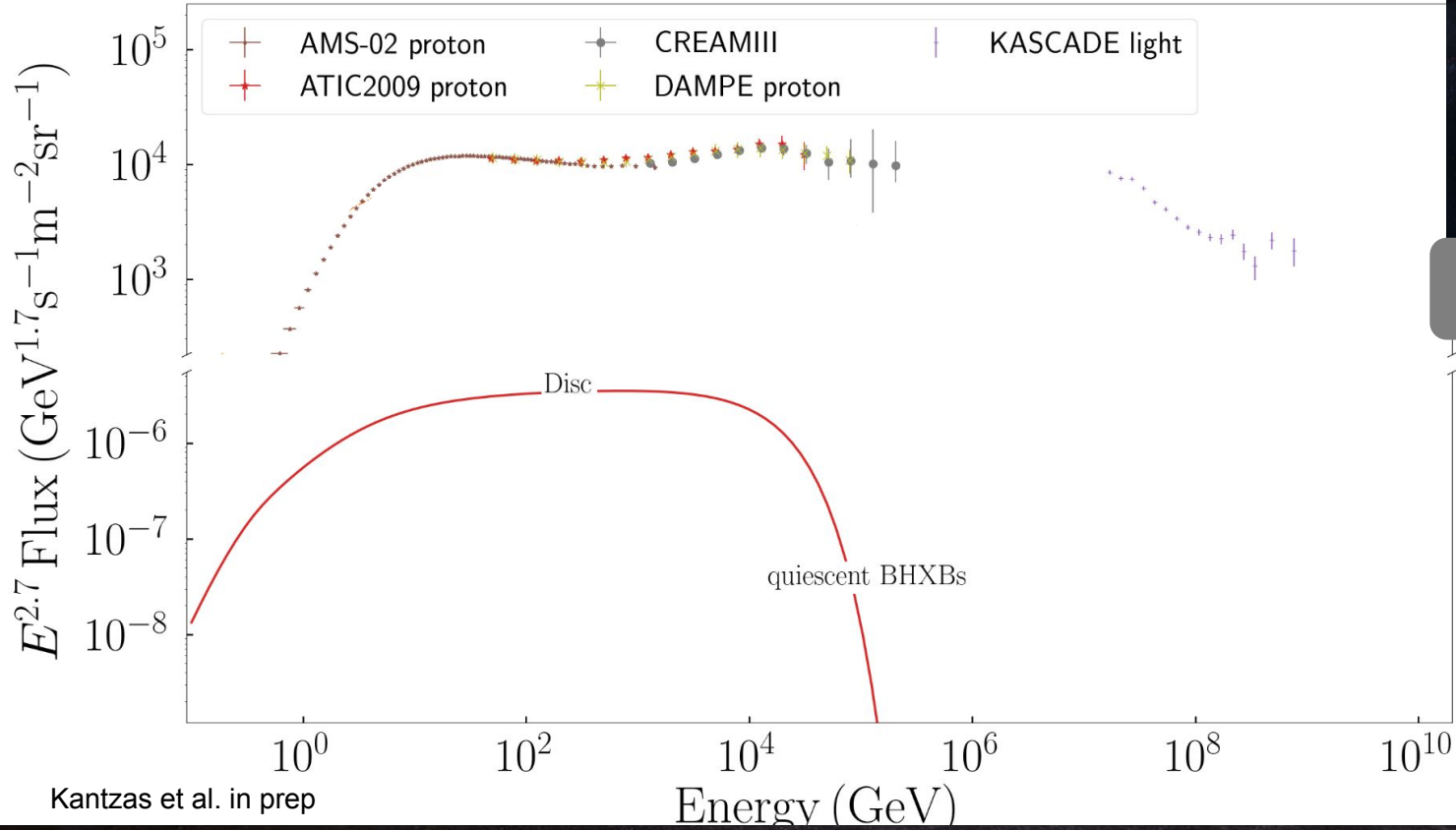


Image Credit: Nick Risinger

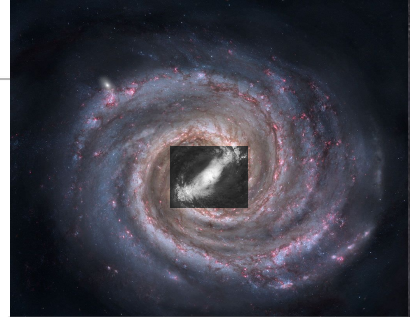
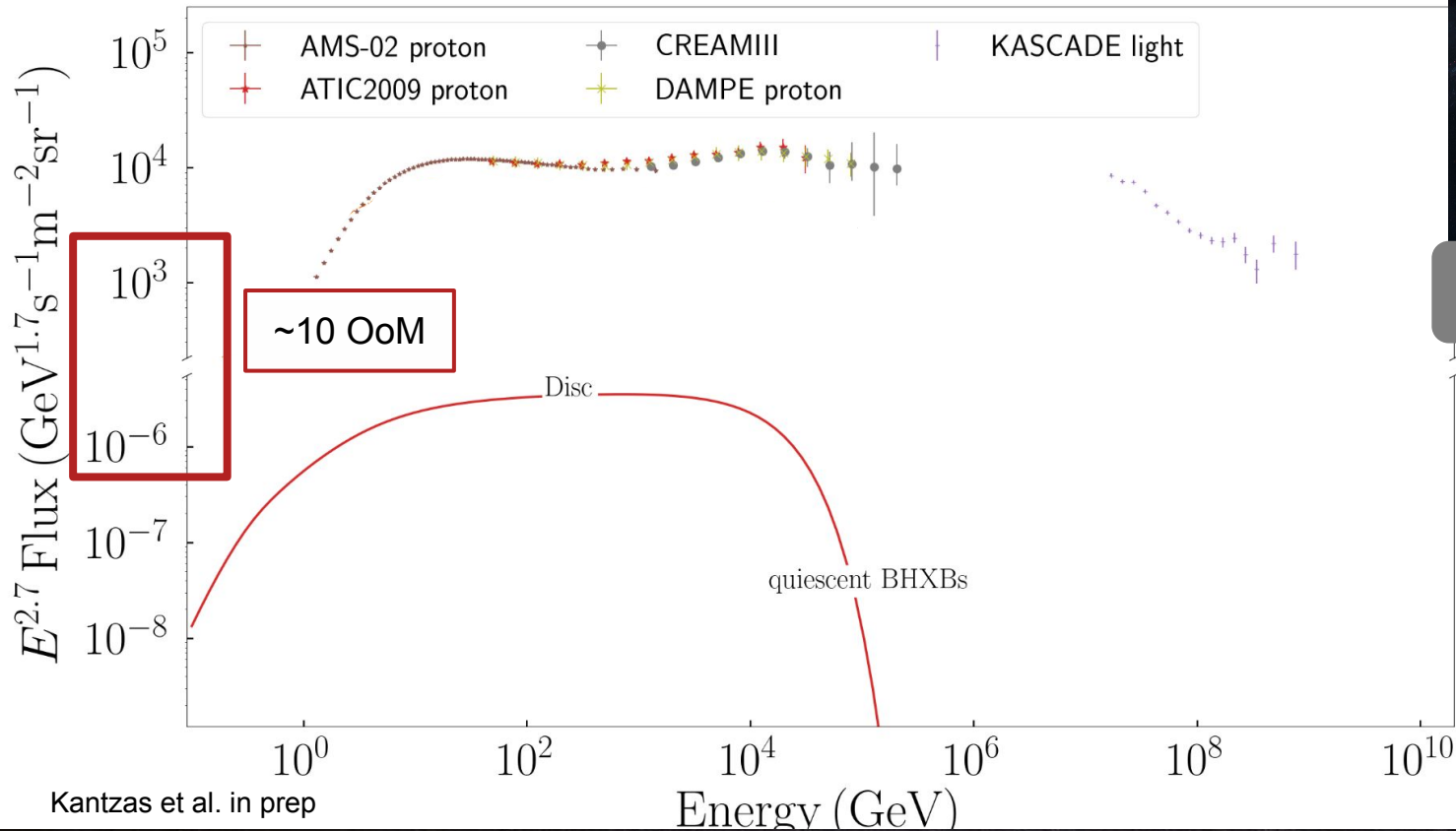
- CR propagation
  - contribution to the CR spectrum
  - contribution to the  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum
  - ~~contribution to the neutrino spectrum~~
- prompt (intrinsic) emission
  - contribution to the  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum
  - ~~contribution to the neutrino spectrum~~



# Contribution of qBH-XRBs to the CR proton spectrum



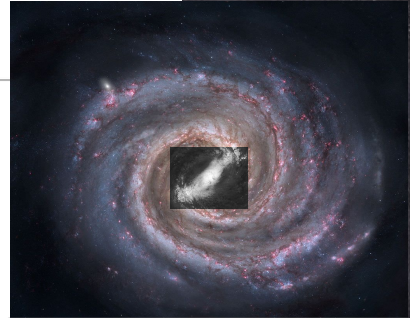
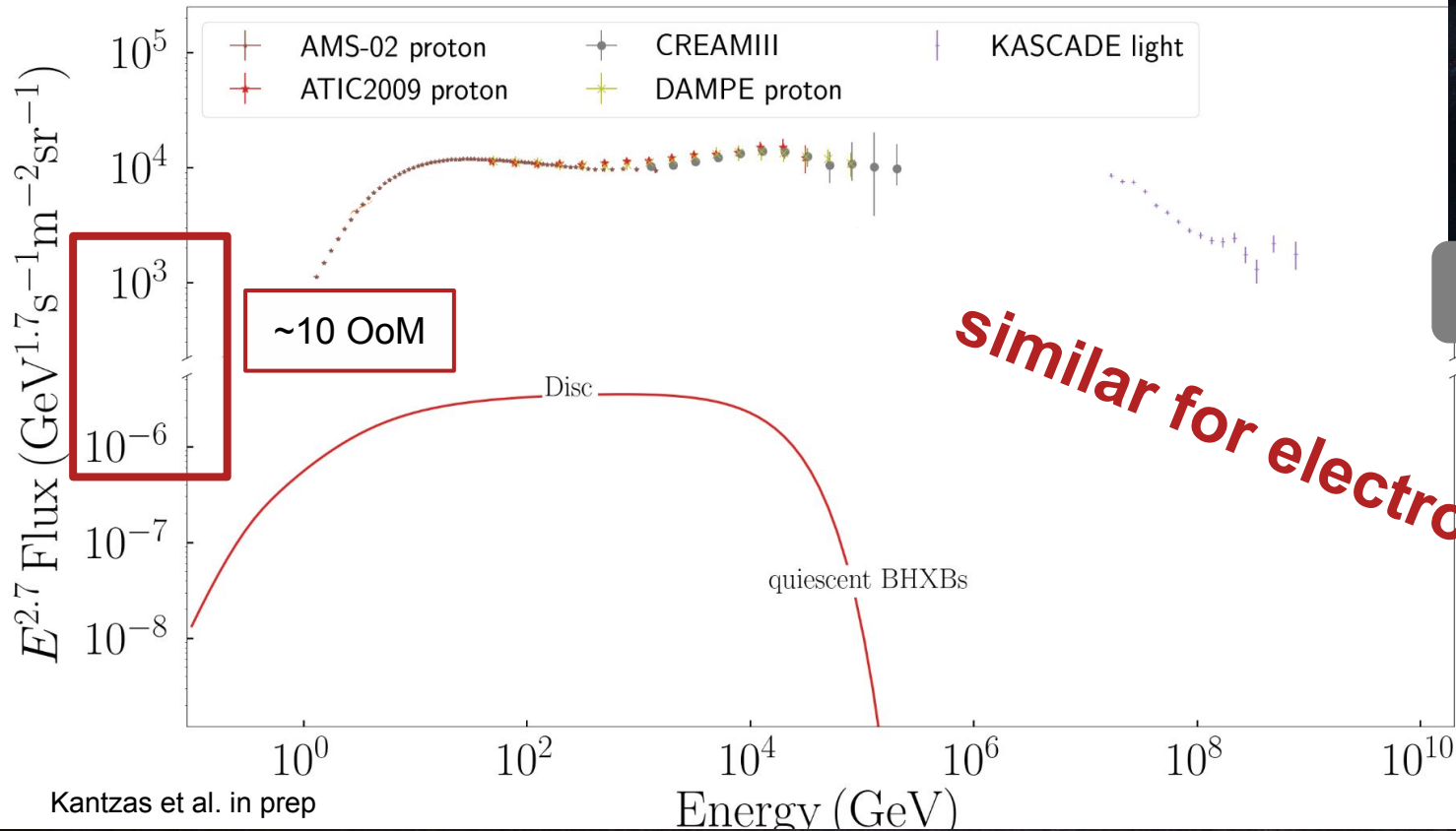
# Contribution of qBH-XRBs to the CR proton spectrum



100.000 qBH-XRBs



# Contribution of qBH-XRBs to the CR proton spectrum

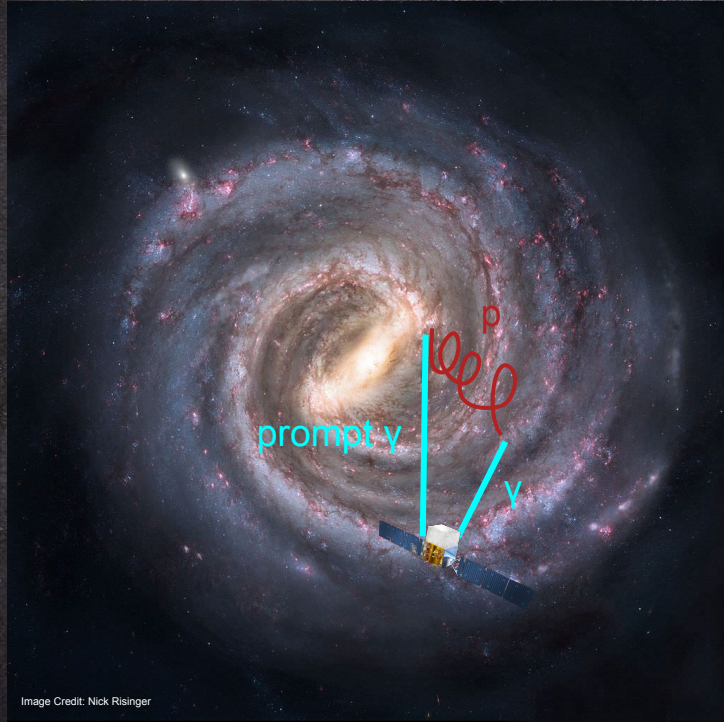


100.000 qBH-XRBs

**similar for electrons**



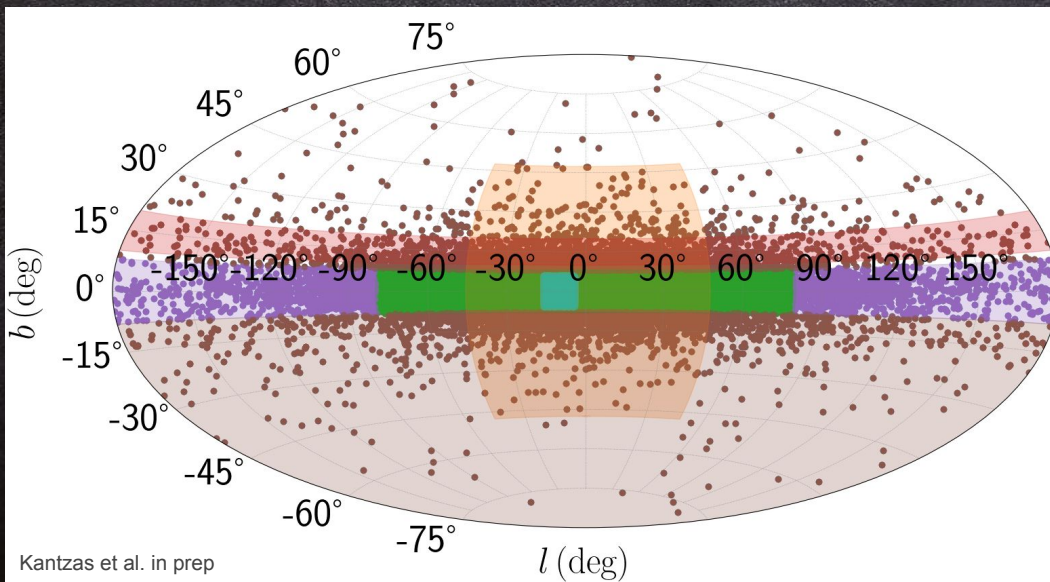
# Population of qBH-XRBs: diffuse and prompt emission



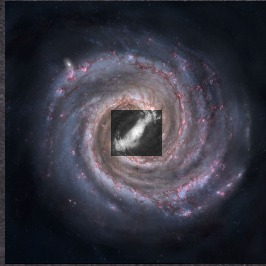
- CR propagation
  - contribution to the CR spectrum
  - contribution to the  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum
  - contribution to the neutrino spectrum
- prompt (intrinsic) emission
  - contribution to the  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum
  - contribution to the neutrino spectrum

# Prompt emission from the disc qBH-XRBs

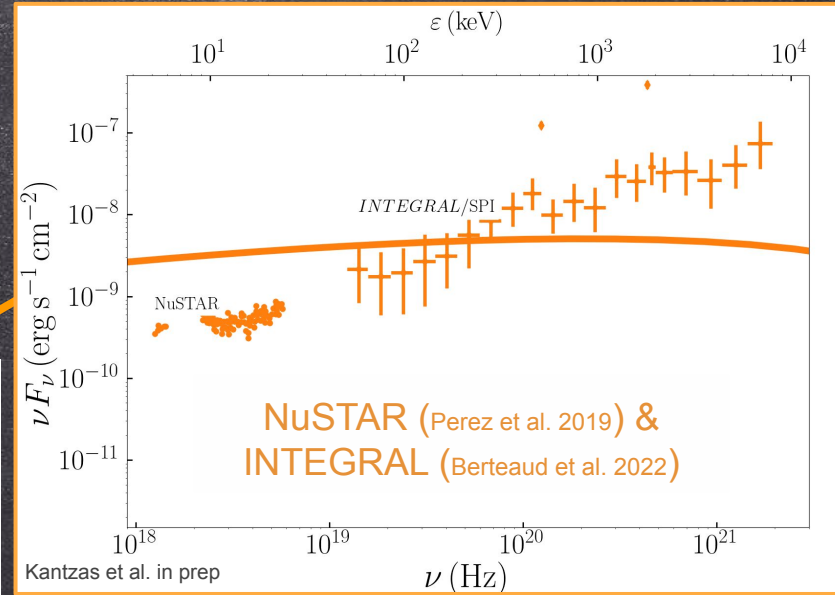
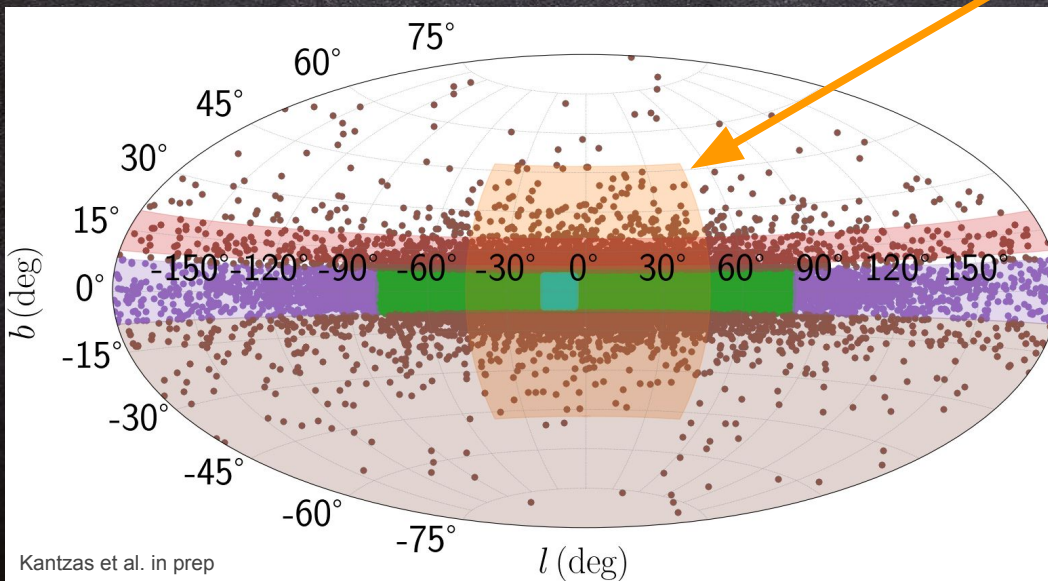
100,000 sources following a 2D Lorimer distribution (Lorimer et al. 2006)



# Prompt emission from the disc qBH-XRBs



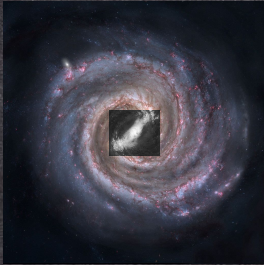
100,000 sources following a 2D Lorimer distribution (Lorimer et al. 2006)



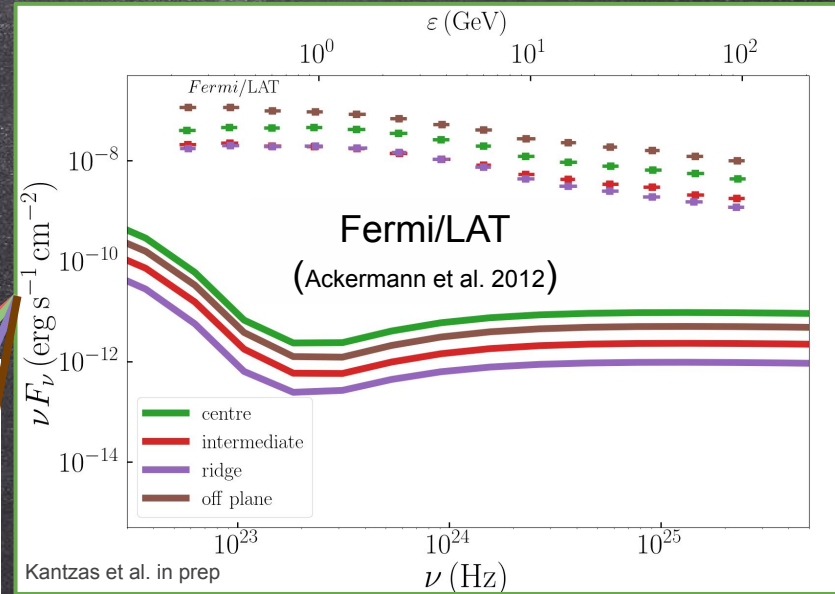
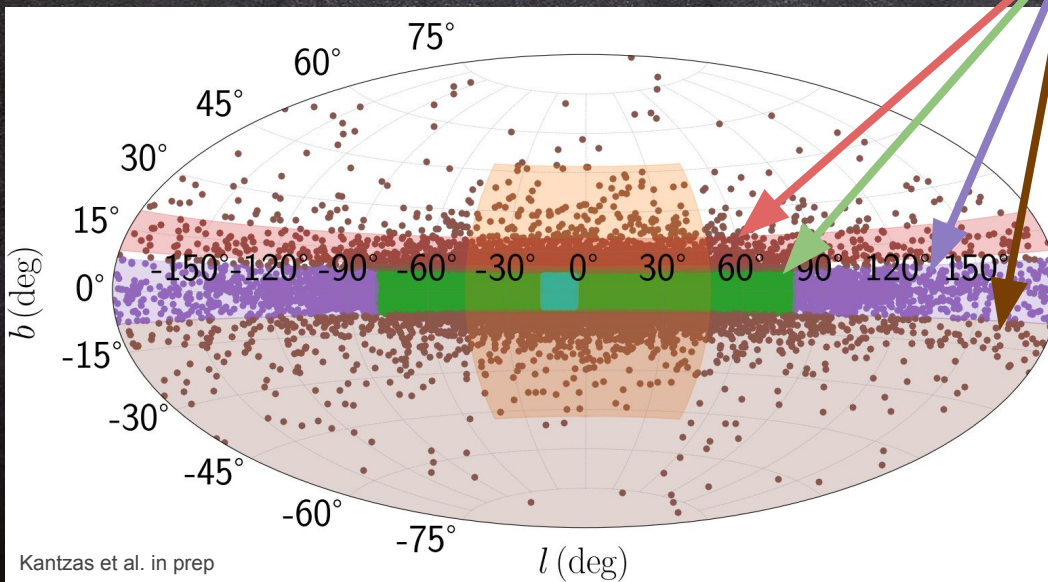
up to 100% in the 10–100keV regime

100,000 with  $10^{-5}$  Eddington luminosity

# Prompt emission from the disc qBH-XRBs

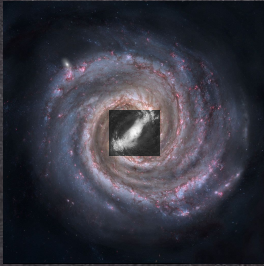


100,000 sources following a 2D Lorimer distribution (Lorimer et al. 2006)

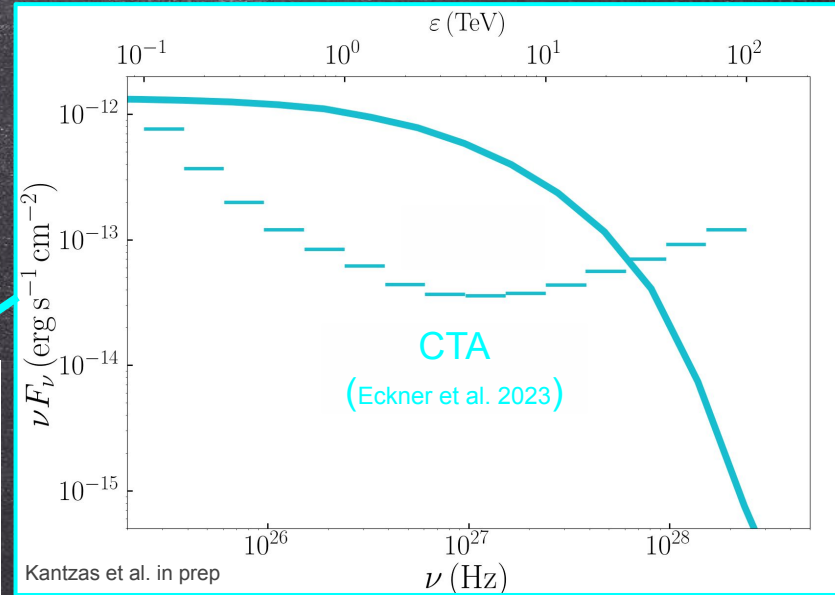
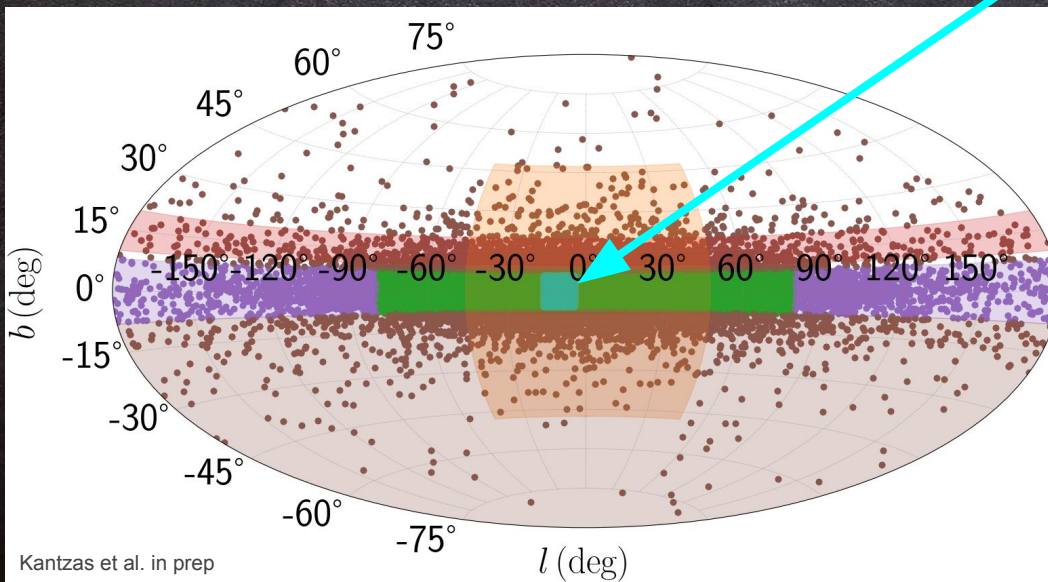


<0.01% in the GeV regime

# Prompt emission from the disc qBH-XRBs



100,000 sources following a 2D Lorimer distribution (Lorimer et al. 2006)



100% in the TeV regime



# Population of qBH-XRBs: diffuse and prompt emission

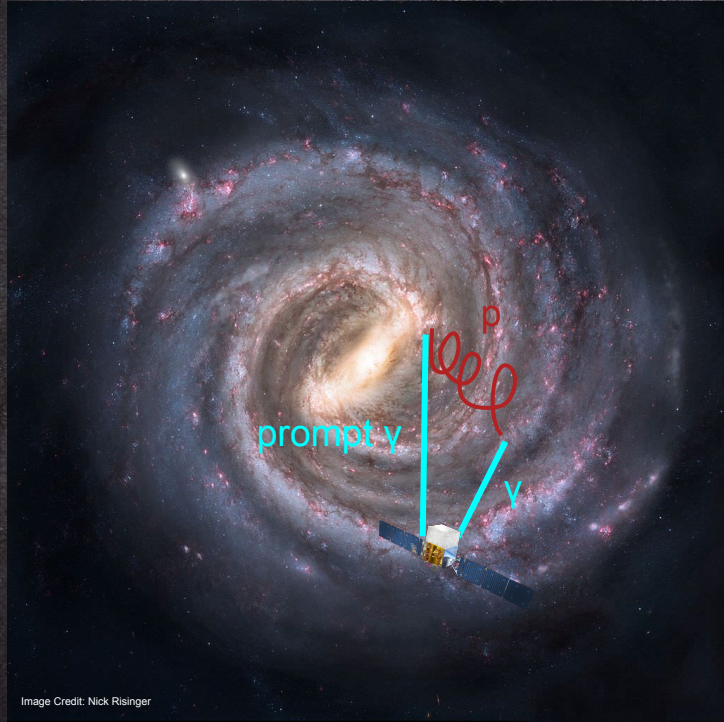


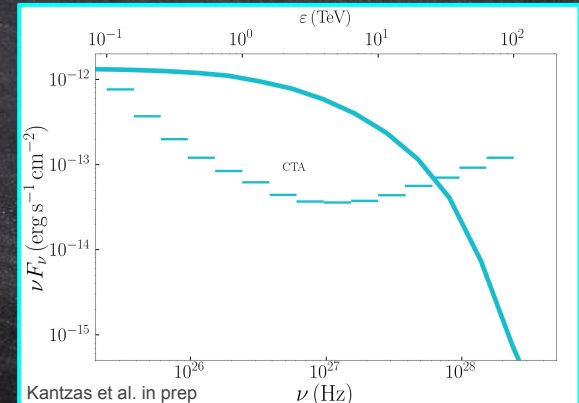
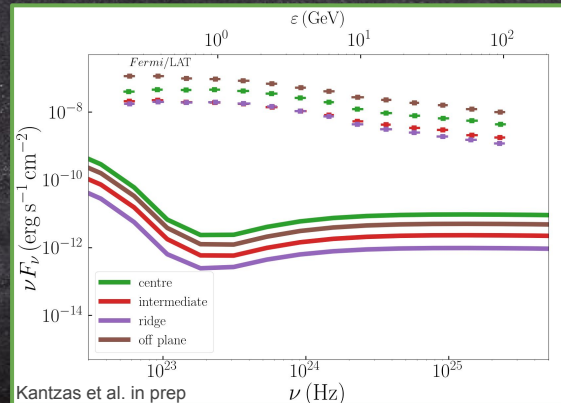
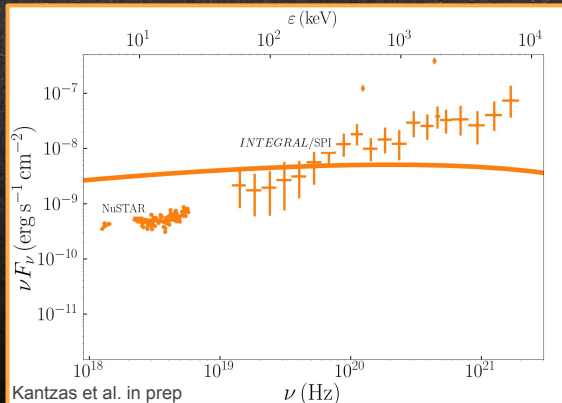
Image Credit: Nick Risinger

- CR propagation
  - contribution to the CR spectrum
  - contribution to the  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum
  - contribution to the neutrino spectrum
- prompt (intrinsic) emission
  - contribution to the  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum
  - contribution to the neutrino spectrum (in prep)



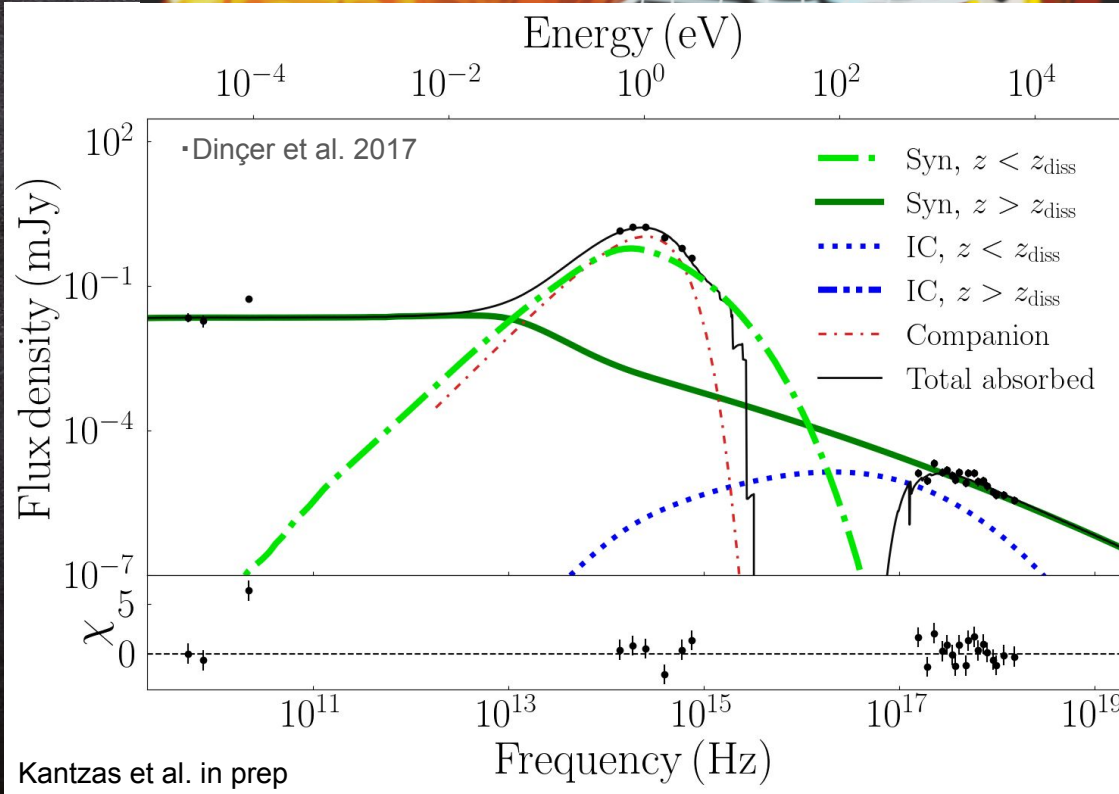
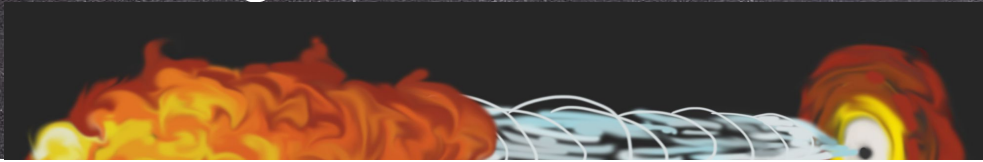
# Conclusions

- quiescent black-hole XRBs may contribute:
  - ~0% to the CR proton spectrum
  - ~0% to the CR electron spectrum
  - with prompt emission:
    - up to ~ 100% to the **X-ray spectrum** (100.000 with  $10^{-5}$  Eddington luminosity)
    - up to ~ 0.01% to the **GeV  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum**
    - up to ~ 100% to the **TeV  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum**
- BUT flaring black-hole XRBs (see Kantzas et al. 2023b)?



Extra Slides

# Multiwavelength constraints from A0620–00



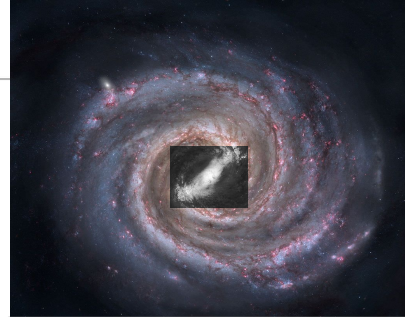
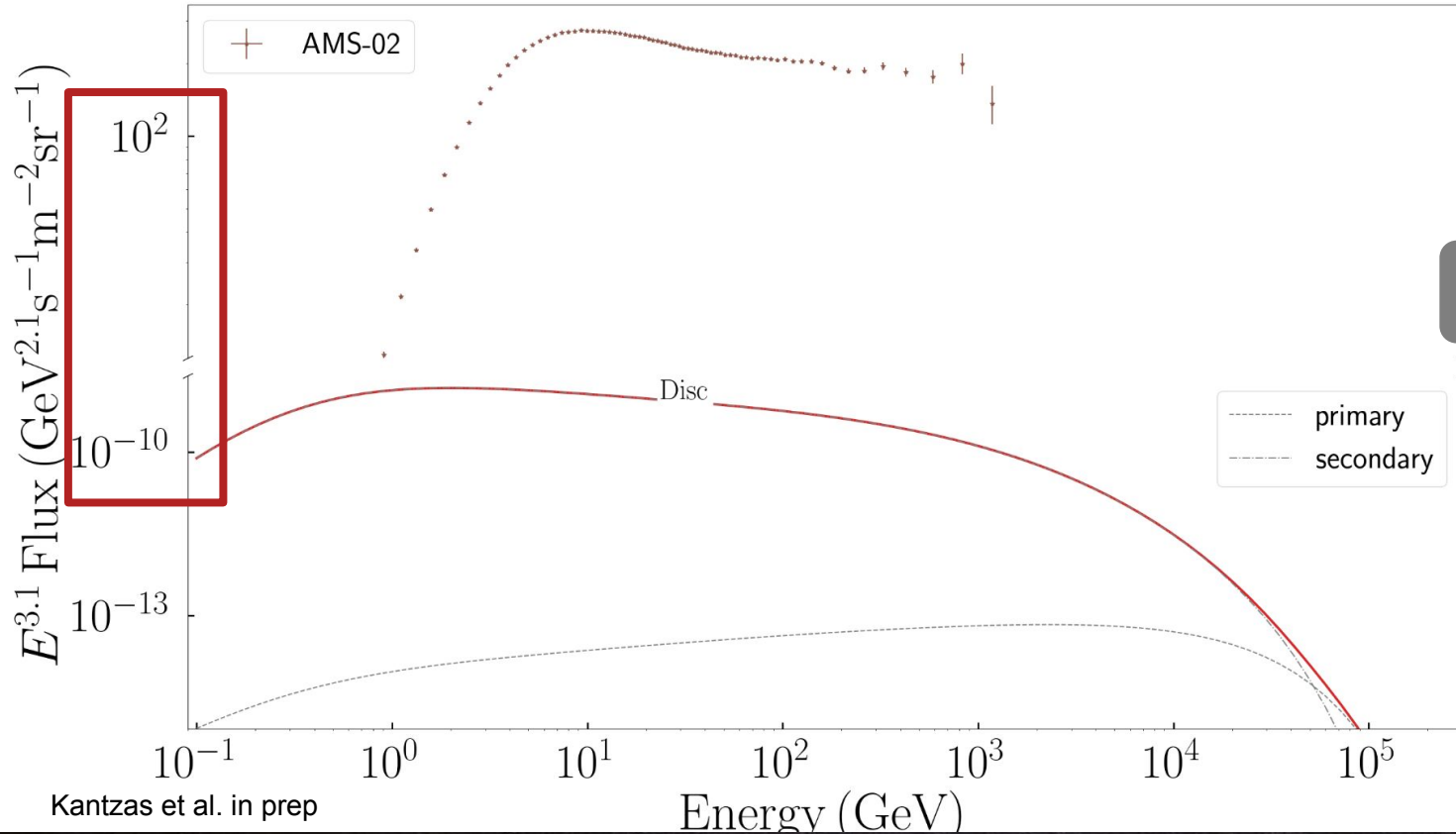
quiescent  
black-hole  
X-ray binary  
(qBH-XRB)



For BLJet:

- $P_p = 3 \times 10^{35} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$  for  $E_{p,\text{max}} = 20 \text{ TeV}$
- $P_e = 2 \times 10^{34} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$  for  $E_{e,\text{max}} = 20 \text{ TeV}$
- $p = 2$  (particle index)

# Contribution of qBH-XRBs to the CR electron spectrum



100.000 qBH-XRBs

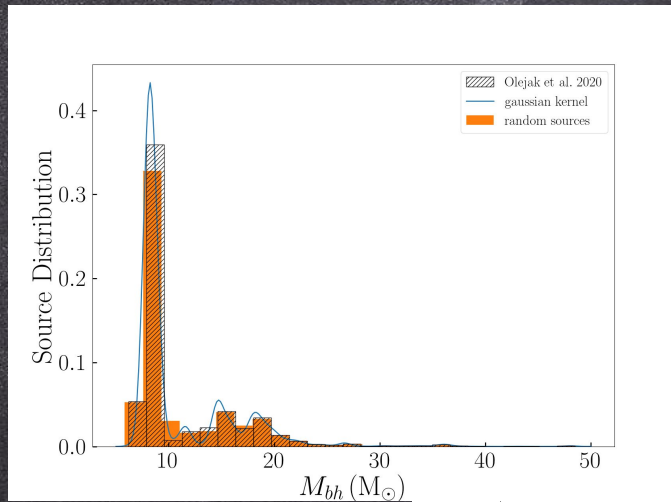


# Population of BH-XRBs: bulge



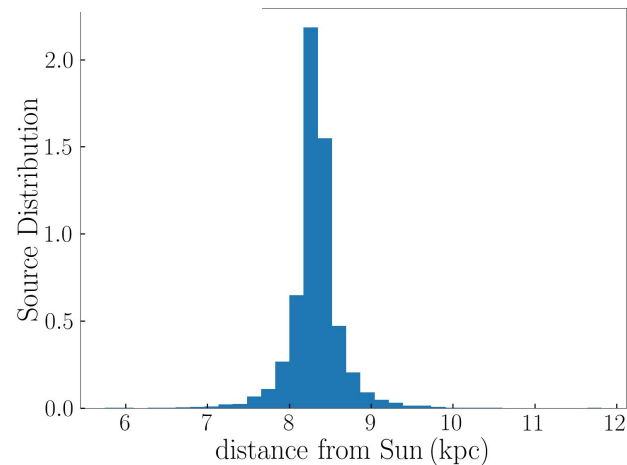
Image Credit: Nick Risinger

10.000 sources following a 3D Boxy Bulge distribution (Cao et al. 2013)



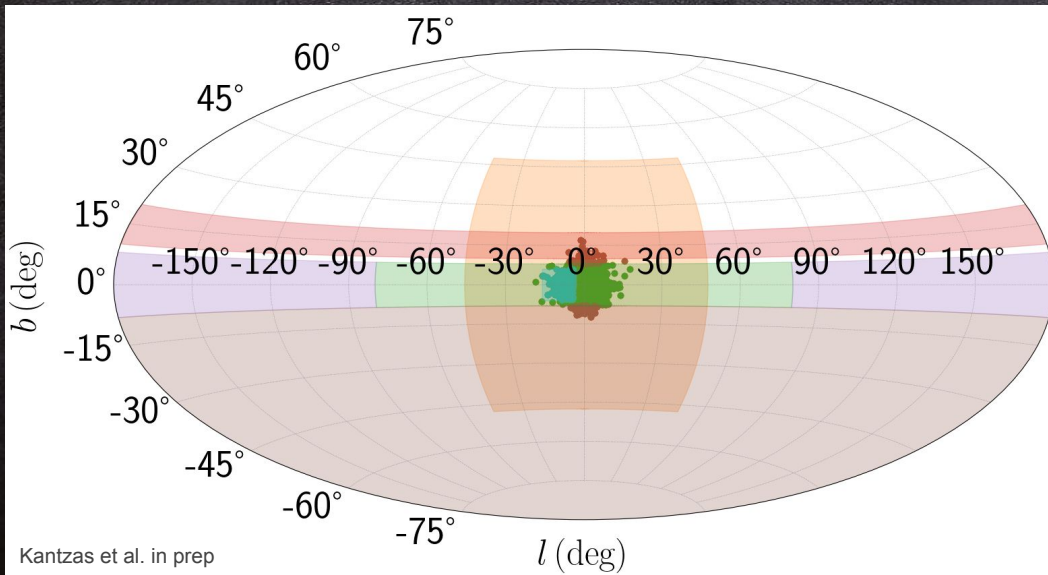
Black hole masses  
based on Olejak et al. 2020

Black hole distances

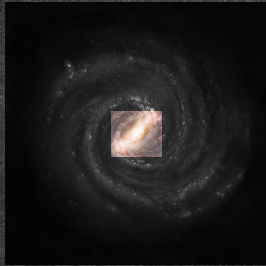


# Prompt emission from the Boxy Bulge qBH-XRBs

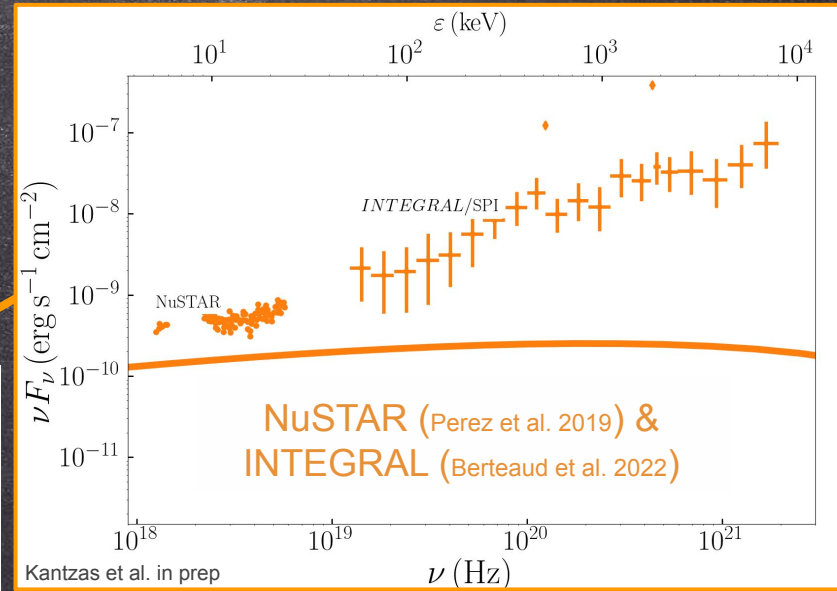
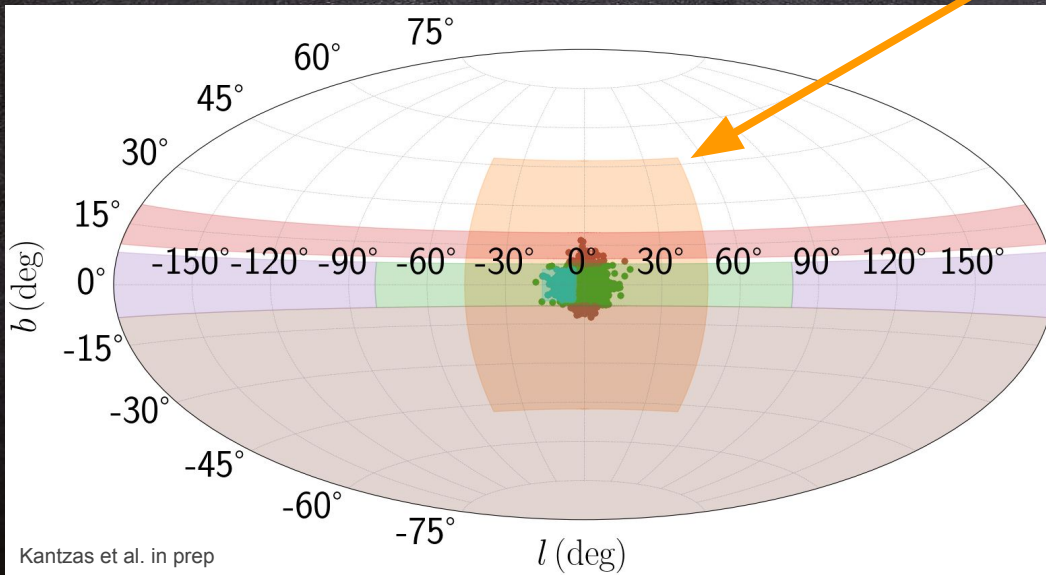
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# Prompt emission from the Boxy Bulge qBH-XRBs



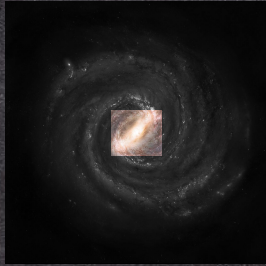
10,000 sources following a 3D Boxy Bulge distribution (Cao et al. 2013)



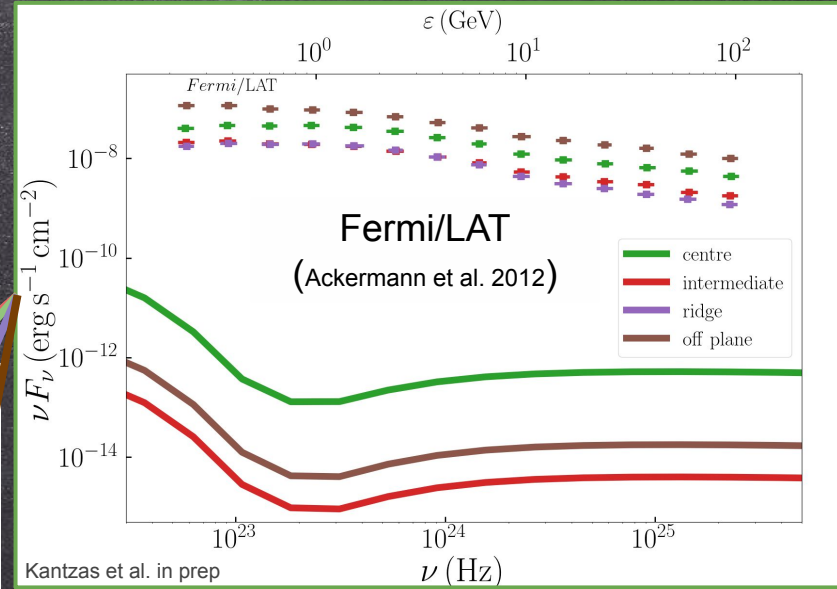
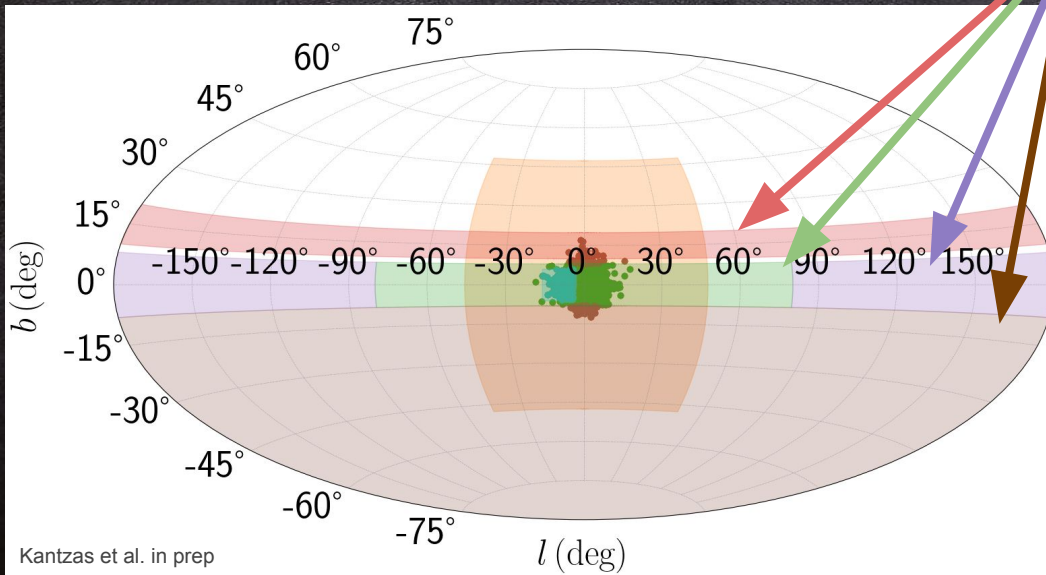
~20% in the 10keV regime



# Prompt emission from the Boxy Bulge qBH-XRBs

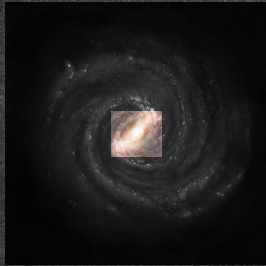


10,000 sources following a 3D Boxy Bulge distribution (Cao et al. 2013)

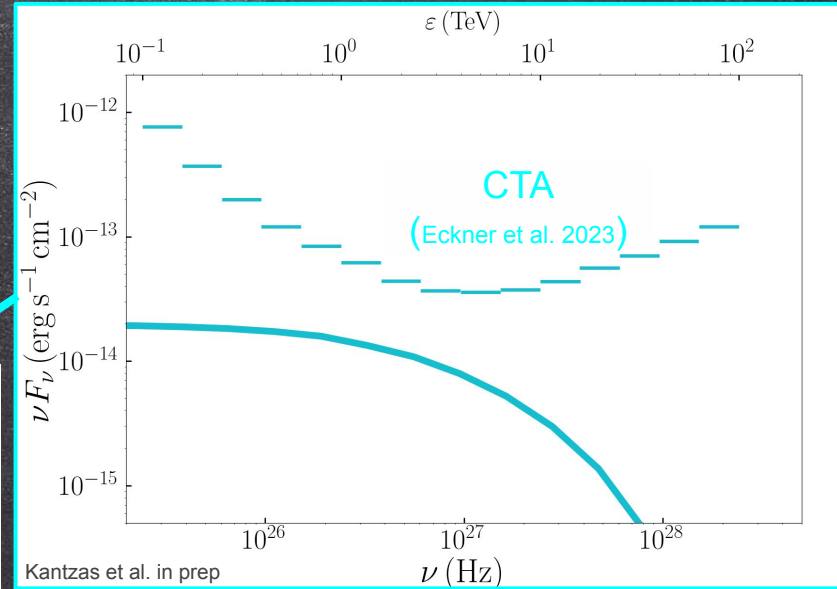
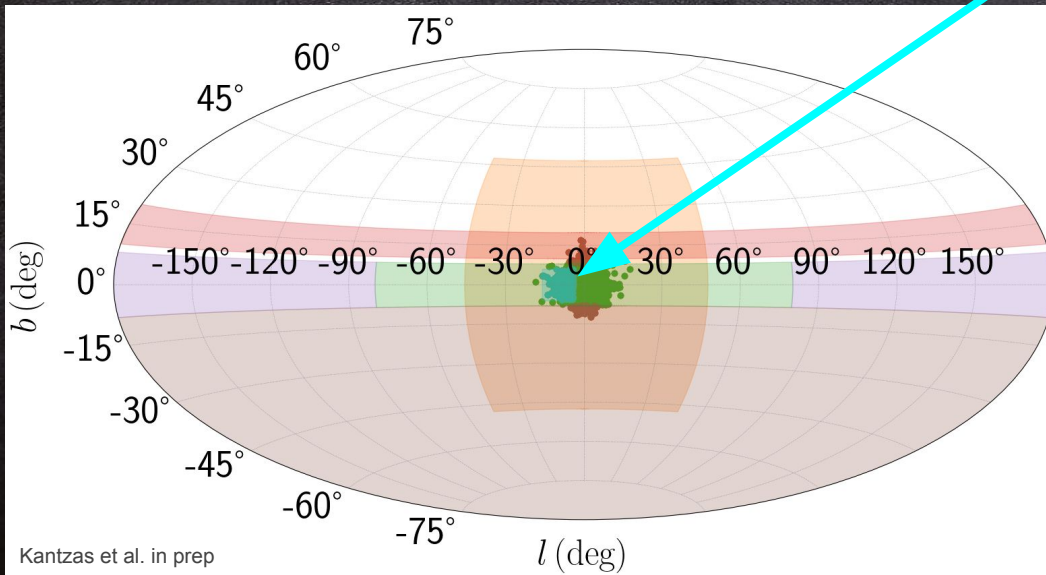


<0.01% in the GeV regime

# Prompt emission from the Boxy Bulge qBH-XRBs

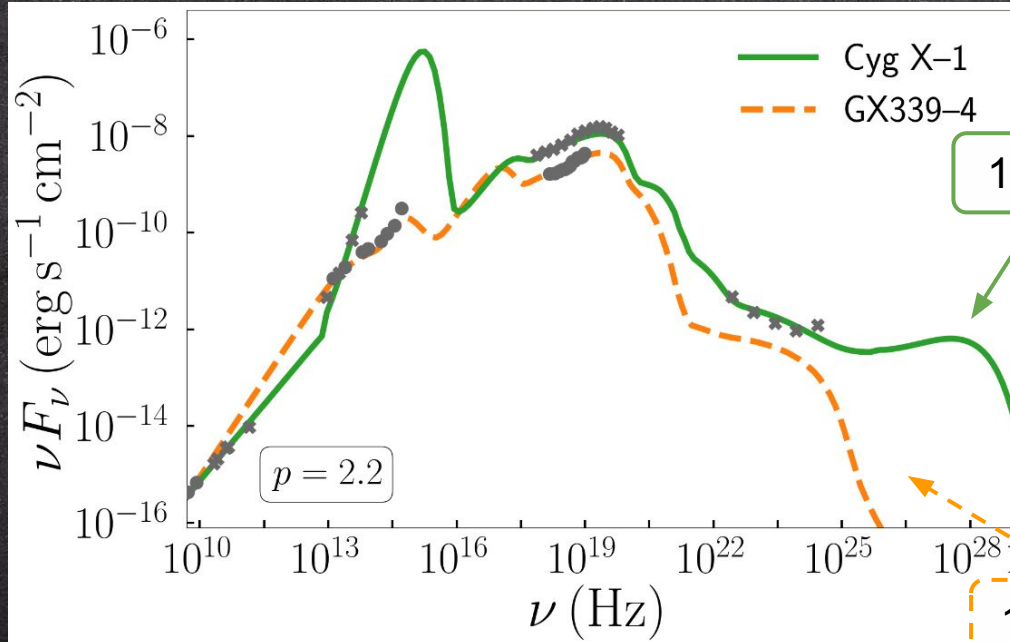


10,000 sources following a 3D Boxy Bulge distribution (Cao et al. 2013)



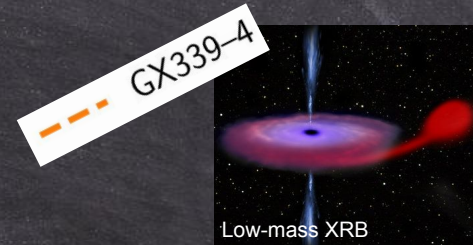
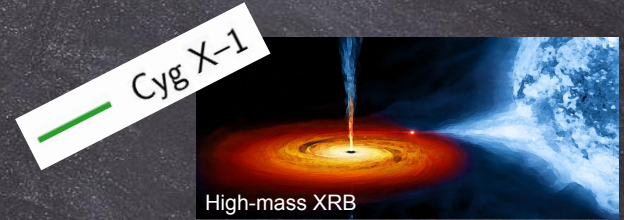
~20% in the TeV regime

# Multiwavelength constraints from black hole XRBs

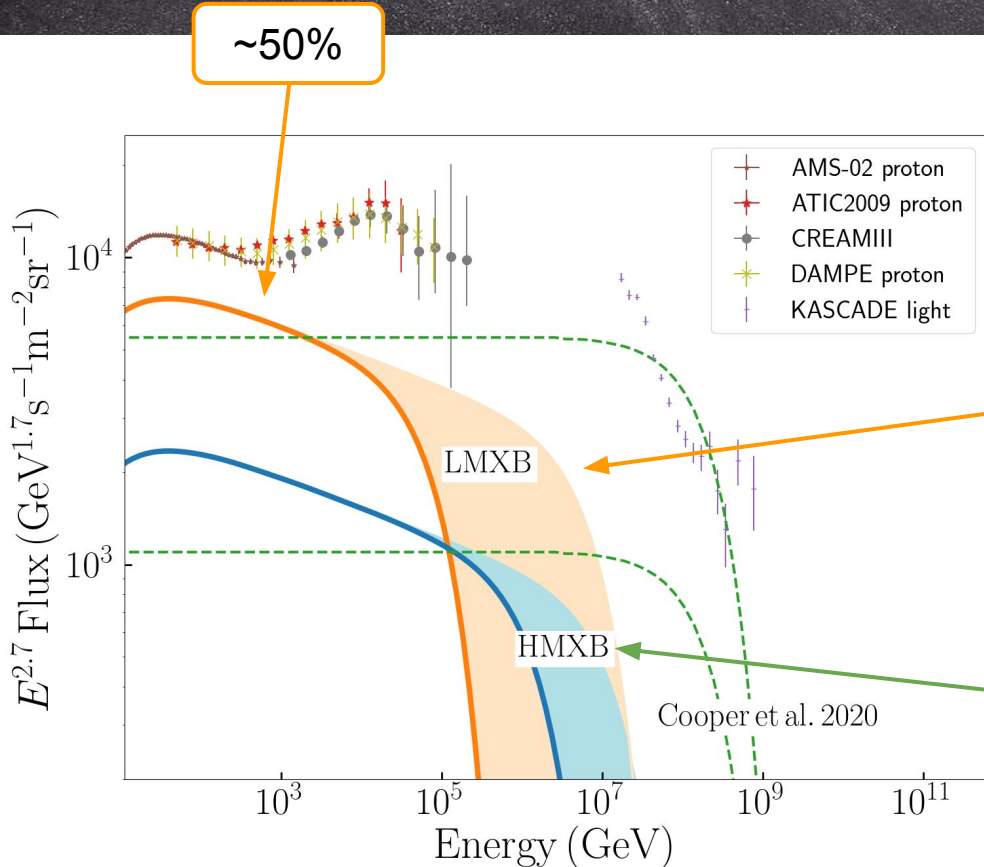


Kantzas et al. 2023b

particle density:  $N \sim E^{-p}$ , where  $E$  is the particle energy



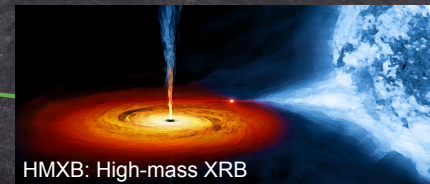
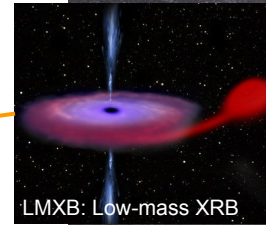
# Contribution of black hole XRBs to the CR proton spectrum



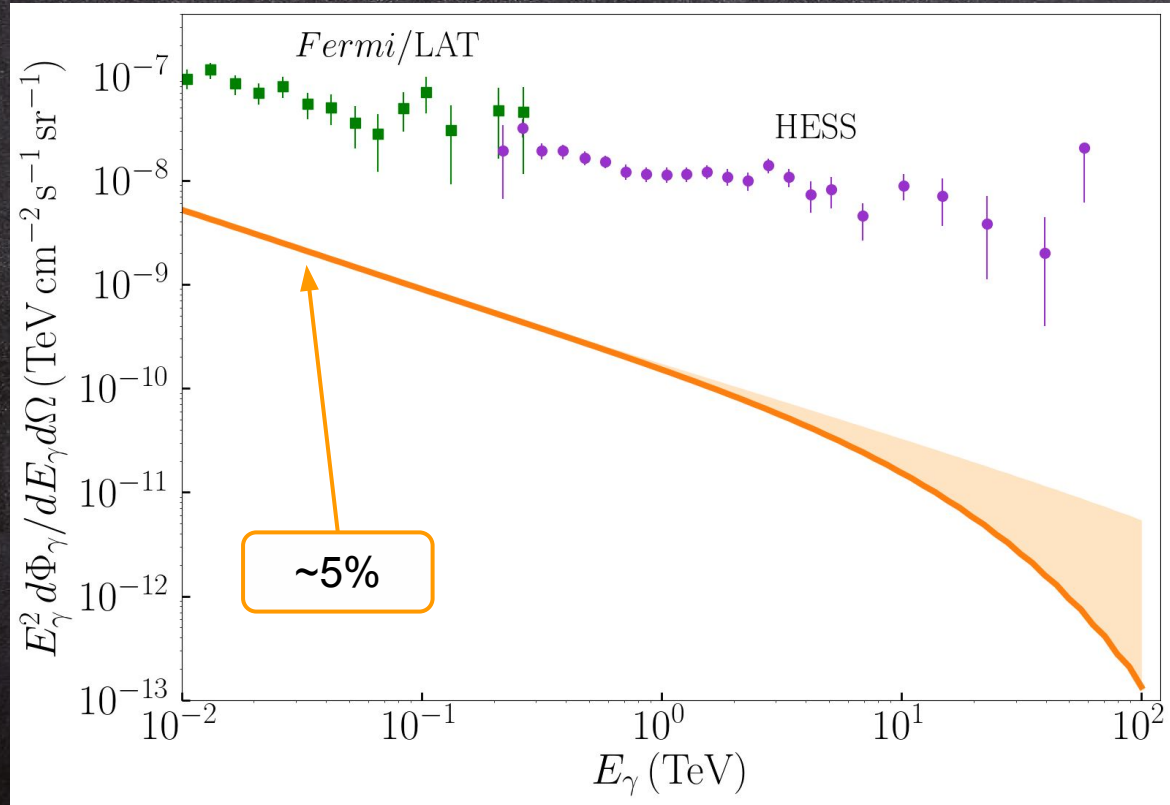
if **1000** black hole XRBs follow the same spatial distribution as Pulsars (Lorimer et al. 2006)



Evoli et al. 2017, 2018



# Contribution of black hole XRBs to the $\gamma$ -ray spectrum

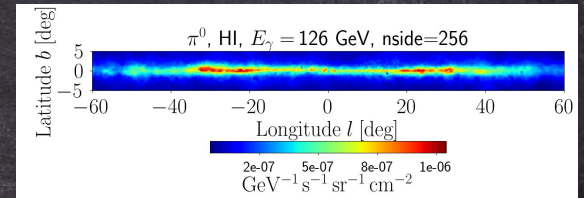
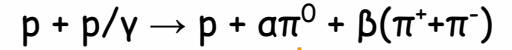


Kantzas et al. 2023b

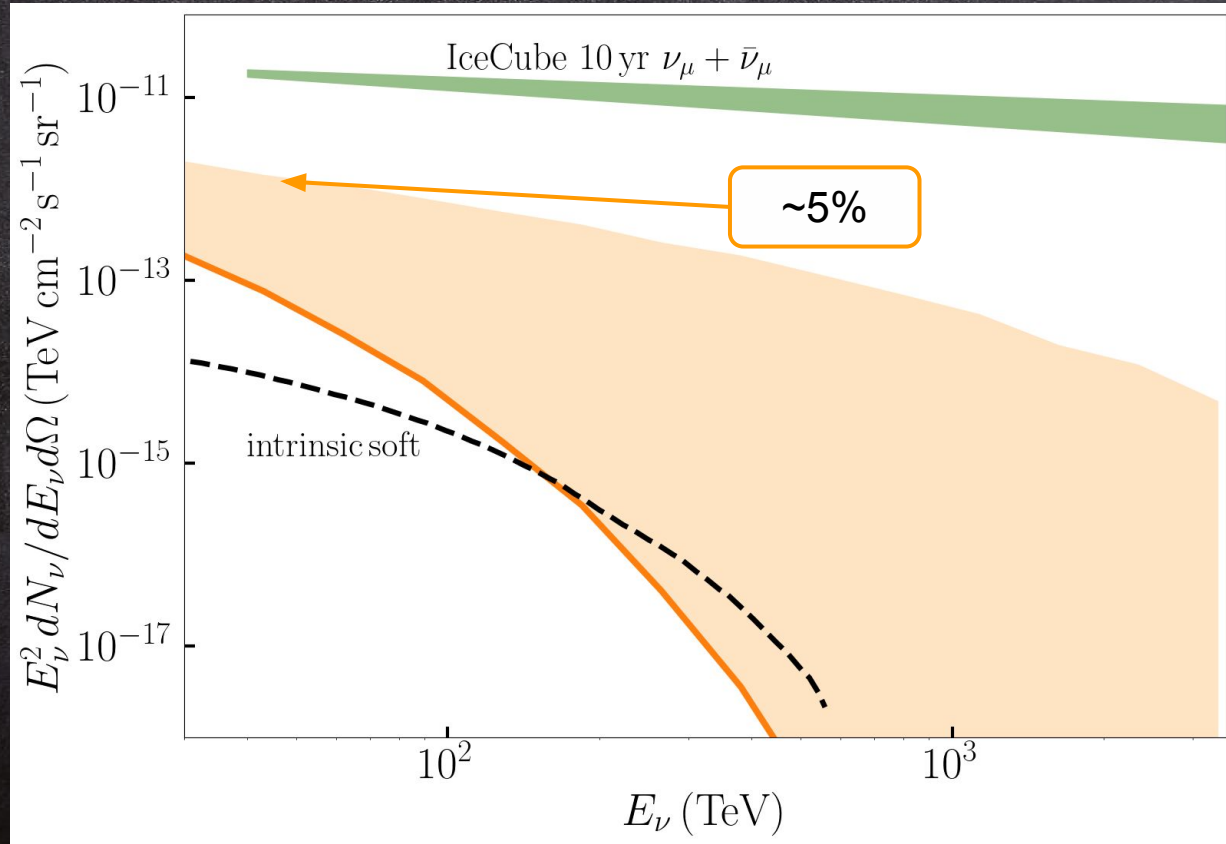
## HERMES

High-Energy Radiative MESsengers

Dundovic et al. 2021



# Contribution of black hole XRBs to the neutrino spectrum

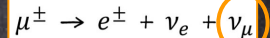
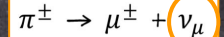
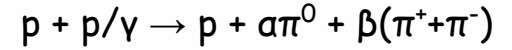


Kantzas et al. 2023b

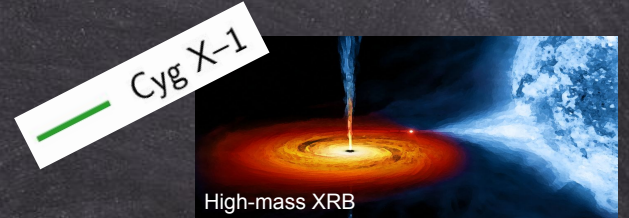
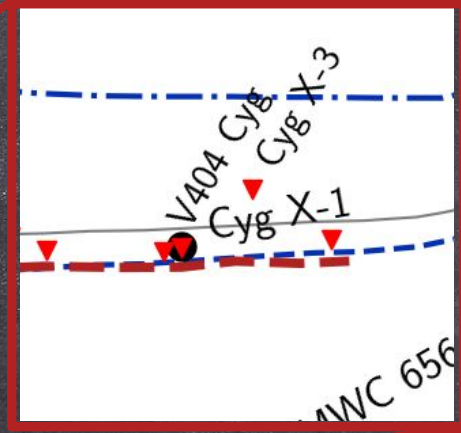
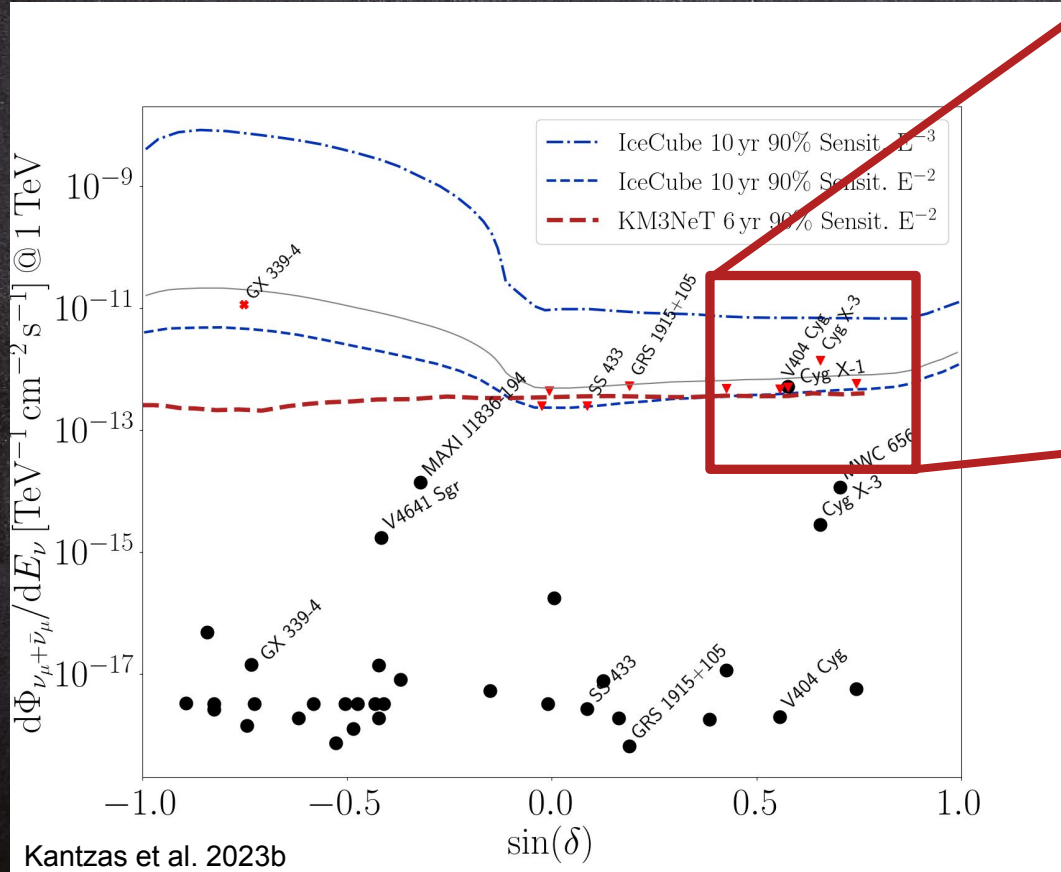
## HERMES

High-Energy Radiative MESsengers

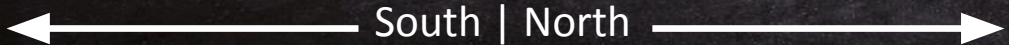
Dundovic et al. 2021



# Contribution of black hole XRBs to the neutrino spectrum



Potential Galactic neutrino emitter!!!



# Particle acceleration uncertainties

