

# Testing Sterile Neutrinos with Direct Detection and Spallation Source Experiments

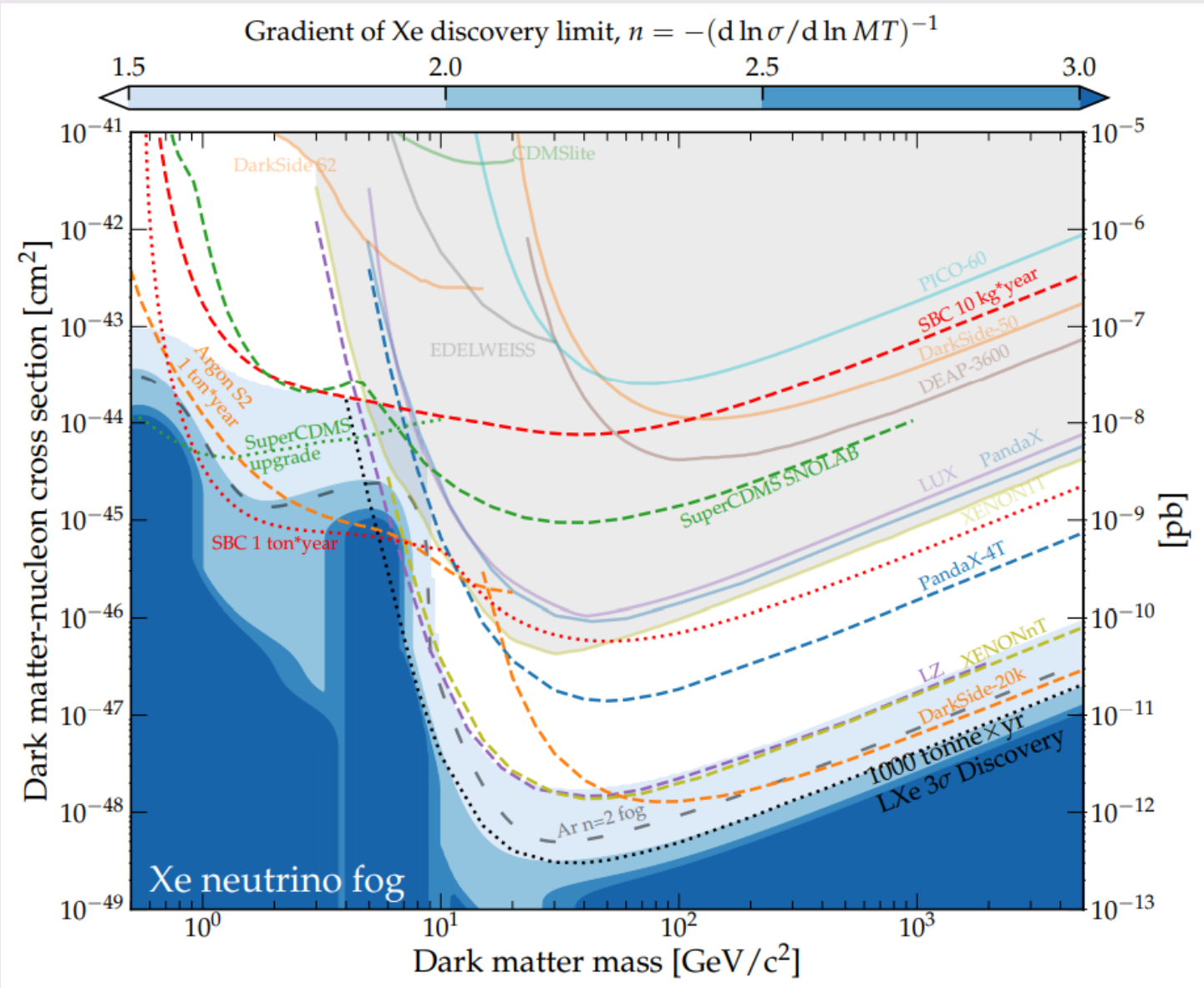
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**DAVID ALONSO-GONZÁLEZ\***

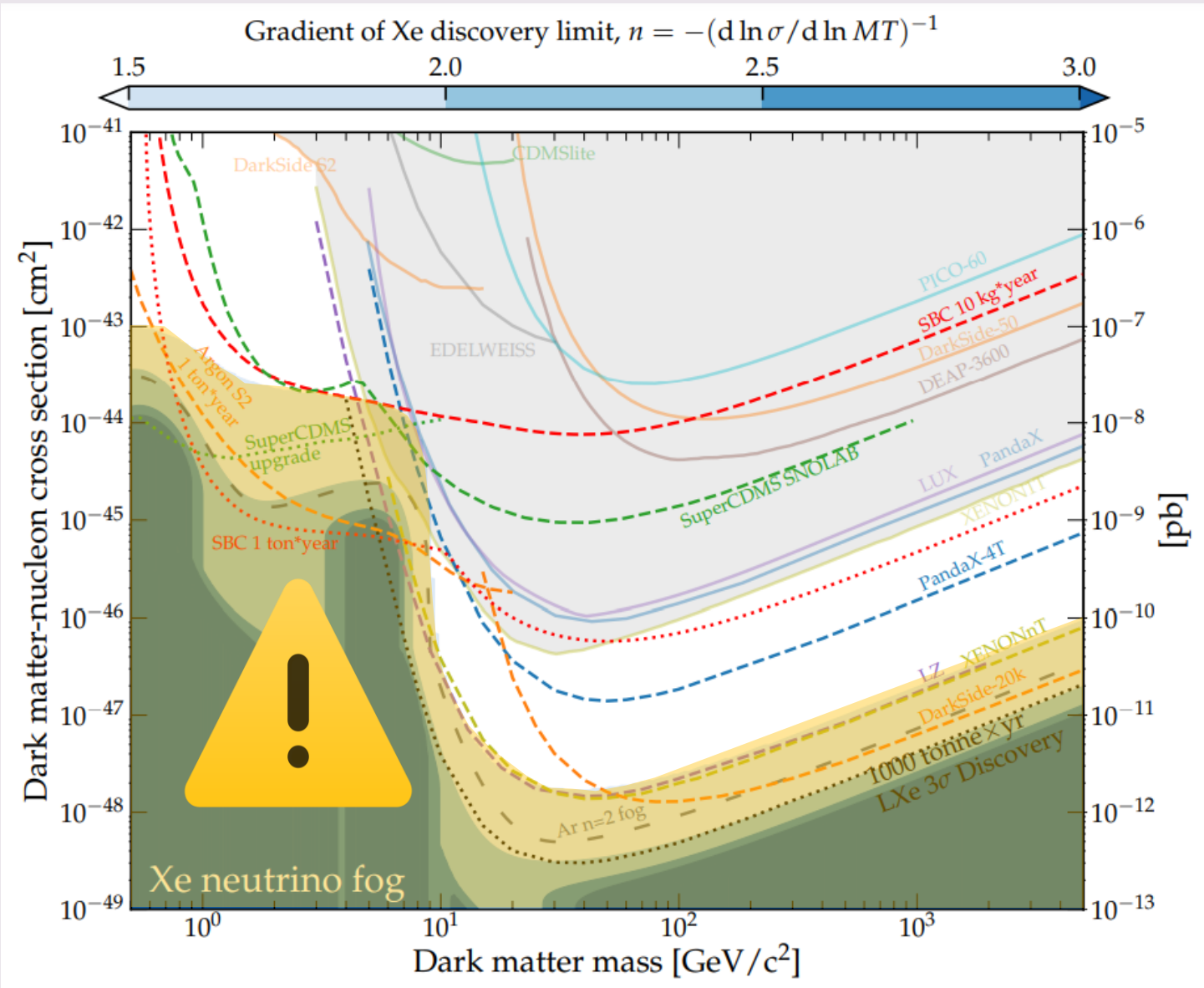
with D.W.P. Amaral, A. Bariego-Quintana, D. Cerdeño & M. de los Ríos

TeVPA 2023 (September 13<sup>th</sup>, Napoli)

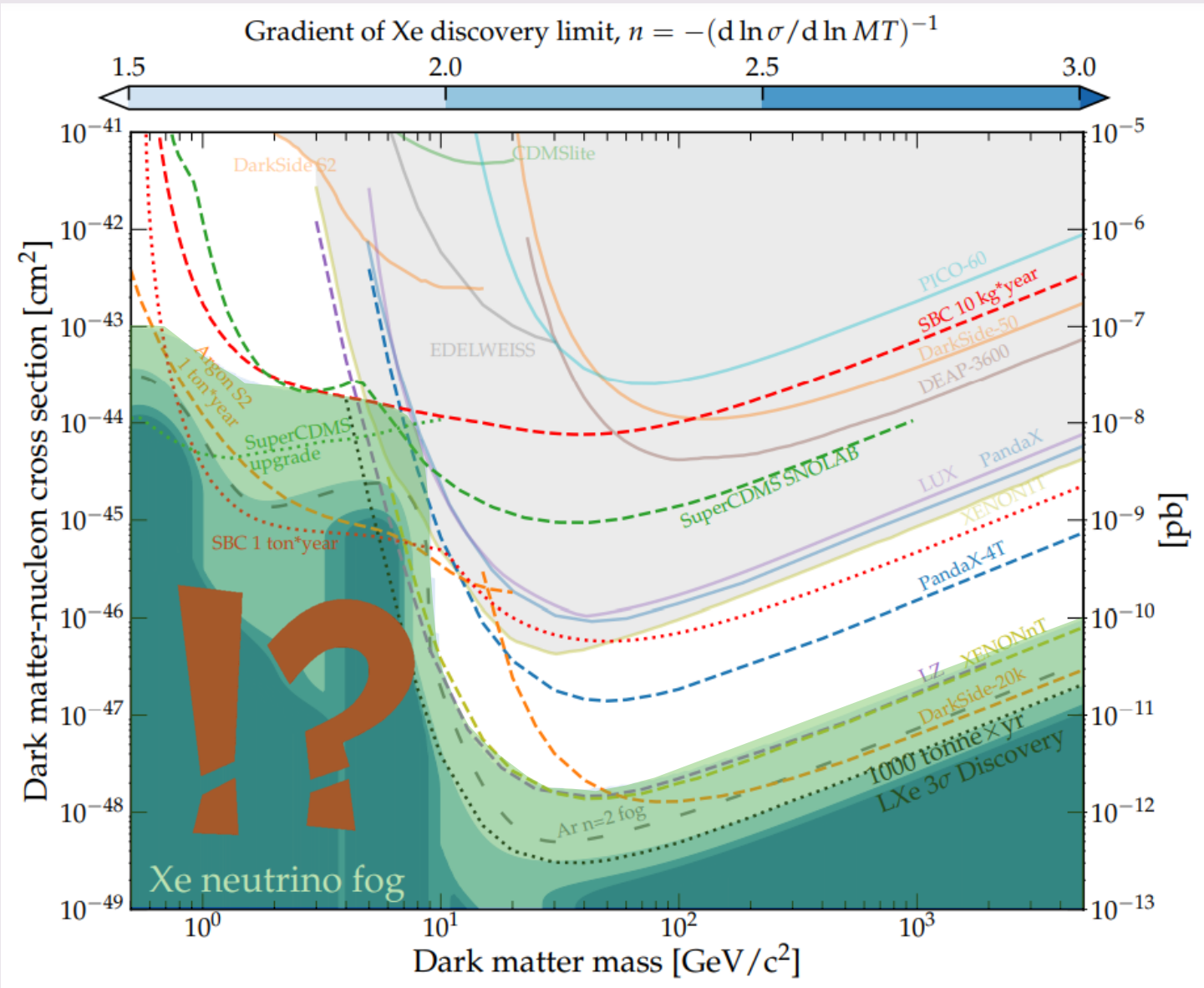




[Akerib et al. 2203.08084 (2022)]



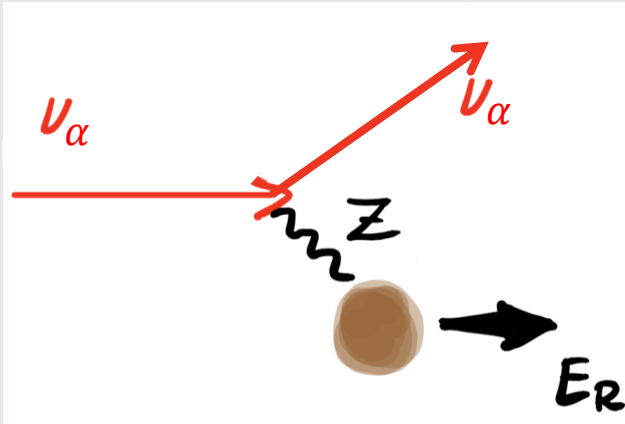
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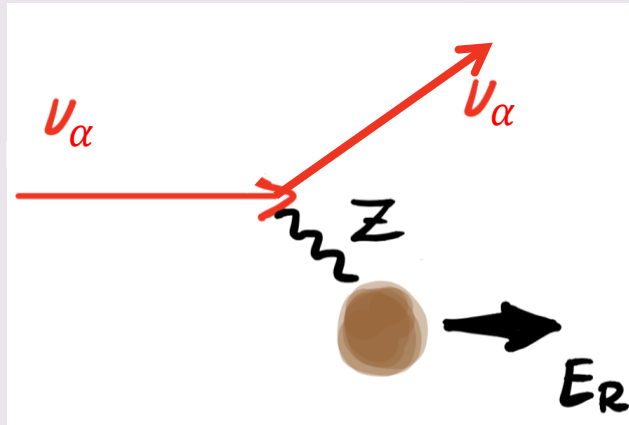
# Coherent Elastic Neutrino – Nucleus Scattering

...or **CE $\nu$ NS** for friends



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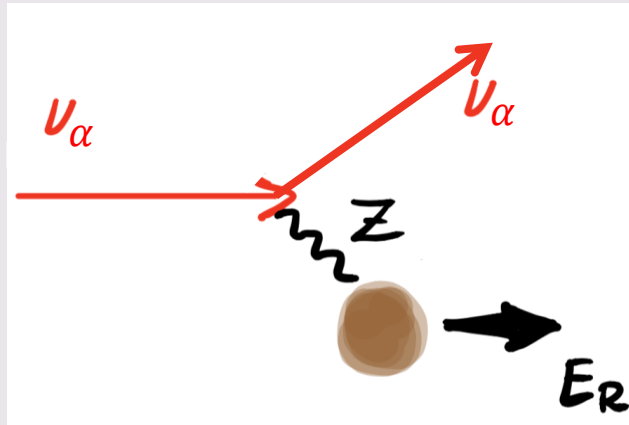
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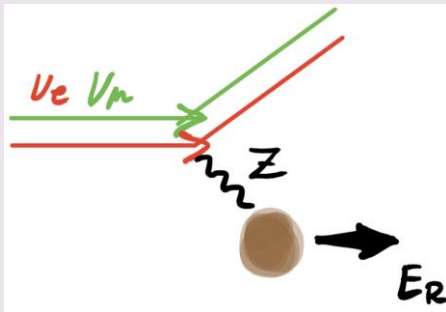
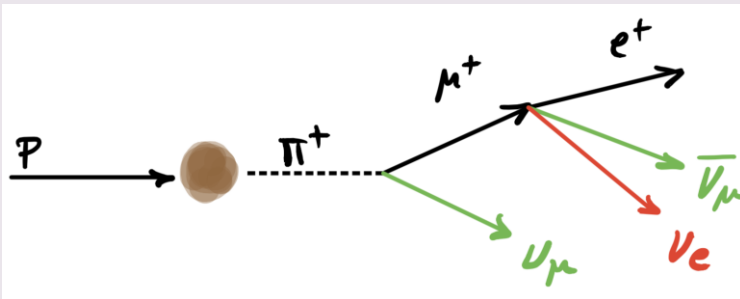
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[Akimov et al. 1708.01294 (2017)]

# CE $\nu$ NS at Spallation Sources

like **COHERENT**

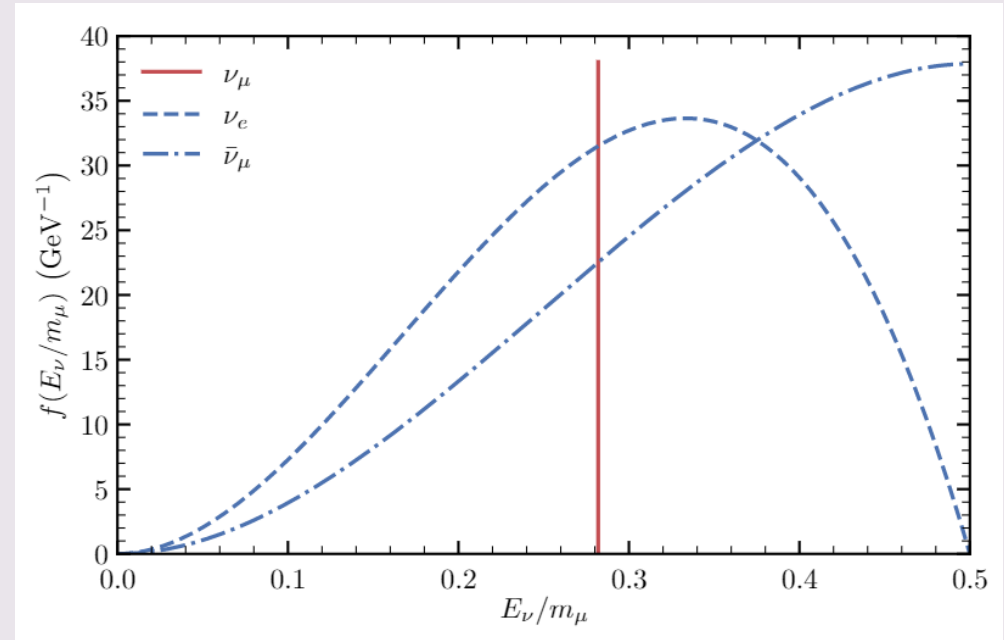
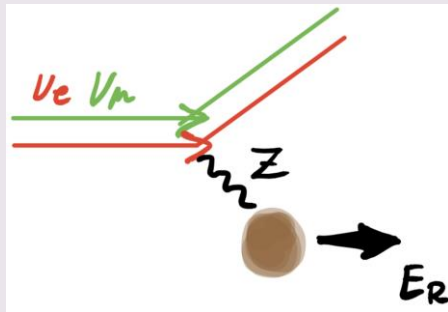
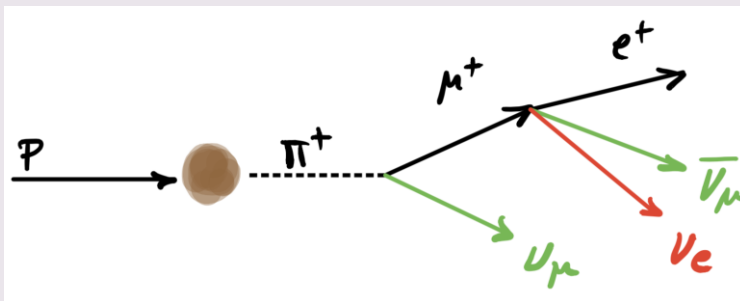


$$N_{\text{CE}\nu\text{NS}} = \sum_{\nu_\alpha} N_{\text{targ}} \int_{E_{\text{th}}}^{E_R^{\text{max}}} \int_{E_\nu^{\text{min}}}^{E_\nu^{\text{max}}} \frac{dN_{\nu_\alpha}}{dE_\nu} \epsilon(E_R) \frac{d\sigma_{\nu_\alpha N}}{dE_R} dE_\nu dE_R$$



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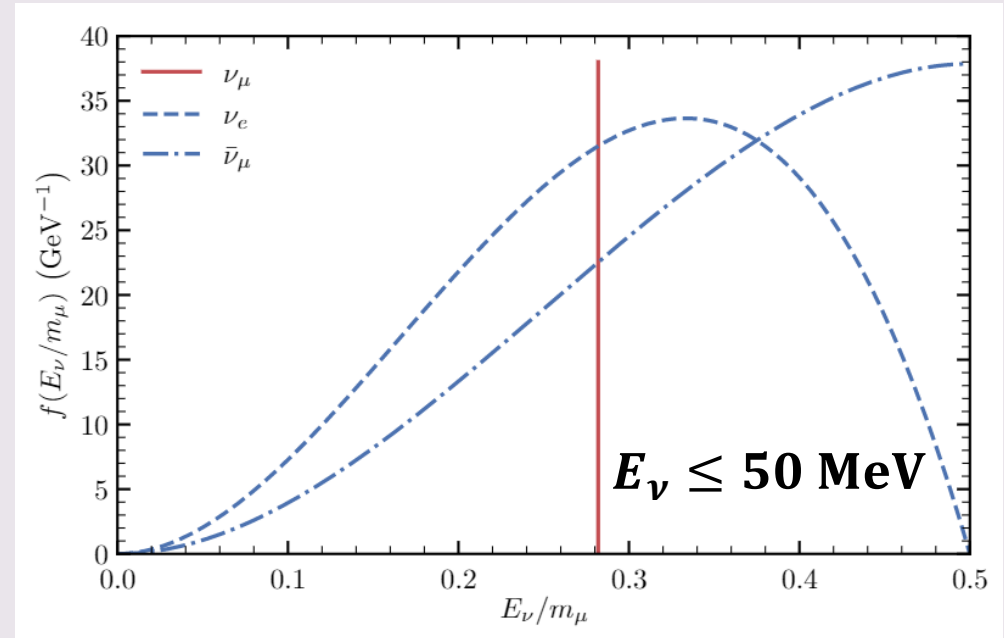
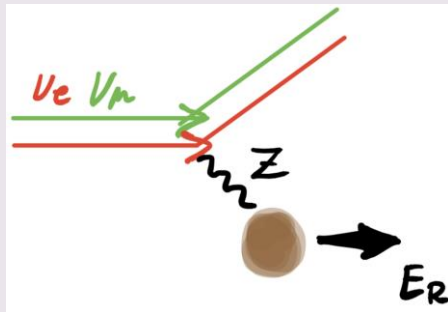
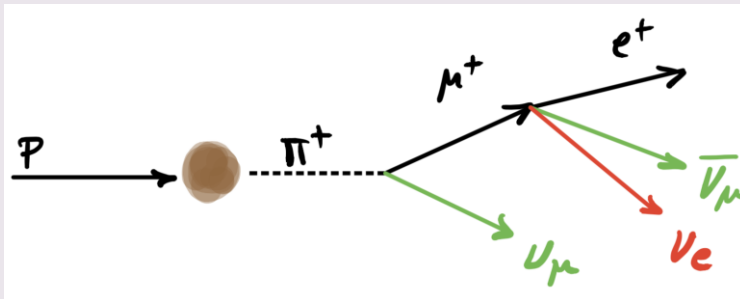
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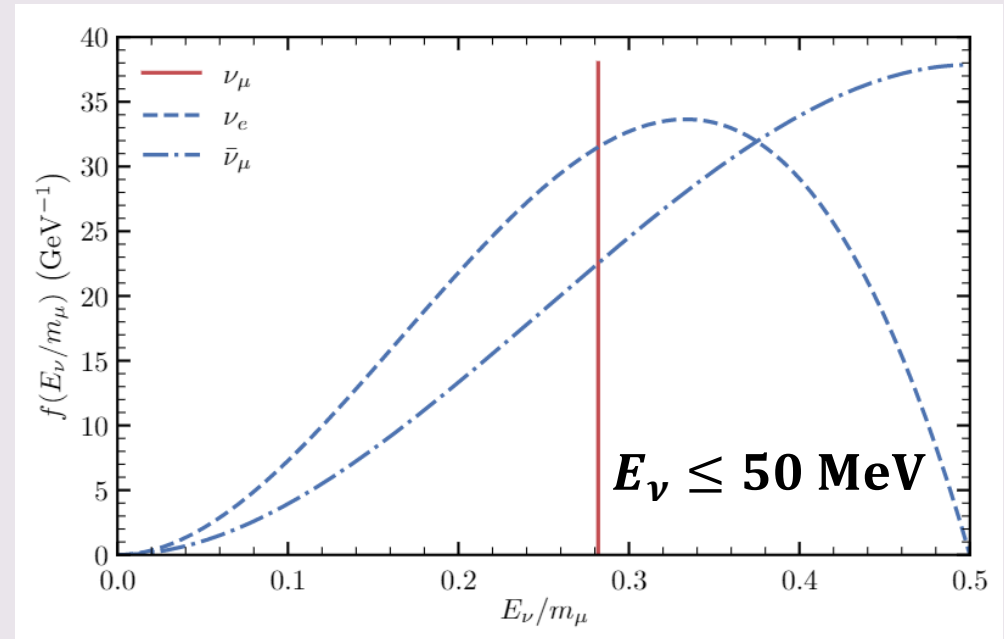
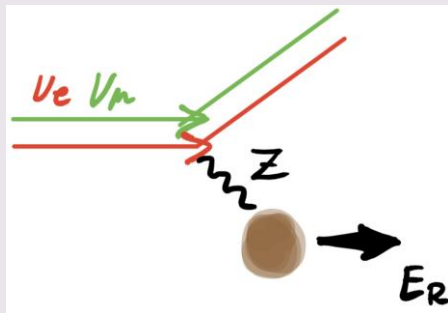
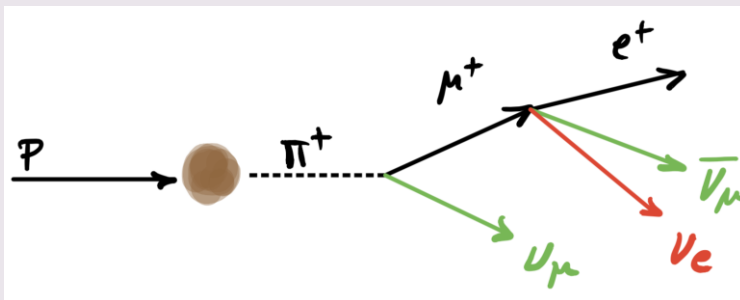
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# CE $\nu$ NS at Spallation Sources

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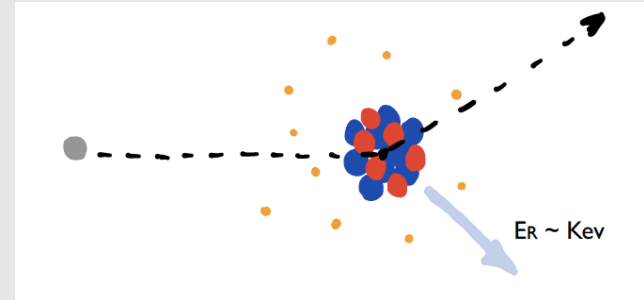
[Miranda et al. 2008.02759 (2020)]

Experiment	Mass [ton]	$E_{th}$ [keV $_{nr}$ ]	NPOT [ $10^{23}/\text{yr}$ ]	r	$L$ [m]	$\sigma_{sys}$
CENNS610	0.61	$\sim 20$	1.5	0.08	28.4	8.5%
ESS10	0.01	0.1	2.8	0.3	20	5%
CCM	7	10	0.177	0.0425	20	5%
ESS	1	20	2.8	0.3	20	5%

not low energy thresholds

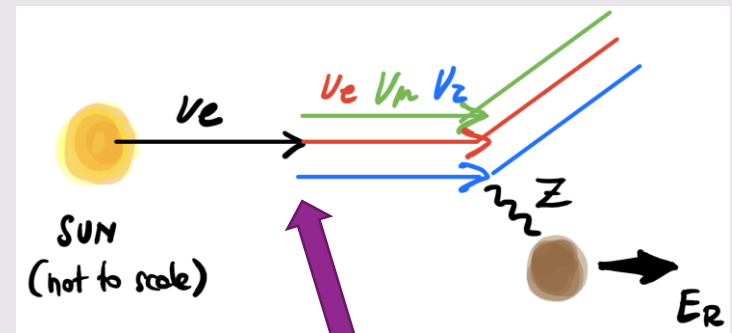
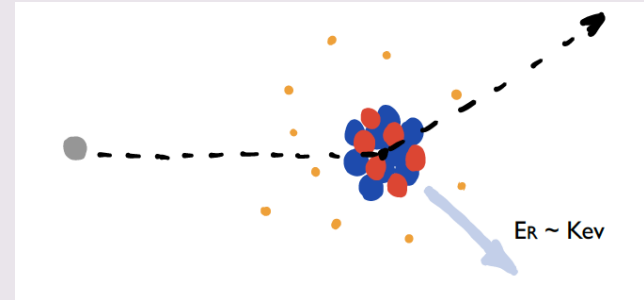
# CE $\nu$ NS at Direct Detection

$$\frac{dR}{dE_R} = n_T \sum_{\nu_\alpha} \int_{E_\nu^{\min}} \frac{d\phi_{\nu_e}}{dE_\nu} P(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_\alpha) \frac{d\sigma_{\nu_\alpha T}}{dE_R} dE_\nu$$



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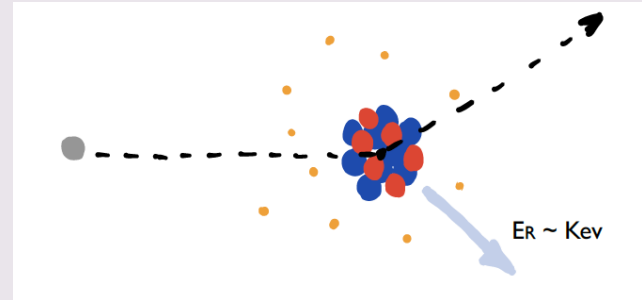
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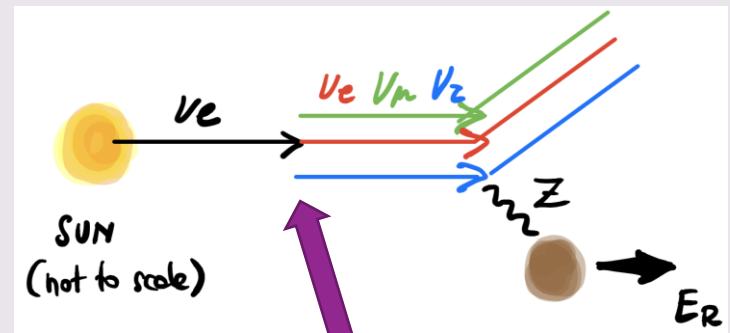
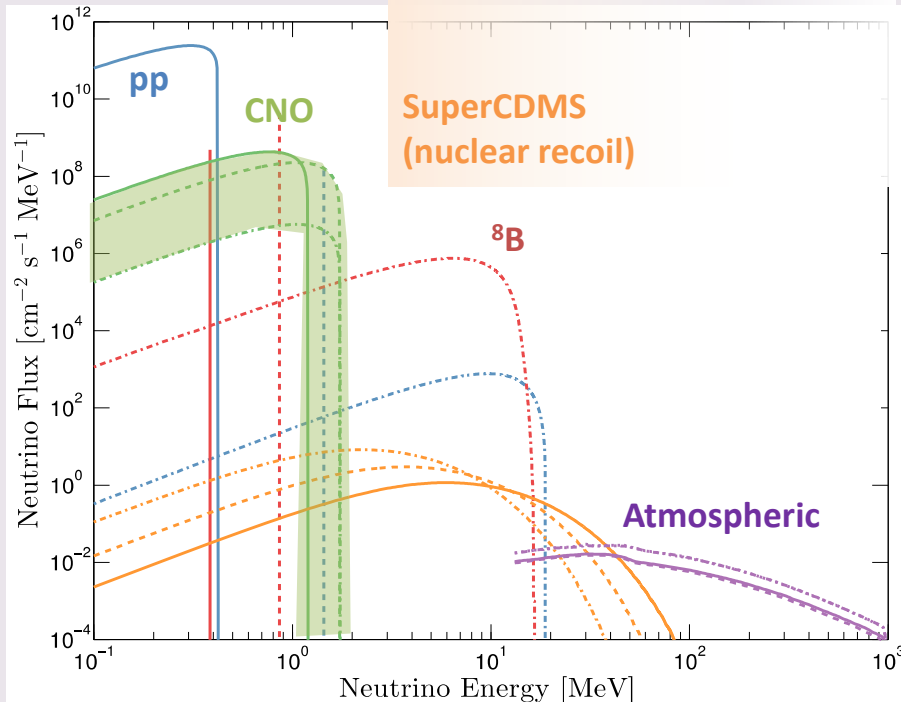
Neutrino oscillations

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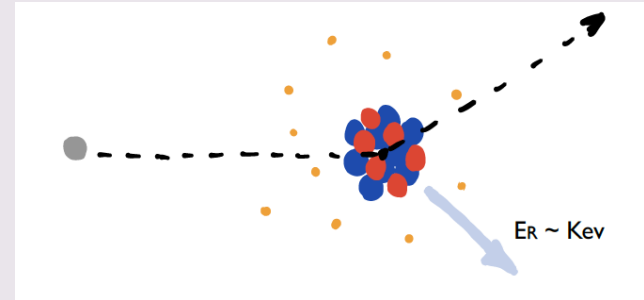
## Electron recoil



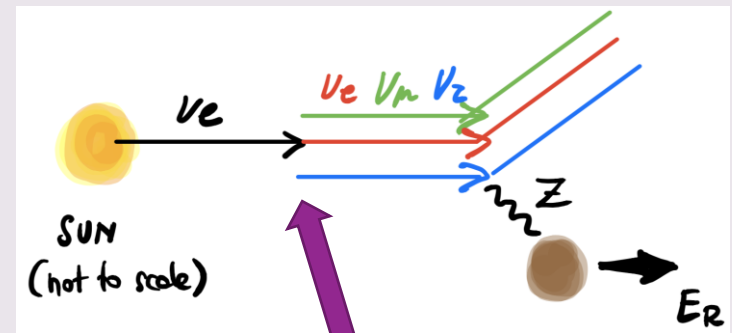
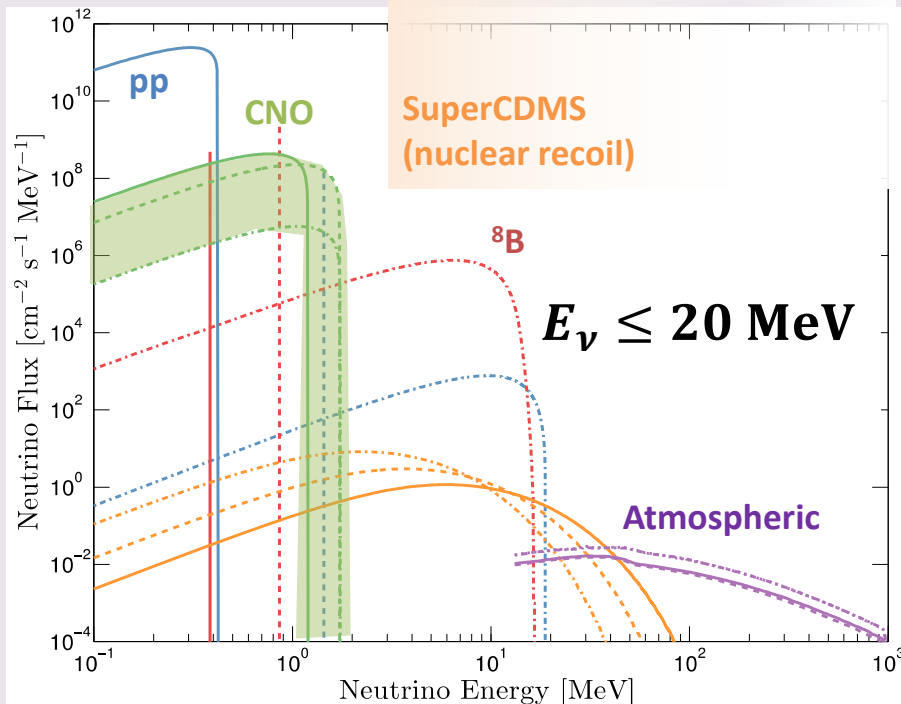
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## Electron recoil



Neutrino oscillations

# Different experimental setups...

**Spallation Sources**

**Direct Detection**



# Different experimental setups...

**Spallation Sources**

Source: Spallation

**Direct Detection**

Source: Sun

# Different experimental setups...

## Spallation Sources

Source: Spallation

$$\nu_e, \nu_\mu, \bar{\nu}_\mu$$

## Direct Detection

Source: Sun

$$\nu_e, \bar{\nu}_e, \nu_\mu, \bar{\nu}_\mu, \nu_\tau, \bar{\nu}_\tau$$

# Different experimental setups...

## Spallation Sources

Source: Spallation

$$\nu_e, \nu_\mu, \bar{\nu}_\mu$$

Neutrinos up to 50 MeV

## Direct Detection

Source: Sun

$$\nu_e, \bar{\nu}_e, \nu_\mu, \bar{\nu}_\mu, \nu_\tau, \bar{\nu}_\tau$$

Neutrinos up to 20 MeV

# Different experimental setups...

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Neutrinos up to 50 MeV

Not small energy  
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## Direct Detection

Source: Sun

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Neutrinos up to 20 MeV

Very small thresholds

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Neutrinos up to 20 MeV

Very small thresholds

...so why not **combine** them?

# Sterile Baryonic Neutrino (SBN)

[Pospelov 1103.3261 (2011)]

$$L_{SBN} \supset g_{Z'} \frac{1}{3} \sum_q \bar{q} \gamma_\mu Z'^\mu q + g_{Z'} \bar{\nu}_b \gamma_\mu Z'^\mu \nu_b$$

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$\nu_b$ : sterile baryonic neutrino ( $m_4$ )

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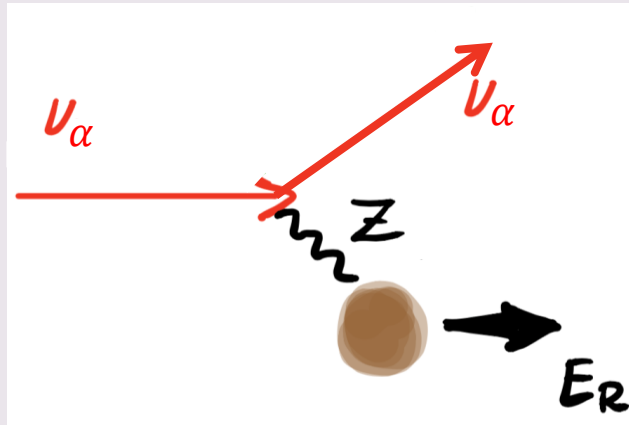
## PARAMETER SPACE

$g_{Z'}, m_{Z'}$

$m_4, |U_{e4}|, |U_{\mu 4}|, |U_{\tau 4}|$

# Coherent Elastic Neutrino – Nucleus Scattering

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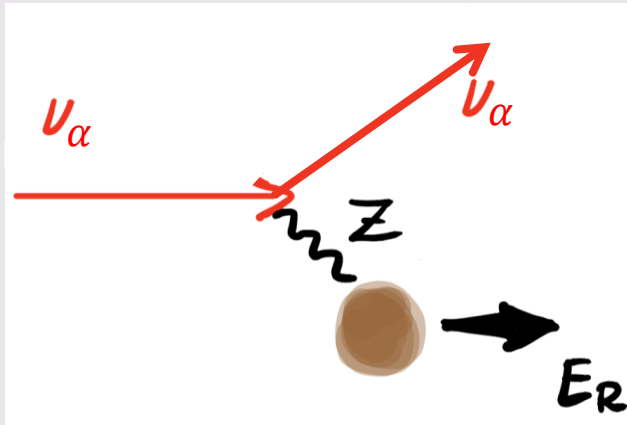
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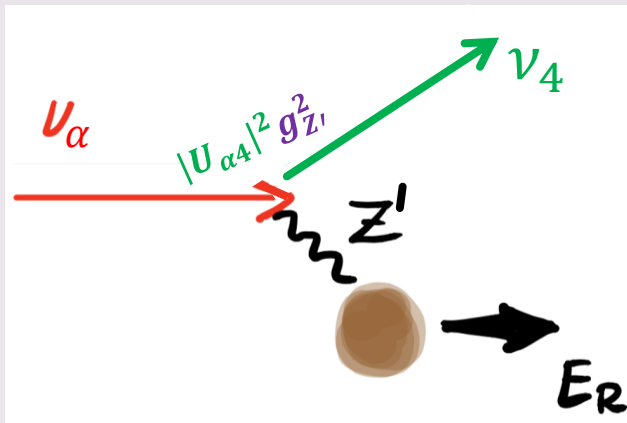
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+



SBN predicts **upscattering** process:

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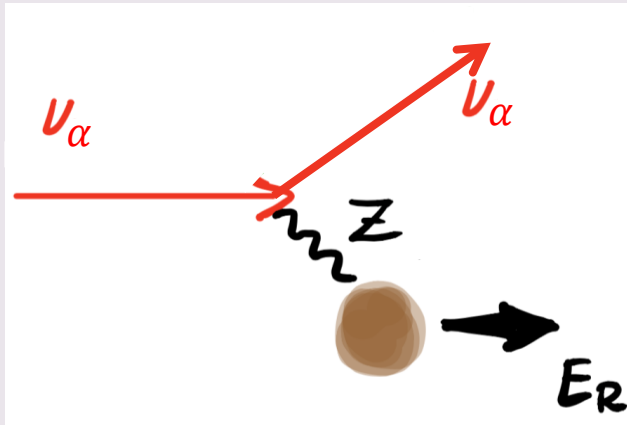
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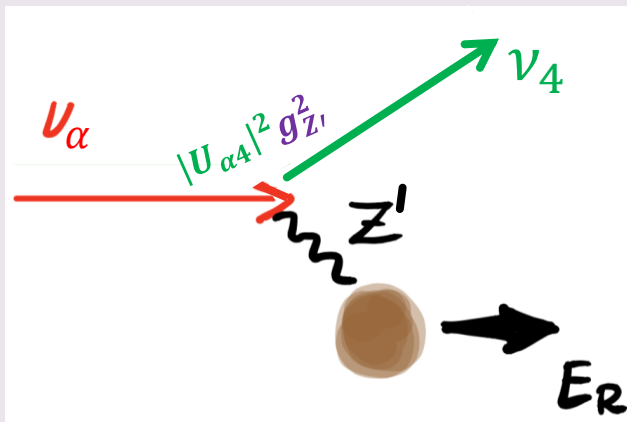
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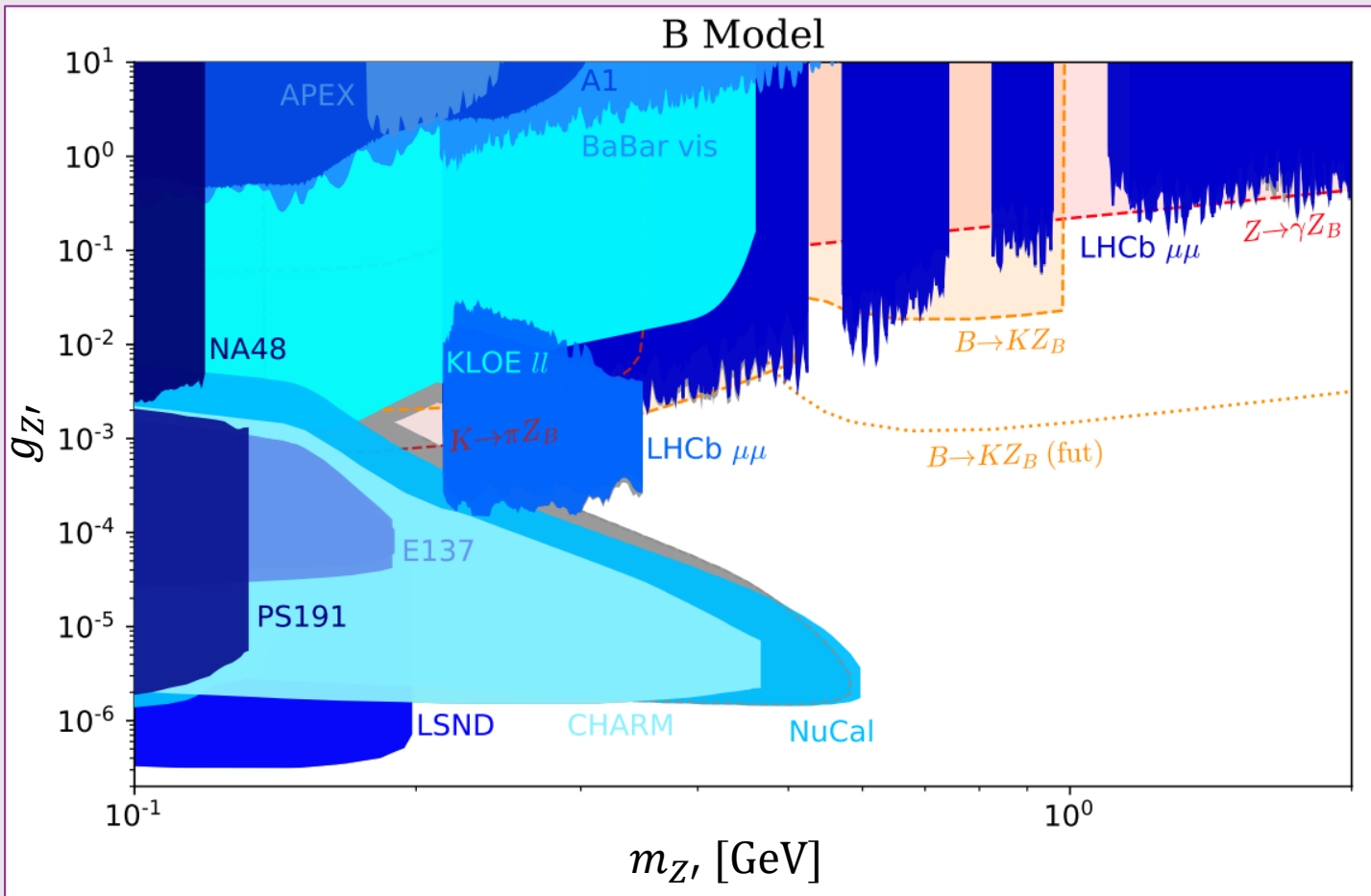
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that may **modify** the expected **recoil spectrum!**

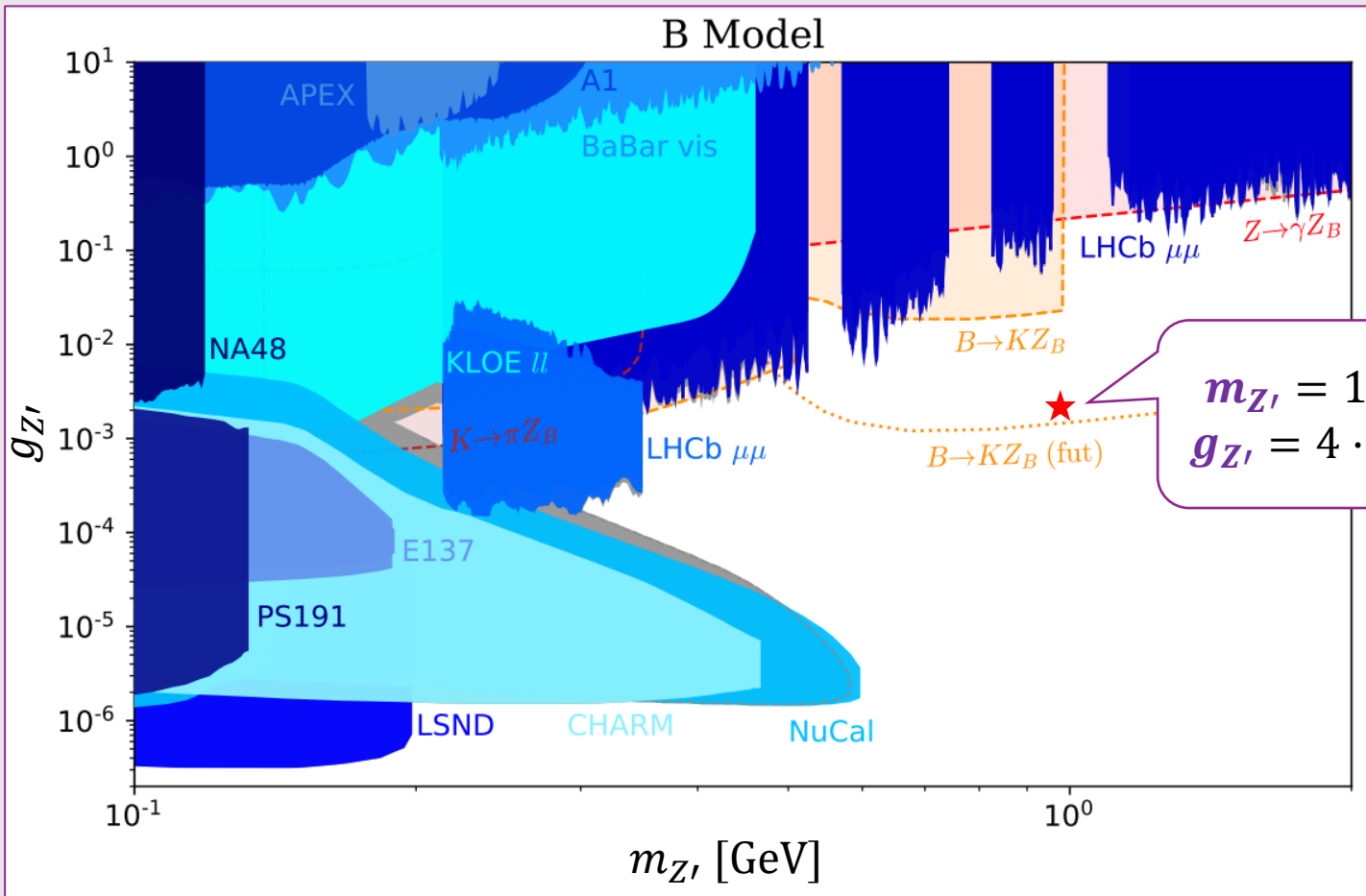
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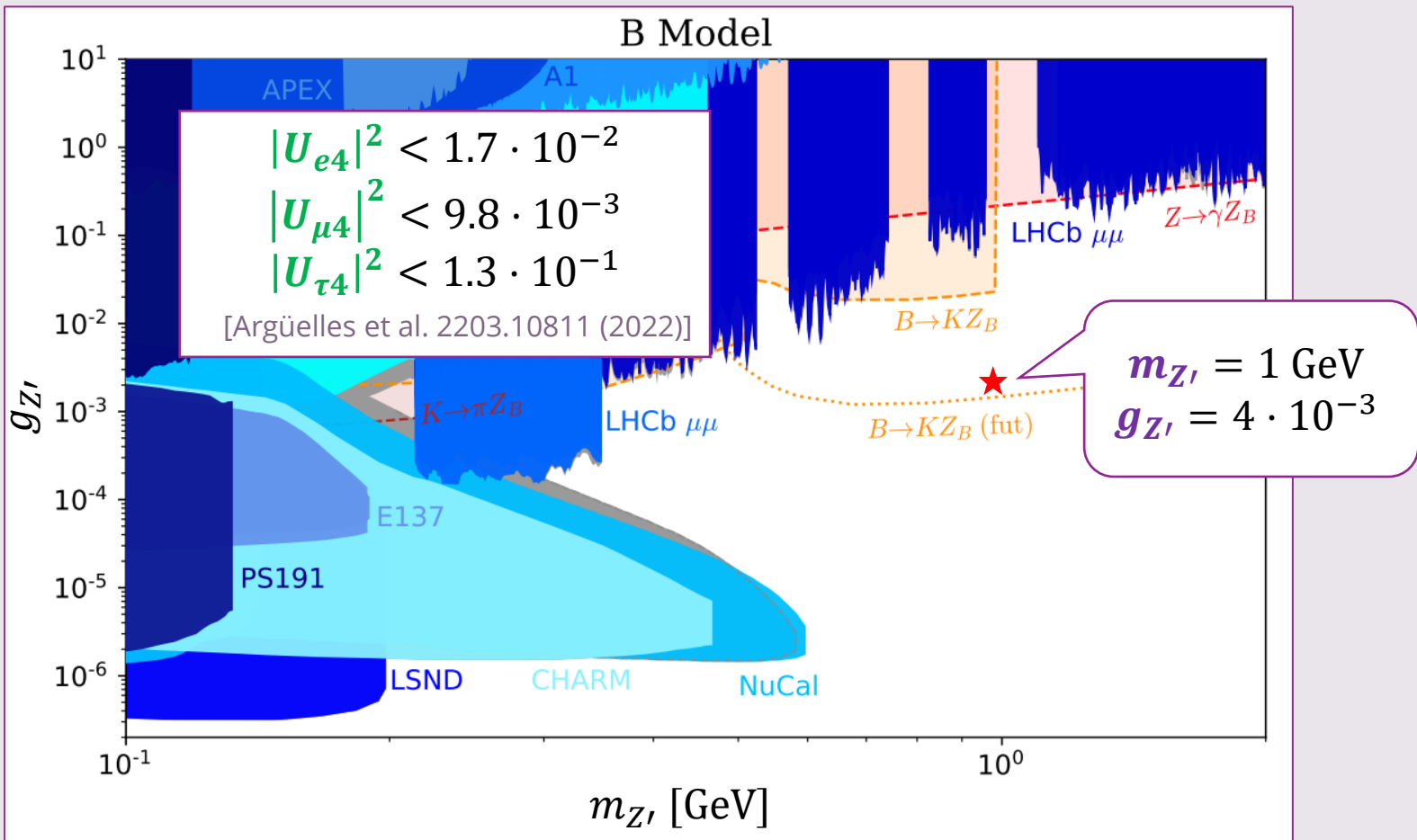
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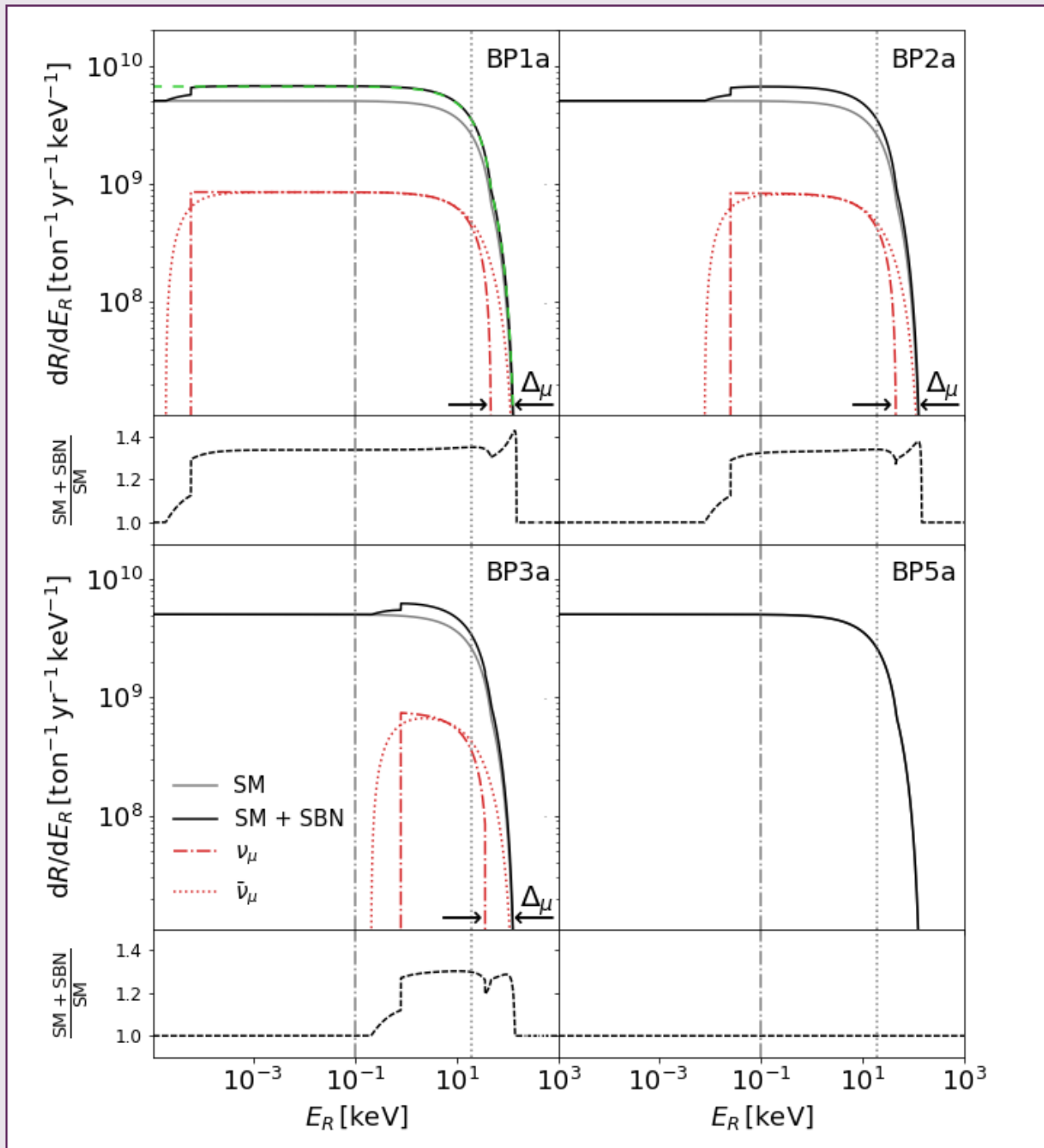
# Let's fix some **benchmark points**...

	$m_4$ [GeV]	$ U_{e4} ^2$	$ U_{\mu 4} ^2$	$ U_{\tau 4} ^2$
BP1a	$2 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP1d	$2 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-3}$
BP2a	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP2b	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-4}$
BP2c	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$4 \times 10^{-3}$
BP2d	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-3}$
BP3a	$20 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP4a	$40 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP5a	$60 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0

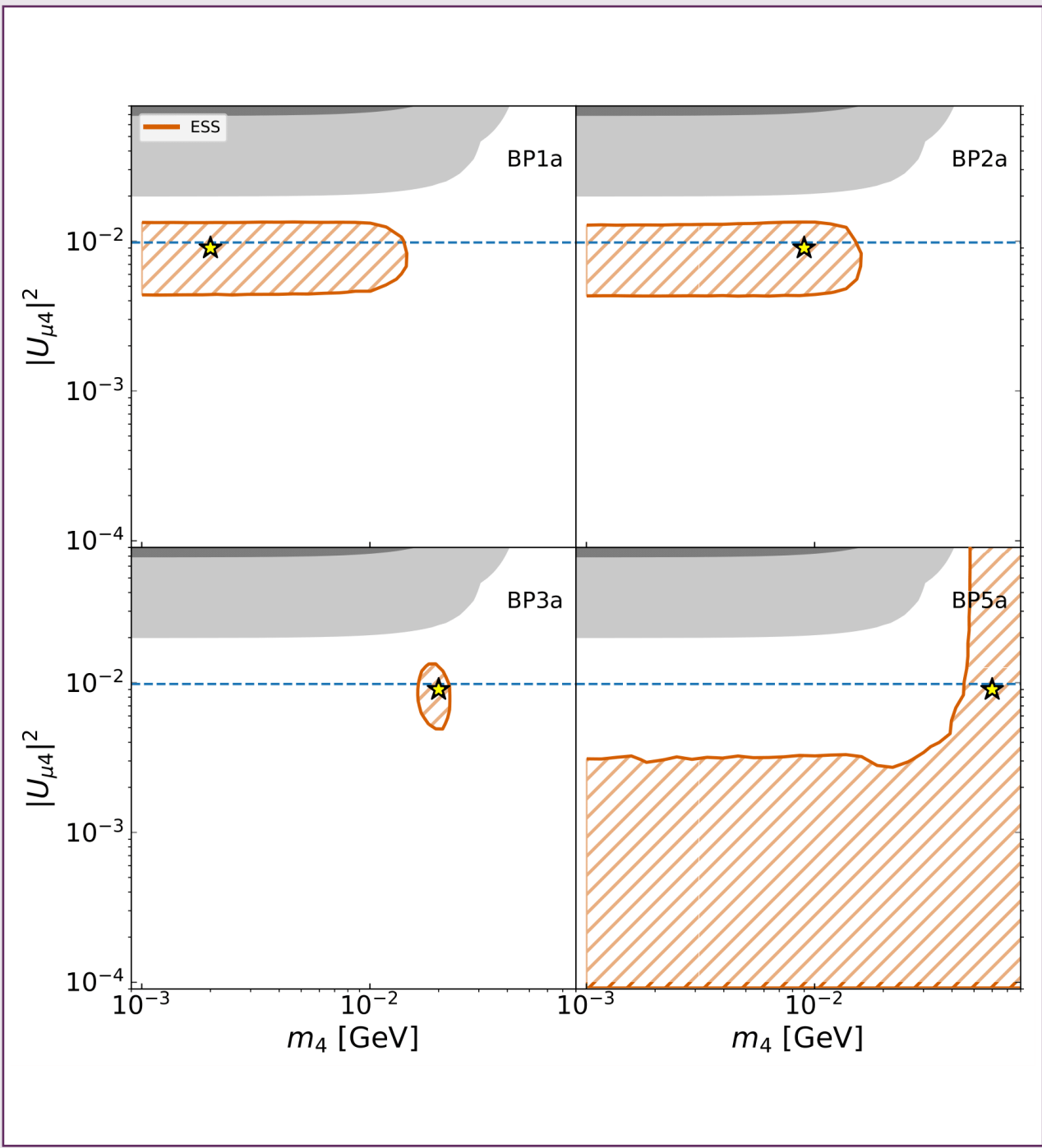
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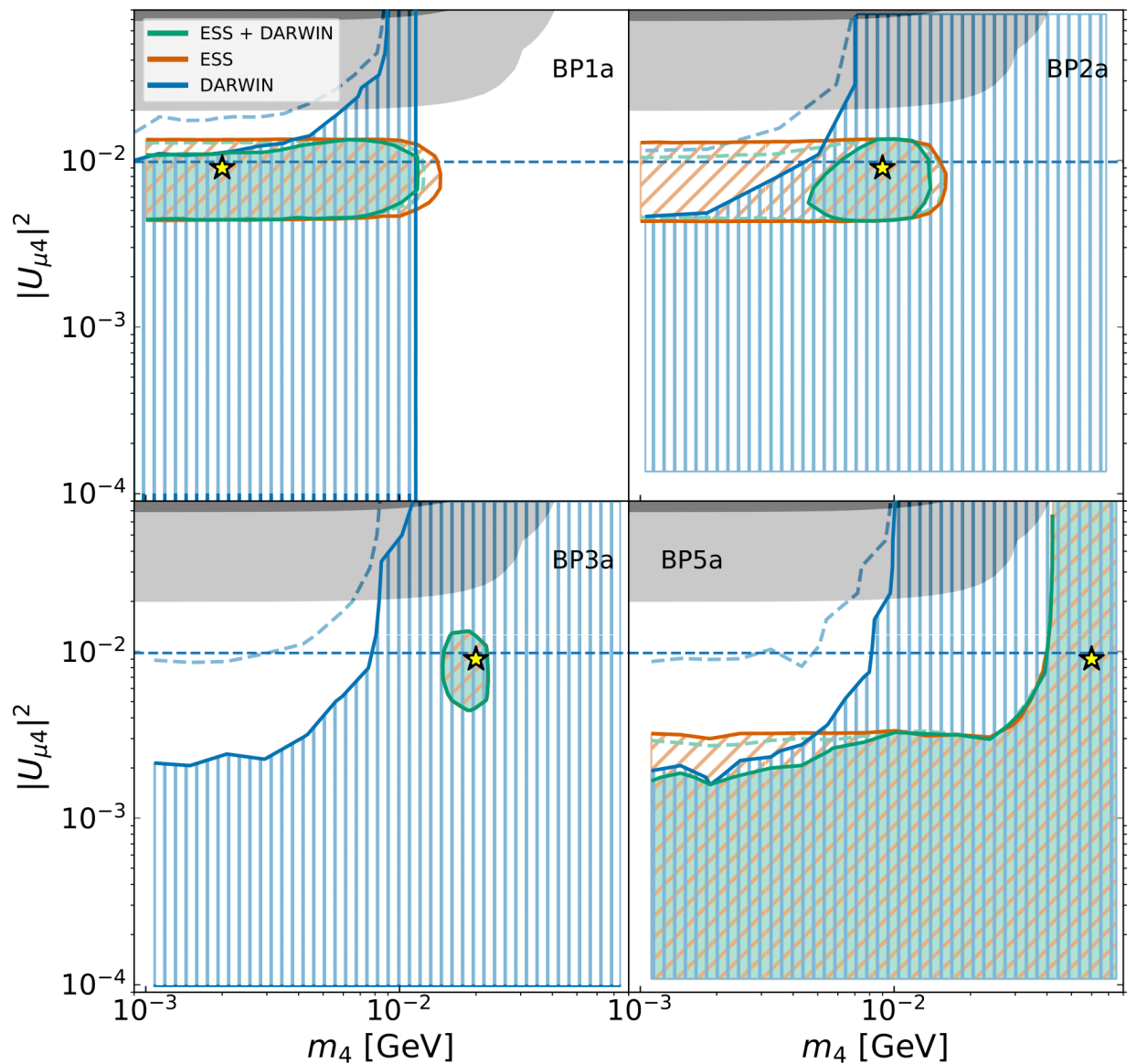
# Predicted SS energy spectra

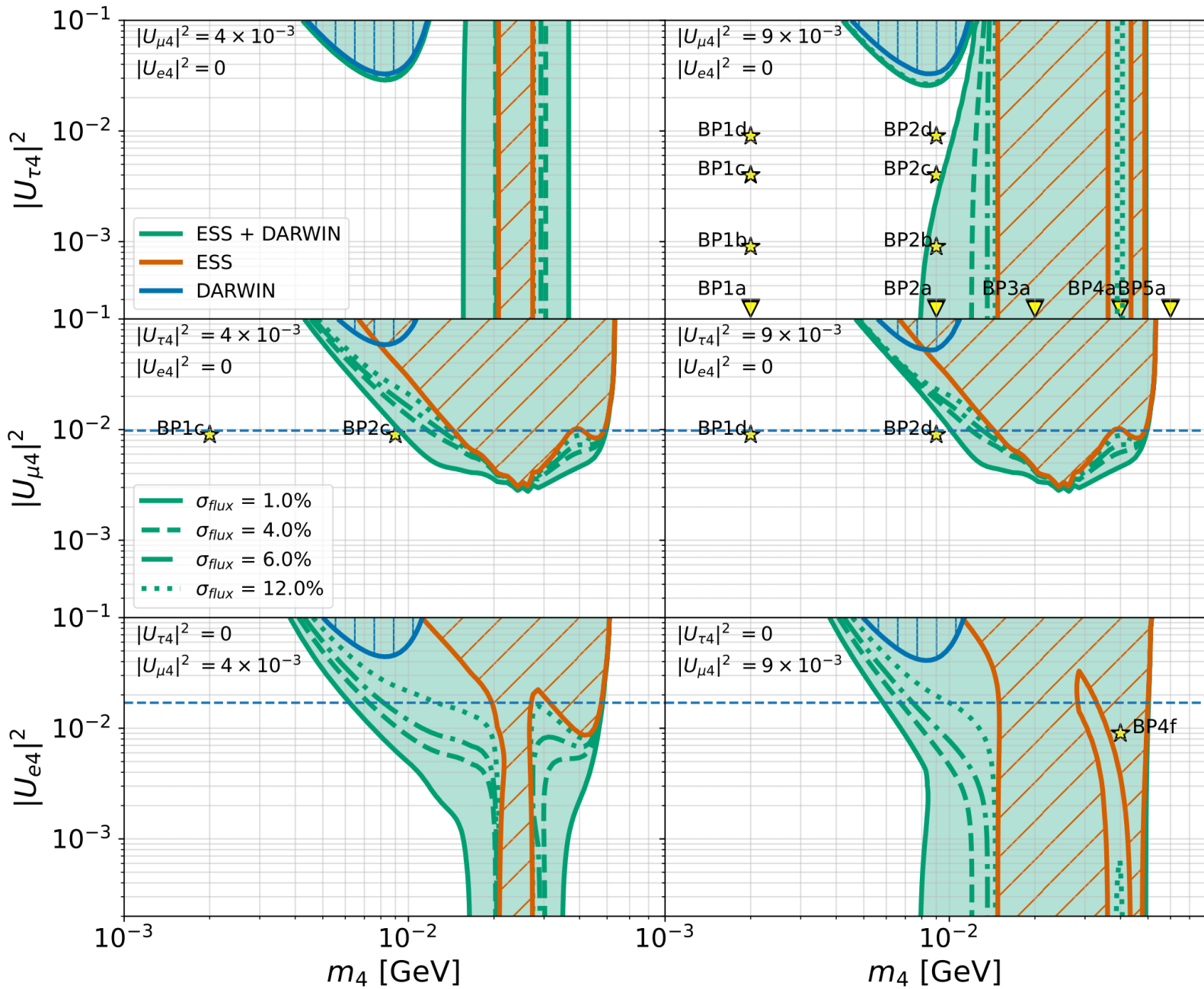


# SS Profile likelihood results



# SS+DD Profile likelihood results





# Conclusions

- Sterile neutrino models can be **probed** with Spallation Source (**SS**) and Direct Detection (**DD**) experiments.
- **DD** will be able to access to very **low recoil energies, all the neutrino flavours** but not big masses.
- **SS** will be able to access to **heavier sterile neutrinos** but not to all neutrino flavours.
- **Combining** DD and SS may help...
  - **improving the significance,**
  - constraining the parameter space and allowing **parameter reconstruction (specially in the neutrino mass  $m_4$  and in  $\tau$  mixing),**
  - and allowing model discrimination (Sterile Baryonic Neutrino vs NSI).
- DD must reach smaller thresholds and the **uncertainty in solar neutrino fluxes need to be reduced** in order to be competitive.

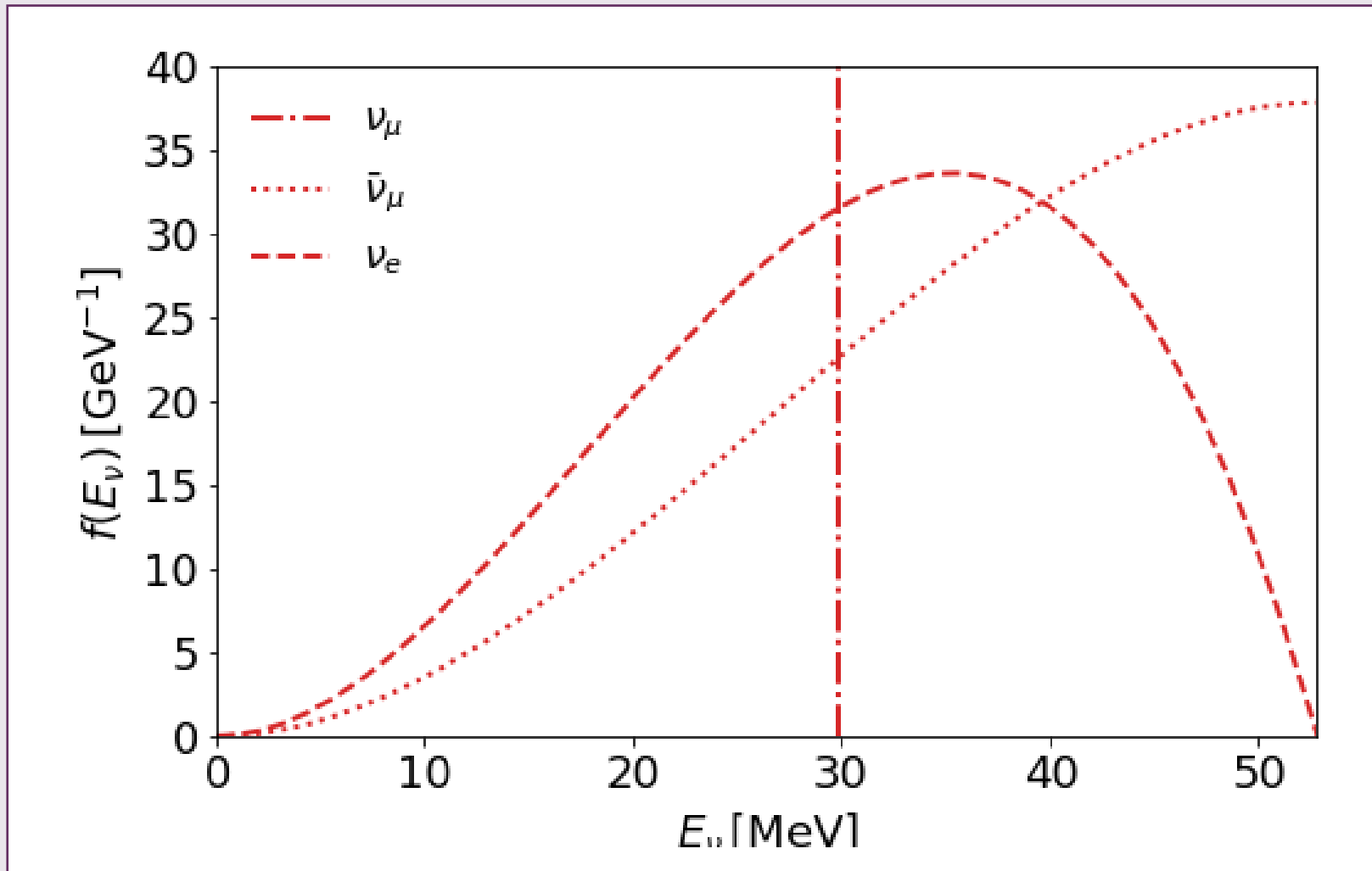
**Thanks for your attention!**

# Backup Slides

**Direct Detection and  
Spallation Experiments to test the  
Baryonic Sterile Neutrino**



# SS experiment **fluxes**

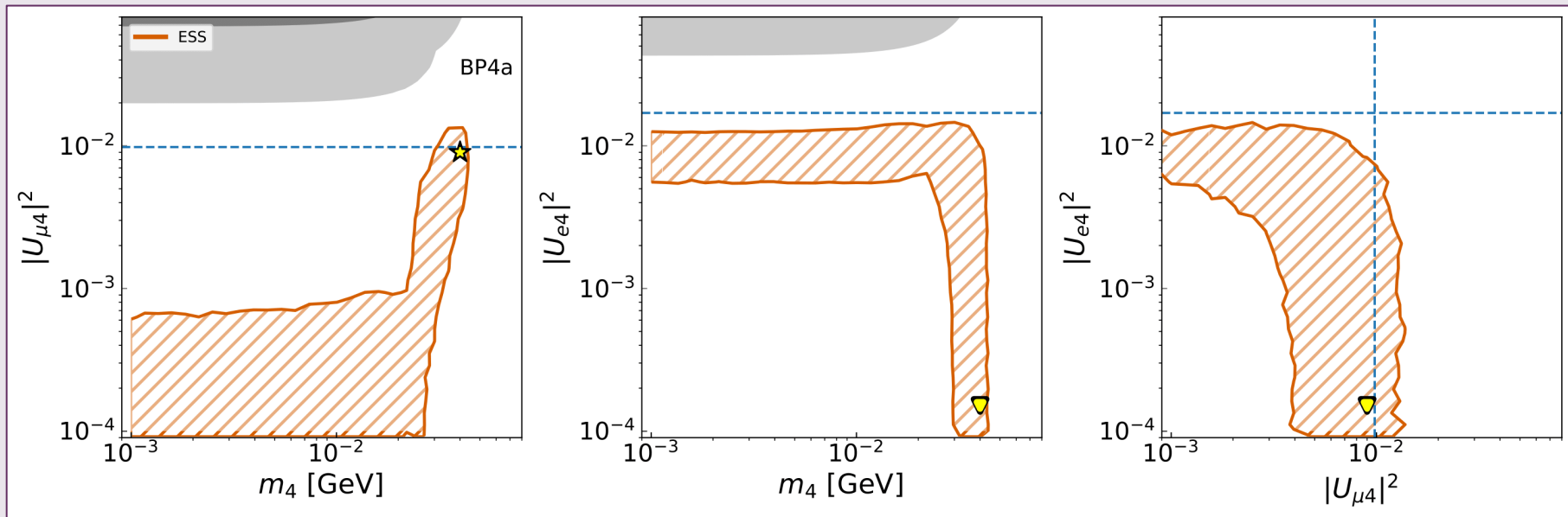


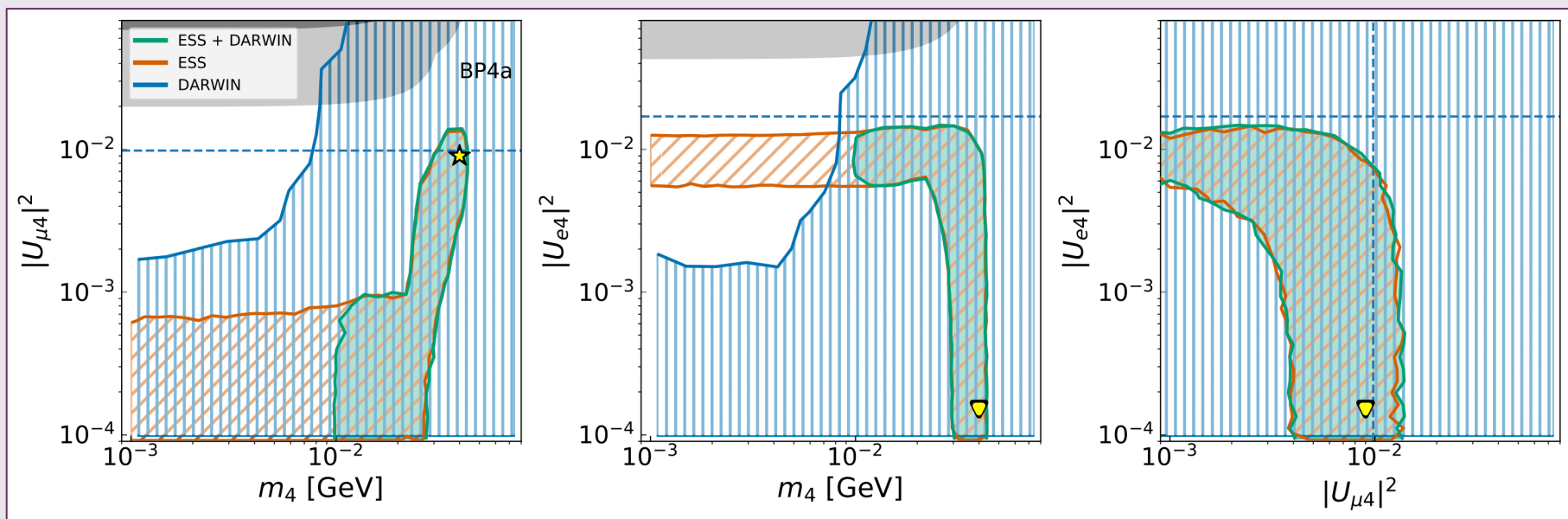
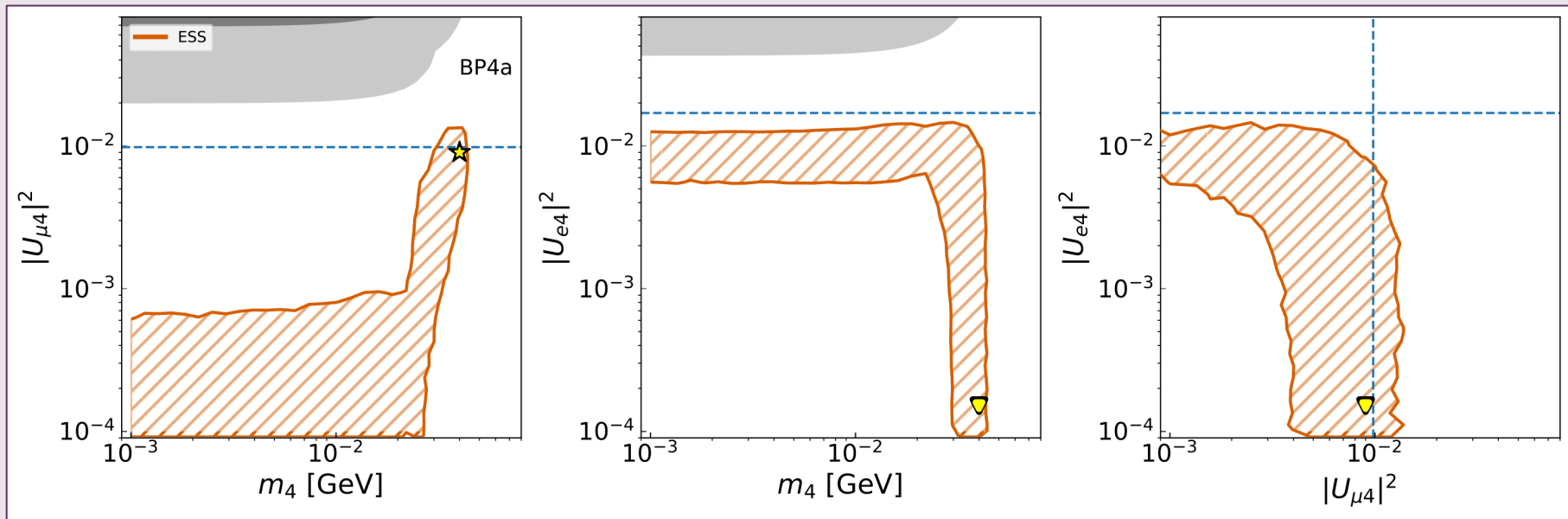
## **DD + SS:** why it's a good idea

1. Increase the **statistical significance** of a prospective discovery.
2. Improve the **parameter reconstruction** of the model.
3. Allow to **discriminate** between our model and other **models** that can give similar experimental evidence.

# Let's fix some **benchmark points**...

	$m_4$ [GeV]	$ U_{e4} ^2$	$ U_{\mu 4} ^2$	$ U_{\tau 4} ^2$
BP1a	$2 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP1d	$2 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-3}$
BP2a	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP2b	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-4}$
BP2c	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$4 \times 10^{-3}$
BP2d	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-3}$
BP3a	$20 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP4a	$40 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP5a	$60 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0

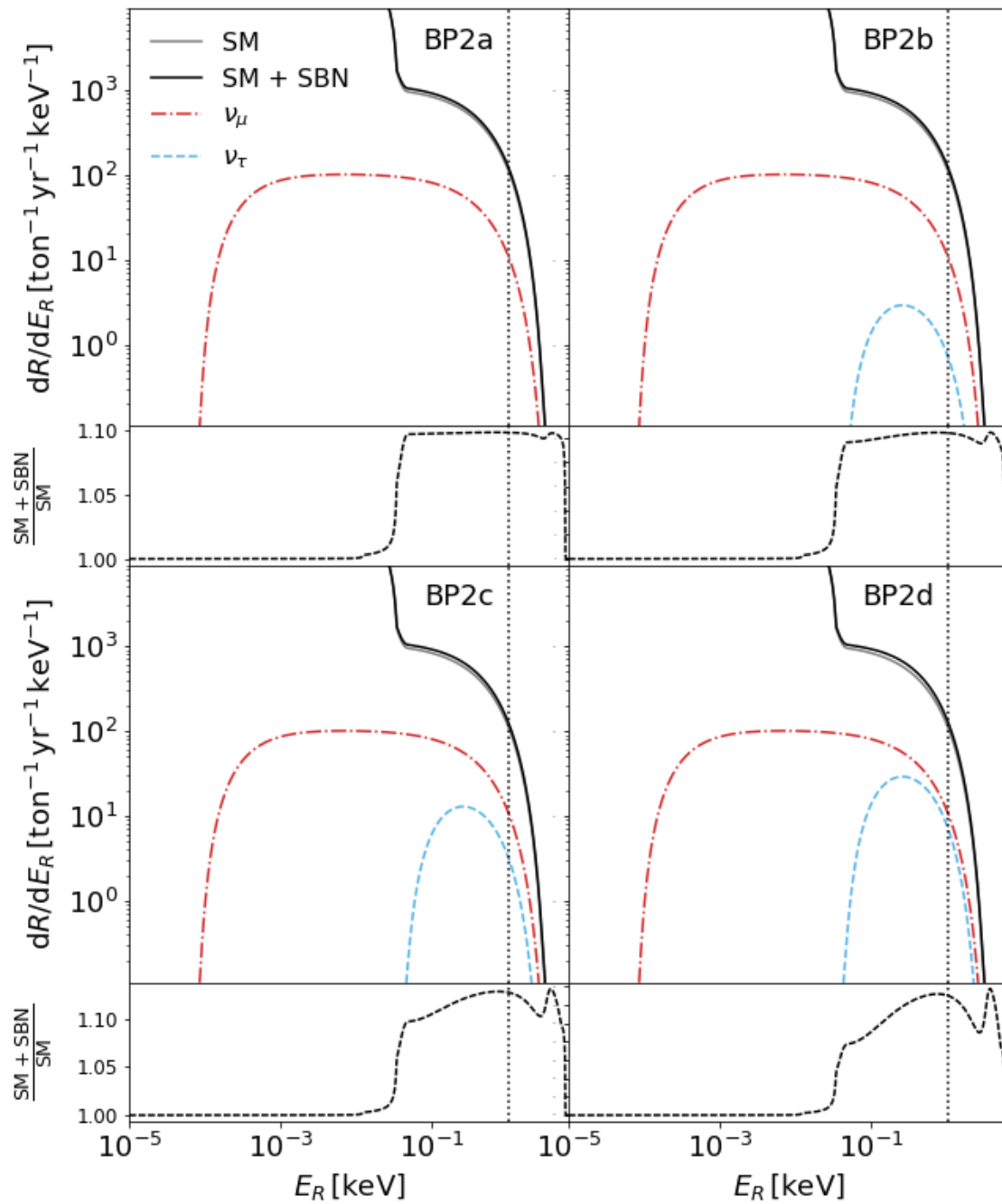




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BP1a	$2 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP1d	$2 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-3}$
BP2a	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP2b	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-4}$
BP2c	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$4 \times 10^{-3}$
BP2d	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-3}$
BP3a	$20 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP4a	$40 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP5a	$60 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0

# Predicted DD energy spectra



# Let's fix some **benchmark points**...

	$m_4$ [GeV]	$ U_{e4} ^2$	$ U_{\mu 4} ^2$	$ U_{\tau 4} ^2$
BP1a	$2 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP1d	$2 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-3}$
BP2a	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP2b	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-4}$
BP2c	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$4 \times 10^{-3}$
BP2d	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	$9 \times 10^{-3}$
BP3a	$20 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP4a	$40 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0
BP5a	$60 \times 10^{-3}$	0	$9 \times 10^{-3}$	0



