





- The origin of blazar sequence
- The TeV component
- Work in progress
- Take home messages



## The original blazar sequence

- 126 sources selected from X and radio samples;
- only 33 detected on gamma;
- 5 luminosity bin selected in radio;



## The blazar sequence: results

- trends of the SED controlled by the total observed luminosity;
- Redder when brighter
- The brighter the more Compton dominated
- the gamma-ray slope become softer with increasing L<sub>bol</sub>;
- the X-ray slope becomes harder with increasing L<sub>bol</sub>





## The blazar sequence: results



### Syncro + SSC + EC



### Syncro + SSC



# The blazar sequence 2.0

- 747 sources detected by Fermi-LAT;
- only the sources with a redshift reported in the Fermi catalog was selected;
- 6 luminosity bins selected in gamma-ray band.



# The blazar sequence 2.0

- Blazar sequence 2.0 follows the same trend
- FSRQ: same shape of the SEDs, strong Compton dominance
- BL Lacs: redder when brighter

Ghisellini, Righi et al. 2017



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### **Criticism on the blazar sequence**

- Candidate sources out of the sequence: Giommi, Menna, Padovani 1999; Perlman + 2001; Padovani+ 2003; Caccianiga & Marcha 2004; Anton & Browne 2005; Giommi+ 2005; Nieppola, Tornikoski, Valtoja 2006; Padovani, Giommi, Rau 2012
- Giommi, Padovani et al. 2012: sequence is apparent, being the result of selection effects
- Keenan et al 2020: no sequence present with a large sample



# TeV component

- 82 blazars detected at TeV (from TeVcat)
- How does the variability affect the blazar sequence?
- Is there a relation X-TeV notable in the blazar sequence?
- Can the neutrino emission can be explain from the blazar sequence?
- Do EHBL sources follow the blazar sequence?

Ghisellini, Righi et al. 2017





# The TeV blazar sequence



Prandini, Righi et al. in prep.

## The TeV blazar sequence

- 2 luminosity bins for FSRQ
- 4 luminosity bins for BL Lacs
- Large spread of the X ray component for BL Lac



# Take home messages

- Redshift plays a key role for the classification of the sources
- As first approximation TeV blazars follow the blazar sequence 2.0 (Prandini, Ghisellini 2021)
- Stay tuned for new results



Prandini, Righi et al. in prep.

BL LAC - [10<sup>46</sup>-10<sup>47</sup> erg/s]  $10^{48}$ 1047 10<sup>46</sup>  $\begin{bmatrix} \log \nu L_{\nu} & [erg s^{-1}] \\ 10^{42} & 10^{43} \\ 10^{43} & 10^{43} \end{bmatrix}$ 1042 PRELIMINARY 1041 = 10<sup>40</sup>  $10^{11}$ 10<sup>20</sup> 10<sup>26</sup>  $10^{14}$ 10<sup>17</sup> 10<sup>23</sup> 10<sup>8</sup> BL LAC - [10<sup>44</sup>-10<sup>45</sup> erg/s] 10<sup>48</sup> 1047 10<sup>46</sup>  $\nu L_{\nu}$  [erg  $s^{-1}$ ] 10<sup>45</sup> 1044 ັດ 10<sup>43</sup> Ц 10<sup>42</sup>

 $10^{41}$ 

 $10^{40}$ 

10<sup>8</sup>

 $10^{11}$ 

10<sup>14</sup>

PRELIMINARY

10<sup>17</sup>

10<sup>20</sup>

10<sup>23</sup>





