TeVPA 2023 - Napoli Italy



Contribution ID: 205 Type: not specified

Correlations between X-rays and TeV gamma-rays in HBL Blazars.

Wednesday, 13 September 2023 15:00 (15 minutes)

Observational studies have revealed correlations between the fluxes of X-rays and TeV gamma-rays in blazars, particularly in the context of the leptonic Synchrotron Self-Compton (SSC) model. The HBL blazar Mrk 421 exhibits a linear correlation between these two energy ranges, although it breaks down at the highest gamma-ray fluxes, suggesting the involvement of additional mechanisms like hadronic and lepto-hadronic contributions. Understanding the strength of the correlation between X-rays and gamma-rays can provide insights into the relative contributions of the leptonic and hadronic mechanisms responsible for the gamma-ray emission in blazars. In this study, we extend the analysis to four HBL blazars: Mrk 501, 1ES 1959+650, PKS 2155-304, and 1ES 2344+514, utilizing gamma-ray data from ground-based Imaging Atmospheric Cherenkov Telescopes and X-ray data from satellite observations. Our analysis reveals flux correlations described by a power law function with indices ranging from 1 to 2, similar to the observed correlation in Mrk 421. However, a deviation from the correlation is also observed at high-energy gamma-ray fluxes, emphasizing the complexity of the emission region in blazars and highlighting the need for further investigation. This research was supported by the UNAM-PAPIIT project number IG101323 and the Gestiona I+D 02-2021 project of the Secretaria Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología de Guatemala (SENACyT).

Primary author: SACAHUI, Rodrigo (Universidad de San Carlos de Guatemala)

Co-authors: GONZALEZ, Maria Magdalena (Universidad Nacional Autonoma de Mexico); Ms OSORIO, Mabel

(Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México)

Presenter: SACAHUI, Rodrigo (Universidad de San Carlos de Guatemala)

Session Classification: GRA: Gamma Ray Astronomy

Track Classification: Gamma Ray Astronomy