

Forward-backward asymmetries at FCC-ee

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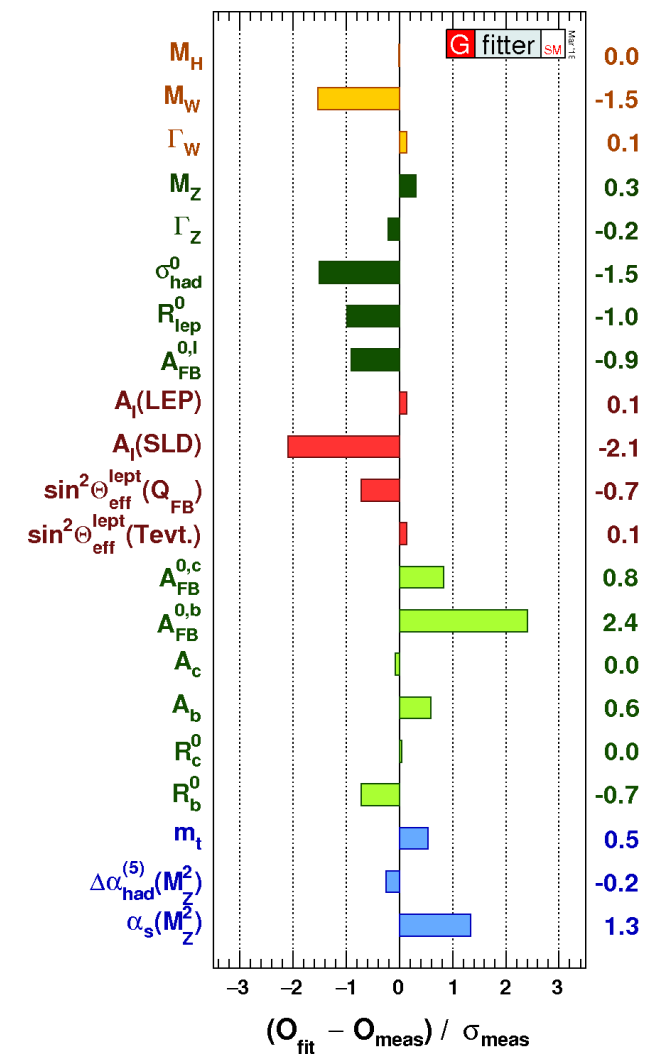
Outline

- Short introduction: $A^{0,b}_{FB}$, motivations
- Route to follow
- Status and plans
- Conclusions

$A_{FB}^{0,b}$: the EW fit

- b -quark observables \rightarrow Largest discrepancies!
- Indirect $A_b(A_{FB}^{0,b}; A_e(\text{SLD})) > 2\sigma$
- Ideal benchmark measurement for FCC-ee @ m_Z

$$A_{FB}^{0,f} = \frac{\sigma_F - \sigma_B}{\sigma_F + \sigma_B} = \frac{3}{4} A_e A_f, \quad A_f = \frac{2a_f v_f}{a_f^2 + v_f^2}$$

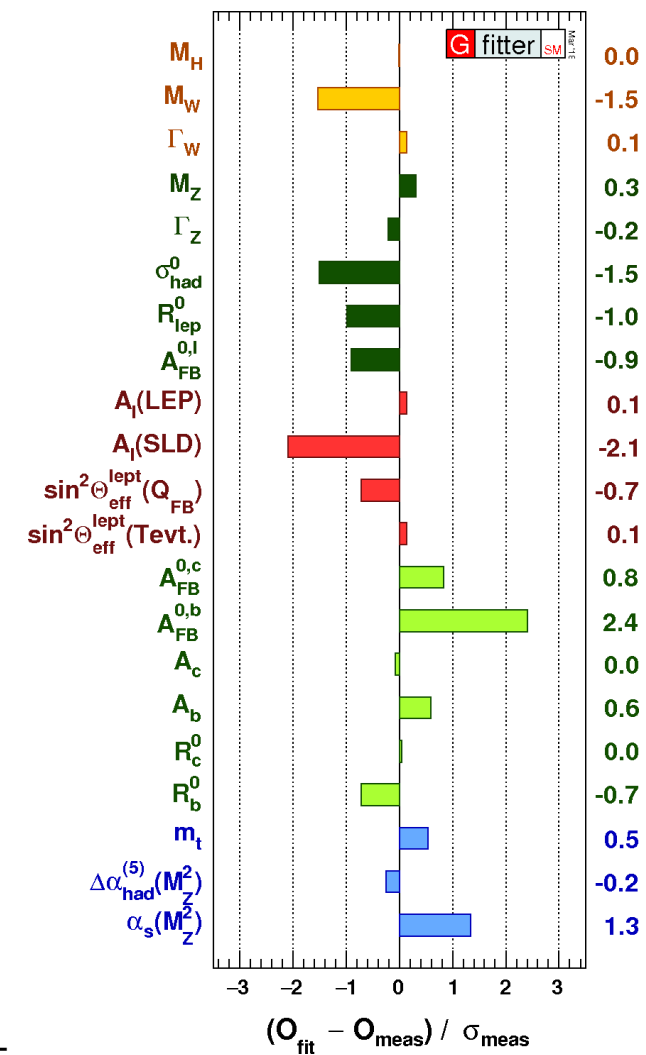
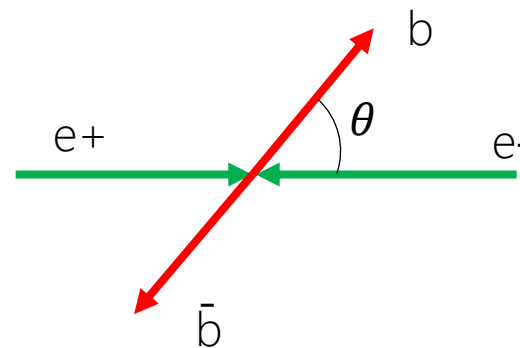


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$A_{FB}^{0,b}$: the measurement

- $A_{FB}^{0,b}$ can be extracted from the distribution of $\cos \theta(b)$
- experimental distinction between b and b^{-} needed
 \Rightarrow quark **charge** determination

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta} = \sigma_{b\bar{b}}^{\text{tot}} \left(\frac{3}{8}(1 + \cos^2\theta) + (A_{FB}^b)_{\text{obs}}(1 - 2\chi_B)\cos\theta \right)$$



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$A^{0,b}_{FB}$: b-jet charge

Two classes of methods:

- Jet charge
 - charge of jet obtained as weighted sum of charges of constituent tracks
 - can be applied to all jets \Rightarrow maximal efficiency
 - relatively low purity
 - strong dependence on jet shape and hadronization
- Decay channels with leptons (e or μ) (Soft lepton tagging)
 - charge of b inferred from charge of e or μ in B-hadron semileptonic decay
 - relatively low efficiency (restricted to semileptonic decays)
 - better purity
 - highly sensitive to B-hadron decay modelling

$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,b}$: LEP measurements

Measurement:	$(A_{\text{FB}}^{0,b}) \pm \delta(\text{stat}) \pm \delta(\text{syst})$	relative uncertainties		
Experiment		stat.	QCD syst.	total syst.
Lepton-charge based:				
Eur.Phys.J.C24 ALEPH (2002)	$0.1003 \pm 0.0038 \pm 0.0017$	3.8%	0.7%	1.7%
Eur.Phys.J.C34 DELPHI (2004–05)	$0.1025 \pm 0.0051 \pm 0.0024$	5.0%	1.2%	2.3%
Phys.Lett.B448 L3 (1992–99)	$0.1001 \pm 0.0060 \pm 0.0035$	6.0%	1.8%	3.5%
Phys.Lett.B577 OPAL (2003)	$0.0977 \pm 0.0038 \pm 0.0018$	3.9%	1.1%	1.8%
Jet-charge based:				
Eur.Phys.J.C22 ALEPH (2001)	$0.1010 \pm 0.0025 \pm 0.0012$	2.5%	0.7%	1.2%
Eur.Phys.J.C40 DELPHI (2005)	$0.0978 \pm 0.0030 \pm 0.0015$	3.1%	0.7%	1.5%
Phys.Lett.B439 L3 (1998)	$0.0948 \pm 0.0101 \pm 0.0056$	10.6%	4.3%	5.9%
Phys.Lett.B546 OPAL (1997,2002)	$0.0994 \pm 0.0034 \pm 0.0018$	3.4%	0.7%	1.8%
Combination	$0.0992 \pm 0.0015 \pm 0.0007$	1.5%	0.5%	0.7%
		stat.	syst.	

Analysis strategy

Workflow

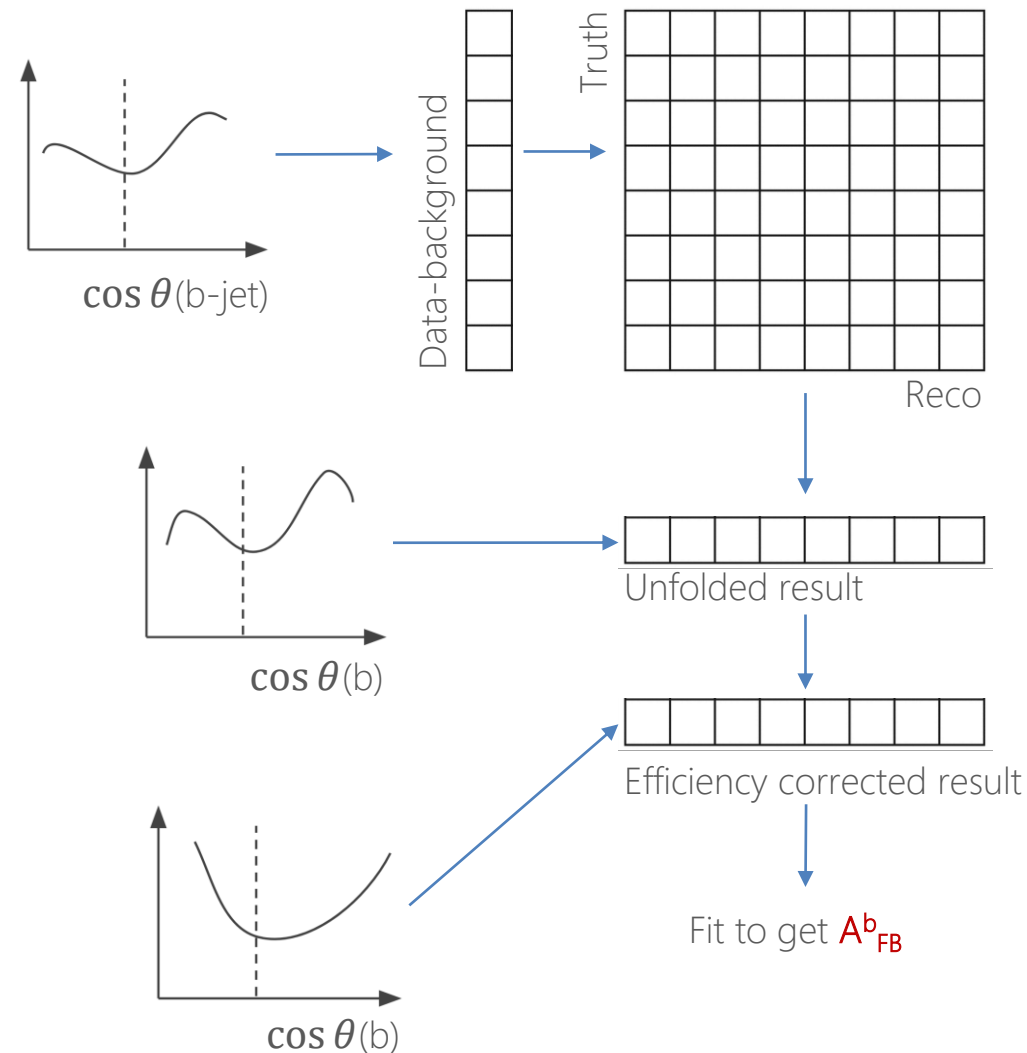
1. Build reco-level observable exploiting:
 - Jet direction
 - Jet-charge (determined with one of the two methods)
2. Perform unfolding from reco-level to parton-level
3. Extract $A_{FB}^{0,b}$ from the unfolded distribution

Alternative: template fit at reco-level (with templates obtained via "folding" or reweighting)

Framework

- Using both [HEP-FCC/FCCAnalyses](#) framework and [stand-alone Madgraph+Delphes](#)
- Investigating usage of thrust axis, jets with [different algorithms](#), soft muons...

Considering for the future: secondary vertex reconstruction, exclusive B-hadron decays, interplay with b-tagging...



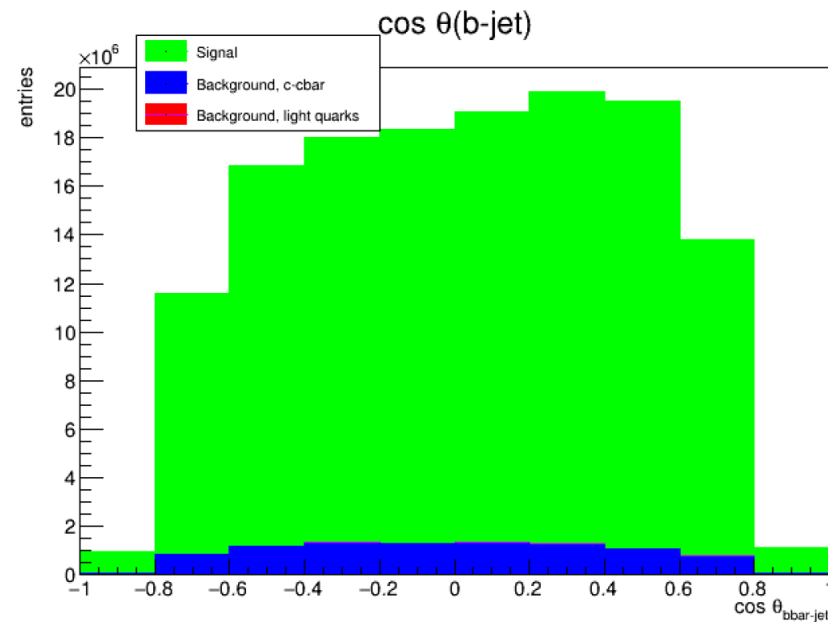
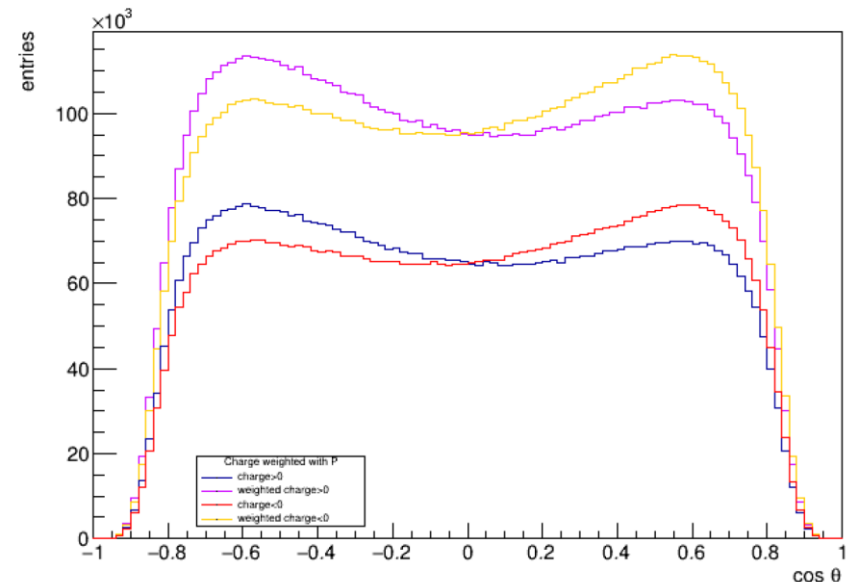
Jet charge study

- Based on private MadGraph+Delphes simulation (with IDEA card)
- Anti-kt 0.5 jets used (*not optimal, will switch to Durham*)
- Simplified b-tagging (flat 80% eff., 10%/1% c/light-mis-tagging)
- Jet charge built with weighted sum of charges of tracks (as saved by Delphes)
 - $\Delta R < 0.4$ from jet axis
 - weight = p_L (track) w.r.t. jet axis

Event Selection

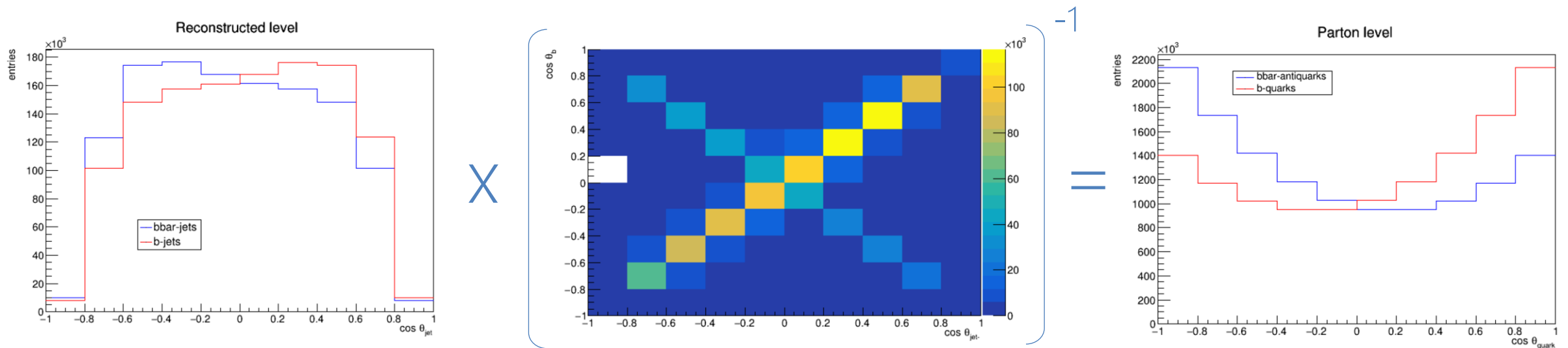
- ≥ 2 b-tagged jets
- ≥ 1 jet with charge > 0
- ≥ 1 jet with charge < 0

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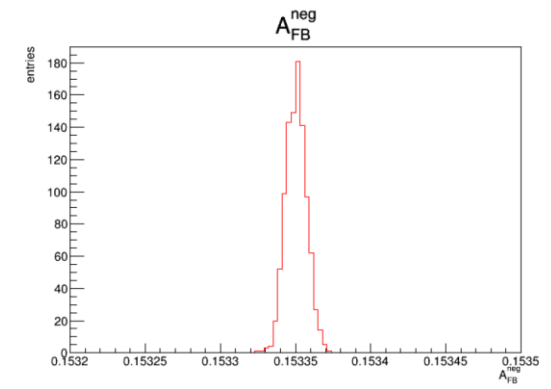


Jet charge study

- Response matrix and efficiency correction vector built from 13M $b\bar{b}$ events.
- Unfolding with simple Matrix inversion, 10x10 matrix used.



- Statistical uncertainty obtained from pseudo-experiments
 - $1.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}: \pm 0.1\%$
 - $150 \text{ ab}^{-1}: \pm 0.01\%$

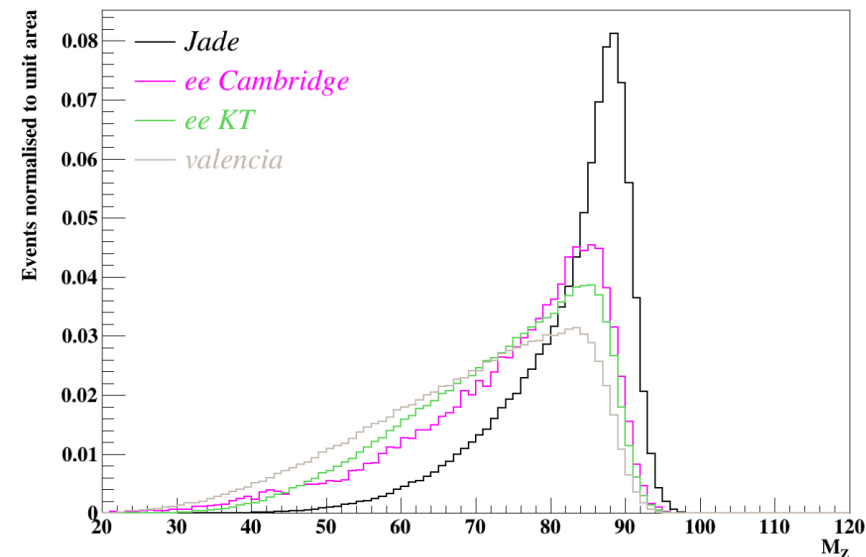


Soft lepton study

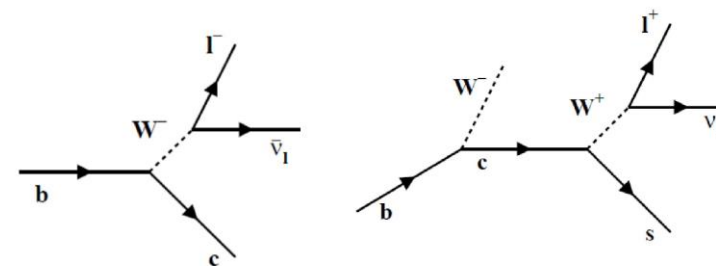
- Based on private HEP-FCC/FCCAnalyses (with centrally produced samples)
- Jets reconstructed by JADE algorithm

Event Selection

- Investigating optimal selection to minimize contribution from "charge flips" due to $b \rightarrow c \rightarrow \text{leptons}$ decays:
 - μ with $\Delta R(\text{jet}) < 0.4$ (non-isolate) used to tag jets
 - $p(\mu) > 10$ GeV cut applied
 - Investigating cuts on other quantities (e.g. $p_T^{\text{rel}}(\mu, \text{jet})$)



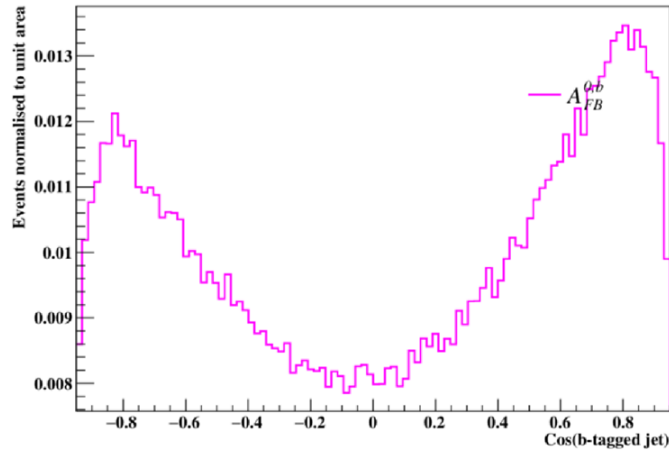
Hamzeh Khanpour



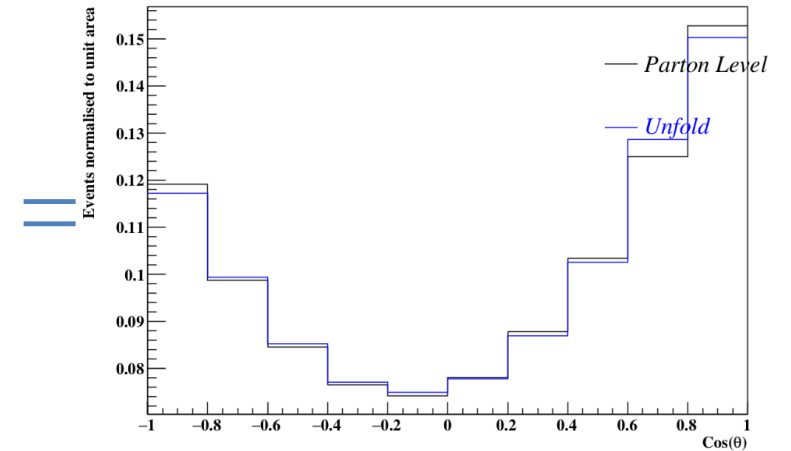
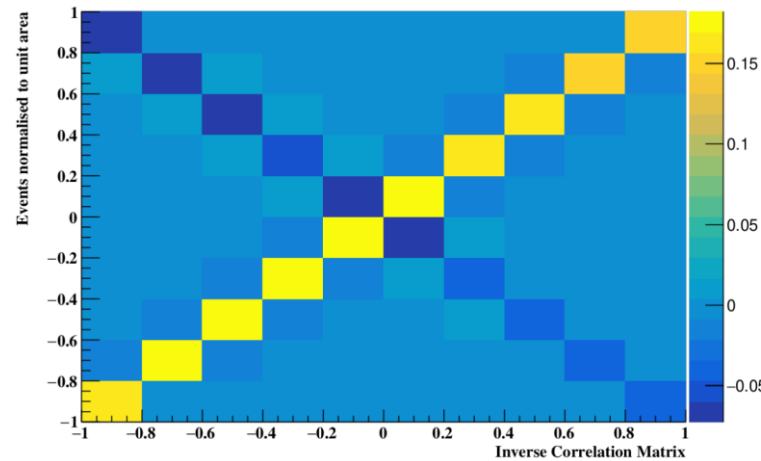
Branching ratios (in %)	
$BR(b \rightarrow l^-)$	$10.90 \pm 0.32 (\mp 0.21)$
$BR(b \rightarrow c \rightarrow l^+)$	$8.30 \pm 0.47 (\pm 0.19)$
$BR(b \rightarrow c \rightarrow l^-)$	1.30 ± 0.50
$BR(b \rightarrow \tau \rightarrow l^-)$	0.70 ± 0.20
$BR(c \rightarrow l^+)$	9.80 ± 0.50

Soft muon study

Hamzeh Khanpour



X



- As before, statistical uncertainty of the order of:

- $1.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}: \pm 0.1\%$
- $150 \text{ ab}^{-1}: \pm 0.01\%$

$$A_{FB}^{0,b} = 0.09410 \pm 0.00001(\text{stat}) \pm 0.00450(\text{syst})$$

Systematic uncertainties

We know that statistical uncertainty will not be an issue

- LEP combination has \sim equal stat and syst contributions
- We expect $\sim 10^5$ times more statistics at FCC-ee \Rightarrow ~ 300 times smaller stat. uncertainty

Systematic uncertainties expected to be dominant

- Modelling b-fragmentation
 - Affecting B-hadron kinematics
- Final-state QCD radiation effects
 - Affecting jet shapes, distribution of charge, B-hadron kinematics...
- B-hadron decay modelling:
 - mostly BRs, in particular for $b \rightarrow c \rightarrow \mu$ decays
- b-tagging efficiency:
 - Uncertainty on mis-tag rate affecting background prediction
 - p_T and η dependency of b-tagging eff. for signal

Systematic uncertainties

Jet-charge based analysis

- b-fragmentation: $\pm 5.2\%$ changing r_b value in Lund-Bowler fragmentation function in Pythia
- α_S^{FSR} : ± 4.3 changing α_S^{FSR} value in Pythia
- Background rate: $\pm 0.2\%$ varying Z \rightarrow cc according to estimated b-tagging mis-identification uncertainty ($\pm 10\%$)

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^{1+br_b m_b^2}} (1-z)^a \exp(-bm_T^2/z)$$

Soft lepton tagging analysis *(ongoing)*

- b-fragmentation: $\pm 4.4\%$
- α_S^{FSR} : ± 2.4

These uncertainties are NOT yet meant to be compared with a LEP result

$$A_{FB}^b = 0.09410 \pm 0.00001(\text{stat}) \pm 0.00450(\text{syst})$$

Ongoing studies and future plans

- Need to complete the two studies based on simple methods for b-quark charge determination, before investigating **more complex methods**
 - Re-implementing jet charge study with HEP-FCC/FCCAnalyses.
 - Have a **detailed comparison** with one/more of the LEP results.

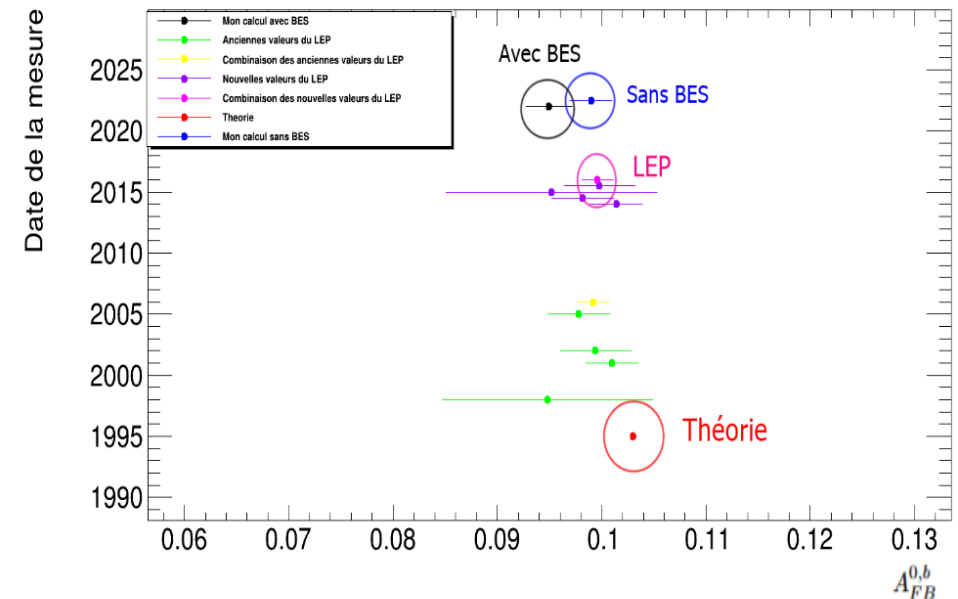
Systematic uncertainties

- Tested production of alternative samples with varied Pythia parameters within HEP-FCC/FCCAnalyses framework
- Additional systematic uncertainties to consider:
 - **Tracking** efficiency & resolution
 - **Jet energy** uncertainties expected to be negligible (?)

Planning usage of advanced techniques

- General **machine-learning method** for b-quark charge determination
- Possibly in a **joint effort** with flavour-tagging algorithm development studies

Fairouz Malek, Mathis Granjon



Cooperating across working groups

- Provide additional studies (*e.g. Beam Energy Shape*)
- Provide detector requirements
- Benchmark software and simulations

Conclusions

Analysis workflow in place

- Able to get results within FCCSW framework
- Unfolding and pseudo-experiment machinery in place
 - Planning to go through several studies and variations of the setup
- Currently **reproducing LEP analyses** to have a benchmark

Carrying on two strategies in parallel

- Already starting to **converge** on a combined result

Started studying systematics

- Already clear that **parton shower** and **hadronization modelling** systematics can kill the precision
 - ⇒ ad-hoc calibrations / auxiliary measurements needed

Plan to have studies ready by the end of the year

Thank you!